**JACKSON COUNTY JAIL**

**LOCATION**
- **STREET AND NUMBER:** 217 North Main Street
- **CITY OR TOWN:** Independence
- **STATE:** Missouri 64000

**CLASSIFICATION**
- **CATEGORY (Check One):** Building
- **OWNERSHIP:** Public
- **STATUS:** Occupied

**OWNER OF PROPERTY**
- **OWNER’S NAME:** City of Independence, Missouri

**LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION**
- **STREET AND NUMBER:** Independence
- **COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.:** Office of Recorder of Deeds, Jackson County Courthouse
- **STREET AND NUMBER:** Courthouse Square
- **CITY OR TOWN:** Independence
- **STATE:** Missouri 64000

**REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS**
- **TITLE OF SURVEY:** Missouri Historic Sites Catalogue
- **DATE OF SURVEY:** 1963
- **DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:** State Historical Society of Missouri
- **STREET AND NUMBER:** Corner, Hitt and Lowry streets
- **CITY OR TOWN:** Columbia
- **STATE:** Missouri 65201
7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

☐ Excellent ☐ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Deteriorated ☐ Ruins ☐ Unexposed

☐ Altered ☐ Unaltered

☐ Moved ☒ Original Site

DESCRIPTION THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Jackson County Jail in Independence, Missouri, is a complex of structures including 1) the stone jail built in 1859, 2) the marshal's residence, built 1859-1860, attached to the front (west) facade of the jail and obscuring it from view, 3) the jail annex of 1900-1901 attached to the rear (east) wall of the jail, 4) a wood frame one room schoolhouse recently moved onto the southeast quadrant of the site as an addition to the Jackson County Historical Society headquarters and museum.

EXTERIOR

Marshal's House

The marshal's house is a two story, rectangular, "Federal Style" structure built of handmade red brick. The solid brick walls, laid in running bond, rest on a foundation of locally quarried limestone. The first floor west (front) facade has openings of uniform size evenly spaced in the pattern of door--window--window--door. Five windows on the second floor are placed directly above the first floor openings. The two doors have three light transoms, limestone lintels and thresholds. The windows have 6 over 6 light double-hung sash, limestone lintels and sills, and wood louver shutters.

The simple wood replacement cornice closely follows the profile of the original.

The ridge roof is oriented north and south. It has asphalt shingle roofing at present. A single chimney is located north of center atop the ridge. The rear (east) facade also has a simple wooden cornice.

Because the east wall is attached to the stone jail by an enclosed circulation corridor, this facade does not have an exterior aspect. A small one story kitchen extension is attached to the southeast corner of the marshal's house, and is oriented at right angles to the house. This structure conforms in style and materials to the main block of the house. It has one window and an entrance door on the east facade, and 2 doors on the west facade--one providing entrance from the street through a small courtyard, the other giving access to the main block.

The Stone Jail

The exterior walls are constructed of locally quarried blocks of limestone on a rubble limestone foundation. The rusticated ashlar
blocks are of notably large size: approximately 24 to 28 inches wide, 1½ foot high and 6 feet long. They are doveled together with 4 inch long iron rods. Six windows on both the north and south exterior walls are fitted with iron frames and sash, with louvered bars on the first floor and a strap iron grid on the second floor. These windows were originally unglazed. The jail roof is low-pitched with the ridge oriented east and west.

The Annex

The two story annex which is attached to the rear (east) of the stone jail, continues the long axis orientation (east-west) of the stone jail.

The exterior brick walls are laid in common bond with Flemish variation, on a formed concrete foundation. North and south walls have 9 bays. The north and south windows are double-hung with 2 over 2 lights, and exterior iron bars. Sills and lintels are limestone. The primary exterior entrance door is at the west end of the south wall, and recessed two steps down from the level of the rear courtyard east of the kitchen wing.

There is a partial basement under the annex. The east (rear) elevation of the annex reveals all three floor levels, with door and window openings on both the basement and first floor and paired windows of later date on the second floor. The first floor door opens to a deck which gives access to a reinforced concrete stair leading down to the rear (east) parking lot. The deck also gives access to the south courtyard of the Jail Museum complex.

