

GENERAL HISTORY OF GREENE COUNTY.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION—GEOGRAPHY, TOPOGRAPHY—
SOIL—WATERS—GEOLOGY.

GREENE COUNTY lies on the west side of the Hudson River, centrally distant 130 miles from New York, and from the State capital 35 miles. The boundary lines are very irregular; that on the north, which is the old south boundary of Rensselaer Manor, being the greatest length of straight line (a distance of about 30 miles) to be found in its perimeter. It contains 686 square miles. The longest line that can be drawn in the county—a diagonal from northeast to southwest—is about 43 miles, while the average length is 32 miles, and the average width 20 miles. Its greatest width is about 25 miles, and it has a front on the river of the same length. The southern part is mountainous, comprising the celebrated Catskill Mountains, which reach a height of nearly 4,000 feet, and can be seen from a great distance. Other parts of the county are very hilly. From the main range a spur of mountains extends through the county in a northeasterly direction, its peaks ranging from 2,500 to 3,000 feet high. This range forms a natural boundary, dividing the county into two nearly equal parts and separating the towns of Windham, Jewett and Hunter on the west from those of Durham, Cairo and Catskill on the east. The eastern slope of these mountains, as well as of the mountains of the county generally, is steep and wall-like, while the western side falls away by a more gradual slope, and in spurs of smaller mountains and hills. The north sides of these spurs are rocky and bare, while their south sides are covered with vast deposits of drift, indicating that a great current of water once swept over them from the north. In the western part of the county a spur of mountains runs across, entirely hedging off the town of Halcott from the other towns. The valley on the west of this spur is drained by the Bush Kill; that lying between these mountains and the central range, above re-

ferred to, by the Schoharie Kill and its branches, while the country on the east of the latter range is drained mainly by the Catskill and its branches. Clefts between the mountains, through which these streams find their way are called "cloves."* These in some cases amount to wide valleys, while in others they are narrow ravines, the steep sides of which sometimes rise nearly perpendicularly 1,500 feet or more above the streams flowing through them. The most important of these are Kaater-skill Clove, Bush Kill Clove, Stoney Clove, Mink Hollow and Plattekill Hollow, all in the southern part of the county. The principal mountains lie at the nearest point about seven miles from the river. In front of them is a series of lesser mountains called the Little Catskills, (also known as Hooge-bergen or High Hills), which rise from 500 to 700 feet, and lie four or five miles back from the river. Between these and the river there are several ridges between which stretch parallel fertile valleys. The most strongly marked and important of these ridges is the Kalkberg, which lies two or three miles from the river and rises in a precipitous wall from 100 to 150 feet.

The soil of the county is for the most part a heavy shaly loam with local variations to sand and gravel. Along the valleys of the creeks there are numerous flats of heavy, fertile soil. On the rough and elevated portions the soil is so stony as to render cultivation difficult if not impossible. This is particularly the case in the towns of Lexington and Hunter. Some years ago Horace Greeley was addressing the farmers of this county and enlarging upon the possibilities of development by the aid of the sub-soil plow and other things, when he was interrupted by a farmer from the region mentioned who asked what he would do on those farms, where, by his description, he showed that Greeley's methods were ridiculously impracticable; upon which Greeley simply raised his eyes and replied "raise sheep," and went on with his address. The soil is well adapted to raising hay and grazing.

* From the Dutch word *kloof*—a cleft, gorge.

The county is well supplied with small streams, which find their way down from the rocks and mountains, and, after winding many miles among the irregular barriers with which nature has opposed their direct progress, reach the smoother waters of the Delaware or the Hudson. The largest of these, the Katskill—properly Kats Kil—which rises in a swamp in Schoharie county, called by the Dutch Eckerson Vly, and flows through this county, across the towns of Durham, Cairo and Catskill, forms for short distances the dividing line between Durham and Greenville and between Catskill and Athens, and empties into the Hudson after following its devious channel a distance of about 40 miles. Its principal tributary on the north is Potick Creek, which rises in Albany county, and coming down across the northeast corner of Greenville and the west end of Coxsackie, forms the dividing line between Cairo on its west bank and Athens on its east, joins the Katskill about five miles above its mouth. About two miles from its mouth the Katskill is joined by the Katerskil, its principal tributary on the south, which rises in the lakes on South Mountain and flows through a serpentine channel down one of the grandest gorges in all this mountain region. As it descends it makes several falls and cascades of rare beauty and grandeur. The most noteworthy of these are Haines's Falls, where the waters of the West Branch of the Katerskil dash over a precipice 150 feet high, and the Katerskil Falls where the east or main branch of the stream comes over two falls a few yards apart, the first being 175 feet high and the second 80 feet. Inspired by its beauty William Cullen Bryant many years ago wrote the poem which is so frequently quoted as not to require repetition here. Though the distance from its source to its junction with the Katskill is not over nine miles, this stream probably flows 25 miles to gain it. The Schoharie Kill rises in the southern part of the town of Hunter and flows northwesterly across Jewett, Lexington and Prattsville, draining nearly half the county, and taking a northerly course empties into the Mohawk, and thus its waters, after making a circuit of 175 miles, pass down the Hudson within 10 miles of their starting point. The principal branches of this stream are the Batavia Kill which rises in the eastern part of Windham and flows through that town and Ashland joining it in Prattsville; and the West Kill which rises in the southern part of Lexington, and flowing north, joins the Schoharie from the west. The Bush Kill, which with its branches drains the town of Halcott, flows westward into the Delaware.

The rock formation of this county furnishes an exceedingly interesting field for the study of the geologist. As we begin to investigate the character of this formation we learn that it is entirely the result of oceanic processes. The section contains no igneous or volcanic rocks. The existence of coal below the surface here is also proven to be a scientific impossibility, since the rocks that crop out here are part of strata that lie a great distance below the coal formation. Upon the bottom of the great primitive ocean, composed as that bottom was

of the hypogene rocks, granite, gneiss, mica slate and the like, there were formed by the depositing of sediment successive layers of material which became rock. To these successive layers that had their period of formation before that of the rocks of this section, geologists have given names corresponding for the most part with the localities where the different layers respectively appear. These are, in order from the bottom, 1, Potsdam sandstone; 2, calciferous sandrock; 3, Black River and Trenton limestones; 4, Utica slate; 5, *Hudson River group*; 6, grey sandstone and conglomerate; 7, Medina sandstone; 8, Clinton group; 9, Niagara group; 10, Onondaga salt group; 11, *Helderberg limestones, including grits and sandstones*; 12, *Hamilton group, including Marcellus shale and Tully limestone*; 13, Portage group, including Genesee slate; 14, *Chemung group and old red sandstone or Catskill group*. Those in italics are found cropping out in this county.

The Hudson River shales and sandstones occupy a belt one to two miles in width along the river. This group was formed in that long ago time designated by geologists as the Lower Silurian period. It contains but very few if any fossils. Following this formation there appears to have been a long period of suspension in the process of depositing material for rock making here. During this time the process was going on in other parts, but no rocks that have been discovered were formed here until the Upper Silurian period, when the materials of the Helderberg group were deposited. Just above the limestones of this group a very monotonous formation of shales is found, from one to three hundred feet in thickness. This is a formation of the Devonian age, to which geologists have given the name *Cauda-galli*, because of a sea-weed imprint of "cock-tail" form which appears on some of the beds. The fossils in this formation are few, except the apparently vegetable remains which give its name. Another layer of limestone follows this, and is called Corniferous from the circumstance of its containing chert or hornstone scattered in irregular nodules through it. It contains but few fossils. Next above this appears the Marcellus shale of the Hamilton group. This has a thickness of about one hundred feet, is black and sometimes glazed, and containing indications of bitumen it has led to the belief that coal existed below, and thus investigations have been pursued in search of that formation, but always without reward. This rock contains fossils. Its texture is soft, so that its line of outcrop has been worn away, and is now hidden beneath the glacial deposits that have since been made.

Above this black shale the rock becomes of lighter color, and runs through a gradation to a sandy composition, still containing fossils. This stratum appears in the hills which lie three to four miles back from the river in the southern part of the county. The various strata of this group are interspersed with a few thin calcareous bands. Upon this rests a series of shaly sandstones and shales known as the Chemung group. The material of this group is wanting in calcareous matter, and, except perhaps in the very lowest strata, it is destitute of fossils.

This group with the next, the Catskill group, forms the great mass of the mountains. The two groups taken together are more than three thousand feet in thickness. The latter consists of red shales and sandstones, from the decomposition of which the soil forms a reddish clay.

The various strata of the rocks we have noticed, which at first lay horizontally, were, while in a plastic condition, compressed into wrinkles or folds by the action of some unknown and immeasurable force of nature. These folds lie nearly parallel with each other and with the river. Near the river they are sharply bent, so that their sides become parallel, but farther away their acuteness decreases. It is supposed that the pressure which produced them was exerted from the direction of the river, pushing the great mass of material in a direction a little north of west. The rock strata have an average south-southeasterly dip of forty to seventy degrees. The Hudson River group, which received the bulk of this pressure, is covered by varying depths of blue and yellow clays, through which, at frequent intervals, its distorted and ragged folds break out. Besides the one just mentioned there have been other agencies, very powerful ones, at work to change the shape and appearance of the original formations that we have noticed. These were the erosion following the great upheaval of the former ocean bed into dry land, and the movements of those great sheets of ice glaciers across the face of the continent, grinding down one place and filling up another with the earth and rocks they had stolen from some far-off region.

Of all the rock formations we have noticed the Helderberg group occupies the greatest part of this county, and is of the most importance. Its thickness is from two to three hundred feet. The lower strata subdivided into five sections may be briefly described, with the fossils peculiar to each, as follows:

The Waterlime: fine-grained, even, thin bedded, light-colored; weathers whitish; dips to the west; thickness about seventy feet; fossils, *Leperditia* and *Tentaculite*.

The Lower Pentamerus: a hard, blue rock, in knotted layers, often containing blue chert; thickness about eighty feet; dips to the west; fossils, *Pentamerus*, *Atrypa*, *Rhynchonella* and others.

The Catskill Shaly Limestone: dull dark blue when freshly broken but weathering brown or gray; even-bedded, thin splitting; thickness about one hundred feet; dips to the west forty to twenty degrees; resists erosion effectively; fossils, *Spirifer*, *Hemipronites*, *Strophomena*, *Avicula*, *Dalmanites* and others.

The Encrinal Limestone: hard, coarse crystalline, frequent reddish tinge, with dull green partings between its heavy layers; layers about horizontal; contains numerous crinoid stems and other fossils.

The Upper Pentamerus: a hard, blue, crystalline limestone; thick-bedded; largely composed of shells; strata lying flat; thickness, by itself undetermined, but in connection with the preceding, with which it is closely joined, about 120 feet; fossils, *Pentamerus*, *Spirifer*, *Orthis* and *Rhynchonella*.

In the foregoing paragraphs on the geology of this county, we have been largely assisted by facts given by William Morris Davis, of Cambridge, Mass., in "Appalachia," and in Van Loan's Catskill Mountain Guide.

CHAPTER II.

THE INDIANS—THEIR HISTORY AND LEGENDS.

ONE OF THE first inquiries that suggests itself when we consider the history of a locality is in regard to its primitive occupancy. Who were the people that lived here before our ancestors gained a home on the soil; and how did they live? What was their condition, and what became of them when the white settlers took possession of their lands? Amid the obscurity which surrounds the early history of this locality we find but little positive data from which to construct satisfactory answers to these questions. The aborigines reared no enduring monuments to perpetuate to civilization the record of themselves and their work. When the first European settlers came, the land now occupied by Greene County was occupied by sub-tribes of the great Algonquin nation. Indications of their existence are not wanting. We see them in the traces of their once frequented villages, their burial grounds, their stone arrow-points and instruments of various kinds, but in these there is little upon which to found a definite account of their history or themselves.

In the early part of the seventeenth century the banks of the Hudson were occupied by sub-tribes of the two great Indian nations, the Lenni Lenapes, or Delawares as they were afterwards called, and the Mahicans. The former occupied the west side of the river from its mouth up as far as the Katskill, and west to the head waters of the Delaware and Susquehanna rivers, while the latter occupied all the east side of the river, and the west side from an undefined point in the northern wilderness down to the Katskill, and west as far as Schenectady. The wolf was the totemic symbol of the representatives of both these nations upon the territory of Greene County. The chieftaincy of the Lenni Lenapes that extended up the river to this point was the Minsis, which had six subdivisions. One of these sub-tribes was the Catskills, and they inhabited the region from Saugerties northward to the Katskill, and perhaps, beyond that stream. Definite boundaries to their jurisdiction were unknown. There are evidences that indicate that their claim to lands as far north as Coxsackie Creek was admitted. It appears, however, that they held no lands beyond the ridge of the Katskill Mountains, the Schoharie Valley being the ground of the Mohawks. The Catskill Indians were spoken of by Hudson as a "loving people," and otherwise seemed to have the reputation of a very peaceable clan. In 1663, their Chief was known as Long Jacob; and their sachem in 1682 was Mahak Niminaw. The Warranawongks, another sub-division of the Minsis, and the most numerous of all joined them on the

south. The particular chieftaincy of the Mahicans that occupied the valley of the Hudson was divided into five or more sections or sub-tribes. Of these the Mechkentwoons occupied the territory "above the Katskill and on Beeren or Mahican Island."

We have little evidence to show that the Indians of this territory played a very conspicuous or active part in the wars between the Mohawks and the Mahicans that waged for many years during the period of European discovery and settlement. The Catskill Indians were no doubt associated with the other sub-tribes of their nation in resisting the Mohawks. A tradition comes down to us that once upon a time, the representatives of the two great powers—Iroquois and Mahicans—met in great numbers upon the island now called Rogers Island,* and there engaged in bloody conflict for the supremacy over the river. The result, as the tradition goes, was a victory, complete and lasting for the former, or more definitely for the Mohawks, they being the particular tribe of the Iroquois confederation engaged in this conflict. When it took place we are not told. The Mohawks, whatever may have been their triumphs, never laid claim to the lands bordering the river here.

The history, habits, manners and religion of the Indians who occupied this ground were the same generally as those of the nations to which they belonged. They selected for their habitations the rich flats bordering the streams, and probably seldom ventured upon the mountains. The fish in the river and its tributary creeks and the game with which the forests of the plains and lesser hills abounded, together with the products of the fertile soil which they cultivated gave them an abundant livelihood, and there was little in the waste of rocks and inaccessible steeps to attract them thither. They lived in circular wigwams, generally in single families. These wigwams, ten or twelve feet across them, were formed of poles set up in circular form and the top drawn together, after which the frame-work was covered with barks and skins. They had a custom of setting the woods and meadows on fire in autumn, at "Indian summer" time. Their strong-holds were circular forts, built upon commanding elevations at important points. These forts were usually enclosures, containing about an acre, surrounded by palisades 12 or 15 feet high, and within were filled with wigwams. The hoes with which they planted and cultivated their corn were made of the shoulder-blades of the deer or moose, or clam shells, fastened to a handle. It is said that they sometimes used fish as a fertilizer, (though we do not see the necessity of that), and that their corn-fields were often several acres in extent. Besides corn, they also raised squashes, tobacco, beans and sunflowers.

Swiftly and surely they faded out, before the poisonous breath of civilization and "fire-water," and there is nought left to speak of their existence but the ashes of their homes, their own decaying bones and the fragments of their stone implements that here and there protrude from the disturbed soil.

* Wanton Island, several miles below Catskill, has also been made the scene of this battle.

Of the few legends that are preserved concerning them, we have only room for the following, which is the substance condensed from recollections of a recital of it made forty years ago by a descendant of the old Dutch settlers:

"About the time of the settlement of this vicinity, there lived an Indian chief who bore the name Shandaken, who is said to have occupied, during the warm season, the table rock upon which the Mountain House, on Pine Orchard, stands. This old chief had an only daughter, whose beauty excited the admiration of all the young braves and the envy of all the squaws in the neighborhood. Lotowana, for that was her name, was sought for by many a warrior of high rank in the circles of the forest. But the proposals, which were frequently made to Shandaken for the hand of his daughter, were uniformly rejected, for she was already betrothed to a young chief of the Mohawks. Among those who were captivated by the charms of Lotowana was Norsereddin, who boasted descent from an ancient race of Egyptian kings, and who lived somewhere upon the banks of the Katskill. This young man had little to recommend him to the favor of any one, either in possessions or character. Haughty, morose, unprincipled, cruel and dissipated, he still possessed an invincible determination to accomplish his purposes that recoiled not from the use of any means that lay within his reach. This graceless man had been moved to attempt the conquest of Lotowana's heart, simply by a banter of a Dutchman at a primitive tavern, where they were enjoying the sweets of the proverbial beer and pipe. The Dutchman had offered to wager 1,000 pieces of crown gold that Norsereddin could not win the affection of Lotowana from her troth, and although the proud Egyptian scorned the regard of the Indian girl, he declared that he would take the wager and make the one who offered it rue his presuming folly.

"Norsereddin repaired at once to the mountain and spent six months in hunting, fishing and shooting with Shandaken, improving the while every opportunity to engage the favor and confidence of the chief and his people. By his seductive manners he was able to make fair progress as far as the chief and others were concerned, but with the dusky damsel he was assured by no such measure of success. In fact, while he evidently failed to awaken any tender regard for himself in the heart of the girl, he found to his chagrin that his own heart was becoming enchanted by her winning graces. So now Norsereddin had a double stimulus to the prosecution of his design, a thousand crowns of gold and a wife, that if he could not introduce with pride to the circle of his Egyptian friends, he could take delight in here amid the seclusion of the new world. He at last asked for the hand of Lotowana, but great was his mortification when he found himself rejected. Repeated assertions of his love, which were now made in all sincerity, were met by steadfast refusal, until his wounded spirit was aroused to its former imperious and haughty mien, but to his remonstrances the old chief replied: "Go, my

son, there are smiles for thee among the daughters of thine own race, they are fair, and will rejoice in thy coming. The child of the red men would not forget her home. She has been nursed amid the voices of the forest, and the tall trees have cast their shadows upon her soul as over a pure stream. The music of their leaves has lulled her for many moons, and her heart is full of their strange language. Her dreams have been haunted with the croak of the raven and the scream of the panther, and still she has slept in security under the branches of the tall oak, until the images of the forest have become as a part of her own being—she would not forget them, and would sigh to return. Let my son but reflect, too, that the sunlight of her spirit falls towards the camp of the Mohawk, and its shadow, even now, darkens in his own pathway. The light of the glad sun, which proceedeth outwards continually, is the truth of the Manitou, carrying joy to the hearts of his people. It returns not, like a false light, ere it has fulfilled its promise, but goes on into the darkness beyond the world, gladdening it with hope. Shandaken would have his word like the truth of the Manitou. It has sown joy in the heart of one, let it not return unfulfilled, that the finger of scorn should point at him, and shame come upon him in his old age."

Norsereddin in reply attempted to justify the breach of honor which he had urged Shandaken to commit, but this only called out a more indignant reply from the chief. Finding himself hopelessly foiled, the Egyptian became enraged and attempted to strike down the chief upon the spot, but Shandaken hurled him away with such force that he fell upon the rock almost insensible, and the Indians who were near, following up the movement, drove Norsereddin from the camp. The latter now vowed revenge, and gave his mind to the conception of a plan, which, having devised, he forthwith proceeded to put into operation.

By the help of an old domestic he obtained the fang of a serpent, and securing it upon a piece of wire, he arranged it in a very pretty little box in such a way that when the box should be opened the wire would spring out and strike the fang into the hand of the person holding it. To make its work doubly sure and effective he charged the point also with some powerful mineral poison. Thus provided he set out for the Indian camp on the day preceding that set for the marriage festival of the lovely Lotowana with her Mohawk chief.

The summer was in its full bloom of richness, and nature smiled in the freshness of her garb of verdure and hazy purple. Every feature of the landscape seemed to flush with conscious joy, but the heart of Norsereddin comprehended it not, for it was absorbed in the execution of a diabolical purpose of revenge. On reaching the mountain he greeted Shandaken with this cunningly devised address: "Brother, I have come far this morning to greet you with the words of kindness. Let us be friends. It is not meet that you, who are a prince among your people, and I, who am the scion of a race of kings, should be at enmity or war. If I have done any thing that

has offended you, forgive my rashness, and charge it rather to the sudden heat of blood than any settled purpose to do you wrong. The Dawn of Day was beautiful, exceedingly—I was blind and frenzied—that passion is now dead, or lives only in my recollection of its folly. Let us forget the past, and as we once were so let us be friends again. Here is a casket, and there are jewels in it that would grace a diadem. I have brought them for Lotowana, the loved child of the Wabinga chieftain, ere she departs from the wigwam of her father. Let her accept them as a peace offering from her brother, so shall he remember her with gratitude, and invoke a blessing on her in her new home. Go, give them to the maiden, and I will depart with the breath of peace upon my lips."

To this Shandaken replied: "It rejoices our hearts that our brother says peace. We harbor no evil against the pale-face—he is our friend; and as the mist of the morning fades before the sunlight, so melts our anger before the smiles of our brother. We accept the gift he has brought for the young maiden, as a pledge of his friendship, and are glad that he will bury his anger. It is good—let there be peace, so shall we think of him with kindness; and when he departs from us our blessing will follow him."

Norsereddin, having delivered his message, retired without delay, while the chief went to deliver the casket to his daughter. She at once opened it, and in doing so was wounded by the fatal dart. Screaming with pain she called her father, who examined the infernal machine and saw through the scheme of which they had been made the victims. So effectual was its action that, notwithstanding all possible efforts were made to counteract the poison, the expectant bride in a few minutes lay dead at the feet of her father. Twenty warriors at once set out in pursuit of the wretched deceiver. Mounted on trusty horses, they sped down the mountain side and across the slopes with the swiftness of the whirlwind. But little did they gain on the fleet-footed charger of Norsereddin until the latter, when near the Kalkberg, stumbled and fell. To extricate himself from the entanglement of this position and remount took time that gave the pursuers advantage, and before he could regain his flight he was overtaken. The Indians now pinioned him, placed him on his horse, and proceeded with him back to their camp. A consultation was held and it was decided that he should be committed to the flames. The spot selected was upon the flat rock in Pine Orchard, but a few feet from the edge of the precipice. Overwhelmed by the prospect of death before him, he plead wildly for mercy, but he plead in vain. The pile of fagots was prepared, the victim thoroughly bound and placed upon it, and the torch applied. As the hungry flames which were his winding sheet, lapped around the body of the helpless wretch and intensified the surrounding darkness, the savages danced around it, while their shouts of exultation mingled with the wails that the agonies of death wrung from the victim of his own revenge.

The body of Lotowana was buried amid the mourning of her friends; and on the following day Shandaken removed from the spot, to which he never more returned; while the ashes of Norsereddin were left upon the rock untouched, to be scattered hence by the four winds of heaven.

CHAPTER III.

DISCOVERY AND SETTLEMENT.

HENRY HUDSON was one of those ambitious navigators who were ready to sacrifice their ease, and even their lives, in the exciting enterprise of searching for the northwest passage to the Indies. A native Englishman, the early part of the seventeenth century found him in the employ, first of the London Company, and after that company had abandoned the enterprise, then engaged with the Dutch East India Company. Under the latter's commission, he left Amsterdam in the "Half Moon," a ship of about eighty tons capacity, and on the 4th of April, 1609, sailed for the New World. He arrived on the "banks" of Newfoundland early in July, and for two months cruised along the coast, looking for some opening that would promise to admit him to the Indian sea beyond.

How easy it is for us, in the light of the present day, to smile at the unavailing enthusiasm of Hudson and the folly of his scheme! But as this voyage brought the first European discoverer to the lands of this county, and to the rock-ribbed hills that lift their eternal heads into the azure depths of heaven, and the first white navigator that ever sailed up the majestic river that washes cove and point along twenty-five miles of the county border, we shall notice with interest the account of that first voyage up the river, as we gather its substance from the journal of Hudson.

After entering the Chesapeake and Delaware bays, he returned to New York Bay and anchored there on the evening of the 3d of September. After remaining there several days, he started on the 12th, to explore the river. On the morning of the 13th, with a clear, northerly wind, they weighed anchor and sailed four miles. As the ship lay at anchor, four canoes came off to them bringing oysters, which the crew bought for trifles, but did not allow the Indians to come aboard. Here Hudson found the variation of the compass to be 13 degrees. In the afternoon they sailed up on the flood tide, seven and a half miles further. Here they anchored and lay all night in five fathoms of water, and found "soft, ozie ground." On the following morning, (14th), with fair weather and a southeast wind, they sailed up the river 36 miles, passing through a "streight between two points," (the Highlands, just below Peekskill), "and it trended northeast by north one league," with high land on both sides. Then they sailed northwest a "league and a half," then northeast by north five miles, then northwest by north six miles, which brought them to the

neighborhood of what is now Cornwall Landing. Here they found the shores high and mountainous, the water varying in depth from five to fourteen fathoms, and the river full of fish. On the morning of the 15th, a mist hung over the river, but the sun dispelled it, and the "Half Moon" spread her wings to a south wind, and sailed up 60 miles, passing, on the way, the Catskill Mountains. Here, the record says, they found "great store of salmons in the river," of which they caught great numbers. That morning two Indians, whom they had taken prisoners, escaped out of a port and swam ashore. At night they anchored just above the present site of Athens. Here they were visited by Indians, probably the Catskill Indians, by whom they were well used. These Indians they found to be a "very loving people," and among them many old men. On the following day, (16th), the savages came aboard the ship, having, it seems, gained the confidence of Hudson and his crew to such an extent that they allowed them to enter the vessel. This morning they attempted to fish, but the Indians had been paddling about with their canoes during the night and frightened the fish away. Here the ship lay at anchor all day, and the Indians brought them corn and tobacco and pumpkins, or perhaps, more properly, squashes. These the crew bought for some trifling articles they had with them. After filling their water vessels, they weighed anchor at night, and sailed up six miles further, where finding the water growing more shallow, they anchored and lay till morning. The 17th brought them a clear, hot day. In the morning they set sail, and passing the islands that obstruct the river from New Baltimore upward, sailed eighteen miles and ran aground. This point was probably just above Castleton, perhaps half way between there and Albany. After grounding the second time and heaving off, they cast anchor and lay all night and the next day. Here the mate of the ship went ashore with an Indian chief who took him to his home and treated him kindly. Just before noon, on the 19th, they weighed anchor and sailed up six miles further, where they found better water, probably just above the present site of Albany. Here the ship lay at anchor until the 23d, during which time the mate, with four men in a small boat, explored the river about 25 miles further up, but finding they had reached the head of navigation, no attempt was made to run the ship any further.

While the ship lay here, Hudson and his crew had an opportunity to trade with the Indians and study their character. They came aboard in great numbers, bringing grapes, pumpkins and beaver and other skins which were bought for beads, knives and hatchets. On the 21st, the carpenter went ashore, cut a tree and made a fore-yard. While the ship lay here, some of the officers amused themselves by experimenting upon the Indians with liquor, as the journal says, to see "whether they had any treachery in them." So they took them into the cabin and gave them wine and aqua-vitæ until they were all merry. In the end, one of them who had been on board all the time the ship lay there, became drunk.

This was new to the savages, and they did not know how to understand the strange condition of their comrade. They went ashore, but some of them returned bringing "stropes of beads," which they gave him. This, doubtless, was to break the spell which they supposed the evil spirit had fastened upon the man. However, the spell was not broken, and he lay asleep all night. The next day, about noon, the savages came aboard and found their associate all right again. They were so well pleased with this, that they returned, and at about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, came aboard and brought tobacco and beads and gave them to the master, and made an oration to him, and brought a great platter of venison, and caused him to eat with them, and after showing him all the country round about, they made him reverence and departed, all except the old man who had been drunk.

On the 23d the Half Moon started on her return trip down the river. Weighing anchor at 12 o'clock she sailed down about six miles, when she struck a shoal, and had to remain there until the swelling of the tide helped her off. When they gained deep water they anchored and lay all night. On the 24th they had fair weather and a northwest wind. Sailing down the river they ran aground on a flat in the middle of the river. This was probably the flat that lies between Hudson and Athens. At 10 o'clock at night they were able to get the ship off, and anchor in deep water. While the ship lay here aground the men went ashore and gathered chestnuts. On the 25th they had fair weather but a southerly wind, so they rode at anchor and went on shore to look at the land on the west side of the river, probably about the present site of Athens. Here they found "good ground for corne, and other garden herbs, with great store of goodly oakes, and walnut trees, and chestnut trees, ewe trees, and trees of sweet wood in great abundance, and great store of slate for houses, and other good stones." The next day the wind continued southerly, and the carpenter and master's mate and four other men went ashore to cut some wood. A party of Indians from the place where they found the "loving people," generally supposed to have been Catskill Indians, came to the vessel in two canoes this morning. The old man who had become so attached to the ship and her crew while they lay at anchor above was with them. He had somewhere left the ship and gone out to seek his acquaintances, and brought them to see the wonderful ship and the wonderful people on board of it. The party consisted of the old man and another old man, who seemed to be a chief, and their wives and two girls of sixteen or seventeen years, "who behaved themselves very modestly." Hudson gave one of the old men a knife, and he in return gave him some tobacco. The old man brought Hudson some beads, and was invited by him to take dinner with him. After dinner the Indians departed, giving Hudson an invitation to come down to where they lived, which they said was only two leagues below. As they passed the place where the Indians lived, on the following day, the old man came again to

them and desired them to anchor and come ashore, but the wind being fair Hudson would not stop. The record states that the old man turned away sorrowful at the departure of the ship. Having with considerable difficulty and delay got off the flats at Athens they had a fair wind from the northward, and were able to make about eighteen miles that day, when the wind changing to south-southwest about five o'clock in the afternoon they anchored. They were now about opposite the present site of Saugerties. Here they went fishing and caught a few "Mulletts, Breames, Bases and Barbils." On the 29th the wind was south and southwest, and they were able to make slow progress. Reaching a point about opposite the present site of Kingston they anchored. Here the Indians came off to the ship and brought "Indian wheat," probably corn, which Hudson's men bought. In the afternoon they sailed down and anchored against "the edge of the mountaines." On the 30th they rode at anchor and the Indians came aboard and brought skins, which they sold to Hudson's men for knives and other small articles. This, Hudson says, is a pleasant place to build a town. The Indians also brought to them specimens of the rock which they saw on the banks.

On the 1st of October occurred one of those incidents which show how little conscience Hudson's men had in regard to taking the life of an Indian. One of the latter paddled up under the stern of the ship, and climbing up on the rudder to the cabin window, stole a pillow, two shirts and two bandoleres. The master's mate thereupon took a gun and shot and killed him. As might have been expected this act created consternation among the other Indians that were about the ship, who fled with precipitate haste, some not even entering their canoes, but leaping into the water. In the midst of the confusion the ship's boat was manned and the stolen property recovered. While the men were doing so one of the Indians while struggling in the water near the boat seized hold of it, probably to save himself from drowning, but as the journal states, "thinking to overthrow it." The cook drew his sword and cut one of his hands so that he fell off and drowned. These inhuman acts very justly excited the resentment of the Indians, who followed the ship down the river, and in company with one of the young men whom Hudson had taken on the voyage up the river, and who had escaped, approached the ship. The crew were now very naturally suspicious, and would not allow any of the Indians to come on board. A party now approached the vessel in two canoes and shot arrows at the stern, whereupon the men fired six muskets from the ship and killed two or three of the Indians. Then about a hundred of them gathered on a point of land, perhaps to see the majestic ship pass, but as the journal insists, "to shoot at us." Without, however, waiting to give them a chance to manifest such an intention, if such they entertained, Hudson shot a falcon at them and killed two. The others then fled to the woods. Then a little later a canoe with nine or ten Indians in it approached the ship. Without intimating

that they showed any hostile intentions, Hudson says: "So I shot at it also a falcon, and shot it through, and killed one of them. Then our men, with their muskets, killed three or four more of them." This was sufficient to drive the Indians away from the vessel. The record does not show that they were troubled any more by the approaches of the Indians on their voyage down the river. On the morning of the 4th of October they reached the "great mouth" of the river, and then the journal says: "We took in our boat and set our mayne sayle and spirit sayle, and our top-sayles, and steered away east-southeast, and southeast by east, off into the mayne sea." The expedition arrived at Dartmouth, England, November 7th 1609.

By this exploration this territory, with all that through which the Hudson runs, was taken possession of by the Dutch. In 1614 forts were built at New York, Rondout and Albany, but no attempt was made to establish any kind of a footing within the present limits of Greene county until many years later.

When we turn back two hundred years and more, to look at the history of settlement in a locality so barren of any positive historical data as this, we find ourselves in the midst of almost impenetrable darkness. There were no organized efforts at settlement here. Occasionally a Dutchman ventured to buy of the peaceable Indians who infested this region the right to use a patch of their ground, and then some sort of permit from the Knickerbocker governor or director completed his title, and he took his chances in the midst of the wilderness, which we may well imagine, presented powerful attractions in the beautiful landscapes, but more practically in the rich flats of virgin soil, and the fish abounding streams and game infested woods. Up to 1650, but little had been done toward settlement along the river. Brandt Van Schlechtenhorst, Commissary of Van Rensselaer, the patroon had purchased of the squaw chief Pewasck and her son Supahoof, April 19th 1649, a tract on the Katskill, including three rich flats, and a few others had probably attempted to make individual settlements. The Dutch evidently had no idea of founding a democratic settlement. They had an ambition to become lords of extensive tracts, and through the influence of this class all persons were forbidden to buy lands of the natives without consent of the Director and Council. Some exceptions seem to have been made here, however, so that grants free from any feudal patronage were issued to individuals in the name of the Dutch West India Company. But the Dutch had no ambition for an organized settlement. Those who did not aspire to rule were content with their ease, and saw no charm in the association of citizens of equal rank for purposes of local self-government.

Jonathan W. Hasbrouk, in his collection of early history, printed in Sylvester's *History of Ulster County*, says of the general conditions surrounding the first settlements in this region:

"The nearest settlement antedating that of the town of Kingston, of which we have an authentic record, was Katskill. During the year

1643, Adriaen Van Der Donck, sheriff of the patroon of Rensselaerwyck ambitious of becoming a landed aristocrat, undertook to buy the Indian title to this section, and engaged settlers for his estate. Killiaen Van Rensselaer was highly incensed at this independent procedure of his liegeman, and took possession of it himself, claiming no one had a right to buy within eight miles of his estate without his consent. August 22d, 1646, Cornelius Van Slyck obtained a patent for it. Van Slechtenhorst, director for the former, waged a war of words about it, and settled a plantation there. Either through these would-be lords, or a desire to be independent, some few families had, in the mean time, fixed their homes on the banks of the Catskill Creek, and thus began the nearest settlement to Esopus. Harmen Vedder, Jan Dircksen of Bremen, Jan Jansen of the same place, and Peter Teunnisen were among them."

The colony of Palatinates at West Camp was among the early attempts at settlement of this region, but as that settlement was hardly within the limits of this county, it does not require extended notice here. The planting of this colony was a scheme of Queen Anne, by which she hoped to develop the resources of this country in the production of tar, rosin and other supplies for the British navy from the forests of pine which then abounded. Several hundreds of these German immigrants were sustained there by a contract with Robert Livingston. The colonization began in 1710-11, but the fare was so uncongenial that in less than ten years it is said nearly the whole colony had gone away and found for themselves homes in the wilds of the Schoharie region or the Mohawk Valley.

But little progress was made for a century or more. This was the century of the Dutch predominance. Not long before the revolution, however, a tide of immigration from Connecticut began to set in. At an early period, Stephen Day from that State, purchased a large tract of the Hardenburgh Patent, embracing much of the old town of Windham, and parts of Lexington and Hunter. This was settled principally by immigrants from Connecticut. In the valley of the Batavia Kill a few Dutch families from Schoharie county had attempted a settlement, but the Indians and Tories, during the Revolution, harassed them so much that they abandoned it. Afterward, Elisha Strong, the Simpson brothers, Agabus White, John Tuttle, Jarius Strong, Solomon Ormsbee, Dr. Thomas Benham, and Medad Hunt, in 1788, settled in that neighborhood. They were mostly from Connecticut. The Dutch had previously gained a settlement at Prattsville, in which John Laraway, and his sons John, Jonas, Derick and Martinus, Isaac Van Alstine, John and Peter Van Loan, John Becker and others by the name of Schoonmaker and Vrooman were prominent.

The northern central part of the county was settled mainly by the English element about the time of the Revolution. The settlement of Greenville was made by Major Prevost, 1768; Stephen Lantman, Godfrey Brandow and Hans Overpaugh, 1774; Edward Lake, Peter Curtis, Abraham Post, Bethuel Hinman, and Eleazar Knowles, from Connecticut, 1783; and Asahel Jones and Rozel Post, from Connecticut, settled in Durham in 1788. George Stimpson, Abijah Stone, Increase Claffin, Perez Steele, Joshua Jones, William Henderson and Lemuel Hitchcock settled in the present Windham, 1790 to 1796.

In the southern part of the county we find the moun-

tain region the refuge of those who fled from pursuit. The earliest settlers of Hunter were "cowboys" who located here during the Revolution, but were driven out and their property confiscated by the Whigs, soon after. After the suppression of Shay's Rebellion in Massachusetts a number of the participants in it found their way hither in 1786, and settled among the mountains. Samuel Merritt, and Samuel and William Hayes joined the settlement in 1791. In the valley of Schoharie Kill settlement was made by Amos Bronson, Samuel Amos, Richard Peck, David and Benjamin Bailey and Benjamin Crispell in Lexington. These settlements began in 1788. William Gass, a Scotchman, settled near Schoharie Kill, in Jewett, about 1783. Others, who followed soon after, were Zephaniah Chase, from Martha's Vineyard, in 1787; Chester Hull from Wallingford, Conn., in 1789, and Zadoc Pratt, Theophilus and Samuel Peck, Ebenezar, David and Stephen Johnson, Laban, Ichabod, Abraham and Amherst Andrews, Benajah, John and Jared Rice, Henry Goslee, Justus Squires, Daniel Miles, Adnah Beach, Isaac and Munson Buel, Gideon, Reuben and Joel Hosford, and Samuel and Daniel Merwin.

Thus, individual settlements were made by the Dutch, along the river side of the present county, and, in a few instances, in the western part, up to the time of the Revolution; then the English began making settlements in isolated instances, or in small groups in the interior and western parts of the county. But in all these settlements there existed no municipal organization up to 1772, and there were no town organizations in existence here until after the advent of the State government.

CHAPTER IV.

ORIGINAL LAND TITLES—SYNOPSIS OF THE PATENTS.

THE LANDS of this county were at first bought of the Indian proprietors by individuals, generally in comparatively small parcels. Later the Indian title was obtained by the provincial government. Grants from the latter were made to individuals or small companies. No town or manorial charters were granted. We shall here attempt to give only an outline of the many grants that were thus made. The enumeration of them is probably incomplete, but the list embodies all the patents or grants of land of which we have been able to obtain any reliable information. Without regard to chronology or importance it will be more convenient here to notice them in alphabetical order.

Athens, Land under water: Several tracts of land under water at Athens village were surveyed on their applications for Oliver Wiswall and others; Marshall Jenkins; Casper Claw; Thomas Dillon; and Thomas Lawrence and others; March 26th 1803.

Aloon Grant: Three hundred acres in the town of Windham, adjoining the south boundary of the Batavia tract, were surveyed for Christian and others, March 28th 1772.

Batavia Patent: This was an irregular shaped strip of land lying along both sides of Batavia Kill, mostly within the present limits of Windham, but extending into Ashland. It contained 4,200 acres and was granted to Vincent Matthews and others April 24th 1736.

"Bake Oven" Patent: This tract lay on the west side of the Katerskill, within the limits of Catskill. It comprised 885 acres in addition to about 3,000 acres which the grantees already held under the Catskill Patent. It was granted November 27th 1771, to David Abeel jr., John Dederick, Jacobus Abeel and James Abeel.

John Bronk's Land: A tract of about 50 acres, lying on the north side of the Katskill, and bounded on the east, west and north by a "certain hill," was confirmed to John Bronk by Governor Cornbury, July 20th 1705. It lay within the limits of the Catskill Patent, and is excepted in that patent. It had been given to John Bronk by an Indian named Schermerhorn.

Barker's Patent: Two plains, called by the Indians Tagpohkight and Magquamsasick, lying on the Katskill, between two creeks, were granted to Elizabeth Barker in August (20th or 27th) 1691. The tract contained 400 acres, and lay above Potick, in the present town of Cairo.

Bronck's Patent: The original Bronck's Patent was given for a tract of land that had been bought of the Indians January 13th 1662. It was granted to Pieter Bronck June 11th 1667, and comprised 252 acres, lying between Martin Garrettson's Island and a "hook of land called by the Indians Koixhacking." A subsequent patent was granted for this, including also the north part of the tract granted to John Clute and others, besides additional land known as the Corlear's Kill Patent. This second patent was granted to John Bronck and Martin Garrettson May 23d 1687.

Butrick's Grant: A tract of 2,000 acres in the town of Catskill was surveyed for George Butrick, "late Quarter-Master in his Majesty's 46th Regiment of Foot," January 11th 1768.

Baker's Grant: Two hundred acres in Catskill were surveyed under warrants dated March 1st 1769, and March 7th 1770, for William Baker, "late Sergeant in His Majesty's 28th Regiment of Foot," September 24th 1771.

Black and Gregg Grant: One hundred acres, in Durham, were laid out for James Black and John Gregg March 24th 1775.

Beekman and Livingston: A patent was granted to Henry Beekman and Gilbert Livingston June 11th 1719, for a tract lying in the southern part of Catskill. Another patent had been granted to Henry Beekman in 1718. (See Kiskatomatje Patent.)

Catskill Patent: This is the largest and most valuable patent ever granted for lands now entirely within this county. It embraced five "great plains," called by the Indians Wachachkeek, Wichquanachtekak, Pachquiack, Assiskowacheek and Potick, with all the land included in a sweep of four miles from the outer edge of the plains in all directions. It contained 35,500 acres. The five

plains were the flats at what is now Leeds. The land was bought of the Indians July 8th 1678, by Sylvester Salisbury and Martin Garritsen (Van Bergen), and a patent granted by Governor Andross March 27th 1680. A confirmatory purchase was made of the Indians by Cornelius Van Dyke and Martin Garritsen June 13th 1684, and a corresponding patent was issued by Governor Dongan April 29th 1688. Several comparatively small tracts that fell within its limits were excepted.

Caaterskill Patent: (See Lockerman's.)

Cantine Patent: This covered $58\frac{1}{4}$ acres of land under water, on the north side of the mouth of the Catskill, granted to John Cantine by the State May 8th 1795.

Corlear's Kill Patent: This was granted to John Bronck and Martin Garritse May 23d 1687. (See Bronck's Patent.)

Clute's Patent: A patent was granted to John Clute, Jurian Tennisse and John Hendrick De Bruyn, for a tract joining upon the northern part of the Catskill Patent, May 25th 1667. (See Loonenburg Patent.)

Cockburn Grant: This was for 200 acres "at the Blue Mountains," on the north side of the Cader's Kill, granted to William Cockburn September 16th 1802.

Coleman and others: A tract of land, lying in the towns of Catskill and Cairo, was granted to James Coleman and others April 13th 1768. It comprised 2,000 acres.

Coxsackie Patent: This was the northern part of the Loonenburg Patent that had been sold to Martin Garretse, and was included in the confirmatory patent to Bronck and him of May 23d 1687. (See Bronck's, Clute's and the Loonenburg Patents.)

Darby and Tice: Samuel Darby, Solomon Tice and Ephraim Darby petitioned for a tract of $603\frac{1}{2}$ acres in the present town of Cairo, under the mountain and on both sides of the Shingle Kill, May 5th 1791.

Fullerton Patent: This contained $797\frac{1}{2}$ acres, lying in the southern part of Catskill. It was granted to Robert Fullerton February 28th 1687, and confirmed by patent to Thomas Fullerton January 19th 1692.

Fitch Patent: This was situated in the town of Windham, contained 400 acres, and was granted to Elnathan Fitch.

Frazer's Patent: A tract of 2,000 acres, now in Durham, was granted to Lieut. Hugh Frazer (or Frasier) June 17th 1765, and surveyed for him June 16th 1767.

Greene and Biddle Tract: This tract was granted to non-commissioned officers and soldiers. It lies in the southwest part of the town of Catskill.

Greene Co. Tract: This contained 108 acres and was granted to Walter Livingston, M. West and W. Morris.

Gravis, William: Two hundred acres, near the Great Imboght, were surveyed for William Gravis April 4th 1767.

Glassford, James: This petitioner asked for 200 acres adjoining the Catskill Patent, in the town of Catskill, January 18th 1769. He had been corporal in "His Majesty's 27th Regiment of Foot."

Gillaspie, John: Petition was made January 13th 1772 by John Gillaspie, "late Corporal in His Majesty's 27th Regiment of Foot," for 200 acres, in Durham.

Glevis, Matthew: Five hundred acres adjoining the south bounds of Batavia Patent in Windham, surveyed for him March 23d 1772.

Gilleland, William: A tract in the town of Windham, lying near Batavia, was located for William Gilleland February 27th 1797.

Hardenburgh Patent: This patent covers more than one-third of the county, embracing the entire towns of Lexington and Halcott, all but a very small corner of Hunter, nearly the whole of Jewett, and considerable portions of Prattsville and Ashland. It also comprehends considerable portions of Delaware and Ulster counties. Its boundaries were, on the east the watershed between the Hudson and Delaware rivers, on the northeast a line drawn from the lakes on Pine Orchard to the head of the Delaware River, Lake Utsayantha, on the northwest and west that river, and on the south a line leaving the Delaware about twelve miles north of Port Jervis and reaching the watershed before mentioned by courses south forty-five degrees east and north fifty-three degrees east. This great patent contained about 2,000,000 acres, about 140,000 acres being in Greene County. This patent was granted under Queen Anne, April 23d 1708, to Johannis Hardenbergh, Leonard Lewis, Philip Rokeby, William Nottingham, Benjamin Fanuel, Peter Fanconer and Robert Lurting. It is supposed to have been more an accident than a design that so large a territory should be granted by this patent. Its upper boundaries were described by definite points in the absence of any survey or measurement, and it may well be conjectured that the grantors had an under estimate of its magnitude. We know of no purchase by these individuals having been made of the Indians previous to this grant, but the title of the latter was supposed to have been extinguished by treaties with the Crown. This territory had been within the jurisdiction of the Iroquois nation, and they, "by many acknowledgments, submissions, leagues and agreements," had become the allies of the Crown, and the British arms had been set up in all their castles. This union of the Five Nations with the British Crown, which appears to have been entered into prior to 1697, meant to the Indians protection and strength in resisting their enemies, but to the Crown it afforded a pretext for appropriating their lands. However great the discrepancy between the intention of the Indians and the interpretation of the English Government may have been, the alliance was still further confirmed and strengthened by a treaty between the Five Nations and the Governor (Nanfan) at Albany in 1701. In 1749 a general survey of the Hardenbergh Patent was begun. In this survey it was run into lots. As this was extended toward the upper part of the tract it caused so much dissatisfaction on the part of the Indians that in 1750 the work was suspended. To quiet the Indians a purchase of this tract was made the following year. By this the Indians sold, for £149, 19 s., to Johannis Hardenburgh, the tract "beginning at the head of Fishkill, and from thence running with direct line to the head of Catricks-kill, and from the head of Catricks-kill with a

direct line to the head of Papagonk river; and thence down the east side of the said river Papagonk to a certain place called Shokakeen, where the Papagonk river falls in the Fishkill; and then up the said Fishkill, including the same, to the head thereof or place of beginning." This was dated June 3d 1751, and it was signed by 21 Indians. The upper part of this tract was divided into long lots, running from the northeast line of the patent in a southwesterly direction, extending beyond the present line of this county. Thus their length in this county was about twelve miles. (They were called Great Lots, and were divided and subdivided.) Beginning on the northwest line, Number 20 included nearly the whole of Halcott, a point of Lexington, and a large part of Prattsville; Number 21 included the eastern part of Halcott, a considerable part of Lexington, a part of Ashland, and the southeast corner of Prattsville; Numbers 22 and 23 ran across Lexington and Jewett, 22 taking in the southeast corner of Ashland; Number 24 took in the east side of Lexington, the west part of Hunter, and at the upper end covered nearly the width of Jewett; Number 25 ran across Hunter and made its northwest corner upon Jewett; and Number 26 covered the east part of Hunter.

Hammond, Abijah: A tract of land north of Batavia was granted to Abijah Hammond July 9th 1790.

Hallenbeck Patent: A tract of 1,000 acres was petitioned for by Johannes Hallenbeck, and a patent under Governor Hunter was granted for the same in 1717. It lies mainly in Greenville, but extends into Durham and Cairo.

Holland, Matthew: A tract was surveyed to him and others April 12th 1769, having been petitioned for April 6th 1768, situated in Catskill.

Hasbrouck, Elias: A tract of 200 acres, in the town of Windham, was located for this individual February 23d 1797. It lies on the Batavia Kill.

Kiskatomatje Patent: August 22nd 1718, a patent was granted to Henry Beekman, for 370 acres lying under the "blue hills," adjoining the Catskill Patent, in the south part of the town of Catskill. This grant was confirmed by patent of Governor Hunter June 11th 1719, to Henry Beekman, and Gilbert Livingston, including also an additional tract of 2,000 acres.

Koyamans Old Patent: This was granted by Governor Lovelace to Barent Peters, April 7th 1673. It was for a "kill" to the north of a place "by the Indians called Kaxkacxks," as far as the place where "Jacob Flodder did use to roll down his timber;" and the adjoining land as far into the woods as the right of the Catskill Indians extended. A condition of the grant was that Peters should erect a saw-mill upon the stream.

Loveridge Patent: The initial part of this tract was granted by Peter Stuyvesant to Peter Thumissen (Van Brunswyck) October 25th 1653. It was increased in size by an additional grant November 16th following. A patent for this was granted by Governor Nicolls May 16th 1667, to Eldert Gerberts Criniff and Harmen Harmens Gansevoort. William Loveridge, the owner in 1682, re-purchased it of the Indians with an additional tract, July

19th, and a patent for this enlarged tract was granted to his son William Loveridge jr. February 8th 1686. It lay in Catskill near the Great Imboght.

The Lindsey Patent: This covered the site of the present village of Catskill, and embraced 460 acres. It was purchased of the Indians, Cuspuwaen and others, by Gysbert Uyt den Bogaert, July 26th 1684, but a patent was not obtained until August 22nd 1738, when it was owned by John Lindsey, to whom a grant bearing this date was issued.

Loonenburg Patent: A tract, called Caniskek, now mostly in the town of Athens, was purchased of the Indians by Johannis Clute, Jan Hendrick Bruyn and Jureaen Theunessen, April 20th 1665. A patent for the same was granted by Governor Nicolls, May 25th 1667. The northern part of this, down as far as the hill Steve-sink, was sold to Martin Garretse, March 28th 1681, and was included in the patent to John Bronk and him May 23d 1687, which is spoken of under the head of Bronk's Patent, and is also sometimes called the Coxsackie Patent.

Lockerman Patent: This lay at the Great Imboght in the town of Catskill. It was bought of the Indians April 5th 1686. A patent was granted for it by Governor Fletcher to Jacob Lockerman, November 21st 1695. It is sometimes called the Caaterskill Patent.

Lydias Patent: (See Rosenboom).

Lamb, John: Two hundred acres, lying "under the Blue Mountains," in Catskill, were surveyed September 24th 1771, pursuant to warrants of March 1st 1769, and March 7th 1770, for John Lamb, "late Corporal in His Majesty's 78th Regiment of Foot."

Lowcas, Daniel: A tract of 50 acres was surveyed for him May 19th 1772, on the west side of the Kaaterskill, in the town of Catskill. He had been a private in the 55th Regiment.

McLean and Treat: (See Treat & McLean).

Matthews, Vincent, Patent: A tract was granted December 20th 1731, to Vincent Matthews, John Cornwell, Samuel Heath and Abraham Looge. It contained 500 acres in the south part of Catskill.

Meales & Hayes Patent: This was for a "Vly" or meadow, partly in the extreme southern portion of Catskill, partly in Saugerties. It was granted to George Meales and Richard Hayes May 31st 1687, and contained 1194 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres.

Maitland Patent: This covered a tract of 5,000 acres, in Durham, surveyed for Lieutenant-colonel Richard Maitland June 16th 1767.

Moore, Thomas: For him and others a tract in Cairo, was surveyed April 12th 1769, for which petition had been made April 6th 1768.

McCarty, John: Pursuant to warrants dated March 1st 1769, and March 7th 1770, 200 acres, in two tracts, lying in the town of Catskill, were surveyed for John McCarty, "late Drummer in His Majesty's 18th Regiment," September 24th 1771.

Millet, Thomas: This patent was surveyed for Thomas Millet and others March 9th 1772. It contained 600 acres, in two tracts, located in Cairo.

McIntosh, Daniel and others: Six hundred acres in Windham, adjoining the southwest bounds of the Batavia Patent, were surveyed for Daniel McIntosh and two other non-commissioned officers, March 28th 1772.

Morrison, Kenneth: A tract of 200 acres on the western side of the Kaaterskill, in the town of Catskill, was surveyed for Kenneth Morrison, "late Sergeant in the 55th Regiment," May 19th 1772.

Mushier, Jacob: Thirty acres of land under water, on the line between Catskill and Saugerties, were surveyed for him February 5th 1798.

Northrop, Isaac: To him was granted land under water at the village of Athens. Surveyed March 28th 1803.

Prevost Patent: This covers 12,000 acres in Greenville and Durham, patents for parts of which were granted to Augustine Prevost, August 15th 1765, March 10th 1768, and another the same year.

Rosenboom Patent: This was a tract lying on the north limit of the Catskill patent, encroaching upon it, west of the Loonenburg Patent, in the towns of Athens and Coxsackie. The patent was granted April 12th 1751, to Jacob, John Jacob, and John G. Rosenboom. The latter conveyed his share (one-third) to John Henry Lydias, July 5th 1751, from which circumstance it is sometimes called the Lydias Patent.

Rightmeyer's Patent: This lay mostly in Schoharie county, but a portion of it lay within the northwest part of this county. It was sometimes called Dice's Manor. A patent was granted May 6th 1754, to Ury Rightmeyer, containing 8,000 acres.

