ADVOCATES FOR FAITH & FREEDOM Robert H. Tyler, CA Bar No. 179572 2 rtyler@faith-freedom.com Jennifer L. Monk, CA Bar No. 245512 jmonk@faith-freedom.com 24910 Las Brisas Road, Suite 110 Murrieta, California 92562 5 Telephone: (951) 304-7583 Facsimile: (951) 600-4996 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, BRETT A. CORONADO, 7 MARK A. MACKEY, and EDMOND M. FLORES, JR. 8 9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 EASTERN DIVISION-RIVERSIDE COURTHOUSE 11 12 BRETT A. CORONADO; MARK A. MACKEY; and EDMOND M. FLORES, 13 JR., COMPLAINT FOR 14 DECLARATORY AND Plaintiffs. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND 15 **DAMAGES** 16 VS. 17 CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL: 18 DARREN MEYER, individually and in his official capacity as an employee of the Demand for jury trial. 19 California Highway Patrol, 20 Defendants. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND DAMAGES

COME NOW plaintiffs, by and through counsel, to show the Court the following:

## **INTRODUCTION**

This is a case to vindicate the federal and state constitutional rights of Plaintiffs Mark A. Mackey, Edmond M. Flores, Jr., and Pastor Brett A. Coronado, all of whom were arrested outside a California Department of Motor Vehicles for reading aloud from a Bible or engaging in similar peaceful speech activity relating to the oral dissemination of their religious views in and around the parking lot and sidewalks before business hours.

# **JURISDICTION**

- 1. This civil rights action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 raises federal claims under the First, Fourth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and a state claim under Article 2, Section 1 of the California Constitution.
- 2. This Court has original jurisdiction over the federal law claims by operation of 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343 and has supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 3. This Court has authority to issue the requested injunctive relief under 28 U.S.C. § 1343; the requested declaratory relief under 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201–02; the requested damages under 28 U.S.C. § 1343; and costs and attorneys' fees under 42 U.S.C. § 1988(b) and Cal. C.C.P. § 1021.5.

## VENUE

# **IDENTIFICATION OF THE PLAINTIFFS**

- 4. Plaintiff MARK A. MACKEY is, and was at all times relevant to this Complaint was, a resident of Hemet in Riverside County, California.
- 5. Plaintiff EDMOND M. FLORES, JR., is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint was, a resident of Hemet in Riverside County, California.
- 6. Plaintiff BRETT A. CORONADO is, and was at all times relevant to this Complaint was, a resident of Hemet in Riverside County, California.

6. Plaintiff BRETT A. CORONADO is, and was at all times relevant to this Complaint was, a resident of Hemet in Riverside County, California.

### **IDENTIFICATION OF THE DEFENDANTS**

- 7. Defendant CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL ("CHP") is a public entity established, organized, and authorized under and pursuant to the laws of the State of California, with the authority to sue and be sued in its own name.
- 8. Defendant DARREN MEYER (Badge No. 15611) at all times relevant herein was an employee and officer for the CHP. This Defendant is sued both individually and in his official capacity.

#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 9. On Wednesday, February 2, 2011, Plaintiffs were at the Hemet, California Department of Motor Vehicles ("DMV") located at 1200 South State Street, Hemet, California 92543. The DMV at this location opened at 9:00 a.m. on that morning.
- 10. At approximately 8:10 a.m., Mr. Mackey, while standing in the general vicinity of the parking lot of the DMV, began to engage in speech activity with other individuals who were gathered outside of the closed DMV.
- 11. Mr. Mackey's speech activity consisted almost entirely of his reading aloud from the Bible. Mr. Flores and Pastor Coronado also stood in the parking lot and on the sidewalk surrounding the DMV, observing the activity.
- 12. At no time prior to their arrests did any of the Plaintiffs obstruct free movement or intimidate any of the individuals who were waiting outside the closed DMV.
- 13. Plaintiffs' activity consisted solely of peacefully being present in the DMV's parking lot and sidewalks and of Mr. Mackey's reading aloud from the Bible.
- 14. Plaintiffs possess video footage of all of their interactions with individuals outside the DMV both before and shortly after Mr. Mackey's arrest.

