# **TOUR REPORT**



# TEXAS: Hill Country and Big Bend

Guide: Josh Engel April 19 – 28, 2017

#### INTRODUCTION-----

April in Central and West Texas is a time when migrants are arriving, breeding birds are singing, the weather is mild, and birding is at its very best. This part of Texas is rugged and scenic, with beautiful forested hills, rugged mountains, and vast expanses of desert. The birding was outstanding. Highlights included Colima and Golden-cheeked Warbler, Tropical Parula, Black-capped Vireo, Green and Ringed Kingfisher, Gray, Common Black-, and Zone-tailed Hawks, Olive Sparrow, Varied Bunting, Gray Vireo, Long-billed Thrasher, Couch's Kingbird, Mexican Jay, Blue-throated and Lucifer Hummingbird, Painted Redstart, and Aplomado Falcon. We watched vast hordes of Mexican Free-tailed Bats emerge from a cave; hiked in the Chisos Mountains; and admired the stunning cliffs along the Big Bend of the Rio Grande. We ate Texas Barbeque and Tex-Mex and drove through many cowboy towns with their historic county courthouses. It was a wonderful trip to a wonderful and surprise-filled part of the country.



Golden-cheeked Warbler only breeds in Texas's Hill Country.

DAILY LOG-----

The group arrived just at sunset to our lodge in the small Hill Country town of Concan. We had just enough light to see a few of the common, typically Texas birds, the call the oaks here home before the light diminished, including **Black-crested Titmouse**, **White-eyed Vireo**, **Bewick's Wren**, and **Summer Tanager**. We settled in to the lodge in anticipation of the trip to come.

We had high ambitions for our first morning of the trip: the two flagship species of the Edward's Plateau, both of them federally listed as endangered species: **Golden-cheeked Warbler and Black-capped Vireo**. We arrived at Lost Maples State Natural Area (after a stop for a **Ringed Kingfisher** along the way) and set about looking for them, walking on one of the park's beautiful, well-maintained trails. It didn't take long to find **Golden-cheeked Warbler**, a stunning male that everyone had outstanding looks at. A short while later, as the trail climbed in the scrubby oak habitat, we heard, and then saw, a snazzy **Black-capped Vireo**. We would encounter several more of both species over the course of our walk. Although those two species stole the show, we had a whole bunch of other great birds as well, including **White-tipped Doves** at the park's feeding station, a male **Painted Bunting**, a singing **Acadian Flycatcher**, and our first of many **Rufous-crowned Sparrows**.

After lunch in a nearby town, we returned to our lodge for a midday siesta and to bird the grounds in the late afternoon. The lodge grounds were birdy. The hummingbird feeders were full of **Black-chinned Hummingbirds** and we had our first views of **Yellow-breasted Chat** and **Bell's Vireo**, both of which we would see and hear many of over the course of the trip. A **Yellow-throated Warbler** showed beautifully as did a male **Hooded Oriole**. The biggest treat made us wait—a brilliant **Tropical Parula** showed up just outside our cabin in the evening. As night fell, **Chuck-will's-widow** and **Eastern Screech-Owl** called.



Scissor-tailed Flycatchers were a frequent sight on this trip.

The following morning, we packed up the van and headed to Uvalde, with our first stop at Chalk Bluff Park, on the Nueces River. The riverside vegetation here is full of interesting birds, both in

the open habitats of the park and in the adjacent thick scrub. **Vermillion Flycatchers** were conspicuous both in their bright plumage and in their flight displays, but it didn't take long to find to the less colorful and less conspicuous **Brown-crested Flycatcher**, a specialty of the border regions. Other Rio Grande birds included **Ringed Kingfisher**, **Great Kiskadee**, and great looks at two skulkers, **Olive Sparrow** and **Long-billed Thrasher**. Yellow-breasted Chats were incredibly common here. On the way out of the park, we had incredible views of that most charismatic desert dweller, **Greater Roadrunner**.

Our next stops were at wetlands in and around the town of Uvalde. At our first stop, we were pleasantly surprised to find a **Green Kingfisher** perched right out in the open, our only one of the trip. **Neotropic Cormorants** were also present, but apart from a few swimming snakes there wasn't too much in the water here. Our next wetland stop was more productive, with a variety of dabbling ducks, including **Cinnamon Teal**, as well as **Black-bellied Whistling Duck**, several species of shorebirds, and a **Bullock's Oriole**. After an afternoon siesta, we headed back out to witness the amazing emergence of **Mexican Free-tailed** Bats from a local cave. They didn't disappoint, and as a bonus we had great looks at **Cave Swallow** while we awaited the bats.



