STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES	_	BEFORE THE
CORP., D/B/A CENTERPOINT ENERGY	_	RAILROAD COMMISSION
ENTEX AND CENTERPOINT ENERGY	_	OF TENAC
TEXAS GAS, TO INCREASE RATES IN	_	OF TEXAS
THE BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	Ş	

DAVID J. GARRETT

FILED ON BEHALF

OF

THE ALLIANCE OF CENTERPOINT MUNICIPALITIES

FEBRUARY 7, 2020

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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

I. INTRODUCTION

2 Q. STATE YOUR NAME AND OCCUPATION.

- A. My name is David J. Garrett. I am a consultant specializing in public utility regulation. I am the managing member of Resolve Utility Consulting, PLLC. I focus my practice on the primary capital recovery mechanisms for public utility companies: cost of capital and depreciation.
- 7 Q. SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
- 9 A. I received a B.B.A. degree with a major in Finance, an M.B.A. degree, and a Juris Doctor 10 degree from the University of Oklahoma. I worked in private legal practice for several 11 years before accepting a position as assistant general counsel at the Oklahoma Corporation 12 Commission in 2011. At the Commission, I worked in the Office of General Counsel in 13 regulatory proceedings. In 2012, I began working for the Public Utility Division as a 14 regulatory analyst providing testimony in regulatory proceedings. After leaving the 15 commission I formed Resolve Utility Consulting, PLLC, where I have represented various 16 consumer groups and state agencies in utility regulatory proceedings, primarily in the areas 17 of cost of capital and depreciation. I am a Certified Depreciation Professional with the 18 Society of Depreciation Professionals. I am also a Certified Rate of Return Analyst with

- the Society of Utility and Regulatory Financial Analysts. A more complete description of my qualifications and regulatory experience is included in my curriculum vitae.¹
- 3 Q. DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING.
- I am testifying on behalf of the Alliance of CenterPoint Municipalities ("ACM") regarding the depreciation study and proposed depreciation rates of CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Entex and CenterPoint Energy Texas Gas ("CenterPoint Texas" or the "Company"). I am responding to the Company's depreciation study sponsored by Mr. Dane A. Watson.

II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

10 Q. SUMMARIZE THE KEY POINTS OF YOUR TESTIMONY.

11 A. In the context of utility ratemaking, "depreciation" refers to a cost allocation system
12 designed to measure the rate by which a utility may recover its capital investments in a
13 systematic and rational manner. I employed a well-established depreciation system and
14 used actuarial analysis to statistically analyze the Company's depreciable assets in order to
15 develop reasonable depreciation rates in this case. Figure 1, below, shows my adjustments
16 to Mr. Watson's proposed depreciation parameters.²

¹ Exhibit DJG-1.

² See also Exhibit DJG-3.

Figure 1: Comparison of ACM's to Company's Depreciation Parameters

		Company	ACM	
Account		Iowa Curve	Iowa Curve	
No.	Description	Type AL	Type AL	
	Distribution Plant			
G37601 6952	Distribution Mains - Plastic	R2.5 - 63	R2 - 65	
G37901 7010	Meas. & Reg City Gate	R1 - 38	R0.5 - 43	
G38001 7023	Services - Plastic	R2.5 - 46	R2 - 56	
G38201 7090	Meter Installations Large	R1 - 38	R0.5 - 43	
	General Plant			
G39001 7200	Structures & Improvements	R3 - 40	R3 - 55	
G39201	Transportation Equipment	L2.5 - 8	S1.5 - 8	

In addition, Mr. Watson developed his proposed depreciation rates under the procedure known as the "Equal Life Group." ("ELG") The table below compares the Company's proposed depreciation accrual amounts by plant function under the ELG procedure to my adjustments.

Figure 2:
Depreciation Accrual Adjustment – ELG Procedure

Plant	Original Cost	Company	Company ACM	
Function	12/31/2015	Accrual	Accrual	Adjustment
Distributrion	1,818,509,745	64,139,334	57,059,565	(7,079,768)
General	222,465,487	17,775,979	17,375,668	(400,311)
Total	\$ 2,040,975,232	\$ 81,915,313	\$ 74,435,234	\$ (7,480,079)

ACM's total adjustment reduces the Company's proposed annual accrual under the ELG procedure by \$7.5 million.³

GUD No. 10920

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Note that the depreciation "accrual" should be distinguished from depreciation "expense." The depreciation accrual comparison show in Figure 1 applies to plant balances as of December 31, 2015.

- I have also incorporated ACM's proposed depreciation rate adjustments using the
- 2 "Average Life Group" ("ALG") procedure that I recommend the Commission adopt.
- Those results appear in the figure below:

Figure 3:
Depreciation Accrual Adjustment – ALG Procedure

Plant	Original Cost	Company	ACM	ACM
Function	12/31/2015	Accrual	Accrual Accrual	
Distributrion	1,818,509,745	64,139,334	48,505,252	(15,634,082)
General	222,465,487	17,775,979	16,951,752	(824,227)
Total	\$ 2,040,975,232	\$ 81,915,313	\$ 65,457,005	\$ (16,458,308)

My primary recommendation is that the Commission adopt my depreciation rate adjustments using the ALG procedure which results in a \$16,458,308 reduction to the Company's proposal depreciation accrual. My secondary recommendation is for the Commission to adopt my depreciation rate adjustments but using the Company's proposed ELG procedure. This results in a \$7,480,079 reduction to the Company's proposed depreciation accrual.

10 Q. SUMMARIZE THE PRIMARY FACTORS DRIVING ACM'S ADJUSTMENTS.

11 A. I propose adjustments to several distribution and general accounts. For each of these accounts, I propose a longer average remaining life, which results in a lower depreciation rate and expense for each account I adjust. These accounts will be discussed in more detail below.⁴

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⁴ See also Exhibit DJG-3.

- 1 Q. IS THE DEPRECIATION STUDY SPONSORED BY MR. WATSON IN THIS CASE THE SAME AS THE DEPRECIATION STUDY PRESENTED IN GUD NO. 10567?
- 4 A. Yes. According to Mr. Watson, the depreciation study presented in this case is the same
- as the one presented in GUD No. 10567.5 GUD No. 10567 was CenterPoint Texas-
- 6 Houston and Texas Coast Division's 2016 base-rate filing.

7 Q. WERE THE DEPRECIATION RATES PROPOSED IN GUD NO. 10567 8 LITIGATED BEFORE THE COMMISSION?

- 9 A. No. The depreciation rates ultimately approved in GUD No. 10567 were the result of a settlement.⁶
- 11 Q. DID YOU ALSO FILE TESTIMONY IN GUD 10567?
- 12 A. Yes. I filed testimony in GUD 10567 responding to the depreciation study sponsored by
 13 Mr. Watson in that case.
- 14 Q. ARE YOU PROPOSING DIFFERENT LIFE OR NET SALVAGE PARAMETERS
 15 IN THIS CASE THAN YOU DID IN GUD 10567?
- 16 A. No. In GUD 10567, I proposed service life adjustments to several accounts. I am
 17 proposing those same adjustments in this case. However, in this testimony I also quantify
 18 the impact on depreciation rates from using the ELG procedure, as opposed to the ALG
 19 procedure, and I provide further discussion of that issue. I also provide a more detailed
- 20 discussion of my use of the *book* reserve in calculating my proposed depreciation rates, as
- 21 opposed to a *theoretical* reserve.
- 22 Q. DESCRIBE WHY IT IS IMPORTANT NOT TO OVERESTIMATE 23 DEPRECIATION RATES.
- 24 A. Under the rate base rate of return model, the utility is allowed to recover the original cost of its prudent investments required to provide service. Depreciation systems are designed to allocate those costs in a systematic and rational manner specifically, over the service

Direct Testimony of Dane A. Watson, p. 5, lines 20-23.

⁶ Final Order, GUD 10567.

1	life of the utility's assets. If depreciation rates are overestimated (i.e., service lives are
2	underestimated), it encourages economic inefficiency.

Unlike competitive firms, regulated utility companies are not always incentivized by natural market forces to make the most economically efficient decisions. If a utility is allowed to recover the cost of an asset before the end of its useful life, this could incentivize the utility to unnecessarily replace the asset in order to increase rate base, which results in economic waste. Thus, from a public policy perspective, it is preferable for regulators to ensure that assets are not depreciated before the end of their true useful lives.

While underestimating the useful lives of depreciable assets could financially harm current ratepayers and encourage economic waste, unintentionally overestimating depreciable lives (i.e., underestimating depreciation rates) does not harm the Company. This is because if an asset's life is overestimated, there are a variety of measures that regulators can use to ensure the utility is not financially harmed. One such measure would be the use of a regulatory asset account. In that case, the Company's original cost investment in these assets would remain in the Company's rate base until they are recovered.

Thus, the process of depreciation strives for a perfect match between actual and estimated useful life. When these estimates are not exact, however, it is better that useful lives are overestimated rather than underestimated.

III. <u>LEGAL STANDARDS</u>

19 Q. DISCUSS THE STANDARD BY WHICH REGULATED UTILITIES ARE ALLOWED TO RECOVER DEPRECIATION EXPENSE.

A. In *Lindheimer v. Illinois Bell Telephone Co.*, the U.S. Supreme Court stated that "depreciation is the loss, not restored by current maintenance, which is due to all the factors causing the ultimate retirement of the property. These factors embrace wear and tear, decay, inadequacy, and obsolescence." The *Lindheimer* Court also recognized that the

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⁷ Lindheimer v. Illinois Bell Tel. Co., 292 U.S. 151, 167 (1934).

original cost of plant assets, rather than present value or some other measure, is the proper basis for calculating depreciation expense. Moreover, the *Lindheimer* Court found:

[T]he company has the burden of making a convincing showing that the amounts it has charged to operating expenses for depreciation have not been excessive. That burden is not sustained by proof that its general accounting system has been correct. The calculations are mathematical, but the predictions underlying them are essentially matters of opinion.⁹

Thus, the Commission must ultimately determine if the Company has met its burden of proof by making a convincing showing that its proposed depreciation rates are not excessive.

6 Q. SHOULD DEPRECIATION REPRESENT AN ALLOCATED COST OF CAPITAL TO OPERATION, RATHER THAN A MECHANISM TO DETERMINE LOSS OF VALUE?

A. Yes. While the *Lindheimer* case and other early literature recognized depreciation as a necessary expense, the language suggested that depreciation was primarily a mechanism to determine loss of value.¹⁰ Adoption of this "value concept" would require annual appraisals of extensive utility plant and is thus not practical in this context. Rather, the "cost allocation concept" recognizes that depreciation is a cost of providing service, and that in addition to receiving a "return *on*" invested capital through the allowed rate of return, a utility should also receive a "return *of*" its invested capital in the form of recovered depreciation expense.

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Id. (Referring to the straight-line method, the Lindheimer Court stated that "[a]ccording to the principle of this accounting practice, the loss is computed upon the actual cost of the property as entered upon the books, less the expected salvage, and the amount charged each year is one year's pro rata share of the total amount."). The original cost standard was reaffirmed by the Court in Federal Power Commission v. Hope Natural Gas Co., 320 U.S. 591, 606 (1944). The Hope Court stated: "Moreover, this Court recognized in [Lindheimer], supra, the propriety of basing annual depreciation on cost. By such a procedure the utility is made whole and the integrity of its investment maintained. No more is required."

⁹ *Id.* at 169.

See Frank K. Wolf & W. Chester Fitch, Depreciation Systems 71 (Iowa State University Press 1994) ("Wolf").

- 1 The cost allocation concept also satisfies several fundamental accounting principles,
- 2 including verifiability, neutrality, and the matching principle.¹¹ The definition of
- 3 "depreciation accounting" published by the American Institute of Certified Public
- 4 Accountants ("AICPA") properly reflects the cost allocation concept:

Depreciation accounting is a system of accounting that aims to distribute cost or other basic value of tangible capital assets, less salvage (if any), over the estimated useful life of the unit (which may be a group of assets) in a systematic and rational manner. It is a process of allocation, not of valuation.¹²

- 5 Thus, the concept of depreciation as "the allocation of cost has proven to be the most useful
- 6 and most widely used concept."¹³

IV. ANALYTIC METHODS

A. DEPRECIATION SYSTEM

- 7 Q. DISCUSS YOUR APPROACH TO ANALYZING THE COMPANY'S DEPRECIABLE PROPERTY IN THIS CASE.
- 9 A. Mr. Watson developed his proposed depreciation rates based on depreciable property 10 recorded as of December 31, 2015. I used the same plant balances to develop my proposed
- depreciation rates.
- 12 Q. DISCUSS THE DEFINITION AND PURPOSE OF A DEPRECIATION SYSTEM, 13 AS WELL AS THE DEPRECIATION SYSTEM YOU EMPLOYED FOR THIS 14 PROJECT.
- 15 A. The legal standards set forth above do not mandate a specific procedure for conducting depreciation analysis. These standards, however, direct that analysts use a system for

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National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners, *Public Utility Depreciation Practices* 12 (NARUC 1996).

American Institute of Accountants, Accounting Terminology Bulletins Number 1: Review and Résumé 25 (American Institute of Accountants 1953).

¹³ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 73.

estimating depreciation rates that will result in the "systematic and rational" allocation of capital recovery for the utility.

Over the years, analysts have developed "depreciation systems" designed to analyze grouped property in accordance with this standard. A depreciation system may be defined by several primary parameters: 1) a method of allocation; 2) a procedure for applying the method of allocation; 3) a technique of applying the depreciation rate; and 4) a model for analyzing the characteristics of vintage property groups.¹⁴

In this case, I used the straight line method, the average life procedure, the remaining life technique, and the broad group model; this system would be denoted as an "SL-AL-RL-BG" system. I also calculated depreciation rates under the ELG procedure, which is the same procedure used by Mr. Watson in this case. I provide a more detailed discussion of depreciation system parameters, theories, and equations in Appendix A. The distinctions between the ALG and ELG procedures are discussed further below.

B. ALG VS ELG PROCEDURE

14 Q. EXPLAIN THE PRIMARY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ALG AND ELG PROCEDURES.

16 A. In the ALG procedure, a constant accrual rate based on the average life of all property in 17 the group is applied to the surviving property. ¹⁵ In the ELG procedure, property is divided 18 into subgroups that each have a common life. Pertinently, the ELG procedure results in 19 higher depreciation rates in the early years of a vintage's life. This fact is confirmed by 20 authoritative depreciation literature. According to Wolf:

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¹⁴ See Wolf supra n. 10, at 70, 140.

¹⁵ *Id.* at 74-75.

When contrasted with the average life procedure, the equal life group procedure results in annual accruals that are <u>higher</u> during the early years and lower in the later years.¹⁶

- The NARUC Public Utility Depreciation Practices also makes the same conclusion about the equal life procedure:
 - [T]he ELG procedure results in annual accruals that are <u>higher</u> during the early years of a vintage's life, thereby causing an increase in depreciation expense and revenue requirements during these years.¹⁷
- In contrast, use of the average life results in the same depreciation rate applied to each age interval.
- 5 Q. IN DISCUSSING THE LEGAL AND TECHNICAL STANDARDS ABOVE, YOU STATED THAT A DEPRECIATION SYSTEM SHOULD RESULT IN SYSTEMATICAL AND RATIONAL COST RECOVERY. DO YOU THINK THE ELG PROCEDURE WOULD LIKELY VIOLATE THAT FUNDAMENTAL STANDARD?
 - A. Yes. In theory, the ELG could be part of a systematic and rational cost recovery system. In practice, however, it would be difficult to come to the same conclusion. In order for the ELG procedure to be properly applied, a utility would need to revise its depreciation rates each year. However, given the high costs and logistical difficulties involved with prosecuting rate cases, this would be impractical and inefficient. When a utility has made substantial, recent capital investments, depreciation expense calculated under the ELG procedure will always be higher than the expense calculated under the ALG procedure. The larger the amount of the investments, the larger the discrepancy will be between the two procedures. If ELG depreciation rates are not adjusted each year, it results in artificially high, accelerated depreciation rates that continue on longer than what is contemplated under the ELG procedure. In that regard, to the extent a regulator has approved ELG depreciation rates, but then does not also adjust those rates each year, it is in effect a distorted form of accelerated depreciation (i.e., not straight-line rates).

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¹⁶ *Id.* at 93 (emphasis added).

¹⁷ National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners, *Public Utility Depreciation Practices* 176 (NARUC 1996) (emphasis added).

Moreover, this incorrect application of the ELG procedure results in intergenerational inequity, as current ratepayers are burdened with a disproportionally higher amount of capital recovery through depreciation expense relative to future ratepayers.

4 Q. WHICH GROUPING PROCEDURE IS MORE COMMONLY USED IN UTILITY REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS?

- A. The ALG procedure is the most commonly used procedure by analysts in depreciation proceedings. In fact, I have been involved in several cases with Mr. Watson in which he has used the ALG procedure.
- 9 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE OF HOW THE ELG PROCEDURE RESULTS
 10 IN HIGHER DEPRECIATION RATES IN EARLIER YEARS RELATIVE TO THE
 11 ALG PROCEDURE.
 - A. For the following illustration, assume a group of property containing two units, one with an original cost of \$4,000 and a 4-year life and the second with an original cost of \$6,000 and an 8-year life. Thus, the average life of this group is 6.4 years. Under the ALG procedure, the depreciation rate is 15.625% per year (1/6.4 = 15.625%). The following table illustrates this example.

Figure 4: ALG Procedure

				Annual	Accum.
Year	Balance	Retired	Rate	Accrual	Deprec.
1974	10000		15.625%	1563	0
1975	10000		15.625%	1563	1563
1976	10000		15.625%	1563	3125
1977	10000	4000	15.625%	1563	4688
1978	6000		15.625%	938	2250
1979	6000		15.625%	938	3188
1980	6000		15.625%	938	4125
1981	6000	6000	15.625%	938	5063
1982	0				0

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¹⁸ See Wolf supra n. 10, at 82.

¹⁹ AL = $[(\$4,000 \times 4) + (\$6,000 \times 8)] / \$10,000 = 6.4 \text{ years.}$

- As shown in the annual accrual column, the full \$10,000 is depreciated after eight years.
- Now, considering the same assumptions presented above, the Table 5 and Table 6 illustrate
- 3 the same scenario except that the rate is calculated under the ELG procedure.

Figure 5: ELG Procedure

				Annual	Accum.
Year	Balance	Retired	Rate	Accrual	Deprec.
1974	10000		17.50%	1750	0
1975	10000		17.50%	1750	1750
1976	10000		17.50%	1750	3500
1977	10000	4000	17.50%	1750	5250
1978	6000		12.50%	750	3000
1979	6000		12.50%	750	3750
1980	6000		12.50%	750	4500
1981	6000	6000	12.50%	750	5250
1982	0				0

As with the ALG example presented above, the full \$10,000 investment is still fully depreciated after eight years. However, there are higher rate and accrual amounts during the earlier years. The reason there is a 17.5% depreciation rate instead of a 15.625% depreciation rate in the early years is because the two units in this group are treated separately under the ELG procedure. The following table shows how the rates in this example are calculated.

Figure 6: ELG Rate Development

			_	Annual A	Accrual
	Group	Group	Group		
Group	Amount	Life	Rate	1974-77	1978-81
Α	4000	4	25.00%	1000	
В	6000	8	12.50%	750	750
Annual acc	ruals			1750	750
Balance du	ring interval		_	10000	6000
Annual acc	rual rate %		_	17.50%	12.50%

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This example is simplified in an attempt to explain the complexities of the ELG procedure.

In this example, the higher rate of 17.5% stayed the same for four years because there are only two units in this example, and the rate drops to 12.5% after the first unit retires. In reality, when the ELG procedure is applied to large groups of property, such as the Company's, the depreciation rate would decline each year and result in reduced depreciation expense.

7 Q. BY PROPOSING DEPRECIATION RATES CALCULATED UNDER THE ELG 8 PROCEDURE, HAS THE COMPANY MET ITS BURDEN TO SHOW THAT ITS 9 PROPOSED DEPRECIATION RATES ARE REASONABLE?

No. This burden potentially could be met with regard to this issue if the Company was also proposing to have its depreciation rates adjusted every year in order to reflect a mathematically proper application of the ELG procedure, but the Company has not made such a request. Also, given that the Company will in all likelihood not file another general rate case until after it files a series of "interim rate adjustments" under Gas Utility Regulatory Act § 104.301, and that the Commission changes a utility's depreciation rates only in a general rate case, it will be about 5 to 6 years before the Commission reviews the Company's depreciation rates again. Thus, to the extent the Commission approves the Company's ELG-derived rates, the Company will receive arbitrarily higher cash flows for its investors each subsequent year after this proceeding until its next depreciation study is filed. Under these circumstances, the Company has not made a convincing showing that its proposed rates are reasonable. Instead, in light of how the ELG approach functions, its proposed deprecation rates are excessive.

Q. DID YOU ALSO QUANTIFY YOUR DEPRECIATION ADJUSTMENT USING ALG DEPRECIATION RATES?

25 A. Yes. I also present my depreciation-parameter adjustments under the ALG procedure. The 26 following table incorporates the same depreciation parameters I used to calculate the 27 adjustments I show in Figure 1, above but calculated under the ALG procedure.²⁰

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²⁰ See Attachment DJG-2-4, 2-5, and 2-6.; see also Attachment DJG-2-18 for remaining life calculations.

Figure 7:
Depreciation Accrual Adjustment – ALG Procedure

Plant Function	 Original Cost 12/31/2015	 Company Accrual	ACM Accrual	 ACM Adjustment
Distributrion General	1,818,509,745 222,465,487	 64,139,334 17,775,979	48,505,252 16,951,752	 (15,634,082) (824,227)
Total	\$ 2,040,975,232	\$ 81,915,313	\$ 65,457,005	\$ (16,458,308)

As shown in Table 7, my proposed depreciation rates under the ALG procedure result in an adjustment reducing the Company's proposed depreciation accrual by \$16.5 million. Under the ELG procedure shown above my proposed depreciation rates result in an adjustment reducing the Company's proposed depreciation accrual by only \$7.5 million. This means that using the ELG accelerated rates results in \$9 million per year of additional depreciation accrual.

7 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION TO THE COMMISSION REGARDING THE APPROPRIATE GROUPING PROCEDURE?

My understanding is that the Commission has approved ELG depreciation rates in prior proceedings. Again, I would remind the Commission that although it has previously adopted rates calculated under the ELG procedure in a particular case, it has never to the best of my knowledge, entered an order that effectively adopts the appropriate execution of the ELG procedure, which would involve an annual adjustment (and likely decrease) of the ELG rates. Thus, my primary recommendation is that the Commission reject use of the ELG procedure and adopt the depreciation rates using the ALG procedure reflected in Exhibit DJG-4. Given the Commission's prior preference for the ELG procedure however, I am also making an alternative recommendation that my rates calculated under the ELG procedure by approved, as shown in Exhibit DJG-6.

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C. BOOK RESERVE VS. THEORETICAL RESERVE

1	Q.	DESCRIBE	HOW TH	E BOOK	RESERVE	IS	INCORPORATED	INTO	THE
2		REMAINING	G-LIFE DI	PRECIA	TION-RATE	CA	LCULATION.		

- A. Under the remaining life technique, the book depreciation reserve is subtracted from the gross plant balance of each account and allocated over the remaining life of plant, as estimated through Iowa curve analysis. This feature of the remaining life technique is important because it highlights the purpose for which the remaining life technique was created.
 - Over time, imbalances between the book reserve and the "theoretical reserve" can develop. Essentially, the theoretical reserve is the balance that the book reserve "should be" if the current depreciation parameters (i.e., life and net salvage estimates) had been applied to the account from the beginning. If the "whole life" technique is used instead of the remaining life technique, then a manual rebalancing of the depreciation reserve should be conducted, which adds complexities to a regulatory proceeding. For this reason, the majority of depreciation analysts and regulatory jurisdictions rely on the remaining life technique in depreciation rate development. Under the remaining life technique, there is no need to make a separate adjustment to rebalance or reallocate the theoretical reserve to bring it closer to the book reserve.
 - The authoritative texts are clear that, when using the remaining life technique, no separate reallocation of the theoretical reserve (or "Calculated Accumulated Depreciation" or "CAD") is required or even necessary. According to Wolf:
 - Users of remaining life depreciation often do not explicitly calculate the CAD. As previously discussed, calculation of the CAD is implicit in the use of the remaining life method of adjustment, because the variation between the CAD and the accumulated provision for depreciation is automatically amortized over the remaining life.
- The NARUC manual also agrees that no separate reallocation of the theoretical reserve is required when using the remaining life technique:

1	The desirability of using the remaining life technique is that any necessary
2	adjustments of depreciation reserves, because of changes to the estimates of
3	life on net salvage, are accrued automatically over the remaining life of the
4	property.

Thus, the primary purpose of the remaining life technique is the fact that a separate adjustment to the theoretical reserve is not required.

7 Q. DESPITE THE AUTOMATIC REBALANCING FEATURE INHERENT IN THE 8 REMAINING LIFE TECHNIQUE, DID MR. WATSON PROPOSE A MANUAL 9 REBALANCING OF THE DEPRECIATION RESERVE?

10 A. Yes. Mr. Watson performed a manual "reserve reallocation" within each plant function at the division level.²¹ Mr. Watson's approach with regard to manual reserve rebalancing is not in conformance with authoritative depreciation texts or the approach utilized by the majority of depreciation analysts. Moreover, as discussed above, Mr. Watson's manual rebalancing of the reserve is simply not necessary.

15 Q. IN DEVELOPING YOUR PROPOSED DEPRECIATION RATES, DID YOU UTILIZE THE BOOK RESERVE?

17 A. Yes. In conformance with the authoritative depreciation texts cited above, I used the book 18 reserve, rather than a rebalanced reserve, when calculating my proposed depreciation rates 19 under the remaining life technique. This accounted for about \$1 million of the total 20 adjustment. In other words, Mr. Watson's choice to use his own reserve calculation adds 21 about \$1 million to the Company's proposed depreciation accrual.

Q. IN ADDITION TO THE REASONS DISCUSSED ABOVE, ARE THERE OTHER PRACTICAL BENEFITS OBTAINED BY USING THE BOOK RESERVE INSTEAD OF A REBALANCED RESERVE AS PROPOSED BY MR. WATSON?

25 A. Yes. Mr. Watson's rebalanced reserve is mathematically influenced by each one of his 26 service life and net salvage estimates. Thus, if the Commission were to adopt even one 27 adjustment proposed by any party to either service life or net salvage, Mr. Watson's 28 rebalanced reserve estimates would no longer be accurate.

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Direct Testimony of Dane A. Watson, p. 5, lines 8-13.

On the other hand, if the book reserve is used to calculate depreciation rates, in conformance with the authoritative depreciation texts cited above, then the Commission could freely adjust service life and net salvage without having to also consider a further rebalancing of the depreciation reserve to maintain technical accuracy. Thus, using the book reserve instead of rebalanced reserve is not only in conformance with depreciation texts and standard practice in the industry, but it is also more practical and efficient in the context of a regulatory proceeding.

Finally, Mr. Watson's calculated reserve is based on his opinion, while the book reserve I used to calculate my proposed rates is based on fact. In a process that involves numerous estimates and opinions regarding depreciation parameters such as service life and net salvage, it is preferable to rely on as common set of facts where we can, and the reserve is one such input that should be based on facts, not opinions.

V. <u>ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS</u>

Q. DESCRIBE THE ACTUARIAL PROCESS YOU USED TO ANALYZE THE COMPANY'S DEPRECIABLE PROPERTY.

A. The study of retirement patterns of industrial property is derived from the actuarial process used to study human mortality. Just as actuaries study historical human mortality data in order to predict how long a group of people will live, depreciation analysts study historical plant data in order to estimate the average lives of property groups.

The most common actuarial method used by depreciation analysts is called the "retirement rate method." In the retirement rate method, original property data, including additions, retirements, transfers, and other transactions, are organized by vintage and transaction year.²²

GUD No. 10920

The "vintage" year refers to the year that a group of property was placed in service (aka "placement" year). The "transaction" year refers to the accounting year in which a property transaction occurred, such as an addition, retirement, or transfer (aka "experience" year).

1	The retirement rate method is ultimately used to develop an "observed life table," ("OLT")
2	which shows the percentage of property surviving at each age interval. This pattern of
3	property retirement is described as a "survivor curve."

The survivor curve derived from the observed life table, however, must be fitted and smoothed with a complete curve in order to determine the ultimate average life of the group.²³ The most widely used survivor curves for this curve-fitting process were developed at Iowa State University in the early 1900s and are commonly known as the "Iowa curves."²⁴ A more detailed explanation of how the Iowa curves are used in the actuarial analysis of depreciable property is set forth in Appendix C.

10 Q. DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S PLANT DATA AND HOW IT AFFECTED YOUR APPROACH AND ANALYSIS IN THIS CASE.

A. For the general plant accounts (390 – 398), the Company had "aged data" available. Aged data refers to a collection of property data for which the dates of placements, retirements, transfers, and other actions are known. In maintaining aged data, when a utility retires an asset, it would not only record the year it was retired, but it would also track the year the asset was placed into service, or the "vintage" year. The Company, however, did not have aged data available for all of its accounts.

When aged data is not available, the year-end balances of each account are known, but analysts must "simulate" an actuarial analysis by estimating the proportion that each vintage group contributed to year-end balances. For this reason, simulated data is not as reliable as aged data. In order to analyze accounts that do not contain aged data, analysts use the "simulated plant record" ("SPR") method. Because the analytical approach is not the same for actuarial and simulated data, I will separately discuss each approach and the corresponding accounts below.

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See Appendix C for a more detailed discussion of the actuarial analysis used to determine the average lives of grouped industrial property.

²⁴ See Appendix B for a more detailed discussion of the Iowa curves.

A. SERVICE LIFE ESTIMATES

1	Q.	GENERALLY DESCRIBE YOUR APPROACH IN ESTIMATING THE SERVICE
2		LIVES OF MASS PROPERTY.

- 3 A. I used the Company's aged property data to create an observed life table ("OLT") for each
- account. The data points on the OLT can be plotted to form a curve (the "OLT curve").
- 5 The OLT curve is not a theoretical curve, rather, it is actual observed data from the
- 6 Company's records that indicate the rate of retirement for each property group.
- An OLT curve by itself, however, is rarely a smooth curve, and is often not a "complete"
- 8 curve (i.e., it does not end at zero percent surviving). In order to calculate average life (the
- area under a curve), a complete survivor curve is needed. The Iowa curves are empirically
- derived curves based on the extensive studies of the actual mortality patterns of many
- different types of industrial property.
- The curve-fitting process involves selecting the best Iowa curve to fit the OLT curve. This
- can be accomplished through a combination of visual and mathematical curve-fitting
- techniques, as well as professional judgment. The first step of my approach to curve-fitting
- involves visually inspecting the OLT curve for any irregularities. For example, if the "tail"
- end of the curve is erratic and shows a sharp decline over a short period of time, it may
- indicate that this portion of the data is less reliable, as further discussed below. After
- inspecting the OLT curve, I use a mathematical curve-fitting technique which essentially
- involves measuring the distance between the OLT curve and the selected Iowa curve in
- order to get an objective, mathematical assessment of how well the curve fits.
- After selecting an Iowa curve, I observe the OLT curve along with the Iowa curve on the
- same graph to determine how well the curve fits. I may repeat this process several times
- for any given account to ensure that the most reasonable Iowa curve is selected.

Q. DO YOU ALWAYS SELECT THE MATHEMATICALLY BEST-FITTING CURVE?

- A. Not necessarily. Mathematical fitting is an important part of the curve-fitting process
- because it promotes objective, unbiased results. While mathematical curve fitting is

important, it may not always yield the optimum result; therefore, it should not necessarily be adopted without further analysis.

3 Q. SHOULD EVERY PORTION OF THE OLT CURVE BE GIVEN EQUAL WEIGHT?

5 Not necessarily. Many analysts have observed that the points comprising the "tail end" of A. 6 the OLT curve may often have less analytical value than other portions of the curve. In 7 fact, "[p]oints at the end of the curve are often based on fewer exposures and may be given 8 less weight than points based on larger samples. The weight placed on those points will depend on the size of the exposures."25 In accordance with this standard, an analyst may 9 decide to truncate the tail end of the OLT curve at a certain percent of initial exposures, 10 11 such as one percent. Using this approach puts a greater emphasis on the most valuable 12 portions of the curve.

For my analysis in this case, I not only considered the entirety of the OLT curve, but also conducted further analyses that involved fitting Iowa curves to the most significant part of the OLT curve for certain accounts. In other words, to verify the accuracy of my curve selection, I narrowed the focus of my additional calculation to consider the top 99% of the "exposures" (i.e., dollars exposed to retirement) and to eliminate the tail end of the curve representing the bottom 1% of exposures. I will illustrate an example of this approach in the discussion below.

B. ACCOUNT 390 – STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS

20 Q. DESCRIBE YOUR SERVICE LIFE ESTIMATE FOR THIS ACCOUNT AND COMPARE IT WITH THE COMPANY'S ESTIMATE.

A. The observed survivor curve for this account provides a good example of how the tail end of the observed survivor curve can be unreliable and statistically irrelevant. The observed survivor curve is derived from the OLT calculated from the Company's aged plant data. Thus, as set forth above, the OLT curve is not an estimate or a theoretical curve, rather, it

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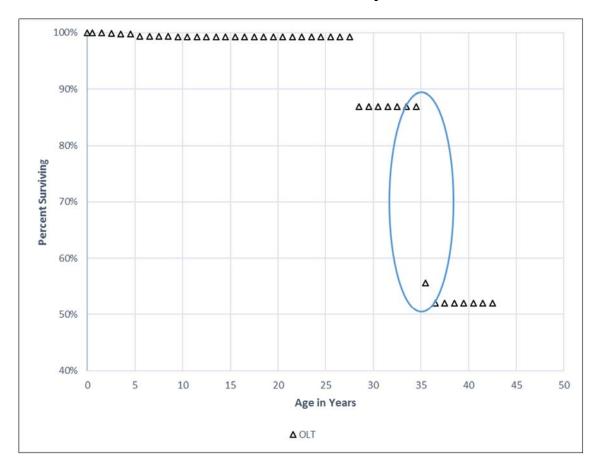
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²⁵ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 46.

represents actual data. The graph below shows the OLT curve (black triangles) for this account.

Figure 8: Account 390 – Structures and Improvements



This graph shows the entire OLT curve obtained from the Company's plant data. These data show a sudden drop in the OLT curve at age 35. Examination of the observed life table provides further explanation of this sudden change in the OLT curve. Figure 9 below shows the pertinent portion of the observed life table for this account

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Figure 9: Account 390 – Portion of Observed Life Table

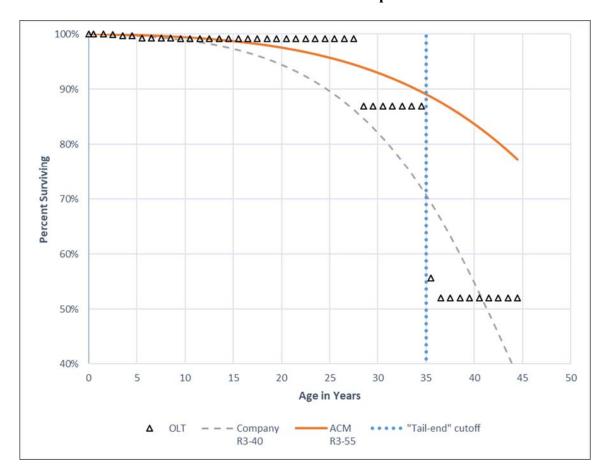
			Retirement	Percent
Age	Exposures	Retirements	Ratio	Surviving
0	\$ 28,898,108	\$ -	0.000	100.00%
0.5	21,359,188	-	0.000	100.00%
1.5	16,557,960	17,056	0.001	100.00%
2.5	15,420,536	20,386	0.001	99.90%
3.5	888,380	-	0.000	99.76%
4.5	667,053	3,052	0.005	99.76%
5.5	576,693	-	0.000	99.31%
32.5	227,711	-	0.000	86.99%
33.5	227,711	-	0.000	86.99%
34.5	227,711	82,047	0.360	86.99%
35.5	145,664	9,500	0.065	55.64%
36.5	136,164	-	0.000	52.01%
37.5	136,164	-	0.000	52.01%
38.5	120,089	-	0.000	52.01%
39.5	33,654	-	0.000	52.01%
40.5	33,654	-	0.000	52.01%

This life table shows the dollars exposed to retirement (or "exposures") at the beginning of each age interval and the dollars retired during each age interval. The retirement ratio is calculated by dividing the retirements by the exposures. The percent surviving at each age interval is shown in the far-right column. At age interval 34.5, the data show a substantial decrease in the percent surviving – from 86.99% to 55.64%. This interval corresponds with the gap in the OLT curve shown in the previous graph shown in Figure 8. In an account with beginning exposures of \$28.9 million, a mere \$82,047 of retirements cause a decrease of 31% in the OLT curve, a substantial decrease. We should not give the same analytical weight to the remaining data points in the OLT curve after this point. This illustration demonstrates that when the tail end of the OLT curve contains far fewer exposures than other portions of the OLT curve, it can be erratic and very problematic from a statistical standpoint.

1 Q. DID THE COMPANY'S SELECTED IOWA CURVE FOR THIS ACCOUNT APPEAR TO TRACK THE TAIL END OF THE OLT CURVE.

A. Yes. For this account the Company selected the Iowa R3-40 curve to represent its mortality characteristics. I selected the Iowa R3-55 curve for this account. These two curves are juxtaposed with the OLT curve in the graph below, shown in Figure 10.²⁶

Figure 10: Account 390 – Structures and Improvements



The vertical dotted line at the 35-year age interval shows the erratic drop in the OLT curve discussed above. The data points of the OLT curve to the right of this line should be ignored from a statistical standpoint. The Company's R3-40 curve, however, declines

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²⁶ See also Exhibit DJG-6.

- sharply beginning at the age-15 interval and appears to give significance to the erratic tail end of this OLT curve.
- 3 Q. IS YOUR SELECTED IOWA CURVE A BETTER MATHEMATICAL FIT TO THE RELEVANT PORTION OF THE OLT CURVE?
- 5 A. Yes. Although it is visually clear that the Iowa R3-55 curve is a better fit to the relevant 6 portion of the OLT curve, this fact can also be confirmed mathematically. Mathematical 7 curve fitting essentially involves measuring the distance between the OLT curve and the 8 selected Iowa curve. The best mathematically fitted curve is the one that minimizes the 9 distance between the OLT curve and the Iowa curve, thus providing the closest fit. The 10 "distance" between the curves is calculated using the "sum-of-squared differences" 11 ("SSD") technique. In Account 390, the total SSD, or "distance" between the Company's 12 curve and the relevant portion of the OLT curve is 0.1318, while the total SSD between 13 R3-55 and the OLT curve is only 0.0275.
 - C. ACCOUNT 392 TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT
- 14 Q. DESCRIBE YOUR SERVICE LIFE ESTIMATE FOR THIS ACCOUNT AND COMPARE IT WITH THE COMPANY'S ESTIMATE.
- 16 A. Mr. Watson selected the L2.5-8 Iowa curve for this account, and I selected the S1.5-8 curve.
- Both curves are shown in the graph below along with the OLT curve.

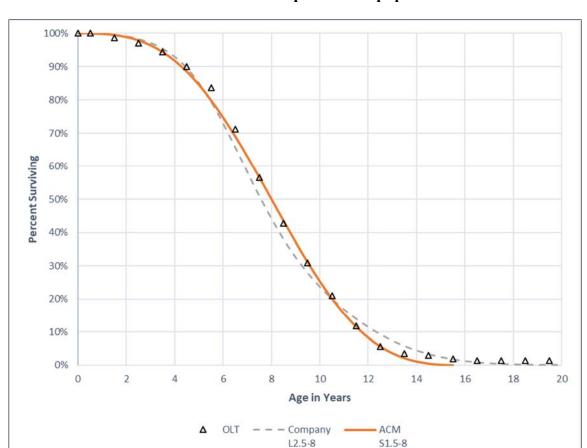


Figure 11: Account 392 – Transportation Equipment

As shown in the graph, both Iowa curves appear to provide relatively close fits to the OLT curve, though from a visual perspective, the S1.5-8 curve appears to provide a closer fit throughout most portions of the OLT curve. We can use mathematical curve fitting to confirm the better result.

Q. DOES YOUR SELECTED IOWA CURVE PROVIDE A BETTER MATHEMATICAL FIT TO THE OLT CURVE?

7 A. Yes. Specifically, the SSD for the Company's Iowa curve is 0.0137, while the SSD for the S1.5-8 curve I selected is only 0.0024, which means it is the better fitting curve from a mathematical standpoint.

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VI. SIMULATED PLANT RECORD ANALYSIS

1 Q. DESCRIBE THE SIMULATED PLANT RECORD METHOD.

As discussed above, when aged data is not available, we must "simulate" the actuarial data required for a remaining life analysis. For the distribution accounts in this case, the Company did not provide aged data. Thus, Mr. Watson and I both used the simulated plant record ("SPR") model to analyze these accounts.²⁷ The SPR method involves analyzing the Company's unaged data by choosing an Iowa curve that best simulates that actual year-end account balances in the account.

8 Q. DESCRIBE THE METRICS USED TO ASSESS THE FIT OF SELECTED IOWA CURVE IN THE SPR MODEL.

There are two primary metrics used to measure the fit of the Iowa curve selected to describe an SPR account. The first is the "conformance index" ("CI"). The CI is the average observed plant balance for the tested years, divided by the square root of the average sum of squared differences (the "SSD" discussed above) between the simulated and actual balances plant balances.²⁸ A higher CI indicates a better fit. Alex Bauhan, who developed the CI, also proposed a scale for measuring the value of the CI, as follows.

Figure 12: Conformance Index Scale

<u>CI</u>	<u>Value</u>
> 75	Excellent
50 - 75	Good
25 - 50	Fair
< 25	Poor

Even Bauhan, however, described his own scale as "arbitrary." 29

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A detailed discussion of the SPR method is included in Appendix D.

Bauhan, A. E., "Life Analysis of Utility Plant for Depreciation Accounting Purposes by the Simulated Plant Record Method," 1947, Appendix of the EEI, 1952.

²⁹ *Id*.

The second metric used to assess the accuracy of an Iowa curve chosen for SPR analysis is called the "retirement experience index" ("REI") which was also proposed by Bauhan. The REI measures the length of retirement experience in an account. A greater retirement experience indicates more reliability in the analytical results for an account. Bauhan proposed a similar scale for the REI, as follows.

Figure 13: Retirement Experience Index Scale

<u>REI</u>	<u>Value</u>
> 75%	Excellent
50% – 75%	Good
33% - 50%	Fair
17% – 33%	Poor
0% - 17%	Valueless

According to Bauhan, "[i]n order for a life determination to be considered entirely satisfactory, it should be required that <u>both</u> the retirement experience index and the conformance index be "Good" or better."³⁰ I considered both of these scales in assessing my SPR analysis for each account, as further described below.

10 Q. DESCRIBE YOUR SPR ANALYSIS OF THE COMPANY'S DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNTS.

12 A. I made adjustments to four distribution accounts based on the SPR method. Each account is individually discussed below.

A. ACCOUNT 376 – DISTRIBUTION MAINS – PLASTIC

14 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE MR. WATSON'S ESTIMATE FOR THIS ACCOUNT.

15 A. Mr. Watson chose an R2.5-63 curve for this account.³¹

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³⁰ *Id.* (emphasis added).

³¹ Exhibit DAW-2, p. 31.

ACCORDING TO THE SPR ANALYSIS, DOES THE R2.5 CURVE SELECTED 1 Q. 2 BY MR. WATSON HAVE ANY ANALYTICAL VALUE?

- 3 No. The REI score for the R2.5-63 curve is only 19 in the overall band, which makes it A.
- 4 close to "valueless" according to the REI scale discussed above, and well short of
- 5 satisfactory.

6 DESCRIBE YOUR POSITION REGARDING THIS ACCOUNT. Q.

- 7 As with all of the accounts discussed in this section, I analyzed this account under five-A.
- 8 year band periods. Band analysis is useful for observing trends in retirement data, or for
- 9 analyzing more recent periods of time, which may provide a better indication of future
- 10 retirement patterns. For example, analysis of a series of five-year periods from 1976 –
- 11 2015 reveals that the mean highest-ranking average life is much higher than the average
- 12 life of 63 proposed by the Company. The most recent five-year period, 2011 – 2015,
- reveals that the L1.5 75 is the highest ranking Iowa curve, with a higher CI and a higher 13
- REI than the Company's selected curve. This trend in the data may indicate that the assets 14
- in this account will last longer than what is indicated by an analysis of the entire account 15
- 16 band (starting at 1970).

17 HAVE YOU ANALYZED ACTUARIAL DATA FOR ACCOUNT 376 FROM Q. 18

- OTHER COMPANIES THAT INDICATE AVERAGE LIVES IN EXCESS OF 65
- 19 YEARS?
- 20 A. Yes. From a methodological point of view, comparisons to the retirement patterns of
- 21 another utility's assets can provide a sound basis upon which to gauge the reasonableness
- 22 of a recommendation, especially when the utility being analyzed does not have reliable
- 23 actuarial aged data, such as is the case here with regard to the Company's distribution
- 24 assets. In my experience, it is not unusual to see average life indications for other utilities
- 25 in excess of 65 years for Account 376.

26 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING ACCOUNT 376?

- 27 I selected the R2-65 curve for this account. Given the recent trends in the data for this A.
- 28 account, it appears that the average life is longer than 63 years, and perhaps longer than 65
- 29 years. However, a recommended average life of 65 years is reasonable and conservative.

