

TITLE 2

BUSINESS AND LICENSE REGULATIONS

Subject	Chapter
General Licensing Provisions	1
Alcoholic Beverages	2
Amusements and Amusement Devices	3
Peddlers and Hawkers	4
Animal Slaughtering and Related Businesses	5

CHAPTER 1

GENERAL LICENSING PROVISIONS

SECTION:

- 2-1--1: Effect of Chapter
- 2-1--2: Application For License
- 2-1--3: Contents Of License; Display
- 2-1--4: Record of Licenses
- 2-1--5: Term and Transfer of License; Bond
- 2-1--6: Effect of Village Regulations On Licenses; Revocation Of License; Refund Of License Fee

2-1-1: **EFFECT OF CHAPTER:** Licenses shall be granted under the ordinances of the village in the manner and upon the conditions of this chapter, and not otherwise. (1995 Code ch. 19 § 1)

2-1-2: **APPLICATION FOR LICENSE:** The person desiring a license shall make written application therefor to the village clerk, which application shall be signed by the applicant, and shall state the purpose and time for which the license is desired, and the place where the business for which the license sought is to be conducted; and upon presentation of said application to the village clerk and the payment of the sum required for such license, the clerk shall issue the license, and the clerk shall preserve in his office all applications on which licenses are so issued. (1995 Code ch. 19 § 1; amd. 2009 Code)

2-1-3: **CONTENTS OF LICENSE; DISPLAY:** Every license shall contain the name in full of the person to whom same is granted, the kind of business thereby authorized, the time covered by the same, where the licensee is to conduct a local business, and the street and number of the place of business thereby covered, and shall be signed by the mayor and countersigned by the village clerk, attested by the seal of the village, and such license shall not protect the holder thereof beyond the express terms of the license. Every person holding a license shall, upon demand, exhibit the same to any village officer. (1995 Code ch. 19 § 2)

2-1-4: **RECORD OF LICENSE:** It shall be the duty of the village clerk to record in suitable books all licenses issued under the ordinances of the village, entering the name of the person licensed, the date of the license, for what purpose granted, date of expiration, the amount paid, and the name of the security on the bond, if bond is required. (1995 Code ch. 19 § 3)

2-1-5: **TERM AND TRANSFER OF LICENSE; BOND:** No license shall be granted for a longer period than one year, nor be assignable or transferable without the permission of the board of trustees, nor shall said license authorize any person other than the one therein named to carry on the business therein specified, and where bond is ordinance required of the person licensed, the village clerk shall see to the taking and approving of the same, unless otherwise specially provided by ordinance. (1995 Code ch. 19 § 4)

2-1-6: **EFFECT OF VILLAGE REGULATIONS ON LICENSES;
REVOCATION OF LICENSE; REFUND OF LICENSE FEE:**
Every license, except where otherwise specially provided, shall be taken and held subject to all ordinances and regulations then existing or afterwards passed, and subject to revocation, in the discretion of the board of trustees, at any time, on refunding the price paid for the unexpired term of such license, and on conviction of the person holding any license of a breach of any ordinance of the village regulating the business therein licensed, the board of trustees may, in its discretion, declare such license forfeited, without the repayment above required. The conditions contained in this section shall be made a part of every license issued by the village. (1995 Code ch. 19 § 5; amd. 2009 Code)

CHAPTER 2

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

SECTION:

2-2--1:	Definitions
2-2--2:	License And Compliance Required
2-2--3:	Application For License
2-2--4:	Ineligibility For License
2-2--5:	Classification Of Licenses; Fees
2-2--6:	Prorating And Disposition Of Fees
2-2--7:	Bond Requirements
2-2--8:	Number Of Licenses
2-2--9:	Nontransferability Of License
2-2-10:	Renewal Of License
2-2-11:	Days And Hours Of Sales
2-2-12:	Location Restricted
2-2-13:	Dancing Permitted
2-2-14:	Minors
2-2-15:	Peddling Liquor, Gambling Prohibited
2-2-16:	Class B And Class C License Restrictions
2-2-17:	Revocation Of License
2-2-18:	Record Of Licenses
2-2-19:	Penalty

2-2-1: **DEFINITIONS:** Whenever in this chapter the following terms are used, they shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section:

ALCOHOL: The product of distillation of any fermented liquid, rectified or diluted, whatever may be the origin thereof, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol. The term does not include denatured alcohol or wood alcohol.

ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR: Includes alcohol, spirits, wine and beer, and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer, and capable of being

consumed as a beverage by a human being. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to alcohol used in the manufacture of denatured alcohol produced in accordance with acts of congress and regulations promulgated thereunder, nor to any liquid or solid containing one-half of one percent (0.5%) or less of alcohol by volume.

BEER: A beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or concoction of barley or other grain, malt and hops in water, and includes, among other things, beer, ale, stout, lager beer, porter and the like.

CLUB: A corporation organized under the laws of the state, not for pecuniary profit, solely for the promotion of some common object, other than the sale or consumption of alcoholic liquors, kept, used and maintained by its members through the payment of annual dues, and owning, hiring or leasing a building or space in a building of such extent and character as may be suitable and adequate for the reasonable and comfortable use and accommodations of its members and their guests, and provided with suitable and adequate kitchen and dining room space and equipment, and maintaining a sufficient number of servants and employees for cooking, preparing and serving food and meals for its members and their guests; provided, that such "club" files with the mayor and the board of trustees of the village at the time of its application for a license under this chapter, two (2) copies of a list of names and residences of its members, and similarly file within ten (10) days of the election of any additional member, his or her name and address; and provided further, that its affairs and management are conducted by a board of directors, executive committee or similar body chosen by the members at their annual meeting, and that no member or officer, agent or employee of the "club" is paid, or directly or indirectly receives in form of salary or other compensation, any profits from the distribution or sale of alcoholic liquor to

the "club" or the members of the "club" or its guests introduced by members beyond the amount of such salary as may be fixed and voted at any annual meeting by the members or by its board of directors or other governmental body out of the general revenue of the "club".

**LOCAL LIQUOR
CONTROL
COMMISSIONER:**

The mayor of the village shall be the "local liquor control commissioner" for the village, and shall be charged with the administration of the provisions of this chapter relating to alcoholic liquor.

ORIGINAL PACKAGE:

Any bottle, flask, jug, can, cask, keg, hogshead or other receptacles or containers whatsoever used, corked or capped, sealed and labeled by the manufacturer of alcoholic liquor to contain and to convey an alcoholic liquor.

RESTAURANT:

Any public place kept, used, maintained, advertised and held out to the public as a place where meals are served, and where meals are actually and regularly served, without sleeping accommodations, such place being provided with adequate and sanitary kitchen and dining room equipment in capacity and having employed therein a sufficient number and kind of employees to prepare, cook and serve suitable food for its guests.

SALE:

Any transfer, exchange or barter in any manner, or by any means whatsoever, including the transfer of alcoholic liquors by and through the transfer or negotiation of warehouse receipts or certificates for a consideration, and includes and means all sales made by any person, whether principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee.

**SELL AT RETAIL OR
SALE AT RETAIL:**

Sales for use or consumption and not for resale in any form.

SPIRITS:

Any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation, mixed with water or other substance in

solution, and includes brandy, rum, whiskey, gin, or other spirituous liquors, and such liquors when rectified, blended or otherwise mixed with alcohol or other substances.