Greater Roadrunners can be seen all along the route.

It was finally time to head to Big Bend, where we would be for four nights. We didn't stop much along the way, though one rest stop did have a Ring-billed Gull looking very out of place in the rugged desert. Arriving at the national park, it didn't take long to find our first desert birds, even seeing Black-throated Sparrow and Pyrrhuloxia right at the sign declaring Big Bend National Park.

We made our way down to the Rio Grande to bird along the river. Vermilion Flycatchers were common in the riverside habitat, and we found Verdin, Black-tailed Gnatcatcher, and heard the beautiful song of Canyon Wren bouncing off the walls of Santa Elena Canyon.

We awoke early to hike in Blue Creek Canyon. Varied Buntings were common and we had great looks at this beautiful border-zone specialty. Scaled Quail showed nicely from atop a rock. Along the dry creek we found Ash-throated Flycatcher, Pyrrhuloxia, Scott's and Hooded Oriole, and Rufous-crowned Sparrow.

We spent the afternoon birding around Cottonwood Campground and along stretches of the Ross Maxwell Scenic Drive. The campground was hosting a nesting pair of Gray Hawks, which we saw well. We also found Lucy's Warbler, Painted Bunting, Greater Roadrunner, and Javelina here. We also found some typical western migrants, like Plumbeous Vireo, MacGillivray's Warbler, and Western Tanager. As night fell, we heard Elf Owl and Lesser Nighthawks calling.



Varied Buntings were on territory and singing away in Big Bend.

Our second full day in Big Bend started with another beautiful hike, this one on the Windows Trail in Chisos Basin. The higher elevation meant some different birds, and we quickly found Mexican Jay, Acorn Woodpecker, Hepatic Tanager, and Say's Phoebe. Our main goal was Gray Vireo, which took a bit of work, but we eventually had great views of this very localized bird of the Mountain West. Varied Buntings were common and it was great to see them again. Other hikers told us about some Black Bears in the vicinity, so a short detour allowed us wonderful views of a mother bear and two cubs.

For the afternoon we headed back to the Rio Grande, but on the opposite side of the national park from our previous river visits. A stop along the way at Dugout Wells nabbed us our only Crissal Thrasher of the trip and plenty of Wilson's and Audubon's Yellow-rumped Warblers. The temperature rose as the elevation decreased closer to the river. We took advantage of the large trees here to bird from the shade. Our first stop was to see a Common Black-Hawk sitting atop its nest. We then set out to look for migrants and birds typical of the riparian forest. Summer Tanager and Bell's Vireo were common, and flocks of sparrows contained Brewer's, Lark, and Vesper.

Our third full day in Big Bend was a big one: hiking into the Chisos Mountains to look for the park's most famous avian resident, Colima Warbler. We left early to take advantage of the cool temps and early morning bird song. We found some very tame Mexican Jays, as well as Cordilleran Flycatcher and Hutton's Vireo, along the walk, and eventually heard our first Colima Warbler. It wasn't so cooperative. Nor was our second. But the third time was the charm, and a Colima Warbler finally showed brilliantly for the whole group as we ate our lunch at Boot Springs. A Blue-throated Warbler also showed off here, and a mixed flock contained migrant Townsend's and Hermit Warblers. Our way back down into the basin was punctuated, most notably, by great views of a Black-chinned Sparrow. It was a beautiful hike and we returned tired and happy to Chisos Basin.



Mexican Jays are common at higher elevations in Big Bend National Park.

It was time to say good bye to Big Bend, so we packed up early and started our way north to the Davis Mountains, stopping in a café in Terlingua for breakfast. Our first birding destination was Christmas Mountain Oasis en route, a wonderful private setup of bird feeders and water features in a desert oasis. This is just about the best place anywhere to see Lucifer Hummingbird, and today didn't disappoint, with a few very cooperative birds. Varied Bunting also visited the feeders, with Brewer's and Black-throated Sparrows underneath.