Scott, John Morin, Patent: This embraced two tracts, purchased of the Catskill Indians, in 1766, through Governor Henry Moore. This purchase and the subsequent patent included also a third tract not in this county. These two tracts lay in Cairo, one containing 3,160 acres, and the other 1,500 acres, and were granted by patent to John Morin Scott, Martin Geritsen Van Bergen and seventy-four others, January 2d 1770, surveyed May 2d 1768, and June 28th 1769.

Seaton's Patent: Sir Henry Seaton, Baronet, received a patent July 18th 1767, for a tract of 3,000 acres of land adjoining the Manor of Rensselaerwick. It is in the town of Durham.

Stewart's Patent: Two thousand acres, now in Durham, were granted to Lieutenant Walter Stewart, September 7th 1771. It adjoined Rensselaer Manor on the north and Frazer's Patent on the south.

Schoonmaker, Henry: He had a grant of 200 acres, in Durham, near Dice's Manor, July 16th 1800.

Swords, Harper & Spaight: A tract of land partly in Ulster county and partly in Hunter was surveyed for Thomas Swords, Josiah Harper and William Spaight, November 4th 1767.

Sutherland and Henry: A tract of 100 acres, lying "under the Blue Mountains," in the town of Catskill, was surveyed for George Sutherland and John Henry, "late private soldiers," September 24th 1771.

Stephenson Grant: On the west side of the Kaaterskill,

in the town of Catskill, 200 acres were surveyed for William Stephenson, "late Corporal in the 55th Regiment," May 19th 1772.

Treat & McLean's Patent: The first tract lay diagonally on the north Hardenbergh line, mainly within the town of Hunter. The second tract lay above it and was granted to Donald McLean, Malachy Treat and Neal McLean, November 11th 1768.

Ten Broeck, Cornelius, Patent: About 800 acres lying on both sides of the Kaaterskill, in the southern part of the town of Catskill, was granted by patent to Cornelius Ten Broeck, November 29th 1749.

Ten Broeck, Wessel, Patent: A tract of 825 acres, lying on the Hudson River, in the southern part of Catskill, was granted to Wessel Ten Broeck, November 25th 1733.

Walter, Robert: A tract of 200 acres, lying on the west of the Katskill, in Cairo, was surveyed for Robert Walter, October 24th 1788.

Woodworth & Van Rensselaer: A tract of 600 acres on Batavia Creek, town of Windham, was surveyed for Robert Woodworth, John Van Rensselaer and their associates, June 8th 1796.

Williams, Elisha: A grant was issued to him April 12th 1813, for several lots of unappropriated land on the mountain at Pine Orchard, now partly in the town of Catskill and partly in Hunter.

Van Bergen Patent: What is called the Third Van Bergen tract lies in the northwest part of the county, extending into Schoharie county upon the mountains. It contained 35,500 acres, and was surveyed for Martin Garretson Van Bergen and others, June 23d 1767. Another tract in Greenville and Cairo containing 950 acres was granted to the same, June 12th 1741.

Van Vechten Patents: Derick Tunisse Van Vechten received a patent for land in Catskill from Governor Dongan March 21st 1686. Teunis Van Vechten received a grant for land under water (the Katskill) opposite to his farm, September 26th 1770.

Van Bremen Patent: Peter Stuyvesant, October 25th 1653, granted to Jan Van Bremen a tract of about 70 acres in Catskill. This was confirmed by a patent from Governor Nicolls, August 1st 1668, and was afterward included in the patent granted to Van Vechten.

CHAPTER V.

THE REVOLUTION AND THE WAR OF 1812.

HAVING no organization at the time, this county, as such, could take no part in the exciting scenes accompanying the development and progress of the war for independence. Its towns likewise have left no record of their action, because they were not then organized. The people did play a part in that great drama, but most of the facts concerning their action were buried with them or have only been preserved in isolated and scattered records which have fallen into obscurity too deep for the means at our disposal to bring to the sur-

face and unite so as to give a generalized or at all complete detailed view of the revolutionary period here. The people were moved by the great commotions which stirred the hearts of the colonies, but we may suspect that the phlegmatic Dutchmen moved slowly, and many of them took but an indifferent interest in the success of the colonies, and the English settlers were here in numbers too few to bear any important part in the work. None of the battle scenes of the war were enacted upon the soil of Greene county. Neither has any strategic or demonstrative exploit been written to its honor. Its rocky and mountainous wilds afforded a retreat for those who fled from the more active fields of the war, and tradition disgraces its soil by making it the home of the traitor and the tory who instigated their Indian allies to deeds of blood as well as joined themselves in the persecution of their loyal neighbors.

But amid all these circumstances, the people of this section, the Great Imbought District and the District of Cocksackie, furnished their quotas of men and means for the prosecution of the war. We find but an imperfect glimpse of the military representation of this section at that time in the following lists, but such as they are we present them as taken from "a Muster Roll of Captain Samuel Van Vechten's Company in Collonel Cornelius D. Wynkoop's Battallion of Forces raised in the State of New York and now in the Service of the united States of America." The date immediately following the name is the date of appointment or enlistment, and in every case is the year 1776:

Commissioned Officers.—Captain, Samuel Van Vechten*, March 2d 1776; First Lieutenant, John Hooghkirk*, March 1st 1776; Second Lieutenant, John Ball*, March 4th 1776; Ensign, Daniel Evarts, April 11th 1776.

Sergeants.—Ralph Cole*, March 1st 1776, sick at Albany; Charles Shaver*, March 4th 1776; Isaac Overbaugh*, March 4th 1776; "deserted October ye 21"; Joseph Bettyes, March 13th 1776, "Reduced to Corporal June 3d"; Tunis Van Wagganen, June 3rd 1776, promoted Adjutant, July 20th.

Corporals.—Andrew Dunlap*, April 8th 1776, sick at Albany; Justus Valkeneer*, March 11th 1776, sick at Claverack; Ambrose Tuttle*, March 11th 1776; Gilbert Van de Bogert*, June 30th 1776, sick at Albany; Stephen Mason, July 30th 1776, died October 29th.

Fifer.—David Floyd*, May 12th 1776, died July 11th.

Drummer.—Elijah Manrole*, June 12th 1776.

Privates.—Moses Akins, March 4th 1776, deserted March 20th; Valentine Asten*, March 17th 1776; Jacob Asten*, March 14th 1776, "On furlo to Catts Kill"; John Barnet*, April 20th 1776; Joseph Bettyes*, "On Com'd on board the Fleet"; Atcheson Bullock*, March 20th 1776, "on furlo to Albany hosp'l; Abraham Camer*, April 3rd; Robert Canady*, April 9th, discharged May 21; William Canneff, Apr 22nd, deserted April 24th; Joseph T. Concklin*, March 9th; Michael Coombes*, March 15th, deserted May 15th; Peter Coombes* March 23rd; Peter Crapo*, March 9th, sick on furlough; David Duff*, April 14th, sick at Albany hospital; William Eavans, May 4th, deserted May 6th; Johannis Emerigh*, March 20th, deserted September 22nd; Jacob Farrington, March 22nd, deserted April 24th; William Flaghler, May 13th, deserted May 21st; Francis Flamin* March 7th, died June 15th; William

Grimesly, March 12th, deserted May 9th; James Gires, April 24th, deserted May 1st, John Griffiths, March 24th, deserted April 4th; Mathew Halenbec*, March 18th, died June 17th; Michael Harp*, March 11th, on furlough; James Halstead jr.* March 23rd, deserted October 3rd; Nathaniel James*, March 9th; William King*, March 23rd; Peter Larawa*, April 18th, "deserted April 25th, taken up July ye 22nd, now on furlough"; Jacob Livingston*, March 11th, on furlough to Albany hospital; John Low*, March 9th, deserted May 20th; Isaac Marick*, March 13th, died August 9th; Stephen Mason*, March 11th, promoted corporal July 30th; David Miller*, March 18th; John McIlmoil*, March 13th, discharged November 1st; John Mizner, March 12, discharged May 6th; Peter Ostrander*, March 11th, deserted October 3rd; Joseph Parker*, April 11th, deserted May 16th; Edward Ray, March 14th, deserted March 21st; John Roberts, March 13th, deserted April 10th; Benjamin Sammons*, March 4th, died September 24th; Solomon Schut*, March 28th; Thomas Staats*, March 6th, deserted May 19th; Francis Smith*, March 11th; Jacob Van Tesley*, March 15th, deserted September 22nd; Cornelius Taylor*, March 4th, deserted May 20th; John Taylor, April 22nd, deserted May 20th, Ambrose Tuttle, June 30th, sick at Albany; Christian Van Vorst*, June 4th; Gilbert Van de Bogert, June 11th, promoted Corporal June 30th; Jermiah Wolfe*, June 20th, deserted September 22nd; John Young*, June 15th, deserted September 22nd.

Those names marked with a * appear also on another list which is headed by the memorandum "1676, April 13th Muster'd 27 Men who Received the articles sot opposite their Names." These articles, which we have not space here to tabulate in detail consisted of a small supply of "Bagnet Slings," "Carrying Slings," "Shurts," "Shoes," "Stockings," "Hatts," "Jackets," "Coats," "Blankets," "Canteens," "Knapsacks," "Tomahawks," "Cartrich Box's," "Bayonets," "Guns," "Pair Britches," "Coats," "Hunting Shirts," "Pistle," "Fife." In addition to those marked above the list contains the following: Daniel Taylor, John Picketts, Robert Thomas, Captain Tyrenes Callens, Thomas Williams, Captain Cornelius Santfort and "Peter the Indien."

The following, a weekly return of the same Company, may also be of interest:

"A Weekly Return of Captain Samuel Van Vechten's Company in Collonel Wynkoop's Battallion."

"Ticonderoga, June 29. 1776."	
"Present fit for duty	27
"Sick in barracks at Albany	2
" " " " here	3
"Absent on command	47
"Officers' servants	1
"On recruiting service	2
"Dead	1
"Deserted	17
"Doctor's Servants	1
"Coll's servants	2
"Total	63"

When the second war with Great Britain occurred—the war of 1812—the people of this county were better organized, and perhaps more in harmonious unity on the subject. Their military powers had been developed by discipline, and they were better prepared to take an active position if called upon. But the scenes of that war were far removed from this locality, and the people

were not called upon to bear heavy burdens in its prosecution.

When it was pending, the Union Volunteers of Catskill held a meeting at the house of Messrs. Baker and Wright, in the village of Jefferson, July 25th 1807, and after an exchange of patriotic sentiment unanimously resolved to tender their services to the commander-in-chief, by their captain, Jacob Haight, through the medium of Brigadier General Daniel Brown jr. This company was fully equipped, and ready to take the field whenever it should be called upon. Captain Haight made the offer July 27th 1807. To this General Brown replied, in a letter dated at Durham, August 17th, assuring the Union Volunteers of his "warmest approbation and thanks for their manly behavior, at this important crisis of our national concerns."

The following abstract of the muster roll of Captain Van Vechten's company indicates that it was in the government service in that war, but in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, we presume they were not called into action.

Corporals:—William Horachthoop, Mathew Sayre, John Kenyon, Isaac Blanchard, Moses Waters, Jay Rowley, Robert Shaw.

Musicians:—Drummer, John Munden; fifer, Mills Carrington.

Privates:—John Ashley jr., William Ashley, Daniel Basset, Eben Beach, Richard Brownell, William Brandow, Teunis Brink, Dexter Brigham, Stephen Burgess, James Brady, Abraham Brandow, Peter Brandow, Isaiah Brandow.

"Muster Roll of a Company of Militia under command of Capt. John Van Vechten, in the 61st Regiment of N. Y. S. D. Militia, commanded by Lieut. Col. Barnabas Covva from the Sixth day of Sept. 1814 to the 10th day of Nov. 1814 in the service of the United States."

Commissioned Officers:—Captain, Gerret Person jr.; first lieutenant, John Van Vechten; second lieutenant, John Fiero; ensigns, Benjamin Sayre and Benjamin Maltby.

Sergeants:—Abraham Van Vechten, Lora Nash, James C. D. Voorhis, Reuben Allerton, Tobias Britt, William Wells.

Privates:—Isaac Cooper, Orrin Cole, Elisha Cole, Henry Conall, Horace Cantine, Jeremiah Cuyler, Egbert Dederick, Ransom Davenport, Augustus Donnelly, Nicholas Egbertson, Benjamin Echler, Wilbur Earl, Silas Finch, Jacob Ferry, Amos Finch jr., Amos Finch, Jacob Tryover, Abraham Finch, John V. Fitch, Lewis Greene, Chauncy Goodrich, Camaranzaman Griswold, John Gardiner, Samuel Green, Joseph Hedding, Thorn Heusted, John G. Hermance, George G. Vanderberg, Wines Hubbard, Jeremiah Hamlin, Stephen Hyde, Wm. Huntington, Jacob Hollinbeck jr., Pittick Jones, George Knox, John H. Keller, Jeremiah Kiderhouse, Cornelius Lee, Lucas Longindyke, Alfred Mann, Peter Munden, Hezekiah Milligan, Augustus Murray, Benjamin Myer, Ebenezer B. Morehouse, William Ostrander, Peter J. Overbaugh, Reuben Palmer, John Plank, John Pattock jr., William Person, John Phillip jr., John Robertson, William Raymond, Nicholas Rowe jr., John Rogers, Thomas Richley, Thomas Sutton, John Stewart, Albert Salisbury, Peter Scutt, John P. Sax, Jacob Sax, Henry I. Van Hoesen, William Webb, Esek Wilbur, Mathew Winnie, Jason Youngs, James Lewis, Henry Stebins, Benjamin Storey

jr., Christian Sax, John Stevens, Thomas Smith, David Stout, John Turner, Conrad Turner, Nicholas Turner, Benjamin Tryon jr., Palmer Thompson, Ebenezer Thayer, Abraham Onderdonk, William G. Van Bergen, Benjamin Van Atten, Thomas F. Van Steenburg, Cornelius Vanderzee, Martin G. Van Bergen, Smith Wright, Amasa Wood, William G. Wolvin, Thomas Burns, Abraham Munday.

"I certify that the foregoing Muster Roll exhibits a true statement of a Company of N. Y. S. D. Militia under my Command. Dated the 10th day of Nov. 1814."

"JOHN VAN VECHTEN, CAPT."

CHAPTER VI.

POLITICAL DIVISIONS—THE COUNTY AND ITS TOWNS—FORMATION AND ALTERATIONS.

THE FIRST organization of the province of New York into shires and counties was made November 1st 1683. In this division the county of Albany was to contain besides the town of Albany and the colonies of Rensselaerwick and Schenectady "all the villages, neighborhoods and Christian plantations on the East Side of Hudson's River from *Roll* of Jansen's Creeke and on the west side from Sawyer's Creeke to Sarraghtoga." This is the first definite political organization, less than the Province, including the territory of Greene county. Sawyer's Creek was Saugerties Creek, and a line running west from the mouth of that creek was by an ordinance of 1733 made the dividing line between Albany and Ulster counties, and so continued till near the close of the century.

By an act of July 3d 1718 the "Inhabitants of the Precinct of Catskill and Coxhackey, and all of the Inhabitants dwelling to the Southward of Rensselaerwyck, on the West Side of Hudson's River, as far as the county of Albany extends," were allowed to elect and be represented by a supervisor. At that time all this precinct had one justice of the peace and a constable. The justice was directed by this act to issue his warrant to the constable to notify all the inhabitants to convene on the third Thursday of August following to elect a supervisor, who should serve until the first Tuesday of April of the next year, which was the annual day for electing that officer. This organization continued until 1772, when the districts were organized with some powers that belong to towns. This had reference to keeping highways in order, raising money for the public expense, taking care of the poor, &c. The nucleus of Greene county was then comprised in two districts. This division and organization of the county of Albany was made by an act of the Colonial Legislature, passed March 24th 1772. By this act the county was divided into fifteen districts, and the two referred to were described as follows:

"That all that part of the said county of Albany, which lays to the south of Rensselaerwick District, and the United Districts of Duanesburgh and Schoharie, and to the north of a West Line drawn from the South Bank of the Mouth of Kat's-Kill, to the West Bounds of this Col-

ony, and to the Westward of Hudson's River, shall be one separate and distinct District, and be henceforth called and known by the name of Cocksackie District."

"That all that Part of the said County of Albany, which lays on the West Side of Hudson's River, and on the South of Cocksackie District, shall be one separate and distinct District, and be henceforth called and known by the Name of the Great Imbocht District."

The freeholders and inhabitants of each district should annually, upon the first Tuesday in May, elect or appoint a supervisor, two assessors, one collector, two overseers of the poor, two constables, two fence viewers, and one clerk. They were to be invested with the same powers and charged with the same duties as similar officers in the several counties of the colony had under the act of 1703, for the more perfect system of raising money for the public expense, and taking care of the poor and preventing vagabonds. The number of constables and fence-viewers might be increased by an order of the Court of General Sessions of the county.

The next change in the political lines of this territory occurred in 1788, when the dividing line between Albany and Ulster was established as "beginning at the most northerly End or Part of Wanton-Island, in Hudson's-River, and running from thence to the Head of Kaater's-Creek or Kill, where the same issues out of the southerly side or end of a certain Lake or Pond, lying in the Blue Mountains; from thence to a small Lake called Utsay-antho."

This was accompanied by the formation of two towns. These are described by the following sections of the Act of March 7th 1788, dividing the county of Albany into towns:

"And that all that Part of the said County of Albany, bounded westerly by the Counties of Montgomery and Ulster, northerly by Schoharie and Watervliet, easterly by the County of Columbia, and southerly by a line beginning at the South Bank of the Mouth of the Murderers-Kill, at Lunenburgh, and running from thence North, Eighty Degrees West, to the County of Ulster, shall be, and hereby is erected into a Town by the Name of Cocksackie."

"And that all that Part of the said County of Albany, bounded northerly by Cocksackie, easterly by the County of Columbia, and southerly by the County of Ulster, shall be, and hereby is erected into a Town by the Name of Cats-Kill."

Cocksackie was divided and the town of Freehold erected by the Act of March 8th 1790, which is as follows:

"Be it enacted," * * * "That from and after the first Monday in April next, all that part of the town of Cocksackie, in the county of Albany, which lies west of Coeyman's confirmation, and a fourth line to be drawn from the southwest corner thereof to the south bounds of the said town, shall be and become, and is hereby erected into a distinct and separate town, by the name of Freehold, and that the first town meeting of the inhabitants of the said town shall be held at the dwelling-house now occupied by Stephen Platt, in the said town."

To find a starting point for the town of Windham let us go back to the original organization of the counties in 1683. We find then that the town of Hurley was one of the original towns of Ulster county. Woodstock was formed from that town April 11th 1787. The following year the bounds of the latter town were enlarged by the alteration then made in the line between Albany and Ulster counties, which has already been noticed. Windham was taken from the territory of Woodstock by an Act of March 23d 1798, which is as follows:

"Be it enacted," * * * "That all that part of the town of Woodstock, in the county of Ulster, beginning at the easternmost corner of Middletown, in the county of Delaware, running from thence easterly to the north end of Shen's Lake; thence northeasterly, to the northwest

corner of Kingston, and the bounds of the county of Albany; thence westerly along said bounds, to the line of the county of Delaware; thence southerly and southeasterly along the same, to the place of beginning, shall, from and after the first Monday in April next, be, and hereby is, erected into a separate town, by the name of Windham; and that the first town meeting in the said town of Windham, shall be held at the dwelling house of Richard Peck, in the said town."

Another change was made by the act of April 5th 1798, which enacted "That the town of Catskill, now in the County of Albany, shall be, and hereby is annexed to the County of Ulster."

With the close of the eighteenth century the question of the formation of a new county arose, to be composed of the towns of Freehold and Cocksackie in Albany county, and Catskill and Windham in Ulster. Petitions, with numerous signatures, were presented to the Legislature, some praying for the new county, and others as urgently opposing it. The result however was the erection of the new county, which was named in honor of General Nathaniel Greene of revolutionary fame. It will be noticed that the name is written without the final e, which seems to have been the custom during the first two or three years of its existence, since which time it has been spelled almost without exception with the final e. The act of erection being difficult to find we insert it entire.

"CHAPTER LIX."

"An act to erect part of the Counties of Ulster and Albany into a separate County.

Passed March 25th 1800.

"Be it enacted by the people of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly,

"That all those parts of the counties of Albany and Ulster, beginning at Hudson's River, on the line between the town of Kingston and Catskill, running along the southeast bounds of the town of Catskill, to the northwest corner of the town of Kingston; thence along the town of Kingston opposite to the southeast corner of the town of Windham; thence to the southeast corner of the said town of Windham; thence along the southerly bounds thereof to the southwest corner thereof adjoining the county of Delaware; thence along the division line between the town and county aforesaid to the northwest corner of said town and to the southerly boundary of the town of Freehold; thence westerly to the most westerly extremity of the said town of Freehold; thence easterly along the northerly bounds of said towns of Freehold and Cocksackie to the northeast corner thereof; thence to the middle of Hudson's River aforesaid; thence down the middle of said river to the intersection of a line drawn from the place of beginning easterly on the course of the line first mentioned and then to the place of beginning, shall be and hereby is erected into a distinct county by the name of Green.

"And be it further enacted, That there shall be a court of common pleas and a court of general sessions of the peace in the said county of Green, and that there shall be three terms of the said courts, the first of which courts shall commence on the first Tuesday in May next, the second on the third Tuesday in September next, and the third on the last Tuesday in January in the year one thousand eight hundred and one. And that there shall be two terms of the said courts of general sessions of the peace, the first of which courts shall commence on the said first Tuesday in May next, and the second of the said courts shall commence on the third Tuesday in September next, and so annually on the said Tuesday in each of said months. Each of which said courts shall continue until the Saturday following, unless previously adjourned. Both of which courts shall have and exercise the like power and authority within the said county as the like courts have and exercise in the respective counties in this State. *Provided*, That nothing in this act contained shall injure or affect any proceedings, civil or criminal already commenced or to be commenced before the first day of June next, or in wise to affect the same. But all such civil and criminal proceedings shall and may be prosecuted to final judgment and execution as if this act had not been passed.

"And be it further enacted, That until further legislative provision be made in the premises the said courts of common pleas and general sessions of the peace in the said county shall be held at the Academy, in the town of Catskill, and at the dwelling-house of John R. Vandenberg, in the town of Cocksackie, in said county alternately.

"And be it further enacted, That the freeholders and inhabitants of said county shall have and enjoy all the rights, privileges and powers

which the freeholders and inhabitants of other counties in this State legally have and enjoy.

"*And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for all courts and officers of said county of Green, in all cases, civil and criminal, to confine their prisoners in the gaol of the county of Columbia until a gaol shall be erected in said county of Green.

"*And be it further enacted*, That it shall not be the duty of the justices of the supreme court, once in every year, to hold a circuit in the said county of Green, unless in their judgment they shall deem it proper and necessary, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

"*And be it further enacted*, That the said county of Green shall be a part of the middle district of this State.

"*And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passing of this act, it shall and may be lawful for the county of Albany to elect eight, the said county of Green two, and the county of Ulster four members of Assembly, and no more, any law to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

"*And be it further enacted*, That all that part of Woodstock included in the said county of Green, shall be, and is hereby declared to be a part of the town of Catskill.

"*And be it further enacted*, That all the losses which may arise from deficiencies on loans by the loan officers made on lands mortgaged, and which are situate within the said county of Green, shall be borne and paid in manner following, that is to say, such deficiency as shall arise from lands mortgaged, while part of the county of Albany shall be borne by the inhabitants residing in that part of the county of Green, taken from the county of Albany, and the like shall prevail as to any deficiency which may in like manner arise in the county of Ulster; and for that purpose the loan officers of said counties shall respectively certify the amount of such deficiencies to the supervisors of the said county of Green, who shall thereupon assess, levy and collect the same upon the principles aforesaid, and pay the same to the loan officers of said counties respectively in which such deficiencies shall arise.

"*And be it further enacted*, That the said county of Green shall be annexed to and become part of the district now composed of the counties of Columbia and Rensselaer, as it respects all proceedings under the act, entitled "An act making provision for the more due and convenient conducting public prosecutions at the courts of oyer and terminer and gaol delivery and general sessions of the peace."

We now have the organization of the county, with four towns,—Catskill, Coxsackie, Freehold and Windham. Numerous changes in the number of towns and their form, boundaries and names, were subsequently made. These we shall proceed to notice in their chronological order, giving the boundaries of those only that have been materially changed by the erection of later towns from parts of their territory.

Canton was organized from parts of Catskill, Coxsackie and Freehold, March 26th 1803. The same day the town of Greenfield was organized from parts of Coxsackie and Freehold. On the same date all those parts of the towns of Catskill and Freehold lying west and southerly of the summit of the Catskill Mountain were annexed to the town of Windham.

The name of Freehold was changed to Durham March 28th 1805, and that of Canton to Cairo April 6th 1808. On the latter date the name of Greenfield was changed to Freehold, which was again changed to Greenville, March 17th 1809.

New Baltimore was formed from the northern part of Coxsackie, March 15th, 1811.

The dividing line between Catskill and Saugerties was changed June 6th 1812.

January 27th 1813, the territory of Windham was divided and three towns erected from it. These were Greenland, embracing all that part lying east of the easterly line of Great lot No. 22 in the Hardenbergh Patent and south of the height of land between the East Kill and Big Hollow; the new town of Windham, embracing that part which lay north of the ridges between the East Kill and the Great Hollow and between Batavia

and the South Mountain settlement; and New Goshen containing all the remaining part of old Windham, that is the eastern part. The name of New Goshen was changed to Lexington, March 19th 1813, and Greenland was changed to Hunter, in honor of John Hunter, an early proprietor in the Hardenbergh Patent, April 15th 1814.

The town of Athens was formed from parts of Catskill and Coxsackie, February 25th 1815.

In 1816 land was taken from Hunter and added to Saugerties. The Supervisors, in consequence, deducted \$5,000 from the assesment of Hunter.

A part of Saugerties was annexed to Catskill, April 17th 1822.

Three islands in the River, known respectively as Scutter's Island, Little Island and Willow Island were annexed to New Baltimore from Kinderhook April 23d 1823.

Prattsville was formed from Windham, March 8th 1833. This town was named in honor of Colonel Zadoc Pratt, and comprehended that part of the town of Windham lying westerly of a line drawn from the north line of Lexington north to the mouth of Lewis Brook, up that brook and thence north to the north line of Windham.

Ashland, named in honor of the home of Henry Clay, was formed from Prattsville and Windham, March 23d 1848.

March 25th 1848, all that part of Hunter comprehended in lot No. 23 of the Hardenbergh Patent lying between the height of land between the Schoharie Kill and West Kill and extending south to the county line was annexed to Lexington.

Jewett was erected by the board of supervisors November 16th 1849, acting under the authority of Chapter 194 of the Laws of 1849, passed April 3d. The new town was composed of parts of Hunter and Lexington.

Halcott was formed by the board of supervisors acting under authority as before mentioned, November 19th 1851. It was formed from the territory of Lexington and was named in honor of George W. Halcott, who was then sheriff of the county.

A small part of the town of Jewett was annexed to Lexington November 17th 1851.

November 25th 1865, the line between Jewett and Hunter was altered by the supervisors, by extending the south line of Jewett eastwardly along the top of the mountain to the Cairo line, so as to place all residents along the East Kill in the town of Jewett.

CHAPTER VII.

THE COURTS.

THE FIRST COURT of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Greene, was held at Catskill on the 6th of May 1800. The court was composed as follows:

Leonard Bronk, first judge, Samuel Van Vechten, Stephen Day, Thomas E. Barker, judges.

The commissions of the various officers of the court were read and the following counsellors and attorneys were admitted to practice: Dorrance Kirtland, Stoddard Smith, Frederick H. Gebhard, Henry J. Brush, Isaac Hansen, Jesse Brush, John W. Crane, William Frazer, James Thompson, Elihu Chauncey Goodrich and James Pinckney. A committee, composed of Messrs. Goodrich, Pinckney, Kirtland and Thompson, was appointed to report rules for the practice of this court. They reported the following, which were adopted:

“RULES.

“1st. That a *Capias* be issued as the first process in all cases, and if not executed previous to the return, then an *alias* and *pluries*, and repeated as often as necessary, but when an attorney of this Court is plaintiff he may proceed by attachment of privilege except he is joined with others or sues in *Autre Droit*.

“2d. In all cases where a non-resident shall apply for a writ in person the Clerk before he shall issue it, shall take a Bond from such person to Defendant with one sufficient freeholder residing within the jurisdiction of the Court in the penalty of Fifty Dollars with condition for payment of costs in case costs in such suit shall be adjudged in favor of Defendant.

“3d. That the mode of proceeding against Judges, Attornies, Counsellors, or the Clerk of the Court, shall be by Bill of privilege; Except where they are sued with others filed on motion for that purpose.

“4th. That Bail to the arrest & Bail to the action be given in all cases (except in suits on Bail Bonds and against heirs, Executors or administrators) unless in case of a Devastavit.

“5th. That every attorney residing without the County & Practising in this Court, shall appoint an agent within three miles of the Clerk's Office & cause notice of such appointment to be affixed in the Clerk's Office & all rules, motions, and pleadings served and delivered to such agent shall be deemed good service upon the attorney of record, and upon default of such appointment the opposite attorney may proceed as if no attorney is employed.

“6th. That all notices of special motions shall be attended with a copy of an affidavit on which such motion is founded, & be served on the attorney of the opposite party Two days, exclusive, before the day on which the motion is intended to be made.

“7th. That no person shall be hereafter admitted to practice in this Court as an Attorney or Counsellor, unless such person shall exhibit to the Court a certificate or License by which it shall appear that he has been Regularly admitted to practice in the supreme Court, or shall produce a certificate from some practicing attorney of this Court certifying that the person so applying has served a regular clerkship with him for the full term of three years next immediately previous to such application for admission, and shall in the latter case be examined by the court, and if found duly qualified shall be licensed by the first Judge.

“8th. That all rules for Judgments in this Court be entered *Nisi Causa*, &c., but if not four days remaining in the term then *Sedente Curia*.

“9th. That the Sheriff, his Deputy & one constable at least from each Town in the County give their personal attendance in the Court every day during the sittings thereof, & that the Sheriff on the last day of every term furnish a docket of all returns made by him in such Term for the Inspection of the attornies & others having Business with said Court.

“10th. That each of the attornies of this Court shall file with the Clerk a Docket of his Rules within twenty Days after the End of each Term and that no Docket be received by the Clerk after the time so limited.”

The court adopted a device for its seal, which is described in the record thus: “A sword erect, supporting a Balance, the motto round the seal, County of Green.” A committee was appointed, Messrs. Brush, Smith and Crane, on the application of Charles Thompson for admission to the bar. On their favorable report he was admitted. Gilbert Drake was appointed crier to this court, and the following committee was appointed to make a survey of a “plat of ground for the liberties of the Gaol of the County of Green:” Joseph Graham, Benjamin Van Orden and George Hall. They made their survey and reported and their report was ratified by the court. We append the calendar of that first court.

<p>“Abram Varick “ vs. “James Rose. “Benjamin Sears “ vs. “Linus Hopson & “Lyman Hopson.</p>	<p>“The defendant by his attorney, James Pinckney, in the cause, confesses Judgment by his plea of <i>Cognovit Actionem</i> to the plaintiff for the sum of seventy-five Dollars. “On motion of Mr. James Thompson, Attorney for the Plaintiff, ordered judgment <i>Nisi Causa</i>.” “James Pinckney Attorney for Defendant in this Cause by his plea of <i>Cognovit Actionem</i>, confesses Judgment to the Plaintiff for the sum of one Hundred Dollars. “On motion of Mr. Thompson Attorney for Plaintiff, Ordered Judgment, <i>Nisi Causa</i>.”</p>
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The September term for that year was held at the house of John R. Vandenberg, in Coxsackie, but afterward it was regularly held at Catskill.

This court was composed of a first judge and several associate judges and justices of the peace. It was held in January, May and September of each year. The causes coming under its jurisdiction were very numerous. During the first four years of its existence the calendar for each term contained the following number of cases: 1800, September, 58; 1801, January, 134, May, 135, September, 173; 1802, January, 225, May, 169, September, 235; 1803, January, 257, May, 254, September, 173. It granted licenses to the ferries on the river from year to year, and established their rates of ferriage. It frequently appointed committees to survey the jail limits. In May 1804 it directed that those limits should not exceed “60 rods from the gaol in any direction.” Insolvent debtors and prisoners for debt were frequently the subjects of its action. The following persons were, during its early years, admitted to practice at its bar: September term, 1800, Ambrose Spencer, John M. Canfield, Hezekiah Burhans, Hezekiah L. Hosmer, John Van Der Spiegle Scott; January term, 1801, David Horsford, Reuben Horsford; May term, 1801, Alexander Fraser, Elisha Williams, Abraham Van Dyke, Philip Gebhard; September term, 1801, Moses J. Cantine; January 1802, Francis Pruyn; May 1802, Philip Parker, William W. Van Ness, John Champlin; September 1802, Mr. Foot, assistant attorney general, “*Ex honoris respectus*,” May 1803, Mr. Glover; September 1803, Joseph D. Monnell; January 1804, Thomas P. Grosvenor; May 1804, Amos Eaton; Robert Dorlan; January 1805, John Adams.

An amusing instance of the promptness demanded by this court is seen in the record that in 1802 Gilbert Drake, the court crier, was fined \$1.00 for being absent when his services were needed.

The number of judgments docketed in this court in 1845 was 77, with an aggregate of damages amounting to \$27,622.37. The costs on this amounted to \$1,206.80.

The following attorneys and counsellors at law were admitted to practice in the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Greene. The dates given are those on which the prescribed oaths were taken:

Caleb Day, September 4th 1821, Herman M. Romeyn, May 30th 1822, Lewis Benton, May 30th 1822, G. W. Ludlum, January 28th 1823, Allen Jordan, January 27th 1824, Gerrit Van Bergen, January 30th 1824, A. L. Jordan, May 25th 1824, J. Houck jr., January 26th 1825, Leonard Bronk jr., September 7th 1825, Malbone Wat-

son, February 1st 1826, Robert Colvard, May 31st 1826, Benedict Bagley, February 1st 1827, John Van Vleck, September 4th 1827, Edgar B. Day, September 5th 1827, Amasa Mattoon, September 5th 1827, George W. Bulkley, January 31st 1828, George White, September 3d 1828, Richard Van Dyke, September 5th 1828, Darius Peck, May 27th 1829, John Sanders jr., January 5th 1830, P. H. Silvester, September 9th 1830, Theodore Romeyn, September 9th, 1830.

The office of the first judge of the Common Pleas, which was afterward called the County Court, has been held by the following persons, who were at first appointed by the governor and Senate, but under the constitution of 1846 were elected. The dates given indicate the times of their appointment or election: Leonard Bronk, March 28th 1800; Garret Abeel, April 3d 1810; Moses I. Cantine, June 19th 1818; John V. D. S. Scott, February 1st 1821, Dorrance Kirtland, April 19th 1828; Perkins King, March 20th 1838; Lyman Tremain, June 1847; Alexander H. Bailey, November 1851; F. James Fitch, March 19th 1855, appointed to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Bailey, and afterward elected. John A. Griswold, November 1863; John Olney, November 1867; A. Melville Osborn, January 11th 1870, appointed to fill vacancy caused by death of Olney and present incumbent; Manly B. Mattice, November 1870.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

The following is the record of the first Court of General Sessions held in and for this county:

"At a Court of General Sessions of the peace held at Cats Kill in and for the County of Green on the 6th day of May 1800:

"Present,
 "STEPHEN DAY,
 "THOMAS E. BARKER &
 "WILLIAM BEACH &
 "ANDREW N. HEERMANCE." } Esquires.

"The Court opened, and after reading the Commission, no business coming before them, the Court adjourned to the third Tuesday of September next, at the house of John R. Vandenburg of Coxsackie, the place appointed by law."

In accordance with this adjournment, the court was held on the third Tuesday of September. There were present, Stephen Day and Thomas E. Barker, judges; Philip Conine jr., Samuel Reed and Peter A. Van Bergen, assistant justices; Deliverance Backus and Josiah Warner, justices of the peace. The first grand jury of this court was then organized and sworn. It was composed of the following: Andrew N. Heermance, Esquire, Foreman; Stephen Truesdell, Innkeeper; Joseph Heath, Waggoner; Peter Bronk, Inn-keeper; Richard Bronk, Yeoman; Leonard Conine, Yeoman; Philip Wosssram, Yeoman; Baltas Van Slyck, Yeoman; John Gay, Yeoman; Henry C. Houghtaling, Yeoman; Joseph Sherman, Tanner; Conradt Houghtaling, Yeoman; Isaac Platt, Yeoman; James Keeler, Merchant; William Ray, Yeoman; Peter Van Slyck, Yeoman; Jacob Parish, Merchant; Jesse Wood, Yeoman; Robert Burrell, Gentleman; Eliakim Reed, Gentleman; Wilhelmus Van Den Berg, Yeoman; Thomas Clark, Merchant; Richard R. Van Den Berg, Yeoman. After the grand jury withdrew the court adjourned till afternoon, and from time to time

until Wednesday morning, when the grand jury appeared in court with the following indictments:

"The People } "Indictment for Assault and Battery on Elizabeth Boyce. Defendant arraigned; plead not guilty: Bound by Recognizance with Jonathan Cutter.
 "vs. }
 "Benjamin B. Boyce. }
 "The People } "Indictment for Assault & Battery on John
 "vs. } Simpson. Bench Warrant Issued."
 "Michael Smith. }

The grand jury then withdrew and the court adjourned from time to time again until Thursday afternoon (Sept. 18th) when the following indictments were brought in:

"The People } "Indictment for Assault and Battery on Benjamin
 "vs. } B. Boyce. Bench warrant Issued."
 "Elizabeth Boyce. }
 "The People }
 "vs. } "Indictment for } "Witnesses,
 "Commissioners of } neglect of Duty. } "Stephen Truesdell,
 "Highways of the Town } } "Joseph Heath."
 "of Coxsackie." }

After the discharge of a prisoner from the jail the court adjourned, to meet at the same place on the first Tuesday in May, 1801. Subsequently, however, a different order changed the place of meeting to the academy at Catskill, where the court opened on the first Tuesday of May, 1801.

At this time the case of the "People vs. Benjamin B. Boyce" was brought to trial, Mr. Spencer, assistant attorney general (the title then given to the office now known as district attorney) prosecuting and Mr. Brush defending. The first petit jury of this court was sworn for this case. It was composed of the following men: Joel Tuttle, John Goodfellow, Jonas Bronk, Casper Spoor, David Rundell, Casper U. Hallenbeck, Nathan Brace, Stephen Truesdell jr., Isaac Van Loan, Henry C. Van Bergen, James Matthews and Benjamin Hine. The witnesses for the prosecution were Elizabeth Boyce, Mary Coffin and Mary Miller. The witnesses for the defendant were Stephen Truesdell and James Beach. The jury returned a verdict of "guilty of the Assault and Battery whereof he is Indicted," whereupon the court passed sentence that he pay a fine of \$25.

The next case taken up was "The People vs. Elizabeth Boyce," indicted at the last term for assault and battery on Benjamin B. Boyce. The following jury was sworn: Thomas Bedell, John Goodfellow, Jonas Bronk, Zebadiah Dickinson, David Rundell, David Brewster, Ebenezer Booth, Gidion J. Palmer, Casper Spoor, Nathan Brace, James Matthews and William Van Orden. The witnesses for the people were Benjamin B. Boyce, James Beach, Mary Coffin and Polly Beach. The jury without retiring declared a verdict of not guilty.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The first session of the Circuit Court in and for the county of Greene was held at Catskill on the fourth Tuesday of September (22d) 1801. "Present, His Hon'r Mr. Justice Kent."

The calendar contained 29 cases, and the following jurors were in attendance: Argulus White, William Parker, Sheldon Graham, Ezekiel Ramsdale, Johannes Hallenbeck, Ichabod Andrews, John A. Van Buskirk, Ezra Jones, Nathaniel Yeomans, George Stimpson, Peter Dubois, John Buck, John Tuttle sen., William Bedell, Peter Van Orden, Joachim Hallenbeck, Frederick Challett, David Johnson, William Edwards, Wilhelmus Brandow, Noah Wheeler, Nathan Elliot, John W. Hallenbeck, Isaac Hine, Stephen Root and John Lawyer.

The judges presiding at the successive sessions of this court have been as follows:

James Kent, September 1801, July 1804, September 1807, August 1813. Brockholst Livingston, June 1802. Morgan Lewis, July 1803. Smith Thompson, June 1805, September 1810, August 1812. Daniel D. Tompkins, July 1806. Ambrose Spencer, December 1806, August 1811, November 1818, October 1820. Joseph C. Yates, September 1808. William W. Van Ness, December 1809, August 1814, August 1816, November 1816, December 1819, November 1821. Jonas Platt, September 1815. William A. Duer, June 1823, April and September 1824, April and September 1825, September 1826, September 1827, April and September 1828, April and October 1829. Reuben H. Walworth, April 1826. Ogden Edwards, April 1827. James Vanderpoel, April and October 1830, April and October 1831, April and October 1832, April and October 1834, April and September 1835, April and September 1836, April 1837, and September term that year omitted on account of his sickness. Charles H. Ruggles, October 1833, May 1845. John P. Cushman, April and September of 1838, 1839 and 1840, April and November of 1841, 1842 and 1843. Amasa J. Parker, May and September 1844, September 1845, May 1846, May 1847, in general term October 1847, December 1848, November 1852, November 1854. John W. Edmonds, September 1846. John Willard, September 1847. Ira Harris, October 1847, in general term same date, April 1848, October 1849, November 1853, April 1854, February 1856, November 1856, November 1859. Malbone Watson, general term October 1847, November 1850, November 1851, November 1855, June 1856. Alonzo C. Page (of Schenectady, in fourth district), June 1849. William B. Wright, April 1850, April 1852, April 1853, June 1855, November 1858, June 1861. Richard P. Marvin of Jamestown, Chautauqua county, eighth district), June 1851. Augustus Bockes (of Saratoga Springs, in fourth district), April 1855. George Gould, February 1857, February 1858, June 1860, February 1863. Deodatus Wright, June 1857, November 1857. Henry Hoga-boom, June 1858, February and June 1859, February 1860, November 1861, February 1862, June 1863, January 1864, February and November 1865, June 1866, November 1867, February and June 1868, June 1870, June and November 1871. Rufus W. Peckham, November 1860, June 1862, June 1867, November 1868. Theodore Miller, November 1862, November 1863, November 1864, June 1865, November 1866, June and November 1869, February 1870. Charles R. Ingalls, June 1864, February 1866, February 1867, February 1869, February 1871, February 1872, February 1873, June 1874, June 1875, May 1876, May 1877, May 1880, May 1882, May 1883. William L. Learned, November 1870, June 1872, June 1873, December 1874. Peter S. Danforth, December 1872, December 1873. Theodoric R. Westbrook, February 1874, December 1875, December 1876, December 1877, May 1878, December 1878, December 1879, December 1880, December 1881, December 1882. A.

Melville Osborn, December 1875, February 1876, February 1877, February 1878, February and May 1879, February 1880, February and May 1881, February 1882, February 1883.

Under the constitution of 1846 this county is included in the third judicial district, which is composed of the counties of Albany, Columbia, Greene, Rensselaer, Schoharie, Sullivan and Ulster.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

The following is the record of the opening of the first session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, transcribed from the minutes:

"At a Court of Oyer and Terminer and Gen'l Gaol Delivery held at Cats Kill in and for the County of Green on the fourth Tuesday of Sept., 1801. Sept. 22d.

"Present His Hon'r Mr. Justice Kent.

"Samuel Van Vechten } Judges of the
"Thomas E. Barker } Court of Com.
"Rufus Stanley } Pleas.

"Peter A. Van Bergen, Ass't Justice.

"The pannel of the Grand Jury being Returned the following Gentlemen appeared & were sworn: James Bennet, C. K., Esq., Forem'n, Chas. F. Davis, Do., Esq., Tunis Van Slyck, Cox., Yeom'n, Jas. Dunn, Do., Merch't, Simeon Guild, F., Yeom'n, Ephraim Garrit, Cox., M't, Samuel Haight, C. K., Merch't, John Schuneman, Do., Yeom'n, James Bogardus, Do., Merch't, Daniel Green, Wind'm, Merch't, Benj'n Johnson, Do., Yeom'n, Matthew B. Anger, F., Yeom'n, Eliphalet Aekley, Do., Do., Levy Stedman, Do., Do., Michael Hann, C. K., Merch't, Thos. B. Cook, Do., Do., John Rouse, Do., Yeom'n, Hen'y L'Homedieu, Cox., Merch't, Arch'b'd McVickar, Do., Merch't, Isaac Minard, Jr., Do., Black Smith, Thos. Kellar, Do., Hatter, Stephen Warren, Do., Shoemaker, Tim'y Mapes, Do., Merch't."

The grand jury found bills of indictment in one case of assault and battery, two of grand larceny, two of petit larceny and one of horse stealing. The court acted upon five cases of assault and battery, two of petit larceny and one of grand larceny.

SURROGATES.

The surrogates of Greene county have been as follows; at first appointed by the governor and Senate, afterwards by the constitution of 1846 the office in this county was united with that of county judge: John H. Cuyler, appointed March 29th 1800; Dorrance Kirtland, appointed June 18th 1808; John Adams, appointed March 15th 1810; Dorrance Kirtland, appointed February 5th 1811; Malbone Watson, appointed April 18th 1838.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

The office of district attorney (first called assistant attorney general) was created by the act of April 4th 1801. Greene county was then included in the third district, which embraced the counties of Columbia, Greene and Rensselaer. The incumbents of this office, appointed by the governor, were as follows: Ebenezer Foot, August 13th 1801; Moses I. Cantine, March 5th 1805; John V. D. S. Scott, March 10th 1806; Moses I. Cantine, February 8th 1808; Thomas P. Grosvenor, April 3d 1810; Moses I. Cantine, February 15th 1811 to 1818.

By a law passed in April 1818, each county was made a separate district for this purpose, and had a district attorney. Under the constitution of 1821 they were appointed by the court of General Sessions. The dates affixed in the list below are only approximate to the time of their holding office. The list has been gathered from imperfect data: Alexander Fraser, 1819; Erastus

Barnes, 1821; Lewis Benton, 1824; Malbone Watson, 1832-37; Lucius Robinson, 1838; Danforth K. Olney, 1840-45; Lyman Tremain, 1846-7.

Under the constitution of 1846 the office became elective, and since that time the following have been elected to it on the dates accompanying: Rufus W. Watson, June 1847; Danforth K. Olney, November 1850; Peleg C. Mattoon, 1853; John A. Griswold, 1856; James B. Olney, 1859; the same, 1862; A. Melville Osborne, 1865; William E. Leete, 1868; Sidney Crowell, 1871; Addison C. Griswold, 1874; Eugene Raymond, 1877; G. Howard Jones, 1880.

PRACTICING ATTORNEYS—PAST AND PRESENT.

The following attorneys were practicing in the courts of this county about the year 1860: John Olney, Alonzo Greene, A. Melville Osborne, Samuel P. Ives, James B. Olney, Ezekiel P. More, Lucius D. Hill, Augustus Hill, Peleg C. Mattoon, Rufus H. King, Henry Mott, John A. Griswold, Addison C. Griswold, Sheldon A. Givens, Charles C. Givens, Charles F. Bouton, Manly B. Mattice, Herman Winans, William E. Leete, Henry C. Van Bergen, Lemuel C. Bennett, Charles H. Porter, Danforth K. Olney, Rufus W. Watson, Ebenezer Haight, J. C. Dewitt, Augustus R. Macomber.

The following list comprises the attorneys now belonging to the Greene County Bar, with their several locations:

Athens: Charles E. Nichols, John Sanderson.

Catskill: Frank H. Burroughs, Emory A. Chase, Sidney Crowell, Jeremiah Day, Orrin Day, Andrew C. Fancher, Addison C. Griswold, John A. Griswold, Joseph Hallock, W. Irving Jennings, Hallock, Jennings & Chase, G. Howard Jones, Rufus H. King, Manly B. Mattice, Arthur M. Murphy, James B. Olney, Frank H. Osborn, William Palmatier, Eugene Raymond, James H. Van Gelder, Jacob I. Werner, Fred Werner.

Coxsackie: F. H. Brandow, John B. Bronk, N. A. Calkins, William Cochran, Alfred W. Curtis, D. Henry Daley, E. C. Hallenbeck, James W. Hiseerd, William E. Leete, J. L. B. Silvester.

Cairo: Augustus Hill, Lucius D. Hill.

Durham: A. C. Cowles.

Hunter: C. N. Cartwright.

New Baltimore: Augustus Sherman.

Prattsville: John H. Caughn, James F. Fitch.

West Kill: D. H. Hubbard.

Windham: Leonard B. Cornell, J. B. Daley, Cicero C. Peck, Peck & Cornell, Josiah C. Tallmadge.

Windham and Catskill: Raymond & Tallmadge.

CHAPTER VIII.

THE MILITIA.

THE ORGANIZATION of the militia of this county has been similar to that of other sections of the State. The following militia officers took the required oaths of office at the dates affixed. These oaths were, first, allegiance to the State of New York;

second, to support the constitution of the United States; third, freedom from any complicity or concern in any duel, heretofore or hereafter; and fourth, faithfully to perform the duties of the office.

During the year 1818:—Platt Adams, col. 49th regt., June 15th; Joel Peck, capt., June 29th; John Jenkins, capt., June 26th; Frederick Plank, major, June 27th; Hervey Chittenden, capt., June 27th; Jeremiah Miller, capt., July 7th; Clark Fuller, lieut., July 7th; Samuel Theater, lieut., July 8th; Peter Schermerhorn, ensign, July 9th; Hobart Bulles, ensign, July 9th; Olford Lockwood, lieut., July 9th; William Bliss, lieut., July 11th; William Van Hoesen, lieut., July 11th; William Darby, lieut., July 11th; Dayton Cook, ensign, July 11th; Stephen Scovill, lieut., July 14th; William Stimson, lieut., July 22d; John Green, ensign, July 22d; Michael Bronk, ensign, August 4th; Abel Avery, ensign, August 8th; John Wildie, adjutant, August 8th; John Spoor, capt., August 15th; Andrew Van Buskirk, ensign, August 15th; Benjamin Davenport, ensign, August 17th; Anthony C. Houghtaling, capt., August 19th; Martin G. Van Bergen, lieut., August 19th; Benjamin Townsend, ensign, August 20th; Daniel D. Howel, quartermaster, August 22d; William Regeia, lieut., August 22d; Anthony M. Van Bergen, ensign, August 22d; Aaron Steel, capt., September 1st; Perez Steel jr., capt., September 1st; William Tolley, capt., September 1st; Wyllys Horsford, capt., September 11th; Isaac McCagg, lieut., September 16th; David Johnson jr., lieut., September 25th; Isaac Slover, ensign, September 30th; Lemuel Stimpson, ensign, October 5th; Norman Ticknor, ensign, October 7th; Johathan Miller, ensign, November 4th.

During the year 1819:—Lamon Pritchard, capt., January 28th; George G. Hardenburgh, lieut., April 19th; Barent Dubois jr., ensign, April 19th; Ira Camfield jr., ensign, April 19th; Addison Porter, lieut., April 21st; A. Van Vechten, capt., April 22d; Enoch Blakeslee, lieut. col., April 24th; Frederick Plank, lieut. col., April 30th; Abraham Overbaugh, capt., May 3d; Casper Van Loon, capt., May 3d; Samuel Miller jr., ensign, May 5th; Henry Bagley, ensign, May 8th; George Wickes, lieut., May 13th; Daniel D. Howell, adjutant, May 13th; Ambrose Kirtland, capt., May 20th; Sylvester Nichols, capt., May 20th; William F. Fraser, lieut., May 20th; Charles B. Benton, lieut., May 20th; Gilbert Pierce, ensign, May 21st; William Norton, capt., May 24th; Samuel Baldwin, paymaster, May 25th; Henry Laraway, capt., May 25th; Levi Tremain, lieut., May 25th; Hiram Carter, ensign; William McHinch, capt., June 3d; Charles S. Hitchcock, quartermaster, June 4th; Ambrose Chapman, ensign, June 4th; Jacob Petrie, ensign, June 5th; Matthew Williams, ensign, June 5th; James Wildey, lieut., June 11th; Christian O'Brine, lieut., June 18th; Jehial Tuttle, brig. gen'l., June 19th; Cyrenius Lennon, major, June 19th; Orrin Parsons, ensign, June 29th; Peter Schermerhorn, lieut., June 30th; Lyman Strong, capt., July 2d; Deliverance B. Hervey, lieut., July 8th; Daniel Rowley, capt., July 10th; William Stimson, capt., July 17th; Michael Bronk, lieut., July 22d; Orin Kinsley, ensign, July 31st; Isaac McCagg, capt., July 31st; Abraham H. Houghtaling, July 31st; John L. Decker, capt., August 1st; Levi H. Alden, adjutant, August 24th; William Darby, capt., August 28th; Bartholomew Gedney, major, August 30th; Absalom Gedney, lieut., August 30th; Jonathan Miller, capt., August 30th; Jesse Miller, ensign, August 30th; Benjamin Maben, lieut., September 1st; Russell Judson, ensign, September 2d; John R. Cheritree, lieut., September 3d; D. Alanson King, lieut., September 3d; James Robertson, col., September 7th; John Green, lieut., September 8th; Anthony Van Bergen, quartermaster, Sep-

tember 8th; Samuel King, lieut., September 8th; Buell White, lieut., September 9th; Abram Bruir, ensign, December 9th; John Tuttle jr., 2nd lieut., December 30th.

During the year 1820:—William W. Edwards, capt., February 18th; Apollos Cooke, capt., February 28th; S. A. Baker, 1st lieut., March 28th; Hiram Comfort, 2d lieut., March 28th; Wells Finch, capt., May 2d; Reuben Adams, capt. of rifle company, May 2d; John Pline, ensign, May 5th; John C. Johnston, capt. rifle company, May 17th; Joseph Clark, lieut. rifle company, May 17th; John M. Donnelly, ensign rifle company, May 17th; Amos Botsford, surgeon, May 22d; Joshua G. Houghtaling, ensign, May 24th; Jacob Sharpe, quartermaster, May 30th; William Bliss, capt., June 3d; Thomas Burroughs, ensign, June 3d; Clark Lawrence, lieut., June 3d; Addison Porter, brigade major and inspector, June 7th; Walter Secor, capt., June 8th; Henry Townsend, ensign, June 8th; Spencer Palmer, lieut., June 8th; Jacob Patrie, lieut., June 9th; Leonard Lampman, lieut., June 10th; John Commer, ensign, June 12th; Andrew Van Buskirk, capt., June 15th; William Jerome, ensign, June 15th; Anthony C. Houghtaling, major, June 21st; Anthony M. Van Bergen, lieut., June 21st; Hiram Carter, judge advocate, June 28th; Jesse Miller, lieut., June 29th; Henry Williams, ensign, June 29th; Jason Mapes, capt., July 1st; Abraham Ramsen, ensign, July 1st; Mark Spencer, major, July 5th; John Laraway, lieut., July 21st; Andrew Decker, ensign, July 21st; Michael Bronk, capt., July 25th; Neely Lawrence, capt., August 3d; William Requea, capt., August 5th; Andrew T. Van Slyke, ensign, August 5th; Robert Bulles, lieut., August 7th; Abraham Hall, col., August 16th; John Munson, ensign, August 19th; Havillah Blakeslee, quartermaster, August 19th; Alanson Saxton, lieut., August 22d; Seth Dutcher, ensign, August 28th; Albert Parsons, ensign, August 31st; John Rice, ensign, September 1st.

