Obtaining FEMA Funding for Temporary Relocation, Repair, and Replacement of Damaged or Destroyed Facilities

Hurricane Irma, Florida

In the wake of disasters, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides Public Assistance funding to health centers and other public entities to help cover the cost of relocation, emergency repair, and permanent restoration of projects. If your health center suffered damage from Hurricane Irma and your health center is located in Florida, here is what you should know about FEMA’s Public Assistance Program:

- Florida’s Division of Emergency Management announced that all health centers in need of reimbursement for facility repair, replacement, or relocation must submit application paperwork by November 5, 2017. All requests submitted by the deadline will be forwarded to FEMA on or before their deadline of November 10, 2017.
- Florida’s Division of Emergency Management is conducting briefings about the Public Assistance Program by conference call and webinar. These briefings are aimed to assist health centers through the process, and learn more about the Public Assistance Program, including reporting requirements and delivery models.

Critical Contact Information

Florida Division of Emergency Management
2555 Shumard Oak Blvd
Tallahassee, FL 32399, USA
Phone: 850-413-9969
Website: http://www.floridadisaster.org/index.asp

FEMA Public Assistance Grant Program in Florida

Capital Link has a resource available to health centers that suffered damage from natural disasters. The resource explains the FEMA assistance application process and what health centers should expect from working with the agency. Also included in the guide are links to specific forms, which are necessary when applying for assistance, and other FEMA resources to help health centers through the rebuilding process. To access the complete resource, click here.

Capital Link will update this document and our website (www.caplink.org/resources/disaster-relief) with information specific to health centers that suffered damage from Hurricane Irma as it becomes available.

Acknowledgment

This publication was supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under cooperative agreement number U30CS09741, Training and Technical Assistance National Cooperative Agreement (NCA) ($850,000 with zero percentage of the total NCA project financed with non-federal sources.) This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.