burnout

the secret to unlocking the stress cycle

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A Guide to Using Burnout in Human Resources and the Workplace
Introduction

A User’s Guide to Burnout

“Your body, with its instinct for self-preservation, knows, on some level, that Human Giver Syndrome is slowly killing you. That’s why you keep trying mindfulness and green smoothies and self-care trend after self-care trend. But that instinct for self-preservation is battling a syndrome that insists that self-preservation is selfish, so your efforts to care for yourself might actually make things worse, activating even more punishment from the world or from yourself, because how dare you?"

- When did you last feel emotionally exhausted? What did it feel like?
- What helps you get “unstuck,” so that you can go all the way though the emotion “tunnel”?
- Does Human Giver Syndrome sound anything like your organization, where some people are expected to meet other people’s needs – especially their emotional needs – without having any needs of their own, while others are expected to ask to have their needs met?
- What is your personal “cheese”? That is, where would like to end up, after reading this book? And what is your organizational “cheese”? Where would you like the group to end up?
Part 1: Only What You Take With You

Complete the Cycle

“To be “well” is not to live in a state of perpetual safety and calm, but to move fluidly from a state of adversity, risk, adventure, or excitement, back to safety and calm, and out again. Stress is not bad for you; being stuck is bad for you.”

- What strategies help you “complete the cycle”? Are there some that work sometimes and others that work other times?

- What does it feel like to complete the cycle?

- Of the reasons we get stuck, which felt most like your life: chronic stressors → chronic stress; social appropriateness; safety; freeze?

- Stress is part of most jobs. Is completing the cycle associated with that stress also part of your job? Or does the organization expect people to process their body’s reactions “on their own time”? What can the organization do to facilitate completing the cycle?

- What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
CHAPTER 2
#Persist

“The quality of our lives is not measured by the amount of time we spend in a state of perfection. […] The quality of our lives, day to day, is measured by our freedom to choose to stay or leave. That freedom comes when we have abundance enough and safety enough to let go of what is broken and reach for something new.”

• When was a time you felt “foopy,” oscillating between frustrated rage and helpless despair? What did you do that helped?

• Often what we need is not more “grit” or motivation or “persistence,” but more help. Can you think of a time when, rather than persisting at something, you reached out for help within the organization? What made that situation different? What was the response to your request for help? Are there certain ways of asking that are more effective than others?

• If a team is collaborating on a shared, ambitious goal, how might they adapt “redefining winning” and “redefining failing” to that goal? What would happen for the team if they tried it?

• When you filled out the Redefine Winning Worksheet, how did you work out a goal that was soon, certain, positive, concrete, specific, and personal?

• What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
CHAPTER 3

Meaning

“But no matter what forces oppose you, whether it’s Human Giver Syndrome or natural disasters or personal loss, nothing can stand between you and your Something Larger.”

“Your Something Larger lives inside you.”

• What is your “Something Larger”? Is your job a way that you engage with it, to make meaning?

• In what other ways do you engage with that Something Larger, to make meaning?

• What does it feel like to lose contact with your Something Larger and thus lose a sense of meaning in life?

• Often, loss of meaning is a consequence of lack of connection – when you feel isolated or excluded from the group. Are there dynamics in the organization that make it too easy for someone to feel excluded and thus break their sense of meaning?

• What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
CHAPTER 4
The Game Is Rigged

“Seeing the rigged game isn’t a neutral experience; you’ll probably feel some feelings about it as you go through the world spotting the ways the game is rigged and the ways the world is lying to you about the ways the game is rigged.”

• How does the patriarchy (ugh) show up in your organization? (Hint: a common way patriarchy shows up is that people – especially people in positions of power – say there’s no patriarchy in the organization.)

• What adversities have shaped the way you grew? What are the “headwinds” you’ve faced?

• Now the harder question: What tailwinds have you had at your back, facilitating your growth toward the sun?

