

PERENNIALS



***Achillea millefolium* Western Yarrow**

An aromatic perennial with flat topped white flower clusters. Dark fern-like foliage make this plant an invaluable addition to a meadow. Commonly found in sagebrush communities. Flowers in mid summer. Full sun.



***Anaphalis margaritacea*
Pearly Everlasting**

Flower heads are clustered and papery white on 2' stems. Late summer blooms. Found in sub-alpine meadows and disturbed sites. Great meadow plant. Naturalizes easily.



***Antennaria microphylla*
Rosy Pussytoes**

A beautiful ground cover with small silvery leaves. The 4-6 in. flower stalks have white to pink flowers. Full sun and medium to dry conditions.



Aquilegia coerulea

Rocky Mtn. Columbine

Blue and white spurred flowers on 1-2 ft. stems. Sun to part shade. Blooms throughout summer. Found in woods and slopes from central Idaho to New Mexico. May hybridize with western columbine.



Aquilegia formosa

Western Columbine

Graceful, nodding flowers of red/orange with yellow centers on 2 ft. stems. Blooms late spring through August. Attracts butterflies and hummingbirds. Self sows. Filtered sunlight.



Arctostaphylos uva-ursi

Kinnikinnick

Found in rocky outcroppings and sub-alpine areas, this evergreen groundcover has rose colored, bell shaped blooms that open in early spring. Sun to partial shade



Aster chilensis

Pacific Aster

Branched clusters of purple “daisy like” flowers on 1 – 2 ft. stalks. Drought tolerant and spreads by rhizomes. Blooms in late summer. Naturalizes nicely in meadows.



Balsamorhiza sagittata

Arrowleaf Balsamroot

Sunflower-like blossoms of bright yellow bloom on a 12 in. stalk. Long leaves are shaped like arrowheads. Flowers in early summer. Drought tolerant. Full sun.



Boykinia major

Mountain Boykinia

This shade loving plant produces dainty white flowers that bloom throughout the spring and summer. Found in meadows and streambanks, it can reach 2-3’ in height.



Callirhoe involucrata

Purple Poppymallow

Prostrate growing perennial native to the southwest. Wine colored blooms. Full sun. Grows to about 1 ft. tall.



Dalea purpurea

Purple Prairie Clover

This is an attractive but unusual perennial with spiked flower heads ranging from light to deep purple. It makes a wonderful rock garden plant reaching only 12-15 inches.



Dicentra formosa

Bleeding Heart

A shade tolerant perennial with blue-green ferny foliage. Flowers are a light pink “heart”. Blooms May – June. Spreads by rhizomes.



Erigeron "Rocky"

White Fleabane

A mass of delicate white-rayed flowers, 3 in. above a mound of green foliage. Great for rock gardens. An early spring bloomer. Full sun. Drought tolerant. Cute little plant.



Erigeron linearis

Linear-leaf Fleabane

Often found on dry, rocky slopes, this yellow fleabane likes it hot and dry. Grows best in a sagebrush/juniper habitat. Grows to 8-12 in. Full sun. Very drought tolerant.

Erigeron speciosus **Showy Fleabane**

This fleabane with its many fine violet petals and yellow center is one of the showiest members of this family. Flowers are 1 in. across on 12 – 15 in. stems. Easy to grow in a mixed perennial border.



Eriogonum heracleoides

Creamy Buckwheat

Small cream-colored flowers (becoming rosy with age) on 6 – 15 in. stems. The leaves form a dense mat making it an ideal rock garden plant. Full sun. Blooms mid to late summer.



Eriogonum umbellatum

Sulphur Buckwheat

A showy umbrella cluster of sulphur yellow blossoms on a 10 – 12 in. stalk. Grows well in dry, rocky areas. Full sun. Blooms mid–summer.



Eriophyllum lanatum

Oregon Sunshine

Bright golden–yellow flowers and whitish woolly leaves on a 8–10 in. plant. Drought tolerant and carefree. Common in sagebrush communities



Erysimum asperum

Prairie Rocket

A short lived perennial with lemon yellow flowers clustered upon a 1-2' stem. Blooms spring through summer, full sun and very drought tolerant. Will self sow.