B. ACCOUNT 379 – MEASURING AND REGULATING EQUIPMENT – CITY GATE

- 1 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE MR. WATSON'S ESTIMATE FOR THIS ACCOUNT.
- 2 A. Mr. Watson selected an R1-38 curve for this account.³²
- 3 Q. DESCRIBE YOUR POSITION REGARDING THIS ACCOUNT.
- 4 A. The curve I selected for this account, the R0.5-43 curve, is the highest ranking curve
- 5 according to the SPR runs provided by Mr. Watson. The curve I selected also has a higher
- 6 CI than the Company's curve while maintaining an excellent REI of 89.45 in the overall
- 7 band.
 - C. ACCOUNT 380 SERVICES PLASTIC
- 8 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE MR. WATSON'S ESTIMATE FOR THIS ACCOUNT.
- 9 A. For this account, Mr. Watson selected an R2.5-46 curve.³³

10 O. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S POSITION ON THIS ACCOUNT?

11 A. No. An average life of only 46 years is notably short for Account 380. According to my 12 SPR runs, there are several average life combinations with higher average lives than 46 years that are higher ranking, when considering the CI and REI together, including average 13 14 lives of 58 years, 65 years, and 68 years. Furthermore, my experience with analysis of 15 other gas companies with more reliable actuarial data for Account 380 has revealed average 16 lives much higher than 46 years. When the data is relatively unreliable, as it is here, it can 17 be instructive to consider the retirement experiences of other utilities. As acknowledged 18 by Mr. Watson, "[s]ince the period of life analysis is short for this account (plastic services 19 began to be installed in 1970), the REI results do not get into the good or excellent range."³⁴

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³² Exhibit DAW-2, p. 36.

³³ Exhibit DAW-2, p. 40.

³⁴ *Id*.

1 Q. HAVE OTHER GAS COMPANIES SPECIFICALLY ADOPTED AVERAGE 2 **SERVICE LIVES OF UP TO 58 YEARS FOR ACCOUNT 380?**

3 Yes. In Oklahoma Natural Gas Company's ("ONG") 2015 rate case, the Oklahoma A. 4 Commission approved a joint settlement among the parties. With regard to depreciation 5 expense, there was only one account specifically mentioned in the settlement agreement: 6

Account 380. According to the settlement agreement, the parties agreed to:

Depreciation Expense adjustment in the amount of (\$5,818,495). As part of this adjustment [ONG's] Asset Account 380.0 Service (Plastic) shall reflect a 58-year average life.³⁵

7 In fact, ONG's actuarial data in that case indicated a longer average life than 58 years for 8 this account, but the parties ultimately settled on 58 years.

9 Q. ARE YOU PROPOSING A 58-YEAR AVERAGE LIFE FOR ACCOUNT 380?

No. I am proposing a shorter average life in the interest of reasonableness. Specifically, I A. propose an R2-56 curve for this account. The R2 curve shape is the same shape proposed by Mr. Watson, but the 56-year average life represents a more accurate representation of this account. Again, consideration of the retirement experiences of other utilities, such as the 58 years approved for this account in the ONG case above, is instructive in gauging the reasonableness of a proposed average life in situations where the only available data is unreliable non-actuarial data. In this context, a 56-year average life is within the reasonable range of optional curve choices within the SPR runs. As I noted earlier, when the data for any particular account is lacking in reliability such that relatively more subjectivity must be included in the decision-making process, it is better from a regulatory and public policy perspective to lean toward longer depreciable lives rather than shorter lives. Doing so can provide current ratepayers with some financial relief in the face of a substantial rate increase while not imposing any financial harm to the Company.

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See Joint Stipulation and Settlement Agreement paragraph 3, filed November 13, 2015 in Cause No. PUD 201500213 before the Oklahoma Corporation Commission (emphasis added). This agreement was approved in Order No. 648236 filed in the same cause and entered January 6, 2016.

D. ACCOUNT 382 – METER INSTALLATIONS – LARGE

1 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE MR. WATSON'S ESTIMATE FOR THIS ACCOUNT.

- 2 A. Mr. Watson proposes an R1-38 curve for this account.³⁶
- 3 Q. DESCRIBE YOUR POSITION REGARDING THIS ACCOUNT.
- 4 A. The curve I selected for this account, the R0.5-43 curve, is the highest-ranking curve
- 5 according to the SPR runs provided by Mr. Watson. The R0.5-43 curve has a higher CI
- 6 than the curve selected by Mr. Watson, while maintaining an excellent REI score of 82 in
- 7 the overall band.

VII. <u>CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION</u>

8 Q. SUMMARIZE THE KEY POINTS OF YOUR TESTIMONY.

- 9 A. I employed a well-established depreciation system and used actuarial and simulated
- analysis to statistically analyze the Company's depreciable assets in order to develop
- reasonable depreciation rates in this case. I made adjustments to several actuarial and
- simulated asset accounts based on mathematical Iowa curve fitting, SPR analysis, and
- professional judgment.
- I also propose that the Commission consider a departure from its prior position regarding
- the approval of depreciation rates under the ELG procedure. As I discussed above, if ELG
- depreciation rates are not adjusted each year to reflect the reality that rates should be
- declining each year, then it becomes a form of accelerated depreciation not actually
- 18 contemplated under proper application of the ELG procedure.
- My primary recommendation is that the Commission adopt the ALG rates I present in
- Exhibit DJG-4; however, to the extent the Commission is unwilling to adopt the ALG
- 21 procedure, I have also presented an alternative recommendation under the ELG procedure,

³⁶ Exhibit DAW-2, p. 42.

- which includes reasonable and conservative service-life adjustments to several accounts.
- These service life adjustments are summarized in the table below.³⁷

Figure 14: Depreciation Parameter Comparison

_		Company	ACM
Account		<u>Iowa Curve</u>	Iowa Curve
No.	Description	Type AL	Type AL
	Distribution Plant		
G37601 6952	Distribution Mains - Plastic	R2.5 - 63	R2 - 65
G37901 7010	Meas. & Reg City Gate	R1 - 38	R0.5 - 43
G38001 7023	Services - Plastic	R2.5 - 46	R2 - 56
G38201 7090	Meter Installations Large	R1 - 38	R0.5 - 43
	General Plant		
G39001 7200	Structures & Improvements	R3 - 40	R3 - 55
G39201	Transportation Equipment	L2.5 - 8	S1.5 - 8

As shown in the table presented as Figure 14, the service lives I recommend are longer that the service lives proposed by Mr. Watson. Regardless of whether my proposed service lives are applied under the ALG or ELG procedure, it will have a decreasing effect on the Company's proposed depreciation rates and expense.

7 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. Yes. I reserve the right to supplement this testimony as needed with any additional information that has been requested from the Company but not yet provided. To the extent I did not specifically address an issue in the Company's application should not constitute an agreement with such issue.

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³⁷ See also Exhibit DJG-3.

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES	•	BEFORE THE
CORP., D/B/A CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
ENTEX AND CENTERPOINT ENERGY	_	OF TEVAS
TEXAS GAS, TO INCREASE RATES IN THE BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	_	OF TEXAS

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

APPENDIX A:

THE DEPRECIATION SYSTEM

APPENDIX A:

THE DEPRECIATION SYSTEM

A depreciation accounting system may be thought of as a dynamic system in which estimates of life and salvage are inputs to the system, and the accumulated depreciation account is a measure of the state of the system at any given time.³⁸ The primary objective of the depreciation system is the timely recovery of capital. The process for calculating the annual accruals is determined by the factors required to define the system. A depreciation system should be defined by four primary factors: 1) a method of allocation; 2) a procedure for applying the method of allocation to a group of property; 3) a technique for applying the depreciation rate; and 4) a model for analyzing the characteristics of vintage groups comprising a continuous property group.³⁹ The figure below illustrates the basic concept of a depreciation system and includes some of the available parameters.⁴⁰

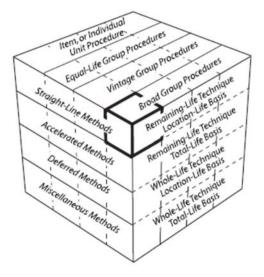
There are hundreds of potential combinations of methods, procedures, techniques, and models, but in practice, analysts use only a few combinations. Ultimately, the system selected must result in the systematic and rational allocation of capital recovery for the utility. Each of the four primary factors defining the parameters of a depreciation system is discussed further below.

³⁸ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 69-70.

³⁹ *Id.* at 70, 139-40.

⁴⁰ Edison Electric Institute, *Introduction to Depreciation* (inside cover) (EEI April 2013). Some definitions of the terms shown in this diagram are not consistent among depreciation practitioners and literature due to the fact that depreciation analysis is a relatively small and fragmented field. This diagram simply illustrates the some of the available parameters of a depreciation system.

Figure 15: The Depreciation System Cube



1. Allocation Methods

The "method" refers to the pattern of depreciation in relation to the accounting periods. The method most commonly used in the regulatory context is the "straight-line method" – a type of age-life method in which the depreciable cost of plant is charged in equal amounts to each accounting period over the service life of plant.⁴¹ Because group depreciation rates and plant balances often change, the amount of the annual accrual rarely remains the same, even when the straight-line method is employed.⁴² The basic formula for the straight-line method is as follows:⁴³

⁴¹ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 56.

⁴² Id.

⁴³ *Id*.

Equation 1: Straight-Line Accrual

$$Annual\ Accrual = \frac{Gross\ Plant - Net\ Salavage}{Service\ Life}$$

Gross plant is a known amount from the utility's records, while both net salvage and service life must be estimated in order to calculate the annual accrual. The straight-line method differs from accelerated methods of recovery, such as the "sum-of-the-years-digits" method and the "declining balance" method. Accelerated methods are primarily used for tax purposes and are rarely used in the regulatory context for determining annual accruals.⁴⁴ In practice, the annual accrual is expressed as a rate which is applied to the original cost of plant in order to determine the annual accrual in dollars. The formula for determining the straight-line rate is as follows:⁴⁵

Equation 2: Straight-Line Rate

$$Depreciation \ Rate \ \% = \frac{100 - Net \ Salvage \ \%}{Service \ Life}$$

2. <u>Grouping Procedures</u>

The "procedure" refers to the way the allocation method is applied through subdividing the total property into groups.⁴⁶ While single units may be analyzed for depreciation, a group plan of depreciation is particularly adaptable to utility property. Employing a grouping procedure allows for a composite application of depreciation rates to groups of similar property, rather than excessively conducting calculations for each unit. Whereas an individual unit of property has a

45 *Id.* at 56.

⁴⁴ *Id.* at 57.

⁴⁶ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 74-75.

single life, a group of property displays a dispersion of lives and the life characteristics of the group must be described statistically.⁴⁷ When analyzing mass property categories, it is important that each group contains homogenous units of plant that are used in the same general manner throughout the plant and operated under the same general conditions.⁴⁸

The "average life" and "equal life" grouping procedures are the two most common. In the average life procedure, a constant annual accrual rate based on the average life of all property in the group is applied to the surviving property. While property having shorter lives than the group average will not be fully depreciated, and likewise, property having longer lives than the group average will be over-depreciated, the ultimate result is that the group will be fully depreciated by the time of the final retirement. ⁴⁹ Thus, the average life procedure treats each unit as though its life is equal to the average life of the group. In contrast, the equal life procedure treats each unit in the group as though its life was known. ⁵⁰ Under the equal life procedure the property is divided into subgroups that each has a common life. ⁵¹

3. <u>Application Techniques</u>

The third factor of a depreciation system is the "technique" for applying the depreciation rate. There are two commonly used techniques: "whole life" and "remaining life." The whole life technique applies the depreciation rate on the estimated average service life of a group, while the remaining life technique seeks to recover undepreciated costs over the remaining life of the plant.⁵²

⁴⁷ *Id.* at 74.

⁴⁸ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 61-62.

⁴⁹ See Wolf supra n. 10, at 74-75.

⁵⁰ *Id.* at 75.

⁵¹ Id.

⁵² NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 63-64.

In choosing the application technique, consideration should be given to the proper level of the accumulated depreciation account. Depreciation accrual rates are calculated using estimates of service life and salvage. Periodically these estimates must be revised due to changing conditions, which cause the accumulated depreciation account to be higher or lower than necessary. Unless some corrective action is taken, the annual accruals will not equal the original cost of the plant at the time of final retirement.⁵³ Analysts can calculate the level of imbalance in the accumulated depreciation account by determining the "calculated accumulated depreciation," (a.k.a. "theoretical reserve" and referred to in these appendices as "CAD"). The CAD is the calculated balance that would be in the accumulated depreciation account at a point in time using current depreciation parameters.⁵⁴ An imbalance exists when the actual accumulated depreciation account does not equal the CAD. The choice of application technique will affect how the imbalance is dealt with.

Use of the whole life technique requires that an adjustment be made to accumulated depreciation after calculation of the CAD. The adjustment can be made in a lump sum or over a period of time. With use of the remaining life technique, however, adjustments to accumulated depreciation are amortized over the remaining life of the property and are automatically included in the annual accrual.⁵⁵ This is one reason that the remaining life technique is popular among practitioners and regulators. The basic formula for the remaining life technique is as follows:⁵⁶

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⁵³ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 83.

⁵⁴ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 325.

NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 65 ("The desirability of using the remaining life technique is that any necessary adjustments of [accumulated depreciation] . . . are accrued automatically over the remaining life of the property. Once commenced, adjustments to the depreciation reserve, outside of those inherent in the remaining life rate would require regulatory approval.").

⁵⁶ *Id.* at 64.

Equation 3: Remaining Life Accrual

 $Annual\ Accrual = rac{Gross\ Plant-Accumulated\ Depreciation-Net\ Salvage}{Average\ Remaining\ Life}$

The remaining life accrual formula is similar to the basic straight-line accrual formula above with two notable exceptions. First, the numerator has an additional factor in the remaining life formula: the accumulated depreciation. Second, the denominator is "average remaining life" instead of "average life." Essentially, the future accrual of plant (gross plant less accumulated depreciation) is allocated over the remaining life of plant. Thus, the adjustment to accumulated depreciation is "automatic" in the sense that it is built into the remaining life calculation.⁵⁷

4. Analysis Model

The fourth parameter of a depreciation system, the "model," relates to the way of viewing the life and salvage characteristics of the vintage groups that have been combined to form a continuous property group for depreciation purposes.⁵⁸ A continuous property group is created when vintage groups are combined to form a common group. Over time, the characteristics of the property may change, but the continuous property group will continue. The two analysis models used among practitioners, the "broad group" and the "vintage group," are two ways of viewing the life and salvage characteristics of the vintage groups that have been combined to from a continuous property group.

The broad group model views the continuous property group as a collection of vintage groups that each has the same life and salvage characteristics. Thus, a single survivor curve and a

⁵⁷ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 178.

See Wolf supra n. 10, at 139 (I added the term "model" to distinguish this fourth depreciation system parameter from the other three parameters).

single salvage schedule are chosen to describe all the vintages in the continuous property group. In contrast, the vintage group model views the continuous property group as a collection of vintage groups that may have different life and salvage characteristics. Typically, there is not a significant difference between vintage group and broad group results unless vintages within the applicable property group experienced dramatically different retirement levels than anticipated in the overall estimated life for the group. For this reason, many analysts utilize the broad group procedure because it is more efficient.

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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

APPENDIX B:

IOWA CURVES

APPENDIX B:

IOWA CURVES

Early work in the analysis of the service life of industrial property was based on models that described the life characteristics of human populations.⁵⁹ This explains why the word "mortality" is often used in the context of depreciation analysis. In fact, a group of property installed during the same accounting period is analogous to a group of humans born during the same calendar year. Each period the group will incur a certain fraction of deaths / retirements until there are no survivors. Describing this pattern of mortality is part of actuarial analysis and is regularly used by insurance companies to determine life insurance premiums. The pattern of mortality may be described by several mathematical functions, particularly the survivor curve and frequency curve. Each curve may be derived from the other so that if one curve is known, the other may be obtained. A survivor curve is a graph of the percent of units remaining in service expressed as a function of age. Several types of survivor and frequency curves are illustrated in the figures below.

1. <u>Development</u>

The survivor curves used by analysts today were developed over several decades from extensive analysis of utility and industrial property. In 1931 Edwin Kurtz and Robley Winfrey used extensive data from a range of 65 industrial property groups to create survivor curves representing the life characteristics of each group of property.⁶¹ They generalized the 65 curves

⁵⁹ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 276.

⁶⁰ *Id.* at 23.

⁶¹ *Id.* at 34.

into 13 survivor curve types and published their results in *Bulletin 103: Life Characteristics of Physical Property*. The 13 type curves were designed to be used as valuable aids in forecasting probable future service lives of industrial property. Over the next few years, Winfrey continued gathering additional data, particularly from public utility property, and expanded the examined property groups from 65 to 176.⁶² This resulted in 5 additional survivor curve types for a total of 18 curves. In 1935, Winfrey published *Bulletin 125: Statistical Analysis of Industrial Property Retirements*. According to Winfrey, "[t]he 18 type curves are expected to represent quite well all survivor curves commonly encountered in utility and industrial practices." These curves are known as the "Iowa curves" and are used extensively in depreciation analysis in order to obtain the average service lives of property groups. (Use of Iowa curves in actuarial analysis is further discussed in Appendix C.)

In 1942, Winfrey published *Bulletin 155: Depreciation of Group Properties*. In Bulletin 155, Winfrey made some slight revisions to a few of the 18 curve types, and published the equations, tables of the percent surviving, and probable life of each curve at five-percent intervals.⁶⁴ Rather than using the original formulas, analysts typically rely on the published tables containing the percentages surviving. This is because absent knowledge of the integration technique applied to each age interval, it is not possible to recreate the exact original published table values. In the 1970s, John Russo collected data from over 2,000 property accounts reflecting observations during the period 1965 – 1975 as part of his Ph.D. dissertation at Iowa State. Russo

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⁶² *Id*.

Robley Winfrey, Bulletin 125: Statistical Analyses of Industrial Property Retirements 85, Vol. XXXIV, No. 23 (Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts 1935).

Robley Winfrey, Bulletin 155: Depreciation of Group Properties 121-28, Vol XLI, No. 1 (The Iowa State College Bulletin 1942); see also Wolf supra n. 10, at 305-38 (publishing the percent surviving for each Iowa curve, including "O" type curve, at one percent intervals).

essentially repeated Winfrey's data collection, testing, and analysis methods used to develop the original Iowa curves, except that Russo studied industrial property in service several decades after Winfrey published the original Iowa curves. Russo drew three major conclusions from his research:⁶⁵

- 1. No evidence was found to conclude that the Iowa curve set, as it stands, is not a valid system of standard curves;
- 2. No evidence was found to conclude that new curve shapes could be produced at this time that would add to the validity of the Iowa curve set; and
- 3. No evidence was found to suggest that the number of curves within the Iowa curve set should be reduced.

Prior to Russo's study, some had criticized the Iowa curves as being potentially obsolete because their development was rooted in the study of industrial property in existence during the early 1900s. Russo's research, however, negated this criticism by confirming that the Iowa curves represent a sufficiently wide range of life patterns, and that though technology will change over time, the underlying patterns of retirements remain constant and can be adequately described by the Iowa curves.⁶⁶

Over the years, several more curve types have been added to Winfrey's 18 Iowa curves. In 1967, Harold Cowles added four origin-modal curves. In addition, a square curve is sometimes used to depict retirements which are all planned to occur at a given age. Finally, analysts commonly rely on several "half curves" derived from the original Iowa curves. Thus, the term "Iowa curves" could be said to describe up to 31 standardized survivor curves.

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⁶⁵ See Wolf supra n. 10, at 37.

⁶⁶ *Id*.

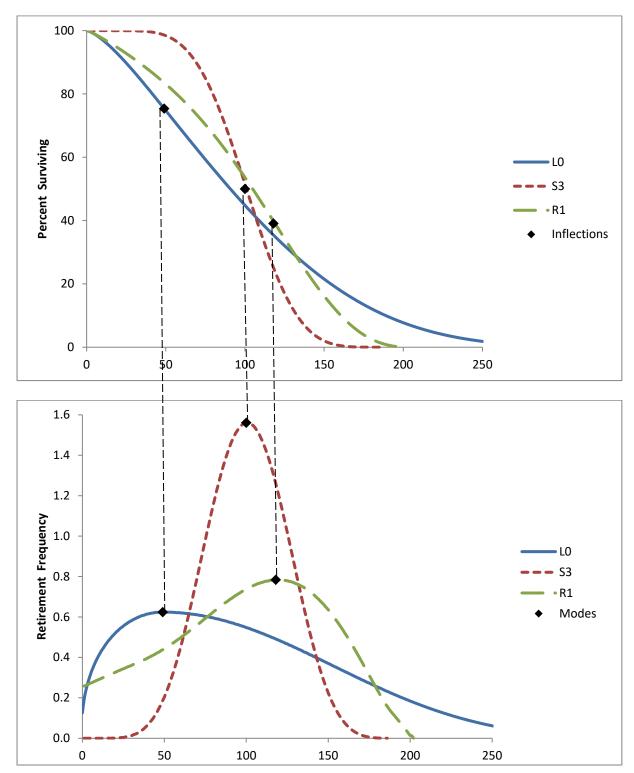
2. Classification

The Iowa curves are classified by three variables: modal location, average life, and variation of life. First, the mode is the percent life that results in the highest point of the frequency curve and the "inflection point" on the survivor curve. The modal age is the age at which the greatest rate of retirement occurs. As illustrated in the figure below, the modes appear at the steepest point of each survivor curve in the top graph, as well as the highest point of each corresponding frequency curve in the bottom graph.

The classification of the survivor curves was made according to whether the mode of the retirement frequency curves was to the left, to the right, or coincident with average service life. There are three modal "families" of curves: six left modal curves (L0, L1, L2, L3, L4, L5); five right modal curves (R1, R2, R3, R4, R5); and seven symmetrical curves (S0, S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6).⁶⁷ In the figure below, one curve from each family is shown: L0, S3 and R1, with average life at 100 on the x-axis. It is clear from the graphs that the modes for the L0 and R1 curves appear to the left and right of average life respectively, while the S3 mode is coincident with average life.

In 1967, Harold A. Cowles added four origin-modal curves known as "O type" curves. There are also several "half" curves and a square curve, so the total amount of survivor curves commonly called "Iowa" curves is about 31 (see NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 68).

Figure 16: Modal Age Illustration



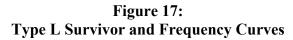
The second Iowa curve classification variable is average life. The Iowa curves were designed using a single parameter of age expressed as a percent of average life instead of actual age. This was necessary in order for the curves to be of practical value. As Winfrey notes:

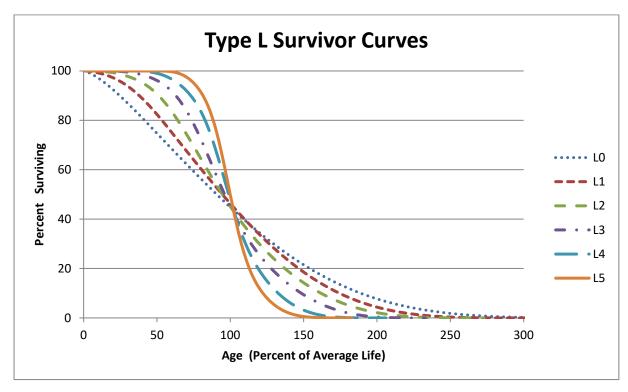
Since the location of a particular survivor on a graph is affected by both its span in years and the shape of the curve, it is difficult to classify a group of curves unless one of these variables can be controlled. This is easily done by expressing the age in percent of average life."⁶⁸

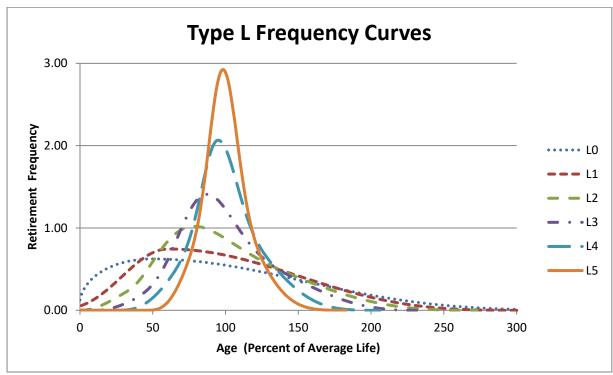
Because age is expressed in terms of percent of average life, any particular Iowa curve type can be modified to forecast property groups with various average lives.

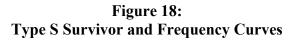
The third variable, variation of life, is represented by the numbers next to each letter. A lower number (e.g., L1) indicates a relatively low mode, large variation, and large maximum life; a higher number (e.g., L5) indicates a relatively high mode, small variation, and small maximum life. All three classification variables – modal location, average life, and variation of life – are used to describe each Iowa curve. For example, a 13-L1 Iowa curve describes a group of property with a 13-year average life, with the greatest number of retirements occurring before (or to the left of) the average life, and a relatively low mode. The graphs below show these 18 survivor curves, organized by modal family.

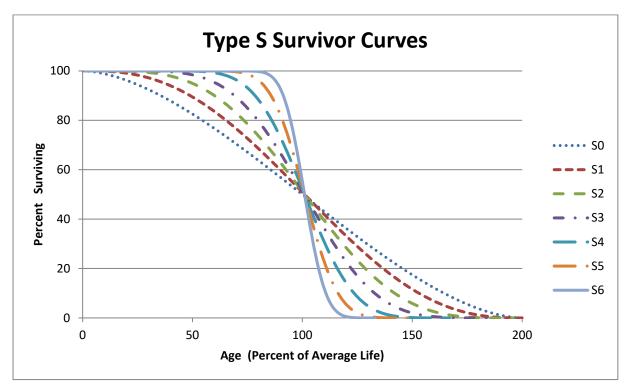
⁶⁸ Winfrey *supra* n. 75, at 60.











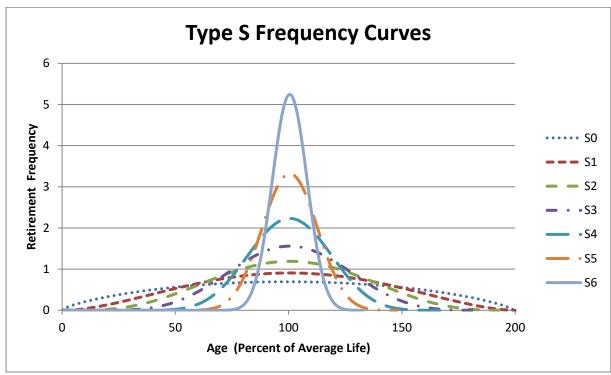
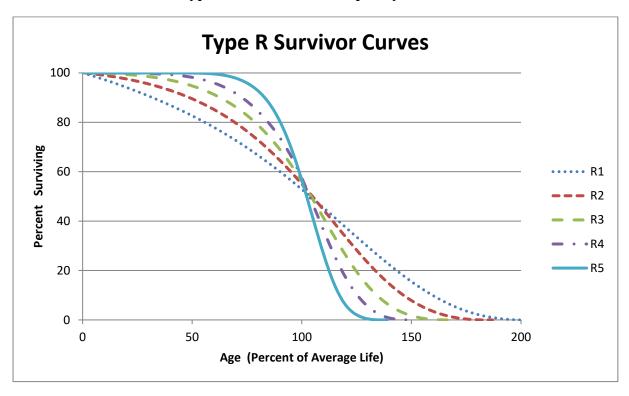
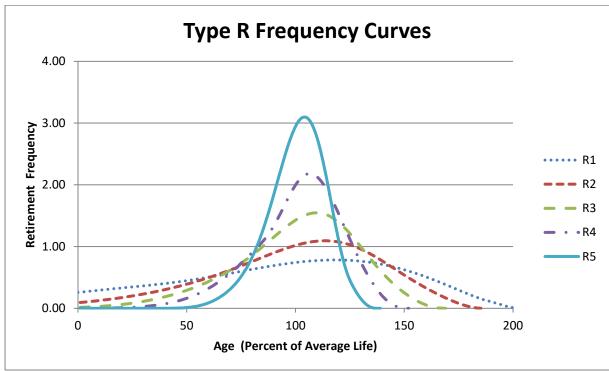


Figure 19: Type R Survivor and Frequency Curves





As shown in the graphs above, the modes for the L family frequency curves occur to the left of average life (100% on the x-axis), while the S family modes occur at the average, and the R family modes occur after the average.

3. Types of Lives

Several other important statistical analyses and types of lives may be derived from an Iowa curve. These include: 1) average life; 2) realized life; 3) remaining life; and 4) probable life. The figure below illustrates these concepts. It shows the frequency curve, survivor curve, and probable life curve. Age M_x on the x-axis represents the modal age, while age AL_x represents the average age. Thus, this figure illustrates an "L type" Iowa curve since the mode occurs before the average.⁶⁹

First, average life is the area under the survivor curve from age zero to maximum life. Because the survivor curve is measured in percent, the area under the curve must be divided by 100% to convert it from percent-years to years. The formula for average life is as follows:⁷⁰

Equation 4: Average Life

$$Average\ Life\ = \frac{Area\ Under\ Survivor\ Curve\ from\ Age\ 0\ to\ Max\ Life}{100\%}$$

Thus, average life may not be determined without a complete survivor curve. Many property groups being analyzed will not have experienced full retirement. This results in a "stub" survivor curve. Iowa curves are used to extend stub curves to maximum life in order for the average life calculation to be made (see Appendix C).

⁶⁹ From age zero to age M_x on the survivor curve, it could be said that the percent surviving from this property group is decreasing at an increasing rate. Conversely, from point M_x to maximum on the survivor curve, the percent surviving is decreasing at a decreasing rate.

⁷⁰ See NARUC supra n. 11, at 71.

Realized life is similar to average life, except that realized life is the average years of service experienced to date from the vintage's original installations.⁷¹ As shown in the figure below, realized life is the area under the survivor curve from zero to age RLx. Likewise, unrealized life is the area under the survivor curve from age RLx to maximum life. Thus, it could be said that average life equals realized life plus unrealized life.

Average remaining life represents the future years of service expected from the surviving property.⁷² Remaining life is sometimes referred to as "average remaining life" and "life expectancy." To calculate average remaining life at age x, the area under the estimated future potion of the survivor curve is divided by the percent surviving at age x (denoted Sx). Thus, the average remaining life formula is:

Equation 5: Average Remaining Life

$$Average \ Remaining \ Life \ = \frac{Area \ Under \ Survivor \ Curve \ from \ Age \ x \ to \ Max \ Life}{S_x}$$

It is necessary to determine average remaining life in order to calculate the annual accrual under the remaining life technique.

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⁷¹ *Id.* at 73.

⁷² *Id.* at 74.

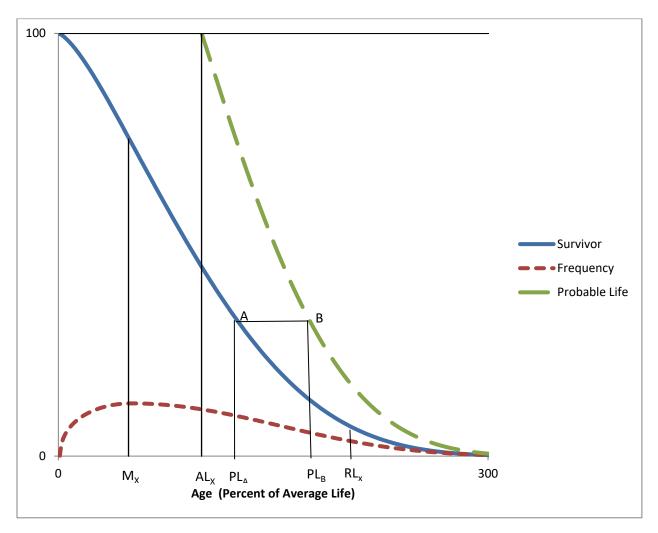


Figure 20: Iowa Curve Derivations

Finally, the probable life may also be determined from the Iowa curve. The probable life of a property group is the total life expectancy of the property surviving at any age and is equal to the remaining life plus the current age.⁷³ The probable life is also illustrated in this figure. The probable life at age PL_A is the age at point PL_B. Thus, to read the probable life at age PL_A, see the corresponding point on the survivor curve above at point "A," then horizontally to point "B" on

⁷³ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 28.

that the vertical line from ALx connects at the top of the probable life curve. This is because at age zero, probable life equals average life.

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OF DAVID J. GARRETT

APPENDIX C:

ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS

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ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS

Actuarial science is a discipline that applies various statistical methods to assess risk probabilities and other related functions. Actuaries often study human mortality. The results from historical mortality data are used to predict how long similar groups of people who are alive will live today. Insurance companies rely of actuarial analysis in determining premiums for life insurance policies.

The study of human mortality is analogous to estimating service lives of industrial property groups. While some humans die solely from chance, most deaths are related to age; that is, death rates generally increase as age increases. Similarly, physical plant is also subject to forces of retirement. These forces include physical, functional, and contingent factors, as shown in the table below.⁷⁴

Figure 21: Forces of Retirement

Physical Factors	<u>Functional Factors</u>	Contingent Factors
Wear and tear Decay or deterioration Action of the elements	Inadequacy Obsolescence Changes in technology Regulations Managerial discretion	Casualties or disasters Extraordinary obsolescence

While actuaries study historical mortality data in order to predict how long a group of people will live, depreciation analysts must look at a utility's historical data in order to estimate the average lives of property groups. A utility's historical data is often contained in the Continuing Property Records ("CPR"). Generally, a CPR should contain 1) an inventory of property record

⁷⁴ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 14-15.

units; 2) the association of costs with such units; and 3) the dates of installation and removal of plant. Since actuarial analysis includes the examination of historical data to forecast future retirements, the historical data used in the analysis should not contain events that are anomalous or unlikely to recur.⁷⁵ Historical data is used in the retirement rate actuarial method, which is discussed further below.

The Retirement Rate Method

There are several systematic actuarial methods that use historical data in order to calculating observed survivor curves for property groups. Of these methods, the retirement rate method is superior, and is widely employed by depreciation analysts. The retirement rate method is ultimately used to develop an observed survivor curve, which can be fitted with an Iowa curve discussed in Appendix B in order to forecast average life. The observed survivor curve is calculated by using an observed life table ("OLT"). The figures below illustrate how the OLT is developed. First, historical property data are organized in a matrix format, with placement years on the left forming rows, and experience years on the top forming columns. The placement year (a.k.a. "vintage year" or "installation year") is the year of placement of a group of property. The experience year (a.k.a. "activity year") refers to the accounting data for a particular calendar year. The two matrices below use aged data – that is, data for which the dates of placements, retirements, transfers, and other transactions are known. Without aged data, the retirement rate actuarial method may not be employed. The first matrix is the exposure matrix, which shows the exposures

⁷⁵ *Id.* at 112-13.

Anson Marston, Robley Winfrey & Jean C. Hempstead, *Engineering Valuation and Depreciation* 154 (2nd ed., McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 1953).

at the beginning of each year.⁷⁷ An exposure is simply the depreciable property subject to retirement during a period. The second matrix is the retirement matrix, which shows the annual retirements during each year. Each matrix covers placement years 2003–2015, and experience years 2008-2015. In the exposure matrix, the number in the 2009 experience column and the 2003 placement row is \$192,000. This means at the beginning of 2012, there was \$192,000 still exposed to retirement from the vintage group placed in 2003. Likewise, in the retirement matrix, \$19,000 of the dollars invested in 2003 was retired during 2012.

Figure 22: Exposure Matrix

Experience Years										
Exposures at January 1 of Each Year (Dollars in 000's)										
Placement	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total at Start	Age
Years									of Age Interval	Interval
2003	261	245	228	211	192	173	152	131	131	11.5 - 12.5
2004	267	252	236	220	202	184	165	145	297	10.5 - 11.5
2005	304	291	277	263	248	232	216	198	536	9.5 - 10.5
2006	345	334	322	310	298	284	270	255	847	8.5 - 9.5
2007	367	357	347	335	324	312	299	286	1,201	7.5 - 8.5
2008	375	366	357	347	336	325	314	302	1,581	6.5 - 7.5
2009		377	366	356	346	336	327	319	1,986	5.5 - 6.5
2010			381	369	358	347	336	327	2,404	4.5 - 5.5
2011				386	372	359	346	334	2,559	3.5 - 4.5
2012					395	380	366	352	2,722	2.5 - 3.5
2013						401	385	370	2,866	1.5 - 2.5
2014							410	393	2,998	0.5 - 1.5
2015								416	3,141	0.0 - 0.5
Total	1919	2222	2514	2796	3070	3333	3586	3827	23,268	-

Technically, the last numbers in each column are "gross additions" rather than exposures. Gross additions do not include adjustments and transfers applicable to plant placed in a previous year. Once retirements, adjustments, and transfers are factored in, the balance at the beginning of the next account period is called an "exposure" rather than an addition.

Figure 23: Retirement Matrix

				Experience						•
Retirments During the Year (Dollars in 000's)										
Placement	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	Total During	Age
Years									Age Interval	Interval
2003	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	23	23	11.5 - 12.5
2004	15	16	17	17	18	19	20	21	43	10.5 - 11.5
2005	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	59	9.5 - 10.5
2006	11	12	12	13	13	14	15	15	71	8.5 - 9.5
2007	10	11	11	12	12	13	13	14	82	7.5 - 8.5
2008	9	9	10	10	11	11	12	13	91	6.5 - 7.5
2009		11	10	10	9	9	9	8	95	5.5 - 6.5
2010			12	11	11	10	10	9	100	4.5 - 5.5
2011				14	13	13	12	11	93	3.5 - 4.5
2012					15	14	14	13	91	2.5 - 3.5
2013						16	15	14	93	1.5 - 2.5
2014							17	16	100	0.5 - 1.5
2015								18	112	0.0 - 0.5
Total	74	89	104	121	139	157	175	194	1,052	-

These matrices help visualize how exposure and retirement data are calculated for each age interval. An age interval is typically one year. A common convention is to assume that any unit installed during the year is installed in the middle of the calendar year (i.e., July 1st). This convention is called the "half-year convention" and effectively assumes that all units are installed uniformly during the year.⁷⁸ Adoption of the half-year convention leads to age intervals of 0-0.5 years, 0.5-1.5 years, etc., as shown in the matrices.

The purpose of the matrices is to calculate the totals for each age interval, which are shown in the second column from the right in each matrix. This column is calculated by adding each number from the corresponding age interval in the matrix. For example, in the exposure matrix, the total amount of exposures at the beginning of the 8.5-9.5 age interval is \$847,000. This number was calculated by adding the numbers shown on the "stairs" to the left (192+184+216+255=847). The same calculation is applied to each number in the column. The amounts retired during the year

⁷⁸ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 22.

in the retirements matrix affect the exposures at the beginning of each year in the exposures matrix. For example, the amount exposed to retirement in 2008 from the 2003 vintage is \$261,000. The amount retired during 2008 from the 2003 vintage is \$16,000. Thus, the amount exposed to retirement in 2009 from the 2003 vintage is \$245,000 (\$261,000 - \$16,000). The company's property records may contain other transactions which affect the property, including sales, transfers, and adjusting entries. Although these transactions are not shown in the matrices above, they would nonetheless affect the amount exposed to retirement at the beginning of each year.

The totaled amounts for each age interval in both matrices are used to form the exposure and retirement columns in the OLT, as shown in the chart below. This chart also shows the retirement ratio and the survivor ratio for each age interval. The retirement ratio for an age interval is the ratio of retirements during the interval to the property exposed to retirement at the beginning of the interval. The retirement ratio represents the probability that the property surviving at the beginning of an age interval will be retired during the interval. The survivor ratio is simply the complement to the retirement ratio (1 – retirement ratio). The survivor ratio represents the probability that the property surviving at the beginning of an age interval will survive to the next age interval.

Figure 24: Observed Life Table

					Percent
Age at	Exposures at	Retirements			Surviving at
Start of	Start of	During Age	Retirement	Survivor	Start of
Interval	Age Interval	Interval	Ratio	Ratio	Age Interval
A	В	С	D = C / B	E = 1 - D	F
0.0	3,141	112	0.036	0.964	100.00
0.5	2,998	100	0.033	0.967	96.43
1.5	2,866	93	0.032	0.968	93.21
2.5	2,722	91	0.033	0.967	90.19
3.5	2,559	93	0.037	0.963	87.19
4.5	2,404	100	0.042	0.958	84.01
5.5	1,986	95	0.048	0.952	80.50
6.5	1,581	91	0.058	0.942	76.67
7.5	1,201	82	0.068	0.932	72.26
8.5	847	71	0.084	0.916	67.31
9.5	536	59	0.110	0.890	61.63
10.5	297	43	0.143	0.857	54.87
11.5	131	23	0.172	0.828	47.01
					38.91
Total	23,268	1,052			

Column F on the right shows the percentages surviving at the beginning of each age interval. This column starts at 100% surviving. Each consecutive number below is calculated by multiplying the percent surviving from the previous age interval by the corresponding survivor ratio for that age interval. For example, the percent surviving at the start of age interval 1.5 is 93.21%, which was calculated by multiplying the percent surviving for age interval 0.5 (96.43%) by the survivor ratio for age interval 0.5 (0.967)⁷⁹.

The percentages surviving in Column F are the numbers that are used to form the original survivor curve. This particular curve starts at 100% surviving and ends at 38.91% surviving. An

Multiplying 96.43 by 0.967 does not equal 93.21 exactly due to rounding.

observed survivor curve such as this that does not reach zero percent surviving is called a "stub" curve. The figure below illustrates the stub survivor curve derived from the OLT table above.

100 80 40 20 0 5 10 15 20 Age

Figure 25: Original "Stub" Survivor Curve

The matrices used to develop the basic OLT and stub survivor curve provide a basic illustration of the retirement rate method in that only a few placement and experience years were used. In reality, analysts may have several decades of aged property data to analyze. In that case, it may be useful to use a technique called "banding" in order to identify trends in the data.

Banding

The forces of retirement and characteristics of industrial property are constantly changing. A depreciation analyst may examine the magnitude of these changes. Analysts often use a technique called "banding" to assist with this process. Banding refers to the merging of several years of data into a single data set for further analysis, and it is a common technique associated

with the retirement rate method. 80 There are three primary benefits of using bands in depreciation analysis:

- Increasing the sample size. In statistical analyses, the larger the sample size 1. in relation to the body of total data, the greater the reliability of the result;
- 2. Smooth the observed data. Generally, the data obtained from a single activity or vintage year will not produce an observed life table that can be easily fit; and
- 3. Identify trends. By looking at successive bands, the analyst may identify broad trends in the data that may be useful in projecting the future life characteristics of the property.⁸¹

Two common types of banding methods are the "placement band" method and the "experience band" method." A placement band, as the name implies, isolates selected placement years for analysis. The figure below illustrates the same exposure matrix shown above, except that only the placement years 2005-2008 are considered in calculating the total exposures at the beginning of each age interval.

NARUC supra n. 11, at 113.

Id.

Figure 26: Placement Bands

				Experience						-
Exposures at January 1 of Each Year (Dollars in 000's)										
Placement	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	Total at Start	Age
Years									of Age Interval	Interval
2003	261	245	228	211	192	173	152	131		11.5 - 12.5
2004	267	252	236	220	202	184	165	145		10.5 - 11.5
2005	304	291	277	263	248	232	216	198	198	9.5 - 10.5
2006	345	334	322	310	298	284	270	255	471	8.5 - 9.5
2007	367	357	347	335	324	312	299	286	788	7.5 - 8.5
2008	375	366	357	347	336	325	314	302	1,133	6.5 - 7.5
2009		377	366	356	346	336	327	319	1,186	5.5 - 6.5
2010			381	369	358	347	336	327	1,237	4.5 - 5.5
2011				386	372	359	346	334	1,285	3.5 - 4.5
2012					395	380	366	352	1,331	2.5 - 3.5
2013						401	385	370	1,059	1.5 - 2.5
2014							410	393	733	0.5 - 1.5
2015								416	375	0.0 - 0.5
Total	1919	2222	2514	2796	3070	3333	3586	3827	9,796	•

The shaded cells within the placement band equal the total exposures at the beginning of age interval 4.5–5.5 (\$1,237). The same placement band would be used for the retirement matrix covering the same placement years of 2005 – 2008. This of course would result in a different OLT and original stub survivor curve than those that were calculated above without the restriction of a placement band.

Analysts often use placement bands for comparing the survivor characteristics of properties with different physical characteristics.⁸² Placement bands allow analysts to isolate the effects of changes in technology and materials that occur in successive generations of plant. For example, if in 2005 an electric utility began placing transmission poles with a special chemical treatment that extended the service lives of the poles, an analyst could use placement bands to isolate and analyze the effect of that change in the property group's physical characteristics. While placement bands are very useful in depreciation analysis, they also possess an intrinsic dilemma. A

⁸² Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 182.

fundamental characteristic of placement bands is that they yield fairly complete survivor curves for older vintages. However, with newer vintages, which are arguably more valuable for forecasting, placement bands yield shorter survivor curves. Longer "stub" curves are considered more valuable for forecasting average life. Thus, an analyst must select a band width broad enough to provide confidence in the reliability of the resulting curve fit yet narrow enough so that an emerging trend may be observed.⁸³

Analysts also use "experience bands." Experience bands show the composite retirement history for all vintages during a select set of activity years. The figure below shows the same data presented in the previous exposure matrices, except that the experience band from 2011 - 2013 is isolated, resulting in different interval totals.