• Can you recognize the ways other people have grown differently from you? Can you see that those differences are because of their different environment? Can you see that those differences have beauty?

• When you filled out the Smashin’ Some Patriarchy Worksheet, what did it feel like to consider the ways you’re making the world better just by doing what matters to you?

• What was an important idea in this chapter, for you?
“Many of us have grown into world-class ignorers of our own needs, just as we were taught to be. We don’t even notice that we’re ignoring our needs. Our bodies are sending us all kinds of signals, but we live from the neck up, only attending to the noise in our heads and shutting out the noise coming from the other 95 percent of our internal experience.”

- What did it feel like, to read about the science that says weight doesn’t have the relationship to health that the Bikini Industrial Complex insists it has? Do you believe it? What would you lose, if it’s true?

- Learning to love your body doesn’t mean the rest of the world will do the same. How might you practice living with the tension between loving your body and living in a world that still punishes women for the shape of their bodies?

- Could organizational culture shift to lessen the impact of the BIC? For example, many groups choose to opt out of “fat talk,” “food talk,” or “body talk,” especially in cafeterias and other eating spaces.

- How comfortable and welcoming is your organization for people of size? Consider both in what ways they experience personal discrimination and whether the physical infrastructure of spaces – furniture size and placement, for example – feels good.

- What might it be like to begin a daily practice – maybe first thing when you wake up or last thing before you go to bed – to ask your body, “Hi, honey. What do you need?”

- What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
“We need both connection and autonomy. That’s not a contradiction. Humans are built to oscillate from connection to autonomy and back again.”

• Who are the most important people in your Bubble of Love?

• Trust can be broken and repaired. In a relationship where trust was broken and successfully repaired, how was the trust repaired?

• Has there been a time when trust was broken and not repaired? What could happen now, that might heal that trust?

• Which style of “knowing” characterizes you best, connected knowing or separate knowing? How about in your organization or team? What would it be like if you created more space for the other style?

• With whom, or in what contexts, can you be fully authentic? What benefits are there to being able to put on a social “mask”? What are the costs?

• What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
“Sometimes we mistake our guilt about resting for our passionate commitment to the people and ideas we cherish most. But in reality, the status quo thrives in a context where people who want to change the world believe that sleep is a sign of weakness and that rest is the enemy.”

• How well does the organization “walk the walk” when it comes to granting people the opportunity to get the rest a human body needs – both adequate sleep and adequate time for daydreaming? What would it look like to have an organization that genuinely prioritized rest?

• When you fill out the 24/7 Worksheet, what did you notice? Were there places you could insert more rest?

• How much sleep do you need? How much do you get? What obstacles – external and internal – stand between you and more sleep?

• What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
“Again and again, women describe their madwoman as an uncomfortable, even unpleasant person ... and they describe her fragility, vulnerability, or sadness. This uncomfortable, fragile part of ourselves serves a very important function.”

- What is your “madwoman” like, and how would you describe your relationship with her?

- When you did the Madwoman Worksheet, could you find the vulnerability behind the critical, mean voice? What was it like to try to befriend, rather than silence, your inner critic?

- Have you ever felt your madwoman take over in a situation where you felt something was being expected of you that was unfair? Or when you fell short of your own expectations for yourself? If you go back to that moment and ask your madwoman what she was feeling in that moment, what would she tell you?

- Imagine that your practice of self-compassion – that is, compassion for the madwoman – helped you heal and grow mighty. What would you do with that strength? How do you feel about that possibility?

- What was one important idea in this chapter, for you?
Joyfully Ever After

“Again and again, women describe their madwoman as an uncomfortable, even unpleasant person ... and they describe her fragility, vulnerability, or sadness. This uncomfortable, fragile part of ourselves serves a very important function.”

• What does it feel like, when you connect with other “givers” and give them the gift of, “You are enough”? What does it feel like to receive that gift?

• What was one really important idea in this book, an idea you’ll take away and use in your life?