Windows on the east wall are double-hung with soldier course lintels. The basement and first floor windows are barred.

The annex chimney stack abuts the east wall of the building just north of the wall openings. This section of the complex has a flat concrete roof deck water-proofed with tar and gravel.
INTERIOR

Marshal's House

The marshal's house is divided into two equal sized rooms separated by a double fireboxed fireplace on the first floor. The parlor is on the south and the marshal's office on the north, hence the two front entrance doorways to the structure. The second floor is divided into three rooms, the marshal's bedroom on the south and two smaller bedrooms of equal size to the north. A stair hall on the south gives access to the second floor and also leads to the kitchen extension and the previously mentioned circulation corridor between the house and the jail. The kitchen extension has one fireplace on the south wall and a trapdoor in the floor near the north wall with steps that lead to a full basement underneath.

All of the interior paneling of doors and the window finish is typical of the "Federal Style," the most noticeable feature being the peaked lintel trim.

The Stone Jail

The interior walls exhibit the unfinished interior face of the large limestone blocks. The first story of the jail has a floor of limestone slabs. The six cells on this floor have stone vaulted ceilings which support the stone slab floor of the second floor cells. The ceilings of the second story are of plate iron secured to the wood framing of the ceiling joists.

The cell doors, all measuring 2'3" x 6'4", are original. Each cell has an inner door of strap iron forming a grid, and an outer door of solid 3/8 inch plate iron.

Annex

The iron cell blocks have been removed from both floors of the annex. The first floor now serves as a historical museum. The second floor is rented to the American Legion.
JACKSON COUNTY JAIL

ALTERATIONS

The marshal's house and the jail were restored to the period of their construction in 1959, their centennial year. Only minor details do not conform to the original construction. A modern heating unit is enclosed in the north section of the corridor between the house and jail. A "U" stairway on the east wall of the stone jail was removed during the 1900 construction of the annex and modern toilet facilities have been installed on the second floor of the annex. The kitchen extension has been modified to serve as an entrance for the museum and the second floor cells of the stone jail have been fitted with shelves to provide fireproof vaults for the storage of the county historical society's manuscript collection.

The one room, frame, pioneer schoolhouse, moved intact to the complex in 1959, constitutes the only major change introduced by the Jackson County Historical Society. This small, simply finished structure is oriented east and west with a shed roof protecting its front (west) entranceway. It is a typical rural schoolhouse corresponding to the period of the jail and marshal's house. This structure has also been restored by the historical society.

The building complex is presently maintained in excellent structural condition.

This summary description of the physical appearance of the building is based on data included in the field report by architectural consultant Logan O. McKibbin, received June, 1969. The report was contracted by the Missouri State Park Board and is filed at its central office, P.O. Box 176, 1204 Jefferson Building, Jefferson City, Missouri 65101.
The restored Jackson County Jail of 1859 and Marshal's House of 1859-1860 has been converted to adaptive use as a museum and headquarters for the Jackson County Historical Society. This complex of buildings is significant as an example of an unusual building type to be selected for restoration. As such, these buildings broaden the range of kinds of architectural examples surviving from the mid-nineteenth century in west central Missouri.

In addition, the jail and marshal's house were designed with a high degree of craftsmanship employed in the construction to make a maximum security stronghold. The survival of the original specifications enhances the buildings' importance as architectural examples. These specifications were used as a guide in the restoration. The jail had a role in local history, notably during the Civil War and its aftermath.

The Jackson County Court ordered the jail built in 1859. The structure replaced an 1841 brick building which was of inadequate size to serve the rapidly growing county. An earlier log jail, constructed in 1827, burned and had been replaced with the 1841 structure. (Jackson County Historical Society, brochure on the restored jail and marshal's house, n.d.)

The present building was used as a military prison and provost marshal's headquarters by the Federal troops during the Civil War. Two Civil War battles occurred in the vicinity of the jail, the Battle of Independence (1862) and the crucial Battle of Westport (October 21-23, 1864). (J. Howard Adams, "How to Turn a Jail Into a Historical Museum," Museum News, December, 1961, Vol. 40, No. 4, p. 29.)