During the year 1821:—George G. Vandenburg, capt., May 16th; William W. Van Vechten, lieut., May 16th; Francis N. Wilson, adjutant, May 16th; Benjamin Van Loan, ensign, May 17th; Abraham Richtmeyer, capt., May 17th; Jacob S. Scofield, capt.; Samuel King, May 19th; David Fraser jr., lieut., May 24th; Deliverance B. Hervey, capt., May 25th; John Cammer lieut., May 25th; Roland Root, capt., May 28th; Ransom Barker, ensign, May 28th; Henry Camp, surgeon, May 28th; Ambrose Kirtland, major, May 28; Jacob Patrie, capt., May 30th; Orrin Parsons, capt., May 30th; Joseph H. Miller, May 30th; Ezekiel Griffin, May 31; Jacob Krieskern, ensign, May 31st; Horace Austin, lieut., June 1st; David Cornwall, ensign; June 1st; Olford Lockwood, June 1st; James Freeland, quartermaster; Henry Mers; Joel Dickerman, 1st lieut., June 5th; David Johnson, lieut., June 5th; P. U. McKean, ensign, June 5th; Obadiah Caldwell, lieut., June 11th; David Hall, ensign, June 11th; Ebenezer Brocket jr., June 11th; William Post, capt., June 11th; Alvin Bushnel, 1st lieut., June 18th; Gilbert Pierce, lieut., June 18th; Anthony C. Houghtaling, lieut. col., May 14th; Ephriam A. Bogardus, ensign, May 14th; Zadock Pratt, capt., June 28th; Smith Hopkins, capt., June 29th; Timothy Baldwin, July 12th; Wyllys Hosford, major, July 12th; Henry Edwards, ensign, July 26th; Darius Winans, lieut., July 26th; Ira T. Day, major.

During the year 1822:—George Wickes, quartermaster, April 23d; Calvin Balis, lieut. April 23d; Richard Titus, capt. April 23d; David Bush, lieut., April 23d; John R. Osborn, paymaster, May 6th; Benjamin P. Burhans, ensign, May 6th; George Hawley, capt., May 9th; Benjamin Comfort, lieut., May 9th; M. D. Van Loan, ensign, May 9th; Ira Dubois, adjutant, May 11th; Samuel Atwater, capt., May 15th; John Kinyon, lieut., May 15th;

Christian O'Brine, capt., May 20th; David G. Abeel, col., May 20th; J. Van Valkenburgh, lieut. col., May 20th; W. Telfair Gifford, surgeon, May 20th; James Stoutenburgh jr., capt., May 21st; Seth Dutcher, lieut., May 25th; Abraham Overbaugh, major, May 25th; Albert Buel, paymaster, May 25th; Russell Judson, lieut., May 25th; Ralph Olmstead, capt. of artillery; Martin Wetzell, lieut.; William H. DeWitt.

William Bask, October 22d 1826; Harvey B. Webb, capt., June 4th 1827; Ebenezer Jennings, lieut., June 4th 1827; John Bogardus, lieut., 1827; Thomas Bishop, ensign, August 8th 1827; Lewis Benton, aid-de-camp, September 24th 1823; James Olmsted, major 120th reg't; Cornelius Rouse, capt., July 30th 1828; William C. McKinstry, August 30th 1828; John H. Demorest, ensign, September 10th 1828; Horatio W. Orcutt, hospital surgeon, August 5th 1828; Martin Wetsell, capt., June 20th 1829; Benjamin Sherman lieut., June 20th 1829; James Olmstead, lieut. col. 120th reg't., August 5th 1829; William Wilder jr., capt., August 5th 1829; Nathaniel H. Hinman, ensign, August 5th, 1829; William C. McKinstry, August 12th 1829; Peter Van Vechten, col. 120th reg't., September 3d 1829; Edward Sherman, lieut., September 8th 1829; C. N. Botsford, paymaster, August 20th 1830; Jesse H. Miller, lieut., July 20th 1830; James D. Gardiner, lieut., August 21st 1830; James Olmsted, col., March 31st 1831; Francis Corbine, lieut. col., March 31st 1831; Hiram Clark, April 12th, 1831; John Wardwell, August 31st 1831; Samuel Ormsbee, August 31st 1831; John H. Martin, September 6th 1831; Levi Plank, September 6th 1831.

A notice issued by Brigadier General William Salisbury at Catskill, under date of August 16th 1844, called upon the officers and musicians of the several regiments of the 37th brigade to meet and drill two days previous to the meeting of the regiments for training and review. This brigade, as will appear below, was comprised mostly within this county. Complying with the brigade orders the 120th regiment officers assembled for preliminary drill August 26th and 27th at the house of Z. B. Osborn in Catskill; the 116th regiment on August 27th and 28th at the house of P. Hunt in Windham Center; the 49th regiment on August 28th and 29th at the house of Edgar Russell in East Durham; the 110th regiment on August 29th and 30th at the house of Mr. Shears in the town of Coeymans; the 6th regiment on August 30th and 31st at the house of Jason Mapes at Coxsackie. The regiments assembled for inspection, review and drill in military exercises soon afterward; the 6th Colonel. C. H. Houghtaling, September 30th, at the house of Jason Mapes in Coxsackie; the 110th, Colonel David McCarty, October 1st, at the house of Mr. Shears in Coeymans; the 49th, Colonel C. L. Kiersted, October 2d, at the house of Mr. Dickinson in the village of Prink; the 116th, Colonel H. Kipp, October 3d, at the house of H. Kinsley in Scienceville; the 120th, Colonel P. D. Freligh, October 5th, at the house of D. Smith in Leeds.

CHAPTER IX.

CENSUS OF 1810.

THE MANUSCRIPT "census" of 1810, the earliest census of Greene county existing among its records, is now in a dilapidated condition, and within a few years will probably become illegible, and be-

living that a list of the names of those who were heads of families at that early period will be of much interest to future generations, we copy it entire. This list contains the names of all white persons, heads of families, at that time living in the towns of this county as they then existed, with the number of persons in each family, not including colored servants or slaves.

Town of Coxsack:—Zebulon Green 8, Morris Edwards 4, John Prudent 4, John Dederick 6, Casper Price 4, Barent Vosberg 11, Timothy Hollister 8, Elizur Holmes 6, William Edwards jr. 3, Stephen Edwards 3, Jehiel Webster 7, Leonard Witbeck 7, Jacob Bush 8, David Botsford 9, John Robbins 5, Sarah Deny 6, John C. Clow 4, Jeremiah Dederick 6, Jacob Cornwell 10, Samuel Hollinbake 6, Archibald Trowbridge 5, Gilbert H. Cornwell 7, Stephen Lantman 5, William Edwards 9, David Dickenson 4, Ephraim Ford 5, Samuel Cornwell 7, William Roe 4, William Jenks 8, John Webber 10, Robert Palmer 5, Johathan Palmer 7, James Underhill 11, Elizabeth Lantman 5, Casper Dederick 8, Daniel McGuire 4, Joab Cable 3, Stephen McFarland 3, Laman Bunce 3, Thomas Wright 6, James Smith, Benjamin Davis 2, Samuel Gerrish 6, Gregory Smith 7, Alsop Carpenter 5, Thomas I. Alsop 2, John F. Case 9, Bluman Nelson 3, Obediah Dickinson 8, Jedediah Osborn 6, Robert Delemater 5, David Carles 10, Elisha Smith 5, John Haruh 4, James Palmer 4, David Palmer 4, Thomas Gan 3, Richard Thorn 5, John Barber 6, Asa Palmer 9, Rachael Tryon 10, Joel Palmer 4, Moses Dickinson 8, Abraham Cable 4, Isaiach Cannif 6, Gabriel McFarland 5, Benjamin P. Tryon 4, Stephen Benedict 4, William Wright jr. 3, Henry Signor 6, Jotham Smith 10, John Stephens 10, Patimer Gue 3, Totten Marshall 8, Timothy Mapes 6, Moses Barber 4, Isaac Reynolds 4, Pinjah Ely 4, Coenrad Delong 5, Cornelius Van Deusen 9, John Carles 2, James Colley 6, Timothy Powell 6, Gideon Palmer 5, Sanford Babbet 4, Thomas Kelly 4, John Salter 9, Charles Treaver 8, Obadiah Hallock 7, Thomas G. Powell 8, Deborah Powell 3, Nehemiah Meed 5, William Cochran 5, Solomon Palmer 3, Nathan Burrows 10, Samuel Lure 5, Silas Nicholas 9, Robert Simpson 7, Shadrach Hubbell 5, Phoebe Mead 5, George Eldridge 3, Peltick Eldrige 9, Minor Hubbell 7, Stephen Truesdale 6, Tobias Cole 7, Ephraim Ganet 6, Abraham Purdy 6, Hollet Titus 2, Abraham Cuer 3, Robert G. Palmer 11, Ira Palmer 11, Gideon Palmer 3, Thomas Powell 6, Israel Gregory 1, Samuel Fausdick 7, Noah Wheeler 11, Solomon Tipple 4, William Pierce 8, John G. Powell 8, Elisha Powell 6, Aaron Beagle 10, Simeon Winn 10, Leonard Palmer 4, Isaac Linnot 7, David Kiffer 6, Nathan Hubbell 5, Jacob Louks 6, David Hall 7, James Tayler 4, William Steward 5, Storm Rose 8, Timothy Green 4, Caleb Gage 11, Zebulon Hallock 7, Longett Potts 5, Jonathan Miller jr. 7, Isaac Dickinson 4, Elisha Purdy 1, Gideon Palmer jr. 5, Reuben Palmer 4, Nathaniel Palmer 4, Stephen Chidester 4, Solomon Yales 7, Justus Miller 6, Abel Butler 3, John Powell 9, David Halstead 11, Daniel Herrick 10, Theodorus Smith 4, John Soliss 6, Eli Nelson 5, Martin Brower 4, David Horton 4, Westus Slark 5, Samuel McCable 5, Elmore Chase 9, George Husen 6, Caleb Tompkins 11, Joseph Weeks 5, Schuyler Baker 3, Stephen Barber 6, Robert Golden 4, Ebenezer Weeks 6, Christopher Haley 11, John Lawton 3, Benjamin Lisk 8, Samuel Baker 6, Isaac Yales 8, Culver Smith 3, Caleb Griffin 3, Daniel Yales 9, Jeremiah Root 4, Sareca Griffin 5, James Halstead 11, Joseph Smith 7, John Smith 11, Thomas Haight 9, Daniel Soliss 5, Elias Palmer 9, Samuel Yeomans 8, Joseph Winn 2, Frederick Slark 4, Benjamin Houston 7, John Titus 4, Elijah White 3, James Chidester 5, Johnson Winn 16, Solomon Weeks 7, Israel Wood 8, Reuben Sniffin 10, Thomas Golden 7, Joshua Gidney 10, Caleb Sables 11, Levi Dewitt 5, Caleb Carman 5, Peter Gidney 3, Michael Garret 6, Gilbert Travers 6, Gersham Griffen 6, Sarah Caldwell 2, George Coenby 6, William Spencer 8, Henry Litcher 11, Daniel Smith 6, Gilbert Begle 3, John Osborn 6, Thomas Hoash 5, Abner Hoash 3, Elihu Hoash 6, Asa Wilson 5, John Mumptier 1, John J. Smith 4, Peter Garrett 6, Jeramus Claw 4, Jonathan Miller 13, Jesse Morton 5, Thomas Hallock 10, Aaron Haight 6, Charles Titus 4, Peter Hoghtaling 6, Thomas Hoghtaling 7, John Brown 9, Peter Ostrander 6, Anthony Van Bergen 5, Nillis Cuer 2, Elisha Roberts 7, John Wolf 9, William Beadle 8, John Armstrong 9, John Youngs 6, Peter Wolf 6, Thomas Bays 11, Jacob Carman 5, Jeremiah Begle 5, Caleb Carman 5, Isaac Osborn 3, Stephen Voorhis 8, William Wilson 6, George Wilson 7, Samuel Wilson 9, Jacob Spoonburgh 10, David Owens 8, Silvester Beagle 5, Peter F. Claw 4, Mary McCabe 8, Daniel Sables 7, James Holley 6, William Porter 2, Samuel Dodge 9, After Yeomans 12, Hendrick Van Durk 7, Matthew Hoghtaling 9, Thomas Hoghtaling 9, James Roberts 5, Leonard C. Conine 4, Nathan Brour 5, Jeremiah Beadle jr. 7, Daniel Gregory 5, Barnabas Hicks 4, Matthew Sitzer 6, Enoch Post 3, John Coenby 7, John Garrett 7, Thomas Jones 3, Solomon Skinner 9, James Miller 4, John Boast 6, John Boom 4, Russel Hamilton 6, John Bashford 7, John McMullen 2, John Trueman 6, Benjamin Guerny 8, Charles Lisk 11, Abraham Cannof 4, James Cooke 8, Joseph Lasue 5, Peter C. Bronk 5, Peter Van Denburgh 3, Lewis Liramno 4, George Hill 4, Charles Agor 12, Baltus Van Slyck 8, Barent Van Slyck 5, William Mansfield 8, Coenrad T. Hoghtaling 7, Samuel Mansfield 6, John C. Hoghtaling 7, Cornwell Wilkes 6, Jacob W. Hilton 5, Jacob Garrett 5, Simeon Garrett 5, Peter

Jones 3, Martin Armstrong 4, Solomon Hoash 4, William Bowdish 4, Dennis Ver Plank 3, Teunis Wolf 10, Hendrick Bogardus 5, Hendrick Schoonmaker 4, Enoch Tompkins 11, Henry Hoghtaling 10, Peter Bronk 10, Charles McCarl 5, Peter Conine 12, William Billingham 3, Leonard Conine 4, John P. Dervier 6, Samuel Totten 2, John C. Copper 8, John Gay 8, Teunis Van Slyck 9, William Moss 3, Henry C. Hoghtaling 11, Barent Hoghtaling 6, Horace Bull 5, David Dunmore 10, Garrett Hoghtaling 11, Richard Shaw 5, Stephen Panvar 11, Joseph Llaunaer 2, John Marshall 6, James Plumb 7, Shelden Ensign 7, Smith Parks 4, Asabel Braynard 8, John Anderson 7, William Bartholomew 5, Joseph Regna 12, John H. Brown 6, Chaney Ensign 6, Daniel Squires 6, Ebenezer Davis 9, Benjamin Gilliry 6, Jesse Smith 3, Matthew Miller 6, John Remkens 5, Benjamin Baker 3, Storm Vandersee 3, Albert Vandersee 8, Richard Van Slyck 7, Peter Gears 8, Peter Van Slyck 4, Garrit Van Slyck 5, John Van Slyck 4, Henry Van Slyck 4, Benjamin Peer 5, Edee Clapp 10, Brazilla Peas 7, James Lawrance 9, William Ensign 2, Daniel A. Pault 2, Folger Halsey 4, Nathan Squires 1, Ephraim Bogardus 3, Benjamin Fanhard 6, John Van Dyck 9, Benjamin Bowers 9, Paul Sherman 10, James Matthews 4, Coenrad Shatton 3, William Bradley 5, Tennis Van Slyck 2, Isaac Parker 6, Elisha D. Hall 6, Allen Plumb 7, John Ruggles 6, Teunis A. Van Slyck 4, Matthew Scott 7, Baltus Van Slyck jr. 7, Ephraim Bronk 8, Isaac Bennett 6, Jabez Busnell 4, Herman Pickot 4, Thomas Gelson 4, William Fraligh 6, Martin G. Van Bergen 9, Joseph Chase 13, Casper Bronk jr. 5, John Bronk 3, Peter Bogardus 10, Ephraim Bogardus 9, John Burns 7, Robert Titus 7, Elizabeth Cuyler 4, Samuel Akely 2, Joseph Godfrey 3, Anthony Redmiks 6, Leonard Parse 3, Patrick Falkner 10, David Sharp 5, Henry Smith 8, Jeremiah Dean 4, John Dederick 5, Samuel Williams 7, Gideons V. Valens 3, Henry C. Van Bergen 3, Nicholas Wells 5, Gilbert Claw 5, Peter R. Bronk 7, Wilbelmus Vandenbergh 2, Peter Casey 3, Barent Gay 10, Joseph Straken 8, Richard Van Denbergh 6, John Camel 2, William Ray 7, John Bogardus 4, Peter Claw 5, Michael Krieger 10, Alexander McKinny 6, Ensign Godfrey 3, Cornwell Bachus 9, John Betts 5, Ann Stone 6, William Hart 5, Sarah Read 7, Levi Mead 2, John Cuyler 5, Thomas Brower 5, Zacharias Lannon 2, Stephen Warren 9, John Van Denbergh 6, Tallmadge Fairchild 5, Eytje Brogden 4, Peter Van Den Bergh 5, Hendrick Hoghtaling 8, David Lane 7, Samuel Rockwell 5, John Robbins 8, Thomas Gay 3, William Gay 5, Samuel Howell 2, Peggy Kennedy 4, Sally Kennedy 4, Matthias Van Denbergh 3, Dick Bronck 4, Samuel Brown 13, Hezekiah Schoonmaker 4, Richard P. Van Denbergh 7, George Hill 5, Peter Robbins 7, John R. Vandenbergh 5, Peter Van Bergen 8, Dorrance Kirtland 7, Peter Conine Sen. 4, Walton Street 4, Samuel Field 11, Stephen Burk 4, Isaac Bogardus 3, Gersham Torcey 6, John Gibbs 7, Joseph Chaplain 7, Henry Dickinson 6, William Judson 4, Henry L'Homedeu 13, William Van Ote 7, Edward Wells 3, Isaac Wells 6, Benjamin Acker 5, Philip Bronk 5, Abraham Hallenbeck 11, Abraham Van Dyck 6, Martin Hallenbake 6, Samuel F. Lamphere 8, Isaac Foot 4, Benjamin Van Orden 4, Robert Vandenbergh 5, Peter C. Adams 10, John V. Moser 3, Philip Conine 5, Henry Van Bergen 7, Robert W. Vandenbergh 8, James McVicar 5, Eleazar Stebbins 5, Henry Johnson 8, Thomas Clarke 7, Reuben Sanderson 9, James Ray 6, Arthur Besty 7, John Henry 4, Epenetus Reed 8, Ralph Barker 6, Ebenezer Barker 9, Joseph Hogh 10, Laman Read 6, Jabez Weaver 6, William Bartow 1, John Adams 7, Benjamin Morse 9, Jonas Bronk 9, Leonard Bronk 11, Casper Hallenbake 5, Jacob Bogardus 12, Jonathan Goes 5, John Spoor 9, Casper M. Hollenbake 7, Caleb Bingham 3, Jacob Johnson 5, Isaac Lampman 5, Durrean Kenedy 3, Mary Hollenbake 6, John W. Truesdale 6, John C. Claw 5, John G. Claw 6, George Tolly 5, Jacob Prevost 3, Ezekiel Truesdale 7, Josiah Warner 4, William Brooks 3, William J. Warner 9, William Truesdale 7, John I. Hollenbake 2, Henry Lamphere 9, Jane Hollenbake 4, Samuel Goodridge 5, William Scott 3, John Brown 5, Roswell Reed 12, William Goes 3, Anthony — 4, Martin Hollenbake 6, Peter Bartow 3, Philip Vosburgh 5, John V. Schack 9, Catherine Dewitt 2, John Ostrander 9, John M. Hollenbake 7, Peter Murphey 1, Garrett Egberton 1, William Dederick 6, John Lampman 10, Casper Claw jun. 7, John Claw jun 9, William Tolly 6, Clement Scram 2, Joshua Brooks 5, Peter, Groom 5, Lucy Horton 4, John Van Wee 5, Moses Gouns, Hendrick Lampman 3, Richard Hollenbake 3, Josepe Huntley 5, William Bartow 4, Absalom Buskirk 4, John Buskirk 6, Susan Goss 7, William Wills 9, Albert Van Loan 6, David Sherman 7, John D. Spoor 5, Derick Spoor 2, Casper Spoor 6, John C. Spoor 8, Francis Clow 3, Jacob L. Sharp 5, Nicholas Van Loan 6, William Gardner 9, Nicholas W. Van Loan 8, William W. Hollinbake 4, John Buskirk 6, John W. Hollenbake 4, Henry B. Tolly 6, Abel Baker 8, Hendrick Everson 6, Jesse Emmons 3, John Scribner 4, Amos B. Swift 2, Zacharias Roach 6, Casper Collins 7, David V. Vleet 8, John Brandow 5, Jeremiah Oute 9, Thomas Stebbens 2, Aaron Van Scheick 6, Henry Myers 8, Francis Salisbury 9, Jacob Van Loan 5, George Edwards 7, Cornelius Hollenbake 7, Abraham Hollenbake 3, Jacob Sharp 5, Jehoiakim Hollenbeck 6, Samuel Gardner 11, James Gardner 5, Abraham Prevost 7, Edward Palmer 6, Garret Claw 6, John Hardwick 6, Evert Claw 12, Samuel Salisbury 7, John F. Tolly 5, Evert Evertson 4, Rebecca Van Hoesen 3, Isaac Slover 4, Andrew Slover 4, Caleb Bingham 3, John Hollenbeck 4, John Casper Hollenbeck 10, Casper W. Hollenbake 1, William Hollenbake 10, Matthew Goes 6, John C. Conine 7, John Bogardus 5, John Wolfen 7, Philip L. Conine 5, Aaron Van Dyck 6, Jacob Van Wort 7, John A. Van Loan 7, Nicholas Van Hoesen 8, James Davis

5, John Out 7, Thomas Day 8, William Sutherland 4, Samuel Duncan 6, Teunis Whitbeck 9, John Brooks 8, Isaac Van Valkenbergh 13, Francis Van Hoesen 7, Abraham Van Wort 5, Toomas Van Wort 3, Isaac Hallenbake 6, Joseph Rosebatses 7, Lawrence Perry 5, Nathan Bruce 9, Samuel Miller 6, Jehoiakim Hollenbake 8, John Read 6, Casper Van Hoesen 12.

Town of Windham.—Austin Wright 5, Joshua Parminton 4, Levi Perkins 2, Samuel Perkins 9, William Underhill 7, William Hanes 11, Samuel Hanes 4, James McGregory 3, Benjamin Hanes 3, Robert Underhill 5, Joshua Baker 7, Zebulon Townsend 10, Moses Townsend 10, Samuel Brewer 8, Joseph Felt 4, Solomon Doty 8, James Richards 6, Nathan Field 5, Samuel Hanes jr. 8, Elisha Hanes 12, Nathaniel English 4, David Burges 5, Samuel Merritt 11, Robert Burdsell 8, Smith Hadden 6, James Haddon 5, Duncan McGregory 4, Benjamin McGregory 2, Dyer Shephard 5, Elihu Townsend 10, Moses Shaw 7, William Underhill jr. 7, George Walton 4, John Willson 5, Nevin Wilson 2, Joshua Wolfen 4, James Eaglestone 8, Charles D. Haddon 2, Edward Eaglestone 12, William Miller 9, Joseph Haddon 6, Obadiah Griffin 5, Gershom Griffin 5, Abijah Griffin 7, Lunnen Parminton 6, Elisha Latimer 4, Ephraim Lions 5, Seth Bunson 5, Lewis Green 4, Michael Showers 10, John Phillips 8, Benjamin Jones jr. 4, John Euman 7, John J. Ackman 8, William Burns 6, Lewis H. Chamberlain 6, Nathaniel Skiff 5, John Gass 8, Benjamin Chase 7, Laben Andrews 2, Gerard Johnson 2, John McCann 6, John Willson jr. 4, Tobias Rose 4, John Williamson 4, Daniel Bloomer 8, Frederick Smith 6, Aaron Haddon 7, Moses Demance 3, Nathan Salisbury 7, David Demance 4, Jacob Carr 7, James Carr 1, Lydia Palmer 4, Seth Greene 7, Elias Lyons 4, Roger Bunner 4, George Swap 7, Elijah Scofield 7, Nathaniel Messenger 5, Eliphalet Lord 2, John Johnson 8, Benjamin Jones 6, Nicholas Gass 6, Israel Holdridge 6, William Gass jr. 4, Zepheniah Chase 11, Roger Holkem 6, Stephen Johnson 7, Munson Buel 8, Isaac Buel 5, Israel Thomson 4, Jesse Lockwood 3, Eshan Barley 11, Samuel Kelsey 2, John Niles 6, Charles Kelsey 3, Caleb Carr 5, John Carr 6, Levi Brandow 2, Abel Mix 5, Benjamin Fairchild 4, Lemuel Woodworth 9, John Goodsell 7, Garret Vandusen 7, Thomas Townsend 4, Thomas O'Brien 12, Elizabeth Arnold 6, William Arnold 19, Timothy Lockwood 7, Jehial Winchell 5, Nathaniel Millard 10, Collins A. Brown 5, Asa Brown 7, Holmes Mills 7, Gass Niles 13, Adonijah Ford 6, Alvin Ford 4, Justin Squires 9, Ira Johnson 3, Isaac D. Johnson 7, Bennet Osborn 4, Elijah Towner 10, Daniel Williams 4, David Moore 4, Enoch Moore 4, Nathaniel Miller 5, Asa Lord 5, Hezekiah Mills 8, Jonathan Fairchild 8, John Beach 2, Matthew Winter 11, Joseph Chatterton 5, Rogers Winter 5, Elisha Calkins 10, James Paddock 7, Philip Mead 18, Jeremy Lockwood 3, Jonathan Main 6, John Breng 7, James Miller 8, Isaac Butts 11, Ezra Barker 2, Samuel Baldwin 11, Harvey Baldwin 4, John Connelly 9, William Beach 13, Harvey B. Avery 3, Isaac Doolittle 6, Joel Dickerman 1, Justus Coe 9, Daniel Miles 7, Ebenezer Johnson 4, Asahel Hull 6, John Doolittle 8, Samuel Peck 12, Theophilus Peck 5, Jonathan Beach 10, William Distan 6, Reuben Hosford 7, Gideon Hosford 5, Harvey Hosford 4, Stephen Burgess 10, Cornelius Decker 8, David Johnson 6, Isaac Johnson 2, Silas Fowler 8, Ralph Fowler 7, Erastus Beach 4, Joseph Chase 6, Henry Miller 6, Nathaniel Corsin 5, Samuel Galloway 4, Leonard Hogeboom 6, Peter I. Smith 6, Samuel Peck 9, Samuel Hall 3, Seth Lockwood 5, Isaac Miles 6, Adney Beach 8, Harvey Johnson 5, George Cross 5, William Parker 11, Chester Hull 6, William Smith 4, Willis Miles 5, Amos Peck 6, Abel Holcomb 12, Elisha Thomson 6, Samuel Wolcott 10, Samuel Murren 10, Thomas Murren jr. 7, Thomas Murren 2, Daniel Murren 8, Ichabod Andrews 9, Benajah Rice 7, Gerard Rice 7, Ira Rice 8, Luke Olds 6, Benjamin Crispell 5, Benjamin Chase 7, Samuel Adams 3, John Miller 3, Benjamin Miller 5, Philemon Chamberlain 6, Joseph Brooks 9, William Falkner jr. 7, Jacob Smith 3, Lambert L. Van Valkenbergh 7, William Chamberlin 7, William Kirk 8, William Falkner 4, Alexander Conklin 4, Frederick Klein 5, Sunderland Patterson 4, Israel Whitcomb 2, Israel Whitcomb jr. 10, Joel Beckwith 5, Ephriam Dunham 8, John Frent 7, Jeremiah Barker 10, Michael Hamilton 6, John Valentine 3, Cornelius Van Hoesen 11, Joel Ford 12, Robert Thompson 7, James G. Miller 9, Abraham Van Valkenbergh 11, Derick L. Schermerhorn 8, Benjamin Chamberlin 7, Jacob Van Valkenbergh 6, Nathan Stanton 7, Timothy Tyler 11, James Andersen 2, Munson Shephard 4, Darius Briggs 7, Nathan Rowley 8, Solomon Huestis 4, Asa Butler 5, Jacob Angle 6, Solomon Lamer 3, Elijah Moore 7, Tenant Peck 5, Titus Heaton 10, Nathaniel Wilcox 9, Henry Goslin 9, Moses Porter 4, Samuel Chamberlin 3, William Streeter 7, William Stall 8, Jonathan Lord 13, John Gardner 5, Jerome Gardner 6, William Davis 8, Joseph Cross 4, John Maben 7, Caleb Hyde 5, Isaac Van Valkenbergh 10, Richard Peck 6, Daniel Brounell 4, John Savage 7, Jacob Holsty 6, Andrew Klein 6, Henry Kleine 4, Elihu Umphrey 8, David Gregory 8, Jacob Miller 8, Abraham Turk 8, Jacob L. Van Valkenbergh 10, Robert Maben 6, Cornelius Leaman 5, William Allen 4, Peter L. Van Valkenbergh 6, Tunnis Van Valkenbergh 9, Jerome P. Van Valkenbergh 12, John Turk 3, Elijah Bushnell jr. 7, Elijah Bushnell 5, Aaron Bushnell 8, Amos Newton 4, Lewis Bushnell 5, Isaac Holdridge 6, Hezekiah Pettit 8, Daniel Gregory 9, David W. Foster 4, David Foster 3, Nehemiah Foster 2, Solvin Chafer 8, Isaac Decker 5, Edmond Richards 3, Henry Ostrander 8, David Van Dyck 2, Isaac Becker 6, Stephen Myers 5, Peter Mead 3, Jehoiakem P. Van Valkenbergh 7, Peter Vandenberg 5, Henry Gardiner 5, Amos Finch 9, Amos Crow 7, William Hall 2, Timothy Tompkins 9, Susan Philips 7, Nathaniel Appleby 6, Abiel Cornish 7, John Newton 5, Jedediah Hitchcock 8, Benjamin Way 6, Charles Clarke 7, Wilkes Rowley 7, Eder Barnum 3, Benja-

min Kipp 7, John Clum 5, Derick Van Dyck 4, Joshua Cross 7, Lawrence Decker 9, James Deyoe 10, Jacob Martin 8, Pelitia Ruland 6, Derick Decker 11, Jacob I Schermerhorn 8, Thomas Becker 9, Stephen Myers jr. 4, James Wiltsey 5, Arthur Ellsworth 8, Jacob Sole 5, Henry Schoonmaker 5, Daniel Rivenb'gh 6, Lemon S. Shutts 4, Harman Sanby 2, Isaac Camp 12, David Crankhite 10, Robert Van Dusen 2, Richard Stanley jr. 8, Rufus Smith 3, William Chamberlain 5, John Brandow 9, Jasper I. Robbins 5, James Price 2, Jesse Blakesley 1, David Blanchard 5, Luther Pond 3, Warren Brackett 3, Thomas Disbrow 2, John L. Sherman 7, Asahel Disbrow 6, Cornelius D. Beers 9, Nathan Disby 6, Meker Disbrow 7, Asahel Disbrow jr. 5, Stephen Van Deusen 7, William Eign 4, Henry Carver 4, Martin Haner 4, Henry Schoonmaker jr. 6, William Shomaker 4, Abraham Haner 4, John Haner 5, Jacob Jacobie 4, Daniel Hogeboom 9, James Hogeboom 4, Harman Garlick 7, John Laraway 19, John Van Loon 3, Lawrence G. Decker 14, David Levart 9, Henry Karr 8, Gideon Walcott 8, Andrew Tall 8, Uni Cooke 9, Pitt A. Hosford 6, Munson Brackett 7, Derick Conine 9, Elias Bates 5, Robert Hall 3, James Disbrow 6, Joseph Dimond 8, Coenrad Knoll 7, Jasper Robinson 4, Enos Northrop 7, Jacob Haner 8, David Winters 3, Daniel Kelley 7, Obadiah Murrey 2, Peter Van Loan 8, Jeremy Miller 7, Tobias Hogeboom 6, Elihu Rogers 2, Phineas Benjamin 6, Amos Paugman 6, James Wares 7, George Teal 9, Daniel Post 7, John Hamilton 4, Levi Babcock 8, George Babcock 6, Isiah Babcock 2, Aruna Hubbert 6, Robert McFall 6, Eliphalet Wheeler 2, John Decker 11, Peter Lewis 9, Lawrence Mickle 3, John D. Decker 4, Samuel Ives jr. 7, Palatier Farington 7, Solomon Almsbury 7, Nathaniel Butler 3, James Chase 8, Benjamin Kirsby 7, Tobias Van Hoesen 7, Jacob G. Dies 8, Silas Sawyer 6, John Van Deusen 4, Jacob West 2, William Clarke 7, Amos Meloy 6, John Meloy 6, Edmond Richards 6, James Fraser 6, John McFall 3, Peter McLean 7, Andrew Richards 3, John Bryans 8, Minor Cob 6, Frederick Homell 6, Adam Fink 6, Stephen Vincent 3, Thomas Wheeler 5, William Brandow 9, Lott Towsley 2, Jacob Teal 8, John Ives 9, Asa Larrington 2, Isaac Malery 9, Arnold Newcomb 8, Elijah Strong 10, Jairus Strong 11, William Hood 8, John Tuttle jr. 6, John Tuttle 6, John A. Williams 4, Thomas Bonnum 8, Henry B. Stepson 9, Jacob Snow 5, Artemus Gilbert 3, Samuel Ives 4, Jedediah Hubbert 6, David Arnold 8, Robert M. Turney 7, John Turney 2, Ephraim Turney 4, Daniel Gunn 5, Jehiel Tuttle 10, William Tuttle 7, Josiah Braynard 7, Samuel Graham 13, Ebenezer Blakesley 8, William Stimson 8, Nathaniel Stimson 5, Foster Morse 11, Orami Munson 5, Levi Munson 2, Phineas Hovey 8, William Decker 5, Zebe Osburn 2, John A. Pryout 5, Ebenezer Lake 8, Sanford Hunt 11, Augustus R. Benjamin 10, Argallier White 8, Daniel Ives 5, John Prout 10, Amos Hubbert 8, Timothy Hubbert 7, Russel Glanin 6, Chancy Hubbert 6, Nathan Bates 4, Gurdon Braynard 3, Jedediah Hubbert 6, Medad Hunt 3, Ephraim Stimson 11, Perez Steele 7, Perez Steele jr. 2, Caleb Elmore 8, Samuel Chatfield 8, George Stimpson 10, Noah Pond 5, Asaph Tyler 6, Gideon Greene 5, John Barber 3, John Barber jr. 5, Jeseman Smith 8, Aaron Clafand 5, Nathaniel Lewis 6, Henry J. Brandow 12, Amos Cooke 6, John Hensen 9, John Groat 7, Jonathan Preston 10, Samuel Brandow 6, Russel Gladden 7, Amaziah Doolittle 3, Ezekiel Tuttle 8, Samuel Tuttle 2, Nathan Osborn 15, Benjamin — 6, David Freng 8, Stephen Freng 4, Joses Munson 8, Ira Smallen 5, John Smallen 6, Eben Osborn 8, John Clover 3, William Johnson 5, Henry Davis 6, Elum French 11, Orrin Cole 3, Sylvester Andrews 5, Gad Andrews 3, Elnathan Munroe 5, Jason Peck 3, Nathan White 7, Silas S. Fordham 4, Abijah Wolcott 11, Asa Richmond 5, Nathaniel Butler 10, Asahel Crandell 3, Bostwick Tuttle 10, John Fraer 5, John Sneathen 8, Solomon Wolcott 10, Enoch Blakesley 8, Silas Lewis 11, Esther Brunson 7, Zachariah Cayill 9, Josiah Chatfield 7, Enos Osborne 6, John Rice 6, Abel Blakeley 3, Benjamin Blakeley 3, Smith Palmer 4, John Stedman jr. 7, John Stedman 2, Solomon Stedman 4, Wells Finch 4, Abraham Dudley 9, James Addin 6, John B. Pratt 4, Elizabeth Burhans 10, Gilbert Saxton 8, Eli Robinson 4, John Waterman 7, Elias Preston 6, William Hitchcock 6, Reuben Robinson 6, Joseph Alwood 9, Samuel Baldwin 3, Benjamin Osborn 8, Jabez Badow 10, Joseph Burnum 5, Joel Tuttle 10, Abijah Stone 8, Benjamin Baldwin 5, Susan Saxton 4, Solomon Rogers 6, Phobe Minor 3, Jabez Brown 4, Elisha Wheeler 4, John H. Decker 4, Samuel Reynolds 5, Stephen Spencer 11, Philetus Reynolds 13, Samuel Crooker 8, William Tombs 5, Oliver Spencer 8, Joseph Bokes 2, Thomas Tayler 7, Abijah Mallery 6, Increase Clafand 7, Beriah Pratt 5, Bernardus Rider 2, Samuel Hensen 8, Lewis Barnum 6, Israel Morris 3, Eli Osburn 4, Ard Osburn 5, Caleb Hitchcock 4, Jacob Hitchcock 6, John Hitchcock 3, Jemima Osborn 3, Aaron Steele 7, Simon Pratt 10, James Robertson 8, George Robertson 2, Israel Minor 5, John West 6, Oliver Loomis 8, Nathan Dudley 7, Aaron Barney 3, Jairus Gates 8, Nabby Fitch 3, John Jones 9, Simon Pratt 6, William Ward 10, Daniel Reynolds 4, Jonathan Reynolds 4, Hannah Jones 9, Cornelius Fuller 14, Mary Harvey 4, Jehiel Winchell 3, William Hensen 10, Samuel Law 7, Daniel Loomis 7, Thomas Hitchcock 5, Lemuel Hitchcock 7, Freeman Snow jr. 5, William Read 5, Ebenezer Platt 9, James Moody 3, Edward Boardman 7, Gerusha Spencer 7, John Hotchkiss 5, Timothy Person 8, Caleb Haight 7, Isaac Puck 7, Jesse Haight 7, Isaac Paine 3, Phineas Barkor 9, James Diner (colored) 4, James Tucker 7, Ezra Dibble 6, Jacob Reynolds 4, Reuben Smith 10, Robert C. Spencer 5, John Coy 9, Freeman Snow 4, John Purson 9, Eleazar Miller 7, William Crooker 6, Richard Peck 7.

Town of Greenville:—Samuel Earls 7, Robert Hohenbeck, 12, Elisha Blackmore 4, William Steward 8, Silas Bullock 2, Daniel Palmer 6, Henry Decker 2, Parks Beard 7, Semeer Winnans 15, William Curtis 7, Thomas Robison 5, Thaddeus Dan 5, Isaac Soles 8, Michael Hohenbeck 6, Aron Dibble 5, Asa Bullock 3, William Yeoman 9, Shubal Newman 6, Hendrick Brant 5, John Winters 9, William Morris 7, Jacob Carter 8, Stephen Lockwood 4, Jeromus Henry 8, Lidia Platt 6, Luther Carter 11, Joshua Alisworth 6, John Husford 8, Christian Kriskern 11, Benjamin Decker 2, Robert Limor 9, William Wright 8, Daniel Hubbard 7, John Garison 5, Levi Rogers 13, Russel Norton 8, Amos Perrie 8, John Stanton 5, Jonathan Stokes 11, Ambrose Norton 5, William Barker 15, James Slanson 8, Isaac Norton 5, Horace Smith 4, Daniel Dilson 7, Alexander Anderson 8, David Moss 4, Martin Moss 3, John Finnton 4, George Renny 7, Ebenezer Tuttle 8, Peter Weaver 7, Daniel Norton 5, Isaac Norton 13, Timothy Page 9, Abel Blackmore 8, Garret Becker 8, Harvey Lusk 2, William Williams 6, James Townsend 4, Daniel Maxy 3, Charles Grigs 4, Camrad Simons 9, Pavimin Bolan 9, Jacob Page 4, Simon Moss 6, William Hallick 4, Joel Norton 3, Joseph Wilkins 2, Denison Hawley 4, Jonathan Brent 7, William Hallisk 8, Jesse Belters 4, Thomas Dibble 5, Israel Moredock 4, Lewis Stone 9, Lewis Stone jr. 4, Philip Norton 4, Samuel Boyd 3, Heman Calhoon 5, Augustus Norton 5, Rachel Page 4, Peter Skert 7, Christopher Dale 6, Abraham Post 3, Abraham Post jr. 8, Ezekiel Ransdale 7, James Ingles 4, J. Slingster 4, Samuel Spalding 3, Joseph Hotskis 4, Mark Rose 1, Josiah Rundle 4, Gideon Havork 2, Peter Paddoe 4, Oliver Gibbs 4, Daniel Bullock 2, Elisha Curtis 5, Norris Butler 5, Benjamin Smith 5, Ichabod Warner 7, John Armstrong 8, Samuel I. Haight 6, Benjamin Adams 4, John Andrews 5, John Lashley 2, Nehemiah Tomkins 13, Ezra Powell 5, Joseph Glover 5, Bethel Henman 9, Aliazer Knold 5, Benah Hotchram 5, Jesse Grant 6, Thomas George 5, Nathan Morris 5, Lemuel Holkis 10, Augustus Provost 22, Ezra Ferra 7, Truman Johnson 7, Nathan Davis 3, Gideon Hevork jr. 10, Samuel Hall 3, David Whiteford 7, Ezra Lake 4, Benjamin Gifford 10, Benjamin Wolsey 2, David Scofield 11, Azel Crane 9, Elisha Rusco 6, Ebenezer Carter 3, Amos Cook 9, David Wilson 8, Eustirra Wilson 2, Matthew Salisbury 6, Benjamin Abrams jr. 6, Ebenezer Carter jr. 6, Peter Curtis 6, James Adams 3, Underhill Budd 11, Amos Botchford 5, Hannah Hind 2, Levi Callendar 7, Abijah Read 6, Eliakim Read 4, Ephraim J. Silvers 10, Ebenezer Kirkland 9, Francis Heacock 7, Isaac Blakely jr. 4, Samuel Benet 7, Reuben Brington 7, Reuben Cheriton 9, Henry Talmage 14, Samuel B. Shaw 7, George Dudley 7, Edward D. Lake 8, Nathan Botchford 7, Japt Collins 11, Thomas Tuttle 9, John Christer 9, John Chapman 8, John Ely 14, Abraham Colwell 12, John Sweet 5, Haddan Shields 3, Gideon Baker 10, Isaac Holmes 3, John B. Blimus 9, Halsey Brown 7, Sarah Shaw 5, Joshua Nelson 8, Paul Cregs 5, Jonathan Sherral 13, Ell J. Enolds 8, Benona Austin 4, Elexander Calhoon 5, Simeon Sereppter 6, Abel Wakely 7, Joseph Betts 5, John Baley 5, William Hooker 2, Benjamin Spear 3, Isaac Blakeley 5, Truman Lake 9, Aaron Lake 7, Truman Stamford 7, Aaron Dibble 11, Rebecca Hansen 5, Clark Squire 8, Phineas Lake 6, Betsey Hancock 7, Timothy Whitman 7, Eli Anibal 4, Henry Lee 8, Daniel Miller 21, Dennis Banarbus 8, Stephen Holly 12, Charles Pursell 6, Joshua Holsbad 3, Abestus Crusper 4, Prudence Rundle 6, John Lake 3, Joseph Collins 7, Samuel Collins 6, Perin Parish 5, Benijah Palmer 7, William Hull 7, Joseph Mott 6, Nathaniel Sheperd 5, Azel Newell 11, Richard Henton 3, William Green 3, John Betts 7, Zebulon Forse 4, Aaron Starker 6, Caty Blossom 6, Stephen Benedict 8, William Lantman 6, Ephraim Bogardus 8, Jacob Bogardus 4, Nanning Bogardus 2, Nanning Bogardus jr. 7, Stephen Beardsly 7, Thomas Smith 10, Reuben Rundle 5, Samuel Cornell 9, David Ferry 3, Amos Bolan 5, Barly Boots 7, Nathan Palmer 6, William Lake 9, Gonard Collins 6, Eanus Collins 5, Jesse Bell 4, Robert Holiday 8, Eanos Dean 8, James Palmer 2, Elizer Baker 3, Ishamer Cobb 12, Anthony Stepman 2, David Baker 6, David King 5, Stephen Losee 9, Hiram Losee 10, Stephen Lantman 2, Obadiah King 6, Lewis King 5, David King 6, William Stephens 9, Thaddeus Stephens 3, Samuel Stephens 4, Hill Sturgis 4, Samuel Pierson 6, Benjamin Reynold 3, Jonathan Jeromins 3, Stodard Smith 9, Joseph Hadman 5, George Anderson 6, Ebenezer Brison 9, James Simly 2, Nicholas Carpter 7, Thomas Stephens 6, Henry Stephens 9, James Stephens 4, Aaron Newman 5, Christopher Townsend 10, Joseph Picket 4, Ezra Barker 5, Elkana Barker 4, Henry Bogardus 7, Ezra Finch 7, Samuel Jones 4, William Pitts 10, Jacob Foster 3, William Jump 8, Martin Horwin 4, Orange Newell 4, William Allen 5, John Huntington 3, John I. Huntington 2, Jonathan N. Scaak 5, Semour Eggot 3, John Clash 6, Isaac Smith jr. 3, Nathaniel Smith 3, Enos Smith 3, Harvey Smith 3, Jack Boyd 7, Elijah Henman 6, Thadeus Hind 5, Jonas Scofield 10, Sarah Cummins 5, Thaniel Janther 6, Isaac Smith 7, Solomon Hansen 4, William Parks 3, John Palmer 6, Zuby Jump 5, Robert Jenkins 6, David Swan jr. 4, Isaac Foster 3, Richard Runder 5, Nehemiah Stephens 4, Reuben Stephens 8, Nathaniel Fancher 4, Joshua Baker 6, Shubel Newman jr. 5, Amos Stephens 3, John Bullus 4, Isaac V. Schaak 4, James Fuller 7, Henry Souper 6, Andrew Fancher 11, Elias Rockwell 7, Samuel Webb 8, Thomas Place 5, William Thorn 9, John Brown 4, Joshua Lounsburt 7, Widdow Saturatedly 4, Bortus Segrew 3, Joseph Waldron 9, Nathaniel Palmer 9, William Drake 6, Jonathan Scofield 5, Isaac Huyk 3, Wilhelmus Brandow 6, Peter I. Brandow 8, Stephen Tryon 3, Enoch Hoyt 6, Jacob Wilbeck 6, Jacob Rundles 8, David Rundles 18, Samuel Rundles 6, Richard Walters 7, Henry Edget 7, Daniel Swan 3, William Thorn jr. 7, Michael Cotton 8,

Peter Sigmor 4, Joseph Blasdel 8, Peter Degraaf 8, Tompkins Stephens 5, Smith Sutherland 6, Henry Stephens 11, John Drake 4, John Brandow 4, Uriah Mead 8, Jonathan Davis 2, Nicholas Goes 9, William Goes 3, Casper Deyo 7, Aaron Starker 5, Lemuel Ferris 6, Alexander Ferris 4, Gilbert Ferris 6, John Ferris 5, Josiah Bullus 4, Peter Brandow 10.

Town of Cairo:—Widow Elsie Salisbury 4, Matthew Brandow 4, Peter Rouse 5, Roswell Bump 9, Abner Waters 2, Widow Hannah Bar 5, Abial Wilber 10, William Signor 6, Joshua Allerton 7, Jacob Taylor 8, Zephaniah Tidd 13, John Hendrix 8, Joseph Bullis 5, Wane Parks 9, John Brown 3, David Horton 3, Peleg Horton 5, Gilbert Yeomans 9, Joseph Shepherd 7, Peter Rossmore 3, Joseph Read 6, Peter Fisk 3, Jeremiah Yearls 3, Jonathan Husted 9, John Pine 4, William Gritman 7, James Earls 7, Benjamin Story 10, William F. Salisbury 9, John Winnea 10, Muford Hinyon 9, Wessel Salisbury 6, Abraham W. Salisbury 5, William Thomas 2, John Bullock 5, Widow Hannah Bunt 5, Jacob Bunt 6, Lcmuel Drake 6, Jacob Kip 8, Peter Steward 4, Benjamin Tidd 8, Benjamin Tryon jr. 3, Jonathan Howard 11, William Wright 3, Tucker Tabor 5, James Lassly jr. 5, James Lassly 2, David Brewster 5, Widow Barshebe Ellerton 5, Ebenezer Tamys 9, John Pine jr. 5, Abraham Perin 4, Jonas Perin 3, Amos Finch 9, Jonas Finch 5, Amos Finch jr. 3, Reuben Brundridge 10, William Brownell 5, William Husted 3, Wilber Earls 8, Staats Salisbury 4, William Davis 6, Peter Shevelien 11, Widow Anna Scott 5, Gideon Palmer 8, Nicholis Delamater 9, Peter Ladeu 13, Robert Crawford 4, Uriah Griffin 4, Aaron Roberts 7, John Basset 4, Job Howard 9, Samuel Adams 5, Elipha Basset 7, John I. Harver 3, Mead Hungerford 2, Joseph Colson 7, Henry Phillips 5, Albert Salisbury 4, Richard Grimes 7, Joseph Gilbert 8, Joel Johnson 2, William Denscy 5, Asher Husted 7, James Gale 8, Asa Cob 6, Dadd Vining 7, Peter Simpoor 6, Henry Weeks 15, Oliver Palmer 5, Jacob Bush 5, John Van Etten 7, Philip Jinkins 6, Abner Lantern 4, Richard Thorn 5, Uriah Davis 1, David Stratton 7, David Dickerson 4, Black Oliver (colored) 1, Joseph Hunt 14, Joseph Blackmore 13, Stephen Durphy 2, Nathan Elliot 6, Seneca Steward 7, Josiah Orsbon 8, Thaddeus Parker 7, Robert Baley 5, Jacob Philips 5, John Steward 6, Julius Steward 5, John Balis 7, Evan R. Ruuyon 10, Robert Root 3, Elijah Alden 9, Eli Brooks 5, Charles Strong 4, Edward I. Stephens 1, John Wolenberk 5, Stephen Bently 10, Silvester Woodruff 5, Jervis Wright 9, Robert B. Field 6, Nathaniel Jacobs 6, Peter Van Orden 12, David Stratton jr. 6, Peter Davis 4, Thomas Gilbert 4, John Renny jr. 7, Sanford Worth 7, William Wright jr. 2, Daniel Mead 4, Andrew Wood 8, Ezekiel Roberts 2, Joel Roberts 1, Seth Warner 7, Russel Tubs 10, Joseph Wright 11, John Renny 6, James Renny 7, Etham Roger 7, John Baker 9, Thomas Taylor 7, I. Morrison 5, Ezekiel Smith 5, Nathaniel Nobles 2, Amos Smith 5, Jacob Tryover 4, James Goodrich 11, Isaac Hyne 11, Stephen Tudd 5, Salmon Barith 4, Ager Tredwell 8, Simon Sayers 9, Silvenus W. Stephens 7, William Post 4, Daniel Sayers 9, Jeremiah I. Bennet 8, Jira Bennet 9, Widow Phebe Barns 4, Martin Russel 5, Jesse Wood 6, William Tubs 8, Ezra Miller 9, Robert Hohenbeck 10, Nathan Lockwood 10, Jeremiah Mandige 9, Jacob Aere 9, Henry Person 8, Abraham Pierson jr. 6, Jacob Dewit 2, Berant Aere 6, John Weed 6, Ebenezer Baley 7, Amna Perrie 4, Judson Minor 8, Samuel Peter 10, William Wright 5, William Engar 7, John Engar 5, Jacob Engar 5, William Hulet 8, Ibson Laws 3, Michael Steel 3, Silas Senbren 9, William Rodes 7, Sally Finch 6, Benjamin Hyne 2, Elijah Hyne 8, Joseph Utter 10, Richard Marks 4, Abner Judd 4, Richard Olmsted 2, Russel Webster 6, Moses Olstead 9, David Lyons 6, Timothy Webster 7, James Webster 4, Elijah Smith 10, Samuel Sherman 6, Joseph Mott 6, F. Shears 4, Peter Marquat 5, Zenies Weed 4, Elisha S. Cole 9, Widow Deborah Matthew 7, Obadah Ames 13, David Horton 9, Josiah Baker 5, Harry Poke (colored) 6, Abner Benedict 6, Widow Halsey 4, Elisha Woonoff 6, Frederic Dedrick 5, Robert Chapple 6, John Dedrick 6, Allen Upham 3, Daniel Read 9, Daniel Briggs 5, David Higby 5, Jonathan Nutoren 4, Goodman Nobles 6, James M. Sanford 10, William Philips 6, John Pilsher 5, Jonathan Moss 12, Zina Plina 11, Stephen Webster 3, John E. Darby 16, Joseph Parker 5, Aaron Stone 6, Jabez Olmsted 7, John How 8, Darciel Hall 5, Abraham Linly 7, John Howel 6, Moses Scofield 7, Ebenezer Malery 8, Joseph Rundle 18, John Morrison 9, Samuel Darby 6, Serenus Linner 7, James Linner 2, Daniel Linner 4, Henry Van Buren 5, William Head 5, Henry Kelder jr. 3, Henry Kelder 5, Jacob Kelder 4, William Witbeak 9, Elihu Slauter 7, Amasa Woods 7, Abel Eaton 6, Abel Eaton jr. 4, Martin Eaton 4, Ebenezer Beach 9, John Feiro 7, Benjamin Gillet 8, Ashbel Stanly 7, Ebenezer Hale 7, Benjamin Bagiy 10, Dennis Webster 5, Truman Lewis 8, Uriah Lee 7, William Briggs 6, Thomas Briggs 4, Samuel Johnson 5, John Benham 8, Martin Benham 6, Jabez Cook 7, William Hamlin 5, Jacob Riesdoph jr. 3, Warren Heasin 8, Stephen Martin 6, James Cummins 7, Elias Stone 8, Jacob Riesdorph 3, Moses Morrils 4, Elias Ducher 3, Mineon Murils 5, Neri Stodard 9, Joseph Beach 8, James Eastin 8, Nehemiah Smith 4, Eli Slauter 5, William Vandenberg 10, John Welch 11, Russel Emmins 7, Isaac Slover 5, Enoch Hyde 6, Robert Chandlor 6, Arthur Hataway 5, Thomas Toby 6, Barry Butler 11, Robert Purdy 4, Mindert V. Dyke 5, John Smith 4, James Vandenberg 6, Samuel Drake 6, Jesse Terylor 7, Montgomery Stephens 7, Charles Hinman 7, James H. Steward 6, James Hoyt 4, Seneca Steward 8, Joseph Moor jr. 7, Joseph Moor 6, Wilhelmus Ostrander 7, James Ames 8, Thomas Horars 12, John Van Etten 7, Abraham Van Etten 6, Cobus Van Etten 8.

