Research Organizations and Universities

**Association of University Centers on Disabilities (AUCD)**

AUCD is a network of interdisciplinary centers advancing policy and practice for and with individuals with developmental and other disabilities, their families, and communities. These programs serve and are located in every U.S. state and territory and are all part of universities or medical centers. They serve as a bridge between the university and the community, bringing together the resources of both to achieve meaningful change.

**Center on Alcoholism, Substance Abuse, and Addictions, University of New Mexico (CASAA)**

CASAA conducts various research projects, including projects related to FASD. In addition, they support the [Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Prevention Project](#), which coordinates public education campaigns, community projects, and social change and advocacy efforts to prevent FASD.

**FASD Research Collaborative on FASD and FAS (CIFASD)**

The purpose of this consortium is to inform and develop effective interventions and treatment approaches for FASD, through multidisciplinary research involving basic, behavioral and clinical investigators and projects. They hope to develop an infrastructure to foster collaboration and coordinate basic, clinical, and translational research on FASD.

**Fetal Alcohol and Drug Unit, University of Washington**

The Fetal Alcohol and Drug Unit is a research unit studying FAS and FASD across the life span, disseminating research information, providing consultation for individuals affected by prenatal exposure to alcohol, and intervening with high-risk mothers to prevent future births of children with fetal alcohol and drug effects.

**Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Diagnostic & Prevention Network (FAS DPN)**

The Washington State Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Diagnostic & Prevention Network is a network of FASD diagnostic clinics linked by the core clinic at the Center on Human Development and Disability at the University of Washington. Each clinic in the network uses the same interdisciplinary approach to diagnosis and the same systematic diagnostic method called the 4-Digit Diagnostic Code. The mission of the FAS DPN is primary and secondary prevention of FAS through screening, diagnosis, intervention, training, education, and research.

**Maternal Substance Abuse and Child Development (MSACD) Project, Emory University**

The mission of the MSACD Project is to provide education and support to caregivers and professionals to prevent problems due to prenatal alcohol and drug exposure and to further the scientific understanding of the effects of exposure.
Research Organizations and Universities

**National Center for Education in Maternal and Child Health, Georgetown University** (NCEMCH)

NCEMCH provides national leadership in program development, education, and knowledge to improve the health and well-being of the nation’s children and families.

**Research Society on Alcoholism Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Study Group** (FASDSG)

The FASDSG has a membership of approximately 425 clinicians and researchers. The binding interests of the members are to fully understand the etiology of FAS, describe the characteristics of FASD at multiple levels, and devise ways to improve the lives of children, adolescents, and adults with FAS and other alcohol-related disabilities.