Figure 27: Experience Bands

Experience Years										
Exposures at January 1 of Each Year (Dollars in 000's)										
Placement	2008	2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	Total at Start	Age
Years									of Age Interval	Interval
2003	261	245	228	211	192	173	152	131		11.5 - 12.5
2004	267	252	236	220	202	184	165	145		10.5 - 11.5
2005	304	291	277	263	248	232	216	198	173	9.5 - 10.5
2006	345	334	322	310	298	284	270	255	376	8.5 - 9.5
2007	367	357	347	335	324	312	299	286	645	7.5 - 8.5
2008	375	366	357	347	336	325	314	302	752	6.5 - 7.5
2009		377	366	356	346	336	327	319	872	5.5 - 6.5
2010			381	369	358	347	336	327	959	4.5 - 5.5
2011				386	372	359	346	334	1,008	3.5 - 4.5
2012					395	380	366	352	1,039	2.5 - 3.5
2013						401	385	370	1,072	1.5 - 2.5
2014			_			-	410	393	1,121	0.5 - 1.5
2015								416	1,182	0.0 - 0.5
Total	1919	2222	2514	2796	3070	3333	3586	3827	9,199	•

The shaded cells within the experience band equal the total exposures at the beginning of age interval 4.5–5.5 (\$1,237). The same experience band would be used for the retirement matrix

⁸³ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 114.

covering the same experience years of 2011 – 2013. This of course would result in a different OLT and original stub survivor than if the band had not been used. Analysts often use experience bands to isolate and analyze the effects of an operating environment over time.⁸⁴ Likewise, the use of experience bands allows analysis of the effects of an unusual environmental event. For example, if an unusually severe ice storm occurred in 2013, destruction from that storm would affect an electric utility's line transformers of all ages. That is, each of the line transformers from each placement year would be affected, including those recently installed in 2012, as well as those installed in 2003. Using experience bands, an analyst could isolate or even eliminate the 2013 experience year from the analysis. In contrast, a placement band would not effectively isolate the ice storm's effect on life characteristics. Rather, the placement band would show an unusually large rate of retirement during 2013, making it more difficult to accurately fit the data with a smooth Iowa curve. Experience bands tend to yield the most complete stub curves for recent bands because they have the greatest number of vintages included. Longer stub curves are better for forecasting. The experience bands, however, may also result in more erratic retirement dispersion making the curve fitting process more difficult.

Depreciation analysts must use professional judgment in determining the types of bands to use and the band widths. In practice, analysts may use various combinations of placement and experience bands in order to increase the data sample size, identify trends and changes in life characteristics, and isolate unusual events. Regardless of which bands are used, observed survivor curves in depreciation analysis rarely reach zero percent. This is because, as seen in the OLT above, relatively newer vintage groups have not yet been fully retired at the time the property is

⁸⁴ *Id*.

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studied. An analyst could confine the analysis to older, fully retired vintage groups in order to get complete survivor curves, but such analysis would ignore some the property currently in service and would arguably not provide an accurate description of life characteristics for current plant in service. Because a complete curve is necessary to calculate the average life of the property group, however, curve fitting techniques using Iowa curves or other standardized curves may be employed in order to complete the stub curve.

Curve Fitting

Depreciation analysts typically use the survivor curve rather than the frequency curve to fit the observed stub curves. The most commonly used generalized survivor curves used in the curve fitting process are the Iowa curves discussed above. As Wolf notes, if "the Iowa curves are adopted as a model, an underlying assumption is that the process describing the retirement pattern is one of the 22 [or more] processes described by the Iowa curves."

Curve fitting may be done through visual matching or mathematical matching. In visual curve fitting, the analyst visually examines the plotted data to make an initial judgment about the Iowa curves that may be a good fit. The figure below illustrates the stub survivor curve shown above. It also shows three different Iowa curves: the 10-L4, the 10.5-R1, and the 10-S0. Visually, it is clear that the 10.5-R1 curve is a better fit than the other two curves.

Wolf supra n. 10, at 46 (22 curves includes Winfrey's 18 original curves plus Cowles's four "O" type curves).

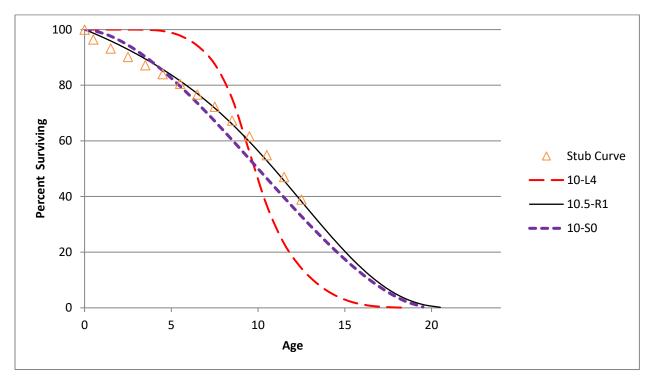


Figure 28: Visual Curve Fitting

In mathematical fitting, the least squares method is used to calculate the best fit. This mathematical method would be excessively time consuming if done by hand. With the use of modern computer software however, mathematical fitting is an efficient and useful process. The typical logic for a computer program, as well as the software employed for the analysis in this testimony is as follows:

First (an Iowa curve) curve is arbitrarily selected. . . . If the observed curve is a stub curve, . . . calculate the area under the curve and up to the age at final data point. Call this area the realized life. Then systematically vary the average life of the theoretical survivor curve and calculate its realized life at the age corresponding to the study date. This trial and error procedure ends when you find an average life such that the realized life of the theoretical curve equals the realized life of the observed curve. Call this the average life.

Once the average life is found, calculate the difference between each percent surviving point on the observed survivor curve and the corresponding point on the Iowa curve. Square each difference and sum them. The sum of squares is used as a measure of goodness of fit for that particular Iowa type curve. This procedure is

repeated for the remaining 21 Iowa type curves. The "best fit" is declared to be the type of curve that minimizes the sum of differences squared.⁸⁶

Mathematical fitting requires less judgment from the analyst and is thus less subjective. Blind reliance on mathematical fitting, however, may lead to poor estimates. Thus, analysts should employ both mathematical and visual curve fitting in reaching their final estimates. This way, analysts may utilize the objective nature of mathematical fitting while still employing professional judgment. As Wolf notes: "The results of mathematical curve fitting serve as a guide for the analyst and speed the visual fitting process. But the results of the mathematical fitting should be checked visually, and the final determination of the best fit be made by the analyst." 87

In the graph above, visual fitting was sufficient to determine that the 10.5-R1 Iowa curve was a better fit than the 10-L4 and the 10-S0 curves. Using the sum of least squares method, mathematical fitting confirms the same result. In the chart below, the percentages surviving from the OLT that formed the original stub curve are shown in the left column, while the corresponding percentages surviving for each age interval are shown for the three Iowa curves. The right portion of the chart shows the differences between the points on each Iowa curve and the stub curve. These differences are summed at the bottom. Curve 10.5-R1 is the best fit because the sum of the squared differences for this curve is less than the same sum of the other two curves. Curve 10-L4 is the worst fit, which was also confirmed visually.

⁸⁶ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 47.

⁸⁷ *Id.* at 48.

Figure 29: Mathematical Fitting

Age	Stub	lo	wa Curve	es .		Square	ed Differe	ences
Interval	Curve	10-L4	10-S0	10.5-R1	_	10-L4	10-S0	10.5-R1
0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
0.5	96.4	100.0	99.7	98.7		12.7	10.3	5.3
1.5	93.2	100.0	97.7	96.0		46.1	19.8	7.6
2.5	90.2	100.0	94.4	92.9		96.2	18.0	7.2
3.5	87.2	100.0	90.2	89.5		162.9	9.3	5.2
4.5	84.0	99.5	85.3	85.7		239.9	1.6	2.9
5.5	80.5	97.9	79.7	81.6		301.1	0.7	1.2
6.5	76.7	94.2	73.6	77.0		308.5	9.5	0.1
7.5	72.3	87.6	67.1	71.8		235.2	26.5	0.2
8.5	67.3	75.2	60.4	66.1		62.7	48.2	1.6
9.5	61.6	56.0	53.5	59.7		31.4	66.6	3.6
10.5	54.9	36.8	46.5	52.9		325.4	69.6	3.9
11.5	47.0	23.1	39.6	45.7		572.6	54.4	1.8
12.5	38.9	14.2	32.9	38.2		609.6	36.2	0.4
SUM	=	•			•	3004.2	371.0	41.0

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY §
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APPENDIX D:

SIMULATED LIFE ANALYSIS

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SIMULATED LIFE ANALYSIS

Aged data is required to perform actuarial analysis. That is, the collection of property data must contain the dates of placements, retirements, transfers, and other actions. When a utility's property records do not contain aged data, however, analysts may use another analytical method to simulate the missing data. The contrast between aged and unaged data is illustrated in the matrices below. The first matrix is similar to the matrices in Appendix C used to demonstrate actuarial analysis.

Figure 30: Aged Data Matrix

			End	d of Year	Balances	s (\$)				
Vintage	Installations	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
1997	220	220	220	220	213	194	152	95	19	0
			250	250	248	235	198	143	31	4
1999	270		270	270	270	262	238	186	57	9
				285	285	282	268	225	91	26
2001	300			300	300	300	291	264	145	42
					320	320	317	301	241	103
2003	350				350	350	350	340	284	157
						375	375	371	325	219
2005	390					390	390	390	362	286
							405	405	392	344
2007	450						450	450	441	416
								480	480	478
2009	500							500	500	500
									580	580
2011	670								670	670
										790
2013	750									750
Ba	alance	220	740	1325	1986	2708	3434	4150	4618	5374

The aged data matrix contains installation or "vintage" years in the first column and experience years in the top row. (Only every other year is shown in order to save space). This matrix contains aged data, meaning that the utility kept track of the age of plant when it was retired. In 2007, for

example, \$291 were remaining in service from the 2001 installation of \$300. Likewise, in 2011, it was known that \$57 were remaining in service from the 1999 vintage installation of \$270. The amounts in each experience year column are added to arrive the year-end balances. Now assume that the amount of installations and retirements are the same for each year, but that the utility did not keep track of the age of plant when it was retired. The data matrix below contains the same data, except it is not aged. Thus, while the year-end balances are the same, the amount retired from each vintage in a given year is unknown.

Figure 31: Unaged Data Matrix

			End	d of Year	Balance	s (\$)				
Vintage	Installations	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
1997	220									
1999	270									
2001	300									
2003	350									
2005	390									
2007	450									
2009	500									
2011	670									
2013	750									
Ba	alance	220	740	1325	1986	2708	3434	4150	4618	5374

Thus, in 2007 the company still had a year-end balance \$3,434, but it is unknown how much of this amount surviving is attributable to each vintage group of property.

The method that depreciation analysts use to examine unaged data is called the "simulated plant record" method ("SPR").⁸⁸ The SPR method is used to simulate the retirement pattern for each vintage and to indicate the Iowa curve that best represent the life characteristics of the property being analyzed.⁸⁹ In other words, the SPR model may be used to "fill in" the unaged data matrix with simulated vintage balances for each experience year. The SPR model assumes that all vintages' additions retire in accordance with the same retirement pattern.⁹⁰

Unlike with actuarial analysis, which indicates the best fitting Iowa curve type based on the input data, the SPR model requires the analyst or computer program to first choose an Iowa curve and test the results. This process is repeated until the analyst finds the curve that best matches the observed data is found.⁹¹ Although the SPR method may be conducted manually, analysts typically rely on computer programs to make the process more efficient.

In the example presented below, the best fitting curve is the one that most closely simulates the actual balance of \$4,150 for 2009. The chart below compares the actual and simulated vintage balances for the 2009 experience year using an Iowa 10-S3 curve. The 2009 simulated balances using the 10-S3 curve produce a year-end balance of \$3,775. The actual balance, however, is \$4,150. Thus, the 10-S3 curve produces a simulated balance that is \$375 short of the actual balance.

Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 220. Cyrus Hill is generally credited with developing the principles used in the SPR method. In 1947, Alex Bauhan expanded the SPR method and developed several criterion used to measure the accuracy of simulated data, which he called the SPR method (See Bauhan, A. E., "Life Analysis of Utility Plant for Depreciation Accounting Purposes by the Simulated Plant Record Method," 1947, Appendix of the EEI, 1952.)

⁸⁹ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 106.

⁹⁰ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 107.

⁹¹ Wolf *supra* n. 10, at 222.

Figure 32: SPR Calculation Using Iowa Curve 10-S3

Age	Vintage		10-S3	Sim. Bal.
Interval	Year	Installations	% Surviving	2009
12.5	1997	220	16	35
11.5	1998	250	28	69
10.5	1999	270	42	114
9.5	2000	285	58	165
8.5	2001	300	72	217
7.5	2002	320	84	269
6.5	2003	350	92	323
5.5	2004	375	97	363
4.5	2005	390	99	386
3.5	2006	405	100	404
2.5	2007	450	100	450
1.5	2008	480	100	480
0.5	2009	500	100	500
	Total Sin	nulated Balance		3,775
	Total	Actual Balance		4,150
		Difference		(375)

The process is repeated with another curve until the best fitting curve is found. Specifically, a curve with a longer average life should be chosen in order to increase the simulated balance. For this example, the 12-S3 curve produces a perfect fit for 2009, as shown in the figure below.

Figure 33: SPR Calculation Using Iowa Curve 12-S3

Age	Vintage		12-S3	Sim. Bal.
Interval	Year	Installations	% Surviving	2009
12.5	1997	220	43	95
11.5	1998	250	57	143
10.5	1999	270	69	186
9.5	2000	285	79	225
8.5	2001	300	88	264
7.5	2002	320	94	301
6.5	2003	350	97	340
5.5	2004	375	99	371
4.5	2005	390	100	390
3.5	2006	405	100	405
2.5	2007	450	100	450
1.5	2008	480	100	480
0.5	2009	500	100	500
	Total Sin	nulated Balance		4,150
	Total	Actual Balance		4,150
		Difference		0

It is not a coincidence that there was an Iowa curve that produced a perfect fit. This is because when only one year is tested under the SPR model, there is always an Iowa curve that will produce a perfect simulation. Thus, it is important that more than one year is tested. The figures below will demonstrate that even though a particular curve may have fit perfectly for one test year, it may not necessarily be the best choice when multiple years are tested. The chart below shows the results of the Iowa 12-S3 curve when 2009, 2011, and 2013 are tested.

Figure 34: SPR: Curve 12-S3: 2009, 2011, 2013

Vintage	Insts.	% Surv.	2009	% Surv.	2011	% Surv.	2013
1997	220	43	95	21	46	6	13
1998	250	57	143	31	78	12	30
1999	270	69	186	43	116	21	57
2000	285	79	225	57	162	31	88
2001	300	88	264	69	207	43	129
2002	320	94	301	79	253	57	182
2003	350	97	340	88	308	69	242
2004	375	99	371	94	353	79	296
2005	390	100	390	97	378	88	343
2006	405	100	405	99	401	94	381
2007	450	100	450	100	450	97	437
2008	480	100	480	100	480	99	475
2009	500	100	500	100	500	100	500
2010	580			100	580	100	580
2011	670			100	670	100	670
2012	790					100	790
2013	750					100	750
Simulate	ed Balances		\$ 4,150		\$ 4,982		\$ 5,963
Actu	al Balances		4,150		4,618		5,374
	Difference		0		364		589
Differen	ce Squared		0		132,496		346,921
SSD =	479,417		MSD =	159,806		√MSD =	400
CI =	·	<u> Actual Bal</u> =	<u>4,714</u> =	12	IV =	<u>1000</u> =	85
	٧MS	SD	400			CI	

While the 12-S3 curve provided a perfect simulation for 2009, it did not for years 2011 and 2013 because the life characteristics were different in these years. Since the 12-S3 curve produced simulated balances that were greater than the actual balances, a curve with a shorter average life should be analyzed. The figure below shows the SPR results from the same test years using an Iowa 10-S3 curve.

Figure 35: SPR: Curve 10-S3: 2009, 2011, 2013

Vintage	Insts.	% Surv.	2009	% Surv.	2011	% Surv.	2	013
1997	220	16	35	3	7	0		0
1998	250	28	70	8	20	1		3
1999	270	42	113	16	43	3		8
2000	285	58	165	28	80	8		23
2001	300	72	216	42	126	16		48
2002	320	84	269	58	186	28		90
2003	350	92	322	72	252	42		147
2004	375	97	364	84	315	58		218
2005	390	99	386	92	359	72		281
2006	405	100	405	97	393	84		340
2007	450	100	450	99	446	92		414
2008	480	100	480	100	480	97		466
2009	500	100	500	100	500	99		495
2010	580			100	580	100		580
2011	670			100	670	100		670
2012	790					100		790
2013	750					100		750
Simulate	ed Balances		\$ 3,775		\$ 4,457		\$	5,323
Actu	al Balances		4,150		4,618			5,374
	Difference		(375)		(161)			(51)
Differen	ce Squared		140,625		25,921			2,601
SSD =	169,147		MSD =	56,382		√MSD =	237	
CI =	·	<u> Actual Bal</u> =	<u>4,714</u> =	20	IV =	<u>1000</u> =	50	
	٧MS	SD	237			CI		

The 10-S3 curve resulted in a better fit than the 12-S3 curve, despite the fact that the 12-S3 provided a perfect fit for one year. Several useful tools to measure the accuracy of SPR results in discussed below.

There are several indices used to measure the fit of the chosen curve. Alex Bauhan developed the conformance index ("CI") to rank the optimal curves.⁹² The CI is the average

Bauhan, A. E., "Life Analysis of Utility Plant for Depreciation Accounting Purposes by the Simulated Plant Record Method," 1947, Appendix of the EEI, 1952.

observed plant balance for the tested years, divided by the square root of the average sum of squared differences between the simulated and actual balances. The formula for the CI is shown below.

Equation 6: Conformance Index

$$Conformance\ Index\ = \frac{Average\ of\ Actual\ Balances}{\sqrt{Average\ of\ Sum\ of\ Squared\ Differences}}$$

The previous figure above demonstrates the CI calculation. The difference between the actual and simulated balances was \$375 in 2009, \$161 in 2011, and \$51 in 2013. The sum of these differences squared ("SSD") is 169,147 and the average of the SSD is 56,382 ("MSD"). The square root of the MSD is 237. The CI is the average of the three actual balances (\$4,714) divided by 237, which equals 20. Bauhan proposed a scaled for measuring the value of the CI, which is shown below.

Figure 36: Conformance Index Scale

<u>CI</u>	<u>Value</u>
> 75	Excellent
50 - 75	Good
25 - 50	Fair
< 25	Poor

Thus, the CI of 20 calculated above indicates that the 12-S3 curve is a poor fit. According to Bauhan, any CI value less than 50 would be considered unsatisfactory.

A related measure to the CI is the "index of variation" ("IV").⁹³ The IV is equal to 1,000 divided by the CI, as shown in the Figures above. Although the IV does not use a definite scale like the CI, it follows that the highest ranking curves are those with the lowest IVs. When divided by ten, the IV approximates the average difference between simulated and actual balances expressed as a percent of the average actual balance.⁹⁴ The IV resulting from the 12-S3 curve is 85, while the IV from the 10-S3 is 50, as shown above.

Another important statistical measure is the "retirements experience index" ("REI"), which measures the maturity of the account. According to Bauhan, the CI alone cannot truly measure the validity of the chosen curve because the CI provides no indication of the sufficiency of the retirement experience. A small REI implies that the history of the account may be too short to determine a best fitting Iowa curve. In other words, there may be many potential Iowa curves that could be fitted to a stub curve that is too short. This concept is illustrated in the graph below. This graph shows a stub survivor curve (the diamond-shaped points on the graph). The first seven data points of the stub survivor curve represent a small REI score. If an analyst was looking at only the first seven data points, it appears that several Iowa curves would provide a good fit, including the 10-S1, 8-L3, and 8-R3 (and several others not shown on the graph). These curves, however, have significantly different life characteristics and average lives. Once the longer stub curve is taken into account, it is obvious that the 10-S1 curve provides the best fit.

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White, R.E. and H. A. Cowles, "A Test Procedure for the Simulated Plant Record Method of Life Analysis," Journal of the American Statistical Association, vol. 70 (1970): 1204-1212.

⁹⁴ NARUC *supra* n. 11, at 111.

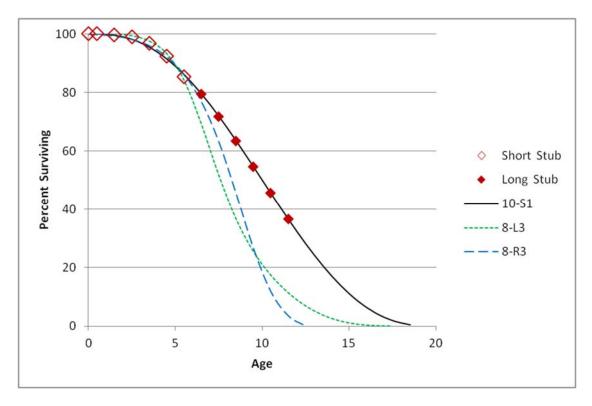


Figure 37: REI Illustration

Although the REI only applies to simulated analysis, the concept that a longer stub curve provides for better-fitting Iowa curves also applies to actuarial analysis.

The REI is mathematically calculated by dividing the balance from the oldest vintage in the test year at the end of the year by the initial installation amount. Referring to the top row of the SPR figure above, there were \$220 of installations in 1997, and only \$13 remaining in 2013. The REI for this account using the 12-S3 curve would be 94% (1 - (13/220)). An REI of 100% indicates that a complete curve was used in the simulation.

As with the CI, Bauhan also proposed a scale for the REI, as shown in the figure below. Thus, the REI of 94% from the account above using the 12-S3 curve would be considered excellent. This makes sense because the oldest vintage from that account had been nearly fully retired in the final test year.

Figure 38: REI Scale

<u>REI</u>	<u>Value</u>
> 75%	Excellent
50% - 75%	Good
33% – 50%	Fair
17% - 33%	Poor
0% - 17%	Valueless

Both the REI and CI, however, must be considered when assessing the value of an Iowa curve under the SPR method. So while the REI of 94% is excellent, the same curve (12-S3) produced a CI of only 12, which is poor. According to Bauhan, in order for a curve to be considered entirely satisfactory, both the REI and CI should be "Good" or better (i.e., both above 50).

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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-1

CURRICULUM VITAE

101 Park Avenue, Suite 1125 Oklahoma City, OK 73102

DAVID J. GARRETT

405.249.1050 dgarrett@resolveuc.com

EDUCATION

University of Oklahoma Norman, OK

Master of Business Administration 2014

Areas of Concentration: Finance, Energy

University of Oklahoma College of Law Norman, OK **Juris Doctor** 2007

Member, American Indian Law Review

University of Oklahoma Norman, OK **Bachelor of Business Administration** 2003

Major: Finance

PROFESSIONAL DESIGNATIONS

Society of Depreciation Professionals

Certified Depreciation Professional (CDP)

Society of Utility and Regulatory Financial Analysts Certified Rate of Return Analyst (CRRA)

The Mediation Institute

Certified Civil / Commercial & Employment Mediator

WORK EXPERIENCE

Resolve Utility Consulting PLLC Oklahoma City, OK

Managing Member 2016 – Present

Provide expert analysis and testimony specializing in depreciation and cost of capital issues for clients in utility regulatory proceedings.

Oklahoma Corporation CommissionOklahoma City, OKPublic Utility Regulatory Analyst2012 – 2016Assistant General Counsel2011 – 2012

Represented commission staff in utility regulatory proceedings and provided legal opinions to commissioners. Provided expert analysis and testimony in depreciation, cost of capital, incentive compensation, payroll and other issues.

Perebus Counsel, PLLC Oklahoma City, OK

Managing Member 2009 – 2011

Represented clients in the areas of family law, estate planning, debt negotiations, business organization, and utility regulation.

Moricoli & Schovanec, P.C. Oklahoma City, OK
Associate Attorney 2007 – 2009

Represented clients in the areas of contracts, oil and gas, business structures and estate administration.

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

University of Oklahoma Norman, OK Adjunct Instructor – "Conflict Resolution" 2014 – Present

Adjunct Instructor - "Ethics in Leadership"

Rose State College Midwest City, OK Adjunct Instructor – "Legal Research" 2013 – 2015

Adjunct Instructor – "Oil & Gas Law"

PUBLICATIONS

American Indian Law Review

"Vine of the Dead: Reviving Equal Protection Rites for Religious Drug Use"

Norman, OK

2006

"Vine of the Dead: Reviving Equal Protection Rites for Religious Drug Use" (31 Am. Indian L. Rev. 143)

VOLUNTEER EXPERIENCE

Calm WatersOklahoma City, OKBoard Member2015 – 2018

Participate in management of operations, attend meetings, review performance, compensation, and financial records. Assist in fundraising events.

Group Facilitator & Fundraiser 2014 – 2018

Facilitate group meetings designed to help children and families cope with divorce and tragic events. Assist in fundraising events.

St. Jude Children's Research HospitalOklahoma City, OKOklahoma Fundraising Committee2008 – 2010

Raised money for charity by organizing local fundraising events.

2011

2010

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

Oklahoma Bar Association 2007 – Present

Society of Depreciation Professionals 2014 – Present

Board Member – President 2017

Participate in management of operations, attend meetings, review performance, organize presentation agenda.

Society of Utility Regulatory Financial Analysts 2014 – Present

SELECTED CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

Society of Depreciation Professionals

Life and Net Salvage Analysis

Austin, TX

2015

Extensive instruction on utility depreciation, including actuarial and simulation life analysis modes, gross salvage, cost of removal, life cycle analysis, and technology forecasting.

Society of Depreciation Professionals New Orleans, LA

"Introduction to Depreciation" and "Extended Training" 2014

Extensive instruction on utility depreciation, including average lives and net salvage.

Society of Utility and Regulatory Financial Analysts Indianapolis, IN

46th Financial Forum. "The Regulatory Compact: Is it Still Relevant?" 2014

Forum discussions on current issues.

New Mexico State University, Center for Public Utilities Santa Fe, NM

Current Issues 2012, "The Santa Fe Conference" 2012

Forum discussions on various current issues in utility regulation.

Michigan State University, Institute of Public Utilities Clearwater, FL

"39th Eastern NARUC Utility Rate School"

One-week, hands-on training emphasizing the fundamentals of

the utility ratemaking process.

New Mexico State University, Center for Public Utilities Albuquerque, NM

"The Basics: Practical Regulatory Training for the Changing Electric Industries"

One-week, hands-on training designed to provide a solid foundation in core areas of utility ratemaking.

The Mediation Institute Oklahoma City, OK

"Civil / Commercial & Employment Mediation Training" 2009

Extensive instruction and mock mediations designed to build foundations in conducting mediations in civil matters.

Utility Regulatory Proceedings

Regulatory Agency	Utility Applicant	Docket Number	Issues Addressed	Parties Represented
Public Utilities Commission of the State of California	Pacific Gas & Electric Company	18-12-009	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	The Utility Reform Network
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	The Empire District Electric Company	PUD 201800133	Cost of capital, authorized ROE, depreciation rates	Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers and Oklahoma Energy Results
Arkansas Public Service Commission	Southwestern Electric Power Company	19-008-U	Cost of capital, depreciation rates, net salvage	Western Arkansas Large Energy Consumers
Public Utility Commission of Texas	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	PUC 49421	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Texas Coast Utilities Coalition
Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities	Massachusetts Electric Company and Nantucket Electric Company	D.P.U. 18-150	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Massachusetts Office of the Attorney General, Office of Ratepayer Advocacy
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company	PUD 201800140	Cost of capital, authorized ROE, depreciation rates	Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers and Oklahoma Energy Results
Public Service Commission of the State of Montana	Montana-Dakota Utilities Company	D2018.9.60	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Montana Consumer Counsel and Denbury Onshore
Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission	Northern Indiana Public Service Company	45159	Depreciation rates, grouping procedure, demolition costs	Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor
Public Service Commission of the State of Montana	NorthWestern Energy	D2018.2.12	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Montana Consumer Counsel
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	PUD 201800097	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers and Wal-Mart
Nevada Public Utilities Commission	Southwest Gas Corporation	18-05031	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Nevada Bureau of Consumer Protection
Public Utility Commission of Texas	Texas-New Mexico Power Company	PUC 48401	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Alliance of Texas-New Mexico Power Municipalities
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company	PUD 201700496	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers and Oklahoma Energy Results
Maryland Public Service Commission	Washington Gas Light Company	9481	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Maryland Office of People's Counsel
Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission	Citizens Energy Group	45039	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor
Public Utility Commission of Texas	Entergy Texas, Inc.	PUC 48371	Depreciation rates, decommissioning costs	Texas Municipal Group
Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission	Avista Corporation	UE-180167	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Washington Office of Attorney General

Utility Regulatory Proceedings

Regulatory Agency	Utility Applicant	Docket Number	Issues Addressed	Parties Represented
New Mexico Public Regulation Commission	Southwestern Public Service Company	17-00255-UT	Cost of capital and authorized rate of return	HollyFrontier Navajo Refining; Occidental Permian
Public Utility Commission of Texas	Southwestern Public Service Company	PUC 47527	Depreciation rates, plant service lives	Alliance of Xcel Municipalities
Public Service Commission of the State of Montana	Montana-Dakota Utilities Company	D2017.9.79	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Montana Consumer Counsel
Florida Public Service Commission	Florida City Gas	20170179-GU	Cost of capital, depreciation rates	Florida Office of Public Counsel
Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission	Avista Corporation	UE-170485	Cost of capital and authorized rate of return	Washington Office of Attorney General
Wyoming Public Service Commission	Powder River Energy Corporation	10014-182-CA-17	Credit analysis, cost of capital	Private customer
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Public Service Co. of Oklahoma	PUD 201700151	Depreciation, terminal salvage, risk analysis	Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers
Public Utility Commission of Texas	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	PUC 46957	Depreciation rates, simulated analysis	Alliance of Oncor Cities
Nevada Public Utilities Commission	Nevada Power Company	17-06004	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Nevada Bureau of Consumer Protection
Public Utility Commission of Texas	El Paso Electric Company	PUC 46831	Depreciation rates, interim retirements	City of El Paso
Idaho Public Utilities Commission	Idaho Power Company	IPC-E-16-24	Accelerated depreciation of North Valmy plant	Micron Technology, Inc.
Idaho Public Utilities Commission	Idaho Power Company	IPC-E-16-23	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Micron Technology, Inc.
Public Utility Commission of Texas	Southwestern Electric Power Company	PUC 46449	Depreciation rates, decommissioning costs	Cities Advocating Reasonable Deregulation
Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities	Eversource Energy	D.P.U. 17-05	Cost of capital, capital structure, and rate of return	Sunrun Inc.; Energy Freedom Coalition of America
Railroad Commission of Texas	Atmos Pipeline - Texas	GUD 10580	Depreciation rates, grouping procedure	City of Dallas
Public Utility Commission of Texas	Sharyland Utility Company	PUC 45414	Depreciation rates, simulated analysis	City of Mission
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Empire District Electric Company	PUD 201600468	Cost of capital, depreciation rates	Oklahoma Industrial Energy Consumers

Utility Regulatory Proceedings

Regulatory Agency	Utility Applicant	Docket Number	Issues Addressed	Parties Represented
Railroad Commission of Texas	CenterPoint Energy Texas Gas	GUD 10567	Depreciation rates, simulated plant analysis	Texas Coast Utilities Coalition
Arkansas Public Service Commission	Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company	160-159-GU	Cost of capital, depreciation rates, terminal salvage	Arkansas River Valley Energy Consumers; Wal-Mart
Florida Public Service Commission	Peoples Gas	160-159-GU	Depreciation rates, service lives, net salvage	Florida Office of Public Counsel
Arizona Corporation Commission	Arizona Public Service Company	E-01345A-16-0036	Cost of capital, depreciation rates, terminal salvage	Energy Freedom Coalition of America
Nevada Public Utilities Commission	Sierra Pacific Power Company	16-06008	Depreciation rates, net salvage, theoretical reserve	Northern Nevada Utility Customers
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co.	PUD 201500273	Cost of capital, depreciation rates, terminal salvage	Public Utility Division
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Public Service Co. of Oklahoma	PUD 201500208	Cost of capital, depreciation rates, terminal salvage	Public Utility Division
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	Oklahoma Natural Gas Company	PUD 201500213	Cost of capital, depreciation rates, net salvage	Public Utility Division

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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-2

SUMMARY ACCRUAL ADJUSTMENT

Summary Accrual Adjustment

	TCUC Adjustment	(15,634,082)	\$ (16,458,308)
djustment	TCUC Accrual	48,505,252 16,951,752	\$ 65,457,005
Average Life Group (ALG) Accrual Adjustment	Company Accrual	64,139,334 17,775,979	\$ 81,915,313
Average Li	Original Cost 12/31/2015	1,818,509,745 222,465,487	\$ 2,040,975,232
	Plant Function	Distributrion General	Total

Plant		Original Cost	S	Company		TCUC		TCUC
Function		12/31/2015		Accrual		Accrual		Adjustment
Distributrion		1,818,509,745		64,139,334		57,059,565		(7,079,768)
General		222,465,487		17,775,979		17,375,668		(400,311)
Total	❖	2,040,975,232	↔	81,915,313	❖	74,435,234	❖	(7,480,079)

Equal Life Group (ELG) Accrual Adjustment

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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-3

DEPRECIATION PARAMETER COMPARISON

Account No.	Description	Company Iowa Curve Type AL	ACM Iowa Curve Type AL
	Distribution Plant		1
G37601 6952	Distribution Mains - Plastic	R2.5 - 63	R2 - 65
G37901 7010	Meas. & Reg City Gate	R1 - 38	R0.5 - 43
G38001 7023	Services - Plastic	R2.5 - 46	R2 - 56
G38201 7090	Meter Installations Large	R1 - 38	R0.5 - 43
	General Plant		
G39001 7200	Structures & Improvements	R3 - 40	R3 - 55
G39201	Transportation Equipment	L2.5 - 8	S1.5 - 8

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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-4

DETAILED RATE COMPARISON - ALG PROCEDURE

	Annual	Accrual		45	(4,689)	(2,181,986)	(3,298,827)	(134,529)	(383 048)	336,094	(9,069,248)	(118,624)	127,293	(598,440)	(868)	(119,525)	(12,372)	(000 800 14)	(15,634,082)		(328,297)	(456,140)	(39,790)			,								•	(824,227)	(16,458,308)
[4]	Difference An	Rate		0.00%	-0.37%	-0.58%	-0.63%	-1.16%	-2.36%	0.85%	-1.74%	-0.12%	0.11%	-1.84% -0.18%	-0.56%	-0.78%	-0.27%	200	-0.85%		-1.12%	-1.30%	-0.62%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0) 0000	0.00%			-0.37%	-0.81%
	Annual	Accrual		22,773	18,571	12,620,529	10,590,355	290,286	680.094	2,216,493	11,951,489	3,359,651	4,036,902	138,781	5.064	329,172	110,535		48,505,252		527,001	4,108,956	647,809	25,733	201,016	2,553,661	905,872			6,122	280,944	5,007,403	000	1,788,045	16,951,752	65,457,005
[3]	ACM Proposal	Rate		1.38%	1.47%	3.37%	2.04%	2.50%	7 24%	5.59%	2.29%	3.27%	3.44%	2.21% 3.27%	3.29%	2.16%	2.42%) or) c	7.67%		1.80%	11.75%	10.02%	20.00%	5.00%	14.29%	14.29%	8.33%	8.33%	0.07%	5.00%	9.00%			7.62%	3.21%
	Iowa Curve	Type AL		R5 - 75		52.5 - 47	R2 - 65	R1 - 38	R0 5 - 43	54 - 39	R2 - 56	R4 - 30	R4 - 30	RU.5 - 43		R2 - 45					R3 - 55	S1.5 - 8	L3 - 10	CT - MA	AM - 20	AM - 7	AM - 7	AM - 12	AM - 12	AM - 15	AM - 20					
	Annual	Accrual		22,729	23,260	14,802,515	13,889,182	424,815	1 063 143	1,880,399	21,020,737	3,478,275	3,909,609	1,31/,221	5.932	448,697	122,906	4	64,139,334		855,298	4,565,095	687,598	25,233	201,016	2,553,661	905,872			6,122	280,944	68.660	0000	1,788,045	17,775,979	81,915,313
[2]	Company Proposal	Rate		1.37%	1.84%	3.95%	2.67%	3.66%	3 50%	4.74%	4.03%	3.39%	3.33%	3.45%	3.86%	2.94%	2.69%	ò	3.53%		2.92%	13.06%	10.64%	20.07%	5.00%	14.29%	14.29%	8.33%	8.33%	0.07%	2.00%	9.00%	8		7.99%	4.01%
	Curve	Type AL		R5 - 75	R1 - 65	52.5 - 47		R1 - 38	R1 - 23	S4 - 39	R2.5 - 46		R4 - 30		R2 - 30						R3 - 40	12.5 - 8	L2.5 - 10	G . W		AM - 7	AM - 7	AM - 12	AM - 12	AM - 15	AM - 20	AM - 20				
[1]	Plant Balance	12/31/2015		1,653,176	1,262,809	374,295,481	519,824,553	11,608,136	4,146,223	39,660,957	520,969,210	102,731,865	117,291,319	32,484,867	153.741	15,264,732	4,561,330	000	1,818,509,745		29,323,423	34,960,015	6,462,669	125 146	4,020,314	17,875,628	6,341,102		. 000	91,830	5,618,886	1.029.897	100,030,4		222,465,487	2,040,975,232
		Description	Distribution Plant	Land Rights	Structures & Improvements	Distribution Mains - Steel	Distribution Mains - Plastic	Meas. & Reg. Sta. Eq-General	Meas & Reg - City Gate	Services - Steel	Services - Plastic	Meters	Meter Installations Small	Meter Installations Large House Regulators Small	House Regulators Large	Ind. Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip	Other Equipment		lotal Distribution Plant	General Plant	Structures & Improvements	Transportation Equipment	Power Operated Equipment	Improv. to Leased Freninses 15 fi	Office Furniture & Equipment	Computer Equipment	Tools	Shop Equipment	Garage Equipment	Labortatory Equipment	Communication Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment		Amortization of Reserve Difference	Total General Plant	TOTAL PLANT STUDIED
	Account	No.		G37402 6880	G37501 6900	G37601 6951	6376016952	6378016980	G37901 7010	G38001 7022	G38001 7023	G38101 7050	G38201 7080	G38201 7090	G38301 7130	G38501 7150	G38701 7160				G390017200	G39201	G39601	639002 7225 (13)	G39101 7230	G39102	G39401 7362	G39401 7364	G39401 7366	639501	639/01	G39801				

[1] from Company depreciation study; plant balances as of the study date
[2] Company Depreciation Study
[3] Study and Accruals from Rate Development exhibit. (Some unadjusted accounts hard coded to zero to account for rounding differences)
[4] = [3] - [2]

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
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DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-5

DEPRECIATION RATE DEVELOPMENT – ALG PROCEDURE

[1] [2] Original Iowa Curve
1,653,176 R5 - 75 1,262,809 R1 - 65
S
R2 - 65
R1 - 38
R1 - 25
- 43
* S
RZ - 30
R4 - 30
R0.5 - 43
R4 - 30
R2 - 30
R2 - 45
4,561,330 R1 - 35 0.0%
1,818,509,746
R3 - 55
34,960,015
LS - 10 AM - 15
5 - AM - 5
AM - 20
AM - 7
, .
- AM - 12 0.0%
15 -
20 VVV
AM - 20
AM - 15
222,465,488
2,040,975,234

^[1] From Company depreciation study, plant balances as of the study date
[2] Selected lows curve type and average life through mathematical and visual curve fitting-techniques and professional judgement.
[3] From the company's property records; any negative book reserve balances were replaced with the Company's redistibuted reserve calculations
[4] = [4] + [5]
[5] From the Company's property records; any negative book reserve balances were replaced with the Company's redistibuted reserve calculations
[6] = [4] + [5]
[7] Average remaining life based on lowas Curve in Column [2]
[8] = [11] + [5]) / [7]
[9] = [8] / [1]
[10] = [13] + [9]
[11] = [13] + [9]
[12] = [13] + [13]
[13] = [12] / [1], Some unadjusted accruals may be hard coded to match the Company's proposed accrual.
[13] = [12] / [1], Some unadjusted ratus may be hard coded to match the Company's proposed rate.

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CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	OI IZINIS
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-6

DETAILED RATE COMPARISON - ELG PROCEDURE

[4]	Difference	Annual Accrual		•	•	•	(440,445)			(49,200)	. :	(6,210,844)			(379,106)					(7,079,768)		(245,209)	(155,721)										•			(400,311)	(7,480,079)
	Diffe	Rate		0.00%	%00'0	%00'0	-0.08%	%00.0	%00'0	-0.16%	%00.0	-1.19%	%00.0	%00.0	-1.17%	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0	%00.0	-0.39%		-0.84%	-0.45%	%00'0	%00.0	%00.0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	000			%000	0.00%		-0.98%	-0.45%
		Annual Accrual		22,729	23,260	14,802,515	13,448,737	424,815	270,852	1,013,943	1,880,399	14,809,893	3,478,275	3,909,609	938,115	1,459,061	5,932	448,697	122,906	57,059,565		610,089	4,409,374	687,598	31,235	25,029	201,016	2,553,661	903,672		6 122	280 944	5.807.403	68,660	1,788,045	17,375,668	74,435,234
[3]	ACM Proposal	Rate		1.37%	1.84%	3.95%	2.59%	3.66%	6.53%	3.34%	4.74%	2.84%	3.39%	3.33%	2.89%	3.45%	3.86%	2.94%	2.69%	3.14%		2.08%	12.61%	10.64%	%29'9	20.00%	2.00%	14.29%	14.29%	8 33%	6.67%	200%	2.00%	%29.9		7.01%	3.56%
		lowa Curve Type AL		R5 - 75	R1 - 65	S2.5 - 47	R2 - 65	R1 - 38	R1 - 25	R0.5 - 43	S4 - 39	R2 - 56	R4 - 30	R4 - 30	R0.5 - 43	K4 - 30	R2 - 30	R2 - 45	R1 - 35			R3 - 55	S1.5 - 8	12.5 - 10	AM - 15	AM - 5	AM - 20	AM - /	AM - /	AM - 12	AM - 15	AM - 20	AM - 20	AM - 15			
		Annual Accrual		22,729	23,260	14,802,515	13,889,182	424,815	270,852	1,063,143	1,880,399	21,020,737	3,478,275	3,909,609	1,317,221	1,459,061	5,932	448,697	122,906	64,139,334		855,298	4,565,095	865,789	31,235	25,029	201,016	2,553,661	279,606		6122	280 944	5.807.403	68,660	1,788,045	17,775,979	81,915,313
[2]	Company Proposal	Rate		1.37%	1.84%	3.95%	2.67%	3.66%	6.53%	3.50%	4.74%	4.03%	3.39%	3.33%	4.05%	3.45%	3.86%	2.94%	2.69%	3.53%		2.92%	13.06%	10.64%	%299	20.00%	5.00%	14.29%	14.29%	8 33%	6 67%	200%	2.00%	9.67%		7.99%	4.01%
		Iowa Curve Type AL		R5 - 75	R1 - 65	52.5 - 47	R2.5 - 63	R1 - 38	R1 - 25	R1 - 38	S4 - 39	R2.5 - 46	R4 - 30	R4 - 30	R1 - 38	R4 - 30	R2 - 30	R2 - 45	R1 - 35			R3 - 40	L2.5 - 8	L2.5 - 10	AM - 15	AM - 5	AM - 20	AM - /	AIVI - /	AM - 12	AM - 15	AM - 20	AM - 20	AM - 15			
[1]		Plant Balance 12/31/2015		1,653,176	1,262,809	374,295,481	519,824,553	11,608,136	4,148,225	30,353,126	39,660,957	520,969,210	102,731,865	117,291,319	32,484,867	42,246,219	153,741	15,264,732	4,561,330	1,818,509,745		29,323,423	34,960,015	6,462,669	468,524	125,146	4,020,314	17,875,628	0,341,102		91830	5 618 886	116.148.053	1,029,897		222,465,487	2,040,975,232
		Description	Distribution Plant	Land Rights	Structures & Improvements	Distribution Mains - Steel	Distribution Mains - Plastic	Meas. & Reg. Sta. Eq-General	Meas & Reg, Sta, Odorizers	Meas. & Reg City Gate	Services - Steel	Services - Plastic	Meters	Meter Installations Small	Meter Installations Large	House Regulators Small	House Regulators Large	Ind. Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip	Other Equipment	Total Distribution Plant	General Plant	Structures & Improvements	Transportation Equipment	Power Operated Equipment	Improv. to Leased Premises 15 Yr	Improv. to Leased Premises 5 Yr	Office Furniture & Equipment	Computer Equipment	Chor Caringons	Garage Equipment	labortatory Equipment	Communication Equipment	Communication Equipment-ERTS	Miscellaneous Equipment	Amortization of Reserve Difference	Total General Plant	TOTAL PLANT STUDIED
		Account No.		G37402 6880	6375016900	G376016951	G37601 6952	G37801 6980	G37801 7000	G37901 7010	G38001 7022	G38001 7023	G38101 7050	G38201 7080	638201 7090	638301 / 120	638301 7130	638501 7150	G38701 7160			G39001 7200	G39201	639601	G39002 7225 (15)	G39002 7225 (5)	639101 7230	639102	G39401 /362	639401 7366	639501	639701	639703	G39801			

[1] from Company depreciation study; plant balances as of the study date [2] company Depreciation Study [3] charse and Accrusk from Rate Development exhibit. [4] = [3] - [2]

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	D. W. D. G. D. G. G. W. G. G. V.
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-7

DEPRECIATION RATE DEVELOPMENT – ELG PROCEDURE

Iowa Curve
AL Salvage Base
0.0%
-10.0%
-65.0%
65 -40.0% 727,754,374
- 25 -10.0% 4,563,048
30 0.0% 102,731,865
30 -5.0% 123,155,885
30 0.0% 42,246,219
-5.0%
0.0%
0.0%
2,548,793,111
5 0.0% 29,323,423
. 15 0.0%
5 0.0%
20 0.0% 4,020,314
0.0% 17,875,628
0.0% 6,341,102
12 0.0%
12 0.0%
15 0.0%
0.0%
215,359,005
2,764,152,116

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-8

ACCOUNT 390 CURVE FITTING

Account 390 Curve Fitting

[1] [2] Age Exposures	[3] Observed Life	[4]	[5] ACM	[6] Company	[7] ACM	
Years)	(Dollars)	Table (OLT)	R3-40	R3-55	SSD	SSD
0.0	28,898,108	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	0.0000	0.0000
0.5	21,359,188	100.00%	99.98%	99.99%	0.0000	0.0000
1.5	16,557,960	100.00%	99.93%	99.95%	0.0000	0.0000
2.5	15,420,536	99.90%	99.88%	99.92%	0.0000	0.0000
3.5	888,380	99.76%	99.81%	99.88%	0.0000	0.0000
4.5	667,053	99.76%	99.73%	99.83%	0.0000	0.0000
5.5	576,693	99.31%	99.63%	99.77%	0.0000	0.0000
6.5	500,816	99.31%	99.51%	99.71%	0.0000	0.0000
7.5	640,923	99.31%	99.38%	99.64%	0.0000	0.0000
8.5	355,824	99.31%	99.21%	99.55%	0.0000	0.0000
9.5	355,556	99.23%	99.03%	99.46%	0.0000	0.0000
10.5	355,556	99.23%	98.81%	99.36%	0.0000	0.0000
11.5	311,876	99.23%	98.55%	99.24%	0.0000	0.0000
12.5	329,215	99.23%	98.26%	99.11%	0.0001	0.0000
13.5	329,215	99.23%	97.93%	98.96%	0.0002	0.0000
14.5	329,215	99.23%	97.56%	98.80%	0.0003	0.0000
15.5	329,215	99.23%	97.13%	98.61%	0.0004	0.0000
16.5	212,107	99.23%	96.65%	98.41%	0.0007	0.0001
17.5	209,157	99.23%	96.11%	98.19%	0.0010	0.0001
18.5	178,287	99.23%	95.50%	97.95%	0.0014	0.0002
19.5	169,340	99.23%	94.83%	97.68%	0.0019	0.0002
20.5	22,816	99.23%	94.08%	97.39%	0.0027	0.0003
21.5	22,816	99.23%	93.25%	97.07%	0.0036	0.0005
22.5	22,816	99.23%	92.34%	96.72%	0.0047	0.0006
23.5	22,816	99.23%	91.34%	96.33%	0.0062	0.0008
24.5	18,038	99.23%	90.23%	95.92%	0.0081	0.0011
25.5	16,774	99.23%	89.02%	95.47%	0.0104	0.0014
26.5	103,246	99.23%	87.70%	94.99%	0.0133	0.0018
27.5	117,783	99.23%	86.26%	94.47%	0.0168	0.0023
28.5	103,246	86.99%	84.69%	93.90%	0.0005	0.0048
29.5	136,899	86.99%	82.97%	93.29%	0.0016	0.0040
30.5	136,899	86.99%	81.11%	92.64%	0.0035	0.0032
31.5	218,910	86.99%	79.10%	91.94%	0.0062	0.0025
32.5	227,711	86.99%	76.91%	91.19%	0.0102	0.0018
33.5	227,711	86.99%	74.55%	90.39%	0.0155	0.0012
34.5	227,711	86.99%	72.01%	89.53%	0.0225	0.0006
35.5	145,664	55.64%	69.28%	88.62%	0.0186	0.1087
36.5	136,164	52.01%	66.36%	87.64%	0.0206	0.1269
37.5	136,164	52.01%	63.25%	86.60%	0.0126	0.1196
38.5	120,089	52.01%	59.97%	85.49%	0.0063	0.1121
39.5	33,654	52.01%	56.52%	84.31%	0.0020	0.1043
40.5	33,654	52.01%	52.92%	83.06%	0.0001	0.0964
41.5	33,654	52.01%	49.21%	81.72%	0.0008	0.0883
42.5	0	52.01%	45.40%	80.31%	0.0044	0.0801
43.5	0	52.01%	41.55%	78.81%	0.0109	0.0718
44.5	0	52.01%	37.69%	77.22%	0.0205	0.0636
Sum of So	uared Differences fo	r Relevant OLT		[8]	0.1318	0.0275

^[1] Age in years using half-year convention

^[2] Dollars exposed to retirement at the beginning of each age interval

 $[\]label{thm:company:cond} \textbf{[3] Observed life table based on the Company's property records. These numbers form the original survivor curve.}$

^[4] The Company's selected lowa curve to be fitted to the OLT.

