

HANDBOOK



KAPPA PSI
PHARMACEUTICAL
FRATERNITY

HANDBOOK

of

KAPPA PSI PHARMACEUTICAL FRATERNITY

Issued for and by authority of

THE GRAND COUNCIL

OF

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KAPPA PSI PHARMACEUTICAL FRATERNITY

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A MESSAGE FROM ALPHA CHAPTER

DEAR KAPPA PSI PLEDGE:

Alpha Chapter is pleased to learn that you have pledged Kappa Psi. Congratulations and a most cordial welcome to you.

This Handbook has been made available to you as a special fraternity service because of our interest in you and a desire to be of assistance to you in obtaining the maximum benefit from the coming pledge training period. We believe you will find much valuable information in it relative to fraternities in general and to Kappa Psi in particular.

Membership in Kappa Psi will be one of the richest experiences in your life. It offers association with many members in your profession from the time one allies himself with our organization until death. It will be an important factor toward the full development of your personality; it will broaden your interest in people; it will develop self-confidence; and it will be looked upon with pride all through the coming years of your professional and social life. These are but a few of the many valuable benefits awaiting you.

We trust that you will successfully pass your probationary period so that we can soon greet you as a Brother in Kappa Psi.

Cordially yours,

ALPHA CHAPTER

Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity

I

A DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES

The object of this Declaration is to codify the aims and objectives of Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity into a permanent form which will serve and guide fraternal action and conduct now and in years to come. To the principles here stated, we individually and collectively pledge our devotion and allegiance.

Since man is a social being, frequent contact and intimate association with his fellows is necessary for his broad development. As a consequence, we believe such organizations as the Kappa Psi Fraternity, one of whose purposes is to promote these ends, have an important place in our profession and our society as a whole. We believe there is no more opportune time for a man to foster such qualities than during his college days, for this is the formative period of his life when his heart and mind are in the most receptive condition.

We believe that a fraternity should be a brotherhood in thought and conduct as well as in name. By our daily actions we should show our devotion to the principles we have solemnly obligated ourselves to observe, and as a result we should enjoy the privileges of fraternal association.

We recognize the importance of mental development but we also consider the acquisition of a knowledge of men and a proper concept of their relation to one another equally significant. To promote these ends is one of the primary purposes of this fraternity. We feel proud to be accepted in the brotherhood of Kappa Psi but do not look down on other members of our profession who do not belong to Kappa Psi.

We condemn as un-American an attitude of exclusiveness toward non-fraternity men since this action is contradictory to the idea of true fraternal spirit.

We believe that we should maintain an attitude of dignity and respect toward other fraternities. While our relations to other fraternities may be competitive in a measure, competition can be wholesome and beneficial to both school and fraternity when honorable methods are employed. When unprincipled means are employed, when school and professional spirit are subordinated to fraternal prejudice and selfishness, it becomes detrimental to the school and the fraternity. Competition in this form we condemn and pledge our efforts to avoid.

We believe that the essential elements of true brotherhood are love, charity, and esteem; love, that binds our hearts in fraternal affection; charity, that is quick to see virtues in a Brother and slow to reprove his faults; esteem, that is respectful to the honest convictions of others and

that refrains from treading upon that which is sacred to spirit and conscience.

We believe in secrecy so far as it enables our Fraternity to protect its confidences. We condemn secrecy when it is promoted for selfish purposes or utilized to cloak fraternal wrong-doings. Just as secrecy is employed to perpetuate the sanctity of the family relations, so it should be employed to preserve inviolate the confidences and sanctities of the Brotherhood.

We consider sterling character and good scholarship as necessary qualifications for membership in Kappa Psi Fraternity. While there are many other estimable qualities which we deem important in the professional fraternity man, they are secondary to these.

Finally, we believe that only by maintaining a high standard of moral, social, and professional conduct during college days can a man become a worthy American citizen and a respected member of his profession. Accordingly, as Kappa Psi members, we pledge that we will take an active, unselfish part in the general campus affairs of our school, and that all of our objectives will be in accord with the aims and purposes of our school and the profession of pharmacy.

Specifically, the objectives of Kappa Psi Fraternity are:

- (a) To conduct a fraternal organization for the mutual benefit of its members.
- (b) To develop industry, sobriety, and fellowship; and to foster high ideals, scholarship, and pharmaceutical research.
- (c) To support all projects which will advance the profession of pharmacy and to actively participate in them.
- (d) To inspire in its members a deep and lasting pride in their fraternity and in the profession of pharmacy.
- (e) To render such other services to its members and its profession as may seem feasible and as may be in accordance with the Constitution and By-Laws of the Fraternity.

II

THE AMERICAN COLLEGE FRATERNITY SYSTEM

The American college fraternity system is composed of general or social, professional and honorary fraternities, and recognition societies. Each of these maintains different requirements for membership and varies in its activities. One of the purposes of this handbook is to set forth the differences that exist between professional fraternities and other organizations of this group.

At its December, 1943 meeting, the Professional Interfraternity Con-

ference adopted the following definition of a professional fraternity: A professional fraternity may be defined as a "specialized fraternity which limits its student membership to a specific field of professional education in accredited colleges and universities offering courses leading to recognized degrees therein; which maintains mutually exclusive membership in that field, but may initiate members of general social fraternities; and which organizes its group life specifically to professional competency and achievement within its field."

Membership in professional fraternities may be gained only by qualified male students who are engaged in the pursuit of a professional degree in a particular profession, and male faculty members. The professional fraternity requires a minimum scholastic average of each candidate for membership and elects its members by secret unanimous ballot only after a careful investigation of the individual. The activities include regularly scheduled business meetings, professional meetings and programs and social events. These are frequently held for the mutual benefit of both active and alumni members. Many chapters maintain chapter houses for their active members. Every effort is made to initiate qualified students early in their college career in order that they may actively participate in the professional programs of the fraternity. While the professional fraternity recognizes the value of both social and professional contacts in the growth of the student, emphasis is usually placed on professional aspects.