Among well known prisoners held at the jail was William Quantrill, the Southern guerrilla leader. Quantrill was released from the jail by authorities in the winter of 1850. (Milton F. Perry, Museum Curator, Harry S. Truman Library, information in a letter to the Missouri State Historical Survey and Planning Office, March 12, 1970.) He had been imprisoned there following a border raid in a prelude to the Civil War. ("Jackson County Jail," Historic Preservation, 1959, Vol. 11, No. 3, p. 112.)
Two other prisoners who received considerable publicity during their imprisonment were Frank James, brother of Jesse James and Rev. Abner Holton Deane. (Perry, March 12, 1970.) Frank James awaited his trial at the jail after his surrender in 1882. (Adams, 1961, p. 29.) The marshal's account book for the period of James' imprisonment is in the collection of the Jackson County Historical Society. This book lists the cost to the county for keeping him. (Perry, March 12, 1970.)

The controversy over the imprisonment of Rev. Deane prompted the Missouri artist, George Caleb Bingham to paint a portrait of Deane in jail reading the Bible. This painting is now owned by William Jewell College, Liberty, Missouri. (Perry, March 12, 1970.) Deane, a Baptist minister who felt "... his commission to preach the Gospel came, not from the state but from God. ..." refused to take the oath of allegiance which was required of ministers. (J.C. Maple and R.P. Rider, Missouri Baptist Biography, III, 1918, pp. 101-103; and The Missouri Historical Review, XXXV, January 1941, p. 306.)

The building was expanded in 1900-1901. (Logan O. McKibbin, Architectural Consultant Field Report, June, 1969.) In 1933 its function as a jail was discontinued.

From 1941 to 1958 the local American Legion post used the building. Their announcement of intention to raze the then derelict structure prompted the preservation effort of 1959. The effort to preserve the Jackson County Jail and Marshal's House provides an exemplary case history of the effects of such a project within a community. A growing awareness of history in Jackson County was awakened by the decision of former President Harry S. Truman to make Independence his retirement home and the headquarters of the Truman Library. The developing interest in local history was focused in the effort to preserve the jail as one of the few remaining mid-nineteenth century buildings in an area rich in historical associations stemming from the Santa Fe Trade activity there and the role of the Jackson County area in the opening of the West.

Persons who figured in the preservation effort, in addition to the members of the Jackson County Historical Society, were former President Harry S. Truman who made the first...
telephone call in the campaign to raise funds for the restoration. Mr. Milton F. Perry, formerly at Williamsburg, Virginia, and later a member of the museum staff at West Point, who came to Independence as a member of the museum staff of the Truman Library, made the preliminary study of the building. A committee of professional advisors included Dr. William J. Murtagh, then of the National Trust for Historic Preservation, now Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places; Mr. Charles Van Ravenswaay, then director of the Missouri Historical Society, St. Louis, presently director of the Henry Francis DuPont Winterthur Museum, at Wilmington, Delaware; Robert Stewart, Consultant to the St. Louis County Park Commission, and Ross Taggart of the Nelson Gallery of Art, Kansas City.

The preservation of the jail strengthened the organization of the Jackson County Historical Society, and provided a base for its operation. Today this society has one of the largest memberships of any county history historical society in the United States. (The Kansas City Times, January 26, 1970.) Since restoring the jail the society has become involved in other restoration projects in the county, notably the 1856 John B. Wornall house in Kansas City. (This property is listed on the National Register of Historic Places.)

The first floor of the jail annex now houses a museum of objects relating to the history of the county. The second floor of the annex is rented to the American Legion. It should also be noted as a testimony to the imaginativeness of the Jackson County Historical Society's adaptive use of the complex that the second story cells of the stone jail have been converted to fireproof storage vaults for the society's museum objects.

The one room schoolhouse was moved to the site in the early 1960's. It was originally built and owned by the Howard family on their property near Lee's Summit, Missouri. (McKibbin, June, 1969.)
<table>
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<th>JACKSON COUNTY JAIL</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>(state)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
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<tr>
<td>Missouri State Park Board</td>
<td></td>
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<td>P.O. Box 176</td>
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<tr>
<td>1204 Jefferson Building</td>
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<tr>
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9. **JACKSON COUNTY JAIL**


5. McKibbin, Logan O. Architectural Consultant Field Report, received June, 1969, contracted by the Missouri State Park Board and filed at its central office, P.O. Box 176, 1204 Jefferson Building, Jefferson City, Missouri 65101.


