That's impossible! Just turn on the tap, right?

Lesson Plan

Developed by:

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Introduction:

This lesson plan aims to sensitize students to the importance of preserving water resources (especially fresh water) that are essential to the survival of human beings and to the balance of the planet. It also warns of the enormous differences that exist in various parts of the world regarding access to drinking water and to the basic sanitation network.

Objectives or Learning Outcomes

Students will be able to:

- Investigate the relationship between human health and the environment.
- Prepare presentations and infographics using digital tools.
- Relate the learnings to sustainability.
- Promote and report on human health and well-being.

Time required:

- Session 1 (45 min): Introduction to the theme + large group analysis of various news related to water scarcity.
- Session 2 (90 min): Small groups analysis of the UN Report + presentation on key findings of the document.
- Session 3 (45 min): Debate about water scarcity.
- Session 4 (90 min): Inform and involve; Making of infographics about the subject using ICT.
- Evaluation using an online educational tool and group self-assessment.

Resources required:

- Computers and smartphones.
- **UN Water 2019 report**; news from newspaper sites.
- PPT presentation (see <u>Annexe 1</u>); self-assessment grid (see <u>Annexe 2</u>) and digital tools (Power Point, Kahoot, Canvas, Visme, etc).









Activity

Classroom session

- The teacher introduces the theme with a fundamental question: "How much water do you consume in all your activities in one day?" Students can simulate water consumption using an online calculator: www.watercalculator.org
- The teacher encourages a brief discussion about the large numbers of daily water consumption
- The teacher presents (PPT) that depicts: amount of water on the planet, distribution of water on the planet (salt water, fresh water, drinking water) and human activities that lead to water consumption.
- The teacher asks: "For us, all we have to do is open the tap, but will it be like this for everyone?" Students discuss in small groups and reply.
- The teacher shows a set of recent news and data from around the world depicting water scarcity and inequalities in access to water and the basic sanitation.
- The groups hold a discussion and then groups report back to class.

Classroom session



- The teacher encourages students to organize in groups of four. The teacher distributes a part of the <u>UN Report (UNWater 2019 Facts and Figures)</u> to each group. Topics include: water availability and demand, floods and droughts, water supply and sanitation services, population growth and human settlements, poverty, health and nutrition, etc.
- The teacher encourages each group to organize a presentation of their topic using a digital tool, such as Sway, Emaze or Prezi, for example. The information to be transmitted must be succinct.
- Students are encouraged to include graphs and lists of data.
- Students do oral presentations about key findings of their section of UN Report.
- Assignment for session 3: each group should bring causes for depletion of water sources.

Classroom session

- Each group presents the list of possible causes for water scarcity (some topics that may be presented by students: deforestation and consequent soil erosion, low fire control practices, contamination, inadequate agricultural practices, excessive irrigation, household waste, etc).
- The teacher presents a whole class activity: discuss and present compilation of good practices to preserve water, reduce consumption and waste.

Classroom 4

- The teacher asks students to think about key points they would like to present regarding the previous sessions.
- Possible topics to be addressed are: those previously discussed from the UN Water Report, causes of water scarcity, good practices in general or to apply to at school, news headlines about water scarcity, etc. The infographics should be printed preferably in A3 size.
- The groups should select different contents thus avoiding that the infographics portray the same information.
- By the end of the session each group will have prepared an infographic to be in display in the school grounds.

Evaluation

- The teacher uses a quiz to assess students learning.
- Students do their presentations to other groups in the school. The teacher provides a self-assessment grid which will help to understand how students evaluate their individual and group performance. Also, it will provide students' perceptions on how the activity had an impact on learning and consolidating knowledge.

Suggestions of variation or further reading

Students could make a presentation of the infographics in an open session to parents, sensitizing them to this theme on World Water Day.

Students could analyze the book "A long walk to water - based on the true story", by Linda Sue Park. It is a book that is part of the Portuguese National Reading Plan and portrays the life of a teenager from Sudan who traveled miles to fetch water. A history of resilience and a wake-up call for water scarcity in many African countries.

