THE RESOLUTION

Resolved: Shareholders request that the Board of Directors of DuPont issue an annual report to shareholders, beginning in 2021, at reasonable cost and omitting proprietary information, on plastic pollution. The report should disclose trends in the amount of plastic in various forms released to the environment by the company annually, and concisely assess the effectiveness of the company’s policies and actions to reduce the volume of the company’s plastic materials contaminating the environment.

Supporting statement: Proponent recommends that the report include discussion of loss prevention, cleanup and containment for all relevant categories of plastic materials released, regardless of whether they are pellets, powder, flake, granules, or other particles.

SUMMARY

Plastic pollution is a global environmental crisis, and DuPont de Nemours is a leading producer of transportation and industrial plastics. Most plastic products originate from preproduction plastic pellets, or nurdles. Due to spills and poor handling procedures, pellets are routinely swept into waterways during production and transportation, and are increasingly found on beaches and shorelines.

An estimated eleven million metric tons of plastics—including pellets—leak into oceans annually and this figure is expected to grow to 24 million metric tons by 2040.1 Ocean plastic pollution causes fatalities in more than 800 marine species from ingestion, entanglement, suffocation, or drowning.2 Pellets are similar in size and shape to fish eggs and are often mistaken by marine animals for food. Plastic pellets can absorb toxins such as dioxins from water and transfer them to the marine food web and potentially to humans through consumption of seafood.

Plastic pellets are estimated to be the second largest direct source of microplastic pollution to the ocean by weight, with more than ten trillion spilled every year.3 More than 200 pellet, flake, and powder spills have been reported to the National Response Center since reporting began. Plastic does at least $13

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billion in damage to marine ecosystems annually.\(^4\) If no action is taken, oceans are expected to contain more plastic than fish (by weight) by 2050.\(^5\)

Pellet spills create financial risk. Petrochemical and plastics companies have recently paid substantial fines for pellet releases, with the largest fine reaching $50 million.\(^6\)

DuPont is a member of Operation Clean Sweep, an industry program that encourages best practices to reduce pellet loss, but which provides no public reporting on spill incidents.

Given the severe biodiversity and economic impacts of plastic pollution described above, there is an urgent need to increase reporting on pellet spills and remediation. In the last two years, corporate peers, Chevron Phillips Chemical, ExxonMobil Chemical, Dow Chemical, and three others have agreed to public reporting of pellet spills. Such reporting is a necessary first step to the company realizing its 2030 goal to “Integrate circular economy principles into our business models considering lifecycle impacts in the markets we serve.”\(^7\)

**RATIONALE FOR A YES VOTE**

1) **DuPont de Nemours compares poorly to peers in disclosing pellet handling and spill information.** DuPont is one of the only large publicly traded plastics manufacturers in the United States that does not publicly disclose information about its pellet spills and handling practices. Six other companies already have committed to disclose this information.

2) **Plastic pollution is a growing and unmitigated financial risk for DuPont de Nemours.** Two recent US lawsuits against plastic producers and transporters for releasing pellets into the environment have cost the plastics industry tens of millions of dollars. Federal legislation is pending and Europe is moving forward with a pellet supply chain certification scheme. DuPont must demonstrate that it is handling its plastic pellets responsibly and is prepared to respond quickly and efficiently if new federal and/or state regulations pass.

3) **DuPont de Nemours does not provide shareholders with sufficient analysis and disclosure of how it effectively prevents and mitigates this growing risk.** With increased transparency of DuPont’s pellet handling practices and spill data shareholders would be assured that they are investing in a corporation that manages its product responsibly and is mitigating risk.

**DISCUSSION**

\(^4\) [http://wedocs.unep.org/handle/20.500.11822/9238](http://wedocs.unep.org/handle/20.500.11822/9238)
1. **DuPont de Nemours compares poorly to peers in disclosing pellet handling and spill information.** DuPont is one of the few large publicly traded plastic producers in the United States not committed to disclosing information on pellet handling practices and pellet spill data. Six other companies rapidly responded to investor and public concern for the issue with each agreeing to take new transparency actions in the last two years. After shareholders demonstrated the benefits of increased reporting through dialogue, only one corporation saw a shareholder vote before agreeing to take action.