9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES


10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES

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APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: 0.22

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

1. STATE: Code: COUNTY: Code:
2. STATE: Code: COUNTY: Code:
3. STATE: Code: COUNTY: Code:
4. STATE: Code: COUNTY: Code:

FORM PREPARED BY

M. Patricia Holmes, Research Architectural Historian
Missouri State Park Board
State Historical Survey and Planning Office
P.O. Box 176, 1204 Jefferson Building
Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National ☐ State ☐ Local ☑

Name: Joseph Jaeger, Jr.
Title: Director, Missouri State Park Board, and Missouri State Liaison Officer

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date: ______________________
ATTEST:

__________________________
Keeper of The National Register

Date: ______________________
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<td>3. LOCATION</td>
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<td>7. MAP REFERENCE</td>
<td>U.S.G.S. 7.5 Minute Quadrangle &quot;Independence&quot; 1964</td>
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<td>8. DATE</td>
<td>1:25,000, 2.5 Minute Quadrangle &quot;Independence&quot;</td>
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<td>9. SCALE</td>
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<td>10. SOURCE</td>
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**SEE INSTRUCTIONS**

*Type all entries - attach to or enclose with map.*

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

(National Park Service)
This complex of buildings is significant as an example of an unusual building type to be selected for restoration. As such, these buildings broaden the range of kinds of architectural examples surviving from the mid-19th century in west central Missouri.
<table>
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<td>AND/OR HISTORIC: Jackson County Jail</td>
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2. LOCATION

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3. PHOTO REFERENCE

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<td>DATE OF PHOTO:</td>
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<td>c/o Jackson County Historical Society</td>
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4. IDENTIFICATION

| FROM VIEW, DIRECTION, ETC.: | From northwest, view to the southeast. West (front) facade of the marshal's house. First floor door at left gives access to the marshal's office. Door at right is front entrance to the residence. |
Missouri
Jackson
County Jail, Marshal's House and Museum

217 North Main Street
Independence

State: Missouri 64000
Code: 24
County: Jackson 095

Photo Credit: Courtesy of Jackson County Historical Society
Date of Photo: ca. early 1960's
Negative Filed At: c/o Jackson County Historical Society

Interior view of the parlor of the marshal's residence (the southern room on the first floor). From south, view to the north. Simple, but well proportioned trim in the "Federal Style" features peaked lintels.
MARSHALL'S PARLOR ON THE FIRST FLOOR OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME.
PHOTOGRAPH # 1 IS FURNISHED BY THE JACKSON COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY
| 1. NAME: | Jackson County Jail, Marshall’s House and Museum |
| 2. LOCATION: | 217 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64000 |
| 3. PHOTO REFERENCE: | Courtesy of Jackson County Historical Society |
| 4. IDENTIFICATION: | Interior view of the 1869 stone jail, corridor between the cells on the first floor. Massive ashlar blocks were hammer finished on the interior. Double doors in this maximum security stronghold included an inner door of strap iron grid, securely riveted, and an outer door of solid wrought iron. According to the specifications, both doors were to be outfitted with "the best description of prison locks..." |
From southwest, view to the northeast. Two story brick jail annex of 1900-1901 at left, one room frame schoolhouse at right. The local garden club has planted hardy varieties of popular nineteenth century flowers and shrubs in this small courtyard. In the summer months, community receptions are frequently held there.
SOUTH ELEVATION OF JAIL ANNEX (now Museum) built 1900-1901 and also shown, the one room school house built in 1860 and brought to the site from the Howard Place near Lee's Summit Missouri.