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- 16. No one else in any apparent position of authority requested that Plaintiffs leave, and no one else approached Mr. Mackey for approximately 15 minutes as he continued to read aloud.
- 17. At approximately 8:28 a.m., a uniformed California Highway Patrol ("CHP") officer arrived in the DMV parking lot and approached the DMV security guard.
- 18. After speaking very briefly with the security guard, the first officer on the scene, Defendant Meyer, approached Mr. Mackey, instructed him to hand the Bible to Mr. Flores, and told Mr. Mackey that he was under arrest, taking him into custody.
- 19. There was no conversation between any of the Plaintiffs and Defendant MEYER regarding their presence at the DMV, their activity at the DMV, or a request by Defendant MEYER that they leave the DMV premises prior to Mr. Mackey's arrest.
- 20. After Defendant MEYER placed Mr. Mackey under arrest, the arresting officer was immediately asked what law Mr. Mackey had violated, but the officer did not cite any specific statute. Instead, the CHP officer told Mr. Mackey that he was not allowed to "preach" where he was because the individuals present were "a captive audience."
- 21. After Mr. Mackey was placed in Defendant MEYER'S patrol vehicle, the officer turned to Pastor Coronado, who was asking what specific law Mr. Mackey had violated, and inquired whether Pastor Coronado and Mr. Flores were there with Mr. Mackey.
- 22. When Pastor Coronado responded in the affirmative, Defendant MEYER asked if they wanted "to go too," implying that they could be going to jail as well.
- 23. Pastor Coronado asked the Defendant MEYER, "Are we breaking the law?" and he responded, "You are if you preach. Do you want to leave or do you want to be arrested?"

25. preaching. 26. 27. at the DMV.

24. Pastor Coronado again asked Defendant MEYER what law prohibited preaching and told him that he was not even engaging in preaching.

Defendant MEYER never cited any law that would be violated by

- After the security guard told Defendant MEYER that neither Mr. Coronado nor Mr. Flores were preaching, he ended his conversation with Pastor Coronado.
- After Mr. Mackey was in custody, other law enforcement personnel arrived
- Another CHP officer approached Pastor Coronado and Mr. Flores and told 28. them that they had to leave and that if they did not leave, they would be "trespassing."
- 29. Pastor Coronado asked if they were breaking the law. The newly arrived CHP officer said, "Yes, you are; you're trespassing."
- Pastor Coronado and Mr. Flores then attempted to learn where the officers were taking Mr. Mackey, and an officer told them that he would tell them once he knew.
- 31. With no further explanation of any applicable law, the officers detained and arrested Pastor Coronado and Mr. Flores but permitted other individuals who were with them to leave the DMV.
- After their arrests, the officers took Plaintiffs to a CHP Inspection Facility (Inspection Facility), located at 195 Highland Springs Avenue, Beaumont, California, where they were held, questioned, and subsequently given citations for allegedly violating Cal. Penal Code § 602.1(b).
- While in the custody of Defendants at the Inspection Facility, Plaintiffs 33. were handcuffed to a metal table for approximately ninety (90) minutes while awaiting their release from custody.

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### **ALLEGATIONS OF LAW**

34. All alleged acts of the Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, or persons acting at their behest or direction were done [and are continuing to be done] under the color and pretense of state law, including the statutes, customs, and policies of the State of California and the CHP.

### CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- I. First Claim: Violation of the Free Speech Clause of the First Amendment of the United States Constitution (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)
- 35. The Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference paragraphs 1 through 34 and further allege as follows:
- 36. The Plaintiffs' speech activity consisted almost entirely of Mr. Mackey's oral dissemination of his religious views and doctrines by reading aloud from a Bible at the Hemet, California Department of Motor Vehicles.
- 37. Plaintiff Mackey engaged in Bible reading in the parking lot of the DMV, while Plaintiffs Flores and Coronado stood both in the parking lot and on the sidewalk areas in and around the DMV, observing the activity.
- 38. Plaintiffs' peaceful presence and audible Bible reading on the sidewalk and in the parking lot of the DMV did not interfere with any of the DMV's self-described primary purposes of registering vehicles, licensing drivers, recording ownership of vehicles, maintaining driving records, issuing identification cards, administering financial responsibility laws, and investigating consumer complaints, regardless of whether these services require in-person communication with clientele.
- 39. Plaintiffs' presence and Bible reading on the sidewalk and in the parking lot were not activities that were incompatible with the normal business activities of the DMV, particularly at an hour before the DMV opened for business.
- 40. The sidewalk and parking lot immediately outside the DMV building is government property and is freely accessible to the public.