^[5] My selected lowa curve to be fitted to the OLT.

^{[6] = ([4] - [3])^2.} This is the squared difference between each point on the Company's curve and the observed survivor curve.

^{[7] = ([5] - [3])^2.} This is the squared difference between each point on my curve and the observed survivor curve.

^{[9] =} Sum of squared differences excluding less than 1% of beginning exposures.

^{*}Below the bold horizontal line represents less than 1% of beginning exposures.

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	D. W. D. G. D. G. G. W. G. G. V.
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-9

ACCOUNT 392 CURVE FITTING

Account 392 Curve Fitting

[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]
Age (Years)	Exposures (Dollars)	Observed Life Table (OLT)	Company L2.5-8	ACM S1.5-8	Company SSD	ACM SSD
0.0	59,567,681	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	0.0000	0.0000
0.5	55,692,085	100.00%	99.99%	99.98%	0.0000	0.0000
1.5	52,993,601	98.60%	99.64%	99.51%	0.0001	0.0001
2.5	50,109,690	97.10%	98.34%	97.88%	0.0002	0.0001
3.5	44,156,450	94.41%	95.43%	94.37%	0.0001	0.0000
4.5	37,907,082	89.96%	89.55%	88.44%	0.0000	0.0002
5.5	32,102,651	83.61%	79.49%	79.90%	0.0017	0.0014
6.5	25,129,311	71.22%	65.69%	69.03%	0.0031	0.0005
7.5	17,435,742	56.56%	50.87%	56.53%	0.0032	0.0000
8.5	12,003,160	42.79%	37.91%	43.47%	0.0024	0.0000
9.5	7,837,072	30.92%	27.78%	30.97%	0.0010	0.0000
10.5	4,266,285	20.98%	20.03%	20.10%	0.0001	0.0001
11.5	1,990,723	11.82%	13.96%	11.56%	0.0005	0.0000
12.5	869,421	5.53%	9.25%	5.63%	0.0014	0.0000
13.5	540,185	3.44%	5.73%	2.12%	0.0005	0.0002
14.5	256,472	2.89%	3.28%	0.49%	0.0000	0.0006
15.5	120,163	1.94%	1.72%	0.00%	0.0000	0.0004
16.5	19,700	1.40%	0.81%		0.0000	0.0002
17.5	19,700	1.40%	0.35%		0.0001	0.0002
18.5	14,678	1.40%	0.13%		0.0002	0.0002
19.5	14,678	1.40%	0.04%		0.0002	0.0002
20.5	12,248	1.40%	0.01%		0.0002	0.0002
21.5	4,652	1.40%	0.00%		0.0002	0.0002
22.5	3,688	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
23.5	3,688	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
24.5	3,688	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
25.5	3,688	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
26.5	3,688	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
27.5	3,688	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
28.5	32	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
29.5	32	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
30.5	32	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
31.5	0	1.40%			0.0002	0.0002
32.5						
Sum of Sq	uared Differences fo	or Relevant OLT		[8]	0.0137	0.0024

^[1] Age in years using half-year convention

^[2] Dollars exposed to retirement at the beginning of each age interval

^[3] Observed life table based on the Company's property records. These numbers form the original survivor curve.

^[4] The Company's selected Iowa curve to be fitted to the OLT.

^[5] My selected lowa curve to be fitted to the OLT.

^{[6] = ([4] - [3])^2.} This is the squared difference between each point on the Company's curve and the observed survivor curve.

^{[7] = ([5] - [3])^2.} This is the squared difference between each point on my curve and the observed survivor curve.

^{[9] =} Sum of squared differences excluding less than 1% of beginning exposures.

^{*}Below the bold horizontal line represents less than 1% of beginning exposures.

GAS UTILITIES DOCKET NO. 10920

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-10

SIMULATED PLANT RECORD ANALYSIS AND GRAPHICAL BALANCE FIT SUMMARIES

Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 46
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1970
Last Test Point - 2015

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R2.5	63.00 Yrs.	9.9410E+12	323.65	3.09	19.19
R2	79.84 Yrs.	1.0358E+13	317.08	3.15	13.89
L0.5	126.31 Yrs.	1.0940E+13	308.52	3.24	13.06
L1	91.78 Yrs.	1.1005E+13	307.60	3.25	17.98
S0	100.19 Yrs.	1.1428E+13	301.86	3.31	14.94
L0	164.75 Yrs.	1.1460E+13	301.44	3.32	11.68
S0.5	80.53 Yrs.	1.2117E+13	293.15	3.41	18.03
R1.5	113.97 Yrs.	1.2229E+13	291.81	3.43	10.21
S.5	171.91 Yrs.	1.2591E+13	287.58	3.48	9.68
L1.5	75.16 Yrs.	1.2964E+13	283.42	3.53	21.83
R1	153.94 Yrs.	1.3118E+13	281.75	3.55	9.15
R3	50.56 Yrs.	1.7434E+13	244.40	4.09	32.14
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.7532E+13	.00	.00	9.02
S1	64.06 Yrs.	1.8534E+13	237.04	4.22	25.01
L2	60.69 Yrs.	2.2740E+13	213.99	4.67	31.46
S1.5	56.41 Yrs.	2.3176E+13	211.97	4.72	30.42
S2	49.66 Yrs.	3.8932E+13	163.55	6.11	40.11
L3	48.16 Yrs.	4.9055E+13	145.70	6.86	49.13
R4	41.69 Yrs.	5.7851E+13	134.17	7.45	64.21
S3	43.16 Yrs.	7.2541E+13	119.81	8.35	58.42
L4	41.59 Yrs.	8.8976E+13	108.18	9.24	69.94
S4	39.19 Yrs.	1.3011E+14	89.46	11.18	81.83
R5	37.88 Yrs.	1.4916E+14	83.55	11.97	95.16
L5	38.56 Yrs.	1.5051E+14	83.18	12.02	87.20
O1	201.00 Yrs.	1.5100E+14	.00	.00	11.32
SC	201.00 Yrs.	1.5100E+14	.00	.00	11.32
S5	37.34 Yrs.	1.8693E+14	74.64	13.40	96.82
S6	36.44 Yrs.	2.2611E+14	67.86	14.74	99.96
SQ	36.00 Yrs.	2.6252E+14	62.98	15.88	100.00
O2	201.00 Yrs.	3.0361E+14	.00	.00	12.72
О3	201.00 Yrs.	1.5852E+15	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	4.5169E+15	.00	.00	24.98

Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2011
Last Test Point - 2015

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
L1.5	75.28 Yrs.	5.2093E+10	4324.56	.23	21.76
S1	64.59 Yrs.	7.5647E+10	3588.70	.28	24.56
R2.5	62.56 Yrs.	1.0234E+11	3085.33	.32	19.52
S0.5	80.25 Yrs.	1.1053E+11	2968.89	.34	18.14
L1	91.28 Yrs.	1.1116E+11	2960.51	.34	18.17
R3	51.00 Yrs.	1.6254E+11	2448.21	.41	31.25
S1.5	57.06 Yrs.	2.0439E+11	2183.24	.46	29.55
S0	99.00 Yrs.	2.1966E+11	2106.00	.47	15.23
L2	61.44 Yrs.	2.5651E+11	1948.87	.51	30.53
R2	78.09 Yrs.	2.9777E+11	1808.82	.55	14.50
L0.5	123.53 Yrs.	3.3245E+11	1711.87	.58	13.53
L0	160.18 Yrs.	4.2182E+11	1519.74	.66	12.13
R1.5	109.03 Yrs.	5.4980E+11	1331.16	.75	10.86
S.5	163.88 Yrs.	5.9467E+11	1279.96	.78	10.26
R1	145.78 Yrs.	6.4790E+11	1226.25	.82	9.75
R0.5	200.25 Yrs.	7.1746E+11	.00	.00	9.06
S2	50.50 Yrs.	7.8461E+11	1114.31	.90	38.35
L3	48.97 Yrs.	1.7000E+12	757.02	1.32	47.02
R4	42.38 Yrs.	2.5839E+12	614.04	1.63	60.39
S3	43.97 Yrs.	2.9217E+12	577.45	1.73	55.42
L4	42.34 Yrs.	4.7780E+12	451.55	2.21	67.10
S4	39.91 Yrs.	8.7926E+12	332.87	3.00	78.51
L5	39.22 Yrs.	1.1673E+13	288.90	3.46	85.17
R5	38.50 Yrs.	1.2212E+13	282.45	3.54	92.95
S5	37.94 Yrs.	1.7492E+13	236.00	4.24	95.42
S6	36.97 Yrs.	2.4442E+13	199.65	5.01	99.91
SQ	36.00 Yrs.	4.0177E+13	155.72	6.42	100.00
SC	201.00 Yrs.	5.3366E+13	.00	.00	11.32
O1	201.00 Yrs.	5.3366E+13	.00	.00	11.32
O2	201.00 Yrs.	1.2815E+14	.00	.00	12.72
О3	201.00 Yrs.	8.0790E+14	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	2.4180E+15	.00	.00	24.98

Sunday, January 29, 2017 Page 2 of 11

Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2006
Last Test Point - 2010

R3 S1.5 L2 S1 L1.5 S0.5 S2 L1 R2.5	50.22 Yrs. 55.97 Yrs. 60.09 Yrs. 64.09 Yrs. 75.88 Yrs. 81.97 Yrs. 48.66 Yrs. 93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.	1.0520E+10 1.0828E+10 1.3338E+10 2.1604E+10 9.1050E+10 1.5468E+11 1.6809E+11	7040.31 6939.44 6252.43 4912.83 2393.07 1836.00 1761.24	.14 .14 .16 .20 .42	32.86 31.02 32.21 24.98 21.38
L2 S1 L1.5 S0.5 S2 L1 R2.5	55.97 Yrs. 60.09 Yrs. 64.09 Yrs. 75.88 Yrs. 81.97 Yrs. 48.66 Yrs. 93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.	1.3338E+10 2.1604E+10 9.1050E+10 1.5468E+11 1.6809E+11	6252.43 4912.83 2393.07 1836.00	.16 .20 .42	32.21 24.98
S1 L1.5 S0.5 S2 L1 R2.5	64.09 Yrs. 75.88 Yrs. 81.97 Yrs. 48.66 Yrs. 93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.	2.1604E+10 9.1050E+10 1.5468E+11 1.6809E+11	4912.83 2393.07 1836.00	.20 .42	24.98
L1.5 S0.5 S2 L1 R2.5	64.09 Yrs. 75.88 Yrs. 81.97 Yrs. 48.66 Yrs. 93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.	9.1050E+10 1.5468E+11 1.6809E+11	2393.07 1836.00	.42	
S0.5 S2 L1 R2.5	81.97 Yrs. 48.66 Yrs. 93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.	1.5468E+11 1.6809E+11	1836.00		21.38
S2 L1 R2.5	48.66 Yrs. 93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.	1.6809E+11		.54	
L1 R2.5	93.56 Yrs. 64.31 Yrs.		1761 24	· · ·	17.42
R2.5	64.31 Yrs.	1.7988F+11	1701.27	.57	42.31
		1.7 000= 1.7	1702.58	.59	17.32
00	400 04 Vro	2.1038E+11	1574.32	.64	18.22
S0	102.91 Yrs.	2.4512E+11	1458.49	.69	14.31
L0.5	131.13 Yrs.	3.5611E+11	1210.05	.83	12.32
R2	82.97 Yrs.	3.8026E+11	1171.00	.85	12.91
L0	171.98 Yrs.	4.0451E+11	1135.35	.88	11.03
L3	46.72 Yrs.	4.4375E+11	1084.00	.92	52.93
R1.5	120.69 Yrs.	5.4558E+11	977.61	1.02	9.44
S.5	182.41 Yrs.	5.5887E+11	965.92	1.04	9.01
R1	164.19 Yrs.	6.0056E+11	931.79	1.07	8.49
R4	40.19 Yrs.	7.2000E+11	851.00	1.18	72.59
S3	41.59 Yrs.	1.0958E+12	689.83	1.45	64.37
L4	39.78 Yrs.	1.7900E+12	539.72	1.85	76.23
S4	37.09 Yrs.	3.9536E+12	363.16	2.75	90.15
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	5.0034E+12	.00	.00	9.02
L5	36.31 Yrs.	5.3052E+12	313.51	3.19	92.73
R5	35.66 Yrs.	5.3136E+12	313.26	3.19	99.26
S5	34.94 Yrs.	7.8693E+12	257.41	3.88	99.55
SQ	33.00 Yrs.	8.6120E+12	246.06	4.06	100.00
S6	33.91 Yrs.	1.0463E+13	223.24	4.48	100.00
01	201.00 Yrs.	5.0911E+13	.00	.00	11.32
SC	201.00 Yrs.	5.0911E+13	.00	.00	11.32
O2	201.00 Yrs.	9.6746E+13	.00	.00	12.72
O3	201.00 Yrs.	4.5720E+14	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	1.2554E+15	.00	.00	24.98

Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2001
Last Test Point - 2005

L0.5 L0 S0	139.56 Yrs. 184.79 Yrs. 106.91 Yrs. 89.03 Yrs.	1.0493E+11 1.0528E+11 1.0693E+11	1646.35 1643.63	.61	11.17
S0	106.91 Yrs. 89.03 Yrs.		1643 63		11.17
	89.03 Yrs.	1.0693E+11	10-70.00	.61	10.01
			1630.93	.61	13.44
R2		1.0809E+11	1622.13	.62	11.32
R2.5	66.63 Yrs.	1.1094E+11	1601.15	.62	16.70
R1.5	134.72 Yrs.	1.1452E+11	1575.90	.63	8.15
L1	96.06 Yrs.	1.1682E+11	1560.34	.64	16.46
R1	185.94 Yrs.	1.1760E+11	1555.12	.64	7.35
S0.5	83.66 Yrs.	1.1848E+11	1549.34	.65	16.76
S.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.3538E+11	.00	.00	8.01
L1.5	76.47 Yrs.	1.3789E+11	1436.20	.70	21.01
S1	63.31 Yrs.	1.9839E+11	1197.34	.84	25.66
R3	49.44 Yrs.	1.9937E+11	1194.40	.84	34.60
L2	58.56 Yrs.	2.5459E+11	1056.95	.95	34.23
S1.5	54.56 Yrs.	2.7103E+11	1024.40	.98	33.02
S2	46.47 Yrs.	5.5748E+11	714.27	1.40	47.52
L3	44.16 Yrs.	7.2810E+11	625.00	1.60	59.77
R4	37.75 Yrs.	9.1565E+11	557.33	1.79	85.14
S3	38.81 Yrs.	1.3534E+12	458.42	2.18	75.15
L4	36.88 Yrs.	1.7594E+12	402.06	2.49	84.58
S4	34.00 Yrs.	3.0934E+12	303.22	3.30	97.54
R5	32.56 Yrs.	3.7521E+12	275.32	3.63	100.00
L5	33.19 Yrs.	3.9117E+12	269.65	3.71	97.56
S5	31.78 Yrs.	5.1444E+12	235.13	4.25	100.00
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	6.7019E+12	.00	.00	9.02
S6	30.75 Yrs.	6.9045E+12	202.96	4.93	100.00
SQ	30.00 Yrs.	8.7294E+12	180.50	5.54	100.00
O1	201.00 Yrs.	3.3648E+13	.00	.00	11.32
SC	201.00 Yrs.	3.3648E+13	.00	.00	11.32
O2	201.00 Yrs.	5.6757E+13	.00	.00	12.72
О3	201.00 Yrs.	2.2358E+14	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	5.7572E+14	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1996
Last Test Point - 2000

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R1	165.69 Yrs.	3.6031E+10	1811.01	.55	8.40
S.5	181.88 Yrs.	4.0941E+10	1698.96	.59	9.04
R1.5	119.97 Yrs.	4.1366E+10	1690.20	.59	9.52
R2	79.13 Yrs.	6.4287E+10	1355.81	.74	14.13
L0	164.83 Yrs.	6.7421E+10	1323.92	.76	11.68
L0.5	124.28 Yrs.	7.5400E+10	1251.91	.80	13.40
R2.5	59.00 Yrs.	1.0500E+11	1060.89	.94	22.68
S0	95.19 Yrs.	1.1305E+11	1022.39	.98	16.23
L1	85.06 Yrs.	1.3204E+11	946.04	1.06	20.79
S0.5	74.25 Yrs.	1.5200E+11	881.74	1.13	21.02
L1.5	67.59 Yrs.	1.8969E+11	789.30	1.27	27.44
R3	43.53 Yrs.	2.8750E+11	641.12	1.56	51.95
S1	55.88 Yrs.	3.1172E+11	615.71	1.62	33.49
L2	51.59 Yrs.	3.8107E+11	556.88	1.80	44.79
S1.5	48.00 Yrs.	4.0928E+11	537.34	1.86	44.55
S2	40.63 Yrs.	7.4370E+11	398.62	2.51	64.04
L3	38.59 Yrs.	8.8783E+11	364.83	2.74	73.82
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	8.9280E+11	.00	.00	9.02
R4	32.91 Yrs.	1.0448E+12	336.31	2.97	99.03
S3	33.75 Yrs.	1.4516E+12	285.33	3.50	92.03
L4	32.06 Yrs.	1.7932E+12	256.71	3.90	94.68
S4	29.50 Yrs.	2.7002E+12	209.20	4.78	99.96
R5	28.28 Yrs.	3.1863E+12	192.58	5.19	100.00
L5	28.78 Yrs.	3.3043E+12	189.11	5.29	99.86
S5	27.56 Yrs.	4.1094E+12	169.58	5.90	100.00
S6	26.72 Yrs.	5.6622E+12	144.47	6.92	100.00
O1	201.00 Yrs.	8.4493E+12	.00	.00	11.32
SC	201.00 Yrs.	8.4493E+12	.00	.00	11.32
SQ	26.00 Yrs.	9.1439E+12	113.68	8.80	100.00
O2	201.00 Yrs.	1.5671E+13	.00	.00	12.72
О3	201.00 Yrs.	7.1878E+13	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	1.9596E+14	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1991
Last Test Point - 1995

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R1	146.94 Yrs.	6.2156E+10	922.55	1.08	9.66
R1.5	106.03 Yrs.	6.8612E+10	878.08	1.14	11.30
S.5	160.81 Yrs.	6.8675E+10	877.67	1.14	10.50
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	7.1904E+10	.00	.00	9.02
R2	69.28 Yrs.	9.4089E+10	749.83	1.33	18.40
L0	144.32 Yrs.	1.0230E+11	719.10	1.39	13.94
L0.5	108.59 Yrs.	1.0967E+11	694.53	1.44	16.56
R2.5	51.22 Yrs.	1.3400E+11	628.31	1.59	33.03
S0	82.56 Yrs.	1.5259E+11	588.80	1.70	20.39
L1	73.56 Yrs.	1.6402E+11	567.92	1.76	26.98
S0.5	64.09 Yrs.	1.8942E+11	528.47	1.89	27.62
L1.5	58.13 Yrs.	2.1986E+11	490.52	2.04	36.97
R3	37.25 Yrs.	2.9421E+11	424.03	2.36	78.09
S1	47.75 Yrs.	3.3655E+11	396.47	2.52	45.73
L2	44.03 Yrs.	3.8663E+11	369.90	2.70	58.55
S1.5	40.91 Yrs.	4.0941E+11	359.46	2.78	61.64
S2	34.41 Yrs.	6.5755E+11	283.64	3.53	83.88
L3	32.69 Yrs.	7.5506E+11	264.69	3.78	86.53
R4	27.84 Yrs.	8.3310E+11	251.99	3.97	100.00
S3	28.47 Yrs.	1.0977E+12	219.53	4.56	99.54
L4	27.06 Yrs.	1.3066E+12	201.21	4.97	99.49
O1	201.00 Yrs.	1.6774E+12	.00	.00	11.32
SC	201.00 Yrs.	1.6774E+12	.00	.00	11.32
S4	24.91 Yrs.	1.8214E+12	170.42	5.87	100.00
R5	23.91 Yrs.	2.1162E+12	158.11	6.32	100.00
L5	24.34 Yrs.	2.1852E+12	155.59	6.43	100.00
S5	23.34 Yrs.	2.7229E+12	139.38	7.17	100.00
O2	201.00 Yrs.	3.6006E+12	.00	.00	12.72
S6	22.72 Yrs.	3.8796E+12	116.77	8.56	100.00
SQ	22.00 Yrs.	6.7814E+12	88.32	11.32	100.00
О3	201.00 Yrs.	2.0395E+13	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	5.9739E+13	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1986
Last Test Point - 1990

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O1	193.00 Yrs.	1.1986E+11	440.36	2.27	11.79
SC	193.00 Yrs.	1.1986E+11	440.36	2.27	11.79
R0.5	148.28 Yrs.	1.2205E+11	436.38	2.29	12.45
R1	105.44 Yrs.	1.2867E+11	425.01	2.35	14.40
R1.5	76.50 Yrs.	1.3797E+11	410.43	2.44	18.45
S.5	115.91 Yrs.	1.3834E+11	409.88	2.44	15.70
O2	201.00 Yrs.	1.6377E+11	.00	.00	12.72
R2	50.72 Yrs.	1.7242E+11	367.15	2.72	36.04
L0	105.45 Yrs.	1.8676E+11	352.78	2.83	20.99
L0.5	79.66 Yrs.	1.9541E+11	344.88	2.90	26.58
R2.5	38.03 Yrs.	2.2115E+11	324.18	3.08	70.92
S0	61.09 Yrs.	2.4868E+11	305.72	3.27	32.55
L1	54.78 Yrs.	2.5357E+11	302.75	3.30	42.57
S0.5	47.81 Yrs.	2.8721E+11	284.47	3.52	46.13
L1.5	43.66 Yrs.	3.1193E+11	272.97	3.66	58.20
R3	28.31 Yrs.	3.8609E+11	245.35	4.08	99.90
S1	36.13 Yrs.	4.2322E+11	234.34	4.27	72.61
L2	33.56 Yrs.	4.7767E+11	220.58	4.53	79.69
S1.5	31.16 Yrs.	4.8601E+11	218.68	4.57	89.72
S2	26.53 Yrs.	6.7098E+11	186.12	5.37	99.43
L3	25.38 Yrs.	7.6887E+11	173.86	5.75	97.98
R4	21.75 Yrs.	8.2386E+11	167.96	5.95	100.00
S3	22.31 Yrs.	9.8577E+11	153.55	6.51	100.00
L4	21.31 Yrs.	1.1489E+12	142.23	7.03	100.00
S4	19.78 Yrs.	1.5091E+12	124.10	8.06	100.00
R5	19.06 Yrs.	1.7280E+12	115.98	8.62	100.00
L5	19.41 Yrs.	1.7603E+12	114.91	8.70	100.00
S5	18.72 Yrs.	2.1862E+12	103.11	9.70	100.00
О3	201.00 Yrs.	2.6188E+12	.00	.00	18.38
S6	18.31 Yrs.	2.9443E+12	88.85	11.26	100.00
SQ	18.00 Yrs.	3.9236E+12	76.96	12.99	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	1.0768E+13	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1981
Last Test Point - 1985

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
О3	176.84 Yrs.	2.4525E+11	175.97	5.68	20.80
SC	106.91 Yrs.	2.4566E+11	175.82	5.69	21.28
O1	106.91 Yrs.	2.4566E+11	175.82	5.69	21.28
O2	120.03 Yrs.	2.4573E+11	175.80	5.69	21.30
R0.5	82.63 Yrs.	2.4847E+11	174.83	5.72	23.60
R1	59.66 Yrs.	2.5654E+11	172.05	5.81	31.05
S.5	66.53 Yrs.	2.6532E+11	169.18	5.91	31.39
R1.5	44.16 Yrs.	2.6820E+11	168.27	5.94	49.26
L0	63.38 Yrs.	3.0261E+11	158.42	6.31	38.74
R2	30.81 Yrs.	3.0771E+11	157.10	6.37	91.38
L0.5	48.53 Yrs.	3.1541E+11	155.17	6.44	50.90
S0	38.31 Yrs.	3.5174E+11	146.94	6.81	62.93
R2.5	24.19 Yrs.	3.6011E+11	145.22	6.89	100.00
L1	35.09 Yrs.	3.7416E+11	142.47	7.02	72.22
S0.5	30.72 Yrs.	3.8771E+11	139.95	7.15	84.68
L1.5	28.66 Yrs.	4.2051E+11	134.39	7.44	87.30
O4	201.00 Yrs.	4.4420E+11	.00	.00	24.98
S1	24.25 Yrs.	4.8753E+11	124.81	8.01	99.72
R3	19.19 Yrs.	5.0031E+11	123.20	8.12	100.00
S1.5	21.31 Yrs.	5.4461E+11	118.09	8.47	100.00
L2	22.97 Yrs.	5.5222E+11	117.27	8.53	97.76
S2	18.66 Yrs.	6.7802E+11	105.83	9.45	100.00
L3	18.13 Yrs.	7.7949E+11	98.70	10.13	100.00
R4	15.66 Yrs.	8.3580E+11	95.32	10.49	100.00
S3	16.16 Yrs.	9.2272E+11	90.72	11.02	100.00
L4	15.59 Yrs.	1.0494E+12	85.07	11.76	100.00
S4	14.66 Yrs.	1.3236E+12	75.75	13.20	100.00
R5	14.22 Yrs.	1.4652E+12	71.99	13.89	100.00
L5	14.47 Yrs.	1.4849E+12	71.52	13.98	100.00
S5	14.03 Yrs.	1.7613E+12	65.66	15.23	100.00
S6	13.78 Yrs.	2.1318E+12	59.68	16.75	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	4.0725E+12	43.18	23.16	100.00

Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1976
Last Test Point - 1980

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	88.56 Yrs.	2.7072E+11	60.43	16.55	49.22
О3	63.47 Yrs.	2.7092E+11	60.41	16.55	51.52
O1	38.50 Yrs.	2.7136E+11	60.36	16.57	59.09
SC	38.50 Yrs.	2.7136E+11	60.36	16.57	59.09
O2	43.25 Yrs.	2.7138E+11	60.35	16.57	58.92
R0.5	30.38 Yrs.	2.7360E+11	60.11	16.64	79.61
R1	23.00 Yrs.	2.7942E+11	59.48	16.81	99.95
S.5	26.41 Yrs.	2.8171E+11	59.24	16.88	89.78
R1.5	18.09 Yrs.	2.9055E+11	58.33	17.14	100.00
L0	27.52 Yrs.	2.9091E+11	58.29	17.15	83.70
L0.5	22.06 Yrs.	3.0417E+11	57.01	17.54	95.02
S0	18.28 Yrs.	3.1249E+11	56.24	17.78	100.00
R2	14.31 Yrs.	3.2170E+11	55.43	18.04	100.00
S0.5	15.47 Yrs.	3.3665E+11	54.19	18.45	100.00
L1	17.59 Yrs.	3.3931E+11	53.98	18.53	99.82
R2.5	12.31 Yrs.	3.6353E+11	52.15	19.18	100.00
L1.5	15.06 Yrs.	3.6901E+11	51.76	19.32	100.00
S1	13.22 Yrs.	3.8603E+11	50.60	19.76	100.00
S1.5	12.03 Yrs.	4.3174E+11	47.85	20.90	100.00
L2	13.00 Yrs.	4.4458E+11	47.15	21.21	100.00
R3	10.84 Yrs.	4.5138E+11	46.80	21.37	100.00
S2	11.03 Yrs.	5.1338E+11	43.88	22.79	100.00
L3	10.94 Yrs.	5.9730E+11	40.68	24.58	100.00
R4	9.66 Yrs.	6.6980E+11	38.42	26.03	100.00
S3	9.97 Yrs.	6.8470E+11	38.00	26.32	100.00
L4	9.78 Yrs.	7.8329E+11	35.52	28.15	100.00
S4	9.34 Yrs.	9.3476E+11	32.52	30.75	100.00
L5	9.25 Yrs.	1.0304E+12	30.97	32.29	100.00
R5	9.13 Yrs.	1.0326E+12	30.94	32.32	100.00
S5	9.06 Yrs.	1.1633E+12	29.15	34.30	100.00
S6	8.94 Yrs.	1.3370E+12	27.19	36.78	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	2.5090E+12	19.85	50.38	100.00

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Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1971
Last Test Point - 1975

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
S0.5	28.25 Yrs.	2.0930E+08	544.17	1.84	91.20
S0	38.66 Yrs.	2.0983E+08	543.49	1.84	62.21
L1.5	25.22 Yrs.	2.1880E+08	532.23	1.88	93.45
R3	15.09 Yrs.	2.1965E+08	531.20	1.88	100.00
LO	79.75 Yrs.	2.2742E+08	522.05	1.92	29.66
S1	17.88 Yrs.	2.2771E+08	521.71	1.92	100.00
L0.5	59.38 Yrs.	2.2811E+08	521.26	1.92	39.80
L1	35.91 Yrs.	2.2853E+08	520.78	1.92	70.64
L2	16.13 Yrs.	2.3067E+08	518.35	1.93	100.00
S1.5	14.72 Yrs.	2.3926E+08	508.97	1.96	100.00
R2.5	27.88 Yrs.	2.4035E+08	507.81	1.97	98.89
R2	43.06 Yrs.	2.4858E+08	499.33	2.00	51.91
S.5	111.69 Yrs.	2.5368E+08	494.29	2.02	16.44
R1.5	74.66 Yrs.	2.5528E+08	492.73	2.03	19.19
R1	107.47 Yrs.	2.5708E+08	491.01	2.04	14.06
R0.5	156.25 Yrs.	2.5832E+08	489.83	2.04	11.77
SC	201.00 Yrs.	2.5974E+08	.00	.00	11.32
O1	201.00 Yrs.	2.5974E+08	.00	.00	11.32
O2	201.00 Yrs.	3.0217E+08	.00	.00	12.72
L3	10.53 Yrs.	3.1776E+08	441.65	2.26	100.00
S2	11.25 Yrs.	3.2000E+08	440.09	2.27	100.00
R4	8.84 Yrs.	3.2154E+08	439.04	2.28	100.00
S3	8.59 Yrs.	4.6945E+08	363.35	2.75	100.00
L4	8.03 Yrs.	5.2026E+08	345.15	2.90	100.00
R5	6.66 Yrs.	6.9249E+08	299.17	3.34	100.00
S4	7.03 Yrs.	6.9303E+08	299.05	3.34	100.00
О3	201.00 Yrs.	1.2191E+09	.00	.00	18.38
L5	16.00 Yrs.	2.2442E+09	166.19	6.02	100.00
S6	16.00 Yrs.	2.2442E+09	166.19	6.02	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	2.2442E+09	166.19	6.02	100.00
S5	16.00 Yrs.	2.2442E+09	166.19	6.02	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	3.9832E+09	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

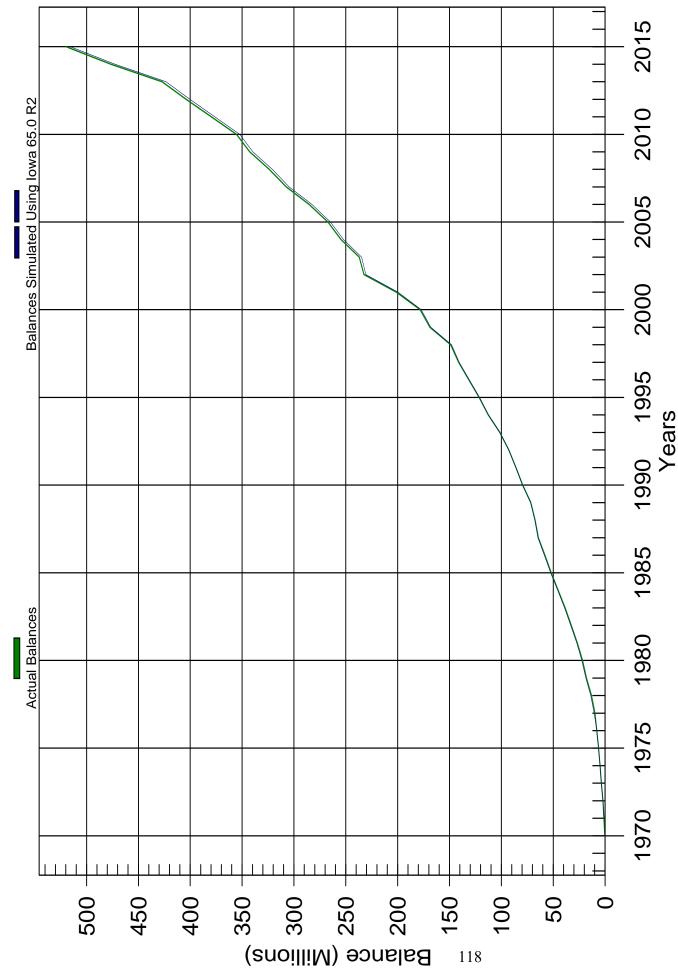
No. Of Test Points - 1
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1970
Last Test Point - 1970

R5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S2 50.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 39.39 S3 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .01 .11 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .01 .45	Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
S3 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L3 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 4.900E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .01 101.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .01 .14 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .01 .14 </td <td>R5</td> <td>16.00 Yrs.</td> <td>4.9000E-01</td> <td>301382.74</td> <td>.00</td> <td>100.00</td>	R5	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
L5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L3 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .01 .11 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .03 .83 S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .00 .14 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .00 .11 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .03	S2		4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	
L5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L3 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .01 1.11 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .03 .83 S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .00 .145 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .00 .14 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 7.7863E+01 .00 .00 .00	S3	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
S4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .01.11 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .01.45 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .11 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+01 .00 .00 .01 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .20 L1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03<	L5		4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
S5 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .11 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .01 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .20 L1 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 <td< td=""><td>L3</td><td>16.00 Yrs.</td><td>4.9000E-01</td><td>301382.74</td><td>.00</td><td>100.00</td></td<>	L3	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
S6 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 .100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .00 .1.1 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .00 .83 S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .00 .145 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .00 .11 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .00 .308 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .00 .88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00	S4	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
SQ 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .111 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .03 S1 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .145 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .01 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .379 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .311 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 <td>S5</td> <td>16.00 Yrs.</td> <td>4.9000E-01</td> <td>301382.74</td> <td>.00</td> <td>100.00</td>	S5	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
L4 16.00 Yrs. 4.9000E-01 301382.74 .00 100.00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 1.11 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .83 S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .01 .145 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .01 .11 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .00 .308 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .00 .88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .379 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .311 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .864 <	S6	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
L2 201.00 Yrs. 5.8150E-01 .00 .00 .111 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .83 S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .00 .145 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .00 .11 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .00 .308 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .00 .88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 .200 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 .379 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 .368 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 .864 R1.5 201.00 Yrs.	SQ	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.9108E-01 .00 .00 .83 S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 .00 .145 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .00 .308 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .00 .88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .00 .245 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 .200 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 .379 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .03 .311 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 .864 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 .673 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 .673 S.5 20	L4	16.00 Yrs.	4.9000E-01	301382.74	.00	100.00
S1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9119E-01 .00 .00 1.45 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .01 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .00 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .00 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 R1 201.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 .00 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00	L2	201.00 Yrs.	5.8150E-01	.00	.00	1.11
R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.2878E+00 .00 .00 .01 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 .308 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.45 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.79 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32	S1.5	201.00 Yrs.	5.9108E-01	.00	.00	.83
S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9169E+01 .00 .00 3.08 R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.45 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.79 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 6.36 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04<	S1	201.00 Yrs.	6.9119E-01	.00	.00	1.45
R3 201.00 Yrs. 7.7853E+01 .00 .00 .88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 .470 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.45 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.79 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 6.36 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs.	R4	201.00 Yrs.	1.2878E+00	.00	.00	.11
S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.3626E+02 .00 .00 4.70 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 2.45 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .00 2.00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.79 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 6.36 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs.	S0.5	201.00 Yrs.	3.9169E+01	.00	.00	3.08
L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5427E+02 .00 .00 2.45 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 .200 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.79 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 6.36 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs.	R3	201.00 Yrs.	7.7853E+01	.00	.00	.88
R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7930E+02 .00 .00 2.00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 .379 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 .00 18.38	S0	201.00 Yrs.	1.3626E+02	.00	.00	4.70
L1 201.00 Yrs. 9.6865E+02 .00 .00 3.79 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 .636 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.71 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 .00 18.38	L1.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.5427E+02	.00	.00	2.45
L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.4016E+03 .00 .00 6.36 R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 6.73 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 .00 18.38	R2.5	201.00 Yrs.	8.7930E+02	.00	.00	2.00
R2 201.00 Yrs. 2.5475E+03 .00 .00 3.11 L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 .00 18.38	L1	201.00 Yrs.	9.6865E+02	.00	.00	3.79
L0 206.00 Yrs. 4.2614E+03 .00 .00 8.64 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 6.73 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 .00 18.38	L0.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.4016E+03	.00	.00	6.36
R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 8.7070E+03 .00 .00 4.92 R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 6.73 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 .00 18.38	R2	201.00 Yrs.	2.5475E+03	.00	.00	3.11
R1 201.00 Yrs. 1.8534E+04 .00 .00 6.73 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	L0	206.00 Yrs.	4.2614E+03	.00	.00	8.64
S.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.8875E+04 .00 .00 8.01 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	R1.5	201.00 Yrs.	8.7070E+03	.00	.00	4.92
R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.9849E+04 .00 .00 9.02 O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 .103 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	R1	201.00 Yrs.	1.8534E+04	.00	.00	6.73
O1 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	S.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.8875E+04	.00	.00	8.01
SC 201.00 Yrs. 6.9223E+04 .00 .00 11.32 O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	3.9849E+04	.00	.00	9.02
O2 201.00 Yrs. 8.7093E+04 .00 .00 12.72 O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	O1	201.00 Yrs.	6.9223E+04	.00	.00	11.32
O3 201.00 Yrs. 1.8986E+05 .00 .00 18.38	SC	201.00 Yrs.	6.9223E+04	.00	.00	11.32
	O2	201.00 Yrs.	8.7093E+04	.00	.00	12.72
O4 201.00 Yrs. 3.7087E+05 .00 .00 24.98	О3	201.00 Yrs.	1.8986E+05	.00	.00	18.38
	O4	201.00 Yrs.	3.7087E+05	.00	.00	24.98

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CERC

Electric Division 376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic Actual And Simulated Balances 1970-2015



Electric Division 379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Summary of Simulated Curve Fitting Results

5 Year Band

Experience Band	Curve Dispersion	Ave. Serv. Life	Least Sum Of Square	Conformance Index	Index of Variation	Ret. Exp. Index
1944 - 2015	O1	49	5.559800E+12	24.75	40.4	72.91
2011 - 2015	04	98.1	1.390600E+11	151.8	6.59	60.73
2006 - 2010	R2.5	32.6	2.281200E+10	292.4	3.42	100
2001 - 2005	04	139.4	4.513100E+10	169.6	5.9	49.16
1996 - 2000	04	107.3	1.388400E+11	72.1	13.87	57.9
1991 - 1995	04	85.1	8.032000E+09	244.7	4.09	65.02
1986 - 1990	SQ	16	5.836700E+09	216.2	4.63	100
1981 - 1985	S6	15.4	6.228900E+09	118	8.48	100
1976 - 1980	R4	14.8	4.842500E+08	229.4	4.36	100
1971 - 1975	S1	23.3	1.965600E+10	17.89	55.89	100
1966 - 1970	L4	116	9.486800E-20	5E+15	0	4.28
1961 - 1965	L4	94	4.446900E-21	8E+15	0	13.38
1956 - 1960	L4	72	1.905800E-21	5E+15	0	52.71

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CERC

Electric Division 379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate Actual And Simulated Balances 1944-2015



Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 46
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1970
Last Test Point - 2015

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R1.5	66.47 Yrs.	2.9839E+13	215.15	4.65	23.28
S.5	97.09 Yrs.	3.0535E+13	212.69	4.70	19.58
L0	102.02 Yrs.	3.1203E+13	210.40	4.75	21.89
R1	84.28 Yrs.	3.1635E+13	208.96	4.79	19.15
R0.5	111.13 Yrs.	3.5247E+13	197.96	5.05	16.98
L0.5	81.69 Yrs.	3.5732E+13	196.61	5.09	25.61
O2	158.19 Yrs.	3.7223E+13	192.64	5.19	16.16
SC	140.84 Yrs.	3.7259E+13	192.54	5.19	16.15
O1	140.84 Yrs.	3.7259E+13	192.54	5.19	16.15
R2	52.75 Yrs.	4.3133E+13	178.95	5.59	33.01
S0	68.03 Yrs.	4.4727E+13	175.73	5.69	27.61
L1	65.41 Yrs.	6.5512E+13	145.20	6.89	32.71
S0.5	57.69 Yrs.	6.6741E+13	143.86	6.95	33.40
R2.5	45.56 Yrs.	8.2282E+13	129.56	7.72	45.45
L1.5	56.13 Yrs.	9.9638E+13	117.74	8.49	39.40
S1	49.44 Yrs.	1.3391E+14	101.56	9.85	42.80
О3	201.00 Yrs.	1.7191E+14	.00	.00	18.38
S1.5	44.97 Yrs.	1.9319E+14	84.56	11.83	51.24
R3	40.34 Yrs.	2.0257E+14	82.58	12.11	64.66
L2	48.53 Yrs.	2.0314E+14	82.46	12.13	50.11
S2	41.22 Yrs.	3.1818E+14	65.89	15.18	62.21
L3	40.81 Yrs.	4.2906E+14	56.74	17.62	68.43
R4	36.00 Yrs.	5.4274E+14	50.45	19.82	92.14
S3	37.28 Yrs.	5.7392E+14	49.06	20.38	80.88
L4	36.47 Yrs.	7.1082E+14	44.08	22.69	85.61
S4	34.81 Yrs.	9.4992E+14	38.13	26.22	96.19
L5	34.47 Yrs.	1.0754E+15	35.84	27.90	95.95
R5	33.91 Yrs.	1.0855E+15	35.67	28.03	99.98
S5	33.66 Yrs.	1.2831E+15	32.81	30.48	99.90
S6	33.09 Yrs.	1.4999E+15	30.35	32.95	100.00
SQ	33.00 Yrs.	1.6580E+15	28.86	34.65	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	2.0769E+15	.00	.00	24.98