Town of Durham:—Silvester Pearce 4, John Van Loan 8, Adaliah Davis 4, Ebenezer Davis 9, William Davis 6, Cromwell Pearce 6, John Wood 10, Joab Webb 4, George Wright jr. 7, George Wright 10, Richard Townsend 8, Peter Miller 4, Lavine Cleveland 5, Thomas Clarke 5, Russel Pearce 9, Joab Pearce 5, Micah Pearce 7, Benoni Pearce 5, William Leet 6, Benjamin Wright 4, Phebe Winon 4, James Wright 6, Rossel Rood 9, Louisa Benton 5, Philip Moore 9, Joel Weeks 6, John Edger 8, William Heed 7, John Sherman 13, John M. Pearce 3, Hull Bigsby 7, Anle Stone 8, Haun Conrad 4, Catherine Seabolt 6, John Garrison 14, John Dunham 6, David Bugg 9, Daniel Benjamin 7, Eliakim Souard 16, John A. Sherman 8, Richard Benjamin 10, Richard Benjamin jr. 6, Edward Harman 9, Gideon Skeels 5, Dennis Spencer 8, James Utter 6, Jonathan Pratt 2, Jonathan Pratt jr. 5, Eliab Skeel 6, Ira Pank 6, Adonijah Skeel 8, Barnabas McKean 5, William Smith 4, Jacob Ruggen 7, Solomon Henderson 7, Peter Dewitt 12, Moses M. Brasseen 7, Jacob Baringer 6, Jesse Butler 8, Joseph Howell 9, Hary Rightembergh 11, Michael Rightemberg 9, Henry Strope 5, John Combs 5, Oliver Head 5, Wis. Wright 10, Ambrose Wright 10, William Ares 7, Cornelius Egbertson 8, Nathaniel Kindle 7, Harry Plank 2, Solomon Coles 3, John Davison 8, Grove Cooley 5, James I. Hase 5, Peter Stanard 5, James Utter jr. 4, Richard Wheeler 8, Ashbel Walker 5, Daniel Park 9, Luke Dewitt 8, James Crane 4, James Austin 8, Abner Flower 4, Georges Flower 10, Peter Stanard jr. 6, Amos Hamlin 8, Josiah Strong 11, Isaac Johnson 6, Charles Casso (col'd) 7, John Chapman 9, Ichabod S. Spencer 7, Calvin Spencer 5, Elnathan Norton 8, William Ingraham 8, Nathaniel H. Doty 4, Israel Hubbut 5, Cornelius West 7, Allen Smith 6, Samuel Scofield 10, William Newman 6, Giles Sutton 10, James Elting 6, Erastus Day 6, Raphael Newell 6, Charles Brawton 3, Zachariah Braynard 7, Arnold Braynard 3, Barnard Alberte 8, Jesse Braynard 7, Asa Thomson 5, Stephen Atwater 5, Jared Hitchcock 3, Charles Parker 6, William Dryer 8, Peter Strong 6, Josiah Doan 6, David Baldwin 6, Orren Burnham 7, Cnrtis Baldwin 9, Gideon Holbert 11, Elijah Hubbard 9, Benjamin Hubbard 9, John West 12, Jerome Doty 6, Thomas Adams 7, William Groom 10, Jonathan Taylor 4, Stephen Vigil 7, Thomas Scofield 6, Amasa Scofield 5, Aaron Norton 3, Luther Wade 6, Joshua Howland 4, Samuel Tolds 7, Clarke Hubbard 6, Isaac Anderson 5, Stephen Scofield 4, William Scofield 2, Elliott Deiggs 5, John Burn 4, Reuben Scott 8, I. Harris 7, Robert Steele 6, Asa Bouton 5, Augustus Noyes 7, Jonah Gilbert 8, Elihu Moss 9, John Newell 6, Martha Bouton 6, Abner Hubbard 4, David Coe 6, Eben Boothe 4, John B. Hall 8, Giles Ingaham 8, William E. Farmer 6, Levi Austen 5, Luthan Ellis 8, Phineas Chapman 2, Samuel Cooley 5, Lemuel Hotchkiss 10, Thomas Gray 6, Henry Hotchkiss 3, Reuben Bushnell 7, Samuel Lee 2, Francis Wilcox 7, Samuel Wells 4, Benjamin Walker 6, Josiah Hand 6, Thomas Smith 8, Harris Gideons 9, James Goof 5, Nathan Fraer 7, Bartholomew Driggs 1, Thomas Cook 2, Seth Newell 9, Elijah Warner 9, William Wilkins 3, Isaac Umphrey 13, Silvester Umphrey 4, Silas Bartow 2, Leauth Chittenden 9, Jires Chittenden 5, George Keith 6, Jed Chapman 6, James Chapman 6, Abel M. Grosvenor 4, John Palmer 6, Adiah Dewey 7, William Chapman 7, Benjamin Chapman 12, Jared Matthews 7, Amaziah Rice 5, Herman Rice 3, Charles Kirtland 2, Jeremiah Hummel 5, Joseph Adams jr. 5, Benjamin Gideons 6, Jabez Hubbard 5, Isaac Hubbard 6, John Clafland 4, Patience Champion 6, Seth Smith 8, Seth Baldwin 9, Abiel Gardner 11, Isaac Leary 9, Abraham Elmendorf 8, John Wright jr. 3, Daniel Cornwell 8, Moses Austin 11, Edward Hill 14, Silvester Bunyon 8, Sarah Stocking 2, John Fayatt 6, Jesse Canfield 12, Harvey Puck 8, Barnabas McKean 6, Daniel Brown 7, James Ware 5, Samuel Marvin 5, Enoch Hutchinsou 9, John Hull 7, Richard Tryon 11, David Mervin 10, Jehiel Cooley 10, Daniel White 7, Nathan Price 3, Francis Bouton 12, Jacob Wingar 4, Joshua Austin 8, Stephen Dunsbre 4, Anson Strong 6, Elias Snyder 6, Allin Clark 5, Heman Hobson 11, Elkanah Perceval 4, Luther Bristol 4, Amos Cornwall 12, Ebenezer Rose 5, Ambrose Squires 9, John Davison 7, John Adams 8, Abiel Baldwin 7, Mary Hitchcock 3, Joel Chittenden 11, Jeremiah Plank 6, Lovira Hart 6, James Rose 2, Constant Bushnell 9, Stephen Tibbles 8, Titus Munger 6, Timothy Munger 3, Solomon Perry 5, Benjamin Bidwell 10, Christopher Post 12, Richard Kirtland 7, Jared Hitchcock 6, Daniel Kirtland 8, Ephraim Higgins 9, William Pratt 10, Jacob Andrews 7, Samuel Chapman 10, Augustus Pratt 5, Augustus Pratt jr. 5, Selah Strong 6, William Hendrixen 4, Edward Daily 9, Walter Field 5, Peter Shoe 7, Frederick Crooker 6, John Haines 5, Levi Stedman 9, William H. Reed 8, Silas Fordham 7, Jesse Townsend 7, Aaron Clarke 8, William Cooke 9, Thomas Canfield 7, Samuel Everth 7, Joseph Wade 6, John Wright 8, Selagh Strong 4, Reconcence Smith 4, Samuel Hill 4, John Cleveland 8, Eleazar Hedges 10, William Johnson 5, Charles Johnson 10, Asa Tryn 9, Tehiel Tudd 5, Frederick Pratt 3, David Coles 11, Daniel Kirtland 4, Joshua Austin jr. 6, Cyrus Field 5, Jonathan Baldwin 6, James Baldwin 6, Noah Baldwin 11, Augustus Shoe 7, Josiah Tuyler 5, Timothy Percival 2, Chester Patterson 7, Luther W. Hart 4, Elthan Pratt 9, Thomas M. Spalding 5, James Thomson 7, William Tucker 9, Hannah Saring 7, John Sken 7, Cyrus Peck 5, Thomas E. Barker 3, James Dewitt 11, Isaac Woodworth 2, Ebenezer Allen 13, Seth Carter 3, Ira Carter 2, Joseph Adams 6, Chancy Hobson 4, Samuel Peck 5, Truman Smith 9, Amos Cleaveland 7, Ezra Post 7, Thomas I. Barker 11, Thomas Carter 4, Elias Hoghtaling 4, Jerard Woodward 8, Roswell Post 7, Ethan Plank 6, Isaac Carter 6, John Gideons 8, Christopher Waters 5, Israel Heels 10, William Shofelt 6, Isaac Wheeler 8, Fowler Bryant 8, Eli Pain 10, Isaac Hoghtaling

3, John Wiley 9, William Early 9, Joseph Griggs 5, Stephen Slawson 5, Christopher Keeler 10, Joel Linley 13, Samuel Wheeler 7, Jacob Shears 9, Luther Hayes 8, Nathaniel Umsted 5, Thomas Root 7, Theodosius Van Tassel 8, Betsey Hull 2, Fowler Bryant 8, John Avrey 6, Joseph Peck 9, John Phenix 2, Berea White 6, Sarah Whittlesy 4, Obid Hames jr. 3, Joseph Tudds 13, Gilmore Ricketson 7, Bary Bagley 4, George Hotchkiss 7, David Franie 10, Richard Griffin 4, Joseph S. Bullis 7, Silas Pierce 13, John Perry 7, Nathaniel Mead 11, Elon Hallock 8, George Crandle 3, Jacob Van Sneg 5, Selock Lawes 11, Moses Earles 6, Nathan Hallock 10, Obadiah Avery 9, Wilsey Stilwell 5, John Bagley 10, John Earles 7, David Lawter 8, Gilbert Smith 2, Ebenezer Brackett 14, Elias Galusha 8, Thomas Albro 8, Roxy Butler 7, Reynolds Verner 6, Joseph Vincent 6, Harman Harey 7, Ebenezer Knapp 4, Jonathan Tripp 4, Cutting Bagley 12, Papillean Barker 4, Aaron Russel 7, Philip Goof 6, Phebe James 1, Abraham Boomhorn 7, Lemuel Judsen 7, Peter Harris 7, Williams Avery 3, Peter Cortright 2, Eli Morris 8, John M. Bagley 8, Phineas Tyler jr. 10, Moses Dodge 3, John Howes jr. 13, Jeremiah White 14, Ichabod Umstead 14, Eliphalet Ackley 9, William Pain 3, Joseph Johnson 8, Abel Avery 3, Giles Butler 10, Samuel Holmes 7, Andrew Miller 12, Obid Harvey jr. 8, John Stewart 3, Elisha Tyler 5, Phineas Tyler 4, Herrick Aldrige 3, John Hawley 9, Jemima Cory 9, Obadigh Stephens 8, Stephen James 9, Zimri Welke 4, Michael Boomhorn 3, Daniel Morison 4, Nathan Stone 5, William Lewis 4, Joseph Arnold 8, Alvin Doty 8, John Plank 6, Henry Hendrixen 4, Abel Ives 8.

Town of Catskill:—Anthony Dumond 4, Henry Van Gorden 10, Rufus Moore 5, Samuel Cole 6, Samuel Hull jr. 7, Mackey Crosswell 7, George Taylor 8, Ira Day 10, Benjamin Sole 6, Sibel Ogden 3, Tortullus Luddington 8, John Morrison 10, Enoch Calkins 7, Charles Rogers 7, Jesse B. Porter 3, Tunis Ryer 6, Joseph Weed, 3, Peter Dubois 10, Andrew McFarland 6, Adam Stewart 7, James Cole 8, John Hamlin 5, John Hicks 2, William Sheffield 11, Caleb Carpenter 3, Ebenezer Baldwin 3, Charles Clark 9, John Pack 2, John Clements 4, Jacob M. Hollenbake 5, John Doan 10, Zachariah Cole 6, John Buel 2, Amos Gillet jr. 9, Lyman Hall 7, Peter Breasted 7, Stephen Day 4, Peter Ousterhout 12, Cornelius Acker 3, James Powers 5, John Low 7, Francis Sayre 4, James Garish 6, David Winans 5, Aristobulus Merrick 7, John Deputy 5, Nathaniel Dunbar 7, Daniel Donovan 2, Joseph Cleveland 5, Samuel Pierce 6, Adonijah Sherman 10, Cyrus Sweet 4, Joseph E. Simmons 2, John V. D. S. Scott 11, Jesse W. Smith 6, John Wetsel 5, Naomah Prout 4, Daniel Crane 13, William Brown 6, Ephraim Rice 6, Jared Stocking 5, John Grant 3, James Pinckney 9, James Bogardus 8, James Cain 4, Simon Smith 4, Theophilus Dimick 5, Thomas B. Cooke 10, William Robb 7, James Collier 5, Adonijah Baker 5, John E. Ackerman 3, Lemuel Hall 8, Thomas O'H. Crosswell 5, Francis Botsford 8, Henry McKinstry 6, Peter Thurston 4, John Shaw 8, Barent Dubois 7, Ann Tout 5, Archibald Thorp 8, Beman Brockway 4, Robert Pauley 2, Henry Ashley 8, Elijah Wells 8, John Brown 4, Noah Gardner 4, John Ashley 8, Terrence Donnelly 10, Peter Davison 9, Solomon Chandler 7, Cornelius Clark 7, John Dogherty 5, Theo's Limbrick 5, Jacob Dunham 6, Thomas Hale 10, William Scott 3, Wilkes Hyde 7, Moses I. Cantine 7, Abraham Fonda 8, Peter Coon 6, Jacob I. Bogardus 6, Henry Brink 3, Charles Backus 7, Ephraim Baker 6, Peter Bogardus 4, Orrin Day 8, Ellis Thompson 6, Ralph Stebbins 4, John Blanchard 3, Ezra Hawley 9, Lawrence Mullenix 7, Arnold Gates 7, Nathaniel Jacobs 4, Jacob Haight 6, John P. Bolen 10, John Hyde 9, Nathaniel Ellis 12, Robert Dorlan 3, Jacob Coon 3, Joseph Klein jr. 9, Peter Thorp 8, Ashley Calkins 4, Hezekiah Thayer 6, Horace Willard 5, Hiland Hill 8, Richard Hill 7, Jonathan Bill 7, Benjamin Hide 4, Joseph Vail 5, William Stewart 3, David Hamlin 8, David Porter 10, James Bill 10, Egbert Bogardus 6, Henry Sileck 6, Isaac Dubois 10, Samuel Magee 7, Amos Weeks 5, Andrew Whiteford 5, Nathaniel Hinman 10, Caleb Benton 6, Peter L. Donaldson 5, Sally Bridgen 2, John M. Canfield 8, Isaac Hardenbergh 7, Jonathan Hill 8, Jehiel Preston 7, William Seaman 5, Amos Eaton 9, William Hibbert 4, Elisha Meiggs 7, David Thorp 4, Garret Abeel 11, Matthew Bounds 3, William Gibbs 6, George Henry 7, George Read 5, Deborah Shattuck 2, William Hammond 5, John S. Olcott 11, Nathan Elliott 6, John Reed 10, Abraham Van Gorden 3, Samuel Henry 3, Andrew Bronsaham 5, Chancey Stow 8, Samuel Haight 3, Aaron Hall 9, Phineas Meiggs 7, Chester Blodgett 4, Coenrad Shout 3, Jesse Duncan 2, John T. Lacy 15, Garrit Van Hoesin 7, Stephen Johnson 8, Samuel Norton 4, Garius Leet 5, Isaac Mansfield 4, Garrit Person 6, Asa T. Bailey 5, Jacob Bogardus 3, James Rowe 5, John Riedsorph 4, John Merrifield 6, Luke Kiersted 3, Philip Gephard 6, William Schuneman 13, John Folger 8, Jehn I. Van Hoesen 4, Margaret Egbertson 3, Jacob Van Hoesen 3, Nicholas Price 4, Jacob Feely 2, Nicholas Weeks 2, Jeremiah Rushmore 9, James I. Van Valkenbergh 6, Noah Lindsey 4, Peter Souser 6, James Rogers 4, William Shortman 6, Ezra Shephard 6, John Franklin 7, Henry Race 5, Jason Thorp 3, John Dubois 12, Abraham Hoghtaling 2, Egbert Schoonmaker 3, John Olcott 5, Eli White 6, Abraham Post 6, Henry Demaurs 6, James Brown 3, Martin Van Bergen 2, Peter Bortle 9, Abraham Simmons 3, Ephraim Conkling 2, John C. G. Van Hoesen 7, Moses Hedden 6, Abraham Van Valkenbergh 4, James Van Valkenbergh 5, Shubal C. Bingham 6, Aaron Brandow 8, Aaron Allen 2, Jacob Gotchers 9, Michael Casey 5, Joseph Cadwell 7, Daniel Benton 11, James Pierce 3, Nathan Benjamin 15, Mary Van Loan 5, David Dutcher 5, Elias Winan 3, Philip Ruger 14, Jacob Wetsel 4, James Wetsel 6, Michael Plank 8, Jeremiah Plank 6,

Nicholas Brandow 6, George Plank 3, William Plank 12, Garrit Van Bergen 7, Jacob J. Elmendorf 5, William B. Salisbury 6, John Egbortson 6, William Greene 5, Peter Munden 5, Numan Smith 6, John E. David 3, James P. Stoutenbergh 5, Conrad T. Elmendorf 6, Matthew Bellamy 3, John Sutton 8, Jonathan Keyes 9, Jonathan T. Haight 3, Jacob Eates 7, Abraham A. Salisbury 3, Nicholas Dick 7, Maria Sparling 5, Garret Claw 3, Samuel Cochran 2, Samuel Van Vechten 7, John Collier 6, David Palmer 8, James Donnelly 7, Clement Leamen 8, William Johnson 5, John Leaman 4, Catherine Leaman 4, George Burke 7, Henry Dingman 5, Zenas Goodrich 10, Jacob Hollenbake 9, John Rouse jr. 5, John Rouse 6, Joel Bellamy 4, William Prout 3, Samuel Fowks 8, Clement Schram 6, James Bostwick 2, Selick Dan 5, Joseph Wardwell 6, William Sturgis 7, Emma Day 11, John Newkirk 7, David Smith 4, Justus Warner 7, Sally Osborn 5, Frederick Smith jr. 5, Martin G. Schuneman 5, George Brendt 9, Jacob Newkirk 3, William Van Bergen 6, Jacob Phillips 3, Andrew Brezee 5, John Person 5, James Cooper 9, Samuel Chidester 3, Waldron Dumond 7, Henry Richtmyer 7, John Walcott 8, Ezekiel Benton 15, John Pollock 6, Adam J. P. Reid 6, Nathaniel Cooper 14, Henry Rouse 5, Francis Salisbury 3, Samuel A. Chidester 11, William Chidester 5, Lydia Chidester 4, John Brandow 6, Henry Brandow 5, Wilhelmus Layman 5, Jacob Timmerman 11, Joseph Doan 3, Peter P. Sax 7, Vincent Bruzee 7, Garret Person jr. 4, Simeon Fowler 10, Harmanus Veeder 2, John Veeder 10, Casper Van Hoesen 9, Wilhelmus Brandow 8, John Munden 4, John Schuneman 8, Samuel Davis 3, Abraham Basset 8, Peter Sax jr. 7, Michael Smith 5, Asa June 3, Green Blevin 8, James Welch 7, William Turner 7, John Ousterhout 7, William Elting 7, Abraham Salisbury 10, Samuel Powell 2, Frederick Sax jr. 5, Powles Fiero 5, Margaret Rowe 7, Peter C. Sax 7, Nicholas Rowe 5, Jeremiah Griswold 7, William Timmerman 3, Christian Kellerhouse 4, John Sax 13, Michael Mower 3, Peter Van Bergen 8, Isaac German 4, Joseph Allen 3, Joseph Allen jr. 5, Frederick Sax 9, Peter Overbagh 3, Jonathan Rowe 8, Stephen Root 9, Christian Myer 6, Henry Pelham 10, Isaac Pelham 6, Lee Brandow 7, Timothy Babcock 4, Jonathan Smith 10, Peter Van Bogert 6, William Travers 4, Joshua Travers 4, Edward Haines 8, Caleb Townsend 4, Phineus Curtius 5, Russel Beebe 8, Isaac Blanchard 2, Edward Coates 3, Tobias Myer jr. 2, Peter I. Overbagh 6, George Overbagh 3, John Leaman jr. 3, John Leaman 6, Frederick Wall 6, Frederick Chollet 8, James Cargill 6, Richard Thomas 4, Solomon Cook 12, William Overbagh 5, Conrad Barringer 5, John Best 9, Cornelius Myer 10, Peter Brett 7, Samuel Smith 3, John Emerick 3, John Gardiner 2, Frederick Schermerhorn 7, Frederick S. Smith 8, James Webster 8, Jeremiah Smith 8, Isaac Robbins 7, David Lawrence 5, Gaun Watts 3, Merchant Lawrence 11, Jonathan Purinton 9, John Remsen 5, Jacob Beecker 8, Phineas Goodin 7, David Garrison 8, Catlope Cannight 6, Austin Everston 9, Silvanus Cash 2, Bradford Cash 8, Charles L. Meach 6, David Abeel 5, David G. Abeel 5, Jacob Tremper 6, Benjamin S. Du bois 6, Philip Eaman 5, John Starr 4, Isaac Van Loan 4, Joseph Moore 5, Matthew Leaman 8, Peter Eckler 13, John Eckler 10, Zachariah Dedrick 11, William Dedrick 8, Peter Dedrick 5, John Dedrick 4, Jacob Dedrick 3, John Dedrick jr. 5, Godfrey Wolven 7, Philip Frayerd 5, Jeremiah Lasher 7, George Musier 7, Christopher Musier 7, Ephraim Magee 6, Jonathan Kittle 2, Frederick Martin 5, Peter Scutt 3, Nicholas Shoulders 2, Gideon Leaman 4, Joseph Townsend 8, Thomas Wait 5, John Fiero 7, William Martin 5, William E. Whitaker 4, William Overbagh 7, Clement Overbagh 6, John Overbagh 6, Thomas E. Gardiner 8, Abraham Dedrick 4, James Van Aten 3, James Milligan 5, Ruluf Voorhis 11, Abraham Van Gelder 8, Peter Van Gelder 6, Peter Brandow 8, Peter Wolven 6, Peter Sax 4, Peter Camp 3, Thomas Mosher 2, John Lasher 5, William Demott 7, Jacob Ten Broeck 3, John I. Dewitt 8, Peter Dewitt 3, William Musier 5, James Person 10, John Bogardus 13, William Van Orden 5, Samuel Foster 6, Elias Overbagh 10, Nicholas Danah 4, Frederick Smith 6, John Decker 6, Henry Benham 5, John Van Orden 12, Adam Burgot 11, Peter Overbagh 6, J. Van Hoesen 9, John H. Van Hoesen 9, John C. Van Hoesen 4, John Van Loan 10, Matthias Van Loan 11, John Cook 7, Lewis Wheeler 5, Henry Ritter 9, Samuel Hamilton 8, William Fraser 6, John Patterson 5, Henry Well jr. 7, Stephen Horton 4, William Dusenbury 10, Thomas Cook 7, Edward Hinman 4, Simeon Franklin 9, Roswell Wade 3, Samuel Hollenbeck 5, John Pollock 3, Coerad Saltpagh 3, Solomon Scutt 8, Michael Phillips 7, Frederick Tremper 2, Peter Dewitt 8, Henry Dewitt 5, William Wynkoop 7, John A. Overbagh 9, Joseph Groom 6, John Conine 9, William Scutt 8, Philip Scutt 8, Benjamin Van Buskirk 6, Henry Scutt 3, Ephraim Wheeler 6, Joseph Prentiss 5, Benjamin Haviland 5, Benjamin H. Haviland 9, Dirk Collier 12, Andrew Williams 5, Hezekiah Keeler 3, Casper Hollenbake 5, Chester Sayre 4, Levi Mix 2, Gersham Olds 4, Jared Cook 5, John Adams 2, William Dobson 7, Henry White 8, Henry Deal 3, Cornelius Barnad 4, Juba Hillyer 6, David Thayer 2, Andrew Backus 6, Thomas C. McGraw 7, Phebe McGoun 3, Jacob Dunham 7, John Cook jr. 4, William Woodward 7, Samuel Reynolds 6, John Nichols 5, Whiting Backus 7, Thomas Spencer 7, Timothy Bunker 8, Thomas Stiles 4, Gordon Williams 5, John Bogardus 6, Patrick Hamilton 4, David Duncan 5, Alexander Fraser 2, Thomas Lawrence 7, Thomas Dillon 10, Samuel Doxey 3, Jesse Sackett 8, Nicholas J. Van Loan 7, John Williams 8, Peter Van Gorden 6, Chester Huntington 6, Solomon Wilber 3, Ebenezer Whitting 3, William Byrne 7, John Haviland 4, Aaron Barnard 4, David Olcott 6, Edward Austin 8, William Patterson 3, Jacob Cook 3, Deliverance Backus 3, Shubal Hotchkinn 8, Joseph Colson 2, Thomas Augustus 4, Thomas Howe 6,

Shubal Coffin 5, Solomon Coffin 5, Samuel Woodworth 2, Hugh Stephens 10, Seth Hamilton 2, John Nichols 8, Samuel Raymond 11, Isaac Northrop 9, John Colson 4, Thomas Sheffield 7, James Titus 7, Orange Benton 5, William Graves 4, Robert I. Hollenbake 6, Henry Post 6, Augustus Spencer 4, Casper Claw 5, Abraham Hollenbake 6, William Slade 2, James Harington 7, John Schermerhorn 7, Samuel Waring 4, Josiah Hubbard 5, John Williams sen. 2, John Folger 6, Peter Aikens 5, Martin Evarts 7, Calvin Bales 9, Silvanus Macy 7, Bazela Bunker 5, Elizabeth Howland 4, James B. Root 5, Aaron Reed 7, John W. Hays 4, Joseph L. Baldwin 5, Thomas Simmons 5, Tideman Hazard 7, Charles Brown 6, Nehemiah Brown 5, John M. Crows 7, Alexander Allen 4, Ezra Stannard 5, Jesse Story 7, Ira Canfield 7, Isaac Van Wort 6, Russel Lefinguel 9, Mary Nash 7, William Mellin 7, Justus Wheeler 9, Matthew Graves 5, James Aikens 9, Samuel Aikens 3, Silas Person 5, Lee Hill 5, John Fraser 10, Aaron Gilbert 8, James G. Foster 6, John Alsop 7, Richard Barker 5, Nathaniel Howland 10, John T. Nettenille 10, David Shaw 11, Uriah Coffin 4, Abijah Fosdick 12, Samuel Brooks 4, Matthias Fonda 5, Charles Barrington 5, Benjamin Turner 5, Isaac Cain 6, Richard Pultney 5, Francis Gayler 5, Timothy Witheride 4, Deborah Folger 3, Reuben Moulton jr. 6, Reuben Moulton 3, Ann Hamlin 3, Abraham Van Buskirk 6, William Brandow 5, Reuben Whippley 7, Ebenezer Thornton 6, Joseph Seely 9, Mary Hard 4, William J. Bresach 4, Richard E. Cook 7, John A. Thompson 4.

CHAPTER X.

TURNPIKES AND STAGE LINES.

"We hear no more of the clanging hoof,
And the stage-coach rattling by;
For the steam-king rules the travelled world,
And the old pike's left to die.
The grass creeps o'er the flinty path,
And the stealthy daisies steal,
Where once the stage-horse, day by day,
Lifted his iron heel.

"No more the weary stager dreads
The toil of the coming morn;
No more the bustling landlord runs
At the sound of the echoing horn;
For the dust lies still upon the road,
And the bright-eyed children play
Where once the clattering hoof and wheel,
Rattled along the way."

REV. JOHN PIERPONT.

THE PRINCIPAL roads of this county were laid out and constructed as turnpikes, by chartered companies who were authorized to collect tolls of those using them. The labor required to make a road over the rocky and uneven surface of this region was very great, and the turnpike company was the pioneer that did the work that in many sections of the country was done by the corporate people.

Some provisions for laying out and maintaining the great roads of the State, as well as local roads, had been made before. By an act of May 4th 1784, the towns were authorized to elect three to five commissioners of highways for this purpose. An act had been passed previous to that, *i. e.* March 24th 1772, and under that act the commissioners for the district of Coxsackie, June 18th 1773, were Theunys Van Vechten, Jacob Hallenbeck, Anthony Van Bergen and Hendrick Hoghtaling. The progress of these public improvements was augmented in those early years by the aid of lotteries. March 28th 1797, the State Legislature made provision for raising \$45,000 by three successive lotteries, the money to be expended in opening and improving the great roads connecting the eastern and western and northern and southern parts of the State. In the disposition of this sum the act decrees that \$6,510 "shall be

and hereby is appropriated for improving the great road leading from Catskill landing in the county of Albany to Catherine's town in the county of Tioga, and which improvements shall commence at or near the house of Stephen Platt in the town of Freehold."

March 30th 1802, the Legislature directed that four commissioners should be appointed to investigate the road leading from Albany to Kingston and thence to the turnpike in Orange county. They were to report its condition and any alterations that might be advisable, and the probable expense of making such alterations. This commission reported to the next Legislature (1803) and in accordance with their recommendations that body, April 6th 1803, appointed Charles Selden, Benjamin Smith and Albert Pawling, commissioners with power to lay out a road beginning at the southern boundary of the city of Albany and running over the route which to them should seem the most convenient to the toll bridge at Catskill Landing; thence to Kingston and so on to the Orange turnpike. The commissioners of highways in the several towns through which the road was to pass were directed to open the road in their several towns without delay.

In the early years of this century the chartered turnpike took the precedence over all other schemes for road making. There was much that was substantially uniform in the charters of these old turnpikes. To save repetition in individual cases we will give some of the main points which they possessed in common. The charter was issued to a number of men, whose names were given, and their associates; commissioners were appointed to receive subscriptions; the stock was to consist of a specified number of shares, the value of which was usually fixed at twenty dollars each, and a certain amount of it was to be paid at the time of subscribing. When a certain number of shares had been subscribed for, the commissioners were to give notice of a meeting for the election of directors, at which meeting they should preside, and the stockholders were to elect nine directors. The president and directors, who were to hold office for one year, were to call for installments on the shares of stock, at their discretion, and failure on the part of stockholders to respond within 30 days would result in the forfeiture of the payments already made. The president and directors were to make by-laws and regulations, such as they thought necessary, so long as they were "not repugnant to the laws of this State or of the United States." The number of shares that any one person could hold was limited. A road was to be constructed upon the most direct and convenient route practicable between the two points of termination, the road bed to be 18 feet or more in width, to be made of stone, gravel, or other hard substance, crowned in the center and compacted so as to form a solid road with a smooth, hard surface. On the completion of the whole or specified parts of the turnpike, inspectors who were appointed for the purpose, were to issue certificates upon which the governor of the State was to give permission for the erection of a gate or gates at points named in the charter, which points were usually ten miles apart along the line; and the first one

to be four or five miles from the starting point. The direction and route of the turnpike were to be decided by commissioners (disinterested parties) to be appointed by the governor, and in case of disagreement with any land owner as to the amount of damage, a jury of six disinterested freeholders was to assess the damage. Heavy fines were imposed for the destruction of any gates, or injuries to the road, or passing the gates without paying toll.

The directors were to declare dividends of the clear income of the turnpike semi-annually, and to render annual accounts of the finances of the company to the controller of the State. Whenever the income from a turnpike should have compensated fully for all the expense of making, improving and repairing it, and realized an interest of ten to fourteen per cent. additional on the money invested, the Legislature might dissolve the corporation, when the road was to revert to the State. The charter of a company was to be null and void in case the road was not begun or completed within a specified time. The governor was to appoint commissioners to inspect the turnpike, and when found out of repair these inspectors were to cause the gates to be thrown open until the proper repairs were made. No toll was to be exacted of any person passing to or from any place of public worship, or to or from his common farm business, or to or from the mill where he had his grain ground into flour for use in his family, or going to or returning from funerals. The appended table shows the rates of toll allowed by some of the principal turnpike charters:

	Susquehanna, 1800.	Albany and Greene, 1806.	*Albany and Greene, 1806.	Coxsackie, 1805.	Little Delaware, 1805.	Schoharie, 1802.
	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.
Score of sheep or hogs.....	8	8	6	4	8	5
Score of cattle, horses or mules.....	20	20	14	10	20	12
Horse and rider or leader.....	5	4	3	3	5	4
Single horse sulky, chair or chaise.....	12½	12½	9	7	12½	12
Cart, with one horse.....	6	6	4	3	6	4
Chariot, coach, coachee or phaeton.....	25	25	18	12½	25	25
Stage, wagon, or other four-wheel carriage drawn by two horses, mules or oxen.....	12½	12½	9	6	12½	12
Additional horses, &c., each.....	3	3	2	2	3	3
Cart with two horses, oxen or mules.....	12½	12½	9	6	12½	6
Each additional horse or ox.....	3	3	2	2	3	3
Sleigh or sled drawn by two horses or oxen...	6	6	4	3	6	6
Each additional horse or ox.....	3	3	2	2	3	3

*The Albany and Greene Turnpike had different rates of toll for different gates.

In connection with the building of turnpikes the following advertisement, which appeared in the *Recorder* in 1807, is full of suggestions:

"WANTED at New Baltimore, 20 miles above Catskill, by the subscriber, 10 or 15 *sworn* TURNPIKERS to work on the Baltimore and Rensselaer Turnpike, to whom good wages will be given. No Dutchman need apply unless he is pretty well Yankeyfied; and no Irishman unless he can demolish a quart of *Rum* per day."

"DANIEL IVES."

"New Baltimore, June 9th."

In the following paragraphs we will give a brief sketch of each of the turnpikes that have been built within or through this county, as far as reasonable dili-

gence has enabled us to obtain the facts concerning them.

The Susquehanna Turnpike:—This turnpike was authorized and the president and directors made a corporate body, by an act of Legislature passed April 1st 1800. The men whose names appear in the charter were John Livingston, Stephen Day, Henry Livingston, Caleb Benton, George Hale, Samuel Haight, Garret Abeel, Martin G. Schuneman, Benjamin Van Orden, Sherman Wattles, Solomon Martin, and John Cortright. The stock was limited to \$12,000, and was to be held in twenty dollar shares. The charter granted the right to survey and lay out the road, over whatever route seemed most practicable to them. The road was to be not less than four nor more than six rods wide. Twenty feet of its width was to be bedded with wood, stone, gravel or other hard substance. It was to run from the town of Salisbury, in Connecticut, to the ferry near the store of John Livingston, in the town of Livingston, and from the landing at Catskill to Wattles' Ferry on the Susquehanna River. By the latter part of the following August twenty-five hundred shares had been taken. This fact shows the eagerness with which the people, having full confidence that it was to fill a great want, took hold of the enterprise. By an act of March 20th 1804, the organization and its jurisdiction was divided, and that part of the turnpike lying east of the Hudson River was incorporated as the Ancram Turnpike, while the Susquehanna Turnpike covered that part of the route which lay west of the river. The stock of the corporation was now limited to \$11,600, or 5,800 shares. Its management rested in the hands of nine directors. They were to erect mile-stones marking the distance from the river, and gates at intervals of ten miles, the first one to be three and a half to four miles from the river. Its rates of toll are given in the table printed above.

This turnpike route ran out through the northern part of Greene county, from Catskill westward, striking on its way the villages of Cairo and Durham. The first section of the road, four and one-half miles, which was necessary to the placing of the first gate, was completed ready for inspection, August 20th 1801. The road soon became a profitable investment, and during the years between 1820 and 1830 saw its most prosperous period. But the opening of the Erie Canal and the Erie Railroad, and other channels of traffic, diverted the tide of inland commerce, which from a large back territory previously found its way over this route to an outlet at Catskill, and it soon felt a decline. The turnpike at first had ten gates on it, but soon after the year 1830, the western part of it was abandoned. In 1842, we find it had but five gates. This length carried it beyond the line of this county. On the 12th of December, 1856, all the western part of the road down to the fifteenth mile-stone, which is in the town of Durham, was abandoned. The road is held to that point at the present time, and there are three gates on it. The tolls, since its incorporation, have been several times changed. During the days of its prosperity they were reduced to about one-half the

original charges. In 1867 they were advanced, but in 1879 the former charges were re-established. The successive presidents of the corporation have been: Stephen Day, July 25th 1800; Caleb Benton, July 24th 1801; John Livingston, July 24th 1802; Caleb Benton, July 24th 1804; Ezra Hawley, July 25th 1831; Abram Van Vechten, July 24th 1856 to the present time.

The Albany and Greene Turnpike:—This company was incorporated April 7th 1806. The incorporators were James Van Rensselaer, Francis Nichol, David McCarty, Levi Blaisdell, Benjamin Baker, Abraham Van Dyke, Thomas Lawrence and Samuel Haight. The road ran from the Albany and Bethlehem Turnpike by Coeyman's Landing as near the river as practicable to Warner's Bridge over Murderer's Creek, to the drawbridge at Catskill. The number of shares was limited to 2,005, at \$20 each. It had four gates: the first, half way between the north end and Coeyman's Landing; the second between Coeyman's and Cossackie; the third between Cossackie and Athens; and the fourth between Athens and Catskill. In 1838, that part between William street and the bridge in Catskill was made a public highway. In 1852 that part of the road north of Cossackie was abandoned. In 1857 that part lying within the corporate limits of Catskill village was abandoned. April 1st 1868, Harmon Van Woert purchased the part lying between Athens and Cossackie and abandoned it February 22d 1869. There still remains one gate on the road between Athens and Catskill.

The Schoharie Turnpike:—This turnpike was incorporated April 5th 1802. The act named Isaac Northrop, Thomas E. Barker, Storm A. Becker, Henry Wells jr., William Frazier and Alexander Alexander as incorporators. The stock was limited to 3,000 shares, which was in 1806 increased by 900 shares additional. The road was divided March 13th 1807, the western branch comprehending thirty miles, and the eastern branch twenty-five miles. The road was then placed in the hands of two companies. The same year the Legislature authorized the eastern branch to sell the road with all their rights. In 1834, ten miles of the western end was abandoned. In 1844 the road west of Potick Creek was abandoned. The remaining part from Potick Creek to Athens was sold October 27th 1855 by Volney Danforth, Thomas P. Danforth, D. B. Danforth and Harmon Becker to Sylvester Nichols for \$2,000.

The Schoharie-Kill Bridge Company:—We have not learned when this company was incorporated. It was probably not long before 1827. In that year the company altered their road from the top of the mountain eastward through the towns of Durham and Cairo. Commissioners were appointed to assess the damages to land owners on account of this alteration. These commissioners were Willis Miles, Henry Hosford and Henry Goslee of Lexington. Other alterations were made during the year under the direction of the same commissioners, from a place called the Clippe, on the top of the mountains in Cairo, west to the town of Blenheim. That part of the road from the hotel of Cyrus Smith in Pratts-

ville, to the western end of the turnpike was abandoned November 7th 1861. So much of the road as lay west of the line separating the farms of James Christian and Aaron Garrison in Ashland was abandoned October 14th 1869. That part west of Addison W. Brisack's, Ashland was given up September 15th 1874. The remainder, which has two gates upon it is now owned by Harvey Sherman.

The Little Delaware Turnpike Company:—Alexander McKee, John T. Moore, Hezekiah Wynkoop, and John Du Bois were incorporated under the above title March 16th 1805. They were granted the privilege of constructing a road from the western end of the drawbridge at Catskill Landing by the most direct and convenient route to the western bank of the Delaware River, in the town of Delhi. The stock was limited to 5,000 shares. The first gate was to be erected not less than four miles from the bridge. In 1815 the Legislature granted five years extension of time for the completion of the road.

The Cocksackie Turnpike:—This company was incorporated by an act of March 2d 1805, which named as incorporators Robert H. Vanden Bergh, Leonard Bronck, Peter C. Adams, Dorrance Kirtland, Roswell Reed, Archibald McVickar, and their associates. They were to make a road from Cocksackie, starting at the east end of Cocksackie Bridge, and running thence in the most direct and convenient route to the Susquehanna Turnpike, between the twenty-first and twenty-second mile-stones, in the town of Freehold. John H. Cuyler and James Thompson were appointed commissioners to receive subscriptions to the stock, which was to consist of 1,250 shares. Two gates were to be erected on the route. That part of the route between the Schoharie and Susquehanna Turnpikes was abandoned by permission of Legislature, March 10th 1815, also so much of the branches of the road as lay west of their intersection with the road leading from the house of Leonard Bronck westerly. That part west of the store of Levi Chandler, Greenville, was abandoned in 1828. That part west of Medway four corners was abandoned May 12th 1879.

The Cocksackie and Oak Hill Plank Road:—This road was organized many years ago. March 27th 1852, the company was authorized to raise a loan on its credit of \$10,000. In 1856 a short piece of the western end of the road was abandoned. The western part of the road in the neighborhood of Greenville was abandoned about three years ago, and the remainder has recently been given up.

The Athens Turnpike:—This was incorporated March 24th 1809. The act named as incorporators Patrick Hamilton, Thomas Lawrence, Aaron Reed, David Shaw and Timothy Bunker. The route was to begin near the head of Market street in Athens, and run westward to intersect the Susquehanna Turnpike, between the half-toll gate and the bridge near Martin G. Schuneman's. The stock was fixed at four hundred shares. One gate was to be erected within a half mile east of the Kalkberg. Alterations in the route were allowed by an amendment to the charter, March 6th 1818.

The Hunter Turnpike:—The first meeting to organize this company was held November 20th 1823, the act incorporating it having been passed by the Legislature April 12th 1822. The turnpike extends from Palenville to Lexington. The original stockholders were William Edwards and son, Jonathan Palen, Tobias Britt, Joseph Palen, Benjamin P. Burhans, Asa Bigelow, and Stephen Kellogg. The contract to build the road was given to Abel Avery. A receipt dated November 18th 1824, for \$4,572, in full for the work appears on the books. The original route lay from or near the store of Jonathan Palen & Co., through the Kaaterskill Clove, to the New York Tannery, at the house of William Edwards, in the town of Hunter. The present stockholders are Jacob Fromer, S. S. Mulford, George N. Eggleston, George Campbell, Gilbert Haines, Aaron Roggen, estate of Hiram Roe, Owen Glennon and Jacob H. Meach. It is now leased to George Harding, proprietor of Kaaterskill Park.

The Catskill and Mountain Turnpike:—This road was chartered April 6th 1827, by Lewis Benton, Jonathan Palen and Wilkes Hyde, for the purpose of constructing a turnpike from the west end of the drawbridge in Catskill to a point near the home of widow Gilbert E. Palen in the same town. The stock was limited to 300 shares of \$25 each. One gate was to be allowed when five miles of either end of the road was completed. John Remsen, Jonathan Rowe jr. and William Edwards, were appointed commissioners to lay out the road. All of the road lying west of the red school-house at Kiskatom was abandoned February 19th 1856. This left about five miles. That part of the road west of the drawbridge as far as the corporate limits of Catskill village, was abandoned June 6th 1877.

The Catskill and Ulster Turnpike:—This road was chartered April 14th 1838, for 30 years. The route began at the junction of the lower road with the Catskill and Mountain Turnpike, and followed the former through West Camp to the village of Ulster, a distance of about twelve miles. The capital stock of the company was \$5,000 in \$25 shares. Joseph B. Lynes, Mackey Crosswell, William Adams, Judson H. Calkins, and Jeremiah Russell were appointed commissioners to receive subscriptions.

The Cairo and East Kill Turnpike:—The first charter of this road was dated June 15th 1812. Nothing appears to have been done until April 14th 1831, when the charter was renewed, and the time for completing the road extended to December 1st 1836. The road was to begin near the eighth mile-stone on the Susquehanna Turnpike, and run thence to the Forge, and so over the mountain, and through the East Kill valley. The stock consisted of 800 shares of \$20 each.

The New Baltimore and Rensselaer Turnpike:—This turnpike was incorporated April 2d 1806, by Albert Van Der Zee, Pelatiah Whitmore, Paul Sherman, John K. Brown, Joseph Platt, Stephen Parsons, Henry C. Houghtaling, Samuel Skinner, Tunis A. Van Slyck, John Van Dyck, David Densemore, and Joseph Requa. The

route lay from New Baltimore northward to its intersection with the Albany and Delaware Turnpike in the town of Rensselaerville. In 1812, the road having been completed, and the bridges built, the public dissatisfaction in regard to the western gate became so great that the Legislature, May 26th, made a public highway of all that part of the road between the intersection of the old State road and the village of New Baltimore; also the road from Peter Shear's blacksmith shop to the west end of the turnpike. A corresponding reduction was also made in the tolls. The road was sold to the Coeymans and Westerlo Plank Road Company, in 1850. Soon after that the new Baltimore Plank Road Company was formed and built a plank road to the Albany line.

The East Kill Turnpike:—This road was incorporated May 1st 1829, with a capital stock of \$10,000 in shares of twenty-five dollars each. Moses Olmsted, Josiah Brown and Henry Goslee, were appointed commissioners to lay out the road. It was to run from a point near the house of West Chase, in the town of Lexington, along the valley of the East Kill "to or near the east line of the farm lately occupied by Smith Parks, in the town of Hunter," thence by the most eligible route to the Schoharie Kill Bridge Company's road, near the house of Andrew Highdeck in the town of Windham. We have learned nothing further of its history.

The Greenville and Potter's Hollow Turnpike:—This road was a continuation of the Coxsackie Turnpike, from the village of Greenville through part of the town of Durham to Potter's Hollow, where it formed a union with the Gilboa and Potter's Hollow Turnpike. It was incorporated May 13th 1845, with a capital stock of \$10,000 in twenty-five dollar shares. The commissioners for laying it out were Erastus H. Straton, Peter Roggens and Walton S. Stoutenburgh.

The Blue Mountain Turnpike:—This company, incorporated by an act of March 11th 1814, consisted of John Hunter, Geo. B. Everson, Jeremiah Eligh, Robert L. Livingston, Tobias Wynkoop jr., Jacob Trumbour jr. and John Tremper. They were to make a road "to begin at or near the head of the caderskill clove on the said Blue Mountains, at or near the house of Worster Perkins in the town of Greenland," and to run thence through the clove into the town of Saugerties. The stock was to consist of 600 twenty-five dollar shares.

The Cauterskill Turnpike:—This road was incorporated April 15th 1814. The act named Joseph Klein and Isaac Dubois incorporators. The route commenced near the house of Peter Fiero or Elias Dutcher in the town of Cairo, and ran on the south side of the hill called Round Top to Joseph Klein's factory on the Kaaterskill, and so on to the Little Delaware Turnpike near the house of Henry Race, in the town of Catskill. The stock consisted of 400 twenty-five dollar shares, and the number of directors was five.

The Bristol Turnpike:—Asa Bigelow, Jonathan Palen, Abraham Fiero, Stephen Kellogg, William Edwards and their associates were incorporated as a turnpike company April 21st 1825. The route of their road was from the

landing at Bristol, now Malden, to the tannery of G. E. & J. Palen in the town of Catskill, at which point it intersected the Hunter Turnpike. The stock was limited to 300 shares, and its affairs were to be managed by five directors. The name was changed to the Malden Turnpike Company April 20th 1830, at which time it was allowed to make some alterations in the route, which were to be made under the direction of Aaron Bushnell, William Edwards and Moses Olmstead, commissioners. Their work was confirmed by the Legislature April 23d 1832. Further alterations were made in 1837.

The Prattsville Turnpike Company:—This was incorporated April 17th 1843, for the purpose of constructing a road from a point on the Kingston and Middletown Turnpike in Shandaken, through Lexington to a point near the big rock in Prattsville. The line of this road was surveyed in July 1843, by Asa B. Bushnell, under the direction of Alvin Bushnell and Arland T. Humphrey, commissioners. It entered the county at Bushnellville, which then contained a few houses, a tannery, a chair factory and a saw-mill. Its stock was fixed at 480 twenty-five dollar shares. By an act of April 2d 1848, the inhabitants of Lexington living on the turnpike were allowed to work their assessment under the turnpike directors, and to use the road toll free. The road was sold under a foreclosure of mortgage, and the sale was confirmed by the Legislature April 10th 1848. The purchasers were Aaron Bushnell, Silas Fowler, Justus D. Bushnell, Hiram Wheeler and Asa B. Bushnell. That part of the road north of the store of Abram Hare, in the town of Lexington, was abandoned August 27th 1856, and the remainder within this county on the 6th of the following October.

The Greenfield Turnpike was incorporated by an act of March 14th 1806. The route began at or near the house of Daniel Miller in Greenfield, and ran to its intersection with the Albany and Delaware Turnpike in the town of Rensselaerville. The incorporators were John Ely, Stoddard Smith, Daniel Miller, Isaac Hyde, Apollus Moore, David Smith, Thomas Smith, Thomas Conklin and Jared Reynolds. The capital stock allowed was 1300 shares. An amendatory act, April 4th 1807, permitted the extension of the road to the Coxsackie Turnpike and an increase of the stock 200 shares. An act of March 5th 1813 extended the time for the completion of the road to March 5th 1815. That part of the road lying south of the house of Daniel Miller, in Greenville, was abandoned in 1820, and May 5th 1837 the charter was repealed and the road given into the charge of the commissioners of highways of the several towns through which it passed.

The Greene and Delaware Turnpike:—Bruce C. Smith, Jeremiah Martin, David Dopp, Joel Ford and Aaron Bushnell were incorporated as a turnpike company by act of April 21st 1828. They were authorized to make a road from the New York Tannery in the town of Hunter, down the valley of the Schoharie Kill to Bruce C. Smith's store, thence up the West Kill near the tannery of Aaron Bushnell, from which point it was to run through

the "great hollow" to intersect the Esopus road in Middletown, Delaware county. It was also to run from Smith's store "to the great rock east of John Brandow's." The stock was fixed at 500 shares of \$25 each. Elijah Bushnell jr., Noah Dimmick and Amos C. Treat were appointed commissioners to lay out the road.

The Canton Bridge Company:—This was incorporated April 9th 1805. The incorporators were John E. Darby, James Gale, Isaac Hine jr., Rufus Dodge, Luther Carter and their associates. The act granted the right to build a bridge across the Katskill, near the mills of Henry Person in the town of Canton. The stock was limited to 300 shares, and whatever surplus arising from the sale of stock should remain after building the bridge, the directors were to use in improving the road and bridges between the villages of Freehold and Shingle Kill (Cairo). In accordance with a provision of the charter Smith Sutherland, Jonathan Nickerson and Caleb Benton were appointed commissioners October 15th 1805 to inspect the work.

The Plattekill Turnpike Company:—Abijah Griffin, William Miller, William Edwards, Jeremiah Russel and Asa Bigelow were incorporated April 2d 1819 as a turnpike company with the above title. They were authorized to build a turnpike from the south side of Plattekill Creek to a point at or near the farm of Aaron and Alvin Bushnell in the town of Hunter. The charter also granted the privilege of extending the road from Bushnell's farm to the East Kill, provided no interference with the rights of other companies should be caused thereby.

Another incorporation of a Plattekill Turnpike Company was made April 28th 1834, with the right to build a road from some convenient point on the Saugerties and Woodstock Turnpike through the Plattekill Clove, so as to continue the Cauterskill Turnpike by intersection or otherwise through the town of Lexington, to intersect the Windham Turnpike at a large rock near the bridge across Batavia Creek in the town of Prattsville. The stock of this company was fixed at 800 shares of twenty-five dollars each. George A. Gay, John Kiersted and Levi Myer were appointed commissioners to lay out the road and open subscription books. The time for completing the road was extended by act of April 30th 1841, five years from that date.

The Rensselaer and Durham Turnpike:—This was incorporated in March 1808, for the construction of a road from the town of Durham northwardly to a point on the Albany and Delaware Turnpike in the town of Rensselaerville. May 21st 1836 the Legislature allowed them to abandon their road, and directed the commissioners of highways in the several towns through which it passed to take charge of it as a public highway.

The Ulster and Greene Turnpike:—Jeremiah Russell, John Kiersted, George A. Gay, Jacob Trumpbour and John Eldridge were appointed commissioners under an act of incorporation, April 23d 1821, to sell stock and open a road from the Saugerties and Woodstock road at a point in Saugerties town through the Plattekill Clove to the village of Hunter. The stock was fixed at \$10,-

000 in twenty-five dollar shares, and the capital might be increased to double the amount at the discretion of the corporation.

The South Durham Turnpike:—This was incorporated March 27th 1839, for a term of thirty years, for constructing a road beginning near the dwelling house of Montgomery Stevens in the town of Durham, and running southerly through the south part of that town to the Schoharie Kill Bridge Company's road between the dwelling house of Michael Broomhower and the toll-gate on that road on Catskill Mountain. The capital stock was fixed at \$4,000 in twenty-five dollar shares. The commissioners to receive subscriptions were Montgomery Stevens, George Robinson and Isaac Bogardus. One toll-gate was allowed.

The Stoney Clove Turnpike:—The commissioners appointed to open the subscription book for this company, which had been incorporated April 30th 1873, were Lemuel Chichester and H. R. Winter of Phœnicia; Artemus Shapler of Kingston; and Orin B. Crosby, A. S. Kerr, H. S. Lockwood and C. W. Burgess of Hunter. The road was to run from the fork of the road near and north of the dwelling house of Peter Saxe in the town of Hunter, through the Stoney Clove to the plank road at Phœnicia in Ulster county. The capital stock was fixed at \$8,000 in shares of twenty-five dollars each.

The Kaaterskill Park Turnpike:—This road was built as an approach to the famous Hotel Kaaterskill, up the steep side of South Mountain, from Palenville. It is the most wonderful example of turnpike engineering to be seen within this county. Its route was laid by mountain men after the project had been pronounced by railroad engineers an impossibility. It was constructed in 1881 at an enormous expense.