General or social fraternities initiate male students from any of the respective colleges or schools of a university and usually require only a passing grade for membership. A chapter house is almost always maintained and social and extracurricular activities are emphasized.

Honorary fraternities exist for the purpose of recognizing excellence in scholastic attainment. Membership is open to both men and women who meet the scholastic requirement, at the end of the junior or senior year of college. While certain programs are sponsored by these organizations, these are usually of an academic or professional nature; social and extracurricular activities are not emphasized.

Recognition societies are composed of those organizations whose membership requirements and activities do not coincide with those of the professional, social, or honorary fraternities. Membership is contingent upon a proficiency or interest in a special activity or an individual academic subject such as art, drama, languages, literature, music, etc. and is usually open to both men and women.

Where accrediting organizations exist for schools or colleges of a particular profession, collegiate chapters of professional fraternities may be established only in accredited institutions.

Professional fraternities exist in all professional fields. According to

the Professional Interfraternity Conference there are more than thirty professional fraternities in the United States and Canada, of which there are over one thousand active chapters and a membership of approximately a half million professionally trained men.

Since Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity is a professional fraternity, it adheres to the general requirements for this type organization. It is a member of the Professional Interfraternity Conference, and permits chapters to be installed only in those schools or colleges of pharmacy that are credited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education.

All true fraternities, regardless of their type, play an important part in the overall development of a young man's character. Students join and are associated with them during the most important character-forming years of their lives; and Kappa Psi in accordance with the pledged ideals of fraternities also helps develop each man's character.

The fraternity man's ideas of self and school will be more clearly defined:

(1) Group consciousness and group loyalty will become a part of his way of thinking. The fraternity also teaches a man to work, live, and think with other men. The disciplinary methods of fraternities also help prepare the young man for his professional life. The fraternity has a set way of doing things and a definite time for things to be done so that it exerts a constructive influence and helps stabilize one's thoughts.

(2) Erroneous ideas about fraternities should be understood by all incoming members of Kappa Psi. The first is that a fraternity is an example of brotherly perfection and that all members live in a world of complete harmony. Kappa Psi is not a perfect fraternity but it aims at this end. The value of the fraternity is that it appeals through mutual pride to the individual to live up to the ideals of the organization.

(3) Another mistaken idea of the fraternity is that it means something for nothing. The fraternity member will derive from his association with the fraternity only as much as he puts into it and once realizing this fact, he is inclined to follow the basic principles of democracy upon which our organization is founded.

III

A BRIEF HISTORY OF PROFESSIONAL FRATERNITIES

Although the first Greek letter fraternity to be associated with an institution of higher learning was founded on December 5, 1776, at the College of William and Mary at Williamsburg, Virginia, the professional fraternity did not come into being until 1819. This first fraternity which

was founded shortly after the signing of the Declaration of Independence originally existed as a literary society and was known as Phi Beta Kappa. Gradually this society evolved into an honorary society in colleges of letters and science as we know it today.

The first Greek letter professional fraternity was a medical society organized at Transylvania University, Lexington, Kentucky, in 1819 and was known as the Kappa Lambda Society of Aesculapius. This society dissolved in 1835. Further growth of the professional fraternity was not manifested until approximately 1870 when a large number of professional schools were adopted into the framework of the universities of the United States. The next twelve years proved to be very fruitful in the growth of the professional fraternity.

On December 13, 1869, the first law fraternity, Phi Delta Phi, was established at the University of Michigan. Nu Sigma Nu medical fraternity and Delta Sigma Delta dental fraternity were founded at the same institution on March 2, 1882, and November 15, 1882, respectively.

Kappa Psi was founded in 1879 and was the first pharmacy fraternity to join the ranks of the professional fraternities.

The early growth of the professional fraternity was supported primarily by the health and law professions. Other professions were not represented until after the turn of the twentieth century when the first chemistry fraternity, Alpha Chi Sigma, was organized at the University of Wisconsin on December 11, 1902. The first professional commerce and business administration fraternity, Alpha Kappa Psi, was established at New York University on October 5, 1904. Theta Tau, engineering fraternity, was founded at the University of Minnesota on October 15, 1904, and on January 24, 1905, Phi Delta Kappa, education fraternity, was established at Indiana University. On February 25, 1909, Scarab was founded at the University of Illinois and this was closely followed by Sigma Delta Chi, journalism fraternity, on April 17, at DePauw University.

Each of the above professional fraternities was rapidly followed by other Greek letter fraternities in their respective fields.

The Professional Interfraternity Conference now recognizes professional fraternities in the fields of architecture, chemistry, ceramics, commerce, dentistry, education, engineering, journalism, law, medicine, music, pharmacy, and theology.

The first pharmaceutical fraternity had its inception* as Kappa Psi Fraternity at the Russell Military Academy in New Haven, Connecticut, on May 30, 1879. The second pharmacy fraternity was founded at the University of Michigan on November 2, 1883. The latter fraternity was sponsored by the dean of the College of Pharmacy. It was first known as Phi Chi Fraternity but the name was changed to Phi Delta Chi in

March, 1909. Rho Pi Phi was founded at the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy on January 20, 1919, and Alpha Zeta Omega was founded at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and Science in December, 1919.

Kappa Psi not only has the distinction of being the first professional fraternity in pharmacy but today maintains the largest membership of all the pharmaceutical fraternities.

IV

THE HISTORY OF KAPPA PSI FRATERNITY

EARLY YEARS

According to early records, which are incomplete, the organization now known as Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity was founded at the Russell Military Academy in New Haven, Connecticut, on May 30, 1879, by Mr. F. Harvey Smith.