Chevron Phillips Chemical, Exxon Mobil Chemical, Dow Chemical, Eastman Chemical, Westlake Chemical, and Occidental Petroleum have all agreed to make public its pellet handling practices and disclose the number of pellets that are released into the environment. Of these companies Chevron Phillips Chemical leads in pellet handling disclosure. CP Chem provides details on its internal pellet governance (including examples of internal audit sheets), states its commitment to minimizing pellet loss, and makes public its data on how many pellets are spilled, recovered, recycled, and unrecovered.⁸

2. **Plastic pollution is a growing and unmitigated financial risk for DuPont de Nemours.** Pellet releases into the environment routinely happen through large accidental events and through chronic leakage throughout the plastics supply chain. Most recently, an August 2020 storm caused the release of 880 fifty-five-pound bags of Dow Chemical branded pellets. Most of the bags ripped open upon release, dumping approximately 1 billion plastic pellets into the Mississippi River. The spill was left untreated by Dow and its hired transporter for three full weeks, leaving citizens to voluntarily organize clean-up and generating significant public outrage and media attention.⁹

There is significant public pressure to increase regulations around pellet release; 280 environmental, indigenous, and other non-governmental groups have formally petitioned the US Environmental Protection Agency to more expressly prohibit the discharge of plastic pellets and other plastic materials in industrial stormwater and wastewater.¹⁰

In the absence of sufficient corporate action some governments are in the process of expanding plastic pollution regulations. In the United States, Senator Tom Udall of New Mexico has introduced The Plastic Pellet Free Waters Act to expand prohibitions on the release of pellets into water or onto land.¹¹

Stakeholders throughout the pellet supply chain in Europe are in the process of developing a supply chain certification scheme for compliance by all plastic pellet handlers.¹² With an anticipated publication date of July 2021, the standard is expected to be adopted as a formal recommendation of the OSPAR Commission and then accordingly adopted and complied with by all signatory countries and the European Commission. As part of its Single-Use Plastics

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Directive\textsuperscript{13} the European Commission has stated that it will consider making a certification scheme for pellets, such as this one, a mandatory obligation throughout the supply chain.\textsuperscript{14} Such standard may set the stage for similar action in the U.S.

3. **DuPont de Nemours does not provide shareholders with sufficient analysis and disclosure of how it effectively prevents and mitigates this growing risk.** At present, the company provides no information on what, if any, procedures it has in place to prevent pellet spills, whether or how the company evaluates the effectiveness of these procedures, nor how many pellets are lost to the environment through company operations versus those that are produced, recovered, or recycled.

This dearth of information reflects negatively on the company’s commitment to product stewardship and increases potential brand risk for the company.

**RESPONSE TO DUPONT DE NEMOURS BOARD OF DIRECTORS’ STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION**

DuPont de Nemour’s Opposition Statement argues that its current practices for mitigating plastic pollution are sufficient, though the company cites only its participation in Operation Clean Sweep. Yet, in the thirty years Operation Clean Sweep has existed, it has never published data about the effectiveness of its program nor any quantitative reports on the size and scope of pellet spills. In fact, the former vice president of the trade group that founded Operation Clean Sweep has shared that the program was largely designed to fend off regulation, not to ensure compliance or success.\textsuperscript{15}

**CONCLUSION**

Vote “Yes” on this Shareholder Proposal seeking information on how DuPont handles pellets and its spill data.

Plastic pollution is of increasing concern to investors. The solutions to plastic pellet pollution are widely agreed upon and producers like DuPont have substantial control over, and ability to, execute them to prevent pollution. DuPont de Nemours must ensure that shareholders have sufficient information – through disclosure of its pellet handling practices and spill data – to feel confident that the company is mitigating its exposure to public and financial risk.

Shareholders request support for this proposal, which will bring increased transparency from DuPont about its intentions to prevent plastic pollution and advance the company closer to its 2030 goal to: “Integrate circular economy principles into our business models considering lifecycle impacts in the markets we serve.”

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\textsuperscript{13} https://resource.co/article/european-parliament-votes-ban-single-use-plastics-13153

\textsuperscript{14} https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/MEMO_18_3909

\textsuperscript{15} https://www.npr.org/2020/12/22/946716058/big-oil-evaded-regulation-and-plastic-pellets-kept-spilling
For questions, please contact Kelly McBee, As You Sow; kmcb@asyousow.org

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