Sunday, January 29, 2017 Page 1 of 11

Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2011
Last Test Point - 2015

R1.5 67.34 Yrs. 8.4694E+11 1124.04 8.89 L0 103.70 Yrs. 8.8973E+11 1096.68 .91 L0.5 83.53 Yrs. 9.2090E+11 1077.96 .93 S.5 97.75 Yrs. 9.8057E+11 1044.64 .96 R1 84.59 Yrs. 1.0260E+12 1021.27 .98 S0 69.88 Yrs. 1.0742E+12 998.06 1.00 R2 54.09 Yrs. 1.2034E+12 942.97 1.06 R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	Ret Exp Index	Index Of Variation	Conformance Index	Sum Of Squares Difference	Average Service Life	Curve Type
LO.5 83.53 Yrs. 9.2090E+11 1077.96 .93 S.5 97.75 Yrs. 9.8057E+11 1044.64 .96 R1 84.59 Yrs. 1.0260E+12 1021.27 .98 S0 69.88 Yrs. 1.0742E+12 .98.06 1.00 R2 54.09 Yrs. 1.2034E+12 .942.97 1.06 R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 .934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 .898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 .897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 .897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 .796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 .794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 .618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 .606.30 <td>22.76</td> <td>.89</td> <td>1124.04</td> <td>8.4694E+11</td> <td>67.34 Yrs.</td> <td>R1.5</td>	22.76	.89	1124.04	8.4694E+11	67.34 Yrs.	R1.5
S.5 97.75 Yrs. 9.8057E+11 1044.64 .96 R1 84.59 Yrs. 1.0260E+12 1021.27 .98 S0 69.88 Yrs. 1.0742E+12 998.06 1.00 R2 54.09 Yrs. 1.2034E+12 942.97 1.06 R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs.	21.44	.91	1096.68	8.8973E+11	103.70 Yrs.	L0
R1 84.59 Yrs. 1.0260E+12 1021.27 .98 S0 69.88 Yrs. 1.0742E+12 998.06 1.00 R2 54.09 Yrs. 1.2034E+12 942.97 1.06 R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs.	24.77	.93	1077.96	9.2090E+11	83.53 Yrs.	L0.5
S0 69.88 Yrs. 1.0742E+12 998.06 1.00 R2 54.09 Yrs. 1.2034E+12 942.97 1.06 R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs.	19.41	.96	1044.64	9.8057E+11	97.75 Yrs.	S.5
R2 54.09 Yrs. 1.2034E+12 942.97 1.06 R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs.	19.06	.98	1021.27	1.0260E+12	84.59 Yrs.	R1
R0.5 110.56 Yrs. 1.2251E+12 934.59 1.07 O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs.	26.49	1.00	998.06	1.0742E+12	69.88 Yrs.	S0
O2 156.81 Yrs. 1.3258E+12 898.40 1.11 O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 S0.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs.	31.21	1.06	942.97	1.2034E+12	54.09 Yrs.	R2
O1 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 SO.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs.	17.08	1.07	934.59	1.2251E+12	110.56 Yrs.	R0.5
SC 139.59 Yrs. 1.3272E+12 897.92 1.11 S0.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	16.30	1.11	898.40	1.3258E+12	156.81 Yrs.	O2
S0.5 59.53 Yrs. 1.6859E+12 796.69 1.26 L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	16.30	1.11	897.92	1.3272E+12	139.59 Yrs.	01
L1 67.50 Yrs. 1.6971E+12 794.06 1.26 R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	16.30	1.11	897.92	1.3272E+12	139.59 Yrs.	SC
R2.5 46.94 Yrs. 2.8002E+12 618.18 1.62 L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	31.58	1.26	796.69	1.6859E+12	59.53 Yrs.	S0.5
L1.5 58.06 Yrs. 2.9110E+12 606.30 1.65 S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	31.11	1.26	794.06	1.6971E+12	67.50 Yrs.	L1
S1 51.28 Yrs. 3.7820E+12 531.92 1.88 S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	41.92	1.62	618.18	2.8002E+12	46.94 Yrs.	R2.5
S1.5 46.66 Yrs. 6.2782E+12 412.85 2.42 L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	37.04	1.65	606.30	2.9110E+12	58.06 Yrs.	L1.5
L2 50.41 Yrs. 6.8993E+12 393.83 2.54 R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	39.84	1.88	531.92	3.7820E+12	51.28 Yrs.	S1
R3 41.69 Yrs. 8.3071E+12 358.91 2.79 S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	47.40	2.42	412.85	6.2782E+12	46.66 Yrs.	S1.5
S2 42.81 Yrs. 1.1520E+13 304.77 3.28 L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	46.81	2.54	393.83	6.8993E+12	50.41 Yrs.	L2
L3 42.34 Yrs. 1.8723E+13 239.06 4.18 S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	59.06	2.79	358.91	8.3071E+12	41.69 Yrs.	R3
S3 38.66 Yrs. 2.6036E+13 202.73 4.93 R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	57.44	3.28	304.77	1.1520E+13	42.81 Yrs.	S2
R4 37.19 Yrs. 2.8172E+13 194.89 5.13 L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	64.52	4.18	239.06	1.8723E+13	42.34 Yrs.	L3
L4 37.69 Yrs. 3.8437E+13 166.85 5.99 S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	75.76	4.93	202.73	2.6036E+13	38.66 Yrs.	S3
S4 35.94 Yrs. 5.6469E+13 137.66 7.26	87.58	5.13	194.89	2.8172E+13	37.19 Yrs.	R4
	82.45	5.99	166.85	3.8437E+13	37.69 Yrs.	L4
O3 201.00 Yrs 6.6168F±13 00 00	93.64	7.26	137.66	5.6469E+13	35.94 Yrs.	S4
201.00 110. 0.01002110 .00	18.38	.00	.00	6.6168E+13	201.00 Yrs.	O3
L5 35.50 Yrs. 7.1321E+13 122.49 8.16	94.28	8.16	122.49	7.1321E+13	35.50 Yrs.	L5
R5 34.88 Yrs. 7.4224E+13 120.07 8.33	99.76	8.33	120.07	7.4224E+13	34.88 Yrs.	R5
S5 34.59 Yrs. 9.7681E+13 104.67 9.55	99.70	9.55	104.67	9.7681E+13	34.59 Yrs.	S5
S6 33.88 Yrs. 1.3758E+14 88.19 11.34	100.00	11.34	88.19	1.3758E+14	33.88 Yrs.	S6
SQ 33.00 Yrs. 1.9771E+14 73.57 13.59	100.00	13.59	73.57	1.9771E+14	33.00 Yrs.	SQ
O4 201.00 Yrs. 1.0820E+15 .00 .00	24.98	.00	.00	1.0820E+15	201.00 Yrs.	O4

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2006
Last Test Point - 2010

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
SC	133.78 Yrs.	9.4999E+11	833.48	1.20	17.01
O1	133.78 Yrs.	9.4999E+11	833.48	1.20	17.01
O2	150.28 Yrs.	9.5114E+11	832.98	1.20	17.01
R0.5	105.66 Yrs.	1.0338E+12	798.98	1.25	17.95
R1	80.28 Yrs.	1.2698E+12	720.92	1.39	20.43
S.5	92.56 Yrs.	1.3832E+12	690.74	1.45	20.78
R1.5	63.38 Yrs.	1.7589E+12	612.54	1.63	25.27
LO	97.48 Yrs.	1.8727E+12	593.64	1.68	23.18
L0.5	78.03 Yrs.	2.5069E+12	513.09	1.95	27.39
S0	65.03 Yrs.	3.0280E+12	466.85	2.14	29.59
R2	50.22 Yrs.	3.3949E+12	440.90	2.27	36.85
S0.5	55.03 Yrs.	4.3837E+12	388.00	2.58	36.30
L1	62.41 Yrs.	4.4586E+12	384.73	2.60	35.18
R2.5	43.19 Yrs.	6.0043E+12	331.53	3.02	52.40
L1.5	53.41 Yrs.	6.3247E+12	323.03	3.10	42.97
S1	47.06 Yrs.	7.5039E+12	296.56	3.37	46.99
S1.5	42.63 Yrs.	1.0603E+13	249.49	4.01	57.05
L2	45.97 Yrs.	1.1484E+13	239.73	4.17	54.84
R3	38.00 Yrs.	1.2438E+13	230.35	4.34	74.86
O3	201.00 Yrs.	1.6454E+13	.00	.00	18.38
S2	38.94 Yrs.	1.6615E+13	199.30	5.02	69.39
L3	38.31 Yrs.	2.3877E+13	166.25	6.01	74.48
S3	34.91 Yrs.	3.1496E+13	144.75	6.91	88.81
R4	33.56 Yrs.	3.1928E+13	143.77	6.96	98.21
L4	33.91 Yrs.	4.0869E+13	127.07	7.87	91.35
S4	32.22 Yrs.	5.8934E+13	105.82	9.45	99.27
L5	31.75 Yrs.	6.7981E+13	98.53	10.15	98.79
R5	31.22 Yrs.	6.9997E+13	97.10	10.30	100.00
S5	30.88 Yrs.	8.7888E+13	86.65	11.54	100.00
S6	30.16 Yrs.	1.0442E+14	79.50	12.58	100.00
SQ	30.00 Yrs.	1.1911E+14	74.44	13.43	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	4.5470E+14	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2001
Last Test Point - 2005

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R4	31.03 Yrs.	4.5637E+12	285.58	3.50	99.97
S3	32.25 Yrs.	4.7014E+12	281.36	3.55	95.38
L3	35.75 Yrs.	4.7934E+12	278.65	3.59	80.22
L4	31.13 Yrs.	5.0553E+12	271.33	3.69	96.06
S2	36.78 Yrs.	5.5008E+12	260.12	3.84	76.37
L2	44.16 Yrs.	6.8421E+12	233.23	4.29	58.30
R3	36.44 Yrs.	7.0041E+12	230.52	4.34	81.50
S4	29.28 Yrs.	7.0518E+12	229.74	4.35	99.97
S1.5	41.09 Yrs.	7.0886E+12	229.14	4.36	61.13
L5	28.78 Yrs.	8.1011E+12	214.34	4.67	99.86
R5	28.28 Yrs.	8.2733E+12	212.10	4.71	100.00
S1	46.13 Yrs.	8.3313E+12	211.36	4.73	48.77
L1.5	52.84 Yrs.	9.2654E+12	200.42	4.99	43.74
R2.5	42.97 Yrs.	1.0023E+13	192.70	5.19	53.10
S5	27.81 Yrs.	1.0225E+13	190.78	5.24	100.00
L1	62.97 Yrs.	1.0467E+13	188.56	5.30	34.70
S0.5	55.63 Yrs.	1.0574E+13	187.61	5.33	35.63
S6	27.06 Yrs.	1.1051E+13	183.52	5.45	100.00
S0	67.34 Yrs.	1.1870E+13	177.07	5.65	28.05
R2	51.81 Yrs.	1.2045E+13	175.78	5.69	34.36
L0.5	82.03 Yrs.	1.2657E+13	171.48	5.83	25.45
L0	104.83 Yrs.	1.3468E+13	166.23	6.02	21.15
R1.5	68.88 Yrs.	1.4023E+13	162.91	6.14	21.92
S.5	102.63 Yrs.	1.4486E+13	160.29	6.24	18.27
R1	89.94 Yrs.	1.4788E+13	158.64	6.30	17.60
R0.5	121.06 Yrs.	1.5292E+13	156.01	6.41	15.48
O2	173.94 Yrs.	1.5485E+13	155.03	6.45	14.70
SC	154.88 Yrs.	1.5489E+13	155.01	6.45	14.69
O1	154.88 Yrs.	1.5489E+13	155.01	6.45	14.69
SQ	27.00 Yrs.	1.7806E+13	144.57	6.92	100.00
О3	201.00 Yrs.	5.5449E+13	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	3.3425E+14	.00	.00	24.98

Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1996
Last Test Point - 2000

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O1	165.03 Yrs.	2.5457E+11	876.16	1.14	13.79
SC	165.03 Yrs.	2.5457E+11	876.16	1.14	13.79
O2	185.28 Yrs.	2.5489E+11	875.60	1.14	13.80
R0.5	128.19 Yrs.	2.6919E+11	852.03	1.17	14.55
R1	93.84 Yrs.	3.1224E+11	791.11	1.26	16.67
S.5	106.00 Yrs.	3.5131E+11	745.83	1.34	17.55
R1.5	70.53 Yrs.	3.8477E+11	712.66	1.40	21.06
LO	105.18 Yrs.	5.2433E+11	610.50	1.64	21.06
L0.5	81.22 Yrs.	6.3772E+11	553.57	1.81	25.83
R2	51.06 Yrs.	6.6928E+11	540.36	1.85	35.50
S0	65.59 Yrs.	8.5292E+11	478.66	2.09	29.21
R2.5	41.13 Yrs.	1.1381E+12	414.38	2.41	59.33
L1	60.28 Yrs.	1.1652E+12	409.53	2.44	37.07
S0.5	53.25 Yrs.	1.1856E+12	405.99	2.46	38.45
L1.5	49.88 Yrs.	1.5857E+12	351.05	2.85	48.05
S1	42.97 Yrs.	2.1906E+12	298.68	3.35	55.34
R3	33.69 Yrs.	2.6170E+12	273.26	3.66	91.45
L2	40.66 Yrs.	2.9322E+12	258.16	3.87	65.23
S1.5	37.88 Yrs.	2.9379E+12	257.91	3.88	70.33
S2	33.38 Yrs.	4.8459E+12	200.82	4.98	86.94
L3	32.22 Yrs.	5.9992E+12	180.48	5.54	87.45
R4	27.84 Yrs.	7.4886E+12	161.54	6.19	100.00
S3	28.78 Yrs.	8.6929E+12	149.94	6.67	99.40
L4	27.69 Yrs.	1.0522E+13	136.28	7.34	99.22
S4	25.88 Yrs.	1.3946E+13	118.38	8.45	100.00
L5	25.41 Yrs.	1.5541E+13	112.14	8.92	100.00
R5	24.97 Yrs.	1.5848E+13	111.04	9.01	100.00
S5	24.50 Yrs.	1.7229E+13	106.50	9.39	100.00
S6	23.88 Yrs.	1.8824E+13	101.89	9.81	100.00
О3	201.00 Yrs.	2.4121E+13	.00	.00	18.38
SQ	23.00 Yrs.	2.5074E+13	88.28	11.33	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	1.4833E+14	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1991
Last Test Point - 1995

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O1	164.84 Yrs.	2.5907E+10	1911.21	.52	13.80
SC	164.84 Yrs.	2.5907E+10	1911.21	.52	13.80
O2	185.06 Yrs.	2.5995E+10	1907.96	.52	13.81
R0.5	127.44 Yrs.	2.9268E+10	1798.12	.56	14.64
R1	92.13 Yrs.	4.0181E+10	1534.62	.65	17.06
S.5	103.03 Yrs.	5.3718E+10	1327.25	.75	18.18
R1.5	68.22 Yrs.	5.8935E+10	1267.15	.79	22.27
LO	99.32 Yrs.	1.2836E+11	858.60	1.16	22.64
R2	47.66 Yrs.	1.4580E+11	805.64	1.24	41.45
L0.5	75.84 Yrs.	1.6228E+11	763.62	1.31	28.54
S0	60.22 Yrs.	2.7405E+11	587.62	1.70	33.26
R2.5	37.38 Yrs.	3.0502E+11	556.99	1.80	73.45
L1	54.59 Yrs.	3.6489E+11	509.25	1.96	42.78
S0.5	48.16 Yrs.	4.0880E+11	481.12	2.08	45.58
L1.5	44.56 Yrs.	5.5478E+11	413.00	2.42	56.63
S1	37.91 Yrs.	8.9089E+11	325.91	3.07	67.75
R3	29.63 Yrs.	9.0944E+11	322.57	3.10	99.24
L2	35.59 Yrs.	1.1373E+12	288.45	3.47	75.54
S1.5	33.09 Yrs.	1.1805E+12	283.12	3.53	84.48
S2	28.75 Yrs.	2.0046E+12	217.27	4.60	97.28
L3	27.72 Yrs.	2.4105E+12	198.14	5.05	95.18
R4	23.88 Yrs.	2.8700E+12	181.58	5.51	100.00
S3	24.56 Yrs.	3.3910E+12	167.05	5.99	100.00
L4	23.63 Yrs.	4.1637E+12	150.76	6.63	99.99
S4	22.03 Yrs.	5.1590E+12	135.43	7.38	100.00
L5	21.66 Yrs.	5.8711E+12	126.96	7.88	100.00
R5	21.31 Yrs.	6.0743E+12	124.81	8.01	100.00
S5	20.94 Yrs.	6.7658E+12	118.26	8.46	100.00
О3	201.00 Yrs.	7.9281E+12	.00	.00	18.38
S6	20.44 Yrs.	8.1350E+12	107.85	9.27	100.00
SQ	20.00 Yrs.	9.6017E+12	99.27	10.07	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	4.9347E+13	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1986
Last Test Point - 1990

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O1	136.75 Yrs.	1.5046E+11	535.68	1.87	16.64
SC	136.75 Yrs.	1.5046E+11	535.68	1.87	16.64
O2	153.53 Yrs.	1.5063E+11	535.37	1.87	16.65
R0.5	105.53 Yrs.	1.5633E+11	525.51	1.90	17.97
R1	75.97 Yrs.	1.7383E+11	498.36	2.01	22.01
S.5	84.56 Yrs.	1.9591E+11	469.45	2.13	23.26
R1.5	55.97 Yrs.	1.9933E+11	465.40	2.15	31.56
R2	38.69 Yrs.	2.9289E+11	383.93	2.60	64.91
L0	80.18 Yrs.	3.0229E+11	377.92	2.65	29.47
L0.5	61.19 Yrs.	3.3016E+11	361.62	2.77	38.28
R2.5	30.13 Yrs.	4.2685E+11	318.03	3.14	95.99
S0	48.13 Yrs.	4.4842E+11	310.29	3.22	46.21
L1	43.72 Yrs.	4.8368E+11	298.77	3.35	57.04
O3	201.00 Yrs.	5.0474E+11	.00	.00	18.38
S0.5	38.38 Yrs.	5.4812E+11	280.65	3.56	64.65
L1.5	35.53 Yrs.	6.2761E+11	262.28	3.81	73.52
R3	23.69 Yrs.	8.4198E+11	226.44	4.42	100.00
S1	30.03 Yrs.	8.6462E+11	223.46	4.48	89.72
S1.5	26.25 Yrs.	1.0192E+12	205.81	4.86	98.66
L2	28.31 Yrs.	1.0211E+12	205.63	4.86	89.96
S2	22.84 Yrs.	1.4071E+12	175.17	5.71	100.00
L3	22.13 Yrs.	1.6625E+12	161.15	6.21	99.81
R4	19.16 Yrs.	1.8715E+12	151.89	6.58	100.00
S3	19.69 Yrs.	2.0228E+12	146.09	6.84	100.00
L4	19.00 Yrs.	2.4059E+12	133.96	7.46	100.00
S4	17.81 Yrs.	2.9500E+12	120.98	8.27	100.00
L5	17.53 Yrs.	3.3382E+12	113.72	8.79	100.00
R5	17.28 Yrs.	3.4456E+12	111.94	8.93	100.00
S5	17.00 Yrs.	3.9263E+12	104.86	9.54	100.00
S6	16.63 Yrs.	4.6382E+12	96.48	10.36	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	5.7812E+12	86.42	11.57	100.00
O4	201.00 Yrs.	7.4824E+12	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1981
Last Test Point - 1985

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
О3	158.41 Yrs.	1.7277E+11	265.85	3.76	23.12
O1	95.75 Yrs.	1.7311E+11	265.59	3.77	23.76
SC	95.75 Yrs.	1.7311E+11	265.59	3.77	23.76
O2	107.50 Yrs.	1.7316E+11	265.55	3.77	23.79
R0.5	74.03 Yrs.	1.7537E+11	263.87	3.79	26.77
R1	53.50 Yrs.	1.8186E+11	259.12	3.86	36.60
S.5	59.69 Yrs.	1.8839E+11	254.59	3.93	35.91
R1.5	39.66 Yrs.	1.9168E+11	252.40	3.96	60.08
L0	56.90 Yrs.	2.1618E+11	237.67	4.21	43.68
R2	27.81 Yrs.	2.2593E+11	232.48	4.30	97.92
L0.5	43.69 Yrs.	2.2808E+11	231.38	4.32	57.26
O4	201.00 Yrs.	2.3374E+11	.00	.00	24.98
S0	34.53 Yrs.	2.5488E+11	218.88	4.57	71.52
R2.5	22.00 Yrs.	2.7427E+11	211.00	4.74	100.00
L1	31.81 Yrs.	2.7843E+11	209.42	4.78	78.81
S0.5	27.81 Yrs.	2.8665E+11	206.39	4.85	92.28
L1.5	26.06 Yrs.	3.1938E+11	195.53	5.11	92.06
S1	22.13 Yrs.	3.7061E+11	181.52	5.51	100.00
R3	17.66 Yrs.	4.0653E+11	173.31	5.77	100.00
S1.5	19.53 Yrs.	4.2860E+11	168.79	5.92	100.00
L2	21.06 Yrs.	4.3806E+11	166.96	5.99	99.20
S2	17.25 Yrs.	5.5559E+11	148.25	6.75	100.00
L3	16.81 Yrs.	6.6075E+11	135.94	7.36	100.00
R4	14.63 Yrs.	7.5803E+11	126.92	7.88	100.00
S3	15.06 Yrs.	8.0658E+11	123.04	8.13	100.00
L4	14.59 Yrs.	9.5212E+11	113.25	8.83	100.00
S4	13.78 Yrs.	1.1880E+12	101.38	9.86	100.00
L5	13.59 Yrs.	1.3387E+12	95.51	10.47	100.00
R5	13.38 Yrs.	1.3606E+12	94.73	10.56	100.00
S5	13.19 Yrs.	1.5464E+12	88.86	11.25	100.00
S6	12.91 Yrs.	1.8119E+12	82.09	12.18	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	6.2280E+12	44.28	22.58	100.00

Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1976
Last Test Point - 1980

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	100.72 Yrs.	1.3479E+11	88.83	11.26	44.90
О3	72.16 Yrs.	1.3485E+11	88.81	11.26	46.68
O1	43.72 Yrs.	1.3499E+11	88.76	11.27	52.04
SC	43.72 Yrs.	1.3499E+11	88.76	11.27	52.04
O2	49.09 Yrs.	1.3500E+11	88.76	11.27	52.05
R0.5	34.25 Yrs.	1.3573E+11	88.52	11.30	69.43
R1	25.59 Yrs.	1.3779E+11	87.85	11.38	97.18
S.5	29.25 Yrs.	1.3877E+11	87.54	11.42	81.68
R1.5	19.81 Yrs.	1.4190E+11	86.57	11.55	100.00
LO	29.95 Yrs.	1.4287E+11	86.28	11.59	79.18
L0.5	23.66 Yrs.	1.4876E+11	84.55	11.83	92.60
S0	19.44 Yrs.	1.5389E+11	83.13	12.03	100.00
R2	15.19 Yrs.	1.5554E+11	82.69	12.09	100.00
S0.5	16.25 Yrs.	1.6644E+11	79.94	12.51	100.00
L1	18.47 Yrs.	1.6737E+11	79.71	12.55	99.56
R2.5	12.81 Yrs.	1.7602E+11	77.73	12.87	100.00
L1.5	15.66 Yrs.	1.8276E+11	76.28	13.11	100.00
S1	13.66 Yrs.	1.9572E+11	73.71	13.57	100.00
S1.5	12.31 Yrs.	2.1955E+11	69.60	14.37	100.00
L2	13.28 Yrs.	2.2259E+11	69.12	14.47	100.00
R3	11.09 Yrs.	2.2537E+11	68.69	14.56	100.00
S2	11.19 Yrs.	2.6535E+11	63.31	15.80	100.00
L3	11.00 Yrs.	3.0435E+11	59.11	16.92	100.00
R4	9.72 Yrs.	3.5211E+11	54.96	18.20	100.00
S3	10.00 Yrs.	3.5228E+11	54.94	18.20	100.00
L4	9.78 Yrs.	4.0748E+11	51.09	19.57	100.00
S4	9.28 Yrs.	4.7492E+11	47.32	21.13	100.00
L5	9.19 Yrs.	5.2554E+11	44.98	22.23	100.00
R5	9.09 Yrs.	5.4227E+11	44.29	22.58	100.00
S5	8.97 Yrs.	5.9340E+11	42.33	23.62	100.00
S6	8.81 Yrs.	6.8592E+11	39.38	25.40	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	1.8503E+12	23.97	41.71	100.00

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1971
Last Test Point - 1975

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R5	18.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	100.00
S6	16.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	100.00
S5	16.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	100.00
L3	79.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	7.38
L4	24.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	99.98
L5	16.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	8.6736E-19	2803040.00	.00	100.00
S4	21.00 Yrs.	2.2973E-03	092426.25	.00	100.00
S3	62.00 Yrs.	1.5188E-02	'985554.85	.00	14.45
S2	201.00 Yrs.	7.4420E-02	.00	.00	.21
S1.5	201.00 Yrs.	9.4491E+02	.00	.00	.83
L2	201.00 Yrs.	1.0984E+03	.00	.00	1.11
S1	201.00 Yrs.	3.6991E+03	.00	.00	1.45
R4	201.00 Yrs.	5.0731E+03	.00	.00	.11
S0.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.6467E+06	.00	.00	3.08
R3	201.00 Yrs.	1.6744E+06	.00	.00	.88
L1.5	201.00 Yrs.	6.0745E+06	.00	.00	2.45
S0	201.00 Yrs.	6.2736E+06	.00	.00	4.70
R2.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.0596E+07	.00	.00	2.00
L1	201.00 Yrs.	2.3971E+07	.00	.00	3.79
R2	201.00 Yrs.	6.0555E+07	.00	.00	3.11
L0.5	201.00 Yrs.	7.0975E+07	.00	.00	6.36
L0	206.00 Yrs.	1.3436E+08	.00	.00	8.64
R1.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.0746E+08	.00	.00	4.92
R1	201.00 Yrs.	4.4203E+08	.00	.00	6.73
S.5	201.00 Yrs.	4.6291E+08	.00	.00	8.01
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	9.4728E+08	.00	.00	9.02
O1	201.00 Yrs.	1.6428E+09	.00	.00	11.32
SC	201.00 Yrs.	1.6428E+09	.00	.00	11.32
O2	201.00 Yrs.	2.0685E+09	.00	.00	12.72
О3	201.00 Yrs.	4.5113E+09	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	8.8111E+09	.00	.00	24.98

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Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

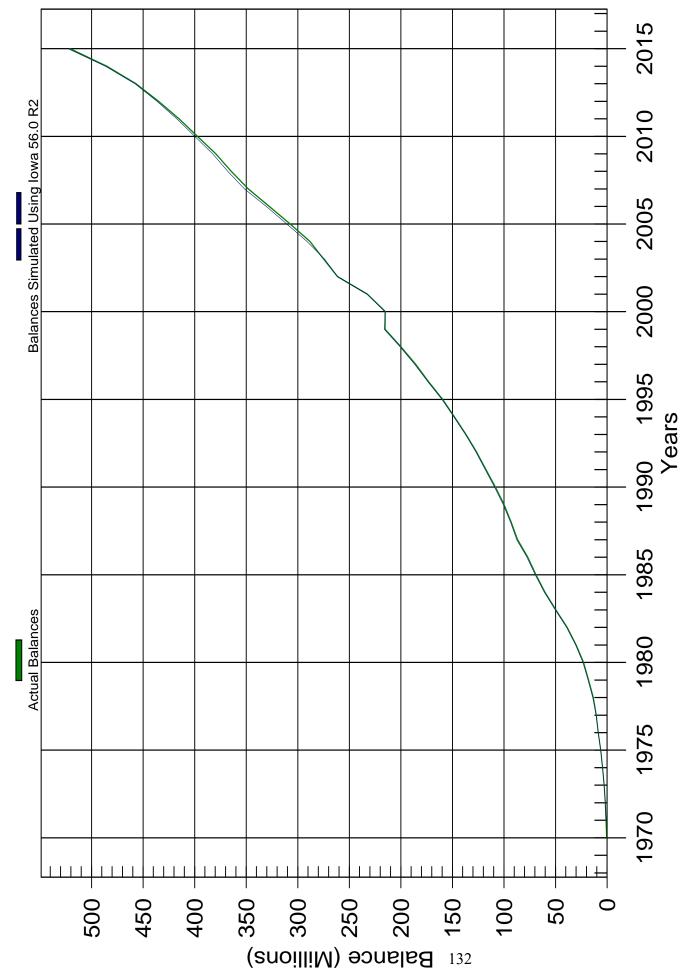
No. Of Test Points - 1
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1970
Last Test Point - 1970

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R5	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
S2	50.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	39.39
S3	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
S4	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
S6	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
L3	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
S5	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
L4	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
SQ	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
L5	16.00 Yrs.	0.0000E+00	.00	.00	100.00
L2	201.00 Yrs.	1.4216E-02	.00	.00	1.11
S1.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.7201E-02	.00	.00	.83
S1	201.00 Yrs.	6.2691E-02	.00	.00	1.45
R4	201.00 Yrs.	6.8665E-01	.00	.00	.11
S0.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.1222E+02	.00	.00	3.08
R3	201.00 Yrs.	2.3969E+02	.00	.00	.88
S0	201.00 Yrs.	4.3735E+02	.00	.00	4.70
L1.5	201.00 Yrs.	8.4426E+02	.00	.00	2.45
R2.5	201.00 Yrs.	3.0448E+03	.00	.00	2.00
L1	201.00 Yrs.	3.3618E+03	.00	.00	3.79
L0.5	201.00 Yrs.	8.4756E+03	.00	.00	6.36
R2	201.00 Yrs.	8.9982E+03	.00	.00	3.11
L0	206.00 Yrs.	1.5148E+04	.00	.00	8.64
R1.5	201.00 Yrs.	3.1153E+04	.00	.00	4.92
R1	201.00 Yrs.	6.6629E+04	.00	.00	6.73
S.5	201.00 Yrs.	6.7862E+04	.00	.00	8.01
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.4373E+05	.00	.00	9.02
SC	201.00 Yrs.	2.5009E+05	.00	.00	11.32
O1	201.00 Yrs.	2.5009E+05	.00	.00	11.32
O2	201.00 Yrs.	3.1484E+05	.00	.00	12.72
О3	201.00 Yrs.	6.8740E+05	.00	.00	18.38
O4	201.00 Yrs.	1.3440E+06	.00	.00	24.98

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CERC

Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic Actual And Simulated Balances 1970-2015



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CERC

Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 67
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1949
Last Test Point - 2015

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	107.00 Yrs.	5.1450E+13	11.56	86.53	55.60
О3	78.00 Yrs.	5.2417E+13	11.45	87.34	58.18
O1	49.16 Yrs.	5.4794E+13	11.20	89.30	67.64
SC	49.16 Yrs.	5.4794E+13	11.20	89.30	67.64
O2	55.22 Yrs.	5.4809E+13	11.20	89.31	66.84
R0.5	43.03 Yrs.	6.1208E+13	10.60	94.38	82.24
S.5	42.56 Yrs.	6.6662E+13	10.15	98.50	82.03
L0	47.45 Yrs.	6.8154E+13	10.04	99.59	74.61
R1	38.41 Yrs.	7.2298E+13	9.75	102.57	95.80
L0.5	42.84 Yrs.	7.7507E+13	9.42	106.21	82.14
S0	37.97 Yrs.	8.3749E+13	9.06	110.40	94.49
R1.5	35.72 Yrs.	8.5800E+13	8.95	111.74	99.45
L1	39.16 Yrs.	8.9901E+13	8.74	114.38	88.95
S0.5	35.75 Yrs.	9.5639E+13	8.48	117.98	98.77
L1.5	36.63 Yrs.	1.0154E+14	8.23	121.56	93.71
R2	33.59 Yrs.	1.0300E+14	8.17	122.43	100.00
S1	33.88 Yrs.	1.1019E+14	7.90	126.63	99.99
L2	34.53 Yrs.	1.1591E+14	7.70	129.88	97.07
R2.5	32.25 Yrs.	1.1855E+14	7.61	131.35	100.00
S1.5	32.69 Yrs.	1.2159E+14	7.52	133.02	100.00
S2	31.63 Yrs.	1.3446E+14	7.15	139.89	100.00
R3	31.09 Yrs.	1.3584E+14	7.11	140.60	100.00
L3	31.78 Yrs.	1.3820E+14	7.05	141.82	99.88
S3	30.31 Yrs.	1.5277E+14	6.71	149.10	100.00
L4	30.06 Yrs.	1.5825E+14	6.59	151.76	100.00
R4	29.84 Yrs.	1.5860E+14	6.58	151.93	100.00
S4	29.34 Yrs.	1.6846E+14	6.39	156.58	100.00
L5	29.22 Yrs.	1.7165E+14	6.33	158.05	100.00
R5	29.03 Yrs.	1.7514E+14	6.26	159.65	100.00
S5	28.88 Yrs.	1.7816E+14	6.21	161.02	100.00
S6	28.69 Yrs.	1.8395E+14	6.11	163.61	100.00
SQ	29.00 Yrs.	1.8950E+14	6.02	166.07	100.00

Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2011
Last Test Point - 2015

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	135.56 Yrs.	2.1194E+11	158.29	6.32	47.66
О3	98.25 Yrs.	2.1916E+11	155.66	6.42	49.33
SC	61.06 Yrs.	2.3708E+11	149.66	6.68	54.45
01	61.06 Yrs.	2.3708E+11	149.66	6.68	54.45
O2	68.63 Yrs.	2.3726E+11	149.60	6.68	54.39
R0.5	52.13 Yrs.	2.9231E+11	134.78	7.42	66.10
S.5	51.38 Yrs.	3.4631E+11	123.83	8.08	67.37
LO	57.76 Yrs.	3.6417E+11	120.75	8.28	63.16
R1	45.31 Yrs.	4.0395E+11	114.65	8.72	82.35
L0.5	51.31 Yrs.	4.6023E+11	107.41	9.31	71.13
S0	44.94 Yrs.	5.2553E+11	100.52	9.95	81.41
R1.5	41.34 Yrs.	5.6221E+11	97.19	10.29	93.89
L1	46.34 Yrs.	5.9573E+11	94.41	10.59	79.02
S0.5	41.69 Yrs.	6.6609E+11	89.29	11.20	90.52
L1.5	42.84 Yrs.	7.3760E+11	84.85	11.79	86.02
R2	38.44 Yrs.	7.8399E+11	82.30	12.15	99.54
S1	39.16 Yrs.	8.4852E+11	79.11	12.64	96.90
L2	40.06 Yrs.	9.2410E+11	75.80	13.19	91.56
R2.5	36.69 Yrs.	1.0018E+12	72.80	13.74	99.99
S1.5	37.50 Yrs.	1.0126E+12	72.42	13.81	99.16
S2	36.13 Yrs.	1.2037E+12	66.42	15.06	99.95
L3	36.47 Yrs.	1.2291E+12	65.73	15.21	98.36
R3	35.28 Yrs.	1.2445E+12	65.32	15.31	100.00
S3	34.47 Yrs.	1.4735E+12	60.03	16.66	100.00
L4	34.22 Yrs.	1.5503E+12	58.53	17.09	99.99
R4	33.81 Yrs.	1.5695E+12	58.17	17.19	100.00
S4	33.34 Yrs.	1.6742E+12	56.32	17.76	100.00
L5	33.22 Yrs.	1.7152E+12	55.64	17.97	100.00
R5	32.94 Yrs.	1.8334E+12	53.82	18.58	100.00
S5	32.81 Yrs.	1.8441E+12	53.66	18.64	100.00
S6	32.56 Yrs.	1.8709E+12	53.28	18.77	100.00
SQ	33.00 Yrs.	1.9178E+12	52.62	19.00	100.00

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2006
Last Test Point - 2010

O4 115.41 Yrs. 2.5697E+11 121.13 8.26 53.09 O3 83.75 Yrs. 2.6494E+11 119.30 8.38 55.45 SC 52.19 Yrs. 2.8507E+11 115.01 8.70 63.71 O1 52.19 Yrs. 2.8507E+11 115.01 8.70 63.71 O2 58.66 Yrs. 2.8521E+11 114.98 8.70 63.26 R0.5 44.81 Yrs. 3.4435E+11 104.64 9.56 78.81 S.5 44.28 Yrs. 3.9438E+11 97.78 10.23 78.87 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 96.72 10.34 71.87 R1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9662E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 78.66 12.71 99.93 L1 40.22<	Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
03 83.75 Yrs. 2.6494E+11 119.30 8.38 55.45 SC 52.19 Yrs. 2.8507E+11 115.01 8.70 63.71 O1 52.19 Yrs. 2.8507E+11 115.01 8.70 63.71 O2 58.66 Yrs. 2.8521E+11 114.98 8.70 63.26 R0.5 44.81 Yrs. 3.9438E+11 104.64 9.56 78.81 S.5 44.28 Yrs. 3.9438E+11 97.78 10.23 78.87 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 96.72 10.34 71.87 R1 39.28 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 96.72 10.34 71.87 R1 39.22 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.653BE+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31	O4	115.41 Yrs.	2.5697E+11	121.13	8.26	53.09
O1 52.19 Yrs. 2.8507E+11 115.01 8.70 63.71 O2 58.66 Yrs. 2.8521E+11 114.98 8.70 63.26 R0.5 44.81 Yrs. 3.4435E+11 104.64 9.56 78.81 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 97.78 10.23 78.87 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.07 R1.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.046E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. <	О3	83.75 Yrs.	2.6494E+11	119.30	8.38	55.45
O1 52.19 Yrs. 2.8507E+11 115.01 8.70 63.71 O2 58.66 Yrs. 2.8521E+11 114.98 8.70 63.26 R0.5 44.81 Yrs. 3.4435E+11 104.64 9.56 78.81 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 97.78 10.23 78.87 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.07 R1.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.046E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. <	SC	52.19 Yrs.	2.8507E+11	115.01	8.70	63.71
R0.5 44.81 Yrs. 3.4435E+11 104.64 9.56 78.81 S.5 44.28 Yrs. 3.9438E+11 97.78 10.23 78.87 L0 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 96.72 10.34 71.87 R1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs.	O1		2.8507E+11	115.01	8.70	63.71
S.5 44.28 Yrs. 3.9438E+11 97.78 10.23 78.87 LO 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 96.72 10.34 71.87 R1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S2 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs	O2	58.66 Yrs.	2.8521E+11	114.98	8.70	63.26
LO 49.75 Yrs. 4.0306E+11 96.72 10.34 71.87 R1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S2 32.84 Yrs. <td< td=""><td>R0.5</td><td>44.81 Yrs.</td><td>3.4435E+11</td><td>104.64</td><td>9.56</td><td>78.81</td></td<>	R0.5	44.81 Yrs.	3.4435E+11	104.64	9.56	78.81
R1 39.28 Yrs. 4.5756E+11 90.78 11.02 94.41 L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03	S.5	44.28 Yrs.	3.9438E+11	97.78	10.23	78.87
L0.5 44.38 Yrs. 4.9862E+11 86.96 11.50 80.10 S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.09	L0	49.75 Yrs.	4.0306E+11	96.72	10.34	71.87
S0 39.00 Yrs. 5.6539E+11 81.66 12.25 92.67 R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16	R1	39.28 Yrs.	4.5756E+11	90.78	11.02	94.41
R1.5 36.06 Yrs. 6.0937E+11 78.66 12.71 99.30 L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 S3 30.33 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 S4 29.81	L0.5	44.38 Yrs.	4.9862E+11	86.96	11.50	80.10
L1 40.22 Yrs. 6.3316E+11 77.17 12.96 87.54 S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81	S0	39.00 Yrs.	5.6539E+11	81.66	12.25	92.67
S0.5 36.31 Yrs. 7.0046E+11 73.37 13.63 98.24 L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 <t< td=""><td>R1.5</td><td>36.06 Yrs.</td><td>6.0937E+11</td><td>78.66</td><td>12.71</td><td>99.30</td></t<>	R1.5	36.06 Yrs.	6.0937E+11	78.66	12.71	99.30
L1.5 37.31 Yrs. 7.5758E+11 70.55 14.17 92.95 R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34	L1	40.22 Yrs.	6.3316E+11	77.17	12.96	87.54
R2 33.66 Yrs. 8.1033E+11 68.21 14.66 100.00 S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.00 Y	S0.5	36.31 Yrs.	7.0046E+11	73.37	13.63	98.24
S1 34.22 Yrs. 8.7204E+11 65.76 15.21 99.97 L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.00 Y	L1.5	37.31 Yrs.	7.5758E+11	70.55	14.17	92.95
L2 35.00 Yrs. 9.0895E+11 64.41 15.53 96.70 R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	R2	33.66 Yrs.	8.1033E+11	68.21	14.66	100.00
R2.5 32.22 Yrs. 9.9280E+11 61.63 16.23 100.00 S1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	S1	34.22 Yrs.	8.7204E+11	65.76	15.21	99.97
\$1.5 32.84 Yrs. 1.0051E+12 61.25 16.33 100.00 \$Q 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 \$2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 \$1.3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 \$1.3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 \$3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 \$4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 \$4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 \$4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 \$5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 \$5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	L2	35.00 Yrs.	9.0895E+11	64.41	15.53	96.70
SQ 29.00 Yrs. 1.0186E+12 60.84 16.44 100.00 S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	R2.5	32.22 Yrs.	9.9280E+11	61.63	16.23	100.00
S2 31.69 Yrs. 1.1526E+12 57.20 17.48 100.00 L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	S1.5	32.84 Yrs.	1.0051E+12	61.25	16.33	100.00
L3 32.03 Yrs. 1.1610E+12 56.99 17.55 99.85 R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	SQ	29.00 Yrs.	1.0186E+12	60.84	16.44	100.00
R3 31.03 Yrs. 1.1872E+12 56.36 17.74 100.00 S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	S2	31.69 Yrs.	1.1526E+12	57.20	17.48	100.00
S3 30.34 Yrs. 1.3407E+12 53.03 18.86 100.00 L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	L3	32.03 Yrs.	1.1610E+12	56.99	17.55	99.85
L4 30.16 Yrs. 1.4059E+12 51.79 19.31 100.00 R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	R3	31.03 Yrs.	1.1872E+12	56.36	17.74	100.00
R4 29.81 Yrs. 1.4266E+12 51.41 19.45 100.00 S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	S3	30.34 Yrs.	1.3407E+12	53.03	18.86	100.00
S4 29.44 Yrs. 1.5106E+12 49.96 20.02 100.00 L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	L4	30.16 Yrs.	1.4059E+12	51.79	19.31	100.00
L5 29.34 Yrs. 1.5581E+12 49.19 20.33 100.00 R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	R4	29.81 Yrs.	1.4266E+12	51.41	19.45	100.00
R5 29.09 Yrs. 1.6652E+12 47.58 21.02 100.00 S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	S4	29.44 Yrs.	1.5106E+12	49.96	20.02	100.00
S5 29.00 Yrs. 1.6846E+12 47.31 21.14 100.00	L5	29.34 Yrs.	1.5581E+12	49.19	20.33	100.00
	R5	29.09 Yrs.	1.6652E+12	47.58	21.02	100.00
\$6 28.75 Yrs. 1.7321E+12 46.66 21.43 100.00	S5	29.00 Yrs.	1.6846E+12	47.31	21.14	100.00
	S6	28.75 Yrs.	1.7321E+12	46.66	21.43	100.00

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 2001
Last Test Point - 2005