On Thanksgiving Day, November 30, 1879, just after a football match with Cheshire Military Academy, as a result of association between students, a second Chapter was established at Cheshire. These two Chapters continued to exist for ten or twelve years.

On June 12, 1894, a group of students attending Hillhouse Academy in New Haven, Connecticut, conceived the idea of forming a secret society. With the aid and guidance of F. Harvey Smith, a member of Kappa Psi when at the Russell Military Academy, the third Chapter of Kappa Psi was finally installed on October 7, 1894. The ritual devised by the Russell and Cheshire Chapters was used. This Chapter at Hillhouse remained active until 1896.

With the establishment of the Chapter at Hillhouse, the idea of a national organization developed in the minds of several of the members. In 1896, representatives from the three Chapters met and decided to organize and designate the national Chapter as Alpha. F. Harvey Smith was made the Grand Alpha (Grand Regent) and Preston W. Eldridge, Jr. did the organizational correspondence.

COLLEGIATE KAPPA PSI

Some members of the Hillhouse Chapter were planning to enter other schools within the next year or so. Several planned to enter medical schools, one or two planned to enter pharmacy schools, and several considered enrolling in the regular academic course at some university. Plans were laid for the future expansion and organization of Kappa Psi on a national scale.

Delta Chapter. In the fall of 1898, William F. Clark, who had been a member of the Hillhouse Chapter, entered the University of Maryland

School of Medicine at Baltimore and organized the Chapter. This was the first Collegiate Chapter of Kappa Psi to be installed.

Gamma Chapter. The Chapter thus organized at the University of Maryland was designated as the Delta Chapter of Kappa Psi Fraternity. It will be recalled that Alpha Chapter was the designation given the group from the three old chapters who were planning national expansion. At the same time that William F. Clark entered the University of Maryland School of Medicine, Albert Kaehle and his brother entered Columbia University College of Pharmacy. At once they set about organizing the Chapter there. From Baltimore, after installing Delta, F. Harvey Smith and Preston W. Eldridge, Jr. went to New York and there, two days later (November 20, 1898), installed Gamma Chapter, the second Collegiate Chapter of Kappa Psi, at Columbia University College of Pharmacy. It was a matter of economic necessity and opportunity which decided that Delta Chapter was installed before the first organized group awaiting installation in New York City.

Beta Chapter and Others. Upon graduating from Hillhouse Academy, Preston W. Eldridge, Jr. entered Yale and attempted to form a chapter of Kappa Psi there. For this the Beta designation was reserved. However, this Chapter did not materialize as Eldridge did not continue long at Yale, going into the business world instead. Thus the original Collegiate Chapter of the Fraternity instead of being Beta was Delta of the University of Maryland School of Medicine (November 18, 1898) being closely followed by Gamma of Columbia University College of Pharmacy (November 20, 1898). Less than two years later, when a petition was received from a group at the University College of Medicine at Richmond, Virginia, that Chapter was designated as Beta and installed as such on March 31, 1900. Its charter was withdrawn January 19, 1906, although the Chapter was later revived on November 21, 1910.

In 1903, Kappa Psi was incorporated as a national fraternity and for many years thereafter it existed as a joint medical-pharmaceutical fraternity with Chapters being chartered in both medical and pharmacy schools and colleges.

On March 19, 1904, Theta Chapter was installed in the Medical College of Virginia at Richmond, thus making the 8th Collegiate Chapter. It was preceded by Alpha (Grand Chapter, Marshalton, Delaware), Delta (University of Maryland, Baltimore, Maryland), Gamma (New York College of Pharmacy, New York), Beta (University College of Medicine, Richmond, Virginia), Epsilon, Zeta, and Eta Chapters.

On November 17, 1917, the Delta Omicron Alpha Medical Fraternity which was founded at Tulane University in 1904, merged with Kappa Psi.

On January 26, 1918, the Phi Delta Medical Fraternity, which was

founded at Long Island Hospital College in 1901, was merged with Kappa Psi.

In 1924, by mutual agreement, Fraternity members representing both professions decided that the Fraternity should separate into two distinct organizations, one for medical students and one for pharmacy students. Under the provisions of the agreement the pharmacy division retained the name "Kappa Psi." The medical division adopted the name "Theta Kappa Psi" for the new medical fraternity. Since the harmonious separation, both fraternal groups have grown strong and prosperous with large memberships and considerable prestige in their respective spheres.

Kappa Psi has continued to grow not only in size, but in quality of membership as well, and today we find the names of many of the leaders in pharmacy on our membership rolls.

Any male student enrolled in an accredited college or school of pharmacy at which a Collegiate Chapter of Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity has been established is eligible for membership provided that he is in good standing and meets the requirements of the individual institution and of the local Chapter of Kappa Psi. However, membership in Kappa Psi is not available to those students who are members of (except honorary) or who have been expelled from another pharmacy fraternity. Membership in Kappa Psi does not preclude membership in social or honorary fraternities.

Likewise, membership in Kappa Psi is selective but not restrictive; that is, members are selected on the basis of their personal qualifications and not on the basis of race or religion.

Kappa Psi maintains a serious atmosphere through its professional programs and thus supplies the intellectual stimulus so essential in pursuing college work in pharmacy. Because of the emphasis on high scholastic attainment, professional fraternities are well accepted by most colleges of pharmacy and their faculty members.

The social functions and contacts, and the opportunity to develop qualities of leadership so necessary to the general growth and development of a young man are as readily available in Kappa Psi Fraternity as in any other fraternal organization.

V

THE ORGANIZATION AND GOVERNMENT OF KAPPA PSI FRATERNITY

Democratic in nature, Kappa Psi has a simple yet effective system of organization. Each Chapter has its own by-laws which are in accordance with the Constitution of the Fraternity, and each Chapter is self-governing under the supervision of the Central Office.

