The square, on the Right Bank opposite the Eiffel Tower, was named Trocadéro after the French military victory at Trocadéro, in the Bay of Cadiz, which had been reenacted on the hill here. Napoléon ordered the plateau of the Chaillot hill to be flattened with the idea of building a splendid palace here for his son, the king of Rome. The palace was never built. The building seen in the lecture was designed by the architect Gabriel Davioud in the Moorish style as a central feature of the Universal Exhibition of 1878. Critics said it looked like a donkey wearing a straw beach hat with ear holes. It survived as an example of the architecture of its era until 1937, when it was replaced by the Chaillot Palace. *Paris: Then and Now* by Peter and Oriel Caine, San Diego: Thunder Bay Press, 2003, 58.