

Volume Rigidity

Rigidity Seminar
summer 2014

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I. Background: Representation spaces and Invariants

- Γ f.g. infinite group $\Gamma = \pi_1(H^n/\Gamma)$ $\mathbb{P}^n \stackrel{\Gamma}{=} \pi_1(S)$.

- G Lie

- Goal Understand $\text{Hom}(\Gamma, G)$ or $\text{Hom}(\Gamma, G)/G$.

- Example $\Gamma = \pi_1(S)$ $G = \text{PSL}_2\mathbb{R}$.

① (Geometry) $\text{Hom}(\Gamma, G)/G \supset \text{Teich}(S)$ as a component

② (Flat Bundles) $\text{Hom}(\Gamma, G)/G =$ projective flat circle bundles up to iso

③ ~~Group actions~~ Note $\text{PSL}_2\mathbb{R} \subset \text{Homeo}^+S'$

Given $p: \Gamma \rightarrow G$ form $S' \rightarrow \frac{\tilde{S} \times S'}{\Gamma} \rightarrow \frac{\tilde{S}}{\Gamma}$

circle bundle w/ monodromy in $\text{PSL}_2\mathbb{R}$.

Swap

③ (Group actions) $\text{Hom}(\Gamma, G)/G =$ projective actions on S'

- Invariants For $\alpha \in H^1(G)$ get invariant ~~invariant~~

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Hom}(\Gamma, G) & \longrightarrow & H^1(\Gamma) \\ p \longmapsto & & p^*(\alpha) \end{array}$$

Examples

- ① Euler class $e \in H^2(\text{PSL}_2\mathbb{R}; \mathbb{Z})$ $eu(p) = |\langle p^*e, [S] \rangle|$
- ② Kaehler class $k \in H^2(\text{SU}(n,1); \mathbb{Z})$ $\tau(p) = |\langle p^*k, [S] \rangle|$
- ③ Volume class $\omega \in H^n_{\text{cts}}(\text{SO}(n,1); \mathbb{R})$ $\text{vol}(p) = |\langle p^*\omega, [M] \rangle|$

II. Representation Rigidity

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~~Thm 1 (Goldman)~~

Thm 1 (Goldman) $i: \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{PSL}_2\mathbb{R}$ hyperbolic structure.
 $p: \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{PSL}_2\mathbb{R}$ anything.

Then $|\mathrm{eu}(p)| \leq |\mathrm{eu}(i)| = |\chi(S)|$

with equality $\iff p$ discrete faithful.

Thm 2 (Toledo) $i: \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{SU}(1,1) \rightarrow \mathrm{SU}(n,1)$ \mathbb{H}
 $p: \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{SU}(n,1)$ anything.

Then $\tau(p) \leq \tau(i) = 2\pi \chi(S)$

with equality $\iff \exists p_1: \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{SU}(1,1)$ and
 $p_2: \pi_1(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{U}(n-1)$ so

p conj to $\begin{pmatrix} (\det p_2)^{-1/2} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$

Thm 3 (Bucher-Burger-Iozzi) $i: \Gamma \hookrightarrow \mathrm{Isom}\mathbb{H}^n$ cosp lattice.
 $p: \Gamma \rightarrow \mathrm{Isom}\mathbb{H}^n$ anything.

Then $\mathrm{Vol}(p) \leq \mathrm{Vol}(i) = \mathrm{Vol}(M)$.

if $n \geq 3$ equality $\iff p$ conjugate to i .

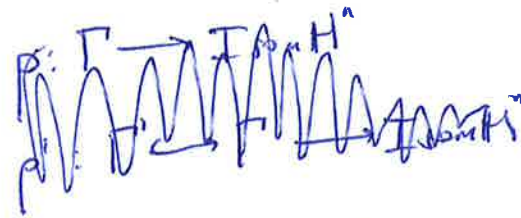
Remarks

- ① $PSL_2\mathbb{R} \cong SU(1,1)$ Thm 2 generalizes Thm 1.
- ② All proved w/ bounded cohomology.
- ③ Thm 3 \Rightarrow Mostow $\hat{=}$ Thurston's generalization.