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	89.94 Yrs.	7.8143E+11	58.20	17.18	61.18
О3	65.47 Yrs.	7.9691E+11	57.63	17.35	64.79
O2	46.25 Yrs.	8.3806E+11	56.20	17.79	76.96
SC	41.13 Yrs.	8.3806E+11	56.20	17.79	80.85
O1	41.13 Yrs.	8.3806E+11	56.20	17.79	80.85
R0.5	35.88 Yrs.	9.4214E+11	53.00	18.87	95.73
S.5	35.59 Yrs.	1.0015E+12	51.41	19.45	95.77
L0	39.83 Yrs.	1.0058E+12	51.30	19.49	84.21
R1	32.00 Yrs.	1.1119E+12	48.79	20.50	100.00
L0.5	35.94 Yrs.	1.1198E+12	48.62	20.57	91.03
S0	31.81 Yrs.	1.2238E+12	46.50	21.50	100.00
L1	32.88 Yrs.	1.2605E+12	45.82	21.82	96.12
R1.5	29.78 Yrs.	1.3046E+12	45.04	22.20	100.00
S0.5	29.94 Yrs.	1.3746E+12	43.88	22.79	100.00
L1.5	30.78 Yrs.	1.3979E+12	43.51	22.98	98.49
R2	28.06 Yrs.	1.5214E+12	41.71	23.98	100.00
L2	29.09 Yrs.	1.5433E+12	41.41	24.15	99.68
S1	28.41 Yrs.	1.5437E+12	41.41	24.15	100.00
S1.5	27.47 Yrs.	1.6698E+12	39.81	25.12	100.00
R2.5	27.06 Yrs.	1.6889E+12	39.59	25.26	100.00
S2	26.63 Yrs.	1.7949E+12	38.40	26.04	100.00
L3	26.91 Yrs.	1.7991E+12	38.36	26.07	100.00
R3	26.19 Yrs.	1.8513E+12	37.81	26.45	100.00
SQ	24.00 Yrs.	1.9416E+12	36.92	27.08	100.00
S3	25.66 Yrs.	1.9660E+12	36.69	27.25	100.00
L4	25.53 Yrs.	2.0392E+12	36.03	27.76	100.00
R4	25.28 Yrs.	2.0653E+12	35.80	27.93	100.00
S4	25.00 Yrs.	2.1603E+12	35.00	28.57	100.00
L5	24.91 Yrs.	2.2318E+12	34.44	29.04	100.00
R5	24.75 Yrs.	2.3639E+12	33.46	29.89	100.00
S5	24.66 Yrs.	2.3660E+12	33.45	29.90	100.00
S6	24.44 Yrs.	2.4853E+12	32.63	30.64	100.00

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1996
Last Test Point - 2000

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	64.94 Yrs.	3.2689E+11	70.34	14.22	70.46
О3	47.59 Yrs.	3.3875E+11	69.10	14.47	75.66
O2	34.16 Yrs.	3.7394E+11	65.77	15.20	89.29
SC	30.41 Yrs.	3.7510E+11	65.67	15.23	100.00
01	30.41 Yrs.	3.7510E+11	65.67	15.23	100.00
LO	30.18 Yrs.	4.3843E+11	60.74	16.46	95.42
R0.5	27.22 Yrs.	4.4656E+11	60.18	16.62	100.00
S.5	27.16 Yrs.	4.5896E+11	59.37	16.84	100.00
L0.5	27.72 Yrs.	4.9188E+11	57.35	17.44	98.39
R1	24.91 Yrs.	5.4601E+11	54.43	18.37	100.00
L1	25.75 Yrs.	5.4970E+11	54.25	18.43	99.81
S0	24.84 Yrs.	5.6014E+11	53.74	18.61	100.00
L1.5	24.44 Yrs.	6.2138E+11	51.02	19.60	99.97
S0.5	23.72 Yrs.	6.3336E+11	50.54	19.79	100.00
R1.5	23.59 Yrs.	6.4150E+11	50.21	19.91	100.00
L2	23.34 Yrs.	6.9514E+11	48.24	20.73	100.00
S1	22.78 Yrs.	7.0732E+11	47.82	20.91	100.00
R2	22.56 Yrs.	7.3417E+11	46.94	21.30	100.00
S1.5	22.19 Yrs.	7.6943E+11	45.85	21.81	100.00
R2.5	21.91 Yrs.	7.9732E+11	45.04	22.20	100.00
S2	21.66 Yrs.	8.2840E+11	44.19	22.63	100.00
L3	21.88 Yrs.	8.3505E+11	44.01	22.72	100.00
R3	21.34 Yrs.	8.5903E+11	43.39	23.05	100.00
S3	21.00 Yrs.	9.2490E+11	41.82	23.91	100.00
L4	20.91 Yrs.	9.8630E+11	40.50	24.69	100.00
R4	20.72 Yrs.	9.9471E+11	40.33	24.80	100.00
S4	20.53 Yrs.	1.0524E+12	39.21	25.51	100.00
L5	20.47 Yrs.	1.1212E+12	37.98	26.33	100.00
S5	20.28 Yrs.	1.2214E+12	36.39	27.48	100.00
R5	20.34 Yrs.	1.2263E+12	36.32	27.53	100.00
S6	20.13 Yrs.	1.4082E+12	33.89	29.51	100.00
SQ	20.00 Yrs.	2.1302E+12	27.56	36.29	100.00

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1991
Last Test Point - 1995

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	52.28 Yrs.	7.2984E+10	103.76	9.64	75.71
О3	38.44 Yrs.	7.8468E+10	100.07	9.99	81.84
O2	27.84 Yrs.	9.5722E+10	90.60	11.04	94.55
SC	24.78 Yrs.	9.6785E+10	90.11	11.10	100.00
01	24.78 Yrs.	9.6785E+10	90.11	11.10	100.00
L0	24.95 Yrs.	1.1753E+11	81.77	12.23	98.98
R0.5	22.47 Yrs.	1.3064E+11	77.56	12.89	100.00
S.5	22.47 Yrs.	1.3328E+11	76.79	13.02	100.00
L0.5	23.09 Yrs.	1.4599E+11	73.37	13.63	99.79
R1	20.78 Yrs.	1.7825E+11	66.40	15.06	100.00
S0	20.84 Yrs.	1.7869E+11	66.31	15.08	100.00
L1	21.63 Yrs.	1.7953E+11	66.16	15.11	100.00
L1.5	20.59 Yrs.	2.1610E+11	60.30	16.58	100.00
S0.5	20.00 Yrs.	2.1886E+11	59.92	16.69	100.00
R1.5	19.84 Yrs.	2.2378E+11	59.26	16.88	100.00
L2	19.72 Yrs.	2.5656E+11	55.34	18.07	100.00
S1	19.28 Yrs.	2.6158E+11	54.81	18.25	100.00
R2	19.06 Yrs.	2.6836E+11	54.11	18.48	100.00
R2.5	18.56 Yrs.	2.9302E+11	51.79	19.31	100.00
S1.5	18.81 Yrs.	2.9428E+11	51.67	19.35	100.00
R3	18.13 Yrs.	3.1656E+11	49.82	20.07	100.00
S2	18.41 Yrs.	3.2681E+11	49.04	20.39	100.00
L3	18.56 Yrs.	3.3713E+11	48.28	20.71	100.00
R4	17.63 Yrs.	3.5351E+11	47.15	21.21	100.00
S3	17.88 Yrs.	3.6528E+11	46.38	21.56	100.00
S4	17.47 Yrs.	4.2666E+11	42.92	23.30	100.00
L4	17.78 Yrs.	4.3244E+11	42.63	23.46	100.00
R5	17.28 Yrs.	4.9061E+11	40.02	24.99	100.00
L5	17.41 Yrs.	5.2640E+11	38.64	25.88	100.00
S5	17.22 Yrs.	5.7154E+11	37.08	26.97	100.00
S6	17.16 Yrs.	8.4096E+11	30.57	32.71	100.00
SQ	17.00 Yrs.	1.7350E+12	21.28	46.99	100.00

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1986
Last Test Point - 1990

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
R5	15.66 Yrs.	7.5760E+09	231.71	4.32	100.00
R1.5	18.19 Yrs.	9.1602E+09	210.72	4.75	100.00
L1	19.94 Yrs.	9.3894E+09	208.14	4.80	100.00
L1.5	18.84 Yrs.	9.4155E+09	207.85	4.81	100.00
S0.5	18.31 Yrs.	9.5746E+09	206.11	4.85	100.00
L5	15.69 Yrs.	9.7267E+09	204.50	4.89	100.00
S0	19.22 Yrs.	9.8091E+09	203.63	4.91	100.00
R1	19.25 Yrs.	1.0356E+10	198.19	5.05	100.00
S5	15.53 Yrs.	1.0553E+10	196.32	5.09	100.00
L2	17.97 Yrs.	1.1500E+10	188.07	5.32	100.00
L0.5	21.50 Yrs.	1.1739E+10	186.15	5.37	99.93
S1	17.56 Yrs.	1.1896E+10	184.91	5.41	100.00
R2	17.38 Yrs.	1.2063E+10	183.63	5.45	100.00
R4	16.00 Yrs.	1.2527E+10	180.20	5.55	100.00
S4	15.78 Yrs.	1.3582E+10	173.05	5.78	100.00
L4	16.03 Yrs.	1.3787E+10	171.76	5.82	100.00
S1.5	17.09 Yrs.	1.4751E+10	166.06	6.02	100.00
S.5	21.06 Yrs.	1.4760E+10	166.01	6.02	100.00
R2.5	16.91 Yrs.	1.4802E+10	165.77	6.03	100.00
L0	23.46 Yrs.	1.5928E+10	159.81	6.26	99.49
R0.5	21.09 Yrs.	1.6358E+10	157.69	6.34	100.00
L3	16.78 Yrs.	1.6884E+10	155.21	6.44	100.00
R3	16.47 Yrs.	1.7016E+10	154.61	6.47	100.00
S2	16.66 Yrs.	1.8182E+10	149.57	6.69	100.00
S6	15.41 Yrs.	1.9115E+10	145.87	6.86	100.00
S3	16.16 Yrs.	1.9793E+10	143.36	6.98	100.00
SC	23.66 Yrs.	2.4280E+10	129.43	7.73	100.00
O1	23.66 Yrs.	2.4280E+10	129.43	7.73	100.00
O2	26.59 Yrs.	2.4396E+10	129.12	7.74	95.58
О3	37.16 Yrs.	2.9478E+10	117.47	8.51	82.74
O4	50.78 Yrs.	3.1502E+10	113.63	8.80	76.36
SQ	15.00 Yrs.	7.1318E+10	75.52	13.24	100.00

Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1981
Last Test Point - 1985

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	54.47 Yrs.	8.9997E+09	146.79	6.81	74.77
О3	39.59 Yrs.	9.5143E+09	142.77	7.00	81.03
O2	27.88 Yrs.	1.0907E+10	133.34	7.50	94.53
SC	24.81 Yrs.	1.0914E+10	133.30	7.50	100.00
O1	24.81 Yrs.	1.0914E+10	133.30	7.50	100.00
R0.5	21.47 Yrs.	1.5008E+10	113.68	8.80	100.00
L0	23.73 Yrs.	1.7526E+10	105.19	9.51	99.41
S.5	21.22 Yrs.	1.7619E+10	104.91	9.53	100.00
L0.5	21.31 Yrs.	2.3070E+10	91.68	10.91	99.94
R1	18.97 Yrs.	2.3212E+10	91.40	10.94	100.00
S0	18.78 Yrs.	2.8635E+10	82.29	12.15	100.00
L1	19.41 Yrs.	3.0583E+10	79.63	12.56	100.00
R1.5	17.53 Yrs.	3.5275E+10	74.15	13.49	100.00
S0.5	17.63 Yrs.	3.8161E+10	71.29	14.03	100.00
L1.5	18.13 Yrs.	3.9034E+10	70.49	14.19	100.00
L2	17.09 Yrs.	4.7141E+10	64.14	15.59	100.00
S1	16.66 Yrs.	5.0123E+10	62.20	16.08	100.00
R2	16.47 Yrs.	5.2490E+10	60.78	16.45	100.00
S1.5	16.09 Yrs.	6.1383E+10	56.21	17.79	100.00
L3	15.81 Yrs.	6.7532E+10	53.59	18.66	100.00
R2.5	15.84 Yrs.	7.2966E+10	51.55	19.40	100.00
S2	15.59 Yrs.	7.3228E+10	51.46	19.43	100.00
S3	15.06 Yrs.	9.4686E+10	45.26	22.10	100.00
R3	15.34 Yrs.	9.5726E+10	45.01	22.22	100.00
L4	15.03 Yrs.	1.0116E+11	43.78	22.84	100.00
S4	14.75 Yrs.	1.2724E+11	39.04	25.61	100.00
R4	14.88 Yrs.	1.3163E+11	38.38	26.05	100.00
L5	14.75 Yrs.	1.3220E+11	38.30	26.11	100.00
R5	14.66 Yrs.	1.5992E+11	34.82	28.72	100.00
S5	14.63 Yrs.	1.6309E+11	34.48	29.00	100.00
S6	14.59 Yrs.	1.8488E+11	32.39	30.88	100.00
SQ	15.00 Yrs.	2.5813E+11	27.41	36.48	100.00

Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1976
Last Test Point - 1980

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
O4	38.22 Yrs.	7.3695E+10	30.01	33.33	82.30
О3	27.94 Yrs.	7.5152E+10	29.71	33.66	89.61
O2	19.88 Yrs.	7.9023E+10	28.98	34.51	100.00
O1	17.72 Yrs.	7.9162E+10	28.95	34.54	100.00
SC	17.72 Yrs.	7.9162E+10	28.95	34.54	100.00
LO	17.33 Yrs.	8.4489E+10	28.02	35.68	100.00
R0.5	15.63 Yrs.	8.7923E+10	27.47	36.40	100.00
S.5	15.53 Yrs.	8.8811E+10	27.33	36.59	100.00
L0.5	15.78 Yrs.	9.2183E+10	26.83	37.27	100.00
L1	14.56 Yrs.	9.9384E+10	25.84	38.70	100.00
S0	14.03 Yrs.	1.0020E+11	25.73	38.86	100.00
R1	14.09 Yrs.	1.0210E+11	25.49	39.23	100.00
S0.5	13.31 Yrs.	1.1377E+11	24.15	41.41	100.00
L1.5	13.75 Yrs.	1.1637E+11	23.88	41.88	100.00
R1.5	13.22 Yrs.	1.2076E+11	23.44	42.66	100.00
S1	12.72 Yrs.	1.2873E+11	22.70	44.05	100.00
L2	13.06 Yrs.	1.3432E+11	22.23	44.99	100.00
R2	12.53 Yrs.	1.4348E+11	21.50	46.50	100.00
S1.5	12.34 Yrs.	1.4946E+11	21.07	47.46	100.00
R2.5	12.13 Yrs.	1.7173E+11	19.66	50.87	100.00
S2	12.00 Yrs.	1.7196E+11	19.64	50.91	100.00
L3	12.19 Yrs.	1.8282E+11	19.05	52.49	100.00
R3	11.81 Yrs.	2.0307E+11	18.08	55.32	100.00
S3	11.66 Yrs.	2.2558E+11	17.15	58.31	100.00
L4	11.63 Yrs.	2.5044E+11	16.28	61.44	100.00
R4	11.50 Yrs.	2.6864E+11	15.72	63.63	100.00
S4	11.41 Yrs.	2.9752E+11	14.93	66.96	100.00
L5	11.38 Yrs.	3.1557E+11	14.50	68.96	100.00
R5	11.28 Yrs.	3.4512E+11	13.87	72.12	100.00
S5	11.25 Yrs.	3.5856E+11	13.60	73.51	100.00
S6	11.16 Yrs.	3.9785E+11	12.91	77.43	100.00
SQ	11.00 Yrs.	4.2660E+11	12.47	80.18	100.00

Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1971
Last Test Point - 1975

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
S6	8.41 Yrs.	1.4986E+11	11.50	86.99	100.00
SQ	8.00 Yrs.	1.6114E+11	11.09	90.20	100.00
S5	8.50 Yrs.	1.6287E+11	11.03	90.69	100.00
R5	8.53 Yrs.	1.7142E+11	10.75	93.04	100.00
L5	8.66 Yrs.	1.7260E+11	10.71	93.36	100.00
S4	8.69 Yrs.	1.8186E+11	10.44	95.83	100.00
L4	8.97 Yrs.	1.9398E+11	10.10	98.97	100.00
R4	8.78 Yrs.	2.0372E+11	9.86	101.43	100.00
S3	9.06 Yrs.	2.0716E+11	9.78	102.28	100.00
L3	9.69 Yrs.	2.1933E+11	9.50	105.24	100.00
S2	9.63 Yrs.	2.3279E+11	9.22	108.42	100.00
R3	9.25 Yrs.	2.3579E+11	9.16	109.12	100.00
S1.5	10.03 Yrs.	2.4984E+11	8.90	112.32	100.00
L2	10.81 Yrs.	2.4996E+11	8.90	112.35	100.00
R2.5	9.69 Yrs.	2.5813E+11	8.76	114.17	100.00
S1	10.59 Yrs.	2.6487E+11	8.65	115.65	100.00
L1.5	11.63 Yrs.	2.7065E+11	8.55	116.90	100.00
R2	10.25 Yrs.	2.7844E+11	8.43	118.58	100.00
S0.5	11.38 Yrs.	2.8396E+11	8.35	119.74	100.00
L1	12.75 Yrs.	2.8652E+11	8.31	120.28	100.00
S0	12.41 Yrs.	2.9949E+11	8.13	122.98	100.00
R1.5	11.19 Yrs.	3.0198E+11	8.10	123.49	100.00
L0.5	14.19 Yrs.	3.0490E+11	8.06	124.08	100.00
L0	16.16 Yrs.	3.1924E+11	7.88	126.97	100.00
R1	12.53 Yrs.	3.1993E+11	7.87	127.10	100.00
S.5	14.34 Yrs.	3.2344E+11	7.82	127.80	100.00
R0.5	14.66 Yrs.	3.3373E+11	7.70	129.81	100.00
O1	17.38 Yrs.	3.4143E+11	7.62	131.30	100.00
SC	17.38 Yrs.	3.4143E+11	7.62	131.30	100.00
O2	19.53 Yrs.	3.4147E+11	7.62	131.31	100.00
О3	28.06 Yrs.	3.4415E+11	7.59	131.83	89.51
O4	38.81 Yrs.	3.4532E+11	7.57	132.05	81.99

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1966
Last Test Point - 1970

Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
SQ	22.00 Yrs.	1.3553E-20	'847000.00	.00	100.00
R5	68.00 Yrs.	1.3553E-20	'847000.00	.00	39.98
L4	94.00 Yrs.	1.3553E-20	'847000.00	.00	9.09
S4	94.00 Yrs.	1.3553E-20	'847000.00	.00	4.60
S6	36.00 Yrs.	1.3553E-20	'847000.00	.00	100.00
S5	49.00 Yrs.	1.1479E-07	298912.08	.00	99.92
L5	49.00 Yrs.	1.1479E-07	298912.08	.00	97.18
S3	201.00 Yrs.	4.9575E-05	.00	.00	.13
L3	201.00 Yrs.	3.3291E-03	.00	.00	.83
S2	201.00 Yrs.	3.1990E+00	.00	.00	1.06
R4	201.00 Yrs.	1.4378E+03	.00	.00	.38
S1.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.5307E+03	.00	.00	2.50
L2	201.00 Yrs.	3.9242E+03	.00	.00	3.09
S1	201.00 Yrs.	9.7395E+03	.00	.00	3.94
R3	201.00 Yrs.	4.2014E+05	.00	.00	1.97
S0.5	201.00 Yrs.	8.6035E+05	.00	.00	6.41
L1.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.6415E+06	.00	.00	5.55
S0	201.00 Yrs.	3.0840E+06	.00	.00	8.88
R2.5	201.00 Yrs.	4.8379E+06	.00	.00	3.70
L1	201.00 Yrs.	6.2486E+06	.00	.00	8.00
R2	201.00 Yrs.	1.4067E+07	.00	.00	5.43
L0.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.1093E+07	.00	.00	11.43
L0	206.00 Yrs.	4.1883E+07	.00	.00	14.39
R1.5	201.00 Yrs.	4.7208E+07	.00	.00	7.93
R1	201.00 Yrs.	9.9817E+07	.00	.00	10.44
S.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.0856E+08	.00	.00	12.71
R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.1132E+08	.00	.00	13.49
SC	201.00 Yrs.	3.6416E+08	.00	.00	16.54
O1	201.00 Yrs.	3.6416E+08	.00	.00	16.54
O2	201.00 Yrs.	4.5868E+08	.00	.00	18.59
О3	201.00 Yrs.	9.9814E+08	.00	.00	26.43
O4	201.00 Yrs.	1.9451E+09	.00	.00	35.01

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Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1961
Last Test Point - 1965

SQ 17.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 190.00 L5 40.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 99.97 L4 72.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 .38.53 S6 28.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 .00 S4 72.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 .00 S5 37.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 .100.00 R5 49.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .83 S3 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .13 S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .39 R3 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 .55 S0 201.00 Yrs. 3.780E+04	Curve Type	Average Service Life	Sum Of Squares Difference	Conformance Index	Index Of Variation	Ret Exp Index
L5 40.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 99.97 L4 72.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 .38.53 S6 28.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 .30.00 S4 72.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 .30.33 S5 37.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 .100.00 R5 49.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .03 .83 S3 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .00 .13 S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .00 .250 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .304 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 3.1581E+04 .00 .00 .	SQ	17.00 Yrs.	4.8704E-21	5871960.00	.00	100.00
S6 28.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 100.00 S4 72.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 33.43 S5 37.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 100.00 R5 49.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 100.00 L3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .00 .13 S3 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .00 .13 S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .250 L2 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 .555 S0	L5		4.8704E-21		.00	99.97
S4 72.00 Yrs. 4.8704E-21 i871960.00 .00 33.43 S5 37.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 100.00 R5 49.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 100.00 L3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .03 S3 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .888 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05	L4	72.00 Yrs.	4.8704E-21	5871960.00	.00	38.53
S5 37.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1711144.13 .00 100.00 R5 49.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1711144.13 .00 100.00 L3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .83 S3 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .13 S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .38 R4 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .197 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .555 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .808 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00	S6	28.00 Yrs.	4.8704E-21	5871960.00	.00	100.00
R5 49.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i711144.13 .00 100.00 L3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .83 S3 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .13 S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .00 .250 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .00 .197 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .370 L1 201.	S4	72.00 Yrs.	4.8704E-21	5871960.00	.00	33.43
L3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0020E-06 .00 .00 .00 .13 S3 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .00 .13 S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.09 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .00 1.97 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .888 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .543 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .044<	S5	37.00 Yrs.	1.1479E-07	711144.13	.00	100.00
\$3\$ 201.00 Yrs. 3.5547E-06 .00 .00 .13 \$2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 .106 R4 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .250 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 \$1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.94 R3 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .00 3.94 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .00 1.97 \$0.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .05 55 \$0 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .05 55 \$0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .88 \$2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 .80 \$1 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .01 <td< td=""><td>R5</td><td>49.00 Yrs.</td><td>1.1479E-07</td><td>711144.13</td><td>.00</td><td>100.00</td></td<>	R5	49.00 Yrs.	1.1479E-07	711144.13	.00	100.00
S2 201.00 Yrs. 1.2458E-01 .00 .00 1.06 R4 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .38 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .250 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .00 .197 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .00 .555 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .00 .876 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 .808 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 .543 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .01439 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00	L3	201.00 Yrs.	1.0020E-06	.00	.00	.83
R4 201.00 Yrs. 4.2472E+01 .00 .00 .250 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 .250 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .00 .555 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .888 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .800 R2 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .543 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .543 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .14.39 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .014.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .012.71 R0.5	S3	201.00 Yrs.	3.5547E-06	.00	.00	.13
S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.3525E+02 .00 .00 2.50 L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 .309 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .555 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .888 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .800 R2 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .800 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .543 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .0143 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .03 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .01449 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .01271 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00	S2	201.00 Yrs.	1.2458E-01	.00	.00	1.06
L2 201.00 Yrs. 2.1433E+02 .00 .00 3.09 S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 .394 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .01 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .00 .555 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .00 .888 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 .800 R2 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .00 .800 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 .543 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 .11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .01.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .01.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 <td< td=""><td>R4</td><td>201.00 Yrs.</td><td>4.2472E+01</td><td>.00</td><td>.00</td><td>.38</td></td<>	R4	201.00 Yrs.	4.2472E+01	.00	.00	.38
S1 201.00 Yrs. 5.2395E+02 .00 .00 3.94 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 .00 1.97 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 .641 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .00 8.88 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .00 3.70 L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .01 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .01 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .01 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs.	S1.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.3525E+02	.00	.00	2.50
R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.1651E+04 .00 .00 1.97 S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 6.41 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 .55 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .8.88 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 8.00 L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .01 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .01 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .01 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 <td< td=""><td>L2</td><td>201.00 Yrs.</td><td>2.1433E+02</td><td>.00</td><td>.00</td><td>3.09</td></td<>	L2	201.00 Yrs.	2.1433E+02	.00	.00	3.09
S0.5 201.00 Yrs. 3.3780E+04 .00 .00 6.41 L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 5.55 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 .8.88 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 3.70 L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.176	S1	201.00 Yrs.	5.2395E+02	.00	.00	3.94
L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.7466E+04 .00 .00 5.55 S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 8.88 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 .00 3.70 L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs.	R3	201.00 Yrs.	1.1651E+04	.00	.00	1.97
S0 201.00 Yrs. 1.1879E+05 .00 .00 8.88 R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 3.70 L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+	S0.5	201.00 Yrs.	3.3780E+04	.00	.00	6.41
R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2885E+05 .00 .00 3.70 L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	L1.5	201.00 Yrs.	4.7466E+04	.00	.00	5.55
L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.7731E+05 .00 .00 8.00 R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	S0	201.00 Yrs.	1.1879E+05	.00	.00	8.88
R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.7202E+05 .00 .00 5.43 L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.55557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	R2.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.2885E+05	.00	.00	3.70
L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.4523E+05 .00 .00 11.43 R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	L1	201.00 Yrs.	1.7731E+05	.00	.00	8.00
R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.2318E+06 .00 .00 7.93 L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	R2	201.00 Yrs.	3.7202E+05	.00	.00	5.43
L0 206.00 Yrs. 1.3154E+06 .00 .00 14.39 R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	L0.5	201.00 Yrs.	6.4523E+05	.00	.00	11.43
R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.5914E+06 .00 .00 10.44 S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	R1.5	201.00 Yrs.	1.2318E+06	.00	.00	7.93
S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.8900E+06 .00 .00 12.71 R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	L0	206.00 Yrs.	1.3154E+06	.00	.00	14.39
R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.4412E+06 .00 .00 13.49 SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 .00 26.43	R1	201.00 Yrs.	2.5914E+06	.00	.00	10.44
SC 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 16.54 O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 26.43	S.5	201.00 Yrs.	2.8900E+06	.00	.00	12.71
O1 201.00 Yrs. 9.3359E+06 .00 .00 16.54 O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 26.43	R0.5	201.00 Yrs.	5.4412E+06	.00	.00	13.49
O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.1762E+07 .00 .00 18.59 O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 26.43	SC	201.00 Yrs.	9.3359E+06	.00	.00	16.54
O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.5557E+07 .00 .00 26.43	01	201.00 Yrs.	9.3359E+06	.00	.00	16.54
	O2	201.00 Yrs.	1.1762E+07	.00	.00	18.59
O4 201.00 Yrs. 4.9729E+07 .00 .00 35.01	О3	201.00 Yrs.	2.5557E+07	.00	.00	26.43
	O4	201.00 Yrs.	4.9729E+07	.00	.00	35.01

Sunday, January 29, 2017 Page 12 of 13

Electric Division 382.02 Meter Installations Large

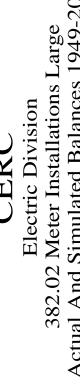
Simulated Plant Record Analysis Calculated As Of 12/31/2015

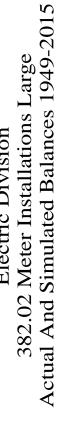
Simulated Balances Method

No. Of Test Points - 5
Interval Between Test Points - 1
First Test Point - 1956
Last Test Point - 1960

\$3	lex Of riation	Ret Exp Index
SQ 16.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S6 20.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 R5 36.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L3 165.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L4 50.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L5 28.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S5 25.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	.17
R5 36.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L3 165.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L4 50.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L5 28.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S5 25.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	100.00
L3 165.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L4 50.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L5 28.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S5 25.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	100.00
L4 50.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 L5 28.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S5 25.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	100.00
L5 28.00 Yrs. 9.2644E-23 1352090.00 S5 25.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 1807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	1.82
S5 25.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i807422.82 S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	90.73
S4 46.00 Yrs. 1.1479E-07 i807422.82 S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	100.00
S2 201.00 Yrs. 2.0309E-03 .00 R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	100.00
R4 201.00 Yrs. 3.5291E+00 .00 S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	99.63
S1.5 201.00 Yrs. 6.7305E+00 .00 L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	1.06
L2 201.00 Yrs. 9.8976E+00 .00 S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	.38
S1 201.00 Yrs. 2.6406E+01 .00 R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	2.50
R3 201.00 Yrs. 1.0144E+03 .00	.00	3.09
	.00	3.94
\$0.5 201.00 Vrs 2.6797E±03 00	.00	1.97
30.5 201.00 H3. 2.0797E+03 .00	.00	6.41
L1.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.0098E+03 .00	.00	5.55
S0 201.00 Yrs. 9.6844E+03 .00	.00	8.88
R2.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1474E+04 .00	.00	3.70
L1 201.00 Yrs. 1.5263E+04 .00	.00	8.00
R2 201.00 Yrs. 3.3260E+04 .00	.00	5.43
L0.5 201.00 Yrs. 5.6369E+04 .00	.00	11.43
R1.5 201.00 Yrs. 1.1086E+05 .00	.00	7.93
LO 206.00 Yrs. 1.1544E+05 .00	.00	14.39
R1 201.00 Yrs. 2.3382E+05 .00	.00	10.44
S.5 201.00 Yrs. 2.5931E+05 .00	.00	12.71
R0.5 201.00 Yrs. 4.9272E+05 .00	.00	13.49
O1 201.00 Yrs. 8.4701E+05 .00	.00	16.54
SC 201.00 Yrs. 8.4701E+05 .00	.00	16.54
O2 201.00 Yrs. 1.0670E+06 .00	.00	18.59
O3 201.00 Yrs. 2.3202E+06 .00	.00	26.43
O4 201.00 Yrs. 4.5184E+06 .00	.00	35.01

Sunday, January 29, 2017 Page 13 of 13







GAS UTILITIES DOCKET NO. 10920

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-11

ACTUARIAL OBSERVED LIFE TABLES AND IOWA CURVE FITTING

390.00 Structures & Improvements - General

Observed Life Table

Retirement Expr. 2003 TO 2015 Placement Years 1970 TO 2015

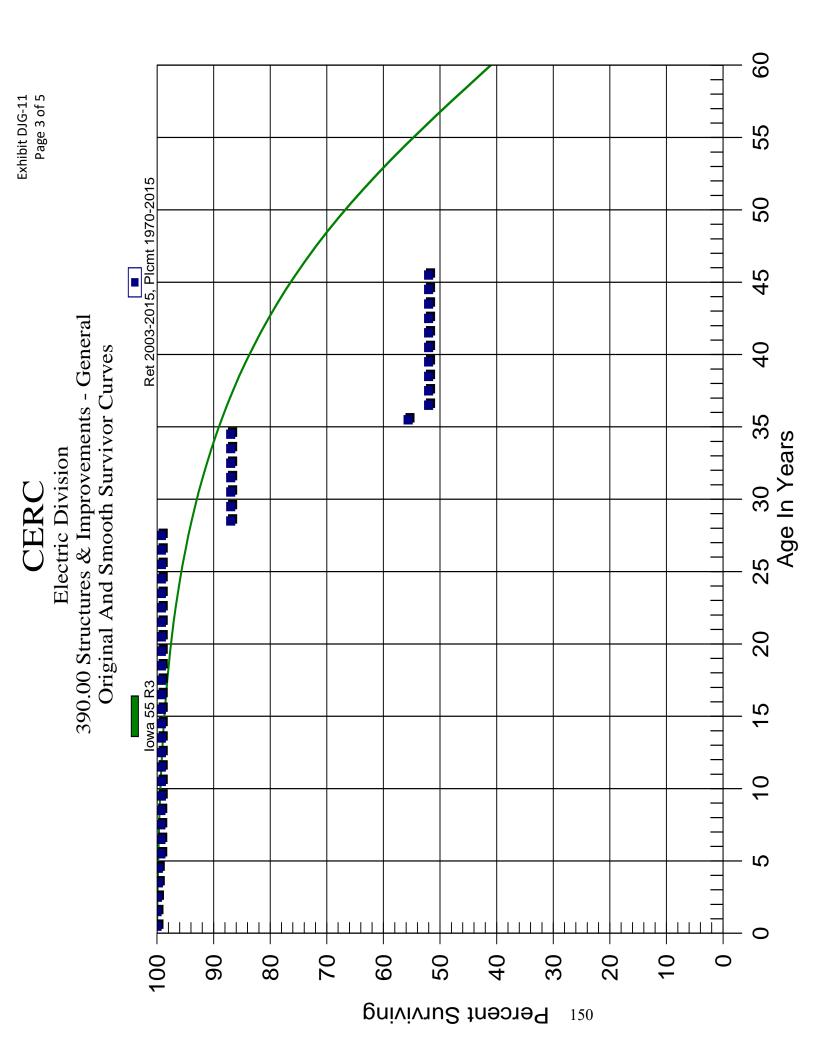
Age Interval	\$ Surviving At Beginning of Age Interval	\$ Retired During The Age Interval	Retirement Ratio	% Surviving A. Beginning of Age Interval
0.0 - 0.5	\$28,898,108.34	\$0.00	0.0000	100.00
0.5 - 1.5	\$21,359,187.63	\$0.00	0.00000	100.00
1.5 - 2.5	\$16,557,960.36	\$17,055.85	0.00103	100.00
2.5 - 3.5	\$15,420,536.28	\$20,386.27	0.00132	99.90
3.5 - 4.5	\$888,379.71	\$0.00	0.00000	99.76
4.5 - 5.5	\$667,053.18	\$3,052.38	0.00458	99.76
5.5 - 6.5	\$576,692.74	\$0.00	0.00000	99.31
6.5 - 7.5	\$500,816.18	\$0.00	0.00000	99.31
7.5 - 8.5	\$640,923.26	\$0.00	0.00000	99.31
8.5 - 9.5	\$355,824.35	\$267.94	0.00075	99.31
9.5 - 10.5	\$355,556.41	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
10.5 - 11.5	\$355,556.41	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
11.5 - 12.5	\$311,875.94	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
12.5 - 13.5	\$329,214.68	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
13.5 - 14.5	\$329,214.68	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
14.5 - 15.5	\$329,214.68	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
15.5 - 16.5	\$329,214.68	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
16.5 - 17.5	\$212,107.15	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
17.5 - 18.5	\$209,157.15	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
18.5 - 19.5	\$178,287.32	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
19.5 - 20.5	\$169,340.42	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
20.5 - 21.5	\$22,816.47	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
21.5 - 22.5	\$22,816.47	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
22.5 - 23.5	\$22,816.47	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
23.5 - 24.5	\$22,816.47	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
24.5 - 25.5	\$18,037.59	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
25.5 - 26.5	\$16,773.83	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
26.5 - 27.5	\$103,245.59	\$0.00	0.00000	99.23
27.5 - 28.5	\$117,783.31	\$14,537.72	0.12343	99.23
28.5 - 29.5	\$103,245.59	\$0.00	0.00000	86.99
29.5 - 30.5	\$136,899.26	\$0.00	0.00000	86.99
30.5 - 31.5	\$136,899.26	\$0.00	0.00000	86.99
31.5 - 32.5	\$218,909.80	\$0.00	0.00000	86.99
32.5 - 33.5	\$227,710.95	\$0.00	0.00000	86.99
33.5 - 34.5	\$227,710.95	\$0.00	0.00000	86.99
34.5 - 35.5	\$227,710.95	\$82,047.21	0.36031	86.99
35.5 - 36.5	\$145,663.74	\$9,500.00	0.06522	55.64

390.00 Structures & Improvements - General

Observed Life Table

Retirement Expr. 2003 TO 2015 Placement Years 1970 TO 2015

Age Interval	\$ Surviving At Beginning of Age Interval	\$ Retired During The Age Interval	Retirement Ratio	% Surviving At Beginning of Age Interval
36.5 - 37.5	\$136,163.74	\$0.00	0.0000	52.01
37.5 - 38.5	\$136,163.74	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
38.5 - 39.5	\$120,088.76	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
39.5 - 40.5	\$33,653.67	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
40.5 - 41.5	\$33,653.67	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
41.5 - 42.5	\$33,653.67	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
42.5 - 43.5	\$0.00	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
43.5 - 44.5	\$0.00	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01
44.5 - 45.5	\$0.00	\$0.00	0.00000	52.01



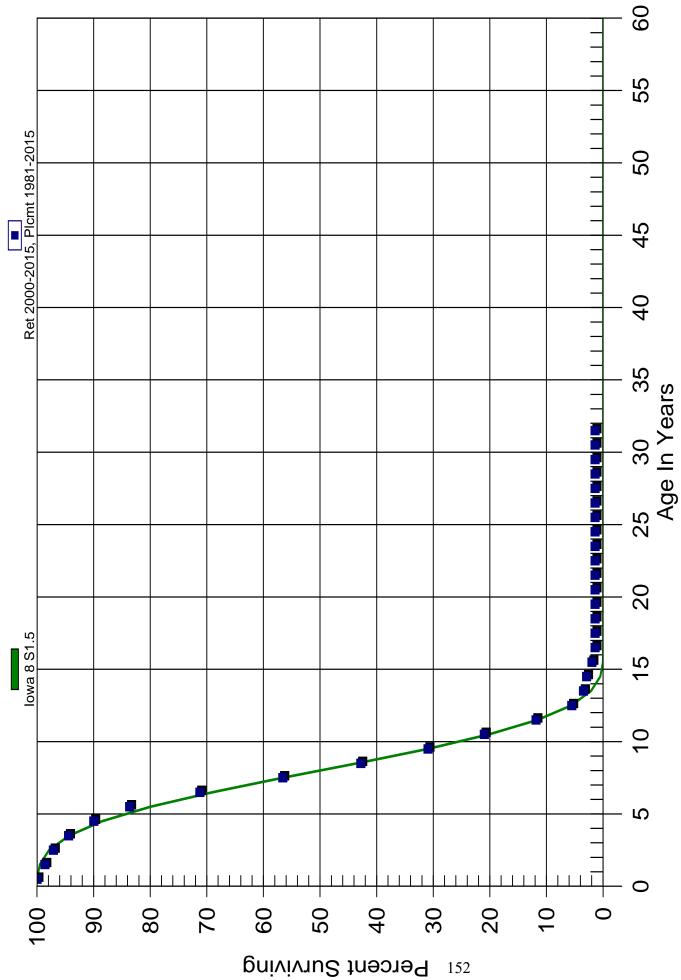
Electric Division

392.00 Transportation Equipment

Observed Life Table

Retirement Expr. 2000 TO 2015 Placement Years 1981 TO 2015

Age Interval	\$ Surviving At Beginning of Age Interval	\$ Retired During The Age Interval	Retirement Ratio	% Surviving At Beginning of Age Interval
0.0 - 0.5	\$59,567,680.52	\$0.00	0.00000	100.00
0.5 - 1.5	\$55,692,084.57	\$781,038.35	0.01402	100.00
1.5 - 2.5	\$52,993,600.73	\$805,003.81	0.01519	98.60
2.5 - 3.5	\$50,109,690.32	\$1,386,803.65	0.02768	97.10
3.5 - 4.5	\$44,156,449.87	\$2,081,948.46	0.04715	94.41
4.5 - 5.5	\$37,907,082.18	\$2,674,238.93	0.07055	89.96
5.5 - 6.5	\$32,102,650.82	\$4,757,822.94	0.14821	83.61
6.5 - 7.5	\$25,129,310.85	\$5,172,581.67	0.20584	71.22
7.5 - 8.5	\$17,435,741.58	\$4,243,804.85	0.24340	56.56
8.5 - 9.5	\$12,003,159.54	\$3,330,919.81	0.27750	42.80
9.5 - 10.5	\$7,837,072.16	\$2,520,012.74	0.32155	30.92
10.5 - 11.5	\$4,266,284.87	\$1,861,449.59	0.43632	20.98
11.5 - 12.5	\$1,990,723.03	\$1,060,013.71	0.53248	11.82
12.5 - 13.5	\$869,420.74	\$329,235.76	0.37868	5.53
13.5 - 14.5	\$540,184.98	\$86,429.33	0.16000	3.43
14.5 - 15.5	\$256,472.39	\$83,956.90	0.32735	2.89
15.5 - 16.5	\$120,163.38	\$33,513.57	0.27890	1.94
16.5 - 17.5	\$19,700.49	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
17.5 - 18.5	\$19,700.49	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
18.5 - 19.5	\$14,678.65	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
19.5 - 20.5	\$14,678.65	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
20.5 - 21.5	\$12,248.17	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
21.5 - 22.5	\$4,652.37	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
22.5 - 23.5	\$3,687.79	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
23.5 - 24.5	\$3,687.79	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
24.5 - 25.5	\$3,687.79	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
25.5 - 26.5	\$3,687.79	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
26.5 - 27.5	\$3,687.79	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
27.5 - 28.5	\$3,687.79	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
28.5 - 29.5	\$32.15	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
29.5 - 30.5	\$32.15	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40
30.5 - 31.5	\$32.15	\$0.00	0.00000	1.40



GAS UTILITIES DOCKET NO. 10920

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	DAM DO AD GOLD GGION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	OI IZINIS
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-12

SIMULATED AND ACTUARIAL REMAINING LIFE DEVELOPMENT - ALG PROCEDURE

CERC
Electric Division
374.00 Land Rights

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1910	55.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1911	57.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1912	59.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1913	61.18	75.00	0.82	0.50	0.41
1914	63.01	75.00	0.84	0.51	0.43
1915	64.90	75.00	0.87	0.71	0.61
1916	66.85	75.00	0.89	0.91	0.81
1917	68.85	75.00	0.92	1.04	0.95
1918	70.92	75.00	0.95	1.30	1.23
1919	73.04	75.00	0.97	1.55	1.51
1920	75.24	75.00	1.00	1.74	1.75
1921	77.50	75.00	1.03	2.01	2.08
1922	79.82	75.00	1.06	2.28	2.42
1923	82.21	75.00	1.10	2.49	2.73
1924	84.68	75.00	1.13	2.73	3.08
1925	87.22	75.00	1.16	2.95	3.44
1926	89.83	75.00	1.20	3.12	3.74
1927	92.53	75.00	1.23	3.32	4.10
1928	95.31	75.00	1.27	3.53	4.49
1929	98.17	75.00	1.31	3.72	4.87
1930	101.11	75.00	1.35	3.95	5.32
1931	104.14	75.00	1.39	4.19	5.82
1932	107.27	75.00	1.43	4.44	6.34
1933	110.49	75.00	1.47	4.72	6.95
1934	113.80	75.00	1.52	5.01	7.61
1935	117.22	75.00	1.56	5.32	8.32
1936	120.74	75.00	1.61	5.66	9.12

CERC
Electric Division
374.00 Land Rights

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1937	124.35	75.00	1.66	6.02	9.99
1938	128.08	75.00	1.71	6.40	10.93
1939	131.93	75.00	1.76	6.80	11.97
1940	135.88	75.00	1.81	7.23	13.09
1941	139.96	75.00	1.87	7.68	14.33
1942	144.16	75.00	1.92	8.15	15.66
1943	708.33	75.00	9.44	8.64	81.61
1944	1,351.29	75.00	18.02	9.16	165.12
1945	1,379.68	75.00	18.40	9.71	178.55
1946	2,405.19	75.00	32.07	10.27	329.36
1947	3,431.32	75.00	45.75	10.87	497.24
1948	3,461.60	75.00	46.16	11.48	529.99
1949	4,445.73	75.00	59.28	12.12	718.41
1950	12,015.15	75.00	160.20	12.79	2,049.00
1951	2,145.53	75.00	28.61	13.48	385.49
1952	2,127.87	75.00	28.37	14.18	402.35
1953	2,244.43	75.00	29.93	14.92	446.44
1954	2,178.27	75.00	29.04	15.67	455.06
1955	2,292.95	75.00	30.57	16.44	502.50
1956	2,437.63	75.00	32.50	17.23	560.03
1957	2,395.74	75.00	31.94	18.04	576.14
1958	2,379.57	75.00	31.73	18.86	598.29
1959	2,254.85	75.00	30.06	19.70	592.26
1960	2,730.83	75.00	36.41	20.55	748.29
1961	2,413.56	75.00	32.18	21.41	689.15
1962	2,585.66	75.00	34.48	22.30	768.69
1963	2,747.49	75.00	36.63	23.19	849.37

CERC
Electric Division
374.00 Land Rights

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1964	2,763.86	75.00	36.85	24.08	887.57
1965	2,672.17	75.00	35.63	25.00	890.69
1966	3,170.67	75.00	42.28	25.92	1,095.75
1967	2,886.51	75.00	38.49	26.85	1,033.30
1968	3,165.23	75.00	42.20	27.79	1,172.79
1969	3,138.53	75.00	41.85	28.74	1,202.50
1970	3,075.74	75.00	41.01	29.69	1,217.55
1971	3,364.18	75.00	44.86	30.65	1,374.92
1972	3,457.32	75.00	46.10	31.62	1,457.56
1973	25,825.40	75.00	344.34	32.59	11,222.48
1974	20,097.30	75.00	267.97	33.57	8,995.67
1975	31,244.79	75.00	416.60	34.55	14,394.45
1976	8,463.11	75.00	112.84	35.54	4,010.15
1977	116,037.99	75.00	1,547.18	36.53	56,514.66
1978	16,025.81	75.00	213.68	37.52	8,017.01
1979	11,055.96	75.00	147.41	38.51	5,677.27
1980	7,604.81	75.00	101.40	39.51	4,006.07
1981	6,139.26	75.00	81.86	40.51	3,315.64
1982	6,631.92	75.00	88.43	41.50	3,669.93
1983	20,815.60	75.00	277.54	42.50	11,796.00
1984	202,881.55	75.00	2,705.11	43.50	117,673.66
1985	99,671.09	75.00	1,328.96	44.50	59,138.58
1986	116,799.13	75.00	1,557.33	45.50	70,858.23
1987	11,611.48	75.00	154.82	46.50	7,199.10
1988	6,777.75	75.00	90.37	47.50	4,292.56
1989	9,624.40	75.00	128.33	48.50	6,223.76
1990	36,015.33	75.00	480.21	49.50	23,770.03

