CALSEIA 2017 Legislative Session Wrap-Up October 16, 2017

Bill	Outcome	CALSEIA Position	Summary
AB 271 (Caballero)	Failed – Held on Senate Floor/ Deal on AB 1284 (Dababneh)	Oppose	Allows tax collector to remove delinquent PACE installments from the secured tax roll, rather than discretion of local government. Changes fundamentals of how PACE works and endangers important solar financing option. Veto threatened by Governor's office resulted in deal on AB 1284 (Dababneh).
AB 378 (C.Garcia, Holden, and E. Garcia)	Failed – Assembly floor failed to get 2/3 vote 35- 39-6		Original cap and trade bill that did not pass. See AB 398 (E Garcia).
AB 398 (Eduardo Garcia)	Signed into Law		Extends CA Cap and Trade program through 2030. Gives certainty to overall program since passed each chamber by 2/3 votes, avoiding court challenges that consider it a tax that requires 2/3 vote. Extends exemption to sales and use tax for energy generation and storage to 2030 for installations on manufacturing locations and mostly large-scale installations.
<u>AB 546</u> (Chiu)	Signed into Law	Support	Requires storage permitting documents to be available and submitted online by 2019. Authorizes Governor's office to develop guidance on streamlined storage permitting processes.
<u>AB 634</u> (Eggman)	Signed into Law	Support	Removes 2/3 vote requirement to install solar on common area roofs on multifamily units in HOAs; adds new insurance requirements for solar on multifamily homes in HOAs.
<u>AB 726</u> (<u>Holden)</u>	Failed – held in Senate Rules.	ONLY Opposed proposed anti-local solar and storage	See AB 813 (Holden) description.

		amends;	
		neutral on others	
AD 707	Cignedinte		Extende the CCI Thermal vehate program
<u>AB 797</u> <u>(Irwin)</u>	Signed into Law	Cosponsor	Extends the CSI Thermal rebate program for two years to Dec. 31, 2019 of roughly \$100 million existing funds. Dedicates 50% of funds to low-income and disadvantaged communities, 10% of funds to industrial projects, and expands eligibility to residents using propane/wood in San Joaquin Valley.
<u>AB 813</u>	Failed – held	ONLY	Along with AB 726 (Holden), was the
(Holden)	in Senate Rules.	Opposed proposed anti-local solar and storage amends; neutral on others	vehicle for end-of-year omnibus energy bill that would have included: CAISO regional expansion and accelerated procurement for tax advantaged solar/wind. CCAs opposed latter provision since those new procurements would have been passed along those as non-bypassable charges. Other provisions discussed (but never included in bill text): RPS carve out for baseload renewable resources; Prohibition on third-party ownership of Distributed Energy Resources relied upon to defer IOU distribution investments; Centralized procurement of large pumped hydro generation (w/preference for IOU ownership); other anti-local solar and storage amends floated.
AB 914	Failed – Held		Requires CPUC to work with CAISO
(Mullin)	in Assembly Utilities and Energy Committee		promote the consideration of the use of nonwire alternatives to address the state's transmission needs before the use of transmission wires.
<u>AB 920</u>	Failed – Held		Requires CPUC and municiapal utilities to
(Aguiar-	Senate		assess need for baseload renewable
<u>Curry)</u>	Approps		resources, and need to set procurement
	Committee		requirement. Previously 20% baseload Renewable Portfolio Standard.
<u>AB 1030</u>	Failed –	Cosponsor	Required CPUC to establish local storage
<u>(Ting)</u>	Assembly		policies, including: 1) Create a
	Energy and		compensation mechanism for benefits
	Utilities		storage provide to grid; 2) Ensure that
	Committee		demand response programs prioritize

	Failed Vote 7- 6-2		opportunities for energy storage customers; 3) Ensure practical interconnection rules for energy storage; 4) Allow participation for storage in the wholesale market for energy services. 5) Create a rebate program dedicated to energy storage, and set a portion of the rebate program is earmarked for low- income and disadvantaged communities.
<u>AB 1070</u> (Gonzalez Fletcher)	Signed into Law	Support	Increases consumer protection for solar customers. Requires Contractors State License Board on or before July 1, 2018, to develop a disclosure document that must be provided to consumers prior to sale, finance or lease of solar installation. CSLB reporting requirements and CPUC develop standard inputs for calculation and presentation of energy savings.
<u>AB 1088</u> (<u>Eggman)</u>	Failed – Held in Senate Approps Committee	Support	Improve access to clean energy programs for apartment buildings and other multifamily dwellings. Requires the California Energy Commission (CEC) to create multifamily expert advisory committee to develop strategies and recommendations to make information and enrollment more accessible to multifamily property owners and tenants. Directs CEC to set non-binding statewide 2030 targets for energy and greenhouse gas savings from the multifamily property sector.
<u>AB 1184</u> (<u>Ting</u>)	Failed – Held on Senate Floor		Amended by Senate Appropriations Committee to become a study bill of existing electric vehicle programs. Originally \$3 billion rebate program for electric vehicles and low-carbon transportation programs.
<u>AB 1284</u> (Dababneh)	Signed into Law	Support	Require PACE lenders to make a "reasonable good faith effort" to ensure borrowers have the ability to repay their loans based on income, assets and current debt obligations. Delegated decisions to the Department of Business Oversight, who will now have regulatory authority over PACE providers.

