IS GOD JUST?

The book of Job

What is the purpose of the book of Job?

★ An underlying assumption in JOB: _____

God ______ the righteous. God ______ the wicked.

The Question, Is God just in His treatment of the righteous?

An ______ brought by Satan. Job 1:9 "God, You cannot let the righteous suffer."

What is Satan's conclusion? Can the righteous be righteous with ______ motives?

 \bigstar IMPLIED: Job is using God for _____ gain.

The outcome: Job demonstrates God's policy is no barrier to righteousness when he continues to follow God in the midst of unimaginable loss.

- In God, Job has all he needs! -

A _____ brought by Job. "God, You cannot let the righteous suffer."

Double Retribution argues from ______ to effect. The three friends argue from ______ to cause. "You are suffering for your sin." The friends' remedy is, "______ of your sins."

★ IRONY: The friends' advice would fulfill Satan's accusation: If Job repents of sin that he did not commit so that he could be restored and end his suffering, he would be using God for personal gain.

Job asks where can wisdom be found, and asks God to take up his case!

One more friend: Elihu – moves the conversation from focusing on Job to focusing on God.

Suffering may be ______. In this way, suffering may be a mercy of God rather than the wrath of God.

God answers in two speeches, the first in chapter 38-39, the second in chapters 40-41.

God's first answer to Job is: you already have all you need in Me.

The second answer to Job is a rebuke in two parts.

First, can Job take the ______ of God and rule more justly than God can? 40:10-14

Second, can Job take the place of God and master these two beasts? Job 40:15-41:34

Job's response is to humbly submit even his ______ to God.

- In God, Job has all he needs! -

Application:

(1) Are we following God for Him or for what He will give us?

(2) Prosperity Theology in practice