PHOTOGRAPH # 20 Taken at 9 A.M. June 3, 1969. Shutter speed 1/100 second f 16 @ approximately 30 feet distance. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120, ASA 125 film. Reflex camera.
**1. NAME**

**COMMON:** Jackson County Jail, Marshal's House and Museum

**AND/OR HISTORIC:** Jackson County Jail

---

**2. LOCATION**

**STREET AND NUMBER:** 217 North Main Street

**CITY OR TOWN:** Independence

**STATE:** Missouri

**CODE 64000**

**COUNTY:** Jackson

**CODE 095**

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**3. PHOTO REFERENCE**

**PHOTO CREDIT:** Courtesy of Jackson County Historical Society

**DATE OF PHOTO:** ca. early 1960's

**NEGATIVE FILED AT:** c/o Jackson County Historical Society

217 North Main Street, Independence, Missouri 64000

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**4. IDENTIFICATION**

**DESCRIBE VIEW, DIRECTION, ETC.:** From east, view to the west. This view taken from directly in front (west) of the one room schoolhouse shows the relationship of the buildings in the complex. The kitchen extension with its gable end exposed is at left. The two story, brick, rear (east) wall of the marshal's house is partially visible at center. Adjoining it right of center is the 1869 stone jail, and the 1900-1901 two story, brick jail annex is at right in foreground.

PHOTOGRAPH # 16 Taken after the restoration of the project in 1959.
Photograph furnished by the Jackson County Historical Society.
EXTRA PHOTOS
NORTH ELEVATION OF JAIL ANNEX (now Museum) built 1900-1901.

PHOTOGRAPH # 21 Taken at 9:30 A.M. June 3, 1969 w/reflex camera from the roof of the Fire Station next door north of the building. Shutter speed 1/100 f 16 distance approximately 30 feet. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
BASEMENT ENTRANCE OF JAIL ANNEX (now Museum) built in 1900-1901 EAST ELEVATION OF BUILDING.
PHOTOGRAPH # 22 Taken at 10:00 A.M. o'clock June 3, 1969 w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/100 second f 16 @ a distance of 20 feet. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 Film.
PHOTOGRAPH #13 Taken May 19, 1969 w/ reflex camera at 4:30 P.M., o'clock in bright sunlight. Shutter speed 1/100 second, f/16 approximately seventy-five feet distance. Kodak Veri-
chrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
EAST ELEVATION - Shows Jail Annex (now Museum) built 1900-1901. Also includes the part of property now used as a parking lot for the Museum.

PHOTOGRAPH # 19 Taken June 3, 1969 at 8:30 A.M. w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/100 second, f 16
Verichrome Pan VP 120, ASA 125 film
SOUTH ELEVATION SHOWING 1859 STONE JAIL AND JAIL ANNEX (1901). ALSO IS SHOWN SOME OF THE EAST ELEVATION OF THE MARSHALL'S HOUSE AND MARSHALL'S KITCHEN. ARE ALSO SHOWN SOME OF THE FLOWER GARDEN WHICH SURROUND THE BRICK WALKS.

PHOTOGRAPH #23 TAKEN AT 10:30 A.M. JUNE 3, 1969, W/ REFLEX CAMERA, SHUTTER SPEED 1/100 SECOND, F/11 DISTANCE VARIES 10 TO 30 FEET.

KODAK VERICHROME PAN VP 120 ASA 125 FILM.
THE ADULT BED ROOM ON THE SECOND FLOOR OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME
PHOTOGRAPH # 2A IS FURNISHED BY THE JACKSON COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY
MARSHALL'S MASTER BED ROOM OR SITTING ROOM ON THE SECOND FLOOR OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME.
PHOTOGRAPH # 2 IS FURNISHED BY THE JACKSON COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY
KITCHEN OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME ON THE FIRST FLOOR (This room is used as the public entrance to the Museum and Jail.
PHOTOGRAPH # 2B IS FURNISHED BY THE JACKSON COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY
NEWEL POST AND BALLISTERS AND HANDRAILING AND STAIRS IN MARSHALL'S HOME IN FIRST FLOOR ENTRY HALL.