We continued north to Davis Mountains State Park. A visit to the feeding stations yielded Blackheaded Grosbeak, Pine Siskin, and other typical feeder birds, and our only Phainopepla of the trip showed up just as we were leaving the state park. We were staying at a private residence high in the mountains, so we made our way there, seeing Grace's Warbler along the way. We

spent the afternoon at the feeders of the house, watching Broad-tailed Hummingbird, Acorn Woodpecker, and Black-headed Grosbeaks enjoying the setup. Zone-tailed Hawks joined the ever-present Turkey Vultures in the evening. Western Screech-Owl, Common Poorwill, and Mexican Whip-poor-will also started calling as darkness fell.

We spent the early part of the morning enjoy the private property on which we were staying. Lazuli Bunting, Olive-sided Flycatcher, Painted Redstart, and Plumbeous and Hutton's Vireos were all part of the early morning fray. After breakfast we headed back out into the lowlands, stopping for a Cassin's Kingbird along the way. A hike in the juniper-laden hills revealed Western Bluebird, Western Wood-Pewee, and our target for the hike, Gray Flycatcher. With that success, we returned up the mountains for the evening.



Lucifer Hummingbird is a specialty of the Big Bend area.

We woke up for the last day of the trip, headed back down the mountains, and made our way to Lake Balmorhea and some nearby wetlands. We had done very little wetland birding on this trip, so we found many new species here. No doubt the highlight and biggest surprise was an Aplomado Falcon, possible a vagrant from the Mexican population, that zipped us and was fortunately photographed by another group present at the lake this morning. We also saw a Peregrine Falcon munching on a Blue-winged Teal, Long-billed Dowitcher, Western and Baird's Sandpiper, Wilson's Phalarope, Western, Clark's, and Eared Grebes, and White-faced Ibis.

With that, it was time to head to the airport. Texas treated us well, with wonderful birding, spectacular landscapes, and many memorable experiences.

### BIRD LIST-----

210 species, including 7 heard only. Taxonomy followed the *Clements Checklist of Birds of the World*  $6^{th}$  *Edition, 2016 Update*.

