At 5,300 feet, the headwaters of the Rogue spring from the slopes of the Cascade Mountains. From the boundary of Crater Lake National Park to Rogue River National Forest, 40 miles of the Upper Rogue are designated as Wild & Scenic. Downstream, the William L. Jess Dam forms Lost Creek Reservoir. After Grants Pass, the river cuts a deep canyon through the remote Klamath-Siskiyou Mountains. From the mouth of the Applegate River to the Lobster Creek bridge, 203.5 miles of the lower Rogue and its tributaries are now protected as Wild & Scenic rivers. Journeying through the Klamath-Siskiyou Mountains, the Rogue finally flows into the Pacific Ocean at Gold Beach, Oregon, 215 miles from its source.