PHOTOGRAPH # 5 Taken May 20, 1969 w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second f 11 @ seven feet distance and using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
TRAP DOOR IN THE KITCHEN FLOOR OF THE MARSHALL'S KITCHEN, FOR
STAIRS TO THE CELLAR UNDER THE KITCHEN. (Railing for the protection
of visitors has been placed around well opening). THE RAILING WAS
TAKEN FROM THE MATHEWS LANDING TAVERN, EAST OF FORT OSAGE ON THE
MISSOURI RIVER (Tavern has since burned).

PHOTOGRAPH # 8 Taken May 20, 1969, w/ reflex camera, shutter speed
1/50 second, f 11 at six feet distance and using
Blue dot flash bulbs. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120
ASA 125 film.
MASTER BED ROOM OR SITTING ROOM ON SECOND FLOOR OF MARSHALL'S HOME (Shows method of heating the second floor).

PHOTOGRAPH # 9 Taken May 20, 1969, w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11 at eight feet distance and using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 Film.
INTERIOR OF THE JAIL ANNEX (built 1900-1901) NOW USED AS A MUSEUM. 
THE IRON CELL BLOCKS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM BOTH THE FIRST AND THE 
SECOND FLOORS. SHOWN HERE IS THE FIRST FLOOR MUSEUM. THE SECOND 
FLOOR IS USED BY THE AMERICAN LEGION.
PHOTOGRAPH # 24, Taken at 11:00 A.M. June 3, 1969, w/ reflex 
camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11, at 
distance of fifteen feet. Kodak Verichrome Pan 
VP 120, ASA 125 film.
CELLAR UNDER THE KITCHEN OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME, SHOWS KITCHEN FLOOR CONSTRUCTION AND THE STONE CELLAR WALLS.
PHOTOGRAPH # 11 Taken May 20, 1969, W/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11 W/ Blue dot flash bulb, Distance six feet. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.

PHOTOGRAPH # 18, Taken June 3, 1969, w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11, @ distance seven feet, and using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120, ASA 125 film.
STAIRCASE IN THE ENTRY HALL OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME AS SEEN ON THE FIRST FLOOR
PHOTOGRAPH # 6 Taken May 20, 1969 w/ reflex camera from out of doors through the open doorway (thus too much light) for flash picture. Shutter speed 1/50 second f 16, @ six feet distance and using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
FIREPLACE IN THE KITCHEN OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME. Hearth dimensions 4'-11" x 1'-9" and FIREBOX DIMENSIONS 2'-9½" wide, 2'-8" high and 1'-2" deep.

PHOTOGRAPH # 7 Taken May 20, 1969, w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11 @ six feet distance and using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
FIREPLACE IN THE MARSHALL’S PARLOR ON FIRST FLOOR OF HOME.
FIREBOX DIMENSIONS 2'-10" wide, 2'-6" high and 1'-2" deep.
Hearth dimensions 5'-0½" x 1'-6"

PHOTOGRAPH # 4 Taken May 20, 1969 w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11 @ seven feet distance using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
FIREPLACE IN THE MARSHALL'S OFFICE. Hearth dimensions 5'-0" x 1'-5". FIREBOX DIMENSIONS, 2'-10" wide, 2'-6" high and 1'-2" deep. PHOTOGRAPH # 3 Taken May 20, 1969 w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second f 11 @ seven feet distance and using Blue dot flash bulbs. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120 ASA 125 film.
TYPICAL DOOR AND TRIM USED ON THE FIRST FLOOR OF THE MARSHALL’S HOME. DOORS HAVE FOUR RAISED PANELS AND CASINGS HAVE MOULDING SURROUNDING THEM AND A DESIGNED HEAD CASING. (Second floor casings do not have the added mouldings and head design).

PHOTOGRAPH # 12, Taken May 20, 1969, w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11, distance 8 feet, w/ Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome Pan VP 120, ASA 125 film.
DOOR IN MASTER'S BEDROOM OF THE MARSHALL'S HOME (from the bedroom to the hall) IS A TYPICAL DOOR WITH FOUR RAISED PANELS AND WITH SURFACE HARDWARE.

PHOTOGRAPH # 10, Taken May 20, 1969, w/ reflex camera, shutter speed 1/50 second, f 11 @ seven feet distance and using Blue dot flash bulb. Kodak Verichrome VP 120 ASA 125 film.