ROMEO & JULIET | FOOD FOR THOUGHT

Shakespeare's language can seem scary, but give it a try! Go at your own pace, and have fun!

Under orders from the Prince of Verona, the Montagues (Romeo's family) have agreed to a truce with their archenemies, the Capulets (Juliet's family).

Act III begins on a super-hot summer day. Romeo's friends Mercutio and Benvolio are walking around when they run into a bunch of Capulets led by Tybalt, Juliet's cousin.

Two other things you should know:

- 1) Everyone in this scene is still a teenager, and
- 2) Romeo and Juliet have literally just gotten married... in secret. No one else knows yet.





SHAKESPEARE IN PRISON

DETROIT PUBLIC THEATRE'S SIGNATURE COMMUNITY PROGRAM

Enter TYBALT, PETRUCHIO, and others.

Benvolio

By my head, here comes the Capulets.

Mercutio

By my heel, I care not.

Follow me close, for I will speak to them. Gentlemen, good-e'en°, a word with one of vou.

And but one word with one of us? Couple it with something, make it a word and a blow.

You shall find me apt° enough to that, sir, an° you will give me occasion°.

Mercutio

Could you not take some occasion without aivina?

Tybalt

Mercutio, thou consortest° with Romeo.

Mercutio

'Consort'°? What, dost thou make us minstrels? An thou make minstrels of us, look to hear nothing but discords. Here's my fiddlestick°, here's that shall make you dance. Zounds, 'consort'!

We talk here in the public haunt of men. Either withdraw unto some private place, Or reason coldly of your grievances, Or else depart. Here all eyes gaze on us.

Men's eyes were made to look, and let them

I will not budge for no man's pleasure, I.

Enter ROMEO.

Tvbalt

Well, peace be with you, sir, here comes my

Romeo, the love I bear thee can afford No better term than this: thou art a villain°.

Tybalt, the reason I have to love thee Doth much excuse the appertaining rage To such a greeting. Villain am I none, Therefore farewell; I see thou knowest me not.

Tvbalt

Boy, this shall not excuse the injuries That thou hast done me; therefore turn and draw.

aood-e'en

good evening

eager an

occasion

cause, provocation

consortest

hang out

consort

it also means "perform music with" Ha, ha!

fiddlestick

violin blow--but he's clearly talking about his sword

calmly (as opposed to "hotly," which would involve fighting)

villain

a low-down, wicked person (This was a serious insult-definitely "fighting words")

appertaining

usual, appropriate (Tybalt's rage at seeing Romeo is "appertaining" because the families hate each other)

Romeo

I do protest I never injured thee, But love thee better than thou canst devise Till thou shalt know the reason of my love. And so, good Capulet, whose name I tender As dearly as mine own, be satisfied.

Mercutio

O calm, dishonorable, vile submission! 'Alla stoccado'° carries it away! Draws Tybalt, you rat-catcher, will you walk?

Tvbalt

What wouldst thou have with me?

Mercutio

Good King of Cats, nothing but one of your nine lives.

Tybalt

I am for you.

Draws

Romeo

Gentle Mercutio, put thy rapier up.

Mercutio

Come, sir, your 'passado'[°]!

They fight.

devise understand

tondor value

Alla stoccado

a fancy Italian fencing term for jabbing at someone with your sword

rapier

a long thin sharppointed sword designed chiefly for thrusting, often used in fencina

passado

another fancy Italian fencing term for jabbing at someone with your sword (They had a lot of words for this-and a lot of swords!)

Notice the way each character speaks.

Start with Mercutio:

- Are his phrases long or short?
- Do they "want" to be said quickly or slowly?

Now focus on the sounds that begin each of Mercutio's words (like in the insult packet!). How would you describe those sounds?

Soft? Hard? Round? Sharp?

Do they work better when your mouth is more closed or more open?

> DO THEY WANT TO BE SPIT OUT? GROWLED? POPPED?

Do they stay the same throughout the scene or do they change?





Do the same thing for the other characters. What do you learn about each of them from the way they speak?



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You can respond to these in any way you choose:

ACT IT OUT

Talk about it THINK ABOUT

... up to you!

We often talk in SIP about objectives (what the character wants) and tactics (how the character tries to get it)...

- What is each character's objective in this scene?
 - Does any one get what they want?
 - Does anyone totally fail?
- What are each character's tactics?
 - Why do the successful tactics work?
 - Why do the unsuccessful tactics not work?

How would you stage this scene?

Would it be a wide-open stage, or would the actors be in close quarters?

What time period would it be, if you want to be specific about that?

Where would you set it, if you want to have a specific place?

What would the action look like?

WHAT WOULD THE SCENE LOOK LIKE AS A COMIC BOOK?

Stan Lee, eat your heart out!



Do these characters remind you of anyone you know?

You may have noticed that the first part of the scene is in prose (normal speech), but the second part, after Benvolio says "We talk here in the public haunt of men." switches to verse (with a more or less steady rhythm from line to line). Does the switch from prose to verse change the scene's rhythm? How?

> Try rewriting the dialogue in your own words, but keeping the meaning of each line basically the same. (You don't need to use fancy Italian fencing words—just think about the intent of each line and think of how you or someone you know might put it.)

What if this were a musical? Or a rap battle? Or a dance-off? Or... the lead-in to a really intense game of chess?

Tybalt and Mercutio end up fighting. Then, (*spoiler alert!*) Tybalt kills Mercutio and Romeo kills Tybalt.

It's a mess.

This play is an absolute mess.

- Do you think they went into the scene expecting an actual fight?
- If not, then how did they wind up at that point?
- Could anything have stopped them?
- What would you have done in that situation if you were Mercutio or Tybalt?
- What if you were Benvolio? Or Romeo?