Other turnpikes have been established of which we have not been able to learn the facts necessary to form the basis of a sketch. Among these are the Windham Turnpike, established in 1808, and the Windham and Durham Turnpike, incorporated in 1800.

EARLY STAGE ROUTES.

We come now naturally to notice the early stage routes that were established upon these turnpikes and early roads. The earliest of these stage routes of which we have any knowledge ran from Albany to the northern boundary of New Jersey. This was established under an act of Legislature passed February 26th 1803. This act granted to Terrence Donnelly, Isaac Slote, Jacob Vanderhoff, William Tremble, Hiel Brockway, James Bennet and Israel Ransom the exclusive right of running stages between the points named for a term of seven years. They were to provide at least four covered wagons, and to run over the road at least once a week. They were allowed to charge five cents a mile for each passenger, who was allowed to carry fourteen pounds of baggage free. Any additional weight of baggage was to be charged for at the rate of five cents per mile for every one hundred and fifty pounds. A fine of five hundred dollars was decreed as a penalty for interference

with their right. This line commenced running October 1st 1803, passing through this county in either direction every Tuesday and Friday. The following extract from the advertisement of the proprietors will be interesting:

"As punctuality must be observed, those gentlemen and ladies who shall please to favor this line with their custom are requested to be ready to start precisely at the time appointed. The public may rest assured that the utmost attention will be paid by the proprietors to render this line respectable. For that purpose they have furnished themselves with sober and careful drivers, gentle and substantial horses, and strong, convenient carriages."

By an act passed March 28th 1805, the monopoly of running a stage line from Catskill Landing to Unadilla in Otsego county was granted to David Bostwick, Stephen Benton, Lemuel Hotchkiss and Terrence Donnelly, for seven years. The act fixed a penalty of fifty dollars for any infringement of this right. It also specified that two wagons or sleighs with a sufficient number of horses should be kept on the line. This grant was renewed to Terrence Donnelly June 8th 1812, for an additional term of seven years. The stages were required to make the round trip as often as once in eight days. The fare for passengers was fixed at five cents per mile with an allowance of fourteen pounds of baggage free. The stage leaving Catskill on Wednesday morning would arrive at Unadilla Friday evening, and leaving that point Sunday would arrive at Catskill on Tuesday. These stages on their way passed through the villages of Cairo, Windham, Roxbury, Stamford, Kortright, Delhi, Meredith, Franklin, Unadilla and a few years later through Oxford, Green and Lisle to Ithaca. A few years later other names appear. The stages of N. Steele & Co. ran over the line already mentioned, and at the same time the stages of H. Watkins & Co. ran from Catskill through the villages of Cairo, Durham, Broome, Blenheim, Stamford, Harpersfield, Meredith, Franklin, Sidney, Unadilla and so on to Ithaca. The fare at that time had been reduced to four cents a mile.

The stage coach business in its glory is a thing of the past. Many interesting episodes connected with it live in the memory of the older inhabitants, but space forbids their insertion here. Some of the drivers of forty years ago and more were characters in their day. Among them may be remembered, Peter Prime, "Bill" McQueen, "Bot" McQueen, Oscar Sage, "Jim" McQueen, "Bill" Shufelt and "Pone," whose surname is forgotten.

CHAPTER XI.

THE RAILROADS.

GREENE COUNTY abounds in railroads that have been built on paper, but fifty miles will probably cover the length of all the lines that have reached actual construction.

The Catskill and Ithaca Rail Road was the first of these enterprises. It was incorporated April 21st 1828, for the purpose of constructing a railroad from Catskill to Ithaca "to transport, take and carry property and

persons upon the same, by the power and force of steam, of animals, or any mechanical or other power, or of any combination of them which the said corporation may choose to apply." The capital stock was fixed at \$1,500,000 in fifty dollar shares, and the State reserved the right to subscribe for one thousand shares. In case this right was exercised, the controller was to become ex-officio a director. Jacob Haight, Thomas B. Cook, Francis A. Bloodgood, Ebenezer Mack and associates were named in the act, and Jacob Haight, Thomas B. Cook and Orrin Day were appointed commissioners to open subscription books at Catskill. The corporation was authorized to allow persons to use the railroad with "suitable and proper carriages" by paying tolls at the gates which the company might erect as soon as ten miles of the road were completed. An act of March 21st 1829, extended the time for opening subscription books to the following year. With this beginning the first attempt at railroad building failed.

The Canajoharie and Catskill Rail Road.—The scheme of constructing a railroad from Catskill to the West, which gave birth to the Catskill and Ithaca project found another expression in this enterprise. The act of incorporation was passed April 19th 1830, naming as incorporators, William Deitz, Thomas B. Cook, Clarkson Crolius, Henry Leiber, James Lynch, George Spencer, Israel Foote, John Adams, Herman J. Ehle, Harmon J. Quackenboss and George Spraker. The capital stock was to consist of \$600,000 in fifty dollar shares. Thomas B. Cook, Orrin Day, Henry Leiber, John Gebhard, John Mason, Isaac Bronson and Thaddeus B. Wakeman were appointed commissioners to open books and receive subscriptions to the stock. The commencement of the work was celebrated with great *eclat* as may be seen by the following programme:

"ORDER OF
" ARRANGEMENTS
" For celebrating the breaking of ground of the
" CANAJOHARIE AND CATSKILL
" RAIL ROAD,
" On Thursday, the 27th of Oct., 1831.

—O—
" *Thirteen Guns at Sunrise.*

" The procession will be formed at 11 o'clock A. M. in front of the Catskill House and Greene County Hotel.

" Procession to move at the ringing of bells, to the lot west of Capt. Allen's house, where the ceremony of breaking ground will be performed by the President.

" ORDER OF PROCESSION.
" Marshal,—Gen. John C. Johnson.
" Assistant Marshal,—Col. J. Olmsted.

" Martial Music.

" MILITARY.

" Band of Music.

" Committee of Arrangements.

" President and Orator.

" Directors of the C. and C. Rail Road.

" Engineers and Assistants.

" Contractors.

" Trustees of the Village.

" CLERGY.

" SHERIFF.

" Judges of the Court.

" Mechanic's Society.

" Citizens Generally.

" Fire Company No. 2.

" Fire Company No. 3."

" ISAAC VAN LOAN,"

" Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements."

" Catskill, Oct. 25th 1831."

The company was organized and ready for business early in the summer of 1835, but nothing was done on the road except surveying, until the fall of that year, when the ground was broken near the creek at Catskill. In 1836, contracts were given out through the whole length of the line, and it was expected that the road would be completed by the close of 1837. The charter was amended April 20th 1837, so as to increase the capital stock to \$1,000,000, and authorized the directors to borrow money to the amount of \$400,000, for the completion of the road, and to secure the loan by a mortgage upon the property and stock of the company.

The management of the affairs of the railroad was severely criticised, some of the papers charging that the management was a scheme operated for purposes of speculation, founded on false pretenses, and that the managers had no honest intention of completing the road for legitimate purposes. Whatever foundation there may have been for these charges is not known, but the Senate in 1839, appointed a committee of which Samuel L. Edwards was chairman, to investigate the affairs of the railroad.

By an act of April 18th 1838 the controller was authorized to issue special certificates of stock to the extent of \$300,000, in installments, upon evidence that specified sums had been paid into the treasury on the capital stock, and the same expended in constructing the road. These certificates were pledged by the State, and were to be sold at public auction to the highest bidder. They were to be reimbursable at the pleasure of the Legislature, at any time after twenty years from the date of their issue. In case of the failure of the company to meet the interest or principal when due, the controller had power to sell the road and its appurtenances to the highest bidder.

The road was completed from Catskill to Cooksburgh, a distance of twenty-six miles. The stringers which rested on the cross-ties were of Norway pine, five by six inches in size. An iron strap about five-eighths of an inch in thickness and two or three inches wide nailed upon each stringer formed the rail.

The railroad was not successful. It was used mainly for the transportation of freight in connection with the great tannery interests. It had one small engine, which upon one occasion became disabled. There was no machine shop nearer than Paterson, N. J., where the engine could be repaired. It was taken on board of a steamboat to Jersey City, whence it was trundled across the country, drawn by horse power over the common roads to Paterson. After being repaired it was returned and placed in position upon the road. Fire and water were applied, and steam generated, and the engine hissed and spluttered but would not go. A discovery was made of some point in the mechanism, the adjustment of which would correct the evil. The engine was forthwith sent back to the machine shop, and the adjustment being made, was returned and placed again upon the track. But in vain did the force of steam act upon its parts. The engine was a failure; it was aban-

doned, and the old stage horse placed upon the line to do its work. The road, not meeting its liabilities, was sold by the controller. The State had pledged its credit to the amount of \$200,000. The road was bought by the Catskill Bank for \$11,000. After passing through the hands of different speculative skirmishers, several attempts being made meanwhile to resuscitate the enterprise, it was given up in hopeless despair, and Mr. Hiram Van Steenburgh took up the iron under a contract with the parties who had bought it, and bought and took up the timber on his own account.

The Coxsackie and Schenectady Railroad Company was incorporated May 15th 1837 for a term of fifty years. It contemplated a line, starting at a point in Coxsackie between the ship-yard of William Mahew and Cuyler's Point, and running to Schenectady. The capital stock was to consist of \$500,000. The charter was renewed April 16th 1838, and the time for completing the road extended, but nothing more was done.

The Schenectady and Catskill Railroad Company was incorporated May 13th 1846, with a proposed capital of \$1,000,000. Its proposed route was from Catskill to Schenectady. The commissioners named for Catskill were Sherwood Day and James Powers. March 3d 1848 the charter was amended so as to allow two years longer time in which to begin work, also to increase the stock by \$300,000, and to lay the track with iron of not less than fifty-six pounds weight to the linear yard. Another extension of time for commencing the road was allowed by act of March 2d 1855. April 21st 1864, a map of this route was filed, showing its starting point to be at the landing at Catskill Point, and the route thence along near the river till it strikes Murderer's Creek, then following up that creek through the hills, and northward along the valley till it crosses the county line about one and a quarter miles west of the Hudson River. The road was never built.

The Schoharie and Otsego Railroad Company was organized April 25th 1832, with a capital stock of \$300,000. It was proposed to make a connection of the New York Central Railroad with Catskill and the Susquehanna, but nothing more was done.

The Saratoga and Hudson River Railroad:—This enterprise was headed by Daniel Drew. In accordance with the requirements of the general railroad act of April 2d 1850, a map of the proposed route was filed in the county clerk's office, June 23d 1864. The directors at that time were A. Boody, John Ross, William Colburn, M. Courtright, Henry Keep, John P. Acker and William Williams. The route began at the mouth of Murderer's Creek, and ran along the Hudson River northward, diverging from the river inland as it proceeded. It was sold by Daniel Drew, May 2d 1867, to the Central Railroad Company, who used the road for a few years as a summer connection. Its advent was hailed by the inhabitants of Athens as the harbinger of an era of great prosperity to that village. But the expectations thus aroused were never realized.

The New York and Albany Railroad:—A map of this

route was made February 26th 1868. J. H. Ramsey appears as its president. The route of this proposed railroad crossed the northern county line upon the shore of the river, and following near the shore it crossed Katskill Creek at its mouth, and crossed the Ulster line on Wanton Island. This railroad had no real existence.

The Catskill and Schoharie Railroad Company was organized in 1879, and went so far as to make ready its surveys and engineers' working specifications, but the enterprise was afterward given up. The map, which was filed June 17th 1871, shows the proposed route starting at Katskill Creek and running westerly and northwesterly across the towns of Cairo and Durham and through East Durham and Oak Hill, and crossing the line into Albany county.¹

The New York, West Shore and Chicago Railroad Company:—The articles of association of this company were filed in the office of the Secretary of State, July 13th 1870. The survey was made and the map showing the route and profile of the proposed line was made May 8th 1873. This follows the course of the river, at some points crossing bends in it, and at others running more inland, and makes a distance of twenty-four and one-twentieth miles between the northern and southern county lines.

The Stony Clove and Catskill Mountain Railroad:—The map of this road was filed January 18th 1881. Thomas Cornell was its president. Coming from Phœnicia in Ulster county, the road enters this county on or near the land of Edward Lane, in the town of Hunter. Its course is along the valley of the Stony Clove Creek. The elevation at the county line is 1,196½ feet, and the road at this point ascends by a grade of about 187½ feet to the mile, which is continued about two-fifths of a mile. For the next five miles it rises by varying grades of 168 96-100, 163 68-100, 158 40-100, 108 24-100 and 153 12-100. At this point the road has reached an elevation of 2,071 feet, being just above the head of Stony Clove Creek on the land of Burgis and Douglass. It then descends by grade of 184 8-10 feet to a point on the land of William Blair, and then by easier grades along the valley of the Schoharie Creek two and three-fifths miles to its terminus. Here it has descended to an elevation of 1,605 feet.

The Catskill Mountain Railroad:—The map of this route was filed December 20th 1880. It is a narrow gauge road and runs from Catskill to South Cairo on the bed of the old Canajoharie and Catskill Railroad. The road, beginning at the steamboat landing at the Point, ends at Palenville, making a length of sixteen miles. It was built for the accommodation of travel to the mountains, and is operated only during the summer season. It was opened in 1882. The profile of the road shows an average rise from an elevation of 13 feet at Catskill to that of 535 feet on the land of Mrs. Frederick Martin near the western terminus. The elevation at Kiskatom Creek is 378 feet and at the depot at Palenville, 513 feet. The elevation at the Mountain House station is 520 feet. The steepest grade is one of seventy-eight feet

to the mile which occurs a short distance below South Cairo.

The Kaaterskill Railroad Company was organized in 1882, and has its office at Rondout. The map was completed and certified to, November 23d 1882. This is a narrow gauge road and runs from a junction with the Stony Clove Railroad on the land of Mrs. Lydia Blair, about three miles from the terminus of the latter road to South Lake on the mountain. The length of this road is about seven miles, and it rises by a grade of 75 5-10 feet for a part of the distance, near the eastern terminus increasing to 124 6-10 feet to a mile. At the foot of South Lake it reaches an elevation of 2,135 feet. It is proposed to extend it to a point near the old Mountain House. The road was completed thus far and put in operation in June 1883. By an act of February 27th 1883, it is allowed to collect a fare of ten cents per mile.

The West Shore Hudson River Railroad was a projected scheme, the date of which we have not learned. It was to begin at the Athens and Schenectady depot and run southerly along the shore of the river, crossing Katskill Creek below the village, just at the foot of the hill, passing the edge of the Great Imbought, and crossing the county line on Wanton Island.

The South Cairo and East Durham Railroad was projected in 1881, a map of the proposed route being filed August 25th. The projectors were John H. Bagley jr., William Donahue, Isaac Pruyn, Omar V. Sage, Manly B. Mattice, A. P. Jones, John Avery, H. Van Steenburgh and H. A. Pierson. The road has been surveyed from a junction with the Catskill Mountain Railroad at South Cairo to East Durham, but the work of construction has not yet begun.

The New York, West Shore and Buffalo Railway, one of the most substantially built and elegantly equipped railroads in the country, runs along the river shore of this county, making a length of twenty-four and five one hundredths miles within its limits. It enters the county at Smith's Landing about one hundred rods from the river and crosses Imbought Bay in a straight line about 1,000 feet long from the Hopkins brick-yard property to the land of Abram Post. Crossing the Katskill at the upper end of the village, it follows the rich flats lying between the ridges of hills, from one to two miles from the river, until it crosses the northern line of the county. The grades nowhere exceed thirty feet to the mile and the line has few short curves. The elevations of the road at different points are: at Charles Anderson's, 145 13-100 feet; at Catskill depot, 133 16-100 feet; at the Schoharie Turnpike crossing, 154 feet; at the crossing of Murderer's Creek, 145 feet; at Coxsackie 135 feet; at Sickles' Creek 112 feet; at Haunacroix Creek, 183 2-10 feet; and at the Albany line, 198 feet. Surveys of this route were filed in February, 1880, April 2d 1880, October 20th 1881 and January 16th 1882. The line is laid with a double track of 67 pound steel rails. It is ballasted with stone, the road bed made of extra width and the bridges, which are of iron, are proportioned to carry locomotives of 85 tons weight. The Saratoga and

Hudson River Railroad has been absorbed by it. This line was opened for traffic through this county, Monday, July 9th 1883, and to Buffalo, December 15th.

CHAPTER XII.

CIVIL LIST—LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE OFFICES.

THE REPRESENTATIVES of Greene county in the State Assembly from 1801 to 1883 have been as follows:

1801, Thomas E. Barker, Caleb Benton; 1802, William Beach, Philip Conine jr.; 1803, George Hale, Martin G. Schuneman; 1804, Stephen Simmons, Stoddard Smith; 1805, Patrick Hamilton, Daniel Sayre; 1806, John Ely, James Thompson; 1807, Samuel Haight, James Thompson; 1808, Coenradt T. Houghtaling, Perez Steele; 1809, James Gale, Eliakim Reed; 1810, Benjamin Chapman, Ira Day; 1811, William Beach, Jonas Bronk; 1812, John Ely, Simon Sayre; 1813, John Adams, Perez Steele; 1814, William Fraser, Abraham Van Dyck; 1815, James Gale, Martin G. Van Bergen; 1816, James Powers, Jacob Roggen; 1817, Levi Callender, Justus Squire; 1818, John I. Bronk, Jairus Strong; 1819, James G. Foster, Isaac Van Loan; 1820, Abijah Reed, Perez Steele; 1821, Platt Adams, Aaron Reed; 1822, James Powers, Jacob Roggen; 1823, Reuben Hosford, William Seaman; 1824, Edward Daley, Caleb Coffin; 1825, Alvin Bushnell, Gilbert Bedell; 1826, William Seaman, Addison Porter; 1827, Perkins King, William Tuttle; 1828, William Faulkner jr., Elisha Bishop; 1829, Castle Seeley, Moses Austin; 1830, Herman I. Quackenboss, Jonathan Miller; 1831, Lewis Benton, John J. Brandow; 1832, Erastus Hamilton, Dumah Tuttle; 1833, Henry Goslee, William Pierson; 1834, Sylvester Nicholas, Benedict Bagley; 1835, Anthony Van Bergen, David Ingersoll; 1836, Luke Kiersted, Ambrose Baker; 1837, John Watson, Stephen Tryon; 1838, Thomas B. Cooke, Peter Hubbell; 1839, Thomas B. Cooke, Platt Adams; 1840, Sylvester Nichols, Gilbert Bedell; 1841, Turhand K. Cooke, Daniel G. Quackenboss; 1842, John Laraway, Andrew T. Van Slyke; 1843, Aaron Bushnell, Philip Teats; 1844, Robert C. Field, Samuel C. Stimson; 1845, Garret W. Sager, Deliverance B. Hervey; 1846, Neeley Lawrence, Peter W. Van Bergen; 1847, Almeron Marks, William V. B. Adams; 1848, Alexander H. Palmer, Frederick A. Fenn; 1849, Alexander H. Bailey, Albert Tuttle; 1850, Alonzo Green, Theodore L. Prevost; 1851, J. Atwater Cooke, Henry Kinsley; 1852, Thomas Bedell jr., Norman H. Gray; 1853, Elijah P. Bushnell, Darius Winans; 1854, Joshua Fiero jr., George Robertson; 1855, Martin L. Rickerson, John C. Palmer; 1856, Buel Maben, Manly B. Mattice; 1857, David Whiting, Hezekiah Baldwin; 1858, Daniel B. Strong; 1859, Augustus R. Macomber; 1860, Gerry Coonley; 1861, Gilbert Bedell; 1862, Jonathan B. Cowles; 1863, Luke Roe; 1864, William W. Pettit; 1865, Prentiss W. Hallenbeck; 1866, Ezekiel P. More; 1867, Thomas A. Briggs; 1868, James Loughran; 1869, Baldwin Griffin; 1870, Hiram Van Steenburgh; 1871, Hiram Van Steenburgh; 1872, Augustus Hill; 1873, Augustus Hill; 1874, Horatio S. Lockwood; 1875, Benjamin F. Barkley; 1876, Burton G. Morss; 1877, Oscar T. Humphrey; 1878, Cicero C. Peck; 1879, George S. Stevens; 1880, Albert Parker; 1881, Orlando L. Newton; 1882, Samuel H. Nichols; 1883, Frank S. Decker.

Under the constitution of 1777 the State was divided into four great senatorial districts. Greene county was a part of the middle district. Under the second constitution (1821), which divided the State into eight districts, it was included in the third. Under the constitution of 1846 Greene with Ulster made the tenth district, which was changed to the fourteenth by act of 1866. In 1879 Schoharie was added to the district.

The following residents of this county have represented the district in the State Senate:

Peter C. Adams, 1806-09; Moses Austin, 1819-22; Leonard Bronk, 1797-1800; Moses I. Cantine, 1815-18; Jacob Haight, 1824-27; Samuel Haight, 1810-13; James Powers, 1836-39; Herman I. Quackenboss, 1831-34; Mitchell Sanford, 1840; Peter A. Van Bergen, 1802-04; Platt Adams, 1848, 1849; George Beach, 1864, 1865, 1868, 1869; Joshua Fiero jr., 1860, 1861; George S. Nichols, 1856, 1857; Addison P. Jones, 1878, 1879, 1882, 1883.

In Congressional representation the district of which Greene was a part has been many times changed. In 1802 it was made with Ulster the seventh district; in

1809 Schoharie was joined to these two to form the fifth district; in 1812 Greene was joined to Delaware and the two composed the eighth district; in 1822 the number of this was changed to the eleventh; in 1832, Greene was joined with Schoharie and Columbia to form the eighth district, which was then entitled to two representatives; in 1842, with Columbia only, it constituted the eleventh district; in 1851 it was associated with Ulster in the eleventh district, which in 1862 became the thirteenth; in 1873 to these two counties was added Schoharie, and the district thus formed made the fifteenth.

The following residents of this county have represented the district at the times specified:

John Adams, 1815 to December 16th, when, his election being contested, he was succeeded by Erastus Root of Delaware; John Adams, 1833-35; Thomas B. Cook, 1811-13; John Ely, 1839-41; Perkins King, 1829-31; Dorrance Kirtland, 1817-19; Zadoc Pratt, 1837-39, 1843-45; Edwin N. Hubbell, 1865-67; Rufus H. King, 1855-57; Peter H. Sylvester, 1847-52; John H. Bagley jr., 1875-77, 1882-84.

Greene county has been represented in the electoral colleges by the following men:

1818, Thomas Lawrence; 1820, Mark Spencer; 1836, Zadoc Pratt; 1848, Robert Dorlan; 1852, Zadoc Pratt, who was also president of that college; 1860, Rufus H. King; 1868, Manly B. Mattice; 1876, Addison P. Jones.

The sheriffs of the county have been successively as follows:

George Hale, 1800-2; Peter C. Adams, 1802-6; Peter Ousterhout, 1806-10; Isaac Van Loan, 1810-11; Jacob Haight, 1811-13; Lemuel Hotchkiss, 1813-15; Jacob Haight, 1815-19; Peter C. Adams, 1819-21; Joel Bellamy, 1821-26; Sidney Tuttle, 1826-29; Platt Adams, 1829-32; Aaron C. Hall, 1832-35; John Laraway, 1835-38; Horace Austin, 1838-41; Isaac B. Hinman, 1841-44; Samuel Du Bois, 1844-47; Robert Fulton, 1847-50; George W. Halcott, 1850-53; Nathaniel Ormsbee, 1853-56; Franklin B. Lament, 1856-59; George L. France, 1859-62; Addison P. Jones, 1862-65; Milo C. Osborn, 1865-68; William H. Myers, 1868-71; Benjamin F. Barkley, 1871-74; Platt Coonley, 1874-77; Prentiss W. Hallenbeck, 1877-80; Addison J. Churchill, 1880-83; Francis G. Walters, 1883 to —.

The county clerks of Greene have been as follows:

James Bill, 1800-11; Richard McCarthy, 1811-13; James Bill, 1813-15; William Van Bergen, 1815-21; Richard McCarthy, 1821; (February 13th to March 6th.) Elisha D. Hall, 1821-26; Charles C. Abeel, 1826-32; William V. B. Heermance, 1832-41; William Pierson, 1841-47; Isaac Van Schaack, 1847-50; Jacob Van Orden, 1850-56; Joshua A. Cooke, 1856-62; Elijah P. Bushnell, 1862-68; Horatio L. Day, 1863-74; Omar V. Sage, 1874-80; John Avery, 1880 to —.

County treasurers were at first appointed by the board of supervisors. The constitution of 1846 made the office elective. Each treasurer held office until his successor was appointed. The following are the dates of appointments:

Garret Abeel, May 27th 1800; Isaac Du Bois, October 5th 1813; Thomas B. Cooke, October 25th 1821; James Powers, November 9th 1830; James W. Cooke, December 1st 1840 (died in office); Hiland Hill jr., January 14th, 1842; Caleb Hopkins, November 18th 1842; Hiland Hill, November 15th, 1844.

The following have been elected; terms begin January 1st:

Hiland Hill, 1848, died in office, and Frederick Hill was appointed October 18th 1850, to fill out the term; Frederick Hill, 1851 to the present time.

Superintendents of the poor under the constitution of 1846, which made the office elective, have been elected at the fall election, for terms of three years, taking office on the 1st of the following January as follows:

Henry Van Loan, William Thorn, Clark Beckwith, elected for different terms, 1848; Elisha Blackmar, 1849; Darius Williams, 1850; John Feeney, 1851; Elisha Blackmar, 1852; James W. Elting, 1853; John Feeney, 1854; David W. Duncan, and Edwin Graham (for vacancy), 1855; John S. Betts, 1856; John Feeney, 1857; John Thompson, 1858; Amasa

Keith, 1859; John Feeney, 1860; William P. Roe, 1861; William Wilber, 1862; John Feeney, 1863; Philander M. Peck, 1864; Benjamin H. Waldron, 1865; Ambrose L. Walters, 1866; Joshua Tanner, 1867; Benjamin H. Waldron, 1868; Horace A. Towner, 1869; Luke Roe, 1870, 1873, 1876; Ambrose L. Walters, 1879; Frederick Becker, 1882.

The first inspectors of election making returns to the county of Greene were:

For the town of Freehold, Benjamin Spees, Benjamin Hubbard, Silas Lewis, James Thompson, Benjamin Hine, Obed Harvey jr. and Thomas E. Barker; for the town of Catskill, Garret Abeel, Josiah Warner, Stephen Root and Peter Ousterhoudt; for the town of Windham, William Beach, Samuel Gunn, Peter F. Smith, Stephen Simmons and Munson Buel; for the town of Coxsackie, Jonas Bronk, Jacob Parish, John Gay, Nathan Burroughs, Daniel Sayre, Abraham Hallenbeck, Benjamin Lisk, Samuel Squire and John D. Spoor. This election was held on the last Tuesday in April, 1800, and on the two days following. The town of Freehold gave 184 votes, Catskill 185, Windham 163, and Coxsackie 316.

Acts relative to the inspection of beef and pork were passed in 1788, 1798, 1800, 1804, 1805, 1808, 1815, 1823, and subsequently. The following names of inspectors of beef and pork appear on the books of this county:

Samuel Akerley, August 25th 1818; Garit Schuneman, February 16th, 1821; S. A. Baker, October 8th 1824; Nathaniel Wilson, September 25th 1823, March 7th 1825; ——— August 21st 1827, July 2d 1829, March 25th 1831; Alexander Shaw, March 6th 1824.

An act of April 7th 1807 required all fish, packed and placed upon the market, to be inspected. It created the office of inspector of fish, and required that those officials should be provided with yards or store-houses in which the fish should be received for inspection; that every package containing fish should be made of oak or white ash, to have twelve hoops and be perfectly tight; that no fish should be sent out of this State that had not received the brand of the inspector; that every barrel should contain a bushel of salt, and should be treated conformably to the requirements which in detail we have not space to enumerate. Amendatory acts were subsequently passed at different times. Under the various acts constituting and maintaining the office of inspector of fish the following were appointed and qualified for the office:

William Tryon, May 13th 1819; Richard Tryon, April 24th 1827; J. Van Valkenburgh, January 19th 1830, May 2d 1831; James Bogardus, April 24th 1824; Isaac Sandford, August 9th 1827; Lewis Penfield, ———; N. Wilson, March 25th 1831.

In the early years of this century auctioneers were required to take certain oaths. The following appear as duly sworn auctioneers:

John F. Dorrence, May 7th 1819; Nathan G. Elliott, April 19th 1827; John McCagg, April 19th 1827; Samuel Hamilton, May 12th 1827; Gordon Dickson, April 25th 1828; Nathan G. Elliott, April 25th 1828; Josiah Herick, April 22d 1819.

Dueling was a crime that was looked upon with particular abhorrence. The following oath of office was required of judges, justices and several other officers:

"I do solemnly swear that I have not been engaged in a Duel, by sending or accepting a Challenge to fight a Duel or by fighting a Duel, or in any other Manner, in violation of the act entitled 'An Act to Suppress Dueling,' since the first Day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand Eight hundred and sixteen, nor will I be so Concerned Directly or Indirectly in any Duel during the Continuance of the said Act and while an inhabitant of this State."

The following justices of the peace for this county took the oath of office on the dates following their respective names:

J. Pinckney, July 2d 1818; Francis Sayre, July 3d 1818; Jonathan Nickerson, July 6th 1818; Luther Carter, July 2d 1818; John Beach, July 7th 1818; Jacob H. Tremper, July 8th 1818; Daniel Sayre, July 8th 1818; John J. Brandow, July 8th 1818; Samuel Hotchkiss, July 8th 1818; Alpheus Webster, July 8th 1818; Stephen Root, July 11th 1818; Peter Gamett, July 13th 1818; William V. B. Heermance, July 13th 1818; Walton Street, July 13th 1818; James Thorn, July 15th 1818; John W. Righter, July 16th 1818; Samuel Hamilton, July 21st 1818; William Tolley, July 21st 1818; Seth Hamilton, July 21st 1818; Zeba Clark, July 21st 1818; Peter T. Smith, August 1st 1818; John F. Tolly, August 1st 1818; Peter C. Adams, August 22d 1818; Samuel Reynolds, August 22d 1818; Benjamin Reynolds, August 25th 1818; Benjamin Baker, September 8th 1818; Thomas Barker, September 1st 1818; William Judson, September 1st 1818; Thomas B. Cooke, September 2d 1818; Daniel Bloomer, September 2d 1818; Isaac Mallory, September 16th 1818; Charles Titus, September 25th 1818; Nathan Osborn, October 29th 1818; Edward Daley, November 14th 1818; Perkins King, May 3d 1819; Lee Wheeler, July 24th 1819; Waldron Dumond, August 3d 1819; Truman H. Bagley, March 23d 1820; Major Curtiss, May 10th 1820; John D. Meers, May 19th 1820; Aaron Hall, May 30th 1820; Ephraim Turney, June 9th 1820; Storm Rosa, June 14th 1820; Tallmadge Fairchild, June 16th 1820; Abraham A. Salisbury, June 21st 1820; Samuel Dodge, June 18th 1820; John E. Prouts, March 3d 1821; Ambrose Kirtland, March 3d 1821; Timothy Lawrence, March 5th 1821; Joel Curtis, March 5th 1821; Luke Kiersted, March 5th 1821; Francis Sayre, March 8th 1821; Jacob A. Van Valkenburgh, March 9th 1821; Asabel Strong, March 9th 1821; Joseph Butler, March 9th 1821; Seth Hamilton, March 10th 1821; William Tolley, March 10th 1821; Nathan Clark, March 10th 1821; William Roe, March 10th 1821; William V. B. Heermance, March 10th 1821; Deliverance B. Hervey, March 12th 1821; Alpheus Webster, March 12th 1821; John J. Brandow, March 13th 1821; J. Pinckney, March 13th 1821; Jonathan Miller, March 19th 1821; Oliver Coe, March 20th 1821; James Stevens, March 21st 1821; Joseph Blanchard, March 21st 1821; Perkins King, March 21st 1821; William Thorn, March 27th 1821; Truman Sanford, March 27th 1821; Seth Green, April 18th 1821; Joshua Collins, April 5th 1821; Samuel Dodge, April 5th 1821; Samuel Reynolds, May 9th 1821; Henry Goslee, March 8th 1821; Isaac Mallory, March 12th 1821; Major Curtis, June 2d 1821; Leonard Haight, June 3d 1822; Henry Goslee, February 19th 1823; Joseph Blanchard, February 19th 1823; William Tolley, February 19th 1823; Robert Dorlan, February 20th 1823; Alexander Frazer, February 20th 1823; Luke Kiersted, February 22nd 1823; W. Dobson, February 25th 1823; John J. Brandow, February 25th 1823; J. Pinckney, February 26th 1823; John G. Prouts, February 26th 1823; Joel Curtis, February 26th 1823; James C. Blanchard, February 26th 1823; Timothy Lawrence, February 27th 1823; William Roe, February 27th 1823; James Earl, March 4th 1823; Jonathan Miller, March 10th 1823; Samuel Dodge, March 10th 1823; Deliverance B. Hervey, February 21st 1823; Abner Flower, February 21st 1823; Seth Green, March 12th 1823; John Beach jr., April 9th 1823; Samuel Reynolds, April 23rd 1823; William V. B. Heermance, February 21st 1823; Ambrose Kirtland, February 21st 1823; Benjamin Baker, February 24th 1823; Israel Lisk, March 20th 1823; Truman Sanford, March 17th 1823; Matthew Williams, March 22nd 1823; Stephen Rennie, February 21st 1823; Jairus Stevens, February 22nd 1823; Samuel Hamilton, October 8th 1824; F. Sayre, October 7th 1825; Robert L. More, October 8th 1825; David Johnson, October 6th 1826; Tallmadge Fairchild, October 7th 1826; Seth Hawley, December 15th 1826; Jacob A. Van Valkenburgh, October 9th 1826; Truman Sanford, December 26th 1827; Stephen Rennie, December 26th 1827; Spencer Palmer, December 26th 1827; William Pierson, November 9th 1827; William V. B. Heermance, November 9th 1827, and January 1st 1829; Oliver T. Fuller, November 9th 1827; Luke Kiersted, November 9th 1827; W. G. Van Vliet, November 9th 1827; Joel Bellamy, November 9th 1827; Isaac J. Dubois, November 9th 1827, and January 1st 1831; Samuel Hamilton, November 9th 1827; James Stoutenburgh, November 9th 1827; John J. Brandow, December 1827; William Tolley, December 1827; James C. Blanchard, December 1827; G. W. Sager, December 1827, and January 1st 1829; Tallmadge Fairchild, December 1827; Morse H. Powell, January 1st 1828, and January 1st 1831; Jonathan Miller, January 1st 1828; Elisha Powell, January 1st 1828; James Muller, January 1st 1828, and December 29th 1830; Thomas C. Houghtaling, January 1st 1828, and December 29th 1830; Matthew Williams, January 10th 1828, and January 1st 1829; James Earl, January 10th 1828; Daniel Bloomer, January 17th 1828, and December 29th 1830; Alvin Bushnell, January 17th 1828; Gurdon Dickson, February 4th 1828; Harmon J. Quakenboss, February 26th 1828, and March 20th 1829; Abner Flower, January 4th 1828, and January 2nd 1830; Joseph Blanchard, January 2nd 1828, and January 1st 1831; Truman Sanford, January 11th 1828; Anson Strong, January 2nd 1828, and July 2nd 1829; Spencer Palmer, January 14th 1828, and January 1st 1829; Henry Kingsley, January 2nd 1829; Henry Gosley, February 27th 1829; Milton A. Purdy, November 19th 1829; William Campbell, November 19th 1829; Joel Curtis, January 1st 1830, Samuel Hamilton, January 1st 1830; James C. Blanchard, January 1st 1830; Francis O. Connor, January 1st 1830; Elijah Bushnell, January 1st 1830.

CHAPTER XIII.

VOICE OF THE BALLOT-BOX.

A GLANCE at the political history of the county as represented in the great partisan divisions may not be without interest. In a word we may say that the county has for many years shown a decidedly democratic tendency. A review of the results of important elections will give a correct impression of the party status through the decades. The four towns in 1800 gave for senators 840 votes, 628 of which were for William Thompson, Thomas Broadhead, James Oliver, Jacob Ford and John Johnston. At the first election of governor, in 1801, Greene gave 429 for George Clinton and 494 for Stephen Van Rensselaer, and in 1804 Morgan Lewis received for the same office 644 against Aaron Burr 620. In 1807 Morgan Lewis received 854 against Daniel D. Tompkins 539. In 1810 Jonas Platt received 914 to Daniel D. Tompkins 762. Tompkins also appeared in the contest in 1813, and was again beaten in this county by Steven Van Rensselaer who received 953 against 710 for Tompkins. The federal element we find thus firmly holding its ground through successive elections, and again in 1816 the federal ticket, headed by Rufus H. King, was supported by 851 votes against 698 for Tompkins at the head of the republican ticket. In 1820 the county gave Tompkins 817 and Dewitt Clinton 937. In 1821 Greene expressed a decided voice against a constitutional convention, by 1261 against to 998 for. The same spirit is shown in the vote on the constitution itself the following year, only more strongly marked—1319 against to 878 for constitution. That year (1822), the county gave Joseph C. Yates 3,009 votes, and 34 scattering. From this time on the results of the elections for governor have been as follows:

- 1824, Samuel Young 1595; Dewitt Clinton 1410.
 1826, William B. Rochester 1806; Dewitt Clinton 1456.
 1828, Martin Van Buren 2491; Smith Thompson 1836.
 1830, Enos T. Throop 2427; Francis Granger 1565.
 1832, William L. Marcy 3084; Francis Granger 2216.
 1834, William L. Marcy 3191; William H. Seward 2303.
 1836, William L. Marcy 2983; Jesse Buell 1880.
 1838, William L. Marcy 2770; William H. Seward 2753.
 1840, William C. Bouck 3326; William H. Seward 2959.
 1842, William C. Bouck 3059; Luther Bradish 2226.
 1844, Silas Wright 3529; Millard Fillmore 2935.
 1846, Silas Wright 2469; John Young 2737.
 1848, John A. Dix 1445; Reuben W. Walworth 1616; Hamilton Fish 2673.
 1850, Horatio Seymour 2828; Washington Hunt 2607.
 1852, Horatio Seymour 3235; Washington Hunt 2824.
 1854, Horatio Seymour 1707; Myron H. Clark 1760.
 1856, Amasa J. Parker 2541; John A. King 1931; Erastus Brooks 1555.
 1858, Amasa J. Parker 2940; Edwin D. Morgan 2218; Lorenzo Burrows 542.
 1860, William Kelly 3373; Edwin D. Morgan 3115.
 1862, Horatio Seymour 3755; James S. Wadsworth 2561.
 1864, Horatio Seymour 3391; Reuben E. Fenton 3121.
 1866, John T. Hoffman 3532; Reuben E. Fenton 3210.
 1868, John T. Hoffman 3994; John A. Griswold 3422.
 1870, John T. Hoffman 3755; Stewart L. Woodford 3102.
 1872, Francis Kernan 3718; John A. Dix 3536.
 1874, Samuel J. Tilden 3998; John A. Dix 3043.
 1876, Lucius Robinson 4808; Edwin D. Morgan 3622.
 1879, Lucius Robinson 4015; Alonzo B. Cornell 2957; John Kelly 102; Harris Lewis 529.
 1882, Grover Cleveland 4481; Charles J. Folger 2808.

Since presidential electors have been elected by the people on a general ticket, the electors representing the principal candidates have received the votes of Greene county as follows:

- 1832, Andrew Jackson 3085; Henry Clay 2212.
 1836, Martin Van Buren 2976; William H. Harrison 1883.
 1840, Martin Van Buren 3258; William H. Harrison 2901.
 1844, James K. Polk 3487; Henry Clay 2967.
 1848, Lewis Cass, et al. 3624; Zachary Taylor 2707.
 1852, Franklin Pierce 3242; Winfield Scott 2803.
 1856, James Buchanan 2346; John C. Fremont 3164; Millard Fillmore 1533.
 1860, Stephen A. Douglas 3537; Abraham Lincoln 3137.
 1864, George B. McClellan 3896; Abraham Lincoln 3087.
 1868, Horatio Seymour 3954; Ulysses S. Grant 3447.
 1872, Horace Greeley 3703; Ulysses S. Grant 3415.
 1876, Samuel J. Tilden 4771; Rutherford B. Hayes 3678.
 1880, Winfield S. Hancock 4405; James A. Garfield 3879.

The votes of the county on constitutional amendments have been:

- 1825:—On the election of presidential electors; "By Districts," 863; "By general ticket, plurality," 1,3561; "By general ticket, majority," 2.
 1826:—On the election of justices and extension of franchise. "For electing justices of the peace," 1,363; "Against electing justices of the peace," 3; "For extending the elective franchise," 1,309; "Against extending the elective franchise," 6.
 1833:—For authorizing the Legislature to reduce duties on salt, 794; against 423. For electing mayor for New York by the electors thereof, 1,047; against, 74.
 1835:—For restoring duties on salt and on goods sold at auction to the general fund, 2,825; against, 1.
 1839:—For the election of mayors by the people, 31; against, 0.
 1845:—For the amendment in relation to the removal of judicial officers, 2,206; against, 237. For the amendment abrogating the property qualification for office, 2,203; against, 234.
 1846:—The excise act, involving the question of "License" or "No License," was not voted upon by this county.
 The vote taken on the question of a constitutional convention was 3,101 for and 550 against. In the convention, which met June 1st 1846, Greene was represented by Robert Dorlan and James Powers. On the adoption of the amended constitution, when submitted to the people, the votes were 2,883 for, and 1,263 against it. At the same time the question of the repeal of the property qualification for colored citizens was voted upon, receiving 234 votes for, and 4,143 votes against it.
 1849:—For the new free school law, 2,935; against it, 2,140.
 1850:—For the repeal of the new school law, 3,217; against it, 1848.
 1854:—For amending the constitution to provide for the more speedy completion of the canals, 992; against it, 1,980.
 1858:—For constitutional convention, 861; against it, 2,727.
 1859:—For a loan of \$2,500,000 to pay the floating debt of the State 1,240; against it, 2,524.
 1860:—For extending the right of equal suffrage to colored persons, 548; against it, 4,530.
 1864:—For allowing absent electors in the military service of the United States to vote, 2,533; against it, 1,973.
 1865:—For amendment providing for the appointment of commissioners of appeals, 550; against it, 2,563. For the act to create a State debt, 4,600; against it, 439.
 1866:—For a constitutional convention, 3,082; against it, 3,280. The convention met at Albany June 4th 1867. Greene county was represented by Manly B. Mattice and Ezekiel P. More, both of whom opposed the adoption of the constitution by the convention. The constitution was rejected by the people, the voice of Greene being 1,860 for it and 3,079 against it. On the judiciary article 2,194 voted for, and 2,654 against it; the tax article 1,919 voted for, and 2,988 against it; and the property qualification for colored persons 3,291 voted for, and 1,690 against it.
 1870:—For funding the canal debt, 2,396; against it, 3,406.
 1873:—For appointment of judges of the Court of Appeals, 778; against it, 3,153. For the appointment of county judges, 449; against it, 3,257.
 1874:—In the constitutional convention which was held that year Greene was represented by Joseph B. Hall. The amendments submitted to the people received the votes of this county as follows: "Relative to suffrage and bribery," 2,244 for, 1,547 against; "Legislature and its organization," 2,010 for, 1,785 against; "Powers and forms of Legislature," 2,173 for, 1,622 against; "the governor and lieutenant-governor, their powers and duties," 2,047 for, 1,744 against; "finance and canals," 2,195 for, 1,597 against; "relating to corporations, local liabilities and appropriations," 2,186 for, 1,605 against; "State appropriations," 2,186 for, 1,610 against; "relative to compensations of certain officers," 1,968 for, 1,824 against; "oath of office," 2,261 for, 1,529 against; "relating to

official corruption," 2,379 for, 1,414 against; "time for amendment to take effect," 2,265 for, 1,529 against.

1882:—For amendment in regard to canals, 2,667; against it, 1,155. For proposed amendment to constitution in relation to judiciary, 203; against it, 1,117.

CHAPTER XIV.

PUBLIC EDUCATION.

IN THE EARLY PART of the present century the towns were divided into school districts, and the division and numbering, with occasional changes to meet the growth of certain localities, remain the same to the present time. The school system was at first under the care of three commissioners in each town. Private schools were maintained with success in some localities before the provision made by the State.

The following statistics, gathered from the reports of town superintendents for the year ending July 1st 1844, will show something of the condition of educational matters in this county at that time:

Towns.	Number of districts entirely within the town.	Number of districts partly within the town.	Average number of months school has been taught during the year.	Number of children attending school during the year.	Number of children between the ages of 5 and 16 in the town.	Amount paid for teachers' wages.
Athens.....	4	7	7 1/2	604	733	\$804.14
Cairo.....	12	10	9	950	825	1,322.81
Catskill.....	14	8	9	1,245	1,716	2,319.71
Coxsackie.....	9	7	8 1/2	706	954	1,441.18
Durham.....	12	10	7 1/2	786	671	1,258.70
Greenville.....	8	11	7 1/2	763	640	818.81
Hunter.....	15	5	7 1/2	736	669	1,010.66
Lexington.....	19	5	7 1/2	1,052	881	1,124.48
New Baltimore.....	13	5	7 1/2	770	670	1,281.94
Prattsville.....	6	4	7 1/2	478	536	668.93
Windham.....	14	3	8	781	721	957.44
						12,974.80

The amount of library money received that year was \$1,376.26. The average monthly wages of teachers was \$9.58. Nearly all the school-books then in use are unknown to the children of the present generation. Of geographies Olney's, Smith's and Mitchell's took the lead, while Parley's and Emerson's were occasionally found. Old Daboll's arithmetic was the popular standard around which the youth of that period rallied in their mathematical drill; then Smith's, Adams' and Davies' were used in many of the schools, while Willett's, Porter's, Parker's, Ostrander's and Hawley's were used by a few, and Underhill's Table-book was a terror to many an urchin in his struggle with the abstract principles of numbers. Smith and Kirkham were the two principal authorities in English grammar. Gould, Brown and Lindley Murray had many adherents, and Bullion and Lindley Murray had many adherents, and Bullion and Greenleaf were recognized by a few. Porter's Rhetoric was also in use. Webster's and Walker's dictionaries were text-books in many schools. The old English Reader, and Hale's History of the United States were used in every town, and were the popular reading books. Next to them came Sanders' and Cobb's, while the scattering books were Emerson's, The Mt. Vernon Reader,

The American Preceptor, Porter's Rhetorical Reader, Watts on the Mind, and the Symbolical Primer. The New Testament was also in common use in the schools. The spelling books used then were Cobb's, Webster's, Town's and Sanders'. Comstock's Philosophy was in frequent use, and Day's Algebra, Goodrich's History, Irving's History of Columbus, Burritt's Geography of the Heavens and Blake's Botany were not unknown to the common schools of the county.

The county superintendent for that year (Mr. John Olney) in making his rounds, visited 130 schools, that being the number then in operation in the county. He found the schools ready to receive and welcome him, an incident worthy of mention, in view of the fact that a popular prejudice had previously existed against the office of county superintendent. He reported the schools mostly in good condition and not inferior to the neighboring private schools and academies, either in point of discipline or instruction. Yet, after all the flattering remarks the superintendent found occasion to make in regard to the good condition of the schools in the main, his published report contains some criticisms and suggestions, which are interesting as showing that certain common defects and needs were appreciated at that time as well as at the present. We take the liberty to quote some of his most pertinent remarks:

"Many of the schools I visited scarcely deserved the name of schools; and the time of many teachers who had been permitted to enter the school-room in that capacity, might be profitably employed in improving their education in a common school for some time to come. There are others whose literary acquirements may be considered respectable, but who have not an aptness to teach, or in other words, they lack in judgment in adapting their instructions to the capacities and understandings of children. * * * The minds of their pupils are not trained to habits of thought and reflection. Mere isolated facts are substituted for ideas. In short, the whole course of instruction is devoid of interest to the scholars, and ill adapted to develop and strengthen the intellectual powers.

"Another fault in teachers is, they are not thorough in imparting instruction. Children are advanced too fast in their studies. Long and hurried recitations are encouraged. Lessons are usually recited from the book without any explanations from the teacher to the scholar, or any illustration given of the exercise; and the scholar leaves the teacher without receiving any real benefit from the recitation. There may be a great deal of labor performed in schools where this course of instruction is pursued, yet there is no progress. * * * I have found scholars the past winter who were pursuing philosophy, chemistry, and the higher branches of mathematics, who could not bound their own State, or even their own town, read intelligibly, or spell correctly. * * * I found the same scholars backward in reading. This exercise is too much neglected in nearly all our schools. Its importance is not properly appreciated by most teachers. A dull, monotonous manner of reading is tolerated in their schools. * * * No attention is paid to emphasis, accent or inflections. The ideas the author intends to convey, are wholly disregarded, and little or no interest is taken in the exercise. * * * Scholars should be taught to read understandingly. If time is wanting they should read less, and read it thoroughly, and then give the author's meaning in their own language.

"Another obstacle in the way of improvement in our schools is, there is a want of interest on the part of the patrons of common schools. This indifference is manifested in various ways; in employing cheap and incompetent teachers; in permitting their children to be irregular in their attendance; in neglecting to repair their school houses; in not visiting their schools. One or more of these practices prevail to a greater or less extent in every school district I have visited. They are among the most formidable evils we have to contend with; and so long as they are suffered to obstruct the progress of instruction in our common schools, the incalculable blessings they are designed to secure to the rising generation will not be realized."

Mr. Olney appears to have been a man of much energy, and took an earnest lead in educational matters. Doubtless it was owing to his active efforts, more than to

any other influence, that a convention of town superintendents was called to consider and adopt measures for the improvement of the common schools, and the formation of a permanent association of town superintendents, teachers and friends of education. Such a convention met in the Methodist church in Cairo on Monday afternoon, September 16th 1844, and remained in session until Tuesday afternoon. A constitution and rules were adopted, and the following gentlemen were chosen its officers: president, Judge Fenn; vice-presidents, William Van Orden and Jacob G. Bedell; corresponding secretary, John Olney; recording secretary, Ruel P. Bascom; treasurer, Hulett P. Bedell. Mr. Thomas H. Palmer of Vermont, delivered four addresses on moral and intellectual education; committees were appointed on the topics, district libraries, town celebrations and conventions, teachers institutes, and vocal music. These committees (except that on teachers' institutes) reported the results of their considerations and appended appropriate resolutions, which were adopted by the convention. They pronounced the district library a thing that was to become "of incalculable benefit," the common school system "purely political in its organization," and the effect of vocal music in the schools as tending to "promote the health and refine the feelings of children;" so they urged upon trustees and others to supply the libraries with useful and elevating literature, to co-operate earnestly in all efforts to elevate the standard of common school education, and to use their influence to procure at as early a period as practicable the introduction of vocal music in the common schools.

Teachers' institutes were held in the county as early as 1845, and since that time they have been quite regularly maintained.

The statistics of the schools of Greene county for 1850 showed 176 public schools with 177 teachers and 8,216 pupils in attendance. There were also in the county 12 academies and other schools with 14 teachers and 325 pupils.

The following tables of school statistics, gathered from the reports of the commissioners for the year ending September 30th 1882, will give a correct and full view of the condition of the schools at the present time:

SCHOOL STATISTICS.
TOWN OF CATSKILL.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-houses and sites.	Assessed value of property in district.
Catskill.....	1	\$131.00	1,048	859	\$5,204	\$26,000	\$790,967
West Catskill.....	2	14.00	138	100	557	1,600	79,747
Saugerties.....	3			1			
High Falls, E.....	4	6.00	30	32	203	350	23,700
Cauterskill.....	5	6.25	54	48	247	525	25,000
Kiskatom Grove.....	6	4.68	43	29	184	320	30,000
Kiskatom, W.....	7	4.50	31	27	147	320	55,075
Lawrenceville.....	8	8.00	36	32	291	850	48,925
Leeds, S.....	9	5.00	37	27	163	425	20,450
Leeds.....	10	17.06	134	127	789	1,400	300,000
Jefferson.....	11	8.00	77	38	368	550	62,600
Palenville, W.....	12	10.00	86	68	1,481	1,300	25,000
Kiskatom, N.....	13	5.50	44	18	147	175	15,000
Lawrenceville, N.....	14	6.50	36	31	259	210	8,600
Smith's Landing.....	15	8.00	60	64	300	1,100	53,100
Great Imbought.....	16	12.00	83	49	334	450	69,290
Palenville.....	17	7.50	73	53	319	525	21,455
Leeds, W.....	18	5.00	37	38	299	300	28,000
Chidester Neighbor'd.....	19	6.00	14	12	186	350	7,925
High Falls.....	20	5.00	60	44	280	325	18,800
			2,128	1,702	\$11,764	\$37,025	\$1,583,634

*The school-house is in Saugerties town.
No. 1 has 13 teachers; No. 2 has 2; No. 10 has 2. All the others have one teacher each.
No. 20 lies partly in Saugerties town.

TOWN OF HALCOTT.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers. Winter term.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
Halcott Center, N.....	1	\$5.12	29	20	\$154	\$150	\$6,930
Halcott Center.....	2	6.12	21	21	205	200	5,555
"The Fly" Dist.....	3	7.00	39	32	245	200	7,655
"The Fly," N.....	4	5.75	32	24	170	175	3,920
	*5						
			111	97	\$774	\$725	\$24,060

*School-house in Middletown, Delaware county.

TOWN OF ATHENS.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
Upper Village.....	1	\$19.80	181	153	\$1,092	\$7,000	\$141,050
Athens.....	2	55.00	481	325	2,851	7,400	192,900
Athens, W.....	3	6.00	54	32	217	540	53,150
Lime Street.....	4	7.00	56	37	253	150	3,500
Green's Lake.....	5	6.00	78	28	220	510	25,990
Athens, N.....	6	7.00	65	44	245	775	51,350
Hamburg.....	7	9.00	72	30	441	110	40,000
Leeds, N.....	8	4.00	30	20	149	520	22,300
			1,017	669	\$5,472	\$17,005	\$530,240

District No. 1 employs 2 teachers, and No. 2 employs 6.