Eschscholtzia californica

California Poppy

Brilliant orange poppy-like flowers on several stems about 1 ft. tall. Flowers open in sunlight and close at night. Requires well drained, sandy soil for maximum bloom. Reseeds. Introduced.



Fragaria virginiana

Wood's Strawberry

Leaves smooth and bluish green above. Spreading by runners, this native strawberry produces tiny but sweet fruit. Sun/shade. Makes a nice ground cover.



Gailardia aristata

Indian Blanket Flower

Brightly colored daisy-like flowers of yellow and red up to 3 in. across. Blooms profusely from early summer to fall. 1 – 3 ft. tall. Easy to grow. Nectar plant for butterflies.



Geranium viscosissimum
Sticky Geranium

Common in the dry lands east of the Cascade mountains. Strong branching stems 10-24 in. with deeply lobed leaves. Flowers are bright rosy-pink. Blooms May-August.



Hymenoxys hoopsii
Orange Sneezeweed

Large 2-3 in. golden yellow flowers on 2 ft. clustered branches. Deep green foliage. Native to southeastern Oregon. Full sun and drought tolerant. Found in open meadows.

Heuchera cylindrica
Alumroot

Flowers are cream to greenish-white borne on a 10 – 12 in. stems. Glossy, basal leaves form a tight mat making this ideal for rock gardens. Full sun to partial shade.





Iliamna rivularis

Mountain Hollyhock

Beautiful pink–white flowers are borne on 2 – 3 ft. stems. Leaves resemble maple or grape leaves. Flowers June–August. Full sun. Found in moist to dry meadows.



Ipomopsis aggregata

Scarlet Gilia

A biennial that forms a ferny rosette in its first year, flowering the next on 2 – 3 ft. stems. The numerous tubular flowers are firecracker red attracting butterflies and hummingbirds. Full sun. Self sows.



Iris missouriensis

Blue Flag Iris

Showy blue flowers, 2 – 3 in. long with purplish lines. Grass–like leaves on 1 – 2 ft. stems. Naturalizes in moist meadows. Full sun.



Leucocrinum montanum

Sand Lily

A low growing lily, 3 – 4 in. tall. One of the first wildflowers to bloom in the desert. Pure white flowers with yellow stamens. Light green, narrow leaves. Prefers dry, sandy soil. Full sun.



Linum lewisii

Blue Flax

A vase-shaped plant with dainty blue flowers that bloom on 15 – 20 in. slender stems. Prefers dry soils. Blooms early summer to fall. Full sun. Self sows.



Lonicera ciliosa

Orange Honeysuckle

Our showiest native honeysuckle vine. Clusters of orange trumpet flowers bloom in mid-summer. Attracts hummingbirds. Can grow as much as 20'.



Lupinus albicaulis
Sickle-Keeled Lupine

A beautiful lupine with thick foliage and deep green leaves. Blue flowers cover a 1 – 2 ft. flower stalk. Drought tolerant. A short lived lupine but self sows easily.



Lupinus lepidus
Prairie Lupine

Multi-stemmed perennial with blue flowers blooming in early summer. Low and spreading. Found in dry gravelly sites. Full sun.

Mimulus cusickii **Cusick's Monkey Flower**

A small annual with vibrant fuchsia pink flowers up to 9in. tall. Plant has a distinct odor. Found in dry, loose soil. Full sun.



Mimulus guttatus
Yellow Monkey Flower

A self-sowing perennial with bright yellow flowers freckled with red. 1 ft. tall with sprawling habit. Nice addition to a stream or waterfeature. Can be aggressive.



Mimulus lewisii
Pink Monkey Flower

Soft pink flowers on 1 – 2 ft. stems. Flowering from early summer to fall. Commonly found along alpine and subalpine streams. Full sun, nicely scented.



Oenothera pallida

Pink Primrose

Large 2 – 3 in. white to pink flowers are very fragrant and borne on 1 – 2 ft. stems. Full sun. Drought tolerant. Long bloom period.



Penstemon barrettiae

Barrett's Penstemon

A beautiful penstemon found throughout the Columbia River Gorge. The rose-purple 1 inch flowers bloom in early summer. This plant grows to 15-18 inches with large basal leaves.



