ACCESS TO LAND FOR LIVELIHOOD IN SOUTHERN THAILAND

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ACCESS AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- **Types**
  - Natural Resource e.g. land, forest, minerals, fuels, etc.
  - Other resources e.g. fiscal budget/ government finance

- **Community and People Participation in resource management**
  - Legal provision e.g. Constitution of Thailand Art. 41 (1) The right to access public information under government’s custody, Art 43 The right to natural resource management
  - De facto situation

- **Impact**
  - people/community powerless to manage their resources
  - inequality
LET’S COMPARE
SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LAND ALLOCATION
VS
ARABLE LAND ALLOCATION
State SEZ Land Allocation (Rai)

Chianf Rai  952,266.46
Tak  886,875
Nong Khai  296,042
Nakorn Phnom  496,743.75
Mukdahan  361,542.50
Srakaew  207,500
Trad  31,375
Kanchanaburi  162,993.75
Songkla  345,187.50
Narathiwat  146,981.25

Total  3,897,507.21


## Land for Peasants

### Agricultural Land
- Provincial Land Reform allocation 576,076 Rai
- Possessory Rights (Sor.Por.Kor) 4-01 500,519 Rai

Total 1,076,595 Rai

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Fiscal Year 2017, statistic from Agricultural Land Reform Office, p. 56.
In summary
SEZ Land Allocation 3,897,507.21 Rai
VS
Agricultural Land Allocation 1,076,595 Rau
Community/public participation ?
Inequality ?
THANK YOU