WINE: Any alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural contents of fruits or vegetables, containing sugar, including such beverages when fortified by the addition of "alcohol" or spirits as defined in this section. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 1; amd. 2009 Code)

2-2-2: LICENSE AND COMPLIANCE REQUIRED: It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale at retail in the village any alcoholic liquor without having a retail liquor license, or in violation of the terms of such license. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 2)

2-2-3: APPLICATION FOR LICENSE: Application for such license shall be made to the mayor of the village in writing, signed by the applicant if an individual, or by a duly authorized agent thereof if a club or corporation, verified by oath or affidavit. The application shall set forth such information as is required by the state liquor control act¹, and if the application is being made by a club, such application shall be accompanied by a complete list of its members. The mayor shall recommend to the board whether or not to grant a license and any license must be approved by the board of trustees. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 3; amd. Ord. 2016-09-26, 9-26-2016)

2-2-4: INELIGIBILITY FOR LICENSE: No license shall be issued to:

- A. A person who has not been a resident of the village for six (6) months prior to his application, except in the case of an applicant who has purchased a regularly established business in the village which, for six (6) months prior thereto, had a liquor license issued by the village.
- B. A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which he resides.
- C. A person who is not a citizen of the United States. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4)

1. 235 ILCS 5/1-1 et seq.

- D. A person who has been convicted of a felony under any federal or state law, unless the local liquor control commissioner determines that such person has been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust after considering matters set forth in such person's application and the commissioner's investigation. The burden of proof of sufficient rehabilitation shall be on the applicant. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4; amd. 2009 Code)
- E. A person who has been convicted of being the keeper or is keeping a house of ill fame.
- F. A person who has been convicted of pandering or other crime or misdemeanor opposed to decency and morality.
- G. A person whose license issued under this chapter has been revoked for cause.
- H. A person who, at the time of application for renewal of any license issued hereunder, would not be eligible for such license upon a first application. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4)
- I. A copartnership, if any general partnership thereof, or any limited partnership thereof, owning more than five percent (5%) of the aggregate limited partner interest in such copartnership would not be eligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason.
- J. A corporation or limited liability company, if any member, officer, manager or director thereof, or any stockholder or stockholders owning in the aggregate more than five percent (5%) of the stock of such corporation, would not be eligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than citizenship and residence within the village. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4; amd. 2009 Code)
- K. A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required by the licensee.
- L. A person who has been convicted of a violation of any federal or state law concerning the manufacture, possession or sale of alcoholic liquor subsequent to the effective date hereof, or shall have forfeited his bond to appear in court to answer charges for any such violation. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4)

- M. A person who does not beneficially own the premises for which a license is sought or does not have a lease thereon for the full period for which the license is to be issued.
- N. Any law enforcing public official, the mayor of the village, members of the village board of trustees, or any president or member of a county board; and no such official shall be interested in any way, either directly or indirectly, with the manufacture, sale or distribution of any alcoholic liquor. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4; amd. 2009 Code)
- O. Any person, association or corporation not eligible for a state retail liquor dealer's license.
- P. Any person or corporation having more than a five percent (5%) interest in any other liquor license issued under the terms of this chapter. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 4)

2-2-5: **CLASSIFICATION OF LICENSES; FEES:** Licenses shall be and are hereby divided into five (5) classes, as follows:

- A. Class A License: Class A license, which shall authorize the retail sale on the premises specified of alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises as well as other retail sales of such liquor. The annual fee for such license shall be one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00). Provided, however, that if said license holder shall elect to make application to remain open on Sunday, as provided in this chapter, then the annual fee for such license shall be one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250.00).
- B. Class B License: Class B license, which shall authorize the retail sale on the premises specified of beer containing not more than six percent (6%) of alcohol by weight, and of "wine" as defined in section 2-2-1 of this chapter, but not for consumption on the premises where sold. The annual fee for such license shall be four hundred dollars (\$400.00). Provided, however, that if said license holder shall elect to remain open on Sunday, as provided in this chapter, the annual fee shall be five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- C. Class C License: Class C license, which shall authorize the retail sale of alcoholic liquor on the premises specified, but not for consumption on the premises where sold. The annual fee for such license shall be six

hundred dollars (\$600.00). Provided, however, that if said license holder shall elect to remain open on Sunday, as provided in this chapter, the annual fee shall be seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00).