Penstemon davidsonii var. *davidsonii*

Davidson's Penstemon

Dense evergreen mats 4 in. high with large, bright purple flowers blooming from early spring through the summer.



Penstemon eatonii

Firecracker Penstemon

Brilliant crimson flowers 1 in. long borne on 1 – 2 ft. stems. Large glossy, green leaves are mostly basal. Attracts hummingbirds. Full sun.

Penstemon euglaucus *Glaucous Pestemon*

18” deep blue flowers. Does well in a rock garden. Leaves are “glaucus” blue/green. Blooms June – September. One of the few shade tolerant penstemon.



Penstemon fruticosus

Shrubby Penstemon

A semi-evergreen subshrub, leaves turning reddish in fall. Flowers are mauve–purple on 1 – 1 1/2 ft. stems. Nice compact habit. Deer resistant.



Penstemon humilus

Lowly Penstemon

A small, compact penstemon with narrow basal leaves. Flowers are small and a deep blue/purple. 8 – 12 in. Nice addition to a rock garden. Full sun.



Penstemon palmeri

Palmer Penstemon

This is one of the most fragrant penstemons with the scent of sweet clover. Height is 3-4 feet with large pink flowers. Full sun and drought tolerant. We are north of it's native range but it performs well in our gardens.



Penstemon pinnifolius

Pineleaf Penstemon

Narrow, pine needle-like leaves (semi-evergreen) on this 12 – 15 in. perennial. Flowers are scarlet, tube shaped, ideal for hummingbirds. Full sun and drought tolerant.

Penstemon pinnifolius

Pineleaf “Mersea Yellow” Penstemon

Same great plant as above, but yellow flowers instead of scarlet. Semi-evergreen.



Penstemon psuedospectabulas

Desert Penstemon

A tall penstemon, reaching 3-4' with pink or rose-pink flowers. A southwest native penstemon that works well in a dry land landscape.



Penstemon richardsonii

Richardson's Penstemon

Deep pink blossoms (1 in.) with a white-striped throat flower in early summer on 1 – 2 ft. stems. Leaves deeply serrated. Full sun. Found in talus slopes.



Penstemon speciosus

Showy Penstemon

This penstemon lives up to its name. The numerous flowers are large (1 in.) varying from deep blue to white. The leaves are elongate and leathery. 1 – 2 ft. tall. Prefers dry, sandy soil.



Penstemon strictus

Rocky Mt. Penstemon

Semi-evergreen medium sized penstemon, 1 – 2 ft. Flowers are bluish purple clustered on a single stem. Blooms mid to late summer. Does well on rocky and sandy loam. Long lived; reseeds.



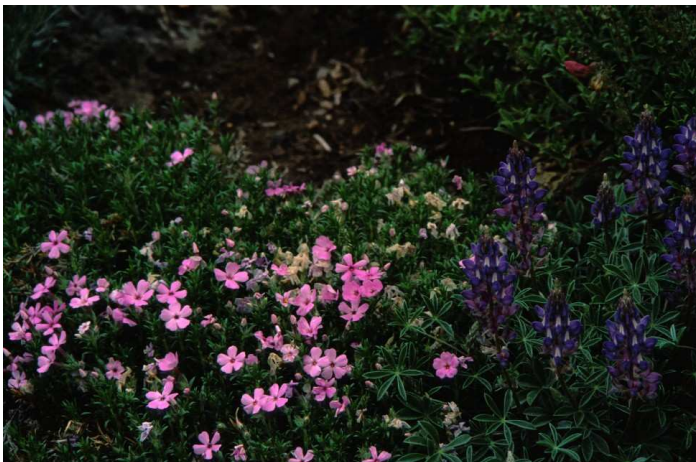
Penstemon venustus
Blue Mt. Penstemon

A shrubby plant 12 – 32 in. tall with a stout taproot. The leaves are glossy and flowers are bright lavender to blue purple. Flowers from May to August. Drought tolerant. Very showy.