<u>AB 1293</u> (Irwin)	Failed – held in Assembly Approps Committee	Support	Increases access to and transparency of energy and grid data from municipal utilities.
<u>AB 1405</u> (<u>Mullin</u>)	Held by author/Gut and Amend to Different Bill		Bill language became same as SB 338 (Skinner). CPUC and munis to consider distributed resources in Integrated Resource Planning. Initially Clean Peak Standard – requiring increasing percentage of clean storage to meet peak demand.
<u>AB 1414</u> (Friedman)	Signed into Law	Support	Cap on residential and commercial solar permitting fees extended for 7 more years to 2025 and expanded to ground- mount systems and solar thermal, helping keep soft costs down across the state. Cap lowered from \$500 for residential projects to \$450. Commercial cap extended at existing \$1000 (plus sliding scale).
<u>AB 1531</u> (<u>Berman)</u>	Failed – Held in Assembly Utilities and Energy Committee		Removes cap on the local government Renewable Energy Self-Generation Bill Credit Transfer program (RES-BCT).
<u>SB 57</u> (<u>Stern</u>)	Failed – Urgency bill did not get 2/3 vote in Senate Floor		Moratorium on opening Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility until analysis of cause of October 2015 leak was determined and released to public.
<u>SB 71</u> (Wiener)	Failed – Held in Assembly Utilities and Energy Committee	Support	Formerly directed the California Energy Commission to consider requiring the installation of either rooftop solar thermal or solar photovoltaic (PV) systems on all new construction subject to the existing Title 24 "solar ready" regulations.
<u>SB 92 (Gov</u> <u>Budget)</u>	Signed into Law	Support	Provides clarity on funding requirements for AB 693 (Eggman, 2015) for low- income affordable housing incentives to ensure that program is fully funded at up to \$100 million per year for 10 years.
<u>SB 100 (de</u> <u>Leon)</u>	Failed – Held in Asm Utilities and	Support	Updates California's Renewable Portfolio Standard to 50% by 2025 and 60% by 2030 (currently 50% by 2030). Sets

	Energy		100% zero-carbon electricity goal by
	Committee		2045.
SB 242	Signed into	Support	Provides additional consumer protections
(Skinner)	Law	Support	for Property Assessed Clean Energy
			(PACE) financed projects. Mandates that
			PACE providers have calls with all
			homeowners before they take out the
			loan to ensure they understand the
			terms.
<u>SB 297</u>	Failed – Held		Creates new requirements for lead
(Dodd)	Senate		generators of loans – had possible PACE
	Approps		implications.
	Committee		
<u>SB 338</u>	Signed into		Requires CPUC and municipal electric
<u>(Skinner)</u>	Law		utilities to consider, as a part of the
			integrated resource plan process, the role
			of distributed energy resources to meet
			energy and reliability needs while
			reducing the need for new electricity
			generation and new transmission in
			achieving the state's energy goals at the
			least cost to ratepayers. (NOTE: Bill
			initially version of "Clean Peak Standard",
			directing CPUC and CEC to establish
			policies and targets for meeting peak
			demand with clean storage, demand
			response or energy efficiency; similar to
SB 356	Failed – Held	Support	AB 1405 (Mullin).) Requires CPUC to increases access to and
<u>Sb 330</u> (Skinner)	Asm Approps	Support	transparency of energy and grid data at
<u>tokimer</u>	Committee		investor owned utilities.
SB 366	Failed – Held		Expanded Green Tariff Shared
(Leyva)	in Assembly		Renewables Program for low-income to
	Utilities and		800 MW, and created program to for cap
	Energy		and trade funds to pay net costs for low-
	Committee		income customers.
<u>SB 518 (de</u>	Failed – Held		Extension of Prop 39 energy efficiency
<u>Leon</u>)	Assembly/Gut		and clean energy generation for schools.
	and Amend to		
	Different Bill		
<u>SB 522</u>	Held by		Alternative approach to AB 634 (Eggman)
(Glazer)	Author/Gut		fixing problem of solar on common area
	and Amend to		roofs in HOA. Author held bill 4/20/17.
	Different Bill		
<u>SB 563</u>	Signed into		Creates new CARB rebate to replace

(Lara)	Law		wood burning stoves; includes solar
(<u>Luru)</u>	24.0		thermal.
SB 618	Signed into		Requires that integrated resource plans
(Bradford)	Law		contribute to a diverse and balanced
			portfolio of resources needed to ensure a
			reliable electricity supply that provides
			optimal integration of renewable energy
			resources in a cost-effective manner,
			meets specified emissions reduction
			targets for greenhouse gases, and
			prevents cost shifting among load-serving
			entities (defined as investor owned
			utilities, energy service providers and Community Choice Aggregators (CCAs)).
			NOTE: Originally had language that CPUC
			approve CCA resource plans, not just
			review.
SB 692	Failed – Held	Support	Requires ISO to undertake a stakeholder
(Allen)	in Assembly		initiative to consider modification of the
	Utilities and		billing determinants to which the
	Energy		operator applies the transmission and
	Committee		wheeling access charges.
<u>SB 700</u>	Failed – Held	Cosponsor	Establishes Energy Storage Initiative, 10
<u>(Wiener)</u>	in Assembly		year rebate program for local storage that
	Utilities and		ramps down over time. Not less than
	Energy Committee		30% of funds for low-income or
	Commutee		disadvantaged communities. Funds capped at current SGIP allocation,
			requires grid benefits, included
			workforce development, streamlined
			multi-family housing provisions.
<u>SB 775</u>	Failed – no		Alternate cap and trade revenue bill that
(Wieckows	Senate		never received a hearing.
<u>ki)</u>	Environmental		
	Quality		
-	hearing		
<u>SB 801</u>	Signed into	Support	Encourages storage deployment in LA
<u>(Stern)</u>	Law		DWP territory.