

1 SEC. 315. DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY CLEANUP AND RE-
2 MOVAL OF PETROLEUM, OIL, AND LUBRI-
3 CANT ASSOCIATED WITH THE PRINZ EUGEN.

4 (a) AUTHORITY.—Amounts authorized to be appro-
5 priated for the Department of the Army may be used for
6 all necessary expenses for the removal and cleanup of pe-
7 troleum, oil, and lubricants associated with the heavy
8 cruiser Prinz Eugen, which was transferred from the
9 United States to the Republic of the Marshall Islands in
10 1986.

11 (b) CERTIFICATION.—If the Secretary of the Army
12 does not use the authority provided by subsection (a), the
13 Secretary shall submit a certification to the congressional
14 defense committees not later than September 30, 2018,
15 that the petroleum, oil, and lubricants associated with the
16 heavy cruiser Prinz Eugen do not adversely impact safety
17 or military operations.

18 SEC. 316. CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL STUDY ON
19 HEALTH IMPLICATIONS OF PER- AND
20 POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES CONTAMI-
21 NATION IN DRINKING WATER.

22 (a) STUDY ON HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
24 Human Services, acting through the Centers for
25 Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for
26 Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, and, as ap-

1 appropriate, the National Institute of Environmental
2 Health Sciences, and in consultation with the De-
3 partment of Defense, shall—

4 (A) commence a study on the human
5 health implications of per- and polyfluoroalkyl
6 substances (PFAS) contamination in drinking
7 water, ground water, and any other sources of
8 water and relevant exposure pathways, includ-
9 ing the cumulative human health implications
10 of multiple types of PFAS contamination at lev-
11 els above and below health advisory levels;

12 (B) not later than 5 years after the date
13 of enactment of this Act (or 7 years after such
14 date of enactment after providing notice to the
15 appropriate congressional committees of the
16 need for the delay)—

17 (i) complete such study and make any
18 appropriate recommendations; and

19 (ii) submit a report to the appropriate
20 congressional committees on the results of
21 such study; and

22 (C) not later than one year after the date
23 of the enactment of this Act, and annually
24 thereafter until submission of the report under
25 subparagraph (B)(ii), submit to the appropriate

1 congressional committees a report on the
2 progress of the study.

3 (2) FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized to
4 be appropriated by this Act for the Department of
5 Defense, \$7,000,000 shall be available to carry out
6 the study under this subsection.

7 (3) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
8 TEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “ap-
9 propriate congressional committees” means—

10 (A) the congressional defense committees;

11 (B) the Committee on Health, Education,
12 Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on Envi-
13 ronment and Public Works, and the Committee
14 on Veterans’ Affairs of the Senate; and

15 (C) the Committee on Energy and Com-
16 merce and the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs
17 of the House of Representatives.

18 (b) EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
20 Human Services, acting through the Centers for
21 Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for
22 Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, and, as ap-
23 propriate, the National Institute of Environmental
24 Health Sciences, and in consultation with the De-
25 partment of Defense, shall conduct an exposure as-

1 sessment of no less than 8 current or former domes-
2 tic military installations known to have PFAS con-
3 tamination in drinking water, ground water, and any
4 other sources of water and relevant exposure path-
5 ways.

6 (2) CONTENTS.—The exposure assessment re-
7 quired under this subsection shall—

8 (A) include—

9 (i) for each military installation cov-
10 covered under the exposure assessment, a sta-
11 tistical sample to be determined by the
12 Secretary of Health and Human Services
13 in consultation with the relevant State
14 health departments; and

15 (ii) bio-monitoring for assessing the
16 contamination described in paragraph (1);
17 and.

18 (B) produce findings, which shall be—

19 (i) used to help design the study de-
20 scribed in subsection (a)(1)(A); and

21 (ii) released to the appropriate con-
22 gressional committees not later than 1 year
23 after the conclusion of such exposure as-
24 sessment.

1 (3) **TIMING.**—The exposure assessment re-
2 quired under this subsection shall—

3 (A) begin not later than 180 days after the
4 date of enactment of this Act; and

5 (B) conclude not later than 2 years after
6 such date of enactment.

7 (c) **COORDINATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES.**—The
8 Agency for Toxic Substance and Disease Registry may,
9 as necessary, use staff and other resources from other
10 Federal agencies in carrying out the study under sub-
11 section (a) and the assessment under subsection (b).

12 (d) **NO EFFECT ON REGULATORY PROCESS.**—The
13 study and assessment conducted under this section shall
14 not interfere with any regulatory processes of the Environ-
15 mental Protection Agency, including determinations of
16 maximum contaminant levels.

17 **SEC. 317. SENTINEL LANDSCAPES PARTNERSHIP.**

18 (a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense, in
19 coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture and the
20 Secretary of the Interior, may establish and carry out a
21 program to preserve sentinel landscapes. The program
22 shall be known as the “Sentinel Landscapes Partnership”.

23 (b) **DESIGNATION OF SENTINEL LANDSCAPES.**—The
24 Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Agriculture, and
25 the Secretary of the Interior, may, as the Secretaries de-