

## **Additional figure citations from Essential Concepts of Electrophysiology and Pacing through Case Studies**

**Figure 1A2:** Good E, Desjardins B, Jongnarangsin K, et al. Ventricular arrhythmias originating from a papillary muscle in patients without prior infarction: a comparison with fascicular arrhythmias. *Heart Rhythm*. 2008;5(11):1530-1537. Used with permission from Elsevier.

**Figure 1G2:** Alzand BS, Crigns HJ. Diagnostic criteria of broad QRS complex tachycardia: decades of evolution. *Europace*. 2011;13(4):465-472, by permission of Oxford University Press.

**Figure 1H2 and 1H3:** Arruda MS, McClelland JH, Wang X, et al. Development and validation of an ECG algorithm for identifying accessory pathway ablation site in Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome. *J Cardiovasc Electrophysiol*. 1998;9(1):2-12. Used with permission from Wiley.

**Figure 2B2:** Tung R, Mathuria N, Michowitz Y, et al. Functional pace-mapping responses for identification of targets for catheter ablation of scar-mediated ventricular tachycardia. *Circ Arrhythm Electrophysiol*. 2012;5(2):264-272. Used with permission from Wolters Kluwer Health.