Polemonium occidentale
Western Jacob's Ladder

A very showy perennial with sky blue flowers and lacey foliage. Found along riparian areas and moist seeps primarily on the east side of the Cascades. Partial shade. 18-24"



Phlox diffusa
Spreading Phlox

Very low growing phlox with "prickly" leaves. Masses of soft pinkish-white flowers cover this ground hugging perennial. Early spring flowering and occasionally will flower again in the fall. Full sun. Moderate moisture.



Sidalcea neomexicana

Salt Spring Checker Bloom

Found in the northeast corner of Oregon, this perennial wildflower reaches up to 3' in height. Rose-pink flowers in June though September. Found in wet mountain meadows and along waterways. Full sun.



Sisyrrinchium idahoense

Blue-eyed Grass

A member of the iris family, this small perennial (8–12 in.) has pretty, whitish blue flowers. Likes spring moisture. Grass-like foliage grows in tight clumps.



Sphaeralcea coccinea

Scarlet Globemallow

Reddish-orange flowers cover this small sized perennial; 6 – 12 in. Leaves are deeply cut covered with fine hairs. Common throughout the Great Basin. Full sun. Drought tolerant.



Sphaeralcea munroana

White-stemmed Globemallow

An erect perennial 18-24" tall. Terminal clusters of reddish to apricot flowers bloom mid summer. Full sun. A taller version of scarlet globemallow.



Yucca glauca

Soapweed Yucca

Stiff, sharp-pointed leaves. Has greenish/white flowers blooming on stiff stalks about 1 foot in height. Occurs in the extreme southeast corner of the state.

GRASSES



Achnatherum hymenoides

Indian Rice Grass

An attractive bunchgrass with a diffusely branched, feathery crown. 18 – 24 in. tall. A very important grass for soil stabilization. Drought tolerant. Deep sandy soils.



Deschampsia caespitosa

Tufted Hair Grass

1 – 3 ft. tall erect grass with dense tufts. Delicate purplish flowers from July – Sept. Moist, sandy soil. Full sun to part shade.



Festuca idahoensis

Idaho Fescue

A compact bunchgrass with thin, deep green leaves. One of the more common grasses found in the high desert, 4 – 6 in. tall. Full sun.



Koeleria macrantha

Prairie Junegrass

A low-growing bunchgrass 12 – 18 in. tall. Flowers are creamy white and very attractive. Flowers May – July. Drought tolerant.



Leymus cinereus

Great Basin Wild Rye

A tall (5–6 ft), bushy grass with seed heads that resemble grain. Makes a great “living screen.” Valuable for wildlife cover. Will thrive in moist areas.



Poa secunda

Sandberg's Bluegrass

A small 4–6 inch bunchgrass typically found in dry, exposed areas. Plants often purplish-tinged. This grass is non-rhizomatous. Nice grass for rock gardens.



Pseudoroegneria spicata

Bluebunch Wheatgrass

A native bunchgrass 2 ft. tall widespread east of the Cascades. Olive green turning straw-colored in fall. Beautiful planted alone or in drifts. Prefers deep soils.



Hesperostipa comata

Needle and Thread Grass

Very showy grass to about 3 feet. Awns up to 8 inches long. Occurs in pockets in sagebrush steppe and juniper transition areas.

SHRUBS



Amelanchier alnifolia

Saskatoon Serviceberry

Shrub or small tree (12 ft. tall) deciduous with striking white flowers in May–June. Purplish edible berries in fall. Attracts birds. Nice orange fall color.



Arctostaphylos patula

Greenleaf manzanita

One of the few broadleaf evergreens to grace the high desert. Lovely urn-shaped whitish-pink flowers in early spring. This slow growing shrub reaches approximately 6 feet. Reddish smooth bark. Choice ornamental shrub.



Artemisia tridentata

Big Sagebrush

An attractive evergreen shrub 4 – 5 ft. with 3-lobed silver leaves. Very aromatic. The dominant shrub in the Great Basin. Tolerates very dry soil conditions.

Artemisia tridentata* var. *wyomingensis
Wyoming Big Sagebrush

An erect shrub 5-6 feet in height, bark loosely shredded and leaves with dense gray wooly hairs. Likes deep, well drained soils.