CERC
Electric Division
374.00 Land Rights

Average Service Life: 75 Survivor Curve: R5

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1991	452.52	75.00	6.03	50.50	304.70
1992	5,337.72	75.00	71.17	51.50	3,665.22
1993	1,385.64	75.00	18.48	52.50	969.94
1994	38,084.99	75.00	507.80	53.50	27,167.21
1995	11,432.62	75.00	152.44	54.50	8,307.68
1996	6,699.07	75.00	89.32	55.50	4,957.30
1997	18,530.39	75.00	247.07	56.50	13,959.53
1998	3,329.79	75.00	44.40	57.50	2,552.83
1999	8,147.09	75.00	108.63	58.50	6,354.72
2000	63,360.98	75.00	844.82	59.50	50,266.28
2001	13,971.01	75.00	186.28	60.50	11,269.93
2002	378,496.05	75.00	5,046.65	61.50	310,366.26
2003	1,825.61	75.00	24.34	62.50	1,521.34
2004	10,445.78	75.00	139.28	63.50	8,844.08
2008	9,300.54	75.00	124.01	67.50	8,370.48
2009	13,709.75	75.00	182.80	68.50	12,521.56
2011	1,753.01	75.00	23.37	70.50	1,647.83
2012	15,597.75	75.00	207.97	71.50	14,869.85
2013	193,513.86	75.00	2,580.20	72.50	187,063.35
2015	13,568.96	75.00	180.92	74.50	13,478.50
otal	1,653,176.12	72.77	22,040.20	51.35	1,131,853.92

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 51.35 Years

375.00 Structures & Improvements

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1911	46.79	65.00	0.72	8.26	5.94
1912	48.18	65.00	0.74	8.57	6.35
1913	49.62	65.00	0.76	8.90	6.79
1914	51.11	65.00	0.79	9.22	7.25
1915	52.65	65.00	0.81	9.55	7.74
1916	54.23	65.00	0.83	9.88	8.25
1917	55.85	65.00	0.86	10.22	8.78
1918	57.53	65.00	0.89	10.56	9.35
1919	59.26	65.00	0.91	10.90	9.94
1920	61.03	65.00	0.94	11.25	10.56
1921	62.86	65.00	0.97	11.60	11.22
1922	64.75	65.00	1.00	11.96	11.91
1923	66.69	65.00	1.03	12.31	12.63
1924	68.70	65.00	1.06	12.68	13.40
1925	70.75	65.00	1.09	13.04	14.20
1926	72.88	65.00	1.12	13.41	15.04
1927	75.07	65.00	1.15	13.79	15.92
1928	77.31	65.00	1.19	14.17	16.85
1929	79.63	65.00	1.23	14.55	17.82
1930	82.03	65.00	1.26	14.94	18.85
1931	84.49	65.00	1.30	15.33	19.92
1932	87.02	65.00	1.34	15.72	21.05
1933	89.63	65.00	1.38	16.12	22.23
1934	92.32	65.00	1.42	16.53	23.47
1935	95.09	65.00	1.46	16.94	24.78
1936	97.94	65.00	1.51	17.35	26.14
1937	100.88	65.00	1.55	17.77	27.57

CERC
Electric Division

375.00 Structures & Improvements

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1938	103.90	65.00	1.60	18.19	29.07
1939	107.02	65.00	1.65	18.62	30.65
1940	110.23	65.00	1.70	19.05	32.30
1941	113.54	65.00	1.75	19.48	34.03
1942	116.94	65.00	1.80	19.92	35.84
1943	1,048.47	65.00	16.13	20.37	328.56
1944	1,070.52	65.00	16.47	20.82	342.89
1945	1,093.05	65.00	16.82	21.28	357.77
1946	1,116.06	65.00	17.17	21.74	373.21
1947	1,139.56	65.00	17.53	22.20	389.23
1948	1,163.58	65.00	17.90	22.67	405.85
1949	1,188.11	65.00	18.28	23.15	423.11
1950	1,213.17	65.00	18.66	23.63	441.00
1951	1,238.78	65.00	19.06	24.12	459.58
1952	1,264.94	65.00	19.46	24.61	478.84
1953	1,291.66	65.00	19.87	25.10	498.83
1954	1,318.97	65.00	20.29	25.60	519.55
1955	1,346.86	65.00	20.72	26.11	541.06
1956	1,375.36	65.00	21.16	26.62	563.33
1957	1,404.48	65.00	21.61	27.14	586.46
1958	1,434.24	65.00	22.06	27.67	610.44
1959	1,464.62	65.00	22.53	28.19	635.27
1960	1,495.70	65.00	23.01	28.73	661.05
1961	1,527.39	65.00	23.50	29.27	687.71
1962	9,521.62	65.00	146.48	29.81	4,367.00
1963	8,306.63	65.00	127.79	30.36	3,879.96
1964	9,741.22	65.00	149.86	30.92	4,633.39

CERC
Electric Division

375.00 Structures & Improvements

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1965	19,033.64	65.00	292.82	31.48	9,217.25
1966	14,341.49	65.00	220.63	32.04	7,070.10
1967	19,483.71	65.00	299.74	32.61	9,776.09
1968	16,212.80	65.00	249.42	33.19	8,278.94
1969	16,415.86	65.00	252.55	33.77	8,529.29
1970	19,672.83	65.00	302.65	34.36	10,399.49
1971	15,896.46	65.00	244.56	34.95	8,548.10
1972	7,156.90	65.00	110.10	35.55	3,914.21
1973	10,538.25	65.00	162.12	36.15	5,861.20
1974	16,590.43	65.00	255.23	36.76	9,382.07
1975	22,406.80	65.00	344.71	37.37	12,882.36
1976	7,375.05	65.00	113.46	37.99	4,310.00
1977	179,753.62	65.00	2,765.39	38.61	106,767.67
1978	29,711.60	65.00	457.09	39.23	17,933.23
1979	16,645.24	65.00	256.08	39.86	10,208.17
1980	14,469.09	65.00	222.60	40.50	9,014.54
1981	25,749.54	65.00	396.14	41.14	16,295.67
1982	7,686.24	65.00	118.25	41.78	4,940.09
1983	16,862.93	65.00	259.42	42.42	11,005.99
1984	28,664.98	65.00	440.99	43.07	18,995.60
1985	14,931.13	65.00	229.71	43.73	10,044.51
1986	15,990.39	65.00	246.00	44.39	10,918.80
1987	37,442.61	65.00	576.03	45.04	25,947.16
1988	13,876.96	65.00	213.49	45.71	9,758.25
1989	45,012.19	65.00	692.48	46.37	32,113.56
1990	35,943.42	65.00	552.97	47.04	26,013.90
1991	15,939.44	65.00	245.22	47.72	11,700.75

375.00 Structures & Improvements

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 65 Survivor Curve: R1

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1992	37,264.52	65.00	573.29	48.39	27,742.07
1993	8,664.92	65.00	133.30	49.07	6,540.90
1994	29,590.80	65.00	455.23	49.75	22,646.91
1995	4,610.03	65.00	70.92	50.43	3,576.54
1996	4,860.22	65.00	74.77	51.11	3,821.85
1997	14,955.08	65.00	230.07	51.80	11,917.99
1998	16,130.01	65.00	248.15	52.49	13,025.17
1999	31,331.02	65.00	482.01	53.18	25,633.48
2000	43,681.67	65.00	672.01	53.87	36,204.03
2001	829.26	65.00	12.76	54.57	696.19
2002	6,178.61	65.00	95.05	55.27	5,253.52
2003	3,122.94	65.00	48.04	55.97	2,689.09
2004	14,614.05	65.00	224.83	56.67	12,742.04
2005	63,319.04	65.00	974.12	57.38	55,897.57
2006	56,444.32	65.00	868.36	58.09	50,444.73
2007	53,428.15	65.00	821.96	58.81	48,335.95
2008	82,976.15	65.00	1,276.53	59.52	75,981.16
2009	46,471.79	65.00	714.94	60.24	43,069.13
2010	2,879.99	65.00	44.31	60.96	2,701.15
2012	3,432.15	65.00	52.80	62.42	3,295.89
otal	1,262,809.23	65.00	19,427.47	46.06	894,782.33

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 46.06 Years

376.01 Distribution Mains - Steel

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1926	48,340.19	47.00	1,028.51	0.85	875.03
1927	49,790.39	47.00	1,059.37	1.05	1,111.24
1928	51,284.10	47.00	1,091.15	1.24	1,347.72
1929	52,822.62	47.00	1,123.88	1.42	1,596.43
1930	54,407.30	47.00	1,157.60	1.61	1,860.76
1931	56,039.52	47.00	1,192.33	1.80	2,142.43
1932	57,720.70	47.00	1,228.10	1.99	2,442.83
1933	59,452.33	47.00	1,264.94	2.18	2,762.96
1934	61,235.89	47.00	1,302.89	2.36	3,077.39
1935	63,072.97	47.00	1,341.98	2.57	3,446.36
1936	64,965.16	47.00	1,382.24	2.78	3,837.09
1937	66,914.12	47.00	1,423.70	2.99	4,251.21
1938	68,921.54	47.00	1,466.41	3.20	4,690.36
1939	70,989.19	47.00	1,510.41	3.41	5,156.22
1940	73,118.87	47.00	1,555.72	3.63	5,650.36
1941	75,312.43	47.00	1,602.39	3.85	6,174.56
1942	90,229.58	47.00	1,919.78	4.07	7,805.96
1943	79,898.95	47.00	1,699.98	4.30	7,302.15
1944	152,454.93	47.00	3,243.72	4.53	14,688.89
1945	84,764.80	47.00	1,803.50	4.77	8,593.94
1946	157,466.75	47.00	3,350.35	5.01	16,771.02
1947	230,244.99	47.00	4,898.82	5.25	25,720.93
1948	653,896.83	47.00	13,912.68	5.50	76,510.63
1949	796,993.58	47.00	16,957.29	5.75	97,446.97
1950	1,380,975.24	47.00	29,382.42	6.00	176,429.08
1951	1,539,868.64	47.00	32,763.13	6.27	205,343.35
1952	1,417,780.10	47.00	30,165.50	6.54	197,149.23

CERC
Electric Division

376.01 Distribution Mains - Steel

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1953	1,625,738.46	47.00	34,590.14	6.81	235,523.37
1954	2,082,006.23	47.00	44,297.96	7.09	313,978.62
1955	1,580,264.97	47.00	33,622.62	7.37	247,883.17
1956	1,852,470.86	47.00	39,414.23	7.66	302,035.17
1957	1,661,807.91	47.00	35,357.58	7.96	281,328.90
1958	1,532,815.03	47.00	32,613.05	8.26	269,381.55
1959	1,133,723.37	47.00	24,121.75	8.57	206,724.31
1960	2,217,055.74	47.00	47,171.35	8.89	419,224.24
1961	1,338,322.68	47.00	28,474.92	9.21	262,307.49
1962	1,666,446.67	47.00	35,456.27	9.54	338,401.30
1963	1,967,994.01	47.00	41,872.17	9.88	413,885.07
1964	1,906,266.19	47.00	40,558.81	10.23	415,043.34
1965	1,999,702.65	47.00	42,546.82	10.59	450,549.09
1966	2,700,632.84	47.00	57,460.21	10.96	629,533.76
1967	2,250,757.96	47.00	47,888.41	11.33	542,671.15
1968	2,459,986.12	47.00	52,340.07	11.72	613,313.50
1969	2,319,515.91	47.00	49,351.35	12.11	597,841.49
1970	4,077,857.08	47.00	86,762.82	12.52	1,086,338.49
1971	2,723,071.20	47.00	57,937.62	12.94	749,636.32
1972	2,521,472.14	47.00	53,648.28	13.37	717,176.14
1973	3,749,018.05	47.00	79,766.25	13.81	1,101,611.94
1974	2,775,241.68	47.00	59,047.63	14.26	842,300.52
1975	3,110,253.71	47.00	66,175.54	14.73	974,898.70
1976	3,009,926.89	47.00	64,040.93	15.21	974,236.35
1977	5,516,533.19	47.00	117,372.92	15.71	1,843,619.29
1978	4,283,475.31	47.00	91,137.67	16.22	1,477,930.30
1979	4,535,366.63	47.00	96,497.06	16.74	1,615,407.74

376.01 Distribution Mains - Steel

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1980	4,536,492.42	47.00	96,521.01	17.28	1,667,877.85
1981	4,901,801.39	47.00	104,293.53	17.84	1,860,367.60
1982	4,979,831.17	47.00	105,953.74	18.41	1,950,623.58
1983	4,918,822.38	47.00	104,655.68	19.00	1,988,392.54
1984	6,240,760.77	47.00	132,782.00	19.61	2,603,315.80
1985	4,348,542.37	47.00	92,522.08	20.23	1,871,746.61
1986	6,930,757.47	47.00	147,462.76	20.87	3,077,953.53
1987	5,348,800.66	47.00	113,804.14	21.53	2,450,629.72
1988	4,569,755.59	47.00	97,228.74	22.21	2,159,797.16
1989	4,557,799.43	47.00	96,974.35	22.92	2,222,242.47
1990	3,268,827.27	47.00	69,549.44	23.63	1,643,768.06
1991	4,904,363.73	47.00	104,348.05	24.37	2,543,238.83
1992	2,200,734.73	47.00	46,824.09	25.13	1,176,698.52
1993	3,993,757.94	47.00	84,973.48	25.91	2,201,416.27
1994	3,631,660.28	47.00	77,269.28	26.70	2,063,339.38
1995	2,940,483.10	47.00	62,563.40	27.52	1,721,640.30
1996	3,645,667.43	47.00	77,567.31	28.35	2,199,382.83
1997	5,501,377.98	47.00	117,050.47	29.21	3,418,665.21
1998	5,837,391.36	47.00	124,199.68	30.08	3,735,486.10
1999	2,936,422.89	47.00	62,477.01	30.96	1,934,467.28
2001	11,926,641.66	47.00	253,758.05	32.78	8,318,761.50
2002	5,745,096.39	47.00	122,235.96	33.71	4,120,963.32
2003	289,358.60	47.00	6,156.56	34.66	213,366.17
2004	12,026,137.70	47.00	255,874.99	35.61	9,112,459.89
2005	2,822,612.20	47.00	60,055.51	36.58	2,196,704.73
2006	5,656,857.37	47.00	120,358.54	37.55	4,519,636.86
2007	13,894,477.88	47.00	295,626.86	38.53	11,391,153.16

376.01 Distribution Mains - Steel

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 47 Survivor Curve: S2

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2008	11,968,189.54	47.00	254,642.05	39.52	10,063,158.96
2009	15,267,529.23	47.00	324,840.69	40.51	13,159,327.74
2010	10,458,709.79	47.00	222,525.50	41.50	9,235,878.32
2011	21,978,262.28	47.00	467,622.09	42.50	19,874,844.26
2012	20,983,819.99	47.00	446,463.76	43.50	19,421,497.86
2013	23,370,417.47	47.00	497,242.38	44.50	22,127,387.15
2014	23,261,792.59	47.00	494,931.21	45.50	22,519,402.44
2015	28,294,843.11	47.00	602,017.28	46.50	27,993,834.69
Total	374,295,481.35	47.00	7,963,724.90	31.09	247,566,393.09

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 31.09 Years

376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1970	168,384.78	65.00	2,590.53	28.96	75,029.62
1971	706,055.31	65.00	10,862.37	29.61	321,676.38
1972	795,641.74	65.00	12,240.62	30.27	370,536.33
1973	1,220,215.61	65.00	18,772.51	30.94	580,774.87
1974	1,008,563.22	65.00	15,516.32	31.61	490,468.72
1975	1,265,656.71	65.00	19,471.60	32.29	628,768.24
1976	1,439,575.62	65.00	22,147.27	32.98	730,385.37
1977	2,202,713.84	65.00	33,887.83	33.68	1,141,174.94
1978	2,923,512.99	65.00	44,977.03	34.38	1,546,145.76
1979	4,170,372.91	65.00	64,159.44	35.09	2,251,175.33
1980	3,430,148.94	65.00	52,771.41	35.80	1,889,340.80
1981	4,357,661.85	65.00	67,040.81	36.53	2,448,808.48
1982	5,363,819.88	65.00	82,520.13	37.26	3,074,349.04
1983	5,364,691.75	65.00	82,533.54	37.99	3,135,783.60
1984	6,105,918.15	65.00	93,937.00	38.74	3,638,926.00
1985	6,163,022.69	65.00	94,815.53	39.49	3,743,990.62
1986	5,663,705.38	65.00	87,133.74	40.24	3,506,605.03
1987	5,936,801.03	65.00	91,335.20	41.01	3,745,253.47
1988	2,916,998.66	65.00	44,876.81	41.77	1,874,727.83
1989	3,935,560.14	65.00	60,546.95	42.55	2,576,197.53
1990	7,489,805.56	65.00	115,227.53	43.33	4,992,849.04
1991	6,168,735.96	65.00	94,903.42	44.12	4,186,750.68
1992	6,616,805.74	65.00	101,796.79	44.91	4,571,625.46
1993	8,281,521.74	65.00	127,407.75	45.71	5,823,341.72
1994	10,813,756.89	65.00	166,365.13	46.51	7,737,846.04
1995	8,509,750.15	65.00	130,918.95	47.32	6,194,999.45
1996	9,881,388.85	65.00	152,021.04	48.14	7,317,588.16

376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 65 Survivor Curve: R2

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1997	9,587,241.52	65.00	147,495.70	48.96	7,220,801.85
1998	7,632,653.86	65.00	117,425.19	49.78	5,845,548.36
1999	19,762,900.96	65.00	304,043.97	50.61	15,388,373.87
2000	9,489,391.49	65.00	145,990.32	51.45	7,510,855.78
2001	22,475,737.71	65.00	345,779.83	52.29	18,080,554.25
2002	30,888,862.92	65.00	475,212.25	53.13	25,250,145.77
2003	4,627,043.57	65.00	71,185.13	53.99	3,842,999.98
2004	17,982,295.70	65.00	276,650.10	54.84	15,171,731.27
2005	13,041,078.27	65.00	200,631.54	55.70	11,175,580.40
2006	18,536,960.25	65.00	285,183.39	56.57	16,131,734.86
2007	22,469,352.53	65.00	345,681.60	57.44	19,854,776.88
2008	17,280,995.68	65.00	265,860.90	58.31	15,502,278.57
2009	19,652,496.86	65.00	302,345.45	59.19	17,895,548.78
2010	13,535,279.31	65.00	208,234.62	60.07	12,509,100.91
2011	25,295,733.64	65.00	389,164.29	60.96	23,722,966.68
2012	25,056,312.37	65.00	385,480.90	61.85	23,842,081.56
2013	24,414,193.32	65.00	375,602.16	62.74	23,567,129.77
2014	50,365,132.87	65.00	774,846.52	63.64	49,314,700.09
2015	44,830,104.26	65.00	689,692.42	64.55	44,517,525.23
tal	519,824,553.18	65.00	7,997,283.53	54.39	434,939,553.34

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 54.39 Years

CERC
Electric Division
378.01 Meas. & Reg. Sta. Eq-General

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1941	275.44	38.00	7.25	0.68	4.95
1942	283.71	38.00	7.47	0.99	7.41
1943	292.22	38.00	7.69	1.32	10.17
1944	300.98	38.00	7.92	1.65	13.07
1945	931.26	38.00	24.51	1.99	48.70
1946	959.20	38.00	25.24	2.30	57.98
1947	2,617.78	38.00	68.89	2.60	179.05
1948	1,093.44	38.00	28.77	2.90	83.49
1949	1,126.25	38.00	29.64	3.19	94.61
1950	1,160.03	38.00	30.53	3.49	106.43
1951	1,194.83	38.00	31.44	3.79	119.08
1952	3,648.45	38.00	96.01	4.09	392.37
1953	1,233.85	38.00	32.47	4.39	142.63
1954	3,834.19	38.00	100.90	4.71	474.83
1955	1,425.14	38.00	37.50	5.02	188.34
1956	1,467.90	38.00	38.63	5.35	206.54
1957	1,511.93	38.00	39.79	5.67	225.76
1958	1,557.29	38.00	40.98	6.01	246.24
1959	4,800.84	38.00	126.33	6.35	802.37
1960	2,420.81	38.00	63.70	6.70	426.69
1961	11,716.08	38.00	308.31	7.05	2,174.19
1962	11,302.30	38.00	297.42	7.41	2,204.92
1963	10,017.12	38.00	263.60	7.78	2,050.99
1964	14,165.00	38.00	372.75	8.16	3,040.12
1965	16,588.14	38.00	436.52	8.54	3,726.48
1966	10,643.55	38.00	280.09	8.93	2,499.86
1967	12,892.08	38.00	339.26	9.32	3,162.43

CERC
Electric Division
378.01 Meas. & Reg. Sta. Eq-General

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1968	12,005.84	38.00	315.93	9.72	3,072.43
1969	11,951.10	38.00	314.49	10.14	3,187.69
1970	10,965.27	38.00	288.55	10.55	3,045.61
1971	17,784.01	38.00	467.99	10.98	5,139.20
1972	13,804.89	38.00	363.28	11.42	4,147.26
1973	10,895.33	38.00	286.71	11.86	3,400.15
1974	10,751.65	38.00	282.93	12.31	3,483.02
1975	14,018.44	38.00	368.90	12.77	4,710.81
1976	7,583.71	38.00	199.57	13.24	2,641.98
1977	27,034.06	38.00	711.40	13.72	9,757.51
1979	18,663.34	38.00	491.13	14.70	7,217.94
1980	45,305.24	38.00	1,192.21	15.20	18,122.52
1981	39,362.14	38.00	1,035.82	15.71	16,276.30
1982	37,342.49	38.00	982.67	16.24	15,954.66
1983	52,394.02	38.00	1,378.75	16.77	23,117.29
1984	30,356.77	38.00	798.84	17.31	13,826.30
1985	24,286.22	38.00	639.09	17.86	11,412.98
1986	113,042.32	38.00	2,974.71	18.42	54,783.82
1987	35,836.37	38.00	943.04	18.99	17,903.59
1988	10,362.16	38.00	272.68	19.56	5,334.28
1989	49,619.60	38.00	1,305.74	20.15	26,307.86
1990	202,803.22	38.00	5,336.77	20.74	110,699.99
1991	34,866.31	38.00	917.51	21.35	19,585.26
1992	77,745.56	38.00	2,045.88	21.96	44,921.66
1993	75,101.85	38.00	1,976.31	22.58	44,618.82
1994	84,952.01	38.00	2,235.52	23.20	51,871.32
1995	38,357.11	38.00	1,009.37	23.84	24,061.52

CERC
Electric Division
378.01 Meas. & Reg. Sta. Eq-General

Average Service Life: 38 Survivor Curve: R1

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	<i>(6)</i>
1996	58,528.17	38.00	1,540.17	24.48	37,703.07
1997	176,939.28	38.00	4,656.16	25.13	116,996.82
1998	128,250.69	38.00	3,374.92	25.78	87,011.66
1999	492,820.71	38.00	12,968.60	26.44	342,914.14
2000	282,316.04	38.00	7,429.16	27.11	201,380.89
2001	124,261.61	38.00	3,269.95	27.78	90,830.33
2002	761,729.55	38.00	20,044.94	28.45	570,310.12
2003	234,179.10	38.00	6,162.43	29.13	179,517.55
2004	217,463.18	38.00	5,722.55	29.81	170,613.12
2005	138,644.13	38.00	3,648.43	30.50	111,279.57
2006	294,555.38	38.00	7,751.24	31.19	241,776.07
2007	517,880.31	38.00	13,628.04	31.89	434,560.86
2008	552,389.82	38.00	14,536.16	32.59	473,684.08
2009	2,639,410.99	38.00	69,456.20	33.29	2,312,287.77
2010	304,174.64	38.00	8,004.37	34.00	272,155.03
2011	829,115.20	38.00	21,818.20	34.72	757,422.20
2012	934,108.54	38.00	24,581.10	35.44	871,041.74
2013	498,069.78	38.00	13,106.72	36.16	473,946.82
2014	543,773.75	38.00	14,309.43	36.89	527,909.85
2015	652,874.24	38.00	17,180.41	37.63	646,501.49
otal	11,608,135.95	38.00	305,468.53	31.07	9,491,134.68

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 31.07 Years

378.02 Meas. & Reg. Sta. Odorizers

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 25 Survivor Curve: R1

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2008	161,046.36	25.00	6,441.53	19.66	126,643.09
2009	127,527.66	25.00	5,100.85	20.35	103,795.80
2010	175,151.13	25.00	7,005.69	21.04	147,423.35
2011	1,218,327.03	25.00	48,730.64	21.74	1,059,642.56
2012	1,021,637.12	25.00	40,863.43	22.45	917,542.54
2013	169,608.28	25.00	6,783.99	23.17	157,190.70
2014	447,431.60	25.00	17,896.37	23.90	427,655.93
2015	827,495.37	25.00	33,098.15	24.63	815,226.85
Total	4,148,224.55	25.00	165,920.66	22.63	3,755,120.81

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 22.63 Years

CERC
Electric Division
379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1944	557.85	43.00	12.97	6.53	84.70
1945	628.01	43.00	14.60	6.93	101.23
1946	703.78	43.00	16.37	7.33	119.99
1947	785.34	43.00	18.26	7.73	141.13
1948	872.94	43.00	20.30	8.12	164.92
1949	966.93	43.00	22.49	8.52	191.58
1950	1,067.47	43.00	24.82	8.91	221.30
1951	1,174.82	43.00	27.32	9.31	254.38
1952	1,289.32	43.00	29.98	9.71	291.09
1953	1,411.15	43.00	32.82	10.11	331.65
1954	1,540.55	43.00	35.83	10.51	376.42
1955	1,677.86	43.00	39.02	10.91	425.69
1956	1,823.27	43.00	42.40	11.31	479.73
1957	1,977.02	43.00	45.98	11.72	538.95
1958	2,139.44	43.00	49.75	12.13	603.68
1959	2,310.73	43.00	53.74	12.55	674.27
1960	2,491.16	43.00	57.93	12.97	751.14
1961	7,917.37	43.00	184.12	13.39	2,464.95
1962	8,506.54	43.00	197.82	13.81	2,732.61
1963	30,888.11	43.00	718.31	14.24	10,231.37
1964	27,927.40	43.00	649.46	14.68	9,532.88
1965	36,832.84	43.00	856.55	15.12	12,948.80
1966	46,673.72	43.00	1,085.40	15.56	16,890.08
1967	43,878.68	43.00	1,020.41	16.01	16,336.33
1968	31,815.10	43.00	739.86	16.46	12,180.59
1969	36,985.10	43.00	860.09	16.92	14,554.36
1970	52,554.61	43.00	1,222.17	17.39	21,247.89

CERC
Electric Division
379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1971	59,389.04	43.00	1,381.10	17.85	24,658.88
1972	45,457.09	43.00	1,057.11	18.33	19,375.45
1973	31,449.35	43.00	731.36	18.81	13,755.46
1974	57,693.40	43.00	1,341.67	19.29	25,884.48
1975	105,697.40	43.00	2,458.01	19.78	48,627.84
1976	119,534.96	43.00	2,779.80	20.28	56,371.59
1977	202,548.48	43.00	4,710.30	20.78	97,879.16
1978	359,644.17	43.00	8,363.58	21.29	178,033.71
1979	257,338.19	43.00	5,984.44	21.80	130,451.80
1980	265,645.07	43.00	6,177.62	22.32	137,856.13
1981	186,046.34	43.00	4,326.54	22.84	98,811.01
1982	191,805.13	43.00	4,460.46	23.37	104,222.47
1983	456,259.22	43.00	10,610.38	23.90	253,570.72
1984	516,283.81	43.00	12,006.26	24.44	293,392.56
1985	231,109.29	43.00	5,374.48	24.98	134,250.02
1986	540,719.24	43.00	12,574.51	25.53	320,981.06
1987	542,480.82	43.00	12,615.47	26.08	328,996.95
1988	138,026.80	43.00	3,209.83	26.64	85,494.59
1989	1,729,887.36	43.00	40,228.79	27.20	1,094,051.58
1990	422,870.00	43.00	9,833.90	27.76	272,999.36
1991	111,294.20	43.00	2,588.16	28.33	73,321.82
1992	134,158.10	43.00	3,119.87	28.90	90,170.06
1993	149,826.26	43.00	3,484.23	29.48	102,708.78
1994	584,640.31	43.00	13,595.90	30.06	408,654.67
1995	227,584.46	43.00	5,292.51	30.64	162,158.08
1996	380,271.83	43.00	8,843.28	31.22	276,125.89
1997	584,374.16	43.00	13,589.71	31.81	432,312.33

CERC
Electric Division
379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Average Service Life: 43 Survivor Curve: R0.5

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1998	534,961.31	43.00	12,440.61	32.40	403,092.36
1999	382,736.19	43.00	8,900.59	32.99	293,661.18
2000	665,808.83	43.00	15,483.48	33.59	520,046.03
2001	997,425.80	43.00	23,195.29	34.18	792,872.40
2002	1,263,844.93	43.00	29,390.90	34.78	1,022,208.14
2003	538,447.09	43.00	12,521.67	35.38	442,994.24
2004	534,723.24	43.00	12,435.07	35.98	447,389.57
2005	274,163.98	43.00	6,375.72	36.58	233,222.14
2006	769,729.68	43.00	17,900.18	37.18	665,576.50
2007	1,189,510.68	43.00	27,662.25	37.79	1,045,278.78
2008	1,808,111.85	43.00	42,047.91	38.39	1,614,377.18
2009	671,326.91	43.00	15,611.81	39.00	608,889.09
2010	1,584,243.72	43.00	36,841.82	39.61	1,459,365.56
2011	1,237,614.21	43.00	28,780.90	40.22	1,157,673.61
2012	1,311,188.11	43.00	30,491.88	40.84	1,245,208.03
2013	1,580,365.65	43.00	36,751.64	41.45	1,523,464.47
2014	1,680,975.47	43.00	39,091.34	42.07	1,644,607.10
2015	4,348,517.27	43.00	101,125.42	42.69	4,317,106.60
Total	30,353,126.51	43.00	705,866.49	35.17	24,827,021.17

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 35.17 Years

CERC Electric Division 380.01 Services - Steel

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	(6)
1920	22,724.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1921	31,011.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1922	29,930.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1923	34,365.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1924	31,753.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1925	32,706.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1926	45,678.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1927	47,048.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1928	48,460.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1929	49,914.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1930	51,411.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1931	52,953.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1932	54,542.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1933	56,178.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1934	57,864.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1935	59,600.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1936	61,388.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1937	63,229.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1938	65,126.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1939	67,080.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1940	69,092.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1941	71,165.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1942	73,300.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1943	75,499.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1944	77,764.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1945	80,097.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1946	82,500.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CERC
Electric Division
380.01 Services - Steel

Year	Original Cost		Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1947	84,975.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1948	87,524.72	39.00	2,244.22	0.50	1,122.11
1949	90,150.47	39.00	2,311.55	0.76	1,767.65
1950	365,014.37	39.00	9,359.32	0.74	6,921.73
1951	400,791.18	39.00	10,276.67	0.85	8,767.80
1952	426,546.69	39.00	10,937.07	0.97	10,556.58
1953	445,903.83	39.00	11,433.40	1.04	11,840.52
1954	542,160.20	39.00	13,901.51	1.15	16,010.70
1955	533,629.74	39.00	13,682.78	1.23	16,789.78
1956	560,226.23	39.00	14,364.74	1.35	19,433.51
1957	583,718.51	39.00	14,967.11	1.44	21,511.01
1958	602,687.64	39.00	15,453.49	1.55	23,943.23
1959	658,809.78	39.00	16,892.52	1.68	28,419.45
1960	586,513.51	39.00	15,038.77	1.80	27,053.59
1961	553,364.50	39.00	14,188.80	1.94	27,570.69
1962	570,781.71	39.00	14,635.39	2.07	30,310.19
1963	596,673.02	39.00	15,299.27	2.23	34,112.64
1964	619,176.33	39.00	15,876.28	2.37	37,675.30
1965	646,672.33	39.00	16,581.30	2.54	42,050.21
1966	732,916.57	39.00	18,792.69	2.72	51,042.65
1967	884,214.83	39.00	22,672.12	2.90	65,700.81
1968	868,093.98	39.00	22,258.77	3.10	69,015.12
1969	862,353.05	39.00	22,111.56	3.31	73,119.34
1970	795,581.51	39.00	20,399.48	3.54	72,146.36
1971	715,096.67	39.00	18,335.77	3.77	69,189.33
1972	596,602.32	39.00	15,297.46	4.04	61,737.26
1973	891,247.65	39.00	22,852.45	4.31	98,493.77

CERC
Electric Division
380.01 Services - Steel

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1974	881,647.79	39.00	22,606.30	4.61	104,177.73
1975	874,700.95	39.00	22,428.18	4.93	110,601.35
1976	869,911.73	39.00	22,305.38	5.28	117,731.76
1977	1,309,005.43	39.00	33,564.16	5.65	189,733.05
1978	625,967.60	39.00	16,050.41	6.06	97,224.51
1979	1,358,114.84	39.00	34,823.38	6.49	226,097.28
1980	1,419,721.69	39.00	36,403.03	6.96	253,534.00
1981	1,149,331.13	39.00	29,469.96	7.47	220,217.11
1982	872,297.53	39.00	22,366.55	8.02	179,317.23
1983	671,008.06	39.00	17,205.29	8.60	148,042.68
1984	688,128.56	39.00	17,644.28	9.23	162,855.96
1985	449,342.09	39.00	11,521.56	9.90	114,079.59
1986	348,219.41	39.00	8,928.68	10.61	94,737.44
1987	388,764.09	39.00	9,968.29	11.37	113,297.47
1988	226,205.51	39.00	5,800.13	12.16	70,504.03
1989	182,982.13	39.00	4,691.84	12.99	60,938.19
1990	179,730.48	39.00	4,608.46	13.85	63,840.71
1991	432,299.49	39.00	11,084.58	14.75	163,452.90
1992	184,988.66	39.00	4,743.29	15.67	74,313.93
1993	155,126.35	39.00	3,977.59	16.61	66,060.28
1994	175,353.50	39.00	4,496.23	17.57	78,990.85
1995	215,387.77	39.00	5,522.75	18.54	102,392.79
1996	200,801.53	39.00	5,148.75	19.52	100,519.99
1997	339,483.66	39.00	8,704.69	20.51	178,555.64
1998	1,048,578.62	39.00	26,886.57	21.51	578,230.35
1999	1,055,628.24	39.00	27,067.33	22.50	609,096.94
2000	703,893.33	39.00	18,048.50	23.50	424,163.63

CERC
Electric Division
380.01 Services - Steel

Average Service Life: 39 Survivor Curve: \$4

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2001	205,480.78	39.00	5,268.73	24.50	129,086.86
2002	192,440.77	39.00	4,934.37	25.50	125,827.61
2004	442,400.81	39.00	11,343.58	27.50	311,949.76
2005	369,998.55	39.00	9,487.12	28.50	270,383.82
2006	1,381,992.53	39.00	35,435.62	29.50	1,045,354.25
2007	399,225.93	39.00	10,236.54	30.50	312,215.36
2008	352,617.57	39.00	9,041.45	31.50	284,806.66
2009	251,506.36	39.00	6,448.87	32.50	209,588.73
2010	150,817.56	39.00	3,867.11	33.50	129,548.47
2011	172,053.00	39.00	4,411.60	34.50	152,200.78
2012	328,425.42	39.00	8,421.14	35.50	298,951.41
2013	268,001.70	39.00	6,871.82	36.50	250,822.14
2014	636,018.83	39.00	16,308.14	37.50	611,556.63
2015	709,539.57	39.00	18,193.28	38.50	700,442.93
otal	39,660,956.61	27.51	976,500.02	10.71	10,461,744.13

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 10.71 Years

CERC
Electric Division
380.02 Services - Plastic

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1970	359,722.83	56.00	6,423.60	21.07	135,347.47
1971	492,377.43	56.00	8,792.43	21.66	190,452.90
1972	677,159.98	56.00	12,092.11	22.26	269,171.31
1973	958,403.35	56.00	17,114.29	22.87	391,421.89
1974	1,367,015.41	56.00	24,410.92	23.49	573,447.92
1975	1,717,753.97	56.00	30,674.09	24.12	739,894.68
1976	2,171,837.93	56.00	38,782.70	24.76	960,187.33
1977	1,946,061.82	56.00	34,751.00	25.41	882,920.00
1978	2,789,456.29	56.00	49,811.57	26.06	1,298,328.62
1979	4,163,351.01	56.00	74,345.33	26.73	1,987,345.88
1980	4,442,941.69	56.00	79,338.00	27.41	2,174,365.65
1981	6,377,001.52	56.00	113,874.68	28.09	3,198,551.38
1982	8,007,754.30	56.00	142,995.18	28.78	4,115,559.45
1983	9,811,808.54	56.00	175,210.34	29.48	5,165,552.47
1984	9,569,331.38	56.00	170,880.40	30.19	5,159,037.60
1985	8,058,368.63	56.00	143,899.00	30.91	4,447,591.64
1986	7,304,506.32	56.00	130,437.22	31.63	4,125,875.81
1987	9,108,273.74	56.00	162,647.25	32.36	5,263,942.29
1988	5,651,082.65	56.00	100,911.89	33.10	3,340,654.18
1989	6,410,136.41	56.00	114,466.38	33.85	3,874,975.57
1990	7,847,119.75	56.00	140,126.71	34.61	4,849,231.23
1991	8,299,860.14	56.00	148,211.34	35.37	5,242,095.57
1992	8,420,486.51	56.00	150,365.38	36.14	5,434,060.81
1993	9,381,579.95	56.00	167,527.71	36.92	6,184,433.35
1994	10,474,673.98	56.00	187,047.18	37.70	7,051,580.32
1995	10,640,990.10	56.00	190,017.11	38.49	7,313,475.92
1996	12,733,313.02	56.00	227,379.90	39.29	8,932,848.93

CERC
Electric Division
380.02 Services - Plastic

Average Service Life: 56 Survivor Curve: R2

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1997	11,831,324.83	56.00	211,273.02	40.09	8,469,912.62
1998	13,387,700.57	56.00	239,065.36	40.90	9,777,790.87
1999	14,169,777.80	56.00	253,030.98	41.72	10,555,554.59
2001	17,244,255.12	56.00	307,932.20	43.37	13,354,135.65
2002	28,351,605.92	56.00	506,277.15	44.20	22,378,499.21
2003	13,196,351.52	56.00	235,648.42	45.04	10,614,255.74
2004	17,490,114.67	56.00	312,322.53	45.89	14,331,843.08
2005	20,056,335.25	56.00	358,147.76	46.74	16,739,978.71
2006	20,688,049.75	56.00	369,428.34	47.60	17,584,167.84
2007	21,917,895.09	56.00	391,389.80	48.46	18,967,342.84
2008	17,172,655.95	56.00	306,653.64	49.33	15,127,200.20
2009	15,826,108.94	56.00	282,608.23	50.20	14,187,661.58
2010	18,618,149.60	56.00	332,465.95	51.08	16,982,887.83
2011	18,907,356.42	56.00	337,630.34	51.97	17,545,112.98
2012	20,809,125.98	56.00	371,590.41	52.85	19,640,067.28
2013	23,161,142.62	56.00	413,590.58	53.75	22,229,396.86
2014	30,470,733.98	56.00	544,118.60	54.64	29,733,120.17
2015	38,488,156.95	56.00	687,286.44	55.55	38,176,853.63
otal	520,969,209.61	56.00	9,302,993.47	44.04	409,698,131.87

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 44.04 Years

CERC Electric Division 381.00 Meters

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1970	0.89	30.00	0.03	0.50	0.01
1971	102.24	30.00	3.41	0.50	1.71
1972	943.70	30.00	31.46	0.61	19.25
1973	4,007.10	30.00	133.57	0.78	103.91
1974	11,168.25	30.00	372.27	0.96	357.59
1975	24,506.23	30.00	816.87	1.19	969.83
1976	23,126.25	30.00	770.87	1.43	1,099.31
1977	44,442.58	30.00	1,481.41	1.67	2,468.14
1978	146,011.45	30.00	4,867.02	1.93	9,370.74
1979	241,416.11	30.00	8,047.16	2.19	17,638.51
1980	246,860.71	30.00	8,228.65	2.46	20,254.52
1981	413,424.26	30.00	13,780.74	2.75	37,900.99
1982	801,912.65	30.00	26,730.29	3.06	81,750.31
1983	853,093.71	30.00	28,436.32	3.39	96,433.85
1984	1,102,503.85	30.00	36,749.95	3.76	138,226.63
1985	895,581.39	30.00	29,852.57	4.17	124,605.49
1986	991,719.91	30.00	33,057.17	4.64	153,343.69
1987	362,603.68	30.00	12,086.73	5.16	62,320.53
1988	296,481.45	30.00	9,882.67	5.73	56,596.19
1989	524,768.10	30.00	17,492.18	6.35	111,043.50
1990	1,969,742.00	30.00	65,657.75	7.00	459,860.37
1991	1,550,293.07	30.00	51,676.18	7.69	397,170.41
1992	1,848,950.89	30.00	61,631.39	8.39	517,225.88
1993	2,299,572.32	30.00	76,652.04	9.12	699,156.46
1994	2,341,762.28	30.00	78,058.36	9.87	770,808.25
1995	2,497,998.98	30.00	83,266.22	10.66	887,246.36
1996	1,709,733.90	30.00	56,990.85	11.46	653,102.86

CERC Electric Division 381.00 Meters

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 30 Survivor Curve: R4

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1997	2,183,422.05	30.00	72,780.38	12.29	894,328.34
1998	2,722,106.21	30.00	90,736.43	13.14	1,192,363.87
1999	3,446,309.85	30.00	114,876.43	14.01	1,609,900.32
2000	1,652,272.44	30.00	55,075.48	14.91	821,015.67
2001	960,202.36	30.00	32,006.59	15.82	506,314.74
2002	9,121,940.43	30.00	304,063.19	16.75	5,091,867.65
2003	3,008,138.62	30.00	100,270.80	17.69	1,773,481.06
2004	5,458,424.98	30.00	181,946.61	18.64	3,391,562.34
2005	3,161,278.66	30.00	105,375.44	19.60	2,065,724.39
2006	4,471,157.72	30.00	149,037.86	20.57	3,066,432.17
2007	3,384,626.56	30.00	112,820.33	21.55	2,431,668.46
2008	4,048,238.27	30.00	134,940.61	22.54	3,041,187.72
2009	3,117,677.70	30.00	103,922.08	23.53	2,444,796.12
2010	4,772,490.90	30.00	159,082.25	24.52	3,900,192.23
2011	6,215,076.91	30.00	207,168.22	25.51	5,285,015.14
2012	5,310,711.22	30.00	177,022.84	26.51	4,692,258.82
2013	6,270,396.19	30.00	209,012.18	27.50	5,748,610.41
2014	4,912,189.72	30.00	163,738.86	28.50	4,666,853.50
2015	7,312,476.04	30.00	243,748.01	29.50	7,190,705.77
otal	102,731,864.78	30.00	3,424,378.72	19.01	65,113,354.00

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 19.01 Years

382.01 Meter Installations Small

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1970	0.40	30.00	0.01	0.50	0.01
1971	42.17	30.00	1.41	0.50	0.70
1972	378.81	30.00	12.63	0.61	7.73
1973	1,605.91	30.00	53.53	0.78	41.64
1974	4,254.31	30.00	141.81	0.96	136.22
1975	7,748.20	30.00	258.27	1.19	306.63
1976	17,780.02	30.00	592.66	1.43	845.18
1977	170,605.78	30.00	5,686.83	1.67	9,474.66
1978	103,709.68	30.00	3,456.97	1.93	6,655.89
1979	186,545.24	30.00	6,218.14	2.19	13,629.50
1980	270,589.44	30.00	9,019.60	2.46	22,201.42
1981	407,632.29	30.00	13,587.68	2.75	37,370.01
1982	551,702.36	30.00	18,389.99	3.06	56,242.83
1983	812,958.57	30.00	27,098.49	3.39	91,896.96
1984	1,213,164.55	30.00	40,438.62	3.76	152,100.73
1985	1,298,894.54	30.00	43,296.27	4.17	180,719.91
1986	1,500,850.02	30.00	50,028.09	4.64	232,067.42
1987	2,459,250.27	30.00	81,974.61	5.16	422,670.23
1988	1,690,596.75	30.00	56,352.95	5.73	322,722.85
1989	1,852,410.53	30.00	61,746.72	6.35	391,979.15
1990	2,286,904.19	30.00	76,229.77	7.00	533,905.76
1991	2,323,529.05	30.00	77,450.59	7.69	595,266.14
1992	2,467,669.56	30.00	82,255.25	8.39	690,306.37
1993	2,744,755.57	30.00	91,491.40	9.12	834,508.91
1994	2,897,611.69	30.00	96,586.58	9.87	953,770.16
1995	2,707,193.13	30.00	90,239.33	10.66	961,548.53
1996	2,290,727.50	30.00	76,357.21	11.46	875,037.15

