

LiveRoof® Design Checklist for optimal success

What to do and What to avoid.

Follow these simple guidelines for success, and avoid common green roof design mistakess.

DESIGNER'S CHECKLIST

System Specifications and Drawings

_____ Specifications are very fast and easily developed using Specwriter on LiveRoof.com in A & E section.

- _____ Choose sole spec. option to protect design integrity.
- Use performance spec. for public jobs if sole spec is not allowed.
- Be sure to overlay the green roof design over other rooftop design elements (such as lighting, electrical conduits, drains, mechanicals, etc.) to ensure compatibility.
 - ____ Overlay design with 1' x 2' grid pattern to aid installer in take offs and budget development.

Plant Material Specifications and Drawings

Plant material is integral to the functional, visual, and maintenance characteristics of the LiveRoof. Choose wisely and consult with your local LiveRoof grower for advice on pairing the plants with the particular rooftop environment. Ask your local grower to assist with and to review your plant list so as to make the best choices based upon such variables as; colors and patterns, sun and shade exposure, reflected light, strong winds or dead air, building height, climate, soil depth, irrigation, desired winter colors, etc.

Call out the plant selections, regardless of the system (Lite, Standard, Deep, or Maxx), specify the particular "base" plant material, and "accent" plants. Craft the plant selections in regard to light exposure and account for the specific exposures if there are multiple roofs. If there are accent plants in the mix, specify the density and position of the plants with a visual diagram so that bidders know what is required and the grower knows how to plant it.

Irrigation

- ____ If no irrigation, be sure to provide sufficient spigots so that a 50' hose can easily be manipulated to reach the various areas of the green roof.
- If a built in irrigation system is part of the design (a good idea for many installations), specify spray rotor type system. **Note**: This is far more effective than drip systems (see page 30 for explanation.)

Bidding Contractors

- _ Consult your local LiveRoof grower for referrals of "Certified" installers.
- _ Require contractors to adhere to design and specifications. Disallow subsititutions.

System Protection and Worker Safety

Specify and follow all safety, code, wind uplift, structural loading, and other important considerations. Be sure to have these items developed or reviewed by a structural engineer if needed.

Water-tightness

Call out flood testing to insure waterproof membrane prior to placement of green roof.

Problem Areas - Things to Avoid

Avoid plant material in the following locations:

- _____ Underneath roof lines unless there is built in irrigation.
- Within 2 feet of south or west facing walls, unless irrigated weekly (during growing season), as reflected light will cause excessive loss of soil moisture.
- _____ Underneath downspouts and drip lines.
- In corners where snow tends to drift during winter.
- In shady areas, those that get less than 3 hours of direct sunlight per day—too shady for sedums. Such locations require Deep system and shade tolerant perennials such as Hosta, Epimedium, etc.
- _____ Locations with constricted air movement.
- Areas where there is reflected light from white membrane, glass and skylights, unless there is a built-in irrigation system and access to water at least once per week.
- Areas where there is excessive heat below roof deck, such as from steam or hot water pipes. Use pavers or stone ballast in such areas.
- _____ Any area where water pools on the roof.
 - ____ Within 10 feet of the leeward side of wind screens unless they extend to the ground. If there is a gap, the wind will blow under it, accelerate, and dry out the plants.
 - Under landscape lighting that is close enough to plant material to throw heat onto the plant material.

Design for Longevity

- Cover up all membrane so that it is protected from sunlight and will wear at a similar pace as the membrane under the green roof. It is suggested that flashing cover the membrane on the parapet and extend to 2 or 3 inches above the roof deck. Similarly, membrane around drains should be covered with a RoofEdge drainbox or 2" to 4" of round river rock to shelter it from sun.
- The membrane surrounding drain boxes should be covered with slip sheet material as well as underneath the green roof system.

Edging

Make it clear on the drawings where the LiveRoof RoofEdge[®] needs to be used. For example, around drains, mechanical units, etc. If the plant material runs from parapet to parapet, then RoofEdge is not required along parapet.

Traffic Areas

- _____ RoofStone paver is integrated and recommended to be used with the LiveRoof Standard and Deep systems. It may be used for pathways and patios and follows the contour of the roof.
 - Provide for a landing area, of RoofStone brand or other pavers so that visitors and maintenance workers may avoid trampling plants. A 10' x 10' area is suggested immediately bordering the roof access point.
 - If the roof serves as a means of egress during the winter month, specify that no de-icing chemical or sale be used. Instead specify that cat litter or sand be used for traction. Alternatively, an appropriate het cable might be installed under the paver.
 - If windows will be washed from the roof, develop a maintenance strip using RoofStone pavers or gravel ballast.

RoofStone Pavers

LiveRoof RoofStone pavers follow the roof contour and are compatible with Standard and Deep Systems (double base of paver with 6 in. Deep System), and require no pedestals or edging between paver and plant materials. However, if they are used in a perimeter application, they should be surrounded with edging to shield their bases from sunlight.

Installation

- _____ Require installation contractor to flood test roof, or EFVM (Electronic Field Vector Map) and verify it is watertight, prior to green roof installation.
- _____ Require adherence to LiveRoof installation protocol.
- _____ Require installation contractor and general contractor, to prevent foot traffic, trampling, and equipment storage upon LiveRoof plants.
- _____ Require that irrigation protocol (how often/how much) be approved by local LiveRoof grower.

Maintenance

Specify who will maintain the LiveRoof immediately after installation.

- _____ Require adherence to LiveRoof specified maintenance protocol beginning at the time of installation. If one year of maintenance is require as part of the installation package, state so definitively.
 - Provide sufficient tie off anchors for future maintenance if roof design or OSHA policy requires such safety measures for maintenance workers.
- Provide for easy access by maintenance workers. Remember, maintenance personnel will at times need to access the roof with equipment, fertilizer, hoses, possibly even a lawn mower.
 - Specify that maintenance contractor is to subscribe to LiveRoof biweekly maintenance newsletter.

High Rise Applications

- ____ WindDisc for Enhanced Wind Resistance see WindDisc in A & E section of this catalog. Contact us for wind uplift laboratory data.
- Vegetation for High Rise Applications: Specify special plant mix for high rise applications. Consult your LiveRoof grower for the most wind/cold resistant varieties that can knit together and resist wind erosion during all 4 seasons.
- Mandatory Irrigation System: Spray rotor irrigation system should be considered mandatory as a key management tool to maintaining lush, full vegetation, for wind erosion resistance.
 - Maintenance Standard: Specify who will care for the roof and mandaroty standard of 100 % coverage, weed free condition. This is important to resisting wind erosion.



Your Success is our Success.

LiveRoof has the experience of thousands of green roof projects. There is no need for you to make mistakes that have already been made. And, there is no reason for you to be less successful than the most successful projects that have preceded your project. We are here to help and to share our experiences so that your project is optimally successful.