Black-bellied Whistling-Duck - Dendrocygna autumnalis

Gadwall - Anas strepera

American Wigeon - Anas americana

Mallard - Anas platyrhynchos

Blue-winged Teal - Anas discors

Cinnamon Teal - Anas cyanoptera

Northern Shoveler - Anas clypeata

Green-winged Teal - Anas crecca

Ring-necked Duck - Aythya collaris

Ruddy Duck - Oxyura jamaicensis

Scaled Quail - Callipepla squamata

Northern Bobwhite - Colinus virginianus

Wild Turkey - Meleagris gallopavo

Pied-billed Grebe - Podilymbus podiceps

Eared Grebe - Podiceps nigricollis

Western Grebe - Aechmophorus occidentalis

Clark's Grebe - Aechmophorus clarkii

Neotropic Cormorant - Phalacrocorax brasilianus

Great Blue Heron - Ardea herodias

Great Egret - Ardea alba

Snowy Egret - Egretta thula

Little Blue Heron - Egretta caerulea

Black-crowned Night-Heron - Nycticorax nycticorax

White-faced Ibis - Plegadis chihi

Black Vulture - Coragyps atratus

Turkey Vulture - Cathartes aura

Osprey - Pandion haliaetus

Northern Harrier - Circus cyaneus

Sharp-shinned Hawk - Accipiter striatus

Cooper's Hawk - Accipiter cooperii

Common Black Hawk - Buteogallus anthracinus

Gray Hawk - Buteo plagiatus

Red-shouldered Hawk - Buteo lineatus

Swainson's Hawk - Buteo swainsoni

Zone-tailed Hawk - Buteo albonotatus

Red-tailed Hawk - Buteo jamaicensis

Common Gallinule - Gallinula galeata

American Coot - Fulica americana

Semipalmated Plover - Charadrius semipalmatus

Killdeer - Charadrius vociferus

Baird's Sandpiper - Calidris bairdii

Least Sandpiper - Calidris minutilla

Western Sandpiper - Calidris mauri

Long-billed Dowitcher - Limnodromus scolopaceus

Wilson's Phalarope - Phalaropus tricolor

Spotted Sandpiper - Actitis macularius

Solitary Sandpiper - Tringa solitaria

Lesser Yellowlegs - Tringa flavipes

Ring-billed Gull - Larus delawarensis

Rock Pigeon - Columba livia

Eurasian Collared-Dove - Streptopelia decaocto

Inca Dove - Columbina inca

Common Ground-Dove - Columbina passerina

White-tipped Dove - Leptotila verreauxi

White-winged Dove - Zenaida asiatica

Mourning Dove - Zenaida macroura

Greater Roadrunner - Geococcyx californianus

Western Screech-Owl - Megascops kennicottii

Eastern Screech-Owl - Megascops asio

Great Horned Owl - Bubo virginianus

Elf Owl - Micrathene whitneyi

Burrowing Owl - Athene cunicularia

Lesser Nighthawk - Chordeiles acutipennis

Common Poorwill - Phalaenoptilus nuttallii

Chuck-will's-widow - Antrostomus carolinensis

Mexican Whip-poor-will - Antrostomus arizonae

Chimney Swift - Chaetura pelagica

White-throated Swift - Aeronautes saxatalis

Magnificent Hummingbird - Eugenes fulgens

Blue-throated Hummingbird - Lampornis clemenciae

Lucifer Hummingbird - Calothorax lucifer

Ruby-throated Hummingbird - Archilochus colubris

Black-chinned Hummingbird - Archilochus alexandri

Broad-tailed Hummingbird - Selasphorus platycercus

Ringed Kingfisher - Megaceryle torquata

Belted Kingfisher - Megaceryle alcyon

Green Kingfisher - Chloroceryle americana

Acorn Woodpecker - Melanerpes formicivorus

Golden-fronted Woodpecker - Melanerpes aurifrons

Yellow-bellied Sapsucker - Sphyrapicus varius

Ladder-backed Woodpecker - Picoides scalaris

Northern Flicker - Colaptes auratus

Crested Caracara - Caracara cheriway

American Kestrel - Falco sparverius

Aplomado Falcon - Falco femoralis

Peregrine Falcon - Falco peregrinus

Olive-sided Flycatcher - Contopus cooperi

Western Wood-Pewee - Contopus sordidulus

Eastern Wood-Pewee - Contopus virens

Acadian Flycatcher - Empidonax virescens

Gray Flycatcher - Empidonax wrightii

Cordilleran Flycatcher - Empidonax occidentalis

Black Phoebe - Sayornis nigricans

Eastern Phoebe - Sayornis phoebe

Say's Phoebe - Sayornis saya

Vermilion Flycatcher - Pyrocephalus rubinus

Ash-throated Flycatcher - Myiarchus cinerascens

Brown-crested Flycatcher - Myiarchus tyrannulus

Great Kiskadee - Pitangus sulphuratus

Couch's Kingbird - Tyrannus couchii

Cassin's Kingbird - Tyrannus vociferans

Western Kingbird - Tyrannus verticalis

Scissor-tailed Flycatcher - Tyrannus forficatus

Loggerhead Shrike - Lanius Iudovicianus

Black-capped Vireo - Vireo atricapilla

White-eyed Vireo - Vireo griseus

Bell's Vireo - Vireo bellii

Gray Vireo - Vireo vicinior

Hutton's Vireo - Vireo huttoni

Yellow-throated Vireo - Vireo flavifrons

Cassin's Vireo - Vireo cassinii

Plumbeous Vireo - Vireo plumbeus

Red-eyed Vireo - Vireo olivaceus

Woodhouse's Scrub-Jay - Aphelocoma woodhouseii