References

UNESCO - UNWater. (2019). The United Nations World Water Development Report 2019 - Leaving no one behind - Fact and figures. WWAP. Perugia, Itália https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000367276

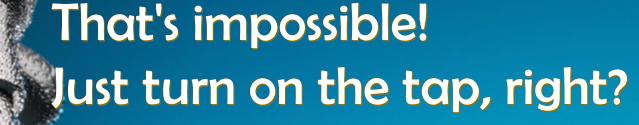
UNESCO - UNWater. (2019). The United Nations World Water Development Report 2019 - Leaving no one behind - Executive Summary. WWAP. Perugia, Itália https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000367303

Park, L. S. (2016) Um longo caminho – baseado na história verídica de um refugiado. 1ª Edição, Editora IN. Lisboa (portuguese edition)

Park, L. S. (2018) A Long Walk To Water- Based On A True Story. One World Publications. London

This lesson plan was selected from the <u>2019 Eco-Schools competition</u> in which teachers were invited to develop and submit lesson plans that promote action oriented pedagogy about specific Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Annexe 1 - Presentation





Lesson Plan for Positive Actions
Sandrina Martins, Portugal

Can we really run out of water?

Have you ever thought about this possibility?

The planet is blue because 70% of its surface is made up of WATER.

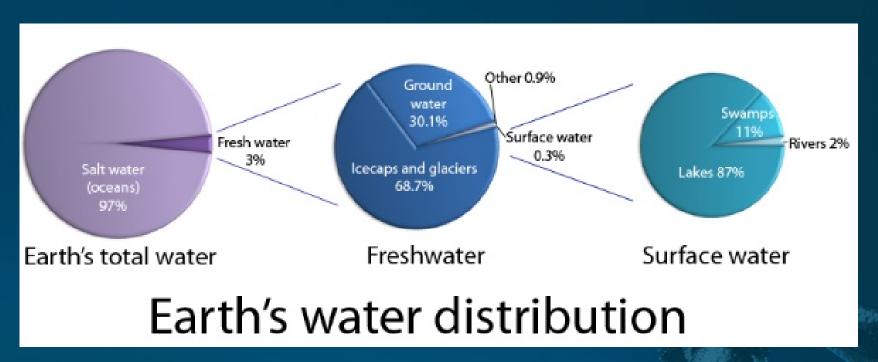
So there is LOTS of WATER!

And if we still count what exists in the atmosphere and aquifers...

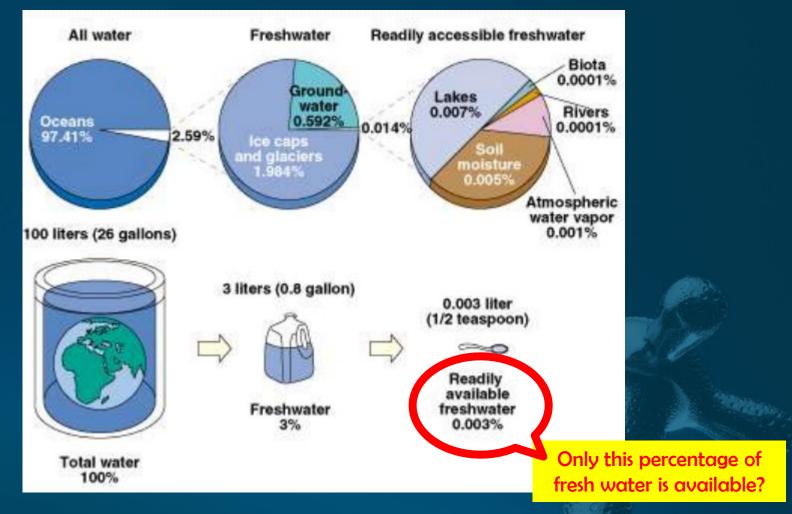
It seems impossible, but we can really RUN OUT of water!

