

Long Overlooked New York School Painter Edith Schloss Rediscovered at Sundaram Tagore

An overlooked painter of the New York School is rediscovered in a new retrospective at Sundaram Tagore Gallery. Edith Schloss, an immigrant and a woman, was little recognized in her lifetime, despite her talent and her closeness to some of abstract expressionism's leading artists.

ARTSY EDITORIAL

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Edith Schloss Egg Eater, 1950 Sundaram Tagore Gallery



Edith Schloss Still Life, 1951 Sundaram Tagore Gallery

Curated by Jason Andrew, the show presents work by one of the leading members of the New York School, which also included Lee Krasner and Jackson Pollock, Elaine and Willem de Kooning, Mark Rothko, and Schloss's husband, Rudy Burckhardt. An expatriate of Germany, Schloss was a key player in the largely immigrant art scene. She had a broad and deep education in pan-European culture, upon which she drew for her paintings, assemblages, collages, and drawings.



Edith Schloss Spring Rain and the Black Bird in the Cypress Tree, 1970 Sundaram Tagore Gallery



Edith Schloss By the Wave, 1978 Sundaram Tagore Gallery

Schloss once said, "Art is nourishment which is made from the fabric of our daily life but lifts us beyond it to make us see a world bigger than ourselves." Her interest in everyday situations (and perhaps the influence of Giorgio Morandi) is apparent in works such as Egg Eater (1950) and Still Life (1951), both of which feature still lifes of tables in use and are reminiscent of genre painting. The various pitchers and plates become fields of reflected and absorbed color and Cubist-style tilted perspectives, which capture the scenes' totality. Similar forms recur in later works, such as Spring Rain and the Black Bird in the Cypress Tree (1970) and By the Wave (1978), though in much more abstracted form.



Edith Schloss Night Voyage: Homage to Joseph Cornell, 1962 Sundaram Tagore Gallery



Edith Schloss Mount Amiata, 1965 Sundaram Tagore Gallery

Her sociability and affection for her colleagues can be seen in many works. Her 1962 sculpture, *Night Voyage: Homage to Joseph Cornell*, pays loving tribute to Cornell, a quixotic maker of assemblages. She mimics his use of boxes as metaphors and allusions, filling her own with a pocket watch, a carved wooden bird, and an exhibition announcement for Cornell's 1953 show at Egan Gallery.

Schloss achieves numerous effects in her watercolors, emphasizing textures and forms through her pointed deployment of color, in a manner similar to painters like Joan Mitchell. In *Mont Amiata* (1965), a still life-aslandscape, the top of the paper fades gradually and seamlessly from a pale turquoise. At right, verdant green tones, in a mix of dry and wet brushstrokes, suggest foliage limning a central still life: a vase and chalices in bright green, blues, white, and red. Pink flowers burst at center. All the colorful activity of the image serves as a busy counterpoint to the spare depiction of Tuscany's Mont Amiata, drawn with one blue line in the distance.

Schloss is less known today than many of her contemporaries but is no less talented. Her work stands as a bridge between their radical reinvention of painting and the old world that they left behind. She was a painter of pictures, but also a painter of life.

—Stephen Dillon

"Edith Schloss: Still Life, Myths, and Mountains, A Retrospective" is on view at Sundaram Tagore Gallery, New York, Feb. 26–Mar. 28, 2015.

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