The GRAND COUNCIL is the supreme legislative, judicial, and executive body of the Fraternity. It is composed of the national officers, two delegates from each Collegiate and Graduate Chapter, and certain other members as defined by the constitution. The Grand Council meets every two years, after Christmas Day and before the reopening of the colleges after the Christmas holidays. This meeting is known as the National Grand Council Convention. Each Collegiate and Graduate Chapter is entitled to two votes in Grand Council.

During the adjournment of the Grand Council, the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE is the chief legislative body of the Fraternity. This committee is composed of the Grand Regent, the Grand Secretary-Treasurer, two members appointed from the Collegiate Chapters, and two members appointed from the Graduate Chapters. The immediate past Grand Regent, First Grand Vice Regent, and the Editor of THE MASK are *ex-officio* members. Appointments are made for a period of one year. The committee usually meets once annually although meetings may be held more frequently if urgent business demands such action. The Executive Committee possesses all the prerogatives of the Grand Council and may act in its stead; however, the Executive Committee is responsible to the Grand Council in all its actions and rulings, and hence any action taken by this committee may be reversed at a subsequent meeting of the Grand Council.

ALPHA CHAPTER is composed of the Grand Officers who are elected to office by the Grand Council. The CENTRAL OFFICE is managed by the Grand Secretary-Treasurer and is currently maintained in Springfield, Pennsylvania.

The Grand Officers are:

Grand Regent
First Grand Vice Regent
Second Grand Vice Regent.....
Third Grand Vice Regent.....
Grand Secretary-Treasurer
Grand Historian
Grand Counselor
Grand Ritualist

The Fraternity is divided into seven geographical areas known as PROVINCES with boundaries established by the Executive Committee. At least one Province Assembly or convention is held between the Grand Council meetings, usually during the alternate year. Delegates of the various Chapters within the Province meet at these Assemblies to discuss the Chapter problems and make recommendations to the Grand Council.

Each Province has its own by-laws and officers, and is under the supervision of one of the Grand Officers who acts as a liaison agent for the Alpha Chapter.

Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity is a well-known national organization in pharmacy with definite aims and purposes. The individual Chapters are established primarily to facilitate the dissemination of the teaching of this organization and to give added strength to the parent body. Individual Chapters, therefore, recognize that the aims and purposes of the Fraternity as a whole take precedence over purely local desires. Loyalty to the Fraternity and support of its objectives are thus the first prerequisites for successful Chapter development.

Each Chapter operates as an individual organization properly authorized by a charter from the national headquarters. All Chapters have their own by-laws and are self-governing. The constitution of Kappa Psi and the by-laws of each Chapter constitute its government. The Chapter Officers are:

Regent
Vice Regent
Secretary
Treasurer
Chaplain
Historian
Grand Council Deputy

Additional officers may be elected by any Chapter if they are needed.

Thus, the organization of Kappa Psi is a close, well-integrated one, with each Chapter operating as a complete unit within its own Province, and all Provinces operating in close contact with the Central Office.

Kappa Psi currently (1955) has forty-seven active Collegiate Chapters, twenty-two active Graduate Chapters, and a membership of over twenty thousand. Quite obviously, such a national organization is capable of providing its members with opportunities not easily provided by smaller organizations.

The accompanying map shows the distribution of the Collegiate Chapters of Kappa Psi.

VI

THE STATUS OF THE PLEDGE OF
KAPPA PSI FRATERNITY

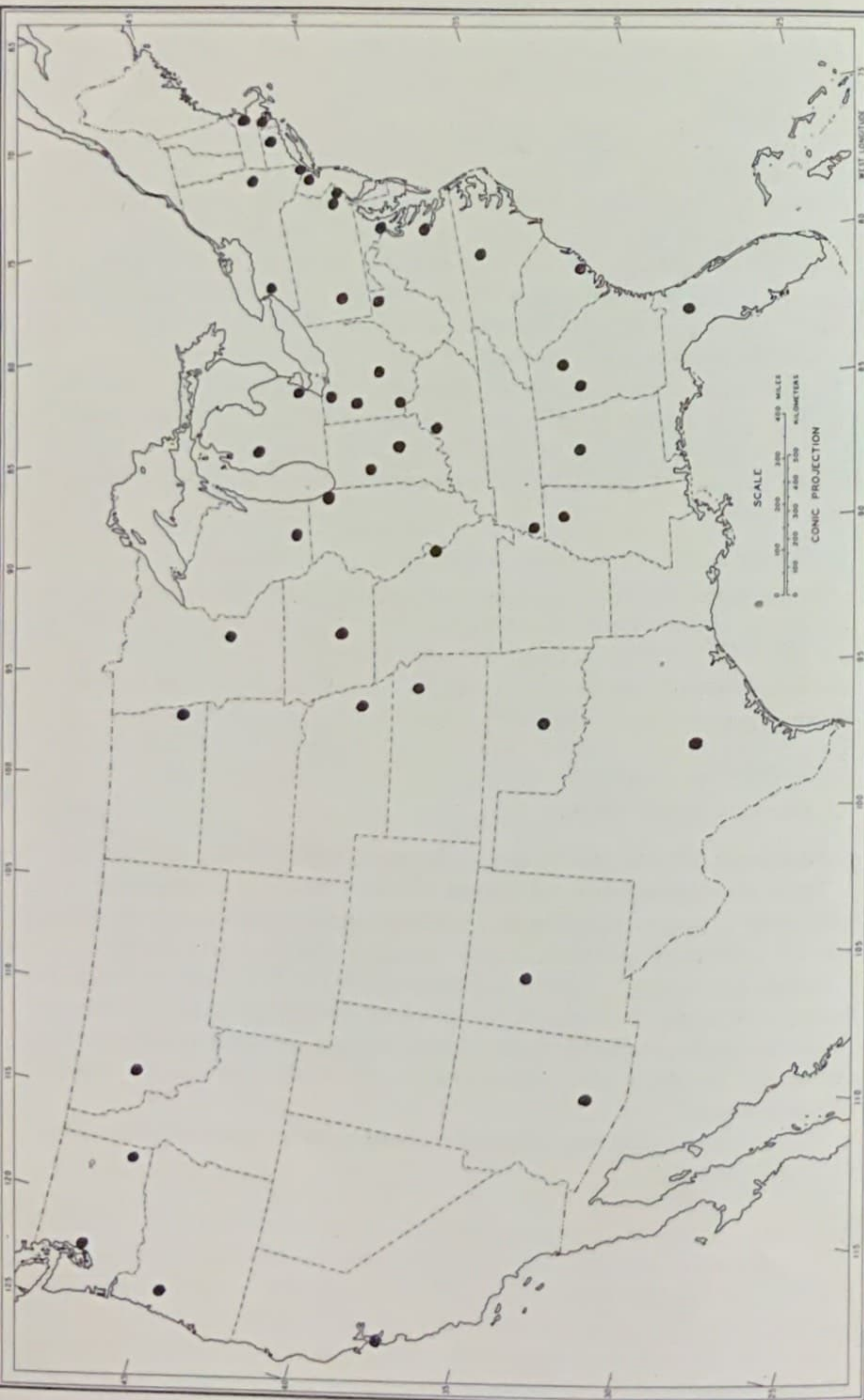
When a young man formally agrees to join the Fraternity he is usually known as a pledge. A pledge should realize that he has been selected for membership in Kappa Psi because the active members believe he possesses the necessary attributes to uphold the aims and ideals of the Fraternity and the profession of pharmacy. The pledge must, therefore, be cognizant that he has incurred certain responsibilities by declaring his intentions to join the Fraternity and should make every effort to fulfill the trust that has been placed in him by the members of the Fraternity.