Where's the water we talking about?

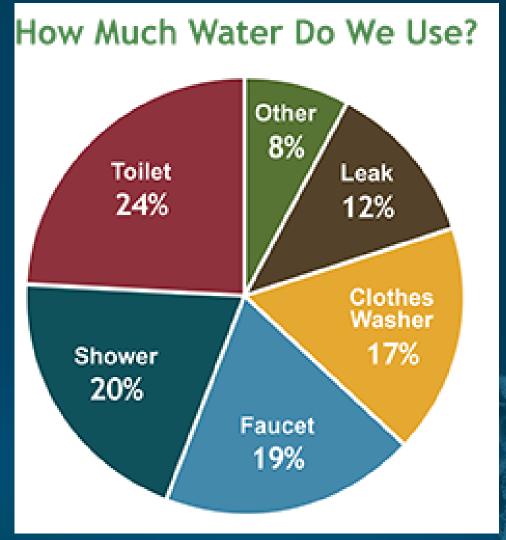
FRESH WATER!



Let's look at this from another perspective...



And another perspective...



Source: https://www.epa.gov/watersense/how-we-use-water

We are already more than 7 billion humans on this planet.

We all need water to SURVIVE, for personal hygiene and for various activities such as agriculture, industry and livestock.

Over 7,700,000,000 inhabitants to just 0.003% of FRESHWATER AVAILABLE is a big DISPROPORTION!

Is this water accessible to all human beings equitably?

*https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/



Source: https://www.citylab.com/environment/2019/04/cape-town-water-conservation-south-africa-drought/587011/



Source: https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2019/10/india-water-crisis-business-challenge/



News :

AJ Impac

Documentaries -

Shows -

Investigations

Opinion

In Pictur

NEWS / WATER

Planting seeds in Brazil to solve water scarcity problem

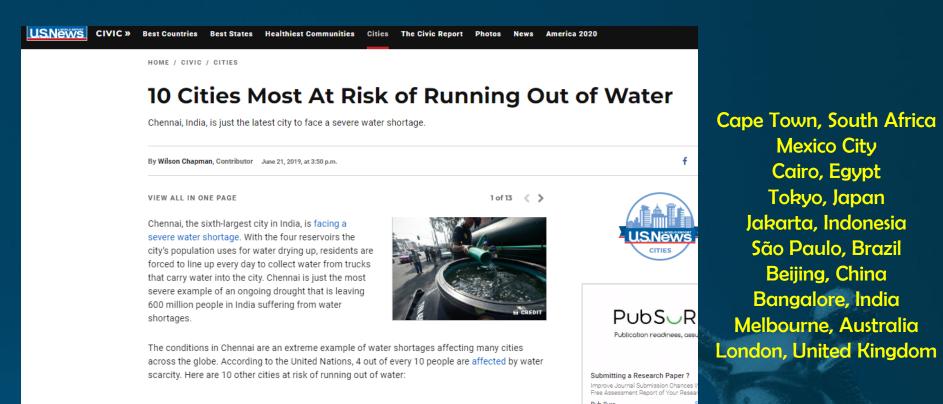
While Brasilia faces a water shortage, the city is turning to its past and planting the seeds of plants that used help with water retention in the region.