Thurston M, N hyperbolic $f: N \rightarrow M$

$$\deg f \leq \frac{\text{Vol}(N)}{\text{Vol}(M)}$$

with equality \iff isometric covering.



$$\deg f \leq \frac{\text{Vol}(N)}{\text{Vol}(M)}$$

"All roads lead to Mostow"

III. Volume of a representation

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• $M = \mathbb{H}^n / \Gamma$ closed hyperbolic

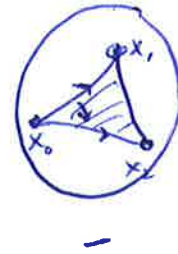
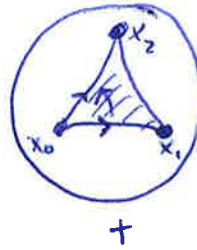
• $\rho: \Gamma \rightarrow \text{Isom } \mathbb{H}^n$ anything

• $G := \text{Isom } \mathbb{H}^n$

Defn $V: (\mathbb{H}^n)^{n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$(x_0, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \text{Vol}(\text{ConvHull}(x_0, \dots, x_n))$

Rmk signed volume.



Properties

① $\text{Isom } \mathbb{H}^n$ invariant

if $g \in G$

$$V(gx_0, \dots, gx_n) = V(x_0, \dots, x_n)$$

②

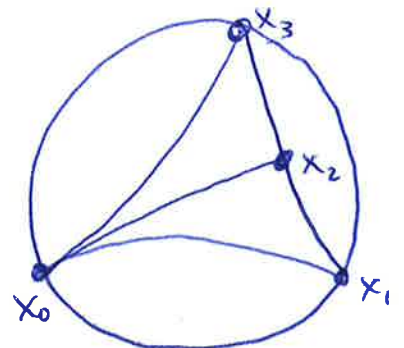
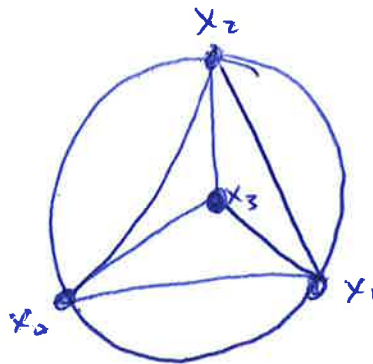
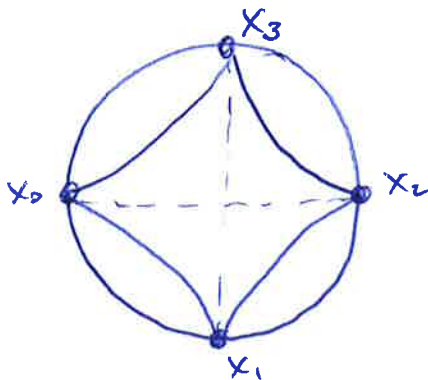
V is a cocycle:

if

$(x_0, \dots, x_{n+1}) \in (\mathbb{H}^n)^{n+2}$ then

$$0 = \delta V(x_0, \dots, x_{n+1}) = \sum (-1)^i V(x_0, \dots, \hat{x}_i, \dots, x_{n+1})$$

Pf ($n=2$)



Fix basepoint

$$* \in \overline{H}^n$$

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Evaluation

$$\omega \in G^{n+1} \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} (H^1)^{n+1} \xrightarrow{V} \mathbb{R}$$

$$(g_0, \dots, g_n) \mapsto (g_0^*, \dots, g_n^*) \mapsto V(g_0^*, \dots, g_n^*)$$

defines n -cocycle ω on G . $\leadsto \omega \in H_{cts}^n(G; \mathbb{R})$

"Volume cocycle"

