

Open letter

The future of Global Climate Action in the UNFCCC

October 7, 2019

H.E. Minister Carolina Schmidt President of COP25 Ministry of Environment San Martin 73, Santiago, Chile

Dear Minister Schmidt,

United behind the science, we write to express our strong support for COP25 as a "time for action." We also note that one legacy of Santiago could be to lay the groundwork for continuing the role of cities, states and regions, businesses, investors, civil society, and others to work alongside Parties to deliver the goals of the Paris Agreement in the years to come. We offer you our full backing to secure an outcome at COP25 that ensures a continuing focus on Global Climate Action in the UNFCCC after 2020.

Climate action by cities, states and regions, business, investors, civil society, and others has become a key part of global and national responses to climate change. According to 2018 UNFCCC Yearbook of Climate Action:

- 1 in 5 people in the world now live in the approximately 10,000 cities and regions taking action
- Over 6,000 businesses whose annual revenue is greater than the combined GDP of the US and China have committed to climate action
- Existing multi-stakeholder initiatives through which Parties and non-Party actors work together, if they continue to scale up, could lower emissions by one third by 2030

At COP21 and COP22, Parties created a link between the UNFCCC process and climate action by non-party actors, but the mandate for its core elements expires at the end of 2020. The Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action was created to give increased visibility and momentum to climate action and to link it to Parties. Today these activities include the work of the High-level Champions, the Global Climate Action (NAZCA) portal, the Yearbook of Climate Action, Climate Action events at COPs, and the Regional Climate Weeks.

After 2020, there is an opportunity to update existing institutional arrangements to maximize the contributions of non-Parties to climate action, working alongside Parties to deliver the goals of the Paris Agreement. Core areas of focus for institutional arrangements on Global Climate Action in the UNFCCC could include highlighting opportunities for countries to formulate, implement, and (over)achieve their NDCs, and using the breadth and legitimacy of the UNFCCC process to track climate action globally to make it both credible and inclusive.

At COP25, it is important to signal the continuation of the UNFCCC's engagement with, and support for, the broader world of global climate action. To keep the impressive momentum has been built so far, Parties should ensure arrangements for Global Climate Action in the UNFCCC after 2020 are ready to be implemented by COP26.

Again, we salute your Presidency's focus on climate action at COP25 and pledge our commitment to help make it a success. It is indeed "time for action" at COP25 and beyond.

Sincerely,



- Rima Al-Azar, Climate-Smart Agriculture Team Leader, Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), Italy
- Yunus Arikan, Director of Global Advocacy, ICLEI -Local Governments for Sustainability, Germany
- Maruxa Cardama, Secretary General, SLoCaT
 Partnership on Sustainable Low Carbon
 Transport, Global
- Sander Chan, Senior Researcher, German

 Development Institute/Deutsches Institut
 für Entwicklungspolitik (DIE), Germany
- **Victoria Chengo**, Research Fellow, African Centre for Technology Studies, Kenya
- Helen Clarkson, CEO, The Climate Group, UK
- Marie-Claire Cordonier Segger, Senior Director, Member, Board of Governors, Centre for International Development Law, UK
- **Carlos De Freitas**, Co-Director, FMDV Global Fund for Cities Development, France
- **Amanda Eichel**, Executive Director, Global Covenant of Mayors for Climate and Energy, Belgium
- **Miriam Garcia**, Researcher, University of São Paulo, Brazil
- **Ann Gardiner**, Director, A G Climate & Energy Ltd, UK
- Markus Gehring, Lead Counsel, Centre for International Sustainable Development Law, UK
- Jennie Gleed, Senior Policy Manager, CDP, UK
- **Brendan Guy**, Manager, International Policy, NRDC, USA
- **Thomas Hale**, Associate Professor, Blavatnik School of Government, University of Oxford, UK
- Alexandra Harrington, Research Director and Lead Counsel, Centre for International Sustainable Development Law, USA
- Andrew Higham, CEO, Mission 2020, Australia

- **Niklas Höhne**, Partner, NewClimate Institute, Germany
- Cornie Huizenga, CEO, CESG, Germany
- Nate Hultman, Director, Center for Global Sustainability, University of Maryland and America's Pledge, USA
- María Mendiluce, Managing Director, World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD), Switzerland
- Alidor Kass Muteba, Représentant du Bureau de Kinshasa - RD Congo, Organisation Congolaise des Écologistes et Amis de la Nature – OCEAN, DRC
- **Stephanie Pfeifer**, CEO, Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change, European Union
- Manuel Pulgar Vidal, Climate & Energy Practice Leader, WWF, Peru
- Imme Scholz, Acting Director, German Development
 Institute / Deutsches Institut für
 Entwicklungspolitik (DIE), Germany
- Sandeep Sengupta, Global Coordinator, IUCN
 Climate Change Portfolio, IUCN
 (International Union for Conservation of Nature), Switzerland
- Iñaki Susaeta, Secretary General, Regions4, Belgium
- Nigel Topping, CEO, We Mean Business, UK
- Natalie Unterstell, Director, Talanoa, Brazil
- Harro van Asselt, Professor of Climate Law and Policy, University of Eastern Finland, The Netherlands
- Mark Watts, Executive Director, C40 Cities Climate Leadership Group, UK
- Eliot Whittington, Director, Centre for Policy and Industrial Transformation / The Prince of Wales's Corporate Leaders Group / CLG Europe, University of Cambridge Institute for Sustainability Leadership, UK
- **Oscar Widerberg**, Assistant Professor, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, The Netherlands