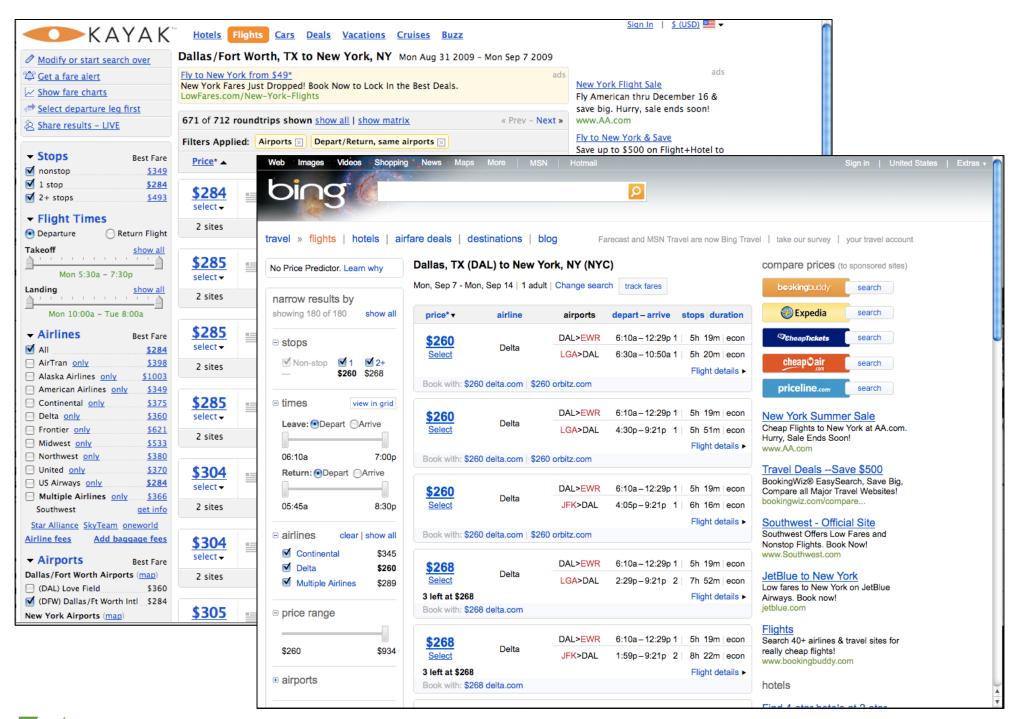


## HELP! THEY'RE COPYING MY HOME PAGE!

COMMON ISSUES AND POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS FOR PROTECTING WEB DESIGN AND CONTENT





KLEMCHUK LP

8150 N Central Expressway | 10th Floor Dallas, Texas 75206

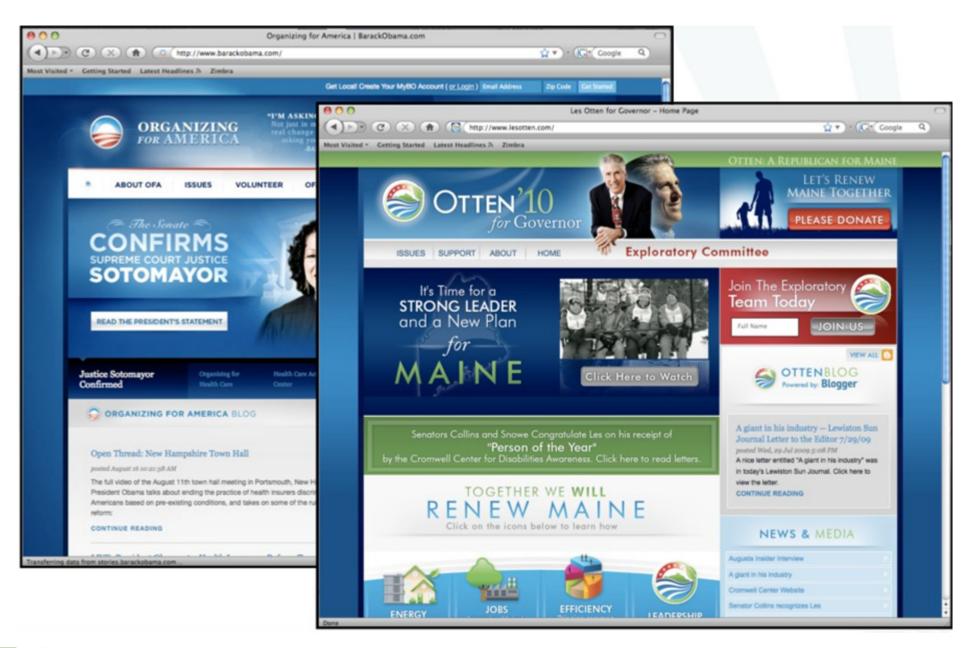
"[The travel site] feels so much like Kayak that without asking, I assumed Microsoft licensed the technology from Kayak. Can you say 'eerily similar'?"