- D. Class D License: Class D license, which shall authorize the retail sale of alcoholic liquor by "clubs" as defined in section 2-2-1 of this chapter for consumption on the premises as well as other retail sales of such liquor. The annual fee for such license shall be six hundred dollars (\$600.00). Provided, however, that said license holder shall be restricted to the following: From April 15 to October 15 of each year, said license holder shall be subject to the closing hours as set out in subsection 2-2-11A of this chapter; from October 15 to April 15 of each year, said license holder shall only be allowed to be open one day each month, which hours shall be governed by subsection 2-2-11A of this chapter. (Ord., 3-29-2004)
- E. Class E License: Class E license, which shall authorize the retail sale of alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises only for a period of twenty four (24) hours or less.
1. The class E license shall only apply to not for profit applicants and purposes.
 2. No person may obtain a class E license more than three (3) times in a period of three hundred sixty five (365) days.
 3. No more than two (2) class E licenses shall be issued per twenty four (24) hour period by the village. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 5)
 4. No class E license shall be issued in any area of the village that is zoned R-1 single-family district or R-2 multiple-family district. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 5; amd. 2009 Code)
 5. The applicant shall provide proof of obtaining a special event permit from the state liquor control commission before the issuance of a class E license. The fee for said license shall be fifty dollars (\$50.00) per applicant per year.
 6. Applicant shall provide evidence of proper dramshop insurance issued by a company with a B+ rating or better, in a class of 7 or better. Said insurance policy shall be nonassignable and shall include the following minimum limits of coverage: bodily injury per person, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00); bodily injury per occurrence, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00); and property damage, one

hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00).

7. There shall be a minimum of five (5) liquor supervisors for every one hundred (100) persons in attendance during the hours of the license. The liquor supervisors shall be members of the organization holding the license. The liquor supervisors shall ensure the maintenance of public peace. Each liquor supervisor shall wear an identifying badge, provided by the village, during the hours of the event. All badges shall be returned to the village within seventy two (72) hours after the closing hour of the event.

8. All applications for a class E license for an outdoor location shall be accompanied by a statement outlining the procedures to be used to contain the consumption of liquor on the licensed premises only, control littering, and provide adequate restroom facilities. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 5)

2-2-6: PRORATING AND DISPOSITION OF FEES:

- A. Prorating Fee: Except for the fee payable for a class E license, the fee to be paid shall be reduced in proportion to the full calendar months which have expired in the license year prior to the issuance of the license. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 6)
- B. Disposition Of Fees: All license fees shall be paid to the mayor at the time the application is made, and shall be forthwith turned over the village treasurer. In the event the license applied for is denied, the fee shall be returned to the applicant; if the license is granted, the fee shall be deposited in the general corporate fund or in such other fund as shall have been designated by the village board of trustees by proper action. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 7)

2-2-7: BOND REQUIREMENTS: Every applicant for a retail liquor dealer's license shall file with his application to the mayor, a bond executed to the village in the penal sum of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a class A license and two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for a class B or class C license, signed by at least two (2) good and sufficient sureties, freeholders of the county, which bond shall be approved by the mayor before a license is issued; said bond conditioned that the licensee will pay to the village all fines and costs recorded against said licensee under the provisions of this chapter and any and all of the ordinances regulating the sale of alcoholic liquors now in force, or which may hereafter be enforced, on account of any act done by the licensee in violation of any such ordinance or ordinances during the time for which said license shall be granted. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 20)

2-2-8: **NUMBER OF LICENSES:** The number of licenses authorized to be issued in each classification is as follows:

Class	Number
A	unlimited
B	unlimited
C	unlimited
D	unlimited

(1995 Code ch. 20 § 10; amd. Ord. 2016-09-26, 9-26-2016)