Cercocarpus ledifolius
Curleaf Mt. Mahogany
Native evergreen shrub grows to 15 ft. Small yellow flowers in spring followed by feathery seeds. One of the nursery's favorites. It is a fairly slow growing shrub. Full sun.



Chamaebatiaria millifolium
Desert Sweet/Fernbush
This showy 6 – 8 ft. shrub has miniature clustered rose-like white flowers with a pleasant fragrance. Leaves are fern-like and semi deciduous. Sprawling habit. We love this shrub! Deer resistant.



Ericameria nauseosa
Rubber Rabbitbrush
(*Chrysothamnus*)
A 3 – 4 ft. shrub with bright yellow flowers blooming in early-late fall. Thin, narrow, gray leaves make for attractive foliage. Upright habit and very drought tolerant.



Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus

Green Rabbitbrush

Slightly smaller shrub than the gray rabbitbrush with small, yellow flowers. The leaves are green and narrow, often twisted. One of only a handful of native shrubs that flower in the fall.



Crataegus douglasii

Black Hawthorne

Dense, thorny shrub bears small white flowers in May and June. Found in the Cascade mountain range. Grows 15-25ft. Sun to partial shade. Valuable wildlife shrub.



Holodiscus discolor

Ocean Spray

A tall arching shrub 6 – 8 ft. with creamy white flowers. Flowers in spring. Yellow-orange fall color. Showy. Partial shade. It is semi drought tolerant.



Holodiscus dumosus

Cliff Spirea

Creamy white clusters of flowers borne on slightly curved branches. Blooms in early summer. As in the common name, it is a cliff dweller and reaches approx. 3' tall. The leaves have a spicy fragrance.



Philadelphus lewisii

Mock Orange

Large deciduous shrub 8 – 12 ft. covered with white fragrant flowers in spring. Yellow fall color. Nice planted in masses. A little extra water will increase the number of flowers.



Prunus andersonii

Desert Peach

Deep to light-rose colored flowers on this multi-stemmed shrub blooming in April/May. Found in the Great Basin. Three to six feet in height. Full to partial sun.



Prunus virginiana

Chokecherry

Large deciduous shrub or small tree from 3-10 ft. Open form with white flowers in the spring and red to black berries in the fall. Good wildlife plant. Can sucker and form thickets. Full sun to part shade.



Purshia tridentata

Antelope Bitterbrush

3 – 6 ft. evergreen to late deciduous shrub. Fragrant cream yellow flowers in April – June. Excellent drought resistance. Nitrogen fixer.



Ribes aureum

Golden Currant

An upright shrub of 6 ft. with scented yellow spring blossoms followed by edible berries. Found along streams and washes. Drought tolerant. Sun to partial shade.



Ribes cereum

Wax Currant

Medium sized shrub 3 – 6 ft. with light pink blossoms in spring. Bright red berries in fall. Favorite food of many bird species.



Rosa woodsii

Wood's Rose

4 – 6 ft. deciduous shrub with pink, clustered flowers June – July. Native shrub found along prairies, dry slopes. Sun. Drought tolerant.



Salvia dorii

Purple Sage

Small native evergreen shrub. 1-2 ft. with thick gray leaves and sky blue flowers early summer. Very fragrant. A nice addition to a xeric landscape.



Sorbus sitchensis

Mountain Ash

A common shrub, 5-8' tall, found above 3500' in the Cascade mountains. Large white flowers followed by brilliant orange berries in the fall make this a most attractive shrub. Great fall color. Bird friendly.



Spiraea betulifolia

Birchleaf Spirea

Up to 3 ft tall, nearly flat-topped clusters of white flowers. Blooms July-August on dense green foliage. Wet to open hillsides. Full sun. Very ornamental.



Spiraea douglasii

Douglas Spirea

Small 3-4 ft. shrub producing large showy rose-pink flower clusters in mid summer. Small leaves on rich brown bark make this an attractive shrub for stream or pond. Forms thickets.