- David Radin Pittsburgh Post-Gazette

"We are discussing the matter with Kayak. Bing Travel is based on independent development by Microsoft and Farecast.com, which Microsoft acquired in 2008. Any contrary allegations are without merit."

- Whitney Burk of Microsoft







#### KLEMCHUK LP

"We are very proud of our Web site, which was built from scratch, from the ground up, by a locally owned company -- INsyt of Farmington, Maine."

Edie Smith, campaign manager for Otten's exploratory committee



## Why So Sensitive?

- Websites promote one's brand, which in turn acts as an indicator of quality and goodwill
- Consumers will be confused as to the source or sponsorship
- Diverts traffic away from website
- Could ruin website's goodwill by causing consumers to believe: (a) that the two sites are affiliated; or (b) that the initial website somehow sponsors the repugnant one
- Time and expense of graphic design and coding
- A copied website can deter the originator of the website design from expanding into other markets



## **Strategies**

Copyright
Registration for
Code

Copyright
Registration for
Screen Shots

Trade Dress Protection

Terms of Use and Conditions Agreements



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#### KLEMCHUK LP

## Why Register the Copyright?

- It's cheap!
  - \$35 per work if registered through the eCO. \$50-\$65 per work if registered using paper forms.
- Before a copyright infringement suit may be filed, copyright registration is necessary.
  - Expedited registration is possible for a significantly higher fee (approximately \$760 per work).
- If made before or within 5 years of publication, registration will establish prima facie evidence of the validity of the copyright and of the facts stated in the certificate.
- If made: (a) within 3 months after publication of the work; or (b) <u>prior to an infringement of the work</u>, **statutory damages and attorney's fees** will be available to the copyright owner.
  - Otherwise, only an award of actual damages and profits is available to the copyright owner.



## Copyright Registration for Code

- Copyright protection extends to copyrightable expression embodied in the computer program.
  - Copyright protection does not extend to ideas, program logic, algorithms, systems, methods, concepts, or layouts.
- Each separately published version of a computer program that contains new, copyrightable authorship has to be registered separately, with a new application and fee.
  - Registrations of subsequent versions cover only the new or revised material.



## Copyright Registration for Code

- A single registration may be made for a computer program <u>and</u> its screen displays.
  - Registration will extend to any <u>copyrightable</u> screens generated by the program, regardless of whether identifying material for the screens is deposited.



## Circular 61: Copyright Registration for Computer **Programs**

- How to Register a Computer Program and Its Screen Displays:
  - Option 1: Answer "computer program" to the "Author Created" question. In this case, deposit the source code as described above. Depositing identifying material for screens is optional.
  - Option 2: Answer "computer program, including text of screen displays," or "computer program including audio-visual material" or "computer program including artwork on screen displays" in the "Other" portion of the "Author Created" question.



## Circular 61: Copyright Registration for Computer **Programs**

- When Using Option 2:
  - You must deposit identifying material for the screen displays in addition to the source code.
  - When the screens are not copyrightable (e.g., de minimis menu screens, blank forms, or the like), the application should not refer to screens.
  - The description of authorship on the application should not refer to elements such as "menu screens," "structure, sequence and organization," "layout," format," or the like.



## Copyright Registration for Screen Shots





# What Parts of Screen Shots Are Copyrightable? Case Law Not Exactly Clear

- Darden v. Peters, 402 F. Supp. 2d 638, 643 (E.D.N.C. 2005).
  - "The longstanding practice of the Copyright Office is to deny registration of the arrangement of elements on the basis of physical or directional layout in a given space, whether that space is a sheet of paper or a screen of space meant for information displayed digitally."



# What Parts of Screen Shots Are Copyrightable? Case Law Not Exactly Clear

- Int'l Union of Operating Engineers, Local 150, Affico v. Team 150 Party, Inc., 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 83828
   (N.D. III.
   Sept. 5, 2008).
  - The look and feel of a website may be covered by copyright.