2-2-9: **NONTRANSFERABILITY OF LICENSE:** A license shall be purely a personal privilege good for not to exceed one year after issuance unless sooner revoked as in this chapter provided, and shall not constitute property, nor shall it be subject to attachment, garnishment or execution, nor shall it be alienable or transferable, voluntarily or involuntarily, or subject to being encumbered or hypothecated. Such license shall not descend by the laws of testate or intestate devolution, but it shall cease upon the death of the licensee; provided, that the executors or administrators of the estate of any deceased licensee, or the trustee of any insolvent or bankrupt licensee, when such estate consists in part of alcoholic liquor, may continue the business of the sale or manufacture of alcoholic liquor under order of the appropriate court, or may exercise the privileges of the deceased or insolvent or bankrupt licensee after the death of such decedent, or such insolvency or bankruptcy until the expiration such license, but not longer than six (6) months after the death, bankruptcy or insolvency of such licensee. A refund shall be made of that portion of the license fees paid for any period in which the licensee shall be prevented from operating under such license in accordance with the provisions of this section. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 9)

2-2-10: **RENEWAL OF LICENSE:** Any licensee may renew his license at the expiration thereof, provided he is then qualified to receive a license and the premises for which said renewal license is sought is suitable for such purpose, and provided further, that the renewal privileges herein provided for shall not be construed as a vested right, which shall prevent the board of trustees from decreasing the number of licenses to be issued within its jurisdiction. (1995 Code

ch. 20 § 9)

2-2-11: DAYS AND HOURS OF SALES:

A. Days And Hours Specified:

1. Except as herein provided, all persons, corporations or designated agencies operating under class A, B, or C licenses, as set forth in this chapter, shall close the premises and be prohibited from selling or offering for sale at retail alcoholic liquors between the following hours:

1:00 A.M. through 5:00 A.M.

These prohibited hours shall be in effect each day of the week, except for those licensees who have not paid the additional license fee to operate on Sundays. Such licensees are further prohibited from selling or offering for sale at retail alcoholic liquors between 1:00 A.M. Sunday through 5:00 A.M. Monday.

2. On holidays and special celebrations, the liquor commissioner may, with the consent of the majority of the village board of trustees, grant additional operating hours. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 18; amd. Ord. 2015-04-27, 4-27-2015)

B. Election Days: It shall be lawful to sell at retail alcoholic liquor on the day of any national, state, county, or village election, including primary elections, during the hours the polls are open within the political area in which such election is being held. Provided, however, that said hours of sale shall be limited by subsection A of this section. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 18)

2-2-12: LOCATION RESTRICTED:

A. Fire Zone; Zoning: No liquor license shall be issued to any person, firm or corporation for the sale of alcoholic liquors on the premises of any place which is not located within the area or the territory designated by the village board of trustees as the fire zone² or in any area not specifically permitted by the village zoning ordinance. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 11; amd. 2009 Code)

2. See subsection 8-2-2A of this code.

B. Sales Near Churches, Schools And Hospitals:

1. No license shall be issued for the sale at retail of any alcoholic liquor within one hundred feet (100') of any church, school, other than an institution of higher learning, hospital, home for aged or indigent persons or for veterans, their spouses or children, or any military or naval station; provided, that this prohibition shall not apply to hotels offering restaurant service, regularly organized clubs, or to restaurants, food shops or other places where the sale of alcoholic liquor is not the principal business carried on; nor to the renewal of a license for the sale at retail of alcoholic liquor on premises within one hundred feet (100') of any church or school where the church or school has been established within such one hundred feet (100') since the issuance of the original license. In the case of a church, the distance of one hundred feet (100') shall be measured to the nearest part of any building used for worship services or educational programs and not to property boundaries.

2. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the issuance of a retail license authorizing the sale of alcoholic liquor to a restaurant, the primary business of which is the sale of goods prepared on the premises if: a) the restaurant is newly constructed and located on a lot of not less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet; b) the restaurant costs at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) to construct; c) the licensee is the titleholder to the premises and resides on the premises; and d) the construction of the restaurant is completed within eighteen (18) months of the effective date of the 1998 amendatory act of 235 Illinois Compiled Statutes.

3. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the issuance of a retail license authorizing the sale of alcoholic liquor incidental to a restaurant if: a) the primary business of the restaurant consists of the sale of food where the sale of liquor is incidental to the sale of food, and the applicant is a completely new owner of the restaurant; b) the immediately prior owner or operator of the premises where the restaurant is located operated the premises as a restaurant and held a valid retail license authorizing the sale of alcoholic liquor at the restaurant for at least part of the twenty four (24) months before the change of ownership; and c) the restaurant is located seventy five (75) or more feet from a school. (2009 Code)

2-2-13: **DANCING PERMITTED:** Dancing shall be permitted in any licensed premises with or without supervision. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 15)

2-2-14: MINORS:**A. Presence On Premises:**

1. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty one (21) years, not accompanied by his parent or legal guardian, to enter or remain upon any licensed premises where the primary business of the licensed holder is for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises or for carry out.

2. It shall be unlawful for any licensee to allow any person under the age of twenty one (21) years, not accompanied by his parent or a legal guardian, to enter or remain upon any premises licensed for the sale of alcoholic liquor. However, a person under the age of twenty one (21) years, who is accompanied by his parent or legal guardian may be allowed to enter or remain on any licensed premises selling food before 9:00 p.m. in an area more than 10 feet from bar.

B. Purchase, Acceptance By: It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty one (21) years to accept or purchase alcoholic liquor.

C. Sales, Providing To: It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, give or deliver alcoholic liquor to any person under the age of twenty one (21) years.

D. Employment: It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty one (21) years to sell, give or deliver alcoholic liquor in his course of employment. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 17)

2-2-15: PEDDLING LIQUOR, GAMBLING PROHIBITED:

A. Peddling Prohibited: It shall be unlawful to peddle alcoholic liquor in the village. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 12)

B. Gambling Prohibited: Except as provided by Illinois statutes, no gambling device shall be kept or used for the purpose of gambling in any place of business for which a license to sell alcoholic liquor has been issued, and no gambling (except as permitted by statute) shall be permitted in said place of business. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 16; amd. 2009 Code)

2-2-16: **CLASS B AND CLASS C LICENSE RESTRICTIONS:** It shall be unlawful for the holder of a class B or a class C license to permit alcoholic liquor to be consumed on the premises operated by him. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 14)

2-2-17: **REVOCAION OF LICENSE:** The mayor may revoke any retail liquor dealer's license for any violation of any provision of this chapter or for any violation of any state law pertaining to the sale of liquor. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 21)

2-2-18: **RECORD OF LICENSES:** The mayor shall keep or cause to be kept a complete record of all alcoholic liquor licenses issued by him, and shall furnish the clerk, the treasurer and the county sheriff each with a copy thereof. Upon the issuance of any new license or the revocation of any old license, the mayor shall give written notice of such action to each of these officers within forty eight (48) hours of such action. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 8; amd. 2009 Code)

2-2-19: **PENALTY:** Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be fined as provided in section 1-4-1 of this code for each offense, and a separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues. (1995 Code ch. 20 § 23; amd. Ord. 2001-3, 7-23-2001; 2009 Code)

CHAPTER 3

AMUSEMENTS AND AMUSEMENT DEVICES

SECTION:

- 2-3-1: Definitions
- 2-3-2: License Required
- 2-3-3: Application For License
- 2-3-4: License Fee
- 2-3-5: Grant, Denial, Issuance Of License
- 2-3-6: Display Of License
- 2-3-7: Days And Hours Of Closure
- 2-3-8: Gambling Prohibited
- 2-3-9: Penalties

2-3-1: **DEFINITIONS:**

PINBALL GAME:

A game played with any number of balls or spheres upon a table or board having holes, pockets or cups into which such balls or spheres may drop or become lodged and having arches, pins and springs, or any of them, to control, deflect or impede the direction or speed of the balls or spheres put in motion by the player and shall include the modern variety of bagatelle or pigeonhole commonly known as "pinball game".