TOWN OF CAIRO.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
Cairo.....	1	\$7.50	115	55	\$416	\$1,500	\$52,285
Acra.....	2	7.50	62	70	318	350	20,880
Woodstock.....	3	5.00	81	62	240	900	31,305
South Durham.....	4	5.00	38	30	194	500	14,455
Round Top, W.....	5	3.75	18	20	171	320	8,000
Forge.....	6	6.25	56	50	235	575	16,595
Sandy Plains.....	7	6.50	35	35	794	530	84,080
Acra, S.....	8	6.00	44	36	161	210	12,325
Acra, N.....	9	6.00	30	32	173	325	15,895
Round Top.....	10	3.75	30	30	129	310	8,000
South Cairo.....	11	7.00	34	32	253	550	25,725
Indian Ridge.....	12	7.00	22	17	205	250	49,820
			365	469	\$3,295	\$6,320	\$339,365

TOWN OF HUNTER.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
Benjamin Notch.....	1	\$3.00	15	17	\$91	\$175	\$1,405
Hunter.....	2	19.75	181	111	3,239	2,000	20,240
Lanesville.....	3	5.00	66	40	177	160	2,940
Tannersville.....	4	6.00	55	51	269	600	9,205
Woodstock.....	*5						
Platte Clove, W.....	6	7.75	20	20	265	400	5,060
Hunter, E.....	7	5.00	38	36	148	225	3,775
Haines Corners.....	8	7.06	66	40	276	175	39,267
Edgewood.....	9	5.00	64	33	171	350	5,180
Platte Clove.....	10	5.75	86	56	227	350	5,057
			591	407	\$4,866	\$4,435	\$92,129

*The school-house is in the town of Woodstock. Number 2 has two teachers.

TOWN OF JEWETT.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
East Jewett, E.....	1	\$4.50	34	23	\$166	\$425	\$4,165
Jewett.....	2	8.00	43	34	228	550	6,195
South Jewett.....	3	4.75	26	19	170	650	4,420
Goshen Street.....	4	6.25	21	21	163	150	3,625
Jewett, W.....	5	6.00	25	18	151	145	5,190
East Jewett.....	6	7.00	23	23	194	250	5,035
Hensonville, S.....	7	8.00	22	22	211	150	3,200
Beach's Corners.....	8	7.00	24	25	193	325	2,760
Hunter, N.....	9	6.50	17	15	185	295	1,600
East Jewett, W.....	10	6.50	31	25	172	300	5,620
Jewett Centre.....	11	8.00	56	52	222	310	5,200
Jewett.....	12	5.00	27	28	143	550	6,225
			349	305	\$2,202	\$4,400	\$52,575

TOWN OF LEXINGTON.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
Spruceton, E.....	1	\$6.45	25	21	\$197	\$325	\$2,210
Spruceton.....	2	6.00	30	26	228	450	3,625
West Kill, E.....	3	5.50	31	28	184	250	3,450
Lexington.....	4	7.50	65	45	279	700	11,090
Bushnellville.....	*5	5.00	40	12	155	310	4,420
Lexington, N.....	6	6.25	15	14	147	320	5,190
West Kill.....	7	6.00	42	48	196	100	6,740
West Kill, W.....	8	4.25	23	19	136	325	2,000
Little West Kill.....	9	4.50	22	9	216	100	3,760
Broad Street Hollow.....	10	5.00	70	52	154	260	1,800
Foot of the Ridge.....	11	5.50	35	29	162	340	4,435
Lexington, N. W.....	12	5.12	21	14	140	60	3,810
			419	317	\$2,199	\$3,540	\$52,530

*Partly in Shandaken, Ulster county.

TOWN OF WINDHAM.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
East Windham.....	1	\$6.56	28	25	\$211	\$325	\$2,900
Upper Big Hollow.....	2	3.25	21	15	207	325	1,358
Windham.....	3	14.00	117	86	455	900	47,372
Hensonville.....	4	9.75	54	46	339	150	8,794
Lower Big Hollow.....	5	6.75	35	30	159	125	4,275
Stump Hollow.....	6	4.50	13	15	175	55	2,500
Mitchell Hollow.....	7	9.25	30	28	289	70	7,090
Big Hollow.....	8	5.00	39	18	108	200	2,600
Bell District.....	9	4.50	30	23	162	30	2,700
Pelham District.....	10	6.00	28	15	185	400	5,700
			386	301	\$2,295	\$2,480	\$85,289

TOWN OF COXSACKIE.

Location.	District No.	Weekly wages of teachers. Winter term.	Children of school age in district.	Children attending school.	Expenses for the year.	Value of school-house and site.	Assessed value of property in the district.
Coxsackie Landing.....	1		618	434	\$3,933	\$6,000	\$388,840
Loxca.....	2	\$5.75	48	44	149	20	25,050
High Hill.....	3	6.00	61	39	179	325	36,920
Coliburgh.....	4	7.50	55	37	318	250	34,895
Van Schaack District.....	5	5.50	40	40	256	400	75,725
Upper Village.....	6	10.50	68	68	532	1950	88,855
Lime Rock.....	7	10.00	86	68	378	1100	68,125
Jacksonville.....	8	6.50	29	44	190	300	45,725
Union Church.....	9	3.25	73	49	137	175	27,830
Four Mile Point.....	10	7.00	54	47	248	800	25,650
Community.....	11	5.00	25	21	151	75	18,000
			1,157	891	\$6,478	\$11,395	\$835,615

TOWN OF ASHLAND.

Ashland.....	1	\$8.75	102	89	\$344	\$950	\$12,000
Prout District.....	2	7.50	38	23	221	100	5,540
Suttons Hollow.....	3	7.50	30	29	222	300	9,405
North Settlement.....	4	7.75	40	36	284	50	11,198
Richmond's Corners.....	5	5.00	53	45	162	225	6,219
Tompkins District.....	6	5.00	24	25	146	350	2,635
	7	7.50	39	37	200	420	6,505
			335	284	\$1,580	\$2,395	\$53,502

TOWN OF DURHAM.

Joint with Albany Co..	1	*	11	12			
Hervey Street.....	2	\$5.00	41	34	\$559	\$450	\$12,677
Van Wagoner District.....	3	5.00	23	19	148	425	14,670
Cornwallsville.....	4	5.00	32	32	153	350	14,975
Gulf District.....	5	6.00	20	13	190	225	8,040
West Durham.....	6	5.50	35	25	186	225	14,790
East Durham.....	7	8.75	52	48	302	90	27,755
Durham Center.....	8	5.00	32	25	168	400	11,320
	9	*	2	6			
Brand's Hollow.....	10	4.75	6	8	147	300	11,675
Wright Street.....	11	7.50	23	36	213	350	18,321
Durham Village.....	12	12.00	81	66	339	500	58,590
Fields District.....	13	5.00	25	20	206	420	16,010
R. E. Taylor District.....	14	7.00	38	26	255	15	16,532
Oak Hill.....	15	9.00	88	63	336	1,250	39,725
Centerville.....	16	5.50	29	26	169	500	16,777
			528	459	\$3,379	\$5,500	\$251,757

*Joint district with Rensselaerville: school-house being in the latter town.
 †Partly in Rensselaerville and Conesville.
 ‡Partly in Rensselaerville.

TOWN OF GREENVILLE.

Norton Hill.....	1	\$7.00	51	43	\$249	\$850	\$41,865
Freehold.....	2	7.50	60	68	345	75	51,930
Shaw District.....	3	4.50	17	18	136	55	21,795
Greenville.....	4	7.5	108	60	262	400	69,760
Greenville Center.....	5	5.00	35	29	392	550	26,100
East Greenville.....	6	7.62	42	38	343	400	32,895
King Hill.....	7	6.25	29	19	197	175	26,170
Newry.....	*8	4.50	8	12	122	250	22,875
West Greenville.....	9	4.00	53	48	150	250	21,210
Luman Baker District.....	10	7.50	32	31	217	1-0	21,900
Hill District.....	11	7.50	27	26	175	200	25,145
Place's Corner.....	12	4.25	35	30	141	100	20,429
Maple Avenue.....	*13	4.50	18	14	153	300	13,990
Gayhead.....	14	6.50	46	37	204	35	36,675
Plaaterkill.....	15	3.75	15	15	115	160	18,620
Butler's District.....	*16	5.50	12	10	165	250	13,600
			588	498	\$3,374	\$4,230	\$464,959

*These districts are partly in Westerlo.

TOWN OF NEW BALTIMORE.

Robinson Hill.....	1	\$6.75	37	27	\$206	\$500	\$79,000
Lisk's District.....	2	10.25	41	34	420	320	35,500
Baldwin District.....	3	7.00	56	29	357	550	36,400
Grapeville (East).....	4	5.00	31	30	209	125	14,575
Staco.....	5	5.00	21	16	159	300	20,800
Sylvandale.....	*6	7.50	36	28	225	340	13,850
Bedell Hill.....	7	8.00	30	25	263	310	25,000
Dean's Mills.....	*8	7.00	42	37	296	1,000	40,075
Rocky Store.....	9	8.00	40	30	231	800	39,325
New Baltimore.....	10	12.50	223	140	1,037	800	105,020
Van Slyke District.....	11	8.00	34	27	275	400	41,775
Searles' District.....	*12	7.00	26	26	274	5-0	18,200
Honey Hollow.....	13	5.00	35	31	153	33	8,300
Van Bergen's Mills.....	14	6.00	15	7	177	180	33,325
Medway.....	15	6.00	65	41	589	1,100	61,550
			732	528	\$4,969	\$7,308	\$583,695

*These districts are partly in Coeymans.

TOWN OF PRATTSVILLE.

Prattsville.....	*1	\$12.50	125	102	\$544	\$1,500	\$22,712
Little West Kill.....	2	6.00	25	23	168	75	7,630
Big Rock.....	3	5.00	26	15	249	425	4,944
Thorington's District.....	*5	5.00	19	19	176	200	3,731
Red Falls.....	6	6.00	53	70	221	125	6,376
Huntersfield.....	7	8.50	35	28	258	350	4,900
Albert's District.....	8	6.00	31	26	198	275	6,931
			319	288	\$1,818	\$2,950	\$57,225

*Parts of these districts lie in Shoharie county.

The first commissioner district of Greene county comprises the towns of Athens, Cairo, Catskill, Halcott, Hunter, Jewett and Lexington. It contains 73 common school districts and three union free-school districts. In 15 school districts the teachers "board around," and their board is estimated to the credit of the districts at \$1,642.87. In six districts teachers were paid wages while attending institutes, the wages so paid aggregating \$214.14. Library money was appropriated to the payment of teachers' wages to the amount of \$120.46. There were 97 licensed teachers employed, of whom ten held licenses from the State superintendent or Normal School. There are 77 school-houses; 70 frame buildings, five of brick and two of stone. This district received \$11,447.07 of public money, and there was raised by district taxes \$16,759.46. The amount paid for teacher's wages was \$21,925.77; for libraries \$84.98; for school and apparatus \$85.20; for school-houses, sites, fences, out-houses, repairs, furniture, &c., \$5,440.13; altogether making a total of expenditures for school purposes of \$30,575.75.

In the second commissioner district, comprising the towns of Ashland, Coxsackie, Durham, Greenville, New Baltimore, Prattsville and Windham, there are 79 common school districts and one union school, in 31 of which the time honored custom of the teacher boarding around is still continued. In this district six school districts paid teachers' wages while attending institute, to the amount in the aggregate of \$88.55; library money to the amount of \$115.56 was appropriated to the payment of teachers' wages. In regard to the compulsory education law and its execution, no action whatever was taken, though out of 1,401 children between the ages of eight and fourteen years, there were 235 who did not attend the district school 14 weeks during the year nor were instructed in private schools or at home for the same time. There were 88 licensed teachers employed for 28 weeks or more, of whom nine taught under licenses from the State superintendent or Normal School. There were 80 school-houses, 73 of which were frame buildings, four of brick and three of stone. The public money apportioned to the schools of this district was \$9,774.96, and the amount raised by tax in the districts, \$11,347.06. The amount paid for teachers' wages was \$19,269.66 which included \$2,090.50 credited on account of boarding teachers. There was expended for libraries \$27.99; for school apparatus \$60.56; for school-houses and sites, including appendages, repairs and furniture \$2,448.14; altogether making the total expenses for school purposes, \$23,896.25.

The average weekly wages paid teachers for the winter throughout the county was \$6.57.

By an act of 1843, the office of county superintendent was created. That officer was to be appointed by the board of supervisors. Charles C. W. Cleveland, John Olney and William F. Terhune were appointed under it. The office was abolished in 1847, and the school system returned to town superintendence. Since the creation of the office of assembly district school commissioner, the

following have been elected, and held office for terms of three years from the first of January of the year mentioned:

1858, John F. Ingersoll, Alexander Reynolds; 1861, Charles C. W. Cleveland, Martin L. Newcomb; 1864, Samuel S. Mulford, George C. Mott; 1867, Henry Wynans, Zina L. Newell; 1870, John Beardsley, Hiram Bogardus; 1873, Samuel S. Mulford, Robert Halsted; 1876, Clarence E. Bloodgood, Hiram M. Bouton; 1879, Clarence E. Bloodgood, George Townsend; 1882, Clarence E. Bloodgood, Lewis Litchfield.

CHAPTER XV.

ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY.

THE CHURCH history of the county will appear in detail in connection with the various localities. The Dutch Reformed was the earliest and is to-day the strongest denomination in the river towns. As early as 1650, and before any definite church organizations existed, the Dutch Reformed practices prevailed in religious worship. The organization of the Evangelical Lutheran Zion Church at Athens in 1703 appears to antedate all others. The English in later years established the Presbyterian and the Episcopal Church, and still later the Methodist Church planted itself in nearly every village in the county.

The following table, from the census of 1875, gives a condensed view of the material status of these churches:

Greene County Churches.	Organizations.	Edifices.	Sittings.	Membership.	Value of church property.	Salaries of clergy.
African M. E.	2	2	450	150	\$13,500	\$950
Baptist	12	12	3,800	898	77,000	4,800
Christian Connection	2	2	650	265	11,500	1,100
Evangelical Lutheran	1	1	300	125	5,000	700
Friends (Hicksite)	1	1	150		2,000	
Friends (Orthodox)	1	1	300		300	
Methodist Episcopal	32	31	8,950	2,689	160,500	14,235
Presbyterian	10	10	3,680	1,170	82,400	7,350
Protestant Episcopal	8	8	2,500	687	61,900	4,250
Reformed (Dutch) Church in America	10	9	3,900	1,944	85,500	9,000
Roman Catholic	5	5	1,213	2,075	37,900	2,800
Union	2	2	500	25	3,000	100
United Methodist Free Church	2	2	450	87	3,000	200

The Reformed Dutch Church has two societies in Athens, Catskill and Coxsackie, and one in Kiskatom, Leeds and Prattsville. The Protestant Episcopal Church has societies in Catskill, Coxsackie, Athens, Oak Hill, Greenville, Cairo, Palenville, Windham and Prattsville. The Methodist Episcopal Church is represented in Ashland, Athens, Catskill, Cairo and Round Top, Coxsackie, Durham, East Durham, East Jewett, Greenville, High Hill, Hunter, Leeds and Sandy Plains, Lexington, New Baltimore, Norton Hill, Oak Hill, Palenville, Prattsville and Windham. Baptist churches have been established in Athens, Catskill, Lexington, Acra, Grapeville, Greenville, East Durham, Hervey Street and Gayhead. The Presbyterian Church organization exists

in Ashland, Cairo, Catskill, Durham, West Durham and Centerville, Greenville, Jewett and Windham. There are Roman Catholic churches at Catskill, Leeds, Hunter, Ashland and Coxsackie. The Lutherans have a church at Athens, and there is one of the Christian Connection at Freehold, and one of the African Methodist Episcopal at Catskill.

CHAPTER XVI.

INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS.

THE INDUSTRIES of Greene county are mainly agricultural. Some manufacturing is carried on, and quarrying, the river commerce, fishing and the ice harvesting complete the list of the principal industrial interests.

The river towns and the northern section of the county abound in patches of rich and productive soil. A large percentage of these sections has been cleared and appropriated to agricultural uses. Hay and fruit are the principal productions. The census of 1880 shows the productions of the leading farm crops for the previous year to have been as follows:—barley, 3,533 bushels; buckwheat, 131,181 bushels; corn, 253,049 bushels; oats, 370,615 bushels; rye, 61,430 bushels; wheat, 10,251 bushels; value of orchard products, \$167,282; hay, 84,335 tons; hops, 12,907 pounds; potatoes, 186,101 bushels; tobacco, 355 pounds. Grazing and stock raising are also profitably carried on. The last State census shows the dairy products to have been:—butter, made in families, 1,591,224 pounds; cheese made in the towns of Durham, Greenville and Hunter, 1,330 pounds; milk, sold in market, 58,311 gallons. There were, in 1875, 11,717 sheep shorn, yielding 49,668 pounds of wool; 8,943 lambs raised, and 13,343 hogs raised. Cider made in 1874, 6,626 gallons; apples gathered, 315,078 bushels; grapes, 155,447 pounds; maple sugar (1875), 295,547 pounds; honey (1874), 25,597 pounds. The cultivation of pears and strawberries is receiving much attention at present, and with very encouraging results.

The census of 1875 shows the following figures in relation to the farms of this county:

	Number of dwellings.	Value of dwellings.	No. acres plowed.	No. acres grass land.	No. acres improved farm land.	Estimated value of farms
Ashland	187	\$127,100	1,316	4,053	12,019	\$475,600
Athens	573	854,905	2,260	6,435	11,508	1,048,250
Cairo	474	518,675	3,977	6,734	21,678	1,289,650
Catskill	13,45	3,388,183	3,989	9,328	20,394	2,458,300
Coxsackie	753	1,173,315	3,212	8,614	17,309	1,904,693
Durham	499	586,982	4,559	8,412	25,648	1,344,120
Greenville	473	460,845	5,059	9,629	21,138	1,483,990
Halcott	78	38,200	822	3,051	7,667	262,640
Hunter	301	116,510	815	5,777	13,085	459,735
Jewett	217	149,450	1,168	7,401	17,732	579,926
Lexington	308	174,440	1,324	8,050	18,357	604,098
N. Baltimore	530	684,550	4,752	7,588	19,383	1,802,700
Prattsville	236	240,470	1,318	4,315	10,616	363,700
Windham	309	328,400	1,502	6,984	18,232	620,325
Totals	6,283	\$8,847,055	36,073	96,371	235,756	\$14,697,727

The following exhibit of stock and orchards owned in this county is given by the last State census.

	Number of farm horses.	Value of Poultry.	Number of cattle.	Apple trees in orchard.
Ashland.....	236	\$1,172	2,020	10,594
Athens.....	370	2,855	739	21,473
Cairo.....	699	4,672	1,353	22,987
Catskill.....	862	7,075	1,741	40,887
Coxsackie.....	234	6,046	967	33,850
Durham.....	755	4,541	2,388	36,893
Greenville.....	765	4,530	1,307	34,254
Halcott.....	146	690	1,465	7,138
Hunter.....	291	1,681	1,496	5,672
Jewett.....	355	1,474	2,628	18,941
Lexington.....	346	1,391	3,339	19,131
N. Baltimore.....	754	5,262	1,068	53,356
Prattsville.....	254	949	2,150	7,034
Windham.....	363	1,685	2,326	14,429
Totals.....	\$6,927	\$43,922	24,986	325,639

An idea of the agricultural growth of the county may be obtained by a comparison of the two following paragraphs.

Agricultural products from census of 1855; the quantities, unless otherwise given, are in bushels:—Winter wheat, 7,346; spring wheat, 3,175; hay, 58,525 tons; oats, 160,907; rye, 72,232; barley, 1,787; buckwheat, 33,913; corn, 116,871; potatoes, 116,871; peas, 1,532; beans, 693; flax lint, 10,620 pounds; flax seed, 14; hops, 26 pounds; tobacco 75 pounds; apples, 192,814; cider, 3,954 barrels; honey, 32,940 pounds; wax, 2,202 pounds; neat cattle, 25,239; working oxen, 2,349; cows, 12,592; butter, 1,191,930 pounds; cheese, 21,317 pounds; horses, 6,203; mules, 23; sheep, 19,382; swine, 14,074; peaches, 14; pears, 232. The county then had 100 stone dwelling houses, 163 brick dwellings, 4,964 frame dwellings and 145 log houses, making a total of 5,419 dwelling houses. In its 3,145 farms there were 212,223 acres of improved land and a total of 362,828 acres.

Agricultural products from census of 1875; the quantities in this list are also in bushels unless otherwise stated:—Hay, 100,032 tons; grass seed, 342; barley, 1,678; buckwheat, 87,101; corn, 149,933; oats, 306,561; rye, 138,273; spring wheat, 971; winter wheat, 1,202; beans, 793; peas, 640; hops, 6,180 pounds; potatoes, 226,801; apples, 315,078; grapes, 155,447 pounds; maple sugar, 295,547 pounds; honey, 25,597 pounds; colts of 1875, 325; colts of 1874, 335; horses two years old and older, 6,267; mules, 84; value of poultry, \$43,922; value of poultry sold in 1874, \$22,301; value of eggs sold in 1874, \$39,453; neat cattle, including 1,346 working oxen and steers, and 13,987 milch cows, 24,986; butter, 1,591,224 pounds; cheese, 1,330 pounds; wool from 11,717 sheep, 59,668 pounds; lambs, 8,943; swine, 13,343; pork, 1,439,607 pounds. The county then had 6,283 dwellings, of which 5,922 were frame, 236 of brick, 80 of stone, and 45 log houses, and 235,756 acres of improved land in a total acreage of 14,697,727 acres.

The census of 1880 shows the number of farms in Greene county, 3,032; area of improved land, 240,734 acres; value of farms, \$12,603,215; value of live-stock, \$1,296,268; value of fertilizers used, \$31,864; value of farm products for the previous year, \$1,878,451; barley, 3,533 bushels; buckwheat, 131,181 bushels; corn, 253,-

049 bushels; oats, 370,615 bushels; rye, 71,430 bushels; wheat, 10,251 bushels; value of orchard products, \$167,282; hay, 84,335 tons; hops, 12,907 pounds; potatoes, 186,101 bushels; number of horses on farms, 6,532; mules, 42; working oxen, 849; milch cows, 15,307; other cattle, 11,373; sheep, 16,684; swine, 9,004; wool produced, 74,875 pounds; milk, 98,719 gallons; butter, 1,757,110 pounds; cheese, 2,546 pounds.

There are, on the river shore of this county, about forty large ice houses, belonging to companies in New York city. The ice crop annually stored in these houses is estimated, in round numbers, at 1,000,000 tons. The leading companies represented here are the Knickerbocker, the New York, the New Jersey and the Consumers'. Some difficulties having arisen between different companies in the gathering of ice, a bill, introduced by Senator Jones of this county, was passed in 1879, by which the owners of ice houses should be entitled to the ice in front of their premises to a line midway between the channel banks of the river. It is estimated that the average cost of storing ice is 12 cents a ton, and the labor of breaking it out and shipping it on board of the barges which transport it to New York is about as much more. About 50 per cent. of the ice gathered is wasted in handling, before it reaches the consumer. The business gives employment to a large number of men, both in harvesting the ice in winter and breaking it out and loading barges in summer.

The great hemlock forests that covered the sides of the mountains invited the tanning business at an early period of the English settlement. The first tannery is said to have been established by Nicholas Perry, at Athens, in 1750. Here and there others were established during the latter half of that century, but it remained for the early part of the present century to develop those resources with any considerable activity. About the year 1817 this business began to increase. Large tracts were purchased by enterprising speculators, and the hills denuded of their forests to supply the tanneries. This continued until in 1830 this county produced more leather than all the State besides. Whole villages were built up in the mountain regions by this stimulus. Hides were imported from the countries of South America and brought here to be treated. The Catskill and Canajoharie Railroad was materially assisted in its struggle for existence by the freighting of hides and return of leather, which this business on the northwestern borders of the county called for. In 1844, the tanneries about Prattsville manufactured about 110,000 sides of sole leather.

But the forests could not stand the strain upon them, and the timber failing, the business about the date last mentioned began to decline, and in a few years it had almost entirely disappeared from the county. The deserted ruins of these establishments now mark the sites of former active scenes of thriving labor.

Brick-making is extensively carried on along the river. A number of quarries of limestone are worked at different points along the Kalkberg. Their products are used for building, for ornamental works, for smelting iron and

for making lime. Other quarries produce flagging stone which is sent from Catskill to New York and eastern cities. Ship-building has been carried on to a limited extent from an early period. The business has declined in latter years. Saw-mills have been established from an early period upon the numerous streams, and a large quantity of lumber for the local markets is still produced. Other manufactures consist of cooperage wares, woolen and cotton goods, foundry products and ice tools.

CHAPTER XVII.

MISCELLANEOUS ORGANIZATIONS.

THE GREENE COUNTY Agricultural Society was organized sometime in the year 1819. The earliest scrap of historical evidence we can find touching it is a circular addressed by Elkanah Watson of Albany, April 19th, to the president of the Greene County Agricultural Society, or, in the absence of such a society, to whomsoever should "assemble for that purpose." This circular was put into the hands of Mr. John Bagley of Durham, and an organization was effected with Mr. Bagley for its president.

The first annual cattle show and fair of the society was held at Cairo on Tuesday, November 2d 1819. The animals were placed in a field belonging to Daniel Sayre, and specimens of domestic manufacture, fruits and vegetables were placed in an unoccupied store. The society assembled at Osborn's tavern at 12 o'clock, and each member received his diploma and placed in his hat a head of wheat with a piece of green ribbon tied round it for a badge. A large number of new members signed the constitution at that time. The company then sat down to a good farmer's dinner which had been prepared for them, and for which they were charged 31 cents each. The committee then proceeded to the award of premiums. We give the entire list:

1st best 2 acres Corn, 165 bushels, to Ezra Post of Durham..	\$10.00
2d do., 146 bushels, to Eliakim Reed, Greenville.....	5.00
1st best half acre of Potatoes, 215 bushels, William Tuttle, Windham.....	6.00
2d do., 180 bushels, Truman Lewis, Cairo.....	3.00
1st best lot of Cheese, 100 lbs., to Silas Lewis, Windham....	3.00
2d do., 100 lbs., John Balis, Cairo.....	2.00
1st best lot of Flannel, 20 yards, Deborah Hawley, New Baltimore....	5.00
2d do., Harriet Hamlin, Durham.....	3.00
Best piece of carpeting, Sally Van Hoesen, Catskill.....	5.00
Best hearth rug, Eliza Barker, Durham.....	3.00
Sole leather, 12 sides } J. White, Durham... ..	2.50
} J. T. Day, Cairo.....	2.50
1st best Bull, 3 years old, Charles Johnson, Durham.....	10.00
2d do., 2 years old, Daniel Morrison, Cairo.....	6.00
3d do., 1 year old, John Howell, Durham.....	4.00
1st best yoke fat Oxen, John Bagley, Durham.....	10.00
2d do., Eli Paine, Durham.....	6.00
1st best 3 year old Steers, H. Austin, Durham.....	6.00
2d do., James Webster, Cairo.....	4.00
1st best 2 year old do., Truman Lewis, Cairo.....	5.00
1st best 2 year old Heifer, D. Lake, Windham.....	3.00
2d do., John Bagley, Durham.....	2.00
1st best yearling Steers, J. Bagley, Durham.....	4.00
2d do., John Howell, Durham.....	3.00
1st best Bull Calf, age 6 m., 16 days, weight 574 lbs, Underhill Budd, Greenville.....	3.00

2d do., 4 m., 16 days, weight 462 lbs., Jabez Hubbard, Durham.....	2.00
1st best Heifer calf, J. Bagley, Durham.....	2.00
1st best Merino Ram, Cyrus Field, Durham.....	5.00
2d do., Elkanah Percival, Durham.....	3.00
1st best 5 Ewes, Elkanah Percival, Durham.....	5.00
2d do., Moses Austin, Durham.....	3.00
1st best common Ram, An. Strong, Durham.....	5.00
2d do., John Balis, Cairo.....	3.00
1st best Boar, Z. Teed, Cairo.....	3.00
2d do., Garret Becker, Cairo.....	2.00

Special mention was made of a crop of ruta-baga turnips raised by C. Benton, which produced 86 bushels from less than one-eighth of an acre, and one specimen measured 22¾ inches in circumference.

The first annual meeting of the society of which we have any knowledge was held at the house of Lewis Hine at Cairo, March 14th 1820, at which time, the record states, most of the officers and a large number of members of the society were present. An address was delivered by Moses I. Cantine, Esq., which called forth the thanks of the society and a request for a copy for publication. The following officers were then elected: Anthony Van Bergen, president; Eliakim Reed and Thomas E. Barker, vice-presidents; William Post, secretary; Amos Hamlin, treasurer; John Bagley, Ezra Post, Caleb Benton, Aaron Hall, James Renne, Seth Hawley, William Edwards, Henry Adams and Silas Lewis, agricultural committee; Moses Austin, William W. Edwards, Perkins King, Francis Sayre, John Ely, Jeremiah White, William Tuttle, Lemuel Hotchkiss and Ira T. Day, mechanical committee, and Benjamin W. Dwight, Thomas O'H. Crowell, Tallmadge Sutherland, John Ely and Amos Hamblin, chemical committee.

The same president was elected for the ensuing year at the annual meeting, the time of which was changed from spring to the time of the fair in the fall. This for 1820 was held at Hines' tavern, Cairo, October 18th. The first treasurer's report, dated March 13th 1820, will give some interesting hints:

"Greene County Agricultural Society to Treasurer, Dr.	
" Aug. 1817, To Cash paid for Secretary & Treasurer's	
" Books.....	\$1.50
" 28 Oct. 1819, To going to Albany for State's money.....	5.00
" To Cash paid for Diplomas & Certificates.....	25.00
" Nov'r, To Cash paid in premiums.....	149.00
" 7 Dec'r, To Cash paid Crowell & Son for printing.....	13.00
	<u>193.50</u>
	Cr.
" By Cash received from the State.....	200.00
" 1819, By fees, taxes & diplomas from Members.....	105.25
" By Cash received for Certificates on premiums...	5.00
" By Cash rec'd from Treasurer for diplomas.....	8.37½
" By Cash from Orrin Day Esq. a donation to So-	
ciety.....	1.00
	<u>\$319.02½</u>
	193.50
" 1820, March 13, Balance Due Society.....	\$126.12½ "

In 1821 the awarding committee on farms and orchards made the following awards:—For the best farm, to Eliakim Reed, \$75; for the second best farm, to Ezra Post, \$75; for the third best farm, to John Bagley, \$62; for the best orchard, to Amos Hamlin, \$62. Premiums on crops were also awarded the same year to Coenradt Houghtaling for 41 bushels of 48 lbs. winter wheat to the acre; Eliakim Reed for 39 bushels, 10 quarts sum-

mer wheat to the acre; James M. Sanford for 78 bushels corn to the acre; Nathaniel Stimson for 42 bushels, 18 quarts rye to the acre; Eliakim Reed for sunflower seed, 15 bushels from $\frac{1}{4}$ acre; and the same man and Hardy Rundle and Anson Strong each a premium for 480 lbs. flax to the acre.

It is probable that this organization continued in operation but a few years. The next record we find is an account of a meeting held at the house of Amasa Keith, on the 18th day of August, 1841, pursuant to notice given by the county clerk, in the newspapers published in the county. William Salisbury was chosen chairman, and Richard Van Dyke secretary. A committee was appointed to draft a constitution and report at a future meeting. The second meeting was held at the same place (Cairo) August 28th, at which time the constitution was adopted and the following officers elected: Anthony Van Bergen president; William Salisbury, Timothy S. Miller, George Griffin, Christopher L. Kiersted, vice-presidents; Almeron Marks, recording secretary, and Richard Van Dyke, corresponding secretary. These officers, with eleven additional members—one from each town—constituted an executive committee. This committee met on the 11th of the following September, and adopted rules and regulations for the government of the society. No fair was held that year, but the first annual fair of the re-organized society was held October 19th 1842. Anthony Van Bergen was still president, and Almeron Marks was secretary of the society. Mr. J. B. Nott, ex-president of the State Agricultural Society, delivered an address. The fair that year, and with few exceptions all through the existence of the society, was held at Cairo.

In 1843, the fair was held at Cairo, October 18th and 19th. The record of it states that there was an increasing interest manifested, and an unusually large attendance. A public dinner was given, after which the company assembled in the Episcopal church, where an address was delivered by Rev. Mr. Romeyn. The main exhibition of articles of domestic manufacture, grain, fruits, vegetables, &c., was held in the Baptist church, where addresses were also delivered by Messrs. R. Van Dyke, P. Sylvester, Zadoc Pratt and A. Marks. Premiums were given for the best field crops: to Edward Johnson for the best acre of spring wheat, 28, 30-32 bushels; to George Budd for the best acre of corn, 113 bushels 19 pounds; to C. L. Kiersted for the best acre of rye, 38, 14-32 bushels; to William Salisbury for the best half acre of Mercer potatoes, producing 161 bushels, and the best quarter acre of sugar beets, producing 228 bushels; and to James Van Dusen for the best half acre of Rohan potatoes, 112 bushels. A committee appointed for the purpose then visited farms in different parts of the county, and examined them with a view to awarding a premium for the best managed. The committee was James Van Dusen, Theodore L. Provost and George Griffin jr. They visited and examined the farms of General William Salisbury, Catskill, 200 acres; Stephen Hotchkiss, Cairo, 88 acres; Richard Van Dyke, Cairo,

100 acres; C. L. Kiersted, Durham, 140 acres; Almeron Marks, Durham, and Peter Roggen, Oak Hill, 140 acres; Lewis Sherrill, Greenville, 170 acres; and Anthony Van Bergen, New Baltimore, 700 acres. The first premium was awarded to Anthony Van Bergen. The committee found cause for grave apprehensions on account of the prevalence of noxious weeds, "particularly the Canada thistle and white daisy." A plowing match was one of the interesting features of the exhibition. William Salisbury was president and George Wickes secretary.

Continuous records of the society from that time on are not to be found. In 1845, Zadoc Pratt was president, and A. Marks secretary; the fair was held at Greenville in 1846, and Levi H. Alden delivered the address. In 1848, Elias B. Austin was president, and Horatio L. Day secretary. Mr. Austin was re-elected, and A. Hill and I. B. Hinman were elected secretaries, in 1849. In 1852 a fair was held, and it was estimated that twelve hundred persons were present. S. Mosely Smith made the address. In accordance with the acts of Legislature passed in 1853 and 1855, the society was re-organized October 11th 1856. Under this new organization Lewis Sherrill was the first president, and Horatio L. Day the first secretary. In 1856 the board of supervisors gave the society the privilege of erecting a building and fixtures upon the county poor house farm to use for their annual fair, but they did not avail themselves of the offer. In 1857 Lewis Sherrill was president, and H. L. Day secretary, and the society had 140 members. The same officers were continued in 1858. The receipts of the fair in 1859 were \$1,004.35, and the amount expended in premiums \$954.12. Addison P. Jones was president and H. L. Day secretary for the years 1859 and 1860. In 1860, the receipts and expenditures were about the same as in 1859.

"For the purpose of encouraging the young ladies of the county in their efforts to acquire a graceful management of the horse," the society offered \$26 in four premiums for the best exhibition of female horsemanship. Ladies entering were to be accompanied by gentlemen, and the hour for the competition was fixed at 9 o'clock on the second day of the fair. In 1861 the fair was held as usual at Cairo, and the receipts were \$1,072.26, and the amount paid for premiums, &c., was \$920.74. At that time Rufus H. King was president and H. L. Day secretary. The same officers appear in 1862.

In a report made to the State Agricultural Society that year by Zadoc Pratt, concerning his dairy farm, we find the following interesting figures:—64 cows, "native breed," kept for eight months, produced 35,740 gallons milk, 14,274 pounds butter; the farm produced 9,318 pounds pork; value of sales from farm, \$4,323.69; expenses, including interest on investment, \$1,526.77, leaving a clear balance of \$2,796.92.

In 1863 the fair was pronounced a decided success—"better than heretofore." The president and secretary of the previous year were re-elected. In 1864 and 1865 Burton G. Morss was president and George W. Russ

secretary. In 1866 Albert Tuttle was president and George W. Russ secretary. H. P. Snyder was president in 1868, and the secretary was re-elected. Though diligent search has been made, no records from 1868 to 1870 have been found. The fair grounds, at present occupied at Cairo, were leased in 1870, and the first fair held upon them that year. The lease was from Seymour Adams, for a term of years, he to keep the grounds in order.

Since the latter year the presidents and secretaries have been respectively as follows:

1870 and 1871, Joshua Fiero jr., George W. Russ; 1872 and 1873, E. L. Dutcher, Levi K. Byington; 1874 and 1875, Edward Johnson, Levi K. Byington; 1876 and 1877, Frederick Becker, Levi K. Byington; 1878 and 1879, John H. Bagley, Levi K. Byington; 1880, F. A. Strong, A. B. Stevens; 1881, Albert Wilber, A. B. Stevens; 1882, Harmon Van Woert, A. B. Stevens; 1883, Harmon Van Woert, O. T. Schermerhorn.

GREENE COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

An "Act to incorporate medical societies for the purpose of regulating the practice of physic and surgery in this State," having been introduced into the Legislature of this State by Dr. John Ely, then representing this county in that body, the Greene County Medical Society was organized in accordance with its provisions on the first Tuesday of July 1806. This was the first county society organized in the State under the provisions of that act. Dr. John Ely was also one of the committee appointed upon it, and became the first president of the society. At the anniversary meeting, held at Athens, January 4th 1808, the following board of officers were elected for the year: Thomas O'H. Crosswell, of Catskill, president; Peter C. Adams, vice-president; William Cook, secretary; James Gale, treasurer; censors, John Ely, Amos Botsford, Amos Hamlin, L. W. Hart, James B. Root. John Ely was elected delegate to the Medical Society of the State. The record of the transactions of the society from 1831 to 1835 have been lost. At the latter date the society was reorganized, and since that time its records have been preserved. In 1855 the society had ten members. From 1855 to 1875 the society held only annual and semi-annual meetings. Later the meetings became more frequent, and in July 1876 new by-laws were adopted. From that time forward regular monthly meetings have been held. The old seal of the society was found among the rubbish of a garret by Dr. Charles E. Willard, to whose earnest labors in behalf of the society the preservation of its records is due, and to whose courtesy we are indebted for many of the facts embodied in this sketch. The society has upon its records the names of but two honorary members—Dr. Gouverneur M. Smith, of New York city, and Dr. Levi King, of Cairo, this county. The names of a few individuals of special prominence are entitled to special mention here. Dr. John Ely, of whom we have already spoken, was made an honorary member of the State Medical Society in 1808, and occupied many prominent

positions in that society, being frequently called upon to serve on important committees. Dr. Amos Hamlin was also a member of the State society. In 1813 he presented to that body a copy of the first by-laws of the Greene County Medical Society. He also read before the State society a topographical description of this county, and a history of the diseases of the same.

The following physicians became members of this society at the dates mentioned:

John Ely, 1806; Thomas O'H. Crosswell, Peter C. Adams, William Cook, James Gall, Amos Botsford, Amos Hamlin, Luther W. Hart and James B. Root, 1808; Gilbert Reynolds, 1821; Abram B. Spoor, 1822; James Blanchard and Abel Brace, 1824; Philip C. Bingham, Erastus Hamilton, Eli Pierce, William P. Shepard and Joseph Blanchard 1825; John T. Gifford and Henry Adams, 1826; Henry Talmadge, 1828; Philip Teats, Horatio Dewey, Levi King, Orange Benton, William Tellfare Gifford, Horatio W. Orcott, Casparus Brigham, Albert E. Leete, — Peters, Richard Sheponoes, Smith Miller, Samuel Kelley, — Phelps, Amos J. Hand, Robert D. Hamilton, Horace V. Brack, Walter L. Barker, Eder Barnum, Jeremiah C. Dorman, Thomas Benham, James W. Spoor, Cornelius K. Benham, Harvey Camp and Consider King, 1830; Gideon Botsford, 1832; John H. Wheeler and Zelotus Ford, 1833.

After the re-organization in 1855, the following became members:

Abel Brace, William Tellfare Gifford, — Tellfare, — Schermerhorn, Jonathan B. Cowles, C. V. Barnett, Peter J. Stanley, — Noble, Levi King, John H. Wheeler in 1855; Gideon Botsford, Alonzo G. Westervelt, George H. Noble, E. Hamilton in 1856; Andrew Burroughs, Bradley S. McCabe, C. H. Benham, Amos Botsford, Philip Teats, Jeremiah E. Dorman, John Doane, Horatio Dewey, Amos Hand, E. Barnum, Hervey Camp, Frederick S. Greene, Henry Collier in 1857; Charles S. Wood in 1858; Thomas Fitch in 1860; Willard H. Marsh, Elias Whittlesey, — Babcock in 1861; J. V. B. Van Dyke, A. H. Knapp, Van Vechten Elting, E. R. Mackey in 1862; Nelson Fanning sen., Thomas E. Montgomery, in 1864; Thomas H. Holgate, Nelson Fanning jr. in 1865; F. W. Priest, Cornell L. Humphrey in 1866; D. Sherwood Eckler in 1867; Walter B. Chase in 1868; William H. Mead in 1870; Silas W. Deane in 1871; J. B. Rowse in 1872; George Conklin, A. W. Van Slyck, Frank A. Wheeler and Charles H. Chubb in 1873; James A. Deane, Charles E. Willard in 1874; James A. Jewell, William P. McLaury, Abram McLaury, William B. Heustis, N. H. Griffin in 1875; William Stevens, Thomas H. Wight in 1876; Frank Baldwin in 1877; G. W. Van Tassel, Edwin L. Ford in 1878; Calvin H. Wetmore, Ambrose Beach in 1880; Henry J. Griffin, Samuel T. Searle, W. C. Roney in 1881; William O. Magilton, W. A. Wasson, H. M. Simmons, W. S. De Golia in 1882; C. P. McCabe in 1883.

The successive presidents of the society have been:

John Ely, July 1806 to January 4th 1808; Thomas O'H. Crosswell, January 4th 1808 to —; Amos Hamlin, May 1823 to May 1825; Luther W. Hart, to May 1829; Amos Botsford to May 1830; Eli Pierce, to January 1831.

After re-organization October 13th 1855:

Abel Brace, to May 24th 1856; Levi King, to July 4th 1857; John H. Wheeler, to July 12th 1859; Peter J. Stanley, to July 10th 1860; J. P. Cowles, to July 9th 1861; Gideon Botsford, to July 8th 1862; C. V. Barnett, to July 12th 1864; Philip Teats to July 11th 1865; George H. Noble, to July 10th 1866; Nelson Fanning sen., to July 14th 1863; E. Whittlesey, to July 13th 1869; F. S. Greene, to July 12th 1870; E. R. Mackey, to July 11th 1871; Bradley S. McCabe to July 9th 1872; F. S. Greene, to July 8th 1873; Walter B. Chase, to July 13th 1875; James H. Deane, to July 11th 1876; Charles H. Chubb, to May 8th 1877; Charles E. Willard, to May 14th 1878; George Conklin, to May 13th 1879; A. W. Van Slyke, to May 11th 1880; James Jewell, to May 10th 1881; William Stevens to May 9th 1882; B. S. McCabe, to present time.

The following list includes the physicians practising in the county, registered according to the act (to regulate the licensing of physicians and surgeons) of May 29th 1880, Chap. 513.

Following each name is his location and the date of his diploma:

Frank Baldwin, Oak Hill, February 14th 1877; Ambrose Beach, Cocksackie, March 1st, 1879; Cornelius K. Benham, Prattsville, February 24th 1824; Robert Boocock, Cocksackie, September 2d 1875; J. B. Cowles, Durham, March 8th 1821; George Conklin, Durham, December 26th 1871; A. V. D. Collier, Cocksackie, January 9th 1866; Stephen E. Calkins,

Athens, September 1859; James A. Deane, Catskill, March 1st 1865; George A. Deyoe, West Kill, December 23d 1869; Edwin L. Ford, Lexington, December 22d 1868; Nelson Fanning, Catskill, December 8th 1830; Nelson Fanning jr., Catskill, December 27th 1859; Thomas Fitch, Prattsville, March 20th 1844; N. H. Griffin, Cairo, March 1st 1875; Frederick S. Greene, Coxsackie, January 27th 1846; Andrew C. Getty, Athens, November 16th 1836; Henry J. Griffin, Cairo, March 5th 1880; William B. Huestis, Kiskatom, April 1875; George Ingraham, Durham, January 27th 1874; Brayton A. Johnson, Ashland, January 20th 1874; James Jewell, Catskill, November 20th 1844; Robert Liston, registered in Albany county; W. H. Mead, Windham, December 22d, 1868; E. R. Mackey, Catskill, November 22d 1845; Joel H. Mead, Hunter, May 28th 1863; B. S. McCabe, Greenville, January 22d 1850; W. P. McLaury, Catskill, March 1st 1875; W. O. Magilton, Catskill, June 15th 1880; Edwin Hart Meriam, Coxsackie, June 15th 1880; Charles Anson Munn, Prattsville, March 13th 1883; Charles P. McCabe, Greenville, March 7th 1883; George H. Noble, Cairo, January 27th 1852; George W. Nelson, Coxsackie, March 8th 1881; Jacob S. Phillip, Catskill, November 24th 1847; James B. Rouse, Catskill, December 23d, 1867; William C. Roney, New Baltimore, February 24th 1874; Peter J. Stanley, Windham, January 25th 1853; O. G. Selden, Catskill, February 26th 1867; William Stevens, Cairo, December 23d 1875; Robert Selden, Catskill, February 25th 1869; Edwards M. Smith, Catskill, May 16th 1882; Stanley Vincent, Catskill, March 12th 1879; A. W. Van Slyke, Coxsackie, December 21st 1869; John B. Van Dyck, Coxsackie, March 7th 1846; George W. Van Tassle, Freehold, February 3d 1878; Isaac J. Van Hoesen, N. Baltimore, September 5th 1861; Charles E. Willard, Catskill, November 10th 1868; Alonzo G. Westervelt, Catskill, January 22d 1850; C. H. Wetmore, Catskill, May 18th 1880; Thomas H. Wright, Prattsville, March 1st 1875; Charles H. Chubb, Palenville, March 8th 1856; F. A. Wheeler, Athens, January 31st 1828; Willard H. Marsh, West Kill, November 12th 1845; D. E. Collins, N. Baltimore, October 6th 1874; W. Albert Wasson, Greenville, February 20th 1872; George R. Westfall, Athens, March 1880; Samuel T. Searle jr., N. Baltimore, March 1st 1880; Edgar C. Hallenbeck, Coxsackie, March 10th 1880; Henry Van Denburgh, Coxsackie, March 10th 1881; W. S. De Golia, Athens, March 1st 1882.

In accordance with the requirements of the act to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of New York, passed June 20th 1879, the following dentists have registered:

F. M. Frayer, Prattsville; B. J. Hunt, Oak Hill; George E. Smith, Greenville; J. A. Holly, Greenville; David F. Wilcox, Catskill; Edwin P. Alden, Catskill; A. A. Mead, Coxsackie; Robert L. Ver Plank, Greenville; Chauncey Van Orden, Coxsackie; W. H. Marsh, West Kill; H. L. Whitbeck, Greenville; John F. Barber, Catskill; Albert H. Beach, Catskill; Henry A. Longendyke, Catskill; John B. Longendyke, Catskill; James J. Jackson, Coxsackie; Theodore Brinck, Athens; Alfred W. Doty, Windham; Numan F. Hill, Leeds.

GREENE COUNTY TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.

This was organized a short time prior to 1845. It had its day of prosperity at that time. Its annual meeting for that year was held at Cairo, January 1st, at which Lyman Tremain was the orator. Orrin Day was president of the society, and some of its prominent members were Francis N. Wilson, Dr. Wheeler, Isaac Titus, Alanson Pitts, Thomas Cornwall, Lyman Tremain, Danforth K. Olney, F. A. Fenn, Henry Hosford, William W. Edwards, Daniel Johnson, Levi King, Harvey Leet, Rev. P. Snyder, Dr. Robert Webber, William Schuneman, E. S. Fox, Almeron Marks, Leonard Yeomans, G. W. Sager, William Salisbury and E. B. Day. This society was in active operation in 1849, but it became extinct a few years later.

During the revival of the temperance question which swept over the land about 1845, and continued for a few years, Mr. J. P. Coffin, a lecturer in the employ of the American Temperance Union, delivered about fifty lectures in this county, going through every town and holding meetings in every village. Organizations of the Sons of Temperance were then effected, and various other orders were represented here, including the

Daughters of Temperance, Cadets of Temperance, Good Templars and Rechabites. In 1852 a convention on the Maine Law question was held at Cairo, October 13th, in which nine towns were represented. A long list of resolutions was passed, calling for political recognition of the question. A committee of one from each town was appointed to carry forward the sentiment of the convention, consisting of E. B. Day, from Catskill; G. W. Sager, from Athens; William V. B. Adams, from Coxsackie; Benjamin T. Powell, from New Baltimore; Robert Webber, from Greenville; William W. Edwards, from Hunter; William Pierson, from Cairo; Samuel Hall, from Jewett; Henry Hosford, from Lexington; Laban A. Hubbard; from Halcott; Dr. J. H. Stedman, from Ashland; John Olney, from Windham; E. B. Fenn, from Prattsville; and Charles W. Pierce, from Durham. There is no county temperance organization in existence here now, and but little attention is paid to the subject.

Sons of Temperance.—About the year 1870 the order of Sons of Temperance was represented in this county by the following divisions, the most of which have since become extinct. We give the name, number, location and number of members of each division, in their respective order.

Name.	No.	Location.	Members.
Catskill.....	56	Catskill.	63
Coxsackie.....	75	Coxsackie.	107
Rockwell.....	79	Athens.	70
Rescue.....	94	Cornwallsville.	30
Jewett.....	209	Jewett.	95
Leeds.....	219	Leeds.	43
Vista.....	232	New Baltimore.	73
Durham.....	302	Durham.	81
Beacon.....	311	Windham Center.	144
Mountain.....	369	Hunter.	41
Pleasant Vale.....	371	Ashland.	41
Golden Rule (Col'd).....	377	Catskill.	29
Africanus (Col'd).....	378	Coxsackie.	58
Oak Hill.....	426	Oak Hill.	78
Cairo.....	427	Cairo.	28
Excelsior.....	428	South Durham.	30
Good Prospect.....	431	Jacksonville.	31
Flora.....	436	Freehold.	—
Green Valley.....	451	Halcott Center.	30
Oasis.....	452	West Kill.	42
Lexington.....	453	Lexington.	—

THE BIBLE SOCIETY OF THE COUNTY OF GREENE.

This, in its day, was a flourishing institution. It antedates the organization of the American Bible Society, of which it is an auxiliary. The organization meeting was held at Cairo, August 8th 1815, and adjourned to Catskill September 27th. The founders and original members were Rev. David Porter, D.D., Rev. Peter S. Wynkoop, Thomas B. Cooke, Martin G. Schuneman, Nathan Elliot, Orrin Day, Henry McKinstry, Ezra Hawley, Erastus Beach, Lyman Hall and Elisha Wise, of Catskill; Rev. Gilbert R. Livingston, Abraham Hallinbeck and Derrick Spoor, of Coxsackie; Rev. Beriah Hotchkin, Levi Callender, Aaron Hall and Eliakim Reed, of Greenville; Rev. Richard Williams, Ashbel Stanley and Daniel Sayre, of Cairo; Ezra Post, of Durham; and Nathaniel Stimson, Samuel Baldwin, Cornelius Fuller and John White, of Windham. The objects of the society were the collection of funds and the purchase and circulation of copies of the Bible wherever they were needed. An annual meeting was to be held on the second Tuesday

in September of each year. The first officers of the society were Rev. Beriah Hotchkiss, president; Martin G. Schuneman, Thomas B. Cooke and Benjamin Chapman, vice-presidents; Elisha Wise, secretary; and Orrin Day, treasurer. In 1816 representations from the different Bible societies of the United States met in New York on the second Wednesday in May and organized the American Bible Society. Among the sixty founders of that society, from nine different States, appears the name of Orrin Day, the delegate from this society, who had been elected to that mission by a special meeting of the society held at Cairo March 12th. In 1825 the children and youth of this region made collections of sufficient funds (\$150 being required) to make, through the medium of the society, General La Fayette a life director of the American Bible Society. Orrin Day was the first treasurer, and continued in that office for fifteen years, when his son, S. Sherwood Day, was chosen to that position, and held it thirty-two years, and George H. Penfield, his successor, still holds the office, having held it twenty years. During the years of its vigorous existence the society often raised as high as one thousand dollars annually. Rev. David Porter held the office of president from 1819 to 1835, and Samuel L. Penfield was secretary from 1816 to 1845. Its mission being measurably filled, the society has for several years been on the decline.

THE GREENE COUNTY SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

This organization has done a good work in promoting and keeping alive the interest of and in Sunday-school work for the last quarter of a century. It was organized twenty-five years ago, and holds a convention annually. The convention for 1883 was held at Coxsackie October 2d and 3d. The present officers are E. L. Boing, president; J. G. Borthwick, secretary; and Jeremiah Day, treasurer.

CHAPTER XVIII.

PROMISCUOUS ITEMS.

THE POPULATION of the towns of this county at different periods have been as shown in the following table:

TOWNS.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.	1850.	1855.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.
Ashland.....					1290	1139	1212	1080	902	935	899
Athens.....		2030	2425	2503	2986	2870	2791	2978	2942	3467	3065
Cairo.....	2035	2353	2912	2812	2831	2557	2479	2341	2283	2318	2287
Catskill.....	4245	3510	4861	3458	5454	5710	6275	6679	7677	7985	8311
Coxsackie.....	4047	2353	3373	3799	3741	3682	3661	3561	3829	3991	4009
Durham.....	2944	2980	3039	2613	2600	2540	2558	2412	2257	2209	2173
Greenville.....	2304	2374	2565	2261	2242	2173	2268	2246	2084	2031	2043
Halcott.....						474	504	436	426	391	396
Hunter.....		1025	1960	2433	1849	1594	1698	1641	1524	1564	1882
Jewett.....					1452	1129	1145	1110	1105	1114	1075
Lexington.....		1798	2548	2902	2263	1595	1657	1520	1371	1314	1356
N. Baltimore..		2036	2370	2347	2381	2402	2512	2629	2617	2664	2620
Prattsville.....				2069	1989	1588	1511	1484	1240	1121	1118
Windham.....	3961	2536	3472	2670	2048	1684	1650	1591	1485	1488	1461
Total.....	19536	22995	29525	31957	33126	31137	31930	31710	31832	32502	32695

The following figures show the population of the county at different dates:—1800, 13,047; 1810, 19,536; 1814, 20,210; 1820, 22,995; 1825, 26,229; 1830, 29,525; 1835, 30,173; 1840, 30,446; 1845, 31,957; 1850, 33,126; 1855, 31,137; 1860, 31,930; 1865, 31,710; 1870, 31,832; 1875, 32,592; 1880, 32,695.