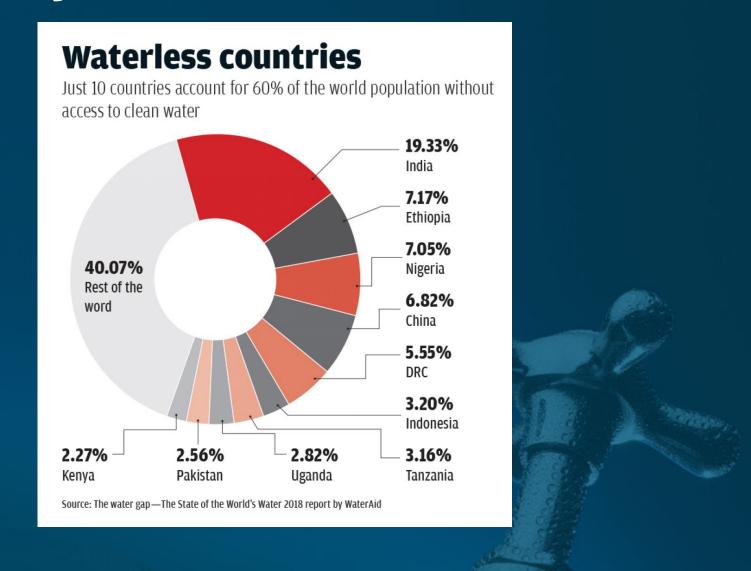
24 Mar 2018













For us, having access to water just means turning on the tap!

But unfortunately, it is not so for everyone.

Let's look at some data recently released by the UNWater Report 2019 – "Leaving no one behind".

How are we in the world in terms of access to water and sanitation?

What does the future hold for us if we do nothing?

(Start working in groups)

The reasons for water scarcity...

Is the climate changing? - Yes! Heat waves are more frequent and precipitation is a less frequent and abrupt phenomenon.

Do we use and waste too much water? – Of course! Some of us have already reached the world consumption record: the average US citizen uses 575 liters a day!

And longer water pipelines are being built with huge waste of water along the way!

Is there a lot of pollution? - Yes! We litter the watercourses and often without any treatment.

In fact, all these also occur:

- Deforestation and consequent soil erosion
- Burning practice with low supervision
- ✓ Groundwater contamination
- √ Inadequate agricultural practices
- Excessive irrigation
- ✓ Household waste

So what can we do?

It is important that we all be aware that water is a public, common and universal good!

Each of us must contribute to this fight against time and just

think of two words: REDUCE AND REUSE!

How to do this at home, at school, in business, in our city?

Let's think of various ways to do that...

So what can we do?

There are many ways to SAVE WATER, just be creative and have strong will!

We must want to belong to a SUSTAINABLE PLANET,

want to leave a good heritage for **FUTURE**

GENERATIONS!

It is urgent to THINK GREEN, or in this case, BLUE!

The truth is...

"We only realize the value of water after the source dries up."

Old popular adage

Come on! Let us not let this adage be a

REALITY!

Let's make this MISSION POSSIBLE...

https://vimeo.com/17486656

Annexe 2 - Evaluation Grid

EVALUATION GRID FOR ORAL PRESENTATION

Name of the stud	dent:			Class:
Theme:				
Other members of	the group:		//	
	INSUFFICIENT	ENOUGH	GOOD	VERY GOOD
PREPARATION	The student does not seem prepared at all to present.	The student is more or less prepared but not rehearsed.	The student seems well prepared but needed to rehearse more.	The student is well prepared and rehearsed.
SPEECH	The student is often misunderstood or often mispronounced words.	Speaks clearly most of the time and mispronounces a few words.	Speaks clearly all the time and mispronounces one or two words.	Speaks clearly all the time.
VOCABULARY	Uses several words or phrases that are not understood by the audience.	Uses appropriate vocabulary. Does not include words that may be new to the audience.	Uses proper vocabulary. Includes one or two words that may be new to the audience and defines them.	Uses proper vocabulary. Increases audience vocabulary by defining words.
POSTURE AND EYE CONTACT	Has a sloppy posture and / or does not maintain eye contact during the presentation.	Sometimes has a correct posture and establishes eye contact.	Has mostly a correct posture and establishes eye contact with the audience.	Has a correct posture, looks relaxed and confident. Establish eye contact with the audience.
CONTENT	Does not reveal understanding the theme.	Reveals a good understanding of one part of the theme.	Reveals a good understanding of the topic.	Reveals an excellent understanding of the topic.

Note: To evaluate each parameter, check $\ensuremath{\square}$ the square.