PLACE OF PUBLIC RESORT:

Any premises wherein any service or merchandise is offered for sale to the public or where tables or implements of any kind for playing any game of amusement are kept for gain or profit, or any premises used as a clubhouse, or clubrooms, whether the same is maintained for profit or not. (1995 Code ch. 21 §§ 1.01, 1.02)

2-3-2: **LICENSE REQUIRED:** It shall be unlawful for any person to operate within the village a billiard table, pool table, shooting gallery, pinball machine or game, maintenance bowling machine, electronic amusement machine, shuffleboard game (whether electronic or otherwise), or any other amusement device or machine, either for gain or not, in any place of public resort without a license therefor. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 1; amd. 2009 Code)

2-3-3: **APPLICATION FOR LICENSE:** Application for license for any game or machine listed in section 2-3-2 of this chapter shall be made to the village clerk, signed by the applicant, if an individual; by a partner in the case of a partnership; or by an officer in case of a corporation, verified by oath or affidavit, and shall contain the following information:

- A. The name, address, age and date and place of birth of the applicant.
- B. Prior convictions of the applicant for any violation of the gaming laws of the state of Illinois or any other state, if any.
- C. Place where machine or device is to be displayed or operated and the business conducted at the place.
- D. Description of machine to be covered by the license, mechanical features, name of manufacturer and serial number.
- E. Whether said machine is owned by the applicant, and if not, the name of the owner thereof. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 2)

2-3-4: **LICENSE FEE:** The fee for licenses for pinball machines, pool tables, billiard tables, maintenance bowling machines, electronic amusement machines, shuffleboard games (whether electronic or otherwise), or any other amusement device or machine shall be thirty five dollars (\$35.00) per year for each device or machine (or in the case of gambling devices permitted by Illinois Statutes, the maximum amount that can be charged on an annual basis for such devices). (Ord., 3-29-2004)

2-3-5: **GRANT, DENIAL, ISSUANCE OF LICENSE:** The application shall be referred to the village board who shall grant or deny the license pursuant to this chapter within thirty (30) days of the application. Upon approval

by the village board, licenses shall be issued by the village clerk. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 2)

2-3-6: **DISPLAY OF LICENSE:** The license or licenses herein provided for shall be posted prominently and conspicuously at the location of the game or machine in the premises wherein the device is to be operated or to be maintained to be operated. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 2)

2-3-7: **DAYS AND HOURS OF CLOSURE:** All billiard rooms, billiard halls, poolrooms, bowling or tenpin alleys, or places of public resort having pinball machines or devices or any other game as set forth in this chapter shall be kept closed on Sunday. They shall be closed at twelve o'clock (12:00) midnight each day and be kept closed until ten o'clock (10:00) A.M. of the following day. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 3)

2-3-8: **GAMBLING PROHIBITED:** Except as permitted by Illinois statutes, it shall be unlawful for any person owning, possessing or operating any pinball game or machine, pool table, billiard table, maintenance bowling machine, shuffleboard game (whether electronic or otherwise) or any other amusement device or machine to permit said machine or any scheme whatsoever to dispense any form of payoff, prize, or reward, except free games dispensed by the machine, and nothing in this chapter shall in any way be construed to authorize, license or permit any gambling device whatsoever, or any mechanism which has been judicially determined to be a gambling device, or in any way contrary to the laws of the state. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 2)

Nothing in this paragraph is intended to or shall prohibit exercise of rights and privileges given under the video gaming laws in the State of Illinois, 230 ILCS 40 et seq.