A comparative view of the population may be seen by noticing in several relations, the percentages in the county and State. The increase of population in the county from 1870 to '75 was 2.39 per cent., while that in the State was 7.21 per cent.; the increase of foreign population was, in the county, 2.37 per cent.; in the State 5.03 per cent.; the percentage of increase of white population was, in the county 2.23; in the State 7.22; increase of colored population, in the county 10.02; in the State 6.80. In the matter of nativity, Greene county shows a large percentage of inhabitants born in the county, it being 69.43 per cent., while the like average throughout the State was only 53.33 per cent. The foreign born population of this county is only 7.81 per cent. of its inhabitants, while that of the State is 25.45.

PREVAILING DISEASES.

The prevailing diseases of the county may be shown by the diseases causing death, as reported by the census of 1875, for the year ending June 1st, as follows:—Unknown causes, 22; scarlet fever, 33; enteric fever, 18; diphtheria, 25; consumption, 64; dropsy, 15; paralysis, 18; pneumonia, 37; old age, 29; total number of deaths, 439; of these, 22 were from unknown causes; 194 from general diseases; 55 from diseases of the nervous system; 23 from diseases of the circulatory system; 52 from diseases of the respiratory system; 33 from diseases of digestive organs; 5 from diseases of the urinary and generative organs, and 55 from causes nearly all of which were not necessarily either general or local in their association.

COUNTY BUILDINGS.

Previous to the erection of a court house, courts were held in an academy building at Catskill, and criminals were confined in the Albany county jail. The academy and its site was purchased May 26th 1801 by the county, of Stephen Day, Ira Day, George and Thomas Hale and John V. D. S. Scott for "100 cents good and lawful money." In January 1803, the Court of Common Pleas directed the sheriff to take possession of the building and grounds. March 4th 1803, the Legislature authorized the supervisors of this county to levy and raise \$1,000 with which to complete the jail which had been begun. By a similar act of March 27th 1804, they were authorized to raise another sum of \$1,000 for the same purpose. This jail is of stone. A wooden building for a court house, was erected in 1812, which was burned, and a new edifice of brick was afterward erected in its place. An enlargement of the lot was made by the purchase of land 33x33 feet in the rear, of John Brestead, December 13th 1862.

County Poor House.—October 1825 the board of supervisors appointed a committee to select a site for a county poor house. In pursuance of their report a committee was appointed February 16th 1826, with power to purchase a farm and erect buildings. They did so, and under an act of Legislature, which had been passed January 13th, the supervisors were allowed to raise \$5,000 to build the house. The farm was located in Cairo, and consisted of 10¾ acres. This farm was sold by the county to Hiram Stewart, December 27th 1839, and a new tract was purchased in the same town. The annual value of crops from it were reported in 1860 at \$900. The poor house was a wooden building, in three departments, respectively 30 x 40, 20 x 120, and 20 x 120 feet. They were valued at \$5,000. A new building is now in course of erection, having been begun in the summer of 1883.

WILD ANIMALS.

An act of Legislature passed April 3d 1790, gave a bounty of £3 sterling for every grown wolf or panther killed in this county, and half that sum for every like animal under one year of age. The law required that the head of the animal, with the entire skin thereon, should be taken before any justice of the peace or supervisor and, upon the affidavit of the person producing it, that it was killed within the county, that officer should issue a certificate, which, being presented to the supervisors, would be allowed as a county charge. This bounty was afterward increased, and the price changed at different times during the first thirty years of the existence of Greene county. During most of this time the bounty was \$20 for grown animals and \$10 for cubs. From 1800 to 1820 the county paid bounties on 96 wolves and 5 panthers.

SLAVERY.

In 1810 the following persons held slaves; the number owned by each being placed after the owner's name.

Coxsackie.—Jacob Cornwell 3, Elisha Powell 1, John Mumptier 2, Thomas Hoghtaling 6, Peter Wolf 1, Leonard Conine 5, Baltus Van Slyck 4, Barent Hoghtaling 2, Richard Shaw 1, Benjamin Gilliry 1, Ephraim Bronk 4, Robert Titus 1, Anthony Redwicks 4, Eytje Brogden 2, Thomas Gay 1, Matthias Vandenberg 2, Hezekiah Schoonmaker 2, John R. Vandenberg 3, Peter Van Bergen 2, Ebenezer Barker 1, Edward Wells 1, Abraham Hallenbeck 3, Leonard Bronk 11, Casper M. Hallenbake 2, Susan Goss 1, Leonard Whitbeck 2, Henry Lichten 2, Peter Hoghtaling 5, Anthony Van Bergen 3, Peter C. Bronk 2, John Gay 1, Henry C. Hoghtaling 4, Garret Hoghtaling 1, Chancy Ensign 2, Storm Vandersell 4, Eder Clapp 2, Elizabeth Cuyler 3, John Cuyler 2, Hendrick Hoghtaling 1, John Camel 2, Benjamin Van Orden 1, Peter C. Adams, Hary Van Bergen, Dorrance Kirtland 1, Luman Read 1, Benjamin Moore 4, Jonas Bronk 4, Abraham Van Dyck 1, John I. Hollenbake 2, Albert Van Loan 4, Martin Hollenbake 1, Nicholas Van Loan 4, John Hollenbake 1, Casper Collins 1, Aaron

Van Scheick 1, Thomas Van Wort 2, Teunis Witbeck, David Sherman 2, John F. Tolly 1, John Casper Hollenbeck 2, Thomas Stebbins 4, Jacob Van Loan 2, Isaac Hallenbake 2, Jehoiakim Hollenbake 1.

Windham.—Robert Van Deusen 1, John Van Loon 3, Asahel Disbrow 1, Thomas Bonnum 1, Harman Garlick 2, Thomas Becker 1, Lawrence Mickle 1.

Greenville.—Garret Becker 2, Benjamin Decker 1, Augustus Prevost 10, Benjamin Reynolds 1, Harvey Lusk 1, Robert Limon 1, Clark Squire 1.

Cairo.—William Salisbury 1, Wessel Salisbury 3, Albert Salisbury 1, Jacob Acre 3, Peter Rowse 1, Evan R. Runyon 1, James Gale 1.

Durham.—Lake Dewitt 4, Allen Smith 1, Francis Wilcox 1, Elkanah Percival 1, Augustus Shoe 1, Jacob Ruggen 1, Lemuel Hotchkiss 1, Samuel Wells 1, John Plank 1, James Dewitt 1.

Catskill.—Henry Van Gorden 1, Ira Day 1, Peter Dubois 1, James Bogardus 1, Thomas B. Cooke 1, Henry McKinstry 1, John Blanchard 2, Samuel Magee 1, John Dubois 1, Henry V. Demaiers 2, William Schuneman 2, Jacob Gotchers 3, Samuel Van Vechten 6, Jonathan Kyes 1, Martin G. Schuneman 6, John Veeder 1, William Van Bergen 1, John Schuneman 2, Francis Salisbury 1, Stephen Root 2, Merchant Lawrence 1, Lyman Hall 1, Peter Ousterhout 1, John V. D. S. Scott 2, Jacob Dunham 1, James Collier 1, Orrin Day 1, Joseph Klein jr. 1, Samuel Haight 1, Jacob Bogardus 2, Philip Gephard 1, John I. Van Hoesen 3, Jacob Van Hoesen 4, John Rouse 1, Emma Day 1, Harmanus Veeder 2, Jacob Newkirk 1, Wilhelmus Brandow 1, Waldron Dumond 2, Abraham Salisbury 3, Cornelius Myer 1, David Abeel 8, Thomas Wait 1, Thomas E. Gardiner 1, Zachariah Dedrick 1, Jacob Ten Broeck 10, John Bogardus 1, Nicholas Danah 1, Frederick Smith 3, Peter Dewitt 1, Henry Dewitt 4, William Wynkoop 1, John A. Overbagh 2, John Conine 2, Matthias Van Loan 3, William Byrne 2, Thomas Lawrence 4, Nicholas I. Van Loan 2, John T. Netterville 1, Abraham Van Buskirk 1, Peter Eckler 2, Peter Van Gelder 1, James Person 1, William Van Orden 1, Michael Philips 2, Frederick Tremper 5, Henry Burhans 4, John Van Orden 1, Adam Burgot 1, Joseph Groom 1, John Van Hoesen 2, William Fraser 1, Patrick Hamilton 1, Isaac Northrop 1, Isaac Van Wort 2, Samuel Brooks 1, John A. Thompson 1.

CHAPTER XIX.

RECORD OF THE CIVIL WAR.

WHEN the war clouds of 1861 began to darken the political horizon, the patriotic blood of Greene county was fired to take a part in the contest. In the latter part of May, Company A, of the old 20th regiment of militia, and the Catskill Engineer Corps, took up their line of march to join the regiment at Kingston, and thence in the early part of June, to the seat of war. The regiment was under command of

Colonel George W. Pratt of this county. In the emergency of the hour, party differences were forgotten, and all joined in expressions of patriotic devotion. Enthusiastic war-meetings were held, liberty-poles were raised, and the stars and stripes floated on the air from conspicuous places in every village and hamlet. As the echoes of the boom of war floated over the land, the sons of Greene, shoulder to shoulder with those of her sister counties, stood ready to march to the front of the battle.

During the summer of 1861, enlistments were numerous, and the prospect seemed to promise more men from Greene than her quota required. The county seat was alive with volunteers, some enlisting there and others passing through on their way to join regiments recruiting at other places. In December of that year, the supervisors at their meeting resolved to petition the Legislature to provide for the collection of its quota of the war tax of \$20,000,000 which Congress had levied on the country, through the regular channel of tax collections.

In April 1862, recruits had poured in so rapidly that the department closed its doors against further enlistment. In July, however, a call for 300,000 men was made, and enlistments again flowed in. Meetings were held in the different towns to provide for the filling of the quota, and to encourage enlistments by stimulating speeches and the offers of reward. Committees were appointed and money was raised by voluntary subscriptions for the payment of bounties.

Drafting now began to be talked of as one of the possibilities in case the quota was not filled with volunteers. A recruiting office was opened in the store which had been occupied by D. J. Ely, in Catskill. The interior towns were specially active, and Windham, Durham, Hunter, Greenville and Coxsackie did themselves honor in the readiness with which they responded. To quiet any apprehensions of a draft, Lucius Robinson, then controller, wrote to the *Windham Journal*:

"We do not think that any draft will be made for the purpose of raising our proportion of the 300,000. * * *

"I am highly gratified by the patriotic spirit shown by old Windham, and I am proud to claim it as my native town. * * * The news is very encouraging from most parts of the State. I am paying out upwards of \$10,000 per day in bounties, and the amount is rapidly increasing."

The recruiting officers for the county were:—Messrs. Greene and Hollister in Coxsackie; Barker in Greenville; Pierson in Cairo; Everett in Durham; Stimpson in Windham; Overbaugh, Oakley, Thomas and Barber in Catskill; and Grinnell in Prattsville. As recruiting progressed, the voice of those who opposed the prosecution of the war was heard in tones of discouragement, and the war department issued orders for the arrest of persons guilty of that offense. The 5th New York heavy artillery, then doing garrison duty at Fort Marshall, Maryland, was strengthened by recruits from this county. By the 21st of August, the first senatorial regiment which had been raised under the call of July, was full. This regiment was the 120th New York infantry, also known as the Washington Guard. Greene

county furnished companies D, K, and F. The recruiting of another regiment in this senatorial district was now provided for. The regiment was to be called The Mountain Legion, numbered as the 156th New York infantry and organized under the command of Colonel Erastus Cooke, of Kingston. A second call for 300,000 men had now been made and efforts were put forth by the different towns, offering small bounties to encourage enlistments. Catskill offered a bounty of \$50, and Coxsackie and Athens offered local bounties of \$100 for each volunteer.

An enrollment was made in September preparatory to a draft, but the draft was postponed from one date to another until the quota was filled without its being carried into effect.

During the autumn of 1862, when a draft was talked of, examining surgeons were appointed to examine applicants and to decide as to who were exempt from military duty on account of physical disabilities. Drs. E. L. Ingersoll and Abel Brace were charged with that duty, and their reports show that there were 1,828 applications to them for certificates of exemption from military duty. In 1,482 cases such certificates were granted, and in the remaining number they were refused. Of those granted the causes upon which they were founded were lumbar abscess 1, asthma 41, bronchial affection 76, chronic diarrhœa 10, rheumatism 18, defective vision 62, defective speech 4, deafness 37, disease of bowels 9, disease of liver 102, disease of heart 107, epilepsy 9, fistula in ano 5, goitre 3, gravel 3, hemorrhoids 95, hernia 236, necrosis 9, pulmonary disease 153, renal disease 69, spinal disease 43, tumor 8, urinary calculi 8, unfitness for service 280, varicose veins 37, varicocele 60. They were from Ashland 42, Athens 120, Catskill 435, Cairo 106, Coxsackie 120, Durham 170, Greenville 91, Halcott 9, Hunter 60, Jewett 41, Lexington 23, New Baltimore 102, Prattsville 73, Windham 90.

The ladies, meanwhile, with true womanly instinct, had taken earnest hold of the work of preparing materials for the relief of the suffering soldiers. Refreshments, blankets, articles of clothing and knick-knacks were provided and forwarded through the different channels to the seat of war. Up to the beginning of 1863 they had sent for the comfort and relief of the men in hospitals and in the field long lists of articles which we cannot here enumerate. They had frequent meetings where, with willing hearts and nimble fingers, they prepared these various articles; they canvassed the villages and neighborhoods for money or materials, whichever the people could most conveniently give; and they held festivals and concerts to raise money to buy for the purpose what could not be otherwise obtained. Their work sent joy to the hearts of hundreds of those who received their gifts. They were making for themselves a noble record, and one which it affords the historian pleasure to place upon these pages, where the eye of coming generations may see the beauty of their example. It was not prompted by any sordid ambition; it was to be rewarded by no measure of worldly gain or glory.

We know not even the names of those who participated in it, but the work of those noble-hearted women is delightful to contemplate, as one of the bright chapters of that dark period of war.

In May 1863 the Legislature passed a bill offering a bounty of \$75 for enlistments of three-years men. An enrollment was made under the new conscription act, and a draft was talked of. In July the terrible draft riots occurred in New York. But the draft in this district was quietly consummated. It took place at Kingston, beginning on Monday, September 7th. Including the excess of 50 per cent., which was drawn for contingencies, the numbers drawn from the towns of this county were: Ashland, 28; Athens, 94; Cairo, 59; Coxsackie, 101; Catskill, 232; Durham, 77; Greenville, 71; Hunter, 42; Halcott, 17; Jewett, 21; Lexington, 38; New Baltimore, 68; Prattsville, 32; Windham, 43.

February 19th 1864, the board of supervisors, after several days deliberation, decided to raise \$280,000 by issuing the bonds of the county, under the authority of Chapter 8 of the Laws of 1864. This sum was to be used in paying bounties and furnishing aid for the families of volunteers in the military or naval service of the United States. A bounty of \$325 was offered for every volunteer, and a premium of \$25 for procuring a recruit. The following special recruiting officers were appointed: Albert Tuttle, Ashland; David Whiting, Athens; Edgar Russell, J. Atwater Cooke and J. H. Bagley jr., Catskill; George Houghtaling, Coxsackie; M. B. Mattice, Durham; J. T. Moseman, Halcott; N. H. Gray, Hunter; H. A. Towner, Jewett; Isaac Kipp, Lexington; Edgar Halstead, New Baltimore; Zadoc Pratt, Prattsville; James Laughran, Windham; B. S. McCabe, Greenville; and E. L. Dutcher, Cairo.

About this time the 80th N. Y. infantry (20th militia), having served its time, returned to Kingston, three hundred and fifty strong, where it was enthusiastically received by the people. A call for 500,000 men had been made February 1st; the ranks of the regiment were refilled with recruits under this call; and the regiment returned to the field with nearly 800 men. The board of supervisors, March 1st, called for an additional sum of \$100,000, to be raised on the bonds of the county. Volunteers were now wanted, for which the county and local bounties offered were \$345. To provide for the quota under the call of March 14th for 200,000 men, the supervisors met March 22nd, and on the following day resolved to bond the county to the amount of \$110,000 for this purpose. At this time bonds to the amount of \$150,000, ordered by the resolutions of February 19th, had been sold, and the supervisors directed the further sale of those bonds to cease.

A draft was ordered in the latter part of May, but Greene county had filled its quota under all calls.

Under the call of July 18th for 500,000 men the different towns held meetings to raise money to pay bounties. The matter, however, was left to the supervisors, who met August 15th to provide for the quotas which were then due for the different towns, as follows:

Ashland, 22; Athens, 72; Cairo, 67; Catskill, 204; Coxsackie, 89; Durham, 67; Greenville, 67; Lexington, 35; Hunter, 35; Jewett, 25; Prattsville, 27; Windham, 41; New Baltimore, 73; Halcott, 12. August 16th the board resolved to pay \$350 bounty and \$50 each for procuring volunteers. At this time the bonds of the county had been sold to the amount of \$260,000. Some difficulty appears now to have been met in raising the necessary funds, and still further difficulty in procuring volunteers. The supervisors resolved to issue bonds of the county to the amount of \$300,000. The board met again September 13th, and were in session several days, considering plans for meeting the demands of the hour. The leading citizens were invited to confer with them and to suggest possible plans. It was finally decided to offer a bounty of \$800 to be paid part in cash and part in county bonds; and, an additional premium of \$50 for procuring volunteers. The draft at this time followed on the 19th. A. P. Jones, B. S. McCabe and B. B. Osborn were appointed a committee to secure volunteers, and execute the plan. The board met again on the 21st, and passed a resolution that \$700,000 be raised on the credit of the county for war purposes, \$300,000 by immediate tax and \$400,000 by bonds to run ten years. From that time to the 13th of October the board was frequently in session. Owing to the obscurity in which the record of their proceeding is wrapped, we cannot tell the steps by which they reached the consummation of the business which was announced by the chair on the day last mentioned, to the effect that the quota of Greene county under the last call was filled.

The county treasurer's report, November 23rd 1864, shows that the sum of \$822,502.82 had been received for the volunteer fund, from which \$713,201.98 had been paid to 1,264 volunteers or substitutes.

Another call was made for 300,000 men in December. The supervisors met December 27th to provide for it. The board on the following day prepared a petition to the Legislature, asking that body to pass a law making a uniform rate of bounties to be paid by the State. The petition was not successful, and the supervisors met again on the 25th of January and voted to raise \$500,000 for war purposes. A committee was appointed to attend to procuring volunteers, and invested with power to contract with any party who could give proper security for furnishing volunteers to fill the quota, and to pay what they should consider necessary, not to exceed \$750 each, for men to serve three years; \$540 for two years; and \$325 for one year. After advertising for proposals until January 31st, the contract was given to Messrs. J. A. Meech, A. P. Jones, and J. A. Cooke, to furnish 650 three-year men for \$750 each.

A draft took place at Kingston, March 22d 1865, at which there were drawn from Ashland, 20; Athens, 34; Cairo, 28; Catskill, 68; Coxsackie, 28; Durham, 26; Greenville, 10; Hunter, 14; Lexington, 22; Jewett, 12; Prattsville, 8; Windham, 16; New Baltimore, 36; Halcott, 4. These men not being needed were not called upon to report, the quota having been filled with volunteers.

The accounts of the marshal of the thirteenth New York district, composed of Ulster and Greene counties, show the following summary concerning the drafts. The enrollment commenced May 27th 1863, and was completed July 1st following. The whole number enrolled was 19,097. Of the 10,468 men drawn 140 were held to service; 1,631 furnished substitutes; 551 paid the commutation; 1,783 were exempt for physical disability; 1,602 were exempt for other causes; 1,337 were discharged on account of the quota being full; and 3,424 failed to appear. The first deserter was arrested May 18th 1863. The whole number of arrests for desertion was 352. The grand general result shows:

Drafted men held to personal service.....	140
Drafted men who paid commutation.....	551
Substitutes for drafted men, enlisted here.....	923
Substitutes for enrolled men, enlisted here.....	299
Volunteers enlisted and mustered here.....	2,277

4,190

Letters from or concerning the representatives of this county in the field were read with eagerness at that time. Some extracts from a few of them will be of interest here, for in them we may catch glimpses of the movements of the soldiers and the hard experiences with which they met. We have room for only a few such extracts.

The first one is from Milton J. Howard, of Cairo.

"VICINITY OF PITTSBURGH LANDING, April 26th 1862."

"Dear Brother:—After some considerable delay I proceed to answer your long and interesting letter. But first I must apologize for sending this letter without paying the postage. The fact is postage stamps are not now to be had in this wooden country, only as we receive them from our friends in the country we've left behind. No doubt, before this you have heard of the battle of Pittsburgh Landing, and have had better and more detailed accounts of it than I can possibly give. I do not intend to give an account of the whole fight, only such parts of it as came under my own immediate observation. When the fight commenced on Sunday, the division to which we belonged was at Crump's Landing, four miles below here. I was on picket guard at the time, and I could plainly hear the roar of the musketry and the heavier booming of the artillery. About 9 o'clock Major-General Wallace, who is in command of this division, received orders to move forward his forces immediately. We started at 10 o'clock, but by some mistake we got on the wrong road, and had to retrace our steps for some distance, consequently it was nearly dark when we reached the vicinity of the scene of action. We immediately formed in order of battle, and in this way proceeded through a low, swampy piece of ground, heavily timbered, but no enemy did we find here. Soon we reached the line of encampments of our forces; by that time the firing from both sides had ceased, except from the gunboat; this, at intervals of about 15 minutes, would send a 6½ pound shell plump into the ranks of the rebels, causing great havoc. That night we remained in line, and slept upon the cold, damp ground. Many of the men were without blankets, having left them at Crump's Landing. For myself before leaving Paducah I provided a good rubber blanket, which I have found to be a very necessary thing. To add to our disagreeable situation, about midnight it commenced raining, and rained from that until morning. In the morning, as soon as it was light, the battle commenced by the opening of our battery on the enemy's left wing. During the night the enemy lay on one hill, while about 80 rods from them, on another, with a ravine intervening, lay ourselves. The battery soon silenced one of their guns, and then we charged across the ravine and up the opposite hill, and forced them to quit their position. The 8th Mo. was in the advance. The enemy then took up another position to the right and rear of their first position, in a swampy piece of ground, heavily timbered. Here they made a long and most desperate stand. Backward and forward the tide of battle surged, first one side giving way and then the other. One side would give way perhaps 50 feet, and then we in turn would drive the rebels back 50 yards, until finally they were driven from the field and entirely routed. Once some of their cavalry, called the Texan Rangers, made a charge upon one of our batteries, intending, no doubt, to capture it; but in this they were foiled. We lay in a little low hollow and in front of the battery, hid from the enemy, while the battery fired

over us. On they came, yelling like so many savages, and no doubt thinking they were going to have things all their own way. But we soon changed their tune by emptying some 18 or 20 of their saddles, and sending the rest back in confusion and disorder. The enemy were driven from the field at about 4 o'clock P.M. Up to that time, from early light in the morning, there had been one constant and steady roar of artillery and musketry. At times it was almost deafening. As we followed the retreating rebels through the camps of the different regiments which had been forced to quit them on Sunday, we wondered why they had not destroyed more of their property than they had done. But the prisoners told us next day that Beauregard had ordered them not to destroy one of the tents, for said he 'they are all ours, and we shall need them all.' True enough they were theirs on Sunday, but on Monday they were ours again, and it is my opinion that had it not been for the cowardice of some of the troops on Sunday, the rebels would not have had the privilege of ransacking our tents. The regiments that ran were mostly Ohio regiments, and belonged to Sherman's division.

* * * * *
 "The night after the battle and several succeeding ones, we slept in the open air with no covering over us but our blankets and the canopy of heaven. Since then we have received our tents again, and have moved about a half mile further out in the advance. Our general is determined that we shall not be surprised as they were on Sunday, so every morning at 4 o'clock we have to form in line of battle, and so remain till after daylight."

The following is from one of the 95th Warren Rifles, New York volunteers, at Brook's Station, Virginia, June 23d 1862:

"Our regiment moved from Washington over two months since, and we had the honor of being the first to land at Acquia Creek since the Rebellion broke out. It will be remembered that Acquia Creek was the foulest nest of rebels that could be found on the Potomac. It was generally conceded when we landed that our boys would have an opportunity of smelling a little secession powder. As a matter of course every man was ready, as we all were anxious to get a few of what might be called genuine specimens of live secessionists, and see if they differed much from northern sympathizers. Our regiment came down the Potomac on two steamers, the Emperor and the Catskill, the latter boat the identical old steamer that is well known to the traveling community of Greene and Delaware counties. As the steamers neared the wharf a body of rebel cavalry were discovered on the brow of a hill; they appeared to be watching our movements. After a short delay in landing, part of the regiment marched up towards the spot where the rebel cavalry were first discovered, but on our approach they 'skedaddled' as usual. Our regiment is now stationed on the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad, about six miles from the latter place; we are guarding bridges, building forts, &c. Brook's Station is a small place named after a southern major; there are but few inhabitants, as most of them have fled further south. Our boys have pitched their tents in a beautiful oak grove, making it a very comfortable spot. Our officers occupy an old-fashioned mansion formerly occupied and owned by this Major Brooks. The old mansion and a large old store and tavern, one stone grist-mill, a small building used as a railroad depot, together with a large number of small huts for the slaves and the remnants of an old deserted rebel camp, constitute Brook's Station. The country about here is very romantic. A few days since I visited a small settlement about 2½ miles from our camp, known as Stafford Court House. Here there are three or four small houses, a blacksmith shop in the house, and a court house. I entered the latter, no trouble to get in, as the 'skedaddlers,' when they departed, not only left all the doors open, but tumbled the books and papers about in all sorts of shapes. Old documents lay on the floor about a foot thick."

Mr. D. B. Dunham wrote from before Richmond under date of June 16th 1862:

"You ask me how Captain Shaffer behaved at Hanover Court House. He was just as cool and brave as any man in the regiment; he was always at the head of his company, encouraging the boys. There was not a man that flinched, and every one in our company faced the music like men. The slaughter was awful, the dead and wounded of both sides lying in heaps, our men and the rebels in some places side by side. You could hear the groans of the wounded above the roar of the cannon and musketry; and, what made it very bad for us, we had nothing to eat but some hard crackers, but we are living better now. We also draw two rations of whiskey per day, which suits the boys pretty well."

From the 44th (Ellsworth regiment) T. D. Weed wrote, May 28th, from near Hanover Court House, where Morrill's division, in executing an order to take possession of the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad, had engaged the enemy:

"When our regiment came up General Martindale halted us and ordered Colonel Stryker to take eight companies directly back into the woods, out of which we just came, while one company was deployed to skirmish through on our right. The reason of this was, there had been an occasional shot from the enemy from that direction; but no sooner had our men entered the woods than, from about fifty yards distant, a body of rebels fired on us. Colonel Stryker immediately ordered the men to return the fire, and then very fortunately doubled-quickened us back into the open field, for no sooner was this done than a full rebel regiment, which we afterward learned to be the 17th North Carolina, appeared in the open field on our left. This field is probably about forty rods in width, with thick woods on either side, and extending back as far as we could see. Along the woods to our front, and the left of the road, was a trench dug and some earth thrown up, behind which the army might be tolerably secure from the fire of musketry. This fact we were not aware of at the time. The enemy marched in a beautiful line of battle to the front, displaying their brilliant rebel colors, with express orders from their rebel General Branch to charge on our battery, which was supported at the time by the 25th New York. But with all this show of gallantry, approaching to within three hundred yards, they discovered for the first time the 44th; they halted, fired a volley at us, and then ran back in disorder, hardly giving our men time to return the fire. But in three minutes more the 28th North Carolina marched down in the same way to within five hundred yards from the road, where they continued firing to the last. By this time the 44th had formed in a line near the center of the field; the 2d Maine was in line near the woods, on the right; and the 25th New York in the center, which had already suffered much loss in killed, wounded and missing, during the fight an hour previous, so that we had not more than 2,000 men to resist, for over an hour's time, six full rebel regiments, as acknowledged to me by the prisoners we afterward took, among whom was a rebel captain. Immediately after the first fire of the 28th North Carolina, a sudden and unexpected volley was poured in upon us from all along the edge of the woods to our right. In a few minutes the 25th, having lost nearly all of their officers in killed and wounded, fell back into a ravine below the road, and, indeed, this sudden fire from so large a force made all our men stagger for a moment, as well it might; but to our own surprise, the men rallied, and there, exposed to a cross-fire, the 44th stood undaunted, nearly every man determined on victory or death. * * *

"You can imagine how, after more than two hours' fighting, our anxious hearts were relieved on seeing the 14th New York coming in on double-quick and engaging the enemy in good earnest. The scale now turned, and the rebels, whom we had momentarily expected to see charge upon our little number, gave way in all directions and finally fled in the greatest confusion, with our troops fast upon their heels.

"Incidents.—To Lieutenant Colonel Rice, for his cool judgment and his noble daring, a large share of the credit of this battle is due. He displayed the greatest intrepidity throughout the action and our men all speak to-day in the highest terms, of his bravery. Major Chapin and Adjutant Knox also stood fearlessly in their places, nobly discharging every duty and exciting admiration by their brave conduct. Captain A. W. Shaffer, Company I, is also entitled to high praise for the bravery he displayed, almost losing sight of his rank, in the eagerness with which he pursued the fight, and cheering his men on by words of encouragement and the most inspiring example. He will be remembered among his Catskill friends as no coward, but as having done a good service. The Catskill boys also deserve a great deal of credit for their manly bearing.

"Many privates, after being wounded, were seen loading and firing their guns, and some in their dying agonies were heard to say, 'Give it to them boys, don't you yield.' John J. Robison, Company F, when asked by the chaplain, in his expiring moments, if he wished to leave a single word to his friends, replied, 'Tell them that I stood my ground, and never yielded an inch till I fell.' Corporal Chandler, Company F, received the fourth wound before he gave up, after which Colonel Rice proposed helping him off, but he answered, 'No, don't worry about me, you are needed here to encourage the men.' The poor fellow died of his wounds. James Young, Company F, had already received a fatal wound, when the colors were struck down by the enemy's shot. He took them up, and waving them around he said, 'Here, boys, is the old flag yet—give it to them.' He only had time to plant it in the ground, when he was struck with another bullet and killed. Had I time, I could refer to a number of like instances. These few I mention to demonstrate the general spirit of our men during that bloody strife. But I will not forget to give all the honor of our victory to the Supreme Ruler of the universe, who decides the issues of all battles. I had forgotten to say that our colors bear the honor of 48 bullet holes, which, by the way, we shall be happy to preserve and exhibit to Honorable E. Corning on our final return to Albany."

The following is from Sergeant A. W. Thomas of the 120th regiment, written at the camp on the east side of the Rapidan, May 4th 1863, Monday:

"Thank God, I am still counted as one among the living, after having passed through a most hard fought battle, which commenced, as far as our brigade was concerned, on Saturday afternoon, and raged with great violence until after dark last night. The destruction of life was fearful. I cannot form much of an idea what our army lost, but it was great, and the rebels' also. Our regiment was on the front line of battle, close to the enemy, in the woods; and on Saturday night the rebels undertook to break through our lines, but they were driven back. On Sunday morning, at daylight, they came down on us with their whole force, with the intention of out-flanking us, but in this they failed, yet they broke through our first line of battle, when we fell back on the second; and when they came up we poured in a heavy fire upon them."

Captain Calvin Shaffer of Company F, 15th New York artillery, wrote from camp before Richmond June 20th 1864:

"Our advance from camp, near Brandy Station, was commenced on the 3d of May, when we received orders to move at 3 P. M., immediately packed up, broke camp and moved a little south of the station, where we halted for the night, and where we expected to have exchanged our Remingtons for the Springfield, but they had not arrived, and we could not wait, and left again in the early morning, just at 'peep o' day,' reached and crossed the Rapidan about 1 P. M., and continued on until we reached Chancellorsville, where we halted the remainder of the night; moved a short distance again in the morning and halted again, and just after nightfall, received orders to move to the front and join the fifth army corps. We moved at one o'clock, reaching the battle ground by break of day, and about 8 A. M. moved into the wilderness and found the rebels there in large force. The lamented General Rice was also there with his brigade. I lost ten men and one officer wounded in that scrimmage, but happily none killed. Some of the rest of the companies were less fortunate in that particular. Our brigade left the woods about one o'clock, and was ordered to occupy the rifle pits, relieving the troops then holding them, where we remained all night watching and scanning carefully the woods in our immediate front, expecting every moment to see the enemy approaching, if only to reconnoitre our position; but none appeared—at least we saw none—though our pickets, thrown out 100 yards in front of our line, declared they saw some and fired upon them. Be that as it may, they left us in the rifle pits alone. The next morning we were relieved and put in the second line, and fresh troops took the first line. About nine o'clock, A. M., the 'Johnnies,' with one of their peculiar yells, charged upon our lines just upon our right, with the full determination of taking them and securing the possession of the Fredericksburg Turnpike, but never were mortals more sadly mistaken than they. A volley of musketry met them at short range, strewing the ground with their killed and wounded, and back they went, pell-mell. In the afternoon they tried it again and met a similar reception from our rear guard—the main part of the army having moved to the left, toward Spottsylvania, whither Lee had gone with the most of his army. At Spottsylvania we were brought under fire again, and there it was kept up all night, the bullets whistling over, about, and among us, in a very careless manner. We lost but few men there however. The heaviest of the fighting was over before we reached the ground. The rebel rifle pits, from which they had been driven, losing 14 pieces of artillery, were the strongest I have ever seen. The killed and wounded of both armies covered the ground where the charge was made, and the trees in the vicinity were literally honey-combed with bullet holes. Unexploded shells, fragments of shells, rebel rifles, cartridge boxes, and various articles of the same character, lay about in every direction. The rebels had been driven out, and their entire army found it convenient to retire and take up a new position nearer Richmond, that their line of communications might be shorter."

It is greatly to be regretted that the incompleteness of the official war records renders impossible a full and complete account of the part taken by the men of Greene county in the great struggle which disturbed the nation during those four sad years, 1861 to 1865. The people nerved themselves for the terrible work before them, and responded promptly to the calls of the country's need. Too much cannot be said in honor of those brave volunteers who left the comforts of their homes, their social and domestic pleasures, and who severed for the time the ties which linked them to their families and friends, to rally for the defense of the institutions under which they had been permitted to enjoy these comforts, pleasures and affections. Many of these brave boys never returned. If one goes to the battle-fields of the

South he will see where they fell:—at Gainesville, at Bull Run, at South Mountain, at Gettysburg and Petersburg—those who were the pride of fond fathers, loving mothers and devoted wives. What their individual efforts accomplished and what they endured will never be known to the outside world. So let their memories be the monuments to their patriotism, their heroism and their achievements.

According to the census of 1865 the following New York regiments received volunteers from this county, as shown by the numbers affixed: Infantry—15th, 76; 43d, 10; 44th, 19; 80th (old 20th militia), 189; 91st, 47; 102d, 15; 120th, 188; 144th, 10; 156th, 21; 159th, 9; artillery—4th, 44; 5th, 43; 7th, 17; 15th, 23; cavalry—4th, 18; 5th, 8; 18th, 16. Sixteen enlisted in the United States colored regiment, 35 in regiments of other States and 146 in unknown regiments.

We append a list by towns of Greene county's volunteers, so far as the most careful research and diligent inquiry has enabled us to complete the same. Besides the abbreviations, which will be recognized as indicating the different ranks and arms in the service, we have used d. for died, k. for killed, w. for wounded, pro. for promoted and dis. for discharged. The century is omitted in dates, as '65 for 1865. The first date following a soldier's name, unless otherwise specified, is that of his enlistment. In very many instances, and notably so in the Hunter and Lexington lists, it has been found impossible to procure reliable data on this point. Generally men enlisted shortly before they were mustered into service, and the most of Greene county's men served in some of the following regiments:

The 20th New York militia, after having served three months, was reorganized and mustered into the service from September 20th to October 26th 1861 as the 80th New York infantry. It participated in the battles of Beverly Fork, Warrenton Springs, Gainesville, Gravelton, Second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Petersburg and Appomattox, and was mustered out January 29th 1866.

The 91st infantry was mustered in from September to December 1861, was engaged in the sanguinary struggles before Port Hudson, and was mustered out July 3d 1865.

The 95th infantry was mustered in from November 1861 to March 1862, and among the battles in which they shared were Gainesville, Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Petersburg and others. It was mustered out July 16th 1865.

The 102d infantry was mustered in from November 1861 to April 1862, and shared in the battles of Cedar Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Look-out Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Atlanta and others. It was mustered out July 21st 1865.

The 120th infantry was mustered in, August 22d 1862, and fought at Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Spottsylvania, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Petersburg and other places. It was mustered out June 3d 1865.

The 156th infantry was mustered in November 17th

1862, and took part in the battles at Port Hudson, Opequan, Fisher's Hill, Cedar Creek and other places. It was mustered out October 23d 1865.

The 4th cavalry was mustered in from August 10th to November 15th 1861, and among the battles in which it participated were Manassas, Bull Run, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg and Oak Hill.

The 15th engineers (originally an infantry regiment) was organized as an engineer regiment in 1862, and mustered out July 2d 1865.

ASHLAND.

Benjamin, William H., 120th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Blodgett, John, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62.
 Brewer, Edwin S., 4th heavy artillery, February 2d '64.
 Brewer, George W., 4th heavy artillery, February 2d '64.
 Chamberlain, Frank, 104th N. Y., January 3d '62.
 Christian, Solomon F., 18th cavalry, September 23d '64.
 Clark, Mortimer, 40th N. Y., '62.
 Cole, Charles H., 15th N. Y., January 12th '64.
 Conine, Jacob H., 33d N. J., August 28th '63.
 Coon, Peter F., 4th heavy artillery, February 15th '64.
 Craft, Albert, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Currie, Luther Y., 15th N. Y., July 15th '63.
 Currie, William F., 130th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Decker, George.
 Dedrick, Martin, 18th cavalry, September 23d '64.
 Dougherty, Charles W., February 21st '65.
 Dougherty, James, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Finch, Henry, 120th N. Y., August 15th '62.
 Fink, Apollos.
 Fuller, William.
 Groat, John, 15th heavy artillery, January 1st '64.
 German, Smith.
 Hawver, Edward, 159th N. Y., September 12th '62.
 Hull, William, 15th heavy artillery, August 15th '62.
 Hummell, Eli, 15th heavy artillery, January 14th '64.
 Hyatt, Sabathiel, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Ingraham, Chauncey, 5th cavalry.
 Kuram, Edward S., 44th N. Y., October 5th '62.
 Kurau Alfred.
 Marshall, John, 20th N. Y., September 5th '61.
 Marshall, Joseph, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Matthews, George A., 5th cavalry, October 24th '61.
 Mattice, Elias, November 1st '61.
 Maujer, David.
 Merry, Lybius, 9th heavy artillery, January 1st '64.
 Miller, Simon, 80th N. Y., October 10th '63.
 Monroe, John F., 4th N. Y., October 1st '61.
 Monroe, Thomas, 6th Mass., September 10th '64.
 Monroe, William L., 4th N. Y., October 1st '61.
 Oliver, Alanson, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Shoemaker, John E., 80th N. Y., April 12th '61.
 Smalling, Lucius, 120th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Smith, John, C. 120th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Smith, William, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Tiel Austin, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62.
 Tompkins, Marion, 15th N. Y., January 15th '63.
 Tompkins, Burton, 20th N. Y., April 28th '61.
 Tompkins, Carlos R. 51st N. Y., September 21st '61.
 Tompkins, George W., 4th heavy artillery, December 27th '62.
 Tompkins, Harlon, 15th heavy artillery, January 15th '64.
 Tompkins, John, 15th heavy artillery, January 11th '63.
 Tompkins, Wilson, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Tompkins, L. 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Waterman, Alfred, 120th N. Y., August '62, d. in service.
 Webster, Charles H., 80th N. Y., September 13th '61.
 Weed, James M., 134th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Wells, Anabiah, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Wheeler, Benjamin F., 15th N. Y., January 15th '64.
 White, Augustus, cavalry, October 13th '62.
 White, George E., 120th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Wiltsie, James.
 Winghart, William J., 1st engineers, April 5th '64.

ATHENS.

Buckley, Francis, 30th N. Y., '61.
 Brandow, Samuel, 80th N. Y., January '64.
 Brandow, William H., 80th N. Y., January '64.
 Brandow, John H.
 Brandow, Robert, 26th N. Y., January '64.

Byrnes, Michael T., 69th N. Y., September 28th '64.
 Beardsley, John (colonel), 9th cavalry, Nov. 5th '61, res. Apr. 8th '63.
 Brooks, Isaac N., 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Brooks, Rowland, 139th N. Y., January 15th '64.
 Briggs, S. J., 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Brady, Caleb C., 159th N. Y., January '64.
 Bogardus, George, 15th cavalry, October 18th '61.
 Bogardus, William, 5th cavalry, October 17th '61.
 Cazen, Louis, 32d N. Y., September 1st '61.
 Coe, James H., 159th N. Y., January '64.
 Coon, Peter, 91st N. Y., September 3d '64.
 Coon, Jacob, February '64.
 Collier, Isaac, 6th cavalry, August '61.
 Collier, Jacob H., September '63.
 Conine, William H., October '61.
 Daskern, John.
 Day, Alexander.
 Day, Castle.
 Day, John M.
 Decker, William, 1st artillery, October '62.
 Dora, Thomas, 2d N. Y., October 10th '61.
 Dingo, George.
 Flagg, Richard, 165th N. Y., August '62.
 Foster, James G., Captain.
 French, Ira D., 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Gardner, Addison, 93d N. Y., November 21st '61.
 Gardner John W., June '63.
 Goeler, August (drum major), 120th N. Y., April '62.
 Green, Nelson O., 120th N. Y., July 22d '62.
 Greenwood, Thomas, 54th N. Y., October '63.
 Haddon, Joseph, 102d N. Y., September 2d '63.
 Hallenbeck, Barney, 120th N. Y., May 6th '62, dis. December 15th '65.
 Hallenbeck, Jacob.
 Hallenbeck, Nathan H., 8th N. Y., April 2d '62.
 Harrington, Edward, 4th artillery, January '64.
 Haviland, Frank A., 143d N. Y., August '61.
 Hazel, Charles F., 80th N. Y., February 9th '64.
 Hazel, George, 31st N. Y., January '64.
 Hoaks, James, 102d N. Y., September 14th '61.
 Hoaks, James, 80th N. Y., Nov. 12th '61.
 Hosford, William H., 120th N. Y., August 7th '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Jackson, David M., 46th N. Y., August '64.
 June, Jacob.
 Jerome, Jacob, 120th N. Y., August 2d '62.
 June, Jesse.
 June, Justus.
 June, Thomas, 95th N. Y., August '62.
 Kennedy, John.
 Kelts, John, 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Kilfire, Patrick, 159th N. Y., January 25th '64.
 Lee, Edwin, Battery B., 1st Ills., January 2d '64.
 Lee, John, 120th N. Y., August 22d '61, dis. June 5th '65.
 Lee, John H., 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Lewis, Oscar, 159th N. Y., January '64.
 Lucas, Charles B., 5th cavalry, November '62.
 Manning, David B., 1st Conn., January '64.
 Manning, Martin, 112th N. Y., February '65.
 Nichols, Foster (1st lieutenant), 9th cavalry, Feb. '61, dis. July 17th '65.
 Nichols, George S. (major), 9th cavalry, Nov. 61, dis. July 17th '65.
 Pelton, Lysander, September 7th '64.
 Perry, Frank.
 Perry, Jacob, 47th N. Y., September 3d '61.
 Perry, Theodore, 15th heavy artillery, November '63.
 Perry, William L.
 Poultney, Robert (sergeant) 5th cavalry, October '61.
 Prosser, Samuel, 91st N. Y.
 Rainey, James, 120th N. Y.
 Raymond, James, 133d N. Y.
 Raymond, Charles, 133d N. Y., October '63.
 Raymond, James B., 30th N. Y.
 Reeves, Storm.
 Scutt, Addison, 146th N. Y., January 24th '64.
 Seaman, Isaac P., Bat. D. 5th artillery, February '61.
 Seaman, James H., 50th N. Y., June '61.
 Seaman, Joshua, 19th N. Y., August '61.
 Seaman, Sylvester, 168th N. Y., August '62.
 Seares, Samuel, March '64.
 Seares, William, March '64.
 Sherman, George (sergeant), 47th N. Y., September 1st '61.
 Shurrager, Noah C., 8th N. Y., March 4th '61.
 Spencer, Andrew, February '63.
 Spencer, John H., August '62.
 Spencer, Joseph M.
 Stanton, John, 91st N. Y., April '64.
 Stanton, Peter, 63d N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Stillick, William.

Teal, Lawrence A., 30th N. Y., May 7th '61.
 Thompson, William K., 15th N. Y.
 Tiffany, James, 159th N. Y., June 24th '64.
 Traverse, Justus, 5th cavalry, September '61.
 True, Henry, 91st N. Y.
 Van Hoesen, John E., 9th artillery,
 Van Hoesen, John, 91st N. Y.
 Van Deusen, Charles, 71st N. Y., September '62.
 Van Loan, Chancellor, 51st N. Y., April 20th '64.
 Van Loan, Isaac, 95th N. Y., December 16th '61.
 Van Loan, Lyman W., 8th Mass., April '61.
 Williams, Hiram, 8th N. Y., October 3d '63.
 Woolford, Edward, 7th artillery, August 11th '62.
 Woolford, Eugene, December 15th '64.
 Woolford, William, 8th cavalry, April 12th '65.

CAIRO.

Apjohn, Robert, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Barlow, George, 120th N. Y., January '62.
 Bennett, Andrew, 15th N. Y. engineers, September 9th '64.
 Bennett, Lemuel L., 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Berwick, Cornelius, 56th N. Y., June '63.
 Borthwick, Calvin, 5th heavy artillery, February 25th '64.
 Betts, John H. (corp.), 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Brandow, William H., 15th N. Y. engineers, September 1st '64.
 Chappell, Lewis, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Charlton, William, 95th N. Y., November 28th '61.
 Comfort, Russell, 9th Mississippi battalion, October 14th '61.
 Cornwall, George W. (corp.), 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Darbey, Miles, 5th heavy artillery, March 2d '64.
 Dexter, Foster W., 16th heavy artillery, December '63
 Every, John, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Felt, Alvin, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Felt, Henry, 6th N. Y., October '61.
 Grannis, Charles O., 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Grannis, David N., Ohio, June '64.
 Horton, James, missing.
 Horton, Samuel, 121st N. Y., March 28th '65.
 Hotchkiss, George, 91st N. Y., March 3d '64.
 Howard, Isaac A., 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Howard, William, 75th N. Y., September 9th '64.
 Ives, Gardiner, 176th N. Y., October 5th '63.
 Knowles, George W., 15th N. Y. engineers, September 15th '64.
 Lathrop, Benton, missing.
 Lee, Robert, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Lee, Stewart, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Lee, William H., 5th heavy artillery, February 26th '64.
 Lennon, Lewis, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Lennon, Marshall, 176th N. Y., d. at New Orleans, August 20th '64.
 Lindsley, Charles, 120th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Makeley, Jacob, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Marquardt, Joshua, 176th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Mead, Walter (sergt.), 56th N. Y., November 17th '62.
 Osborn, Lyman S., missing.
 Pierson, James M. (capt.), 120th N. Y., Aug. 22d '62, dis. March 17th '63.
 Race, William H., 6th cavalry, December 9th '61.
 Renne, George W., 15th N. Y., September 18th '64.
 Rhodes, George (capt.), 80th N. Y., September 22d '64.
 Rightmyer, James (sergt.), 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Rogers, Hiram, 15th N. Y., engineers, September 14th '64.
 Scutt, Robert, 120th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Shevelier, Peter, 120th N. Y., '63.
 Shores, Levi, 156th N. Y., August '62.
 Simpson, James, 20th N. Y., '61.
 Smith, James N. 15th N. Y. engineers, September 15th '64.
 Smith, Peter, 5th heavy artillery, February 26th '64.
 Smith, Vanness, 91st N. Y., September 9th '62.
 Spencer, William H., 120th N. Y., August 20th '62
 Stall, Remlo, navy, July '62.
 Stewart, Laterne, 159th N. Y., February '63.
 Stoddard, Emlo, 120th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Stoddard, Lorenzo, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Taylor, Thomas H., 15th heavy artillery, June 19th '63.
 Thompson, John, 102d N. Y., October '61.
 Thompson, Sylvester, 102d N. Y., October '61.
 Thompson, William, 102d N. Y., February '61.
 Thorp, Addison, 91st N. Y., April '64.
 Vale, Israel, 102d N. Y., November '61.
 Van Chack, George, 40th N. Y., February 3d '65.
 Van Dyke, John, 102d N. Y., February '62.
 Van Leuvan, Myron, 5th heavy artillery, February 29th '64.
 Walters, Nelson, missing.
 Walters, Oliver, missing.
 Webster, J. B., 20th N. Y.
 Wells, Almon, jr., 90th N. Y., February 22d '61.

Wilbur, Esie, 120th N. Y., August 7th '62.
 Yeomans, Egbert N., 5th heavy artillery, February 26th '64.
 Yeomans, Reuben, 5th heavy artillery, August 14th '62.

CATSKILL.

Abeel, Benjamin, Co. B, 102 N. Y.
 Abeel, John, January 10th '65.
 Allen, John.
 Ashley, John J. jr., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 7th '62.
 Baildon, John, 25th N. J., September 6th '62.
 Balsler, Henry, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 5th '62.
 Bartholomew, Erastus, Co. F, 156th N. Y., August 7th '62, d. July 14th '63.
 Bell, William W., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62, d. July 2d '63.
 Benton, Anthony, Co. A, 54th Mass., March 5th '63, dis. August 20th '65.
 Benton, John, Co. A, 31st N. Y., d. October 31st '80.
 Bloodgood, Charles, 125th N. Y., February 27th '64.
 Bolt, John, 80th N. Y., March 3d '64.
 Bonestel, Charles, 5th N. Y., October '61.
 Botsford, Almanson, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Boynton Charles.
 Brackney, John, 8th artillery, September '64.
 Brandow, Charles, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 22th '62.
 Brandow, Benjamin.
 Brandow, George N., navy.
 Brandow, James, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Brandow, William, 107th N. Y., August 15th '64.
 Brink, Robert, 15th N. Y. engineers, August 15th '64.
 Broadhead, Nelson W., Co. K, 80th N. Y., d. August 30th '82.
 Bronson, David, 44th N. Y., d. July 22d '64, at Richmond, of wounds received at battle of Spottsylvania.
 Brown, William W. Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Bush, Elisha, 80th N. Y., December '64.
 Bush, Thomas, d. March 1st '72.
 Butler, John, 69th N. Y., May 28th '62.
 Canniff, William, Co. B, 102d N. Y.
 Carnwright, C. F., 5th heavy artillery, August '62.
 Carpenter, Edward, Co. B, 122d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Carpenter, Henry, 5th heavy artillery.
 Carr, William, 15th N. Y., '61.
 Castle, Sidney.
 Chambers, Jacob, 26th cavalry, January 15th '64.
 Chariton, William A., Co. A, 95th N. Y., November 28th '61.
 Clark, Frank A., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Cleveland, Charles C., d. September 9th '62.
 Clinton, Michael, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Coffin, Jacob I., Co. B, 102d N. Y.
 Cole, Charles, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 15th '62.
 Cole, Charles, 15th N. Y. engineers, January 15th '64.
 Comfort, William H.
 Conine, James.
 Conklin, Robert.
 Conover, Benjamin, 5th heavy artillery.
 Coon, Carey D., Co. A, 95th N. Y., March 25th '61.
 Cornelius, James.
 Coyle, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Cross, M. F. [sergeant.]
 Cross, William.
 Dedrick, James, 43d N. Y., September 13th '61.
 Deer, Jacob, 5th cavalry.
 Delong, Ira, 20th N. Y., August 22d '62, d.
 Dewey, L. B., d. August 21st '64.
 Donaldson, James W., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Dubois, Augustus, 5th heavy artillery, February 1st '64.
 Dubois, Francis H., 26th N. Y., January '64.
 Dunham, David D. 44th N. Y., d.
 Dunham, F. J. jr., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62.
 Dunham, William.
 Dunwell, George, 4th artillery, January '64.
 Eckler, Atwater, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Edwards, George, 44th N. Y.
 Edwards, Gilbert, 20th cavalry, September 20th '61.
 Edwards, James, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62, d. January 28th '83, at Falmouth, Va.
 Edwards, Michael, 4th cavalry, August 28th '61.
 Egnor, Lewis W., d. October 1st '69.
 Ells, George, d. November 4th '69.
 Elmendorph, Edward, 43d N. Y., August 20th '61.
 Emmett, Willard T., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62.
 Falk, Alden P., 5th heavy artillery, August '62.
 Falk, Sanford, 5th heavy artillery, February '64.
 Falkner, George W., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62.
 Felto, Louis, 5th heavy artillery, January '64.
 Fiester, Jacob, 80th N. Y., September 25th.
 Finch, Jacob A., 91st N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Flagons, Michael, September '62.
 Frank, Godfrey, Co. M, 5th cavalry, d.
 Friar, Charles B., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Friar, Frederick, 44th N. Y., August 8th '61.
 Gardner, James, Co. A, 95th N. Y., December 16th '61.
 Gardner, John, 5th N. Y., February 16th '64.
 Goodwin, Calvin, 5th heavy artillery, August '62.
 Graham, Stephen, 15th N. Y. engineers, June '64.
 Grant, Benjamin W., 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Greene, J. B., [lieutenant], U. S. army, d. at Fort Hamilton, June 1 '61.
 Greene, William C.
 Gripman, Sylvanus, 102d N. Y., November '61.
 Haines, Thomas, 9th Mass., '62.
 Ham, Edward, September 1st '64.
 Ham, William, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Hamlin, Charles F., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Hannan, John, 95th N. Y., January 1st '62.
 Hare, G. Sullivan, 4th heavy artillery, January 12th '64.
 Hitchcock, Samuel F., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62.
 Holdridge, George, navy.
 Hollenbeck, Ambrose, Co. B, 10d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Hollenbeck, George.
 Hollenbeck, Jacob.
 Holmes, Joseph B., Co. F, 102d N. Y.
 Hotchkiss, Orrin W., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62, d. July 2d '63.
 Howe, Wellington jr., Co. I, 12th N. Y., May '62, afterward 42d Mass.
 Husted, James, 102d N. Y., '61.
 Ingersoll, Dr. E. L., 20th N. Y. militia, d. February 27th '73.
 Jewell, John B., 6th cavalry, d. October 11th '63.
 Joesbury, Joseph F., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Johnson, Arthur, independent sharpshooters, d. December 18th '63.
 Kayton, James.
 Kennedy, John, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Kinnicutt, George, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Klein, Charles A., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 5th '62.
 Knifer, Anthony, 43d N. Y., January 8th '64.
 Knifer, Joseph, 43d N. Y., September 2d '61.
 Kortz, William, Co. B, 102d N. Y.
 Lackey, Peter, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62.
 Lane, James, Co. A, 95th N. Y., December 6th '61.
 Lawrence, Stanley, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Layman, William M., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Leeson, James, 20th N. Y.
 Long, Henry, Co. A, 95th N. Y., November 18th '61.
 Low, Levi F., 1st U. S. horse artillery, Feb. 24th '64, d. Sept. 4th '75.
 Ludington, George.
 Ludington, Ira, Co. I, 3d U. S. cavalry, d. April 4th '80.
 Ludington, Robert H., Co. E, 1st N. Y. dragoons, d. March 9th '78.
 Mackey, Isaac [sergeant], Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 13th '63.
 Madigan, Patrick, Co. B, 5th heavy artillery, February 3d '63.
 Magillon, Timothy, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Mahew, Alvin.
 Mallory, Robert L., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Mallory, S. M., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Mansfield, George H., 57th N. Y.
 Mattoon, Cassius A., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 McAllister, David, Co. A, 95th N. Y., December 16th '61.
 McCown, James, Co. E, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 McMiner, James.
 McNamara, Thomas, 6th U. S. regular.
 Melius, Charles B., Co. A, 95th N. Y., October 10th '61.
 Melius, Harmon, 5th heavy artillery.
 Mitchell, James B., navy.
 Moffatt, John S., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62.
 Monroe, Joseph, 4th heavy artillery, '61.
 Montgomery, James, 6th N. Y., February 19th '62.
 Moon, Samuel F., Co. B, 5th heavy artillery, d. November 19th '63.
 More, Jacob, 80th N. Y., January 16th '61.
 Mott, Joseph, 16th cavalry, September 1st '64.
 Mower, John H., 102d N. Y., March 4th '62.
 Mulligan, Bartholomew, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 4th '62.
 Murphy, James, Co. K, 88th N. Y., June 22d '62.
 Myers, Augustus, 18th N. Y., April 12th '61.
 Myers, Charles.
 Myers, William, d. March 28th '75.
 Nagle, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 5th '62.
 O'Brien, Camp, April '65.
 Oakley, Joseph, Co. F, 120th N. Y., July '62, dis. '65.
 Overbaugh, Andrew.
 Overbaugh, John H., September '61.
 Overbaugh, Peter, U. S. cavalry.
 Overbaugh, Theodore F. [captain], Co. F, 120th N. Y., w. at Gettysburg, d. November 15th '63.
 Overbaugh, William E., 5th heavy artillery, March '62.
 Pennoyer, William A. [captain], Co. A, 95th N. Y., Nov. 14th '61, afterwards captain Co. B, 102 N. Y.
 Plank, Ezra, 4th heavy artillery, August 13th '63.