382.01 Meter Installations Small

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 30 Survivor Curve: R4

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1997	2,556,520.46	30.00	85,216.93	12.29	1,047,149.22
1998	3,696,589.59	30.00	123,219.05	13.14	1,619,216.71
1999	4,165,689.78	30.00	138,855.65	14.01	1,945,949.61
2000	1,418,372.82	30.00	47,278.86	14.91	704,790.73
2001	1,589,989.19	30.00	52,999.38	15.82	838,401.35
2002	7,962,986.10	30.00	265,431.57	16.75	4,444,939.28
2003	6,437,867.40	30.00	214,594.53	17.69	3,795,515.21
2004	4,720,295.72	30.00	157,342.42	18.64	2,932,929.78
2005	4,384,113.71	30.00	146,136.41	19.60	2,864,780.87
2006	3,044,387.41	30.00	101,479.08	20.57	2,087,917.28
2007	5,181,241.60	30.00	172,707.21	21.55	3,722,437.78
2008	5,762,034.93	30.00	192,066.89	22.54	4,328,655.76
2009	4,783,481.93	30.00	159,448.62	23.53	3,751,073.46
2010	2,712,795.00	30.00	90,426.06	24.52	2,216,960.12
2011	5,820,626.76	30.00	194,019.94	25.51	4,949,592.90
2012	5,273,863.59	30.00	175,794.59	26.51	4,659,702.24
2013	6,759,139.03	30.00	225,303.53	27.50	6,196,682.93
2014	3,224,856.56	30.00	107,494.69	28.50	3,063,793.13
2015	7,527,356.46	30.00	250,910.65	29.50	7,402,007.92
tal	117,291,318.57	30.00	3,909,691.47	17.89	69,957,908.99

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 17.89 Years

CERC
Electric Division

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1949	537.49	43.00	12.50	8.52	106.49
1950	593.38	43.00	13.80	8.91	123.01
1951	653.05	43.00	15.19	9.31	141.40
1952	716.70	43.00	16.67	9.71	161.81
1953	784.42	43.00	18.24	10.11	184.36
1954	856.35	43.00	19.91	10.51	209.24
1955	932.68	43.00	21.69	10.91	236.63
1956	1,013.51	43.00	23.57	11.31	266.67
1957	1,098.98	43.00	25.56	11.72	299.59
1958	1,189.26	43.00	27.66	12.13	335.57
1959	1,284.48	43.00	29.87	12.55	374.81
1960	1,661.97	43.00	38.65	12.97	501.12
1961	9,363.04	43.00	217.74	13.39	2,915.04
1962	10,541.26	43.00	245.14	13.81	3,386.24
1963	11,493.88	43.00	267.29	14.24	3,807.23
1964	12,514.18	43.00	291.02	14.68	4,271.65
1965	67,584.47	43.00	1,571.69	15.12	23,759.71
1966	100,266.48	43.00	2,331.71	15.56	36,284.00
1967	115,944.25	43.00	2,696.30	16.01	43,166.83
1968	123,940.97	43.00	2,882.27	16.46	47,451.51
1969	124,911.32	43.00	2,904.83	16.92	49,155.04
1970	137,971.72	43.00	3,208.55	17.39	55,782.13
1971	126,327.63	43.00	2,937.77	17.85	52,452.41
1972	122,483.37	43.00	2,848.37	18.33	52,206.83
1973	138,708.19	43.00	3,225.68	18.81	60,668.83
1974	119,931.19	43.00	2,789.02	19.29	53,807.82
1975	125,610.24	43.00	2,921.08	19.78	57,789.07

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1976	104,899.09	43.00	2,439.44	20.28	49,469.45
1977	828,336.17	43.00	19,263.08	20.78	400,283.68
1978	264,441.70	43.00	6,149.63	21.29	130,905.88
1979	234,810.98	43.00	5,460.56	21.80	119,032.14
1980	326,831.80	43.00	7,600.52	22.32	169,608.90
1981	362,089.94	43.00	8,420.46	22.84	192,309.47
1982	442,496.03	43.00	10,290.31	23.37	240,442.10
1983	479,077.42	43.00	11,141.02	23.90	266,252.17
1984	532,183.37	43.00	12,376.00	24.44	302,427.92
1985	473,725.39	43.00	11,016.55	24.98	275,184.28
1986	690,905.11	43.00	16,067.10	25.53	410,134.20
1987	736,469.57	43.00	17,126.71	26.08	446,644.80
1988	406,958.52	43.00	9,463.88	26.64	252,072.43
1989	511,153.43	43.00	11,886.95	27.20	323,274.35
1990	613,261.82	43.00	14,261.50	27.76	395,913.84
1991	802,845.61	43.00	18,670.29	28.33	528,923.36
1992	860,835.50	43.00	20,018.86	28.90	578,582.95
1993	913,878.30	43.00	21,252.38	29.48	626,481.16
1994	897,275.05	43.00	20,866.27	30.06	627,181.59
1995	1,908,582.52	43.00	44,384.37	30.64	1,359,899.85
1996	830,193.65	43.00	19,306.28	31.22	602,826.56
1997	937,114.48	43.00	21,792.74	31.81	693,264.99
1998	964,352.96	43.00	22,426.17	32.40	726,638.18
1999	1,729,537.35	43.00	40,220.65	32.99	1,327,018.45
2000	452,911.51	43.00	10,532.52	33.59	353,757.45
2001	788,724.06	43.00	18,341.90	34.18	626,971.49
2002	1,560,084.60	43.00	36,280.00	34.78	1,261,809.22

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 43 Survivor Curve: R0.5

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2003	924,222.11	43.00	21,492.92	35.38	760,381.24
2004	781,555.94	43.00	18,175.20	35.98	653,908.32
2005	510,033.22	43.00	11,860.90	36.58	433,868.23
2006	316,578.73	43.00	7,362.09	37.18	273,742.03
2007	1,099,043.58	43.00	25,558.42	37.79	965,781.10
2008	1,019,275.63	43.00	23,703.41	38.39	910,062.79
2009	2,394,045.74	43.00	55,673.89	39.00	2,171,383.75
2010	2,125,869.64	43.00	49,437.42	39.61	1,958,297.76
2011	1,676,126.55	43.00	38,978.57	40.22	1,567,861.34
2012	411,245.65	43.00	9,563.58	40.84	390,551.43
2013	65,030.04	43.00	1,512.28	41.45	62,688.63
2014	40,767.76	43.00	948.06	42.07	39,885.74
2015	108,182.26	43.00	2,515.79	42.69	107,400.83
tal	32,484,867.24	43.00	755,440.44	31.95	24,132,969.11

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 31.95 Years

CERC
Electric Division
383.01 House Regulators Small

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1970	0.10	30.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
1971	11.00	30.00	0.37	0.50	0.18
1972	101.56	30.00	3.39	0.61	2.07
1973	431.26	30.00	14.38	0.78	11.18
1974	1,201.96	30.00	40.07	0.96	38.48
1975	2,525.78	30.00	84.19	1.19	99.96
1976	4,245.18	30.00	141.51	1.43	201.80
1977	11,300.21	30.00	376.67	1.67	627.56
1978	36,041.88	30.00	1,201.39	1.93	2,313.10
1979	43,528.82	30.00	1,450.95	2.19	3,180.33
1980	72,979.58	30.00	2,432.64	2.46	5,987.86
1981	107,715.28	30.00	3,590.49	2.75	9,874.88
1982	169,181.86	30.00	5,639.37	3.06	17,247.10
1983	217,743.64	30.00	7,258.09	3.39	24,613.78
1984	379,776.10	30.00	12,659.14	3.76	47,614.50
1985	419,769.33	30.00	13,992.24	4.17	58,404.03
1986	334,269.59	30.00	11,142.27	4.64	51,686.10
1987	481,517.72	30.00	16,050.51	5.16	82,758.23
1988	313,022.43	30.00	10,434.03	5.73	59,753.75
1989	653,222.83	30.00	21,773.99	6.35	138,225.15
1990	697,100.53	30.00	23,236.57	7.00	162,746.65
1991	977,763.35	30.00	32,591.95	7.69	250,493.71
1992	548,730.85	30.00	18,290.94	8.39	153,502.08
1993	586,961.24	30.00	19,565.28	9.12	178,458.29
1994	632,670.05	30.00	21,088.90	9.87	208,247.99
1995	900,369.82	30.00	30,012.18	10.66	319,795.90
1996	831,829.38	30.00	27,727.51	11.46	317,751.29

CERC
Electric Division

383.01 House Regulators Small

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 30 Survivor Curve: R4

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1997	829,124.20	30.00	27,637.34	12.29	339,608.77
1998	988,056.99	30.00	32,935.07	13.14	432,798.49
1999	893,680.36	30.00	29,789.20	14.01	417,471.54
2000	495,063.12	30.00	16,502.02	14.91	245,997.31
2001	2,157,807.20	30.00	71,926.55	15.82	1,137,811.81
2002	1,670,238.29	30.00	55,674.34	16.75	932,327.10
2003	1,329,077.28	30.00	44,302.36	17.69	783,572.06
2004	2,471,743.94	30.00	82,391.06	18.64	1,535,804.50
2005	1,545,991.96	30.00	51,532.81	19.60	1,010,222.02
2006	1,973,191.73	30.00	65,772.74	20.57	1,353,264.41
2007	1,175,331.49	30.00	39,177.52	21.55	844,411.18
2008	1,631,263.59	30.00	54,375.19	22.54	1,225,466.11
2009	1,746,878.16	30.00	58,228.99	23.53	1,369,853.26
2010	1,529,254.48	30.00	50,974.90	24.52	1,249,742.86
2011	2,038,819.98	30.00	67,960.33	25.51	1,733,718.60
2012	1,750,954.60	30.00	58,364.87	26.51	1,547,049.32
2013	3,991,762.06	30.00	133,058.08	27.50	3,659,590.92
2014	2,438,411.44	30.00	81,279.98	28.50	2,316,626.52
2015	3,165,556.43	30.00	105,518.03	29.50	3,112,842.32
tal	42,246,218.63	30.00	1,408,200.39	19.42	27,341,815.06

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 19.42 Years

Electric Division

383.02 House Regulators Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 30 Survivor Curve: R2

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2000	30,416.24	30.00	1,013.86	17.17	17,406.04
2002	123,324.70	30.00	4,110.78	18.66	76,717.35
Total	153,740.94	30.00	5,124.65	18.37	94,123.39

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 18.37 Years

CERC
Electric Division
385.00 Ind. Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	<i>(6)</i>	
1948	68.12	45.00	1.51	4.44	6.72	
1949	70.16	45.00	1.56	4.73	7.38	
1950	72.26	45.00	1.61	5.02	8.07	
1951	74.42	45.00	1.65	5.31	8.79	
1952	76.66	45.00	1.70	5.61	9.56	
1953	78.96	45.00	1.75	5.91	10.37	
1954	81.32	45.00	1.81	6.21	11.23	
1955	83.77	45.00	1.86	6.52	12.13	
1956	86.28	45.00	1.92	6.83	13.09	
1957	88.87	45.00	1.97	7.15	14.12	
1958	91.53	45.00	2.03	7.48	15.21	
1959	132.20	45.00	2.94	7.81	22.95	
1960	97.11	45.00	2.16	8.15	17.60	
1961	184.80	45.00	4.11	8.51	34.94	
1962	187.80	45.00	4.17	8.87	37.03	
1963	275.68	45.00	6.13	9.25	56.66	
1964	533.21	45.00	11.85	9.63	114.16	
1965	8,796.19	45.00	195.47	10.03	1,961.24	
1966	9,394.03	45.00	208.76	10.44	2,180.29	
1967	9,004.66	45.00	200.10	10.87	2,174.61	
1968	8,789.05	45.00	195.31	11.30	2,207.67	
1969	10,206.36	45.00	226.81	11.75	2,665.68	
1970	8,016.53	45.00	178.14	12.22	2,176.07	
1971	9,781.55	45.00	217.37	12.69	2,758.49	
1972	10,857.76	45.00	241.28	13.18	3,179.81	
1973	8,800.04	45.00	195.56	13.68	2,675.54	
1974	22,873.18	45.00	508.29	14.20	7,216.14	

CERC
Electric Division
385.00 Ind. Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1975	5,807.19	45.00	129.05	14.73	1,900.24
1976	48,958.28	45.00	1,087.96	15.27	16,608.95
1977	398,324.00	45.00	8,851.60	15.82	140,033.52
1978	18,957.52	45.00	421.28	16.39	6,904.26
1980	9,762.20	45.00	216.94	17.56	3,809.60
1981	5,097.67	45.00	113.28	18.17	2,057.77
1982	31,624.20	45.00	702.76	18.78	13,200.06
1983	9,099.50	45.00	202.21	19.41	3,925.28
1984	184,226.70	45.00	4,093.91	20.05	82,091.30
1987	14,836.19	45.00	329.69	22.04	7,266.93
1988	20,453.33	45.00	454.52	22.73	10,329.45
1989	4,197.21	45.00	93.27	23.42	2,184.52
1991	18,313.39	45.00	406.96	24.84	10,110.31
1992	34,325.65	45.00	762.79	25.57	19,503.67
1993	10,473.68	45.00	232.75	26.30	6,122.18
1995	27,177.71	45.00	603.95	27.80	16,790.91
1996	22,912.94	45.00	509.17	28.57	14,545.23
1997	234.11	45.00	5.20	29.34	152.63
1998	17,753.09	45.00	394.51	30.12	11,882.11
1999	19,006.25	45.00	422.36	30.91	13,054.01
2000	187,585.55	45.00	4,168.55	31.71	132,166.89
2001	9,064.56	45.00	201.43	32.51	6,548.87
2003	5,015.74	45.00	111.46	34.15	3,805.91
2006	677,073.15	45.00	15,046.00	36.66	551,519.25
2007	210,223.94	45.00	4,671.62	37.51	175,214.61
2009	1,677.07	45.00	37.27	39.23	1,461.98
2011	58,480.94	45.00	1,299.57	40.98	53,252.73

Electric Division

385.00 Ind. Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 45 Survivor Curve: R2

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2012	2,002,750.32	45.00	44,505.36	41.86	1,863,023.64
2013	2,886,881.17	45.00	64,152.62	42.75	2,742,532.16
2014	3,496,710.33	45.00	77,704.32	43.65	3,391,514.53
2015	4,718,925.66	45.00	104,864.54	44.55	4,671,460.90
Total	15,264,731.74	45.00	339,214.71	41.29	14,004,569.95

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 41.29 Years

CERC Electric Division 387.00 Other Equipment

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1960	1,010.65	35.00	28.87	4.70	135.74
1961	1,040.97	35.00	29.74	5.02	149.43
1962	1,072.20	35.00	30.63	5.35	164.04
1963	1,104.36	35.00	31.55	5.69	179.61
1964	12,651.00	35.00	361.45	6.04	2,182.01
1965	4,863.29	35.00	138.95	6.39	887.67
1966	5,267.60	35.00	150.50	6.75	1,015.48
1967	5,628.68	35.00	160.81	7.11	1,144.12
1968	22,060.46	35.00	630.28	7.49	4,719.42
1969	22,819.02	35.00	651.95	7.87	5,130.14
1970	26,338.20	35.00	752.50	8.26	6,214.00
1971	28,185.81	35.00	805.28	8.65	6,969.59
1972	30,291.08	35.00	865.43	9.06	7,840.78
1973	35,183.55	35.00	1,005.21	9.47	9,522.80
1974	36,499.48	35.00	1,042.81	9.90	10,318.98
1975	55,689.84	35.00	1,591.09	10.33	16,429.39
1976	20,653.82	35.00	590.09	10.77	6,352.49
1977	148,784.03	35.00	4,250.84	11.21	47,667.58
1978	98,056.32	35.00	2,801.52	11.67	32,697.32
1979	65,141.15	35.00	1,861.12	12.14	22,590.58
1980	73,406.83	35.00	2,097.27	12.61	26,456.13
1981	46,152.90	35.00	1,318.61	13.10	17,273.88
1982	62,895.10	35.00	1,796.95	13.60	24,431.00
1983	73,582.52	35.00	2,102.29	14.10	29,645.39
1984	54,922.01	35.00	1,569.15	14.62	22,936.24
1985	101,871.38	35.00	2,910.52	15.14	44,072.34
1986	115,262.85	35.00	3,293.12	15.68	51,629.09

CERC Electric Division 387.00 Other Equipment

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 35 Survivor Curve: R1

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1987	198,724.32	35.00	5,677.66	16.22	92,110.13
1988	68,249.20	35.00	1,949.92	16.78	32,715.55
1989	87,967.23	35.00	2,513.27	17.34	43,588.61
1990	245,868.81	35.00	7,024.61	17.92	125,871.05
1991	540,626.54	35.00	15,446.00	18.50	285,803.64
1992	110,960.09	35.00	3,170.19	19.10	60,543.20
1993	173,499.44	35.00	4,956.98	19.70	97,657.77
1994	111,485.31	35.00	3,185.20	20.31	64,702.25
1995	142,169.80	35.00	4,061.87	20.93	85,029.92
1996	124,844.89	35.00	3,566.89	21.56	76,913.16
1997	87,233.29	35.00	2,492.30	22.20	55,329.92
1998	130,555.58	35.00	3,730.05	22.84	85,212.47
1999	313,663.53	35.00	8,961.54	23.50	210,563.51
2000	736,317.34	35.00	21,037.00	24.15	508,132.32
2001	130,134.30	35.00	3,718.01	24.82	92,273.62
2002	4,761.04	35.00	136.03	25.49	3,466.85
2003	2,576.27	35.00	73.61	26.16	1,925.61
2004	133,164.20	35.00	3,804.58	26.84	102,115.61
2005	57,087.30	35.00	1,631.02	27.52	44,891.35
otal	4,550,323.58	35.00	130,005.28	18.98	2,467,601.77

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 18.98 Years

CERC
Electric Division

390.00 Structures & Improvements - General

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 55 Survivor Curve: R3

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1973	33,653.67	55.00	611.88	18.27	11,178.06
1976	86,435.09	55.00	1,571.55	20.33	31,950.83
1977	16,074.98	55.00	292.27	21.04	6,150.57
1983	698.85	55.00	12.71	25.55	324.68
1990	17,338.74	55.00	315.25	31.26	9,855.82
1991	4,778.88	55.00	86.89	32.11	2,790.30
1995	146,523.95	55.00	2,664.07	35.60	94,849.83
1996	9,645.75	55.00	175.38	36.49	6,400.37
1997	30,869.83	55.00	561.27	37.39	20,987.34
1998	2,950.00	55.00	53.64	38.30	2,054.21
1999	117,107.53	55.00	2,129.23	39.21	83,490.93
2004	48,459.35	55.00	881.08	43.87	38,650.52
2007	285,098.91	55.00	5,183.61	46.72	242,200.78
2008	6,416.87	55.00	116.67	47.68	5,563.40
2009	85,522.31	55.00	1,554.95	48.65	75,648.44
2010	118,177.89	55.00	2,148.69	49.62	106,615.46
2011	224,276.53	55.00	4,077.75	50.59	206,297.55
2012	14,628,877.83	55.00	265,979.51	51.57	13,715,542.83
2013	1,120,368.23	55.00	20,370.33	52.54	1,070,333.32
2014	4,801,227.27	55.00	87,295.01	53.52	4,672,425.41
2015	7,538,920.71	55.00	137,071.24	54.51	7,471,432.03
Total	29,323,423.17	55.00	533,152.98	52.28	27,874,742.70

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 52.28 Years

392.00 Transportation Equipment

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 8 Survivor Curve: \$1.5

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1981	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1984	31.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1987	3,655.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1993	964.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1994	7,595.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1995	2,430.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1997	5,022.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1999	66,949.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2000	52,384.10	8.00	6,547.97	0.50	3,273.98	
2001	197,283.26	8.00	24,660.24	0.54	13,412.90	
2003	64,944.22	8.00	8,117.97	0.97	7,844.29	
2004	437,679.88	8.00	54,709.62	1.21	66,432.32	
2005	1,068,072.80	8.00	133,508.20	1.49	198,331.61	
2006	910,491.68	8.00	113,810.70	1.79	203,547.59	
2007	1,306,772.95	8.00	163,345.52	2.13	348,026.02	
2008	2,783,714.52	8.00	347,961.98	2.52	877,713.68	
2009	2,542,270.93	8.00	317,781.73	2.98	945,557.41	
2010	3,577,855.32	8.00	447,228.91	3.50	1,566,332.21	
2011	4,643,156.74	8.00	580,390.70	4.12	2,388,915.03	
2012	5,520,720.75	8.00	690,085.46	4.83	3,330,219.97	
2013	3,339,093.78	8.00	417,383.92	5.64	2,351,991.98	
2014	3,074,980.82	8.00	384,370.02	6.53	2,511,603.83	
2015	5,377,709.87	8.00	672,209.22	7.50	5,042,755.21	
tal	34,983,781.59	5.22	4,362,112.17	4.55	19,855,958.04	

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 4.55 Years

396.00 Power Operated Equipment

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon Broad Group/Remaining Life Procedure and Technique

Average Service Life: 10 Survivor Curve: L3

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<u>(1)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1981	10,343.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1990	7,487.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1996	33,929.81	10.00	3,393.03	0.93	3,163.64
1998	36,821.47	10.00	3,682.20	1.33	4,902.53
1999	82,111.71	10.00	8,211.30	1.55	12,745.59
2002	39,142.52	10.00	3,914.31	2.29	8,972.28
2004	53,098.18	10.00	5,309.90	2.76	14,664.93
2005	865,072.56	10.00	86,508.60	2.94	254,590.62
2006	109,442.77	10.00	10,944.45	3.11	34,050.42
2007	80,469.33	10.00	8,047.06	3.33	26,796.24
2008	1,291,511.50	10.00	129,153.16	3.67	474,078.04
2009	449,442.58	10.00	44,944.96	4.18	187,972.88
2010	433,285.99	10.00	43,329.27	4.87	210,949.88
2011	552,916.10	10.00	55,292.47	5.68	314,312.21
2012	430,960.81	10.00	43,096.75	6.58	283,422.65
2013	800,834.71	10.00	80,084.72	7.52	602,196.93
2014	437,799.77	10.00	43,780.66	8.50	372,184.15
2015	747,998.27	10.00	74,800.99	9.50	710,597.77
tal	6,462,668.85	8.89	644,493.84	5.45	3,515,600.75

Composite Average Remaining Life ... 5.45 Years

GAS UTILITIES DOCKET NO. 10920

STATEMENT OF INTENT FILED BY	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY	§	BEFORE THE
RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	DAM DO AD GOLD GGION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX AND	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
TO INCREASE RATES IN THE	§	OI IZINIS
BEAUMONT/EAST TEXAS DIVISION	8	

DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF DAVID J. GARRETT

EXHIBIT DJG-13

SIMULATED AND ACTUARIAL REMAINING LIFE DEVELOPMENT - ELG PROCEDURE

376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average	Service	Life:	65	Survivor Curve:	R2
IIII		Li, c.	00	Suite Cuite.	112

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1970	168,384.78	71.15	2,366.69	25.65	60,700.30
1971	706,055.31	70.66	9,991.69	26.16	261,425.08
1972	795,641.74	70.19	11,336.32	26.69	302,511.88
1973	1,220,215.61	69.71	17,504.12	27.21	476,290.51
1974	1,008,563.22	69.24	14,566.35	27.74	404,059.84
1975	1,265,656.71	68.77	18,403.66	28.27	520,308.46
1976	1,439,575.62	68.31	21,074.64	28.81	607,127.38
1977	2,202,713.84	67.85	32,465.37	29.35	952,797.00
1978	2,923,512.99	67.39	43,381.33	29.89	1,296,713.21
1979	4,170,372.91	66.94	62,303.15	30.44	1,896,307.86
1980	3,430,148.94	66.49	51,592.53	30.99	1,598,614.29
1981	4,357,661.85	66.04	65,988.88	31.54	2,081,045.40
1982	5,363,819.88	65.59	81,778.51	32.09	2,624,239.67
1983	5,364,691.75	65.14	82,350.38	32.64	2,688,304.41
1984	6,105,918.15	64.70	94,370.30	33.20	3,133,253.67
1985	6,163,022.69	64.26	95,907.32	33.76	3,237,849.54
1986	5,663,705.38	63.82	88,745.41	34.32	3,045,715.83
1987	5,936,801.03	63.38	93,669.76	34.88	3,267,212.89
1988	2,916,998.66	62.94	46,345.05	35.44	1,642,509.72
1989	3,935,560.14	62.50	62,967.07	36.00	2,266,932.76
1990	7,489,805.56	62.06	120,681.79	36.56	4,412,419.92
1991	6,168,735.96	61.62	100,105.40	37.12	3,716,153.54
1992	6,616,805.74	61.18	108,151.25	37.68	4,075,251.30

Future Annual

14,843,452.83

17,218,919.90

12,096,745.58

23,060,449.05

23,301,561.79

23,164,407.15

48,769,419.15

44,331,493.70

CERC

Electric Division

376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015
Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique
Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Survivor Curve: R2

Average Service Life:

Year

2008

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014

2015

Original

17,280,995.68

19,652,496.86

13,535,279.31

25,295,733.64

25,056,312.37

24,414,193.32

50,365,132.87

44,830,104.26

65

Avg. Service

53.17

52.49

51.75

50.92

49.98

48.84

47.34

44.96

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Avg. Annual

Avg. Remaining

45.67

45.99

46.25

46.42

46.48

46.34

45.84

44.46

	Cost	Life	Accrual	Life	Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1993	8,281,521.74	60.74	136,348.02	38.24	5,213,691.21
1994	10,813,756.89	60.29	179,354.24	38.79	6,957,640.78
1995	8,509,750.15	59.84	142,197.47	39.34	5,594,702.01
1996	9,881,388.85	59.39	166,374.02	39.89	6,637,095.47
1997	9,587,241.52	58.94	162,671.07	40.44	6,577,826.66
1998	7,632,653.86	58.47	130,528.94	40.97	5,348,397.44
1999	19,762,900.96	58.01	340,700.87	41.51	14,141,336.60
2000	9,489,391.49	57.53	164,944.65	42.03	6,932,749.41
2001	22,475,737.71	57.05	393,996.76	42.55	16,762,784.70
2002	30,888,862.92	56.55	546,228.85	43.05	23,514,773.39
2003	4,627,043.57	56.04	82,567.23	43.54	3,594,953.15
2004	17,982,295.70	55.51	323,921.26	44.01	14,257,201.24
2005	13,041,078.27	54.97	237,241.35	44.47	10,550,044.08
2006	18,536,960.25	54.40	340,742.13	44.90	15,299,910.04
2007	22,469,352.53	53.80	417,610.59	45.30	18,919,662.51

325,005.71

374,396.46

261,551.59

496,729.91

501,357.31

499,914.47

1,063,809.15

997,221.11

Electric Division

376.02 Distribution Mains - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Avera	age Service Life:	Life: 65 Survivor Curve: R2			
Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total BG	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Total ELG	519,824,553.18	54.08	9,611,460.13	42.83	411,656,962.29
Total ALL	519,824,553.18	54.08	9,611,460.13	42.83	411,656,962.29
Less F.Y.	0.00				
12/31/2015	519.824.553.18				

CERC Electric Division 379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average	Service	Life:	43	Survivor	Curve:	R0.5
IIIIII		LUIC.	73	Duivivoi	Cuirc.	110.0

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1944	557.85	78.11	7.14	6.61	47.20
1945	628.01	77.48	8.11	6.98	56.59
1946	703.78	76.85	9.16	7.35	67.31
1947	785.34	76.21	10.30	7.71	79.48
1948	872.94	75.57	11.55	8.07	93.25
1949	966.93	74.93	12.90	8.43	108.78
1950	1,067.47	74.28	14.37	8.78	126.22
1951	1,174.82	73.64	15.95	9.14	145.76
1952	1,289.32	72.99	17.67	9.49	167.58
1953	1,411.15	72.34	19.51	9.84	191.88
1954	1,540.55	71.68	21.49	10.18	218.87
1955	1,677.86	71.03	23.62	10.53	248.79
1956	1,823.27	70.38	25.91	10.88	281.86
1957	1,977.02	69.73	28.35	11.23	318.35
1958	2,139.44	69.08	30.97	11.58	358.54
1959	2,310.73	68.43	33.77	11.93	402.71
1960	2,491.16	67.77	36.76	12.27	451.16
1961	7,917.37	67.12	117.95	12.62	1,489.07
1962	8,506.54	66.48	127.96	12.98	1,660.42
1963	30,888.11	65.83	469.23	13.33	6,253.71
1964	27,927.40	65.18	428.46	13.68	5,861.72
1965	36,832.84	64.54	570.74	14.04	8,010.50
1966	46,673.72	63.89	730.52	14.39	10,512.88

379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1967	43,878.68	63.25	693.76	14.75	10,231.39
1968	31,815.10	62.61	508.18	15.11	7,676.52
1969	36,985.10	61.97	596.87	15.47	9,230.71
1970	52,554.61	61.33	856.97	15.83	13,562.27
1971	59,389.04	60.69	978.60	16.19	15,841.14
1972	45,457.09	60.05	756.98	16.55	12,528.27
1973	31,449.35	59.41	529.33	16.91	8,953.00
1974	57,693.40	58.78	981.54	17.28	16,959.60
1975	105,697.40	58.14	1,817.86	17.64	32,074.18
1976	119,534.96	57.51	2,078.51	18.01	37,433.64
1977	202,548.48	56.88	3,561.22	18.38	65,441.42
1978	359,644.17	56.24	6,394.52	18.74	119,849.58
1979	257,338.19	55.61	4,627.65	19.11	88,428.91
1980	265,645.07	54.97	4,832.13	19.47	94,104.60
1981	186,046.34	54.34	3,423.74	19.84	67,927.22
1982	191,805.13	53.70	3,571.51	20.20	72,159.47
1983	456,259.22	53.07	8,597.80	20.57	176,830.65
1984	516,283.81	52.43	9,847.51	20.93	206,087.31
1985	231,109.29	51.79	4,462.75	21.29	94,995.38
1986	540,719.24	51.14	10,572.92	21.64	228,818.02
1987	542,480.82	50.49	10,743.47	21.99	236,292.03
1988	138,026.80	49.84	2,769.30	22.34	61,871.17
1989	1,729,887.36	49.18	35,171.13	22.68	797,852.54

CERC Electric Division 379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	(6)
1990	422,870.00	48.52	8,714.97	23.02	200,638.27
1991	111,294.20	47.85	2,325.76	23.35	54,313.16
1992	134,158.10	47.18	2,843.77	23.68	67,329.42
1993	149,826.26	46.49	3,222.72	23.99	77,315.16
1994	584,640.31	45.80	12,766.39	24.30	310,162.96
1995	227,584.46	45.09	5,047.47	24.59	124,111.32
1996	380,271.83	44.37	8,570.51	24.87	213,146.86
1997	584,374.16	43.64	13,391.92	25.14	336,623.66
1998	534,961.31	42.89	12,473.79	25.39	316,670.01
1999	382,736.19	42.12	9,086.97	25.62	232,801.26
2000	665,808.83	41.33	16,109.17	25.83	416,116.62
2001	997,425.80	40.52	24,615.81	26.02	640,496.62
2002	1,263,844.93	39.68	31,849.06	26.18	833,882.62
2003	538,447.09	38.82	13,872.10	26.32	365,045.89
2004	534,723.24	37.91	14,103.52	26.41	372,532.74
2005	274,163.98	36.97	7,414.92	26.47	196,307.31
2006	769,729.68	35.99	21,387.12	26.49	566,552.06
2007	1,189,510.68	34.95	34,030.93	26.45	900,247.74
2008	1,808,111.85	33.86	53,407.52	26.36	1,407,555.48
2009	671,326.91	32.68	20,542.46	26.18	537,800.94
2010	1,584,243.72	31.41	50,438.57	25.91	1,306,831.56
2011	1,237,614.21	30.01	41,234.32	25.51	1,052,059.79
2012	1,311,188.11	28.45	46,091.93	24.95	1,149,866.35
2012	1,311,100.11	20.43	40,091.93	24.93	1,149,000.33

Electric Division

379.00 Meas. & Reg. - City Gate

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015
Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique
Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2013	1,580,365.65	26.62	59,357.63	24.12	1,431,971.57
2014	1,680,975.47	24.36	68,994.13	22.86	1,577,484.27
2015	4,348,517.27	21.08	206,239.92	20.58	4,245,397.31
Total BG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ELG	30,353,126.51	33.38	909,280.02	23.59	21,445,562.60
Total ALL	30,353,126.51	33.38	909,280.02	23.59	21,445,562.60
Less F.Y.	0.00				
12/31/2015	30,353,126.51				

380.02 Services - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average Service Life:	<i>56</i>	Survivor Curve:	<i>R2</i>

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	(6)
1970	359,722.83	64.51	5,576.50	19.01	105,991.92
1971	492,377.43	63.99	7,695.01	19.49	149,949.52
1972	677,159.98	63.47	10,668.56	19.97	213,077.79
1973	958,403.35	62.96	15,221.35	20.46	311,496.05
1974	1,367,015.41	62.46	21,885.40	20.96	458,771.19
1975	1,717,753.97	61.97	27,720.65	21.47	595,067.80
1976	2,171,837.93	61.48	35,328.01	21.98	776,381.35
1977	1,946,061.82	60.99	31,907.24	22.49	717,633.06
1978	2,789,456.29	60.51	46,098.37	23.01	1,060,767.49
1979	4,163,351.01	60.04	69,347.79	23.54	1,632,156.71
1980	4,442,941.69	59.57	74,589.03	24.07	1,795,031.15
1981	6,377,001.52	59.10	107,902.64	24.60	2,654,360.37
1982	8,007,754.30	58.64	136,564.06	25.14	3,432,858.28
1983	9,811,808.54	58.18	168,649.37	25.68	4,330,703.85
1984	9,569,331.38	57.72	165,777.30	26.22	4,347,346.34
1985	8,058,368.63	57.27	140,701.71	26.77	3,766,966.51
1986	7,304,506.32	56.82	128,546.17	27.32	3,512,394.43
1987	9,108,273.74	56.38	161,558.54	27.88	4,503,855.24
1988	5,651,082.65	55.93	101,032.43	28.43	2,872,690.84
1989	6,410,136.41	55.49	115,515.94	28.99	3,348,964.12
1990	7,847,119.75	55.05	142,543.18	29.55	4,212,268.61
1991	8,299,860.14	54.61	151,981.46	30.11	4,576,314.43
1992	8,420,486.51	54.17	155,441.36	30.67	4,767,614.50

CERC Electric Division 380.02 Services - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015

Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique

Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average	Service i	Life:	56	Survivor Curve:	R2
Averuge	Dervice	பாட்.	20	Suivivoi Cuive.	114

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
<i>(1)</i>	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	(6)
1993	9,381,579.95	53.73	174,598.55	31.23	5,453,112.48
1994	10,474,673.98	53.29	196,548.78	31.79	6,248,875.15
1995	10,640,990.10	52.85	201,333.98	32.35	6,513,643.55
1996	12,733,313.02	52.41	242,956.63	32.91	7,995,658.73
1997	11,831,324.83	51.96	227,680.77	33.46	7,619,230.60
1998	13,387,700.57	51.52	259,872.98	34.02	8,839,923.47
1999	14,169,777.80	51.06	277,490.25	34.56	9,591,188.68
2001	17,244,255.12	50.14	343,916.87	35.64	12,257,460.44
2002	28,351,605.92	49.67	570,831.12	36.17	20,645,385.81
2003	13,196,351.52	49.18	268,306.51	36.68	9,842,520.19
2004	17,490,114.67	48.69	359,229.39	37.19	13,358,976.64
2005	20,056,335.25	48.18	416,314.68	37.68	15,685,031.11
2006	20,688,049.75	47.64	434,219.39	38.14	16,562,965.59
2007	21,917,895.09	47.09	465,458.13	38.59	17,961,500.98
2008	17,172,655.95	46.50	369,277.24	39.00	14,403,076.64
2009	15,826,108.94	45.88	344,960.37	39.38	13,583,866.56
2010	18,618,149.60	45.20	411,910.68	39.70	16,352,640.88
2011	18,907,356.42	44.45	425,382.40	39.95	16,993,135.60
2012	20,809,125.98	43.59	477,366.54	40.09	19,138,343.08
2013	23,161,142.62	42.57	544,096.30	40.07	21,800,901.88
2014	30,470,733.98	41.24	738,933.75	39.74	29,362,333.35
2015	38,488,156.95	39.12	983,907.96	38.62	37,996,202.97

380.02 Services - Plastic

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Aver	age Service Life:	56 Survivor Curve: R2			
Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Total BG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ELG	520,969,209.61	48.43	10,756,845.34	35.54	382,348,635.94
Total ALL	520,969,209.61	48.43	10,756,845.34	35.54	382,348,635.94
Less F.Y.	0.00				
12/31/2015	520,969,209.61				

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1949	537.49	74.93	7.17	8.43	60.47
1950	593.38	74.28	7.99	8.78	70.16
1951	653.05	73.64	8.87	9.14	81.02
1952	716.70	72.99	9.82	9.49	93.15
1953	784.42	72.34	10.84	9.84	106.66
1954	856.35	71.68	11.95	10.18	121.66
1955	932.68	71.03	13.13	10.53	138.29
1956	1,013.51	70.38	14.40	10.88	156.68
1957	1,098.98	69.73	15.76	11.23	176.97
1958	1,189.26	69.08	17.22	11.58	199.31
1959	1,284.48	68.43	18.77	11.93	223.86
1960	1,661.97	67.77	24.52	12.27	300.99
1961	9,363.04	67.12	139.49	12.62	1,760.96
1962	10,541.26	66.48	158.57	12.98	2,057.58
1963	11,493.88	65.83	174.61	13.33	2,327.09
1964	12,514.18	65.18	191.99	13.68	2,626.62
1965	67,584.47	64.54	1,047.25	14.04	14,698.45
1966	100,266.48	63.89	1,569.34	14.39	22,584.22
1967	115,944.25	63.25	1,833.18	14.75	27,035.26
1968	123,940.97	62.61	1,979.70	15.11	29,905.16
1969	124,911.32	61.97	2,015.83	15.47	31,175.26
1970	137,971.72	61.33	2,249.82	15.83	35,605.06
1971	126,327.63	60.69	2,081.61	16.19	33,696.01

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	(6)
1972	122,483.37	60.05	2,039.68	16.55	33,757.22
1973	138,708.19	59.41	2,334.61	16.91	39,487.44
1974	119,931.19	58.78	2,040.39	17.28	35,255.07
1975	125,610.24	58.14	2,160.33	17.64	38,116.78
1976	104,899.09	57.51	1,824.02	18.01	32,850.27
1977	828,336.17	56.88	14,563.87	18.38	267,627.25
1978	264,441.70	56.24	4,701.81	18.74	88,123.84
1979	234,810.98	55.61	4,222.55	19.11	80,687.90
1980	326,831.80	54.97	5,945.12	19.47	115,779.97
1981	362,089.94	54.34	6,663.41	19.84	132,202.35
1982	442,496.03	53.70	8,239.51	20.20	166,472.50
1983	479,077.42	53.07	9,027.79	20.57	185,674.21
1984	532,183.37	52.43	10,150.77	20.93	212,434.01
1985	473,725.39	51.79	9,147.70	21.29	194,720.53
1986	690,905.11	51.14	13,509.57	21.64	292,372.69
1987	736,469.57	50.49	14,585.28	21.99	320,789.01
1988	406,958.52	49.84	8,165.00	22.34	182,421.09
1989	511,153.43	49.18	10,392.49	22.68	235,752.38
1990	613,261.82	48.52	12,638.77	23.02	290,973.09
1991	802,845.61	47.85	16,777.37	23.35	391,800.12
1992	860,835.50	47.18	18,247.29	23.68	432,024.25
1993	913,878.30	46.49	19,657.23	23.99	471,590.54
1994	897,275.05	45.80	19,593.18	24.30	476,021.72

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

ELG Vintages - 1900 And Subsequent

Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(4) (5)	
1995	1,908,582.52	45.09	42,329.40	24.59	1,040,829.81
1996	830,193.65	44.37	18,710.78	24.87	465,333.36
1997	937,114.48	43.64	21,475.56	25.14	539,816.65
1998	964,352.96	42.89	22,485.99	25.39	570,848.13
1999	1,729,537.35	42.12	41,062.87	25.62	1,052,000.02
2000	452,911.51	41.33	10,958.15	25.83	283,060.24
2001	788,724.06	40.52	19,465.19	26.02	506,478.87
2002	1,560,084.60	39.68	39,314.34	26.18	1,029,341.03
2003	924,222.11	38.82	23,810.88	26.32	626,586.13
2004	781,555.94	37.91	20,613.82	26.41	544,496.96
2005	510,033.22	36.97	13,794.14	26.47	365,194.76
2006	316,578.73	35.99	8,796.21	26.49	233,014.70
2007	1,099,043.58	34.95	31,442.74	26.45	831,780.26
2008	1,019,275.63	33.86	30,107.09	26.36	793,472.48
2009	2,394,045.74	32.68	73,257.28	26.18	1,917,873.45
2010	2,125,869.64	31.41	67,682.66	25.91	1,753,614.99
2011	1,676,126.55	30.01	55,844.49	25.51	1,424,826.35
2012	411,245.65	28.45	14,456.44	24.95	360,648.13
2013	65,030.04	26.62	2,442.49	24.12	58,923.81
2014	40,767.76	24.36	1,673.28	22.86	38,257.85
2015	108,182.26	21.08	5,130.83	20.58	105,616.85

Electric Division

382.02 Meter Installations Large

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015

Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique

Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Avera	ge Service Life:	43 Survivo	or Curve: R0.5		
Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	<i>(4)</i>	(5)	<i>(6)</i>
Total BG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ELG	32,484,867.24	40.86	795,084.18	24.48	19,464,149.96
Total ALL	32,484,867.24	40.86	795,084.18	24.48	19,464,149.96
Less F.Y.	0.00				
12/31/2015	32 484 867 24				

Electric Division

390.00 Structures & Improvements - General

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015

Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique

Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average Service Life:	<i>55</i>	Survivor Curve:	<i>R3</i>
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Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(4) (5)	
1973	33,653.67	59.30	567.54	16.80	9,533.32
1976	86,435.09	58.07	1,488.38	18.57	27,644.26
1977	16,074.98	57.68	278.67	19.18	5,346.16
1983	698.85	55.53	12.58	23.03	289.86
1990	17,338.74	53.36	324.92	27.86	9,053.30
1991	4,778.88	53.08	90.03	28.58	2,573.14
1995	146,523.95	52.02	2,816.93	31.52	88,776.92
1996	9,645.75	51.77	186.34	32.27	6,012.19
1997	30,869.83	51.52	599.17	33.02	19,785.14
1998	2,950.00	51.28	57.53	33.78	1,943.31
1999	117,107.53	51.05	2,294.05	34.55	79,255.65
2004	48,459.35	49.95	970.09	38.45	37,303.34
2007	285,098.91	49.33	5,779.12	40.83	235,976.35
2008	6,416.87	49.13	130.62	41.63	5,437.20
2009	85,522.31	48.91	1,748.41	42.41	74,157.67
2010	118,177.89	48.70	2,426.80	43.20	104,830.48
2011	224,276.53	48.47	4,627.23	43.97	203,453.98
2012	14,628,877.83	48.22	303,365.10	44.72	13,567,099.99
2013	1,120,368.23	47.94	23,369.90	45.44	1,061,943.49
2014	4,801,227.27	47.59	100,887.20	46.09	4,649,896.47
2015	7,538,920.71	47.05	160,238.99	46.55	7,458,801.22

Electric Division

390.00 Structures & Improvements - General

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average Service Life:		55 Survivor Curve: R3			
Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Total BG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ELG	29,323,423.17	47.89	612,259.59	45.16	27,649,113.42
Total ALL	29,323,423.17	47.89	612,259.59	45.16	27,649,113.42
Less F.Y.	0.00				
12/31/2015	29.323.423.17				

392.00 Transportation Equipment

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015

Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique

Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Average Service Life:	8	Survivor Curve:	S1.5
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Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1) (2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1981	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1984	31.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1987	3,655.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1993	964.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1994	7,595.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	2,430.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1997	5,022.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1999	66,949.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2000	52,384.10	16.00	3,274.01	0.50	1,637.00
2001	197,283.26	15.08	13,080.95	0.58	7,609.51
2003	64,944.22	13.64	4,760.09	1.14	5,443.13
2004	437,679.88	12.90	33,919.91	1.40	47,600.89
2005	1,068,072.80	12.16	87,805.73	1.66	146,112.65
2006	910,491.68	11.43	79,624.84	1.93	154,055.71
2007	1,306,772.95	10.72	121,864.57	2.22	270,924.12
2008	2,783,714.52	10.04	277,356.47	2.54	703,540.96
2009	2,542,270.93	9.38	270,944.33	2.88	781,132.81
2010	3,577,855.32	8.77	407,900.84	3.27	1,334,400.71
2011	4,643,156.74	8.21	565,401.77	3.71	2,098,848.78
2012	5,520,720.75	7.72	715,399.84	4.22	3,016,821.30
2013	3,339,093.78	7.30	457,515.27	4.80	2,195,305.60
2014	3,074,980.82	6.97	441,288.31	5.47	2,413,048.35
2015	5,377,709.87	6.74	798,169.76	6.24	4,978,624.99

Electric Division

392.00 Transportation Equipment

Original Cost Of Utility Plant In Service

And Development Of Composite Remaining Life as of December 31, 2015 Based Upon A Composite of BG/ELG Procedure Plus Rem. Life Technique Using December 31, 2015 Plant In Service And 1/2 of Future Year Additions

Avera	ge Service Life:	8 Survive	or Curve: S1.5		
Year	Original Cost	Avg. Service Life	Avg. Annual Accrual	Avg. Remaining Life	Future Annual Accruals
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Total BG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ELG	34,983,781.59	8.18	4,278,306.69	4.24	18,155,106.51
Total ALL	34,983,781.59	8.18	4,278,306.69	4.24	18,155,106.51
Less F.Y.	0.00				
12/31/2015	34,983,781.59				