- 41. The sidewalk and parking lot in and around the DMV is virtually indistinguishable from other public sidewalks.
- 42. The DMV's self-described purposes include registering vehicles, licensing drivers, recording ownership of vehicles, maintaining driving records, issuing identification cards, administering financial responsibility laws, and investigating consumer complaints, regardless of whether these services require in-person communication with clientele.
- 43. Plaintiffs' Bible reading and peaceful observance of the same did not impede the DMV's ability to do business, did not obstruct entrance to or exit from the parking lot or the building, did not intimidate those outside the DMV awaiting its opening, and did not otherwise disrupt or hinder the DMV's effectiveness for its intended purposes.
- 44. The CHP officers restricted Plaintiffs' speech because of its religious viewpoint and stated that they were arresting Plaintiff Mackey because he was "preaching."
- 45. Plaintiffs were precluded from continuing to engage in any speech activity when uniformed officers employed by the California Highway Patrol declared that Plaintiffs' "preaching" was prohibited when the audience was "captive."
- 46. CHP officers humiliated the Plaintiffs when they unreasonably arrested, handcuffed, and escorted the Plaintiffs in CHP vehicles to the Inspection Facility in violation of Plaintiffs' First Amendment free speech rights.
- 47. In addition to humiliating the Plaintiffs, the CHP officers took away their cherished right to disseminate their religious views.
- II. Second Claim: Violation of the Liberty of Speech Clause of Article 1, Section2 of the California Constitution (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)
- 48. The Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference paragraphs 1 through 47 and further allege as follows:

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- 49. The DMV is government property and is freely accessible to the public.
- 50. Plaintiffs' peaceful presence and audible Bible reading on the sidewalk and in the parking lot of the DMV prior to the business's opening did not interfere with any of the DMV's self-described purposes of registering vehicles, licensing drivers, recording ownership of vehicles, maintaining driving records, issuing identification cards, administering financial responsibility laws, and investigating consumer complaints, regardless of whether these services require in-person communication with clientele.
- 51. Plaintiffs' peaceful presence and audible Bible reading on the sidewalk and in the parking lot of the DMV were not activities that were basically incompatible with the primary use of the DMV parking lot and sidewalk areas, particularly before business hours.
- 52. Plaintiffs' peaceful presence and audible Bible reading did not obstruct entrance to or exit from the DMV parking lot or building and did not intimidate those outside the DMV awaiting its opening from transacting business with the DMV.
- 53. At most, Plaintiffs' speech activity posed a mere annoyance to those who were waiting outside the closed DMV building.
- 54. The CHP officers restricted Plaintiffs' speech because of its religious viewpoint and stated that they were arresting Plaintiff Mackey because he was "preaching."
- 55. Plaintiffs were precluded from continuing to engage in their peaceful speech activity when uniformed officers employed by the California Highway Patrol arrested, handcuffed, and escorted the Plaintiffs in CHP vehicles to the local police department.
- 56. In addition to humiliating the Plaintiffs, the CHP officers took away their cherished right to disseminate their religious views.

57. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant CHP has a practice or policy of prohibiting speech activity in and around DMV premises statewide, or at least at this single location.

- III. Third Claim: Unlawful Arrest under the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)
- 58. The Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference paragraphs 1 through 57 and further allege as follows:
- 59. After speaking briefly to a DMV security guard, Defendant MEYER unreasonably arrested Plaintiff Mackey without objectively reasonable belief that Plaintiff Mackey had committed a criminal offense.
- 60. CHP officers, who subsequently arrived on the scene, and Defendant MEYER unreasonably arrested Plaintiff Flores and Plaintiff Coronado without objectively reasonable belief that Plaintiffs had committed a criminal offense.
  - 61. The officers arrested the Plaintiffs without first obtaining a warrant.
- 62. The uniformed CHP officers acted in accordance with their duties for their employment with the State of California.
- 63. At the Inspection Facility, the officers cited the Plaintiffs for violation of California Penal Code 602.1, subdivision (b), which declares intentional interference with any lawful business of a public agency by obstructing or intimidating clients and refusal to leave a misdemeanor offense.
- 64. Penal Code 602.1, subdivision (c) exempts persons engaging in constitutionally protected activity from the offense.
- 65. Plaintiffs were engaging in speech activity protected by both the U.S. Constitution and the State of California Constitution prior to their arrest.