2-3-9: **PENALTIES:** Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be fined as provided in section 1-4-1 of this code for each offense. Each day that any person, firm, or corporation violates this chapter shall be deemed a separate and distinct violation. Nothing herein contained shall preclude the village from instituting any action, either legal or equitable, against any person, firm or corporation violating any provisions of this chapter. (1995 Code ch. 21 § 4; amd. Ord. 2001-3, 7-23-2001; 2009 Code)

CHAPTER 4

PEDDLERS AND HAWKERS

SECTION:

- 2-4-1: Definitions
- 2-4-2: License Required
- 2-4-3: Application For License
- 2-4-4: License Fees
- 2-4-5: Fraud
- 2-4-6: Penalty

2-4-1: **DEFINITIONS:** When used in this chapter, the following words and terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:

HAWKER: An itinerant or traveling trader who carries goods about in order to sell them, and who actually sells them to purchasers, and calls attention to his or her goods through outcry or by attracting notice and attention to them as goods for sale, or by an actual exhibition or exposure of the goods. Included in this definition is an itinerant merchant who is desirous of setting up a trailer in a stationary location for the purpose of selling goods.

PEDDLER: Any person engaging temporarily in the retail sale of goods, wares or merchandise within the village, including any person who, for the purpose of conducting such business, rents or leases any room, building, hotel, rooming house, structure, lot or motor vehicle of any kind, regardless of

whether such goods, wares, or merchandise are peddled from house to house, place to place or sold from the room, building, hotel, rooming house, structure, lot or motor vehicle. (1995 Code ch. 22 § 1.01; amd. 2009 Code)

2-4-2: **LICENSE REQUIRED:** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of hawker or peddler of any merchandise, article or thing without having first secured a license therefor. (1995 Code ch. 22 § 1)

2-4-3: **APPLICATION FOR LICENSE:** Application for such license shall be made to the village clerk and shall state thereon the number of vehicles, if any, to be operated; the kind of merchandise to be peddled; the name of the manufacturer, maker or distributor of said merchandise; the permanent address of the peddler; and the number and names of the employees of the peddler to be engaged within the village. (1995 Code ch. 22 § 2)

2-4-4: **LICENSE FEES:** There shall be no fees for such licenses.

2-4-5: **FRAUD:** Any licensed peddler or hawker who shall be guilty of any fraud, cheating or misrepresentation, whether through himself or through an employee, while acting as a peddler in the village, or who shall barter, sell or peddle any goods, merchandise, or wares, other than those specified in his application for a license, shall be fined as provided in section 1-4-1 of this code for each offense, and the mayor may revoke the license for such offense. (1995 Code ch. 22 § 4; amd. Ord. 2001-3, 7-23-2001; 2009 Code)

2-4-6: **PENALTY:** Any person, firm or corporation violating any provision of this chapter shall be fined as provided in section 1-4-1 of this code for each offense, and a separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues. (1995 Code ch. 22 § 5; amd. Ord. 2001-3, 7-23-2001; 2009 Code)

CHAPTER 5

ANIMAL SLAUGHTERING AND RELATED BUSINESSES

SECTION:

- 2-5-1: Location Restricted
2-5-2: Nuisance Declared; Penalty

2-5-1: **LOCATION RESTRICTED:** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect or operate any slaughterhouse, bone factory, or rendering works within the corporate limits of the village, unless such slaughterhouse, bone factory or rendering works shall be located at least one thousand five hundred feet (1,500') distant from any dwelling house, school, church or other public building. (1995 Code ch. 29 § 1; amd. 2009 Code)

2-5-2: **NUISANCE DECLARED; PENALTY:** Whoever shall build or operate any slaughterhouse, bone factory, or rendering works within the corporate limits of the village in violation of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of creating a nuisance and, upon conviction, shall be fined as provided in section 1-4-1 of this code. Each day that any person, firm or corporation shall operate any slaughterhouse, bone factory or rendering works in violation of this chapter shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense. (1995 Code ch. 29 §§ 2, 3; amd. Ord. 2001-3, 7-23-2001; 2009 Code)