## Circular 66: Copyright Registration for Online Works

- Applies to works accessed via network.
  - Websites, homepages, and FTP sites
- "The registration will extend only to the copyrightable content of the work as received in the Copyright Office and identified as the subject of the claim."
- Copyrightable revisions to online works that are published on separate days must each be registered individually.



## Copyright Registration for Screen Shots





## **Strategies**

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Terms of Use and Conditions Agreements



## Trade Dress Protection vs. Copyright Protection

- Copyright Preemption?
  - Is look and feel protectable under copyright?
  - Int'l Union of Operating Engineers N.D. III.
    - Maybe



## Trade Dress Protection vs. Copyright Protection

- Blue Nile, Inc. v. Ice.com, Inc., 478 F. Supp. 2d 1240 (W.D. Wash. 2007).
  - The overall look and feel of the website was within the subject matter of copyright.
  - However, determining which portions of a website relate to the "look and feel" of its trade dress claim required greater factual development.
  - Another "maybe" regarding preemption



### **Trade Dress Protection**

- Requirements for Protectability
  - Must be distinctive or have acquired secondary meaning
  - Features must be nonfunctional
  - Primary significance is as source identifier
- Likelihood of Confusion



### Trade Dress Protection

- Is Inherent Distinctiveness Possible?
  - Or is acquired secondary meaning required?
  - Product packaging versus product configuration?
    - Samara Supreme Court held that product configuration cannot be inherently distinctive
    - Two Pesos Supreme Court found that restaurant décor was both packaging and configuration
  - Is a website a "virtual storefront"?



## GoTo.com v. The Walt Disney Company, 202 F.3d 1119 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1999)

- Acquired Secondary Meaning?
  - As long as the "vast majority of impressions" of the design have been in its "prototypical form" then secondary meaning may attach.
- Likelihood of confusion standard Sleekcraft factors:
  - Similarity of the marks
  - Relatedness of the goods or services
  - Simultaneous use of the Web as a marketing channel



## 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)(3)

 "the person who asserts trade dress protection has the burden of proving that the matter sought to be protected is not functional."





How does functionality fit into the placement of click buttons, commands, titles, etc.?



## Why not functional items?

- Identification Theory
  - A feature is functional if it provides value to the product other than merely identifying the source of the product.
    - Pink insulation?
    - Black engine?
    - Colored dry cleaning pads?

- Competition Theory
  - A feature is functional if the feature inhibits a competitor from succeeding in the marketplace.
    - Pink insulation?
    - Yellow traffic signs?



### Source identifier...

- The primary significance of a product feature or term is to identify the source of the product rather than the product itself.
  - Fundamental tenet of trademark law.





- •Less is more, color scheme, significant white space, font
- Careful selection of trade dress elements



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## Terms of Use and Conditions Agreement

- Is it enforceable?
  - Terms of use are generally enforceable.
  - But claim of intellectual property protection does not establish protectability.
- What the heck let's give it a shot.



## Google Terms of Use and Conditions Agreement

- "Although we'd like to accommodate all the requests we receive from <u>users who want to add a touch of Google to their</u> <u>sites</u>, we are passionate about <u>protecting the reputation of our</u> <u>brand</u> as an objective and fair provider of search results."
- "That means we have to turn down many requests because sites imply that Google is endorsing them or is otherwise affiliated with them."
- "The same applies if Google's trademarks, logos, web pages, screen shots, or other distinctive features ("Google's Brand Features" or "Brand Features") are associated with objectionable material, as determined by Google."



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## Practical Tips: "An ounce of prevention..."

- Ownership & Indemnification
  - Prepare to Attack Clarify <u>in writing</u> and <u>in advance</u> ownership of the website and its source code as between the business and the website designer
  - Prepare to Defend Include indemnification obligation against website designer in case allegation of copying is made
- Copyright
  - Register the program code and screen displays frequently implement a policy/procedure
    - Possible statutory damages and attorney fees
  - Maintain "gold standard" archived copies (unmodified and complete) that directly correspond to each registration



## Practical Tips: "An ounce of prevention..."

#### Trade Dress

- Identify the key elements sought to be protected
- Maintain consistency with key elements even when website modifications are made
- In some cases, may even consider seeking a federal trademark registration (but this would be very rare)

#### Terms of Use

 Include appropriate language to provide possible breach of contract cause of action and to help deter knock-off artists