- Plank, John M., Co. A, 95th N. Y., November 28th '61.
 Plank, Ogden H., 49th Mass., September 20th '62.
 Plank, Sylvester F., 4th heavy artillery, January '64.
 Plank, William G., Co. A, 95th N. Y., November 28th '61.
 Pollock, Frederick, 5th heavy artillery, February 18th '62.
 Pratt, Leonard S., January '64.
 Puffer, John, Co. A, 95th N. Y., December 31st '61.
 Quinn, William, Co. A, 95th N. Y., November 26th '61.
 Rider, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y., July 25th '62.
 Rudolph, George H., 80th N. Y. March 13th '65.
 Rhodes, William, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 15th '62.
 Robinson, Cornelius J., 44th N. Y., August '61.
 Rouse, Aaron V. S., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Rouse, Harrison, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Rouse, James B., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Rouse, John.
 Rowe, Joseph, 5th heavy artillery, February '62.
 Rugar, Charles, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62.
 Ruland, Enos W. [1st lieut.], Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Russell, N., Co. I, 44th N. Y.
 Russell, Peter W., d. May 14th '67.
 Russell, William L., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62.
 Salisbury, Henry, 80th N. Y., January 14th '64.
 Salisbury, William F., 115th N. Y., August 20th '62.
 Sax, George, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Schadder, Lewis, 5th cavalry, September 13th '64.
 Schermerhorn, William H., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Secord, Charles, 43d N. Y., January '64.
 Secord, Israel, 43d N. Y., September '61.
 Secord, Reuben, 4th heavy artillery, '64.
 Selleck, Hobart.
 Shanker, Charles, 80th N. Y., March '64.
 Shepard, Benjamin.
 Sheridan, Lawrence, Co. A, 95th N. Y., December 16th '61.
 Shoemaker, Henry, 91st N. Y., September 6th '64.
 Shufelt, William, Co. C, 150th N. Y., k. in service.
 Slocum, E. C.
 Smith, George W., 4th heavy artillery, February '64.
 Smith, Hiram, 4th heavy artillery, January 16th '64.
 Smith, Theodore F., Co. A, 31st N. Y., d. March 10th '60.
 Snider, Robert, 91st N. Y., September 7th '64.
 Stacey, Daniel H., 4th heavy artillery, February 25th '64.
 Still, Hiram, 5th N. Y., February 2d '64.
 St. John, Michael, 4th heavy artillery, May '61.
 Story, Franklin, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Sutton, Francis T., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Sutton, Thomas, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Taylor, Thomas G., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Teal, George, 10th heavy artillery, April '65.
 Tenbroeck, Theodore, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Thomas, Arthur W. [sergt.], Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, w. at Gettysburg, pro. 1st lieut., afterward capt.
 Thorp, Tompkins [sergt.], Co. K, 4th N. Y., d. July '63.
 Trowbridge, Charles jr., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Trowbridge, James W., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62.
 Trumbour, Franklin, 5th heavy artillery, January '64.
 Trumbour, Rowland, Co. B, 102d N. Y.
 Truvis, Orrin, 80th N. Y., October 10th '61.
 Truvis, Peter H., 20th N. Y., April 23d '61.
 Turncliffe, Henry, 5th heavy artillery, January '64.
 Van Dyke, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62, d. in service, September 10th '63.
 Van Hoesen, Columbus, d. at Andersonville.
 Van Leuven, Ambrose A., Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Van Leuven, Isaac, Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Van Leuven, J. W., Co. F, 120th N. Y., July 29th '62.
 Van Loan, George, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62, d. May 3d '63.
 Van Loan, M. Spencer, 80th N. Y., September 12th '61.
 Van Steenburgh, Edgar, Co. B, 102d N. Y., Sept. 20th '64, d. Feb. 13th '73.
 Van Steenburgh, William.
 Van Vechten, —, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Van Vleren, Gilbert, 5th heavy artillery, August '64.
 Waite, B. O.
 Ward, F. L., d. March 24th '67.
 Waterman, Russell, Co. A, 95th N. Y., November 18th '61.
 Watson, John [lieut.], k. December 15th '64, at battle of Nashville.
 Weed, Adelbert, d. January 26th '65.
 Westervelt, Alonzo G., 4th heavy artillery, January 23d '64.
 Westervelt, John F., 80th N. Y., March 8th '64.
 Whitaker, Francis, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 5th '62.
 Whitaker, Leroy H., 5th heavy artillery, August '62.
 Whitcomb, William H. [lieut.], 5th cavalry, dis. July 19th '65.
 Wilcox, J. H., navy.
 Wilson, Josiah, July '65.
 Wilson, John N., Co. B, 102d N. Y., September 20th '64.
 Wiltse, Joseph F., Co. F, 120th N. Y., July 29th '62.
- Young, John [lieut.], Co. K, 80th N. Y., d.
 Zimmerman, —, Co. M, 5th cavalry, d. October 17th '63.

COXSACKIE.

- Aikens, John W., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 1st '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Backus, Philo H., 44th N. Y.
 Beatty, William H. H. [1st sergeant], Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 4th '62, d.
 Beatty, Arthur W., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 5th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Beeman, John.
 Bell, Henry C., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 8th '62, d. at Andersonville.
 Bell, Theodore F., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62, w. at Chancellorsville, prisoner at Andersonville, dis. June 3d '65.
 Bellows, Reuben, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 20th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Bennett, Robert K., Co. H, 156th N. Y., Sept. 23d '62, dis. Feb. 23d '63.
 Bogardus, Anthony, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 1st '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Briggs, Silas J., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 1st '62, d. at Belle Island.
 Calkins, Stephen V., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 7th '62, d. a prisoner.
 Carman, Edward E., Co. F, 38th N. Y., May 7th '61, dis. June 23d '64.
 Clow, Abram, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Collier, Henry C., [assistant surgeon], Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 7th '62, d. in service '63.
 Collier, A. V. D., [1st lieutenant], Co. G, 15th N. Y. engineers, Nov. 14th '64, dis. June 13th '65.
 Conrow, Gilbert S., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Dederick, Herman C., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 22d '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Dederick, Francis W., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 22d '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Dewitt, John.
 Dowling, Michael, Co. F, 38th N. Y., May 7th '61, dis. June 23d '63.
 Eldridge, George F., Co. M, 9th heavy artillery, Sept. 23d '61, w. at Cedar Creek, dis. May 31st '65.
 Exler, John, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Fish, John B., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 8th '62, d. at Belle Island.
 Fitzpatrick, —.
 Freligh, William, 80th N. Y., September 1st '62, dis. June 30th '65.
 Garrigan, Edward C., 2d N. Y. cavalry, July '62, prisoner at Andersonville 13 months.
 Garrigan, Thomas C., Co. F, 38th N. Y., May 7th '61, w. at Fredericksburg, dis. 2d lieutenant Co. D, June 23d '63.
 Garrigan, Thomas, Co. F, 38th N. Y., May 7th '61, w. at Fredericksburg, dis. June 23d '63.
 Garrigan, William, Battery I, 5th U. S. artillery, '61, dis. '64.
 Garrigan, Walter, navy, '63, dis. '61.
 Gedney, Edward, Co. D, 79th N. Y., February 7th '65, dis. July 26th '65.
 Greene, M. H. [1st lieutenant], Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 1st '62, dis. Sept. 27th '63.
 Hiseord, William H., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 2d '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Hiseord, John, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 9th '62, w. at Spottsylvania dis. June 3d '65.
 Hoffman, Albert T., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 6th '62, dis. June 3d '65.
 Hoffman, David H., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 4th '62, dis. June 20th '65.
 Hollister, Lansing [captain], Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 1st '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Hoose, George, Co. K, 47th N. Y.
 Houghtaling, Martin A., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 12th '62, d. at Belle Island.
 Hyatt, Silas, navy.
 Jaycox, David, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 4th '62, dis. June 3d '65.
 Lamphere, Henry, Co. I, 44th N. Y., Oct. 4th '63, w. at battle of Wilderness, dis. Aug. 16th '65.
 Lewis, Alonzo E., Co. K, 47th N. Y., March 1st '65, dis. Aug. 13th '65.
 Lewis, Henry B., "invalid corps."
 Miller, John, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 20th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Mosher, Clark, Co. F, 38th N. Y., May 7th '61, dis. June 23d '63.
 Parslow, Gilbert, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62.
 Provost, John E.
 Reynolds, William, Co. K, 44th N. Y., Sept. '62, transferred to Co. G, 146th N. Y., Oct. 6th '64, dis. July 16th '65.
 Robbins, David, Co. K, 47th N. Y., September '61, dis. '64.
 Rosenburgh, John, Co. K, 44th N. Y., September '62, dis. '63.
 Shandley, Patrick H., navy, dis. '65.
 Shaw, William, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 4th '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Sheffield, George, 44th N. Y., July 1st '61, k. at 2d battle of Bull Run.
 Spearbergh, George C., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 18th '62, dis. March 7th '63.
 Spencer, George, 44th N. Y.
 Spencer, Joseph.
 Spoor, John I., [3d sergeant], Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 4th '62, dis. 1st lieutenant, June 3d '65.
 Tucker, Lewis, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 5th '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Van Buskirk, Eugene, Co. K, 47th N. Y., Sept. '61, dis. July '63.
 Van Den Bergh, William, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 2d '62, w. at Gettysburg, dis. July 1st '65.
 Van Den Bergh, R. H., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 11th '62, dis. June 15th '65.
 Van Den Bergh, Jacob, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 8th '62, dis. June 3th '65.
 Van Den Bergh, Warner, Co. I, 44th N. Y., July 1st '61, dis. Oct. 11th '65.

Van Den Bergh, Sylvester, Co. I, 44th N. Y., July '61, dis. Oct. 11th '65.
 Van Schaack, Peter G., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 6th '62, w. at Gettysburg, dis. Dec. 9th '63.
 Van Schaack, Derrick, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 22d '62, dis. June 20th '65.
 Van Wie, J. B., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 22d '62, w. at Gettysburg, dis. June 29th '65.
 Van Valkenburgh, C. E., Co. G, 159th N. Y., Feb. '64, dis. Oct. 12th '65.
 Vincent, Frederick, 2d N. Y. light cavalry, July '62.
 Wagoner, Frederick, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 2d '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Walters, Moses, Co. K, 120th N. Y., Aug. 7th '62, w. at Gettysburg, dis. Oct. 14th '65.
 Waker, Lewis.
 Whitbeck, R. V. [sergeant], Co. I, 44th N. Y., July '61, dis. Oct. 15th '64.
 Whitbeck, R. H., Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 11th '62, w. at Tolopotomoy Creek, dis. June 3d '65.
 Wixon, Caleb, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 19th '62.
 Wood, Nathaniel W., Co. E, 91st N. Y., Aug. 13th '64, dis. June 19th '65.
 Worden Warren, Co. K, 47th N. Y., March 1st '65, dis. Aug. 30th '65.
 Worden, Alanson, Co. K, 47th N. Y.
 Wren, Stephen, Co. L, 18th cavalry, Sept. 19th '64, dis. June 2d '65.
 Wright, John, Co. D, 120th N. Y., Aug. 4th '62, dis. June 5th '65.

DURHAM.

Augustus, Nathan, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Abrams, Nelson.
 Avery, Alanson.
 Benton, Lawrence, 14th regular army veterans Brooklyn.
 Bowen, Orren, 20th N. Y., September 15th '60.
 Baker, Charles, 20th N. Y., September 15th '60.
 Battersbee, Henry, 80th N. Y., March 20th '65.
 Battersbee, Alfred, Wild Lucy, [gunboat] March 1st '65.
 Borthwick, Alexander, 4th heavy artillery, November 15th '65.
 Borthwick, Calvin.
 Bennett, Edward, 7th N. Y., September 3d '64.
 Burke, John, 14th heavy artillery, December 15th '63.
 Baker, Platt, 91st N. Y., September 7th '64.
 Baker, Kingsley, 44th N. Y.
 Bell, William, 15th N. Y., engineers.
 Clark, Adelbert, 120th N. Y., September 10th '61.
 Cole, Charles, 80th N. Y., September 15th '61.
 Crandell, Charles J., 80th N. Y., September 7th '61.
 Chittenden, Oswald, 156th N. Y., September '62.
 Cole, William, March 1st '64.
 Cummings, William, 44th N. Y., regular army veterans, musician.
 Champion, J. H., 8th N. Y. battalion.
 Everett, James, 120th N. Y., August 23 '62.
 Evry, Orlando.
 Evry Henry.
 Fancher, John, light artillery, February 7th '64.
 Fancher, George H., light artillery, February 7th
 Freece, Nathan, 156th N. Y.
 Faulk, William.
 Frayer, Seymour.
 Graham, George, 21st cavalry, August '63.
 Graham, Charles, 21st cavalry, August '63.
 Green, Charles T., 156th N. Y., November 17th '62.
 Gannon, James, 20th N. Y. militia.
 Haight, Sylvanus, 7th N. Y., August '64.
 Hillyard, Francis, June '60.
 Hitchcock, Alonzo, musician, 80th N. Y., October 28th '61.
 Hitchcock, Luman, 80th N. Y., October 28th '61.
 Hood, George, 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Hallenbeck, Edward, 146th N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Hallenbeck, William, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Hallenbeck, Peter, 144th N. Y., August '63.
 Hood, Adelbert, 80th N. Y., October 15th '61.
 Hungerford, Benjamin, 156th N. Y., September '62.
 Hover, Frank W., 7th heavy artillery, January 14th '64.
 Hubbard, Wallace H., 193d N. Y., April 1st '65.
 Halleck, Israel, 2d heavy artillery, September 26th '61.
 Hughes, Jonathan, February '64.
 Haskins, John, 113th N. Y., August 18th '62.
 Hooks, James, 80th N. Y., September 3d '61.
 Haight, ——— 156th N. Y.
 Jones, Sutherland, 120th N. Y., August 21st '62.
 Johnson, William A., 56th N. Y., September 30th '61.
 Lorton, William, navy, August '61.
 Lorton, John.
 Layman, Alexander, 120th N. Y., August 15th '62.
 Layman, Chauncey, 120th N. Y.
 Moore, Owen, 146th N. Y.
 Morris, James, 143d N. Y.
 Purrington, John, 43d N. Y., August 30th '62.
 Purrington, A. W.
 Peume, Amos C., 3d N. Y., March 14th '61.

Post, Ezra R., 120th N. Y., August 15th '62.
 Reed, James J., 156th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Spencer, Luther, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Smith, Henry, 120th N. Y., August 4th '62.
 Smith, Nathaniel.
 Stannard, Eli, 15th engineers, September 7th '61.
 Snyder, Nelson, 156th N. Y.
 Shortman, John, 120th N. Y.
 Sidney, William, 44th N. Y.
 Simmons Charles, 80th N. Y.
 Southwick, Arnold, 80th N. Y.
 Snyder, Peter.
 Wingard, William, 80th N. Y., September 11th '61.
 Wingard, Abram, 91st N. Y., September '64.
 Wingard, Daniel, 156th N. Y.
 White, W. Sidney, 44th N. Y., September 29th '61.
 Willis, Thomas, 80th N. Y., September '64.
 Wright, Oliver, 120th N. Y., August 21st '62.

HUNTER.

Balsen, Henry, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Barber, Francis, 47th N. Y., '63.
 Beach, Owen, 80th N. Y.
 Benjamin, Frank G., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Benjamin, Henry, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Benjamin, George W., Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Benjamin, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Blinker, Joseph, 45th N. Y., September '61.
 Brady, John, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Brent, William, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Brewer, Alexander, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Brewer, Pratt, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Brown, James, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Brown, Samuel, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Burgess, Addison P., Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Bunkner, Joseph, 45th N. Y., September '61.
 Burnes, Peter, Co. E, 15 N. Y. engineers
 Byrne, John, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Carle, Harmon, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Cass, William, 91st N. Y.
 Cline, Edwin, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Coffin, Isaac, 75th N. Y.
 Dale, John, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Decker, Martin, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Dibble, Flavius, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Dibble, Harmon B. [capt.], Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers, dis. July 2d '65.
 Dolan, James, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Douglas, Daniel, Co. K, 20th N. Y.
 Erskine, Michael [sergt.] 13th Illinois.
 Farrell, Michael [lieut.], 20th N. Y., resigned May 29th '65.
 France, Nelson J., 46th N. Y., March '64.
 Flanagan, James H., 14th U. S. M., w. at Bull Run, dis. and re-enlisted.
 Flanagan, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Francis, Levi, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Gillespie, Peter, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Goodrich, John W., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Goodsell, Emery, Co. E, 80th N. Y.
 Graham, A. S., Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Graham, Alfred, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Graham, George X., 1st artillery.
 Greene, N. O. [sergt.], Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Griffin, Uriah P., Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Haines, Jacob, 4th cavalry.
 Haines, James E., 4th cavalry.
 Haines, Egbert, 91st N. Y.
 Haines, James E., 91st N. Y.
 Haines, Nelson J., 91st N. Y.
 Haines, Samuel S., 91st N. Y.
 Hanks, Cyrus, 120th N. Y.
 Hanks, Constant, 80th N. Y.
 Hall, David, 80th N. Y.
 Harrington, Calvin, 47th N. Y., '63.
 Highland, Dennis, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Highland, Thomas, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Hummell, Albert, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Hummell, Alfred, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Hummell, Franklin, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Ingalls, Frederick, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Jones, Asa, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Jones, Francis, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Keller, John C., Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Kerr, Robert E., Co. E, 15th heavy artillery.
 Kinkead, James, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Kerr, Joseph, 4th cavalry.
 Lackey, Peter, Co. F, 120th N. Y.

Law, Melville.

Layman, Augustus H., 91st N. Y.
 Layman, Edgar H., 91st N. Y.
 Linsley, George W., Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Linsley, Lewis, 52d N. Y.
 Linsley, John J., Co. C, 80th N. Y.
 Linsley, Nelson, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Linsley, Ogden, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 McCullough, Robert, 75th N. Y.
 McGuire, Patrick, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Martin, Charles, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Maginley, John, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Mastling, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Merritt, Richmond, 91st N. Y.
 Miller, Abram, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Miller, James, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers
 Miller, John G., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Myrn, Bernard, 13th cavalry.
 Myrn, Thomas, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Ostrander, John, Co. F, 120th N. Y., d. in Libby prison.
 Olwell, Francis, 154th N. Y.
 Peet, George W., Co. K, 20th N. Y.
 Perry, William, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Peterson, James, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Quick, James, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Rider, Alexander, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Rigg, John, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Rion, Bartholomew, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Rion, John, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Rose, James, 174th N. Y.
 Rose, James M., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Ruoff, George, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Saxe, Charles, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Schoonmaker, Ephriam, 52d N. Y.
 Schoonmaker, Joshua, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Schoonmaker, Rufus, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Scribner, Peter H., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Shantz, George, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Shantz, Jacob, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Shantz, John, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Shevlin, Daniel, 75th Illinois, captured by Morgan.
 Shields, Michael, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Showers, George, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Showers, Lewis, Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Smith, Alonzo, 91st N. Y.
 Smith, Conrad, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers,
 Stokes, Richard, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Stotts, Jacob, 45th N. Y., September '61.
 Straube, Albert [musician], Co. K, 80th N. Y.
 Tetsill, Emery, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Thompson, William R., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Tompkins, Warren, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Van Valkenburgh, F., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Wase, Benjamin, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Wilcox, Peter, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Young, John B., Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.
 Young, John W., 56th N. Y. engineers.
 Young, William, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers.

JEWETT.

Bailey, Orville T., 90th N. Y., October 10th '62.
 Baldwin, Ambrose N., [captain] 80th N. Y., k. at Gettysburg, July 3d '63.
 Barber, Romaine, 48th N. Y., September 26th '64.
 Barber, Austin, 48th N. Y., September 26th '64.
 Beach, Elbert, 2d cavalry, August '63.
 Beach, Romaine, 80th N. Y., October 4th '61.
 Bray, George, 80th N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Brazee, William, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, d. April 11th '63.
 Bray, Milo, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, missing.
 Bullard, David, 120th N. Y., August 19th '62.
 Carr, Monroe W., 90th N. Y., November 20th '61.
 Chase, Walter B., 102d N. Y., August 26th '64.
 Dickerman, Putnam B., [2d lieutenant] 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, dis.
 June 3d '65.
 Distin, Henry, 80th N. Y., March 9th '64.
 Ebbetts, George, U. S. Fort Henry, October 2d '61.
 Edwards, Alfred, 90th N. Y., June '61.
 Goodsell, J. Emory, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Graham, Alfred R., [corporal] 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Graham, Albert S., [corporal], 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Graham, William, 1st artillery, February 26th '64.
 Graham, George H., 1st artillery, February 26th '64.
 Hadding, Ambrose, 9th N. Y., February 3d '64.
 Hall, John W., 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, d. October 3d '64.
 Hall, Elbert, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.

Hanson, William B., 80th N. Y., October 1st '61.
 Howard, Jonathan, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Johnson, David, 120th N. Y., January 18th '63.
 Johnson, John, 80th N. Y., March 1st '64.
 Jones, Milo, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62.
 Jones, George, 80th N. Y., June 1st, '62.
 Jones, Fred, 80th N. Y., September '61.
 Jones, Mansfield, 80th N. Y., January '63.
 Jones, Eli, 80th N. Y., September 15th, '61.
 Kendall, Thomas E., 80th N. Y., August '62.
 Lasher, Abraham, 4th artillery, February 15th '64.
 Lasher, Henry, 4th cavalry, August 28th '62.
 Longyear, David, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, d. August 21st '64.
 Lord, Horatio, 80th N. Y., September 16th '61.
 Lord, Norman, 80th N. Y., March '63.
 McCoon, James, [wagoner] Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Mills, F. B., 4th cavalry, August 30th '62.
 Morse, Horlan P., 90th N. Y., November 22d '62.
 Osborn, Nelson, U. S. Fort Henry, d. in '61.
 Ostrander, John H., 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, d. at Libby Prison.
 Peck, George, 90th N. Y., d. at Key West, October '62.
 Peck, Lyman, [corporal] 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, d. at Falmouth,
 January '63.
 Pond, Dwight L., 90th N. Y., October 28th '61.
 Pond, Dorland J., Co. F, 120th N. Y., Aug. '62, k. in action Oct. 10th '63.
 Reynolds, Elijah, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Rice, George E., [band] 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Richmond, Merritt, 4th cavalry, September 2d '62.
 Shaffer, William, 20th N. Y.
 Traphagan, Kimber, 120th N. Y., August 18th '64.
 Truesdell, Monroe, 4th cavalry, September 2d '62.
 West, Lester, 4th cavalry, September 2d '62.
 Whitman, Joseph, September 10th '64.

LEXINGTON.

Allen, Wellington C., Co. G, 80th N. Y., October 24th '62.
 Angle, George, Co. G, 80th N. Y., March 9th '64.
 Angle, Hiram, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Angle, Philip, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Bailey, Benjamin, Co. G, 80th N. Y., October 11th '64.
 Baldwin, Jonathan, Co. G, 80th N. Y., January 6th '64.
 Baldwin, Riley, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Baker, Richard, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Barnum, Henry M., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Beach, Asa, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Benjamin, Horatio, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Bonesteel, James, Co. G, 80th N. Y., August 23d '61.
 Bonesteel, John, Co. G, 80th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Bloodgood, James, Co. G, 80th N. Y., February '64.
 Bray, Oliver, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Butler, Eben, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Butler, Edgar, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Butler, George, Co. G, 80th N. Y., March 10th '64.
 Butler, Jackson, Co. G, 80th N. Y., February 5th '62.
 Butler, L., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Butler, Marlin, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Butler, R., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Butler, Wellington, Co. G, 80th N. Y., March 8th '62.
 Butler, William, Co. G, 80th N. Y., April 22d '61.
 Clever, Isaac, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Clever, Newton, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Cole, Austin, Co. E, 15th N. Y. engineers, February '63,
 Cole, Edward, Co. G, 80th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Colpaugh, Daniel, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Cornish, Standish V., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Cunningham, Barney, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Cunningham, John, Co. G, 80th N. Y., February 13th '64.
 Cunningham, William H., [captain], Co. G, 80th N. Y., dis. Oct. 10th '64.
 Daugherty, Elbert E., Co. G, 80th N. Y., December 26th '64.
 Daugherty, Henry, Co. G, 80th N. Y., September 30th '62.
 Daugherty, James, Co. G, 80th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Daugherty, John.
 Decker, Danforth, Co. G, 80th N. Y., October 7th '64.
 Decker, Edward, 4th cavalry, August 29th '61.
 Decker, John, Co. G, 80th N. Y., January 24th '64.
 Decker, Martin V., Co. G, 80th N. Y., October 7th '61.
 Decker, Thomas, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Deyoe, James, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Doff, Frank, Illinois regulars, d. in Andersonville prison.
 Doff, George, Illinois regulars.
 Doff, Jefferson, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Doff, William Rufus, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Dougherty, William, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Downs, Albert, Co. G, 80th N. Y., September '61.
 Downes, David, Co. G, 80th N. Y., August 27th '62.

Downes, Robert, Co. G, 80th N. Y., January '62.
 Dunham, Addison, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Fairchild, Henry, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Fairchild, William, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Fiero, Conrad, Co. G, 80th N. Y., January 25th '64.
 Ford, Edwin L., Co. F, 120th N. Y., was imprisoned at Andersonville.
 Ford, Francis, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Frazier, Danforth J., 80th N. Y., September 3d '61.
 Garrison, James, January 19th '64.
 Garrison, John, 100th N. Y., October 5th '65.
 Goes, Aaron, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Grant, William, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Green, Samuel, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Green, William C., Co. G, 80th N. Y., September 19th '64.
 Ham, William, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Happy, Joseph, 134th N. Y., September 22d '62.
 Henry, Francis, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Henry, Michael, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Higgins, John, 15th N. Y., December 15th '63.
 Houghtaling, Stephen, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Humphrey, Alexander, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Humphrey, George, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Johnson, Alfred, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Johnson, Brayton, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Keeley, James, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Kelley, John, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Lake, Richard, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Lewis, James A., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Lewis, Thomas, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Lockwood, Lorenzo, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 McCullough, Robert, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Mayes, Orville, Co. G, 80th N. Y., February 8th '64.
 Newell, Judson, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Newkirk, Ephraim, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Parker, Henry, Co. G, 80th N. Y., January 4th '65.
 Parker, Enos, 133d N. Y., October 1st '64.
 Parks, J. C., Co. G, 80th N. Y., October 26th '61.
 Perry, Horatio, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Pettel, Gilbert [captain], Co. F, 120th N. Y., Aug. 22d '62, dis. June 3d '65.
 Pratt, Ellsworth, 15th cavalry, February 27th '64.
 Rider, Barnet, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Rider, Briggs, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Riley, Francis, Co. G, 80th N. Y., February 13th '64.
 Rivenburgh, David, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Scutt, Abram, Co. F, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62.
 Shaffer, William, Co. G, 80th N. Y., September 2d '62.
 Thompson, James E., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Thompson, Martin, 20th battery, September 5th '64.
 Tompkins, Orrin M., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Traphagen, Kimber, Co. F, 120th N. Y.
 Van Howson, Iretus, Illinois regiment.
 Van Valkenburgh, Nathan, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Van Valkenburgh, Jacob, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Van Valkenburgh, J. Monroe [lieutenant], Co. G, 80th N. Y., resigned Jan. 22d '63.
 Van Valkenburgh, John P. [sergeant], Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Van Valkenburgh, Lauren, Co. G, 80th N. Y., September 18th '64.
 Van Valkenburgh, Nicholas, Co. G, 80th N. Y., September 1st '62.
 Van Valkenburgh, Peter B., Co. G, 80th N. Y., September 1st '62.
 Van Wagner, Peter H., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Vermilyea, James C., Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Wheeler, Francis, Co. G, 80th N. Y., March '64.
 Wheeler, George, Co. G, 80th N. Y., April 22d '61.
 Whitney, Amasa, 89th N. Y., February '64.
 Whitney, Jonathan, Co. G, 80th N. Y., December '64.
 Whitney, Leonard, Co. G, 80th N. Y.
 Winters, Daniel, 4th cavalry, August 22d '62.
 Wright, Oliver, Co. F, 120th N. Y.

GREENVILLE.

Abrams, Epenetus.
 Abrams, Theron, 15th N. Y., engineers, February 29th '64.
 Abrams, William.
 Allerton, Leonard, 15th N. Y., engineers, September 15th '64.
 Austin, Gould, [sergeant] 20th N. Y. militia, April 25th '61.
 Austin, William, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Baker, Hiram W., 20th N. Y.
 Baldwin, Alfred, 20th N. Y., d. in service.
 Barker, Ayres G., [1st lieutenant, pro. captain] 120th N. Y., September 10th '62, k. at Gettysburg July 2d '63.
 Barker, Goodwin C., 120th N. Y., September '62.
 Barker, Platt, 91st N. Y., September 5th '61.
 Barker, George, 156th N. Y., February 22d '64.
 Barker, Ransom A., 91st artillery, September 1st '64.
 Bentley, George N., 18th cavalry, September 2d '64.

Belts, Aaron C., 91st artillery, April '64.
 Belts, Cyrastus H., 20th N. Y. militia, d. in service.
 Belts, John H., 43d N. Y., August '61.
 Burgess, Allen D.
 Buske, James D., 20th N. Y. militia.
 Calhoun, George B., 10th N. Y., October 6th '62.
 Calhoun, James A., 20th N. Y. militia, April '61.
 Calhoun, William D., 91st N. Y., September 1st '61.
 Campbell, Nelson, 156th N. Y., October 7th '62.
 Cass, Theodore, 139th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Cheesebro, John F., 7th N. Y., August 9th '62.
 Cheesebro, William H., 12th N. Y., August 25th '62.
 Connelly, Jerry, 20th N. Y. militia.
 Coonley, Edgar, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Coonley, Theodore, 15th N. Y. engineers, September 1st '64.
 Covoat, Philo, September 1st '64.
 Craw, Lucius, 120th N. Y., August '62.
 Dayley, Charles, 156th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Defraught, Edwin, 91st N. Y., December '61.
 Defraught, Edsall, August '62.
 Dickerson, William, 126th N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Dickinson, Albert, 26th N. Y., September, 61.
 Dickson, Richard, 26th N. Y., September '64.
 Eaton, John, 80th N. Y., February '64.
 Eldridge, Theodore, 20th N. Y. militia, d. in service.
 Ergensinger, John, 120th N. Y., January 6th '62.
 Eseland, David.
 Eseland, Nelson, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Evans, David jr., 7th N. Y.
 Evans, James, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Evans, Nathan, 18th cavalry, September 2d '64.
 Fisher, Fritz, 156th N. Y., September 1st '62.
 Foster, John, [corporal] 80th N. Y., September 19th '61.
 Garrison, George W., 120th N. Y., March 11th '65.
 Gifford, Myron E., 6th N. Y., September 1st '61.
 Griffin, Harvey, 156th N. Y., September 5th '62.
 Grober, Nicholas, 91st N. Y., August 31st '62.
 Haight, Levi A., 20th N. Y., April 10th.
 Hallock, William J., 4th heavy artillery, February '62.
 Helsingher, John L., 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Hollenbeck, William, 80th N. Y., January 4th '64.
 Holliday, Allen, 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Hunt, Silas, 15th N. Y. engineers, September '64.
 Irvine, Frederick, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Johnson, William, 120th N. Y., August 11th '62.
 Jones, Richard, 91st N. Y., September 6th '64.
 King, George W., 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Knapp, Ambrose, 120th N. Y., August 11th '64.
 Knapp, John, 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Knowles, William H.
 Lake, Charles, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64.
 Lake, James, 18th cavalry, September 2d '64.
 Lake, Philetus, [sergeant] 120th N. Y., August 19th '62.
 Lake, Roderick, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62.
 Lake, Romanus.
 Long John, 91st N. Y., August 18th '64.
 Lounsbury, Hardy, 80th N. Y., March 24th '65.
 Nash, George, 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Peters, James, 20th N. Y.
 Roe, Nathaniel, 10th N. Y., August '62.
 Rundle, Thomas J., [captain] 156th N. Y., September 1st '62, w. at Cedar Creek, dis. November 20th '65.
 Schofield, Erastus H., 15th N. Y. engineers, February 29th '64.
 Sriver, Alexander, 102d N. Y., November 8th '62.
 Sriver, Hiram, 159th N. Y., October 22d '62.
 Scipold, Lorenzo.
 Sherrill, Almot, 18th N. Y., September 10th '64.
 Showwalters, Henry, 8th Penn., August '61.
 Shute, Matthew, 18th N. Y., September 17th '64.
 Simpkins, Hercule, 20th N. Y., militia, April 10th.
 Simpkins, Stephen.
 Smith, Jeremiah, 15th N. Y. engineers, September 1st '64.
 Smith, Lewis J., 100th U. S., February '65.
 Smith, Walter, 18th N. Y., September 10th '64.
 Snyder, Henry W., 91st N. Y., September 5th '64.
 Tallman, Jacob, 20th N. Y. militia.
 Thompson, Joseph, 7th heavy artillery, August '62.
 Tompkins, Almont, 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Tummel, Lewis, 61st N. Y., November '61.
 Welch, Philetus R.
 Wilkins, William W., February 23d '64.
 Wood, John H., 91st N. Y., August 31st '64.
 Wood, Nathaniel, 91st N. Y., September 5th '64.
 Wood, Levi S., 156th N. Y., September '62.
 Youngs, Andrew, 97th N. Y., October 18th '61.

NEW BALTIMORE.

Bagley, Horatio.
 Bagley, Stephen J.
 Baxter, Samuel, 16th N. Y., May 2d '61.
 Besley, Jacob, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Bronk, Joseph, Co. K, 80th N. Y., October 13th '61 dis. January 4th, '64.
 Church, Francis, 2d cavalry, December 12th '63,
 Colvin, Henry, 54th N. Y., August 1st '61.
 Cure, Charles, 9th heavy artillery, September 19th '61.
 Duple, Charles, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Everson, George.
 Flansburg, Peter, 61st Mass., September 3d.
 Foreman, Orlando, 22d N. Y., September 8th '61.
 Gan, Isaac, 91st N. Y., September 9th, '61.
 Gedney, Edwin, 79th N. Y., February 17th '65.
 Hartwell, Dwight, Co D, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Hilton, Robert, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Hinman, Addison J., 18th cavalry, September 3d '64.
 Houghtaling Orrin D., 17th cavalry, October 3d.
 Houghtaling, William, 7th heavy artillery, October 25th.
 Ladd, George, 2d cavalry, July 2d.
 Langan, John, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 9th '62, k. at Gettysburg.
 Losee, George, 7th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Mansfield, James, 7th heavy artillery, August 4th.
 Mansfield, John, 100th N. Y., October 8th.
 Mansfield, Silas, 44th N. Y., October 1st '61.
 Marshall, John H., 2d cavalry, January 5th '62.
 Marshall, Tunis, 61st N. Y., September 12th, '62.
 Mead, Stephen, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Mead, Frederick, 44th N. Y., September 25th '61.
 Mead, Henry, 44th N. Y., September 25th '61.
 Mead, Frederick, 122d N. Y., February 9th '61.
 Post, Abram, 156th N. Y., October 10th '62.
 Powell, John jr., February 1st, '61.
 Powell, George.
 Ray, William E., landsman, Grand Gulf, Sept. 5th '64, dis. Sept. 4th '65.
 Roberts, Hurley, Co. I, 44th N. Y., August 8th, '62, dis. August 22d '64.
 Roberts, Storm, Co. B, 61st Mass., September 3d '64, dis. June 4th '65.
 Roberts, James H., recruiting ship, March 9th '61.
 Shanley, John F., 16th cavalry, May 23d '63.
 Smith, Abram, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 22d '62, dis. June 5th '65.
 Smith, Moses M., 2d cavalry, August 15th, '61.
 Smith, Joseph, 120th N. Y., August 9th '62.
 Smith, Eugene.
 Sowles, Newton, Co. B, 91st N. Y., September 20th '61, dis. June 10th '65.
 Stephens, William P., 15th N. Y. engineers, September 5th, '61.
 Sweet, Ward W., 28th Conn., August 18th '62.
 Teal, Robert, 91st N. Y., August 30th.
 Van Slyke, Samuel, 80th N. Y., August 16th '64.
 Warner, James, 7th heavy artillery, October 25th.
 Wolfe, Philip, Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 2d '62.
 Wolfe, T. P., 120th N. Y., August 2d '62.
 Wright, John F., Co. D, 120th N. Y., August 9th '62, dis. June 5th '65.

PRATTSVILLE.

Alberty, Gideon, 120th N. Y., August 18th '62, dis. October '63.
 Alberty, William, 91st N. Y., August 31st '64, dis. May 17th '65.
 Bacon, Leander, 1st U. S. cavalry, September 10th '64, dis. May 26th '65.
 Ballard, John E., 120th N. Y., August 2d '62, dis. June 2d '65.
 Barnum, Stewart, 15th heavy artillery, Jan. 14th '64 dis. Aug. 22d '65.
 Becker, Barant S., [2d lieutenant] 5th heavy artillery, March 7th '62, dis. August 1st '65.
 Becker, Leander C., 18th cavalry, October 1st '63.
 Bligh, Gilbert, 120th N. Y., August 5th '62, dis. July 7th '65.
 Brandow, George N., [corporal] 4th heavy artillery, February, d. at Fort DeKalb.
 Brandow, Hannibal, 4th heavy artillery, Sept. 1st '64, dis. June 10th '65.
 Brandow, Storm A., 4th heavy artillery, January 7th '64, d. at Salisbury December '64.
 Brandow, William, March 25th '64, dis. September 26th '65.
 Carr, John, 120th N. Y., August 6th '62, dis. November 21st '64,
 Carr, William, 80th N. Y., October 1st '61, dis. July 28th '62.
 Chamberlin, Chauncey, 5th heavy artillery, February 27th '62, d.
 Chamberlin, D B., 5th heavy artillery, Feb. 11th '62, dis. Feb. 16th '64.
 Chatfield, F. H., 51st N. Y., October 17th '61, dis. March 5th '64.
 Christian, Edwin, 80th N. Y., January 15th '63.
 Christian, Jesse, 15th heavy artillery, January 14th '64, dis. June 6th '65.
 Churchill, Elizar P., 4th heavy artillery, Jan. 4th '64, dis. Sept. 4th '65.
 Clark, James E., 4th heavy artillery, January '62, d. at Fort DeKalb, July 25th '62.
 Connine, Jacob, 33d N. Y., August '63.
 Cotton, Gordon, 5th heavy artillery, Feb. 27th '62, dis. March 25th '64.
 Cotton, Wallis, 5th heavy artillery, February 27th '62, d. at Baltimore May 4th '64.

Currie, William H., 120th N. Y., August 15th '62, dis. June 2d '65.
 Decker, Jacob, 144th N. Y., September 6th '64.
 Decker, Lorenzo, 5th heavy artillery, January 23d '64, dis. July 19th '65.
 Deyoe, Albert, 177th N. Y., Nov. 15th '62, d. at Vicksburg Aug. 22d '63.
 Deyoe, Martin, 90th N. Y., September 13th '61, dis. March 1st '62.
 Disbrow, Loren, 2d N. Y., August 21st '61.
 Doyle, James, 20th N. Y., April 18th '61, dis. August 22d '61.
 Doyle, John, 18th cavalry, September 7th '61, dis. June 2d '65.
 Dutcher, Henry, 120th N. Y., Aug. 18th '62, d. at Ashland Dec. 17th '63.
 Dutcher, H. Milton, 15th heavy artillery, Feb. 5th '64, dis. Sept. 1st, '65.
 Dutcher Newton, 33d N. Y., August '63, d. at Chattanooga.
 Foster, John, 15th heavy artillery, July '63.
 Frayer, Danforth J., 177th N. Y., November 19th '62, dis. July 4th '65.
 Frayer, Dwight E., 177th N. Y., November 8th '62, dis. August 27th '65.
 Frayer, Frederick, 177th N. Y., November 19th '62, d. July 4th '63.
 Frayer, Leander, 5th heavy artillery, February 11th '62, d.
 Frayer, Martin, 5th heavy artillery, February 11th '62.
 Frayer, William W., 177th N. Y., November 19th '62, dis. Oct. 5th '65.
 Gaffner, James, 5th heavy artillery, February 27th '62, dis. July 19th '65.
 Gaffner, John, 22d N. Y., dis. February 27th '61.
 German, Abel, 92d N. Y., August '62.
 German, James, 92d Illinois cavalry, August 19th '62, dis. Jan. 2d '65.
 Gray, Jonathan F., 15th heavy artillery, June 25th '64.
 Grinnell, Augustus H., 5th heavy artillery, August 12th '62, dis. April 14th '63.
 Groat, Zadock P., 120th N. Y., August 18th '62, k. at Petersburg March 25th '65.
 Harding, John E., 20th N. Y., August 27th '61.
 Hartwell, Melvin, [sergeant] 2d N. Y., April 18th '61, dis. Sept. 30th '65.
 Hellicus, Albert, 20th U. S. colored cavalry, August 26th '64, dis. April 17th '65.
 Hellicus, Alexander, 20th U. S. colored cavalry, January 12th '64, dis. August 28th '65.
 Hellicus, George, 20th U. S. colored cavalry, January 8th '64, dis. August 28th '65.
 Hellicus, Isaac, [corporal] 20th U. S. colored cavalry, January 4th '64, dis. October '65.
 Hill, Clark, 120th N. Y., June '64, k. at Petersburg, March 21st '65.
 Hill, Fenton, 120th N. Y., August 1st '62, dis. June 2d '65.
 Hoagland, Charles, 4th heavy artillery, March 24th '64, dis. Sept. 26th '65.
 Hoagland, James, 4th heavy artillery, January 7th '64, d. at City Point, August 20th '64.
 Hoagland, Thomas, 1st Michigan cavalry.
 Hoagland, Zadoc P., 146th N. Y., Sept. '63, k. at Petersburg, June 2d '64.
 Hogaboom, Adelbert, 15th heavy artillery, Feb. 5th '64, d. July 21st '65.
 Hogaboom, Chauncey, 80th N. Y., September 11th '61, d. Dec. 1st '62.
 Howks, George, 71st N. Y., May 14th '61, dis. April 17th '64.
 Jordan, James, 20th N. Y., April 21st '61, dis. August 22d '61.
 Jordan, Moses, 20th N. Y., April 21st '61, d. June 2d '65.
 Kane, Barney, 144th N. Y.
 Lafferty, Charles, 18th cavalry, September 17th '64, dis. Jan. 7th '65.
 Lafferty, William, 15th heavy artillery, Jan. 14th '64, dis. August 22d '65.
 Lewis, George, 15th heavy artillery, January 19th '64, dis. in '65.
 Lewis, James, 80th N. Y., September '61, k. in battle of Bull Run.
 Lewis, Joseph, 80th N. Y., September '61, d. at Falmouth, May 19th '62.
 Lewis, Thomas, 80th N. Y., Sept. '61, taken prisoner, fate unknown.
 Lown, David, 91st N. Y., September 1st '64, dis. June 7th '65.
 McArdell, James [capt.], 20th N. Y., April 21st '61, dis. August 22d '61.
 Maginnis Edwin, 15th heavy artillery, January 24th '64, missing.
 Maginnis, Richard, 15th heavy artillery, Jan. 14th '64, dis. June 21st '66.
 Maginnis, William [sergt.], 15th N. Y., Sept. 25th '61, dis. Aug. 19th '65.
 Manzor, David, 80th N. Y., January 15th '63, d.
 Maze, Abner, 51st N. Y., Septembr 4th '62.
 Merwin, Martin, 51st N. Y., December 16th '61.
 Mondore, Alonzo, 80th N. Y., January 12th '64, dis. June 10th '65.
 Mondore, Charles, 1st U. S. cavalry, Sept. 10th '64, dis. Sept. 30th '65.
 Mondore, Lewis, 144th N. Y., d. in service.
 Mondore, Madison, 51st N. Y., August 19th '61, dis. August 11th '65.
 Mondore, Nelson [capt.], 80th N. Y., January 3d '64, d. March '65.
 Newcomb, Sylvester, 51st N. Y., August 19th, '62.
 Orr, John, 5th heavy artillery, February 16th '62.
 Proper, Harrison, 80th N. Y., August 9th '62, dis. June 13th '65.
 Proper, Henry, 120th N. Y., September 10th '61, dis. June 3d, '65.
 Proper, Hiram, 51st N. Y., September 16th '64, dis. June '65.
 Proper, Horace, 15th heavy artillery, January 15th '64, dis. May 30th '65.
 Person, Hiram, 101st N. Y., January 15th '62, dis. June 27th '65.
 Rightmyer, Jacob, 51st N. Y., September 20th '65, dis. January 28th '65.
 Rockafeller, Andrew [sergt.], 4th heavy artillery, January 15th '62, dis. September 26th '65.
 Rockafeller, Martin, 4th heavy artillery, Jan. 17th '64, dis. Sept. 26th '65.
 Schermerhorn, Francis, 22d N. Y., October '62.
 Schermerhorn, Paul A., 120th N. Y., August 10th '62, dis. June 2d '65.
 Shoemaker, Martin, 15th heavy artillery, Jan. 4th '64, dis. May 30th '65.
 Shoemaker, Smith, 15th heavy artillery, July '63.
 Shoemaker, Thomas, 101st N. Y., January 15th '62, d.
 Shouts, Derwain, 51st N. Y., August 17th '61.

Sloat, Sylvanus, 51st N. Y., August 15th '62, dis. October 18th '64.
 Snyder, Jacob, 4th heavy artillery, January 15th '64, dis. Feb. 3d '65.
 Snyder, John H., 4th heavy artillery, January 19th '64, dis. Sept. 21st '65.
 Spencer, George W., 80th N. Y., February 21st '65, dis. May 8th '65.
 St. John, Thomas, 51st N. Y., Jan. 8th '64, d. at Annapolis, Mar. 26th '65.
 Stocking, Zelotus [sergt.], 5th heavy artillery, February 10th '62, dis. July 19th '65.
 Story, John, 18th cavalry, September 7th '64.
 Story, Zera B., 101st N. Y., February 16th '62.
 Van Loan, Wyckoff, 5th heavy artillery, Aug. 12th '62, dis. July 29th '65.
 Weed, Franklin, 18th cavalry, September 7th '61, dis. July 2d, '65.
 White, Charles J. [drum major], 5th heavy artillery, December 1st '61, dis. February '64.
 Whitman, Francis B., 4th heavy artillery, Jan. 19th '64, dis. Sept. 29th '65.
 Whitman, Lawrence, 2d Mass. cavalry, July 18th '64, dis. July 15th '65.
 Whitman, W. S., 22d N. Y., October 3d '64, dis. July 15th '65.
 Wiltsie, George, 120th N. Y., October 6th '62, dis. August 22d '65.

WINDHAM.

Barlow, Joseph, 80th N. Y., September 12th '61.
 Bartholomew, Hiram, March 4th '65.
 Blodgett, John, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Briggs, Amos, 80th N. Y., September 12th '61.
 Calkins, M. B., 80th N. Y., April 4th '62.
 Clark, Orlando, 80th N. Y., September '64.
 Clark, W. P., 1st artillery, February 24th '64.
 Cole, Charles.
 Cornell, Isaac, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Cornell, L. B., 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Crandell, John, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Delamater, William, 44th N. Y., October 3d '61.
 Derby, Henry, 15th heavy artillery, July 11th '64.
 Disten, George, 80th N. Y., August 27th '61.
 Ferris, Edward, 50th N. Y., September '61.
 Fisher, E. W., 44th N. Y., August 3d '61.
 Fuller, William, 80th N. Y., September 4th '61.
 Garvey, J. H., 4th cavalry, August 22d '62.
 Greenwood, Daniel, 80th N. Y., September 23d '61.
 Halden, David, 80th N. Y., September '65.
 Hadden, Lewis, 4th heavy artillery, January 16th '64.
 Hapeman, Robert, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Hapeman, William, 80th N. Y., September 23d '61.
 Hayes, A. S., 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Hoagland, Martin.
 Halcomb, Sterling, 99th N. Y., August 22d '61.
 Holmes, Asa, 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Holmes, Charles, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Hopkins, William, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Hough, Lewis, 15th N. Y. engineers, September 17th '64.
 Hough, Romano, 4th cavalry, September 8th '61.
 Howard, Daniel, 80th N. Y., September 16th '64.
 Howard, Wesley, 57th N. Y., October 11th '61.

Hughson, George, 80th N. Y., August 22d '62.
 Hughson, John, 80th N. Y., September 4th '62.
 Jenne, John F., 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Jerome, John, 120th N. Y., August 4th '62.
 Jones, Egbert, 4th cavalry, August 22d '62.
 Johnson, Andrew, 121st N. Y., March 29th '65.
 Judd, Dennis, 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Judd, Ezekiel, 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Judd, Henry, 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Judd, Jehial, 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Judson, William H., 80th N. Y., August '61.
 Kane, Barnard, 47th N. Y., September '63.
 Like, George W., 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Mansfield, George, 57th N. Y., September '61.
 Maynard, Francis, 120th N. Y., January '64.
 Maynard, Hiland, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Marshall, John, 120th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Marshall, Joseph, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 McQueen, Dwight, 1st light artillery, February '64.
 Miller, Abram.
 Miller, Harlow.
 Miller, Zeba, 80th N. Y., September 9th '64.
 Newberry, James, 4th heavy artillery, January 25th '64.
 Parker, George, 80th N. Y., August 16th '64.
 Payne, Charles, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Payne, Edwin, 57th N. Y., September '61.
 Payne, Oscar 1st artillery, September 22d '64.
 Peterson, Charles, 57th N. Y., October '61.
 Phelps, Edward, 131st N. Y., March '65.
 Pierce, John H., 80th N. Y., September 18th '61.
 Preston, D. S., 120th N. Y., August 16th '62.
 Price, George W., 6th heavy artillery, January '64.
 Reynolds, Hiram T., 143d N. Y., September 14th '62.
 Reynolds, Ira S., 120th N. Y., August 12th '62.
 Rice, James, 16th heavy artillery, September '64.
 Sanford, C. R., 80th N. Y., September '64.
 Sherman, Edgar, 15th heavy artillery, January 12th '64.
 Sherman, Jerome, 15th heavy artillery, January 12th '64.
 Slaler, Smith, 120th N. Y., August 14th '62.
 Smith, J., 80th N. Y., September 16th '62.
 Sparling, William J., 21st N. Y., March 31st '65.
 Southard, Nelson, 80th N. Y., September 16th '61.
 Southard, Theodore, 80th N. Y., September 18th '64.
 Sutton, Ashel, 4th cavalry, August 16th '62.
 Tibbals, George H., 120th N. Y., August 10th '62.
 Van Aiken, Giles, 120th N. Y., August 10th '62.
 Warriner, Talmage, 80th N. Y., September 4th '61.
 West, A. E., 30th N. Y., April '62.
 White, Henry, 80th N. Y., September 8th '64.
 Wiltsey, George, 120th N. Y., August 13th '62.
 Woolhiser, C. F., 4th heavy artillery, January '65.
 Woolhiser, Charles, 120th N. Y., August 1st '62.
 Woolhiser, Sylvester, 99th N. Y., September 22d '61.