The Kappa Psi pledge does not relinquish any of his moral or religious ideals, social or legal rights, political beliefs, or his family or personal relationships, and his status as an individual changes only in that he voluntarily assumes a new responsibility—that of living up to the professional standards expected of all Kappa Psi men. Since any new association requires some personal adjustment, the pledge should try to learn the ways of Kappa Psi and should adapt himself as much as possible to its standards and procedures.

Prospective members must learn as much as possible about the Fraternity and take an active part in all ventures of the Fraternity in which pledges are permitted to participate. It is well to remember that the approach to membership should be one in which the pledge is prepared to work hard for the betterment of society, pharmacy and the Fraternity rather than the expectation of personal gain.

Although Kappa Psi has modest national initiation fees and dues which are adjusted to the financial status of the average pharmacy student, the pledge must be prepared to meet these financial obligations. Any organization must be dependent upon the financial support rendered by its members in order to remain strong and carry on programs for the mutual benefit of the Fraternity members and the profession as a whole.

The prospective member should understand the meaning of his pledgeship, and should enter into it in the same manner that he would enter into any period of training. Actually, the pledgeship period may be compared to an apprenticeship. The pledge is introduced to the ideals, objectives, and regulations of Kappa Psi and is given time to learn and understand them. During his pledgeship he has the opportunity to evaluate himself and his Brothers-to-be and to have any doubts or questions cleared up before he takes the oath of membership. The pledgeship is a trial period, and during this time the pledge is required to submit to



Map Showing Distribution of Forty-Seven Collegiate Chapters of Kappa Psi, January, 1955

the authority of his more experienced Brothers. One of the chief purposes of pledgship is to teach all new Brothers the necessity for respecting and obeying the regulations and laws of organized groups which are established for the good of their members.

The obligations and duties of a pledge in Kappa Psi may be briefly stated as follows:

1. The pledge is expected to have the time to give proper attention to the interests of Kappa Psi *without neglecting or interfering with his scholastic duties.*

2. He is expected to work whole-heartedly and without complaint to advance the interests of Kappa Psi. He should accept any reasonable assignment cheerfully and without question.

3. Every pledge is expected to pay all financial obligations when due. This applies not only to expenses of the Fraternity but to personal obligations as well.

4. He must regard the Fraternity with a spirit of respect and sincerity and must remember that his personal conduct and actions reflect upon his Fraternity and his Brothers.

5. He must realize that, in becoming a member of Kappa Psi, he is making a permanent and binding association which will benefit him only as much as he helps it to prosper.

However, the pledge of Kappa Psi has certain inherent rights and privileges as well as obligations, and he should not consider himself an unimportant person; actually, *the pledges of Kappa Psi are an important part of the Fraternity because they are the ones who will determine its future.*

Kappa Psi is a true brotherhood, and all pledges have the right to expect brotherly treatment from the active members. In this light, good fellowship and banter are to be accepted as part of the pledgship but abusive treatment or action of any nature which endangers body or self respect are not a part of Kappa Psi. The pledge has the right to expect that his dignity as an individual will be respected.

All pledges have a right to their personal ideas and thoughts; and these ideas will be respected by all members of Kappa Psi whether they agree with them or not.

A pledge has a right to expect moral and gentlemanly behavior on the part of his associates, and should feel free to condemn anything that is clearly in conflict with the high principles of Kappa Psi.

A pledge has the right to speak to any Chapter Officer about any condition he does not understand or approve. However, the rights of a pledge to influence any of the Chapter actions are relatively small. Technically he has no such rights until he is initiated, and any conferences with the Chapter Officers must be on a personal basis.

Finally, all pledges of Kappa Psi have the right to expect the friendship and support of the Collegiate Members and Graduate Members of the Fraternity and to look forward to a lifetime of pleasant and profitable associations in Kappa Psi.