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- 66. Plaintiffs' peaceful presence and audible Bible reading did not, and was not intended to, obstruct entrance to or exit from the DMV parking lot or building and did not, and was not intended to, intimidate those outside the DMV awaiting its opening from transacting business with the DMV.
- 67. Plaintiffs were lawfully on the DMV premises and never refused to leave the premises but merely asked what law they were allegedly violating.
- 68. The officers' stated pre-arrest justification for arrest included Plaintiffs' "preaching" and alleged "trespassing," neither of which under the facts and circumstances actually known to the officers warranted belief by a reasonably prudent officer that the Plaintiffs had committed a criminal offense.

# IV. Fourth Claim: False Imprisonment/Arrest under California State Law

- 69. The Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference paragraphs 1 through 68 and further allege as follows:
- 70. After speaking briefly to a DMV security guard, Defendant MEYER unreasonably arrested Plaintiff Mackey without objectively reasonable belief that Plaintiff Mackey had committed a criminal offense.
- 71. CHP officers, who subsequently arrived on the scene, and Defendant MEYER unreasonably arrested Plaintiff Flores and Plaintiff Coronado without objectively reasonable belief that Plaintiffs had committed a criminal offense.
  - 72. The officers arrested the Plaintiffs without first obtaining a warrant.
- 73. The uniformed CHP officers acted in accordance with their duties for their employment with the State of California.
- 74. At the Inspection Facility, the officers cited the Plaintiffs for violation of California Penal Code 602.1, subdivision (b), which declares intentional interference with any lawful business of a public agency by obstructing or intimidating clients and refusal to leave a misdemeanor offense.

- 75. Penal Code 602.1, subdivision (c) exempts persons engaging in constitutionally protected activity from the offense.
- 76. Plaintiffs were engaging in speech activity protected by both the U.S. Constitution and the State of California Constitution prior to their arrest.
- 77. Plaintiffs' peaceful presence and audible Bible reading did not, and was not intended to, obstruct entrance to or exit from the DMV parking lot or building and did not, and was not intended to, intimidate those outside the DMV awaiting its opening from transacting business with the DMV.
- 78. Plaintiffs were lawfully on the DMV premises and never refused to leave the premises but merely asked what law they were allegedly violating.
- 79. The officers' stated pre-arrest justification for arrest included Plaintiffs' "preaching" and alleged "trespassing," neither of which under the facts and circumstances actually known to the officers warranted belief by a reasonably prudent officer that the Plaintiffs had committed a criminal offense.
- 80. Plaintiff were handcuffed to a metal table at the Inspection Facility by Defendants for approximately ninety (90) minutes, an appreciable period of time, and were damaged as a result due to Defendant's illegal confinement.
- 81. Defendants acted without reasonable cause to believe that such actions were lawful or necessary.
- 82. Plaintiffs were intentionally confined against their will by Defendants who lacked the requisite lawful authority to so confine.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiffs respectfully request the following relief:

# As to the First and Second Claims:

a. That this Court permanently enjoin Defendants, their agents, servants, employees, officials, or any other person acting in concert with them or on their behalf, from restricting lawful religious speech at the Hemet DMV premises;

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- b. That this Court enter a declaratory judgment stating that Defendants' policy or practice of arresting persons who disseminate their religious views and doctrines in a public forum violates Free Speech under applicable federal and state law; As to the First and Third Claims:
- That this Court award compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by the finder of fact in accordance with the proof, plus interest at the legal rate until paid by Defendants;

### As to the Third and Fourth Claims:

- d. That this Court permanently enjoin Defendants, their agents, servants, employees, officials, or any other person acting in concert with them or on their behalf, from arresting or otherwise restraining Plaintiffs for a violation of Cal. Penal Code § 602.1(b) without objectively reasonable belief that Plaintiffs have in fact taken actions in violation of said code by impeding an open business.
- e. That this Court enter a declaratory judgment stating that Defendants' policy or practice of arresting persons without objectively reasonable belief that a penal code has been violated violates applicable federal and state law.

#### As to all Claims:

- f. That this Court grant Plaintiff an award of nominal damages against all Defendants:
- That this Court award the Plaintiffs' costs and expenses of this action, g. including a reasonable attorneys' fees award, in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 1988 and other applicable law against all Defendants;
- That this Court grant such other and further relief against Defendants as the h. Court deems equitable, just, and proper;
- i. That this Court retain jurisdiction as necessary to enforce the Court's orders.

### **JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial.

ADVOCATES FOR FAITH & FREEDOM

Date: April 25, 2011

Attorney for Plaintiffs, BRETT A. CORONADO, MARK A. MACKEY;

EDMOND M. FLORES, JR.