Mexican Jay - Aphelocoma wollweberi

Common Raven - Corvus corax

Northern Rough-winged Swallow - Stelgidopteryx serripennis

Purple Martin - Progne subis

Violet-green Swallow - Tachycineta thalassina

Bank Swallow - Riparia riparia

Barn Swallow - Hirundo rustica

Cliff Swallow - Petrochelidon pyrrhonota

Cave Swallow - Petrochelidon fulva

Carolina Chickadee - Poecile carolinensis

Black-crested Titmouse - Baeolophus atricristatus

Verdin - Auriparus flaviceps

Bushtit - Psaltriparus minimus

White-breasted Nuthatch - Sitta carolinensis

Rock Wren - Salpinctes obsoletus

Canyon Wren - Catherpes mexicanus

House Wren - Troglodytes aedon

Carolina Wren - Thryothorus Iudovicianus

Bewick's Wren - Thryomanes bewickii

Cactus Wren - Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus

Blue-gray Gnatcatcher - Polioptila caerulea

Black-tailed Gnatcatcher - Polioptila melanura

Ruby-crowned Kinglet - Regulus calendula

Eastern Bluebird - Sialia sialis

Western Bluebird - Sialia mexicana

Hermit Thrush - Catharus guttatus

Curve-billed Thrasher - Toxostoma curvirostre

Brown Thrasher - Toxostoma rufum

Long-billed Thrasher - Toxostoma longirostre

Crissal Thrasher - Toxostoma crissale

Northern Mockingbird - Mimus polyglottos

European Starling - Sturnus vulgaris

American Pipit - Anthus rubescens

Cedar Waxwing - Bombycilla cedrorum

Phainopepla - Phainopepla nitens

Louisiana Waterthrush - Parkesia motacilla

Black-and-white Warbler - Mniotilta varia

Orange-crowned Warbler - Oreothlypis celata

Colima Warbler - Oreothlypis crissalis

Lucy's Warbler - Oreothlypis luciae

Nashville Warbler - Oreothlypis ruficapilla

MacGillivray's Warbler - Geothlypis tolmiei

Common Yellowthroat - Geothlypis trichas

Tropical Parula - Setophaga pitiayumi

Yellow-rumped Warbler - Setophaga coronata

Yellow-throated Warbler - Setophaga dominica

Grace's Warbler - Setophaga graciae

Townsend's Warbler - Setophaga townsendi

Hermit Warbler - Setophaga occidentalis

Golden-cheeked Warbler - Setophaga chrysoparia

Wilson's Warbler - Cardellina pusilla

Painted Redstart - Myioborus pictus

Yellow-breasted Chat - Icteria virens

Olive Sparrow - Arremonops rufivirgatus

Chipping Sparrow - Spizella passerina

Clay-colored Sparrow - Spizella pallida

Black-chinned Sparrow - Spizella atrogularis

Field Sparrow - Spizella pusilla

Brewer's Sparrow - Spizella breweri

Black-throated Sparrow - Amphispiza bilineata

Lark Sparrow - Chondestes grammacus

Dark-eyed Junco - Junco hyemalis

White-crowned Sparrow - Zonotrichia leucophrys

Vesper Sparrow - Pooecetes gramineus

Savannah Sparrow - Passerculus sandwichensis

Lincoln's Sparrow - Melospiza lincolnii

Canyon Towhee - Melozone fusca

Rufous-crowned Sparrow - Aimophila ruficeps

Spotted Towhee - Pipilo maculatus

Hepatic Tanager - Piranga flava

Summer Tanager - Piranga rubra

Western Tanager - Piranga ludoviciana

Northern Cardinal - Cardinalis cardinalis

Pyrrhuloxia - Cardinalis sinuatus

Black-headed Grosbeak - Pheucticus melanocephalus

Blue Grosbeak - Passerina caerulea

Lazuli Bunting - Passerina amoena

Indigo Bunting - Passerina cyanea

Varied Bunting - Passerina versicolor

Painted Bunting - Passerina ciris

Dickcissel - Spiza americana

Red-winged Blackbird - Agelaius phoeniceus

Eastern Meadowlark - Sturnella magna

Yellow-headed Blackbird - Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus

Brewer's Blackbird - Euphagus cyanocephalus

Great-tailed Grackle - Quiscalus mexicanus

Bronzed Cowbird - Molothrus aeneus

Brown-headed Cowbird - Molothrus ater

Orchard Oriole - Icterus spurius

Hooded Oriole - Icterus cucullatus

Bullock's Oriole - Icterus bullockii

Scott's Oriole - Icterus parisorum

House Finch - Haemorhous mexicanus

Pine Siskin - Spinus pinus

Lesser Goldfinch - Spinus psaltria

House Sparrow - Passer domesticus

## MAMMAL LIST-----

Mexican free-tailed bat - Tadarida brasiliensis

Coyote - Canis latrans

American black bear - Ursus americanus

Raccoon - Procyon lotor

Collared peccary - Pecari tajacu

White-tailed deer - Odocoileus virginianus

Pronghorn - Antilocapra americana

Virginia opossum - Didelphis virginiana

Black-tailed jackrabbit - Lepus californicus

Desert cottontail - Sylvilagus audubonni

Fox squirrel - Sciurus niger

Mexican ground squirrel - Spermophilus mexicanus

Rock squirrel - Spermophilus variegatus

Texas antelope squirrel - Ammospermophilus interpres

Nutria - Myocastor coypus



Black Bears in Big Bend.