Defn For $p: \Gamma \rightarrow G$ $p^*: H^n(G) \rightarrow H^n(\Gamma) \simeq H^n(M)$

$$\text{Vol}(p) = \langle p^* \omega, [M] \rangle$$

Proof of Thurston's thm

M, N hyperbolic

$$f: N \rightarrow M$$

$$f_*: \pi_1 N \rightarrow \pi_1 M$$

• $M = H^n / \Gamma$ $N = H^n / \Gamma'$

• $f: N \rightarrow M$ induces $f_*: \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma \hookrightarrow \text{Isom } H^n$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol}(N) &\geq \text{Vol}(p) = \langle p^* \omega, [N] \rangle = \langle f_*^* \omega, [N] \rangle \\ &= \langle i_* \omega, f_* [N] \rangle \\ &= \langle i_* \omega, [N] \rangle \cdot \text{deg } f \\ &= \text{Vol}(i) \cdot \text{deg } f \\ &= \text{Vol}(M) \cdot \text{deg } f \end{aligned}$$

equality $\Leftrightarrow p$ lattice $\Leftrightarrow \Gamma' < \Gamma$ finite index subgp $\Leftrightarrow f \sim$ isometric cover.

Claim $\text{Vol}(i) = \text{Vol}(M)$.

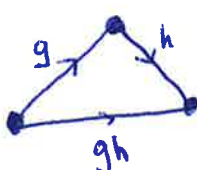
$i: \Gamma \rightarrow \mathbb{I}_{\mathbb{R}^n} \times \mathbb{H}^n$ cocompact lattice 6

PF ($n=2$)

Recall group cohomology

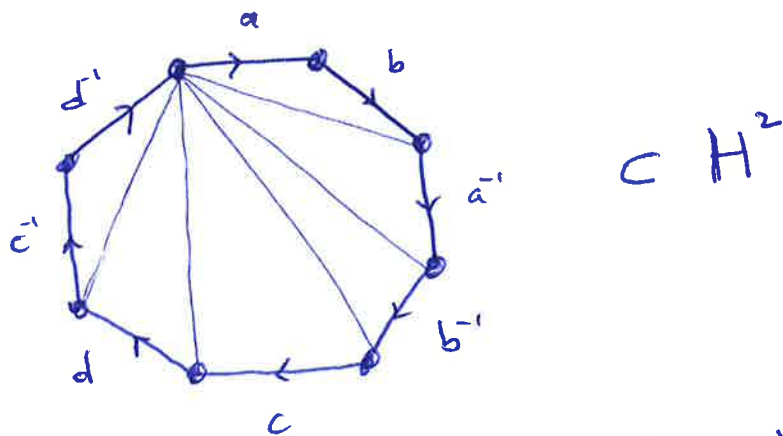
$$C_n(G) = \mathbb{Z}\{G^n\}$$

$[g] =$  $\partial[g] = 0.$

$(g \circ h)_g =$  $\partial[g \circ h] = [h] - [gh] + [g].$
 $\partial(g, h) = (h) - (gh) + (g)$

~~Example~~ $M = S_2$ genus 2

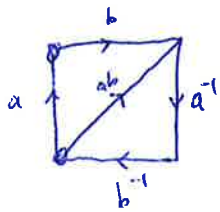
Fundamental domain



$$z = [a|b] + [ab|a^{-1}] + [aba^{-1}, b^{-1}] + [(a,b)|c] + [(a,b)c|d] + [(a,b)cd|c^{-1}] + \dots + \text{degenerate simplices}$$

$\langle \omega, (a,b) \rangle = \text{Vol}(\text{triangle})$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol}(i) &= \langle i^* \omega, [M] \rangle = \langle i^* \omega, z \rangle = \langle \omega, i_* z \rangle \\ &= \text{Vol}(\text{fund dom for } \Gamma) \\ &= \text{Vol}(M). \end{aligned}$$



$$\partial \left[(a, b) + (ab, a^{-1}) - (a, a^{-1}) - (e, e) \right]$$

$$= (a) + (b) - (ab) + (ab) + (a^{-1}) - (a^{-1}) - (e) - (e) + (e) = 0$$