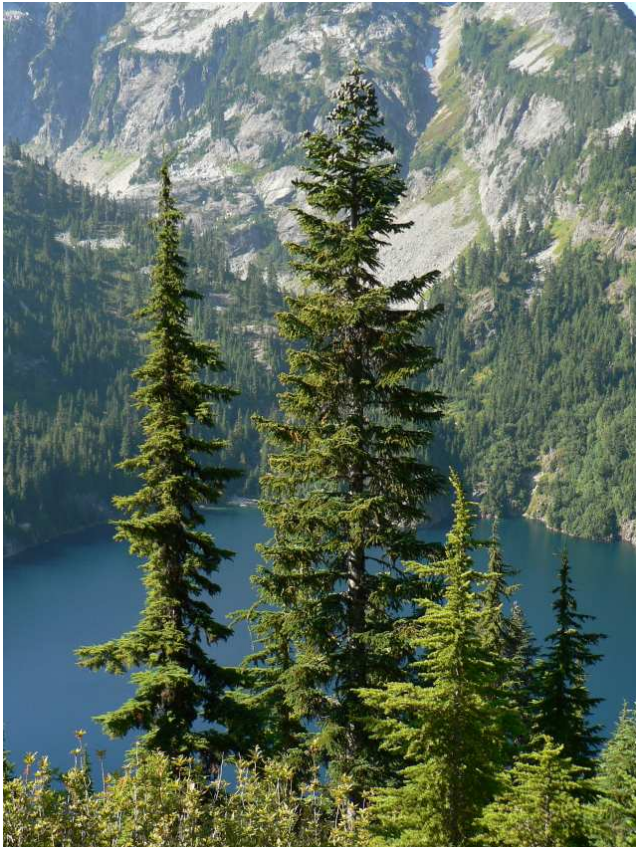


Symphoricarpos albus

Common Snowberry

A common shrub with small pinkish/white flowers followed by white fruit which persists through the winter. Sun to part shade, this shrub grows to approx. 4 feet making it an ideal shrub for an understory.

TREES



Abies lasiocarpa

Subalpine Fir

A large coniferous tree to 100 ft. Generally smaller in ornamental plantings. Good choice for cold sites with seasonal moisture.



Alnus incana
Mountain Alder

This thicket forming shrub/tree reaches 15-25 ft in height. Catkins in spring give way to dark green, oval leaves that resemble an Elm. Full sun to light shade. Found along waterways and streams.



Betula occidentalis
Water Birch

Graceful tree growing up to 30' can be found in the moist soils of streams and mountain canyons. Green leaves turn yellow in the fall and the coppery brown bark makes for an attractive species in the winter.



Juniperus scopulorum
Rocky Mt. Juniper

Found throughout the Midwest and into eastern Oregon, this slow growing tree reaches 25-50 ft tall. Enjoys full sun and produces blue berries in fall, which stay on throughout the winter months.



Pinus ponderosa

Ponderosa Pine

Large coniferous tree to 180 ft. Occurs on warm, dry sites in a variety of soil types. Good regional character tree. Elevationally specific. Long term success partially dependent on seed source location.



Pinus contorta var. latifolia

Lodgepole Pine

A high elevation pine identified by two short needles per bundle. Found from sea level to 12,000. Rather tall and narrow, this pine works well in a native landscape.



Populus balsamifera ssp. trichocarpa

Black Cottonwood

This 40-100 ft tall, deciduous tree found across the Pacific Northwest is one of the tallest native western trees. White cotton-like seeds burst in spring. Riparian plant found along waterways. Great fall color. Full sun.

WETLAND



Caltha palustris

Yellow Marsh Marigold

Single yellow flower above deep green scalloped leaves. Blooms very early in the spring. Plant in a cool, shady location.



Carex aquatilis

Water Sedge

Dense clumps of slender bluish-green leaves up to 3 ft. tall. Widespread and very common at low elevation in wetlands



Juncus effusus
Common Rush

A deep green rush with round, stiff stems, 2 ft. high. Good for pond enhancement. Spreads vigorously.



Solidago canadensis
Goldenrod

Sprays of tiny golden flowers, blooming in late summer through fall. Grows 2-4' and tolerates wet/moist conditions. Naturalizes easily and is a host plant for many butterfly species.



Typha latifolia

Common Cattail

A grass-like plant with broad, long leaves attached at the base of 3 – 5 ft. stalks. Seed heads are brown and cigar shaped. Important plant for pond enhancement. Needs standing water.