VII

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MEMBERSHIP IN KAPPA PSI FRATERNITY

Membership in Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity embodies all of the obligations incurred by a pledge of the society, but many other responsibilities are also assumed.

The perpetuation of the high ideals of the Fraternity is dependent upon the caliber of men selected for membership. The active members of Kappa Psi must, therefore, be vigilant in selecting and investigating new members for the Fraternity.

As a member of Kappa Psi, certain secrets of the organization will be communicated to you. These are honest secrets intended only to serve the Fraternity and not detrimental to individuals who are not members. Members of Kappa Psi are expected to conceal these honest secrets in the same manner as they conceal their most private affairs.

Since competent leaders must be chosen to manage the individual Chapters, the members must elect officers who are not only capable of performing the duties of their station, but who are also capable of initiating fruitful endeavors for the growth of the Fraternity. Thus, in order for Kappa Psi to continue to grow numerically and economically stronger and still maintain the high level of efficiency it now enjoys, men of vision must be elected to guide the Fraternity. It is evident that a strong organization is required to carry out the current and future programs designed to substantially contribute to the welfare of the profession and its members.

Members of Kappa Psi are expected to respect the principles of democracy and majority rule which, as in our great country, are adhered to by our Fraternity. Unreserved loyalty to our country, profession, college, and Fraternity is manifested by all Kappa Psi men.

The privileges of membership in Kappa Psi are as numerous as the active member makes them. One of the greatest privileges and pleasures in life is the feeling of "belonging"—and Kappa Psi offers to all members the pleasure of good fellowship, the prestige of professional recognition, and the inner pride of acceptance on the basis of personal qualifications.

THE COLLEGIATE MEMBER OF KAPPA PSI

Membership in Kappa Psi has a very definite meaning: it signifies that you have been chosen by your associates as a person whom they want to call "Brother." Election to membership in Kappa Psi is one of the highest and most sincere compliments that can be paid to you, and it should not be treated lightly.

Young male students, early in their college careers, are often besieged with many opportunities to join various fraternal organizations. Kappa Psi carefully investigates each prospective member in an attempt to learn as much as possible about his moral character, personality, and scholastic ability. The student should also investigate the fraternity he contemplates joining. Thus he should learn the motives, ideals, and principles of the fraternity and the reputation of the individual chapter on a particular campus. No doubt, he will also be interested in whether the fraternity is a strong national organization, has strong alumni support, and if there are adequate opportunities to make valuable professional contacts which will benefit him after he is graduated.

Since the objectives of Kappa Psi have already been stated, the questions raised in the preceding paragraph can be answered briefly by stating that this Fraternity attempts to further in every possible way the advantages of its members, professionally, socially, morally, and intellectually. Kappa Psi exists for the avowed intent of promoting brotherhood not only among its members but all mankind.

The advantages of fraternal affiliation may be obtained in many of the various types of fraternities but the professional fraternity such as Kappa Psi also offers its members association with other members of their chosen profession of pharmacy. The contacts made by a student with fellow members of the Fraternity span a lifetime and promote cooperation among fellow pharmacists for the mutual benefit of the members and the profession.

THE GRADUATE MEMBER OF KAPPA PSI

A man becomes a member of Kappa Psi for life, not just the duration of his college years. The Graduate Members of Kappa Psi in good standing enjoy all the rights and privileges of Collegiate Members. Graduate Chapters are established throughout the United States and are formed as a result of friendships and fraternal ties made while in college. These Graduate Chapters are chartered in the same manner as Collegiate Chapters and assist nearby Chapters in any way they can. Thus, the members of Kappa Psi can enjoy their fraternity even after they leave their collegiate group.

VIII

THE BROTHERHOOD OF
KAPPA PSI FRATERNITY

Kappa Psi has the largest membership of all Pharmacy fraternities and is one of the largest of all professional fraternities with more than twenty thousand members. The members of the Fraternity are found in every state in the United States and in many foreign countries.

Active Collegiate Chapters are located in many of the principal universities and Graduate Chapters are found in many cities and states.

COLLEGIATE CHAPTERS, ACTIVE: 47

<i>Chapter</i>	<i>Chartered</i>	<i>Location</i>
Gamma	1898	Columbia University, New York, N.Y.
Epsilon	1928	University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.
Eta	1902	Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and Science, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Theta	1904	Medical College of Virginia, Richmond, Va.
Iota	1927	Medical College of South Carolina, Charleston, S.C.
Mu	1907	Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, Boston, Mass.
Nu	1928	University of Connecticut, Storrs, Conn.
Xi	1925	Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio
Pi	1928	Purdue University, W. Lafayette, Indiana
Rho	1932	University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kan.
Upsilon	1909	University of Kentucky, Louisville, Ky.
Chi	1910	University of Illinois, Chicago, Ill.
Psi	1910	University of Tennessee, Memphis, Tenn.
Omega	1910	Rutgers University, Newark, N.J.
Beta Gamma	1910	University of California, San Francisco, Calif.
Beta Delta	1910	Albany College of Pharmacy, Albany, N.Y.
Beta Epsilon	1911	Rhode Island College of Pharmacy & Science, Providence, R.I.
Beta Zeta	1911	Oregon State College, Corvallis, Oregon
Beta Eta	1925	University of West Virginia, Morgantown, W.Va.
Beta Kappa	1913	University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Beta Lambda	1925	University of Toledo, Toledo, Ohio

