



HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL

Sponsors: Arab Republic of Egypt, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Republic of India

Signatories: Federal Republic of Germany, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Syrian Arab Republic, the United States of America, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, People's Republic of China, the Kingdom of Belgium

Topic: The Refugees of the Dadaab Refugee Complex in Kenya

The Human Rights Council,

Considering the fact that Dadaab Refugee Camp in Kenya is one of the largest refugee camps in the world,

Alarmed by Kenya's announcement that they are planning to close Dadaab Camp because of the connection, as they think, attack on Garissa University in which 147 Kenyans were killed had with Dadaab being quite close to it,

Taking note that Dadaab is presumably hosting members of well-known terroristic organization al-Shabab, Convinced that closing Dabaab will call a discussion about further fate of approximately 300 000 Somalia's refugees,

Taking into consideration Kenya's right to decide whether to close this camp or not,

1. *Encourages* country-sponsors to create a fund to allocate money on embodiment;
2. *Draws attention to* the fact that Egypt has got the resources to build houses for refugees, there is a lot of trash in Cairo's Manšīyat Nāšir district, which now has no use for Egypt, but, in perspective, can be compressed and used as a building material;
3. *Recommends* to use technology to create compressed blocks out of collected garbage as well as doing panels for walls of them too.
4. *Confirms* that India and Egypt will prepare a place for refugees to come – between Balotra and Siwana, near Luni river in India and at the coast of lake Nasser, near Aswan in Egypt;
5. *Declares* that main part of funds needed will be provided by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Arab Republic of Egypt, small, but needed, amount – by the Republic of India;
6. *Designates* the Republic of India and Arab Republic of Egypt as main providers of building materials, as well as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland will be designated as main provider of high-technological manpower which will help to make compressed blocks;

7. *Further reminds* that all the calculations now are approximate, considers that 10 000€ will be provided by India, 75 000€ will be provided by UK and 40 000€ will be provided by Egypt;

8. *Transmits* to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland the right to organize volunteers to create an infrastructure in the place of the refugee's further life which will include building or reconstructing roads, schools for kids, courses of qualification improvement, cultural centers, possibility to go on on-line Cambridge/Oxford/other universities courses, etc.

9. *Reaffirms* that all the funds needed to arrange the travelling to Egypt and India will be divided between country-sponsors due to their economic opportunities;

10. *Takes note* of India's and UK's proposal to provide volunteers, professional teachers and professors from universities to provide formal education to refugees so they could find work in their new place of habitat or even get a degree on-line (technology will be provided by United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Arab Republic of Egypt).