<i>Chapter</i>	<i>Chartered</i>	<i>Location</i>
Beta Xi	1915	University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N.C.
Beta Omicron	1916	University of Washington, Seattle, Wash.
Beta Pi	1916	State College of Washington, Pullman, Wash.
Beta Rho	1926	University of Mississippi, University, Miss.
Beta Sigma	1923	North Dakota State College, Fargo, N.D.
Beta Upsilon	1930	Butler University, Indianapolis, Ind.
Beta Phi	1927	University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Ohio
Beta Chi	1930	Drake University, Des Moines, Iowa
Beta Psi	1919	University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.
Beta Omega	1930	Temple University, Philadelphia, Pa.
Gamma Gamma	1934	University of Texas, Austin, Texas
Gamma Delta	1920	Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio
Gamma Epsilon	1920	University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb.
Gamma Zeta	1935	Howard College, Birmingham, Ala.
Gamma Eta	1920	Montana State University, Missoula, Mont.
Gamma Iota	1920	University of Buffalo, Buffalo, N.Y.
Gamma Omicron	1921	University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.
Gamma Pi	1946	St. Louis College of Pharmacy and Allied Sciences, St. Louis, Mo.
Gamma Rho	1948	University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, N.M.
Gamma Sigma	1949	University of Florida, Gainesville, Fla.
Gamma Tau	1950	George Washington University, Washington, D.C.
Gamma Upsilon	1950	University of Arizona, Tucson, Ariz.
Gamma Phi	1951	University of Georgia, Athens, Ga.
Gamma Chi	1952	Ferris Institute, Big Rapids, Michigan
Gamma Psi	1953	Southern College of Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.
Mu Omicron Pi	1927	Detroit Institute of Technology, Detroit, Mich.

COLLEGIATE CHAPTERS, DORMANT: 3

<i>Chapter</i>	<i>Chartered</i>	<i>Location</i>
Sigma	1909	University of Maryland, Baltimore, Md.
Tau	1922	University of Southern California, Los Angeles, Calif.
Beta Nu	1914	Creighton University, Omaha, Neb.

GRADUATE CHAPTERS, ACTIVE: 22

<i>Chapter</i>	<i>Location</i>
Akron	Akron, Ohio
Albany	Albany, N.Y.
Arizona	Tucson, Ariz.
Atlanta	Atlanta, Ga.
Boston	Boston, Mass.
Buffalo	Buffalo, N.Y.
Chicago	Chicago, Ill.
Columbus	Columbus, Ohio
Connecticut	New Haven, Conn.
Detroit	Detroit, Mich.
District of Columbia	Washington, D.C.
Kentucky	Louisville, Ky.
Minnesota	Minneapolis, Minn.
New Jersey	Newark, N.J.
New York	New York, N.Y.
Philadelphia	Philadelphia, Pa.
Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh, Pa.
Portland	Portland, Ore.
Providence	Providence, R.I.
San Francisco	San Francisco, Calif.
Seattle	Seattle, Wash.
Wisconsin	Madison, Wis.

IX

KAPPA PSI COAT-OF-ARMS, INSIGNIA, AND OTHER EMBLEMS

The COAT-OF-ARMS of Kappa Psi Fraternity is a composite of symbols of the Fraternity intended for general decorative purposes and is used on jewelry, stationery, printed matter, and other objects which may have special Kappa Psi significance.

THE INSIGNIA of Kappa Psi Fraternity consist of a composite of symbols of the Fraternity, the meaning of each being fully explained in the Ritual of Initiation. This emblem should never be reproduced on jewelry, stationery, or anything not directly associated with the Ritual of Initiation. Neither the Insignia nor the Coat-or-Arms should be used in any way which might subject them to abuse.

The official BADGE of Kappa Psi Fraternity, known as the pin, occurs in the shape of a rhombus having other features described in the Constitution. The Fraternity forbids the loan of this badge to any man not a member of the order.

Other pieces of jewelry include the PLEDGE BUTTON, the RECOGNITION BUTTON, and the KΨ LAPEL LETTER BUTTON, the significance of which is indicated in their respective names. The SCHOLARSHIP KEY and the ASKLEPOIS KEY are special scholarship awards.

The colors of the Fraternity are SCARLET AND CADET GRAY, the official flower is the RED CARNATION, and the official flag or PENNANT is made in the official colors and carries the Greek letters Kappa and Psi.

The emblems of the Fraternity are covered by United States copyrights and may not be reproduced except by the official jeweler, the L. G. Balfour Company of Attleboro, Massachusetts.

X

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

KAPPA PSI AWARDS

While being a member of Kappa Psi is a reward in itself, the Grand Council has two annual awards for which all members are eligible. The Grand Council Scholarship Key and Certificate are given to the members of Kappa Psi who attain the highest scholastic rank in the entire graduating class at their particular school of pharmacy.

The Ray S. Kelley Research Award consists of a cash gift of \$500.00 to be given each year, as voted by the Executive Committee and/or Grand Council, to a Kappa Psi Brother who has completed his under-



COAT-OF-ARMS



INSIGNIA



BADGE



PLEDGE BUTTON



RECOGNITION BUTTON

LAPEL LETTER
BUTTON

PENNANT



SCHOLARSHIP KEY



ASKLEPOIS KEY

graduate training in pharmacy and has been accepted for graduate work in a recognized graduate school. This is a competitive award and all members are informed of the procedure for application.

These awards demonstrate the emphasis placed upon high scholastic achievements by the Fraternity, and in addition to them, many Chapters have their own awards.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF KAPPA PSI

The Fraternity publishes a quarterly journal entitled *THE MASK*. This journal which has been published continuously since 1904, publishes Chapter correspondence and articles of professional interest which tend to enhance the progress of the Fraternity and all branches of pharmaceutical science. An official directory of new members known as *The Agora* is also included in the July issue of *THE MASK* each year.

All initiates of Kappa Psi receive a subscription to *THE MASK* which is renewable at its expiration by individual subscription.

Other publications of Kappa Psi include (1) the Ritual which contains the official procedure to be followed in all Fraternity functions, (2) the Constitution which is promulgated by the Grand Council for its own government and for that of its component Chapters so that there may be one final rule by which all may be governed, and (3) the Handbook for the instruction and guidance of the pledges and members of Kappa Psi.

COMMENTS ON INITIATION

In recent years much publicity—some of it unfavorable—has been given fraternity initiations in various parts of the country. Kappa Psi never loses sight of its professional origin and ideals, and the whole process of initiation is intended to uphold the principles of Kappa Psi.

Kappa Psi strongly rejects those procedures that subject the candidate to public display, physical maltreatment, and coarse or vulgar stunts. The pledge training program of Kappa Psi is designated to be a worthwhile venture for the new member and to provide him with the opportunity to learn more about his profession, his college, and his chosen Fraternity.

By order of the Alpha Chapter the initiation ceremony must likewise be devoid of such procedures that would (1) offend the sensibilities of any person, (2) profane any part of the human body, (3) be likely to cause bodily pain or injury in any manner whatsoever, or (4) be open to serious objection or criticism by anyone who might be inclined to find fault with any part of the initiation. Thus, the prospective member or pledge of Kappa Psi is assured that his initiation will be conducted with the decorum and dignity that befits the professional fraternity.

THE GREEK ALPHABET

<i>Greek Letter</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>English Equivalent</i>	<i>Pronunciation</i>
A α	alpha	A	āl'fā
B β	beta	B	bā'ta
Γ γ	gamma	G	gā'mā
Δ δ	delta	D	dēl'tā
E ε	epsilon	E	ēp'-sī-lōn
Z ζ	zeta	Z	zā'tā
H η	eta	E	ā'tā
Θ θ	theta	Th	thā'tā
I ι	iota	I	ī-ō'tā
K κ	kappa	K	kāp'ā
Λ λ	lambda	L	lam'dā
M μ	mu	M	mū
N ν	nu	N	nū
Ξ ξ	xi	X	zi
O ο	omicron	O	ōm'īkrōn
Π π	pi	P	pi
Ρ ρ	rho	R	rō
Σ σ	sigma	S	sīg'mā
T τ	tau	T	tō
Υ υ	upsilon	U	ūp'sī-lōn
Φ φ	phi	Ph	fī
Χ χ	chi	Ch	kī
Ψ ψ	psi	Ps	sī
Ω ω	omega	O	ō-mē'ga

A fraternity man should have a knowledge of the Greek alphabet and be able to identify and pronounce correctly any Greek character or combination of characters.

XI

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- Q. What is the complete name of our Fraternity?
A. Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity.
- Q. By what other names may the Fraternity be known?
A. Kappa Psi Fraternity or Kappa Psi.
- Q. When and where was Kappa Psi founded?
A. Kappa Psi was founded at the Russell Military Academy, New Haven, Connecticut, May 30, 1879.
- Q. Who was the founder of Kappa Psi?
A. F. Harvey Smith

5. Q. What pharmaceutical fraternity was the first to become a member of the Professional Interfraternity Conference?
A. Kappa Psi in 1928.
6. Q. Can a member of another pharmaceutical fraternity become a member of Kappa Psi?
A. No.
7. Q. Can a person who has been expelled from another pharmaceutical fraternity join Kappa Psi?
A. No.
8. Q. Can a member of Kappa Psi belong to any other fraternity?
A. A member of Kappa Psi may be a member of a social and/or honorary fraternity or society.
9. Q. Name the various types of fraternities.
A. Professional, general or social, and honorary.
10. Q. What type of a fraternity is Kappa Psi?
A. Kappa Psi is a professional pharmacy fraternity.
11. Q. When was Kappa Psi organized solely as a pharmacy fraternity?
A. In 1924. The medical counterpart then became known as Theta Kappa Psi.
12. Q. Where may Collegiate Chapters of Kappa Psi be established?
A. Only in accredited schools or colleges of pharmacy in the United States and Canada.
13. Q. Where may Graduate Chapters be established?
A. In any locality where there are a sufficient number of Kappa Psi alumni to make the establishment of a Graduate Chapter feasible.
14. Q. How many active Collegiate Chapters of Kappa Psi are there today?
A.
15. Q. How many active Graduate Chapters of Kappa Psi are there today?
A.
16. Q. How may charters for Chapters be granted?
A. By approval of the Legislative Committee of the Grand Council.
17. Q. How are Chapters divided for administrative purposes?
A. Into seven Provinces based on geographical location.
18. Q. When was your Chapter installed?
A.
19. Q. What is the name of the national headquarters of Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity and where is it located?
A. The Central Office of Kappa Psi Pharmaceutical Fraternity. It is located in Springfield, Pennsylvania.
20. Q. Can a member of Kappa Psi resign?
A. No. Membership is for life. However, members may be expelled according to conditions set forth in the Constitution.

21. Q. What is the supreme legislative, judicial, and executive body of Kappa Psi?
A. The Grand Council.
22. Q. How often does the Grand Council meet and what is this meeting called?
A. Every 2 years. This meeting is called the National Grand Council Convention.
23. Q. When are the National or Grand Officers elected?
A. Every two years at the National Grand Council Convention.
24. Q. When the Grand Council is in adjournment, what is the chief legislative body of the Fraternity?
A. The Executive Committee.
25. Q. Do Collegiate Members serve on the National Executive Committee?
A. Yes, there are two appointed each year to serve for one year.
26. Q. What are the publications of Kappa Psi?
A. THE MASK, the *Constitution*, the *Ritual*, and the *Handbook*.
27. Q. When was the first issue of THE MASK printed?
A. In 1904.
28. Q. Who is the current Grand Regent?
A.
29. Q. Who is the current Grand Secretary-Treasurer?
A.
30. Q. What are the official colors of the Fraternity?
A. Scarlet and cadet gray.
31. Q. What is the official flower of the Fraternity?
A. The red carnation.