PETER ZUMTHOR ATMOSPHERES

Architectural Environments · Surrounding Objects



## Conversing with Beauty

There is an exchange, a give-and-take, between Peter Zumthor's buildings and their surroundings. An attentiveness. An enrichment. Words like atmosphere and mood inevitably come to mind when faced with Zumthor's architecture; the perfectly tempered feel of his built spaces is immediately communicated to viewers, residents, visitors and the immediate neighbourhood. Peter Zumthor appreciates places and buildings that offer people a haven, a good place to live and unobtrusive support. Reading a place, becoming involved with it, working out the purpose, meaning and goal of a brief, drafting, planning and designing a piece of architecture is therefore a convoluted process that does not follow a straightforward, linear path.

For Peter Zumthor, atmosphere is an aesthetic category. This publication gives readers insight into the role it plays in his work and what it means to him. Reprinted here is the lecture the Swiss architect delivered on 1 June 2003 on the occasion of (Wege durch das Land), a Festival of Literature and Music in Germany. Titled (Atmospheres. Architectural Environments. Surrounding Objects), the lec-

The Island of the Dead (first version), Arnold Bocklin 1880, Kunstmuseum Basel

in readings and concerts performed by actors, writers and and explored affinities between locations and the arts as ments, talking, asking questions, conjuring images... through towns and bleak, dispersed building developjoined forces, walking through fields and meadows, Within the framework of this project, Peter Zumthor and I panied by dance theater, exhibitions and discussions. ensembles of both local and international origin, accomis varied through the ages or links one place with another linking it to a person, a literary event or a motif. This then philosophical ventures that always begin with a location. part of the project (Poetic Landscapes). The latter are ture fittingly took place in the castle of Wendlinghausen

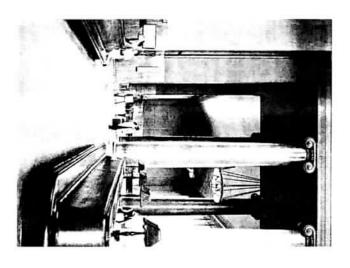
over several days, which took inspiration from the archicome is unadorned architecture that is deeply rooted in and beauty - revered by Italy's great Renaissance archipremises of its age: use and convenience, permanence Wendlinghausen is a prime example of the architectural tecture of the Weser-Renaissance style of the castle in The lecture itself was embedded in a program extending tect Andrea Palladio in the spirit of Vitruvius. The out-Wendlinghausen to inquire into the measure of beauty

> early 17th-century Italy. Danish writer Inger Christensen's as well as their inner beauty, the core of things. It is peranalysed whether beauty can be translated: outer beauty, Palladio's buildings highlighted the motif of beauty and Andrea Mantegna - as well as Goethe's Italian Journey to reading from her novel (The Painted Room) - about the literary and musical program was devoted to 16th and the landscape and constructed out of local materials. The haps apt to speak of the poetic quality of things. the measure of things, their proportions, their materials famous nuptial suite of the Duke of Mantua, painted by

than 400 listeners, was kept to a minimum. Zumthor's words, editing of the lecture, delivered to more To preserve the spontaneity and immediacy of Peter

Brigitte Labs-Ehlert

Detmold, October 2005



The title (Atmospheres) is generated by a question that has interested me for quite some time. And you are unlikely to be surprised when I tell you what it is: what do we mean when we speak of architectural quality? It is a question I have little difficulty in answering. Quality in architecture does not — not to me anyway — mean inclusion in architectural guides or histories of architecture or getting my work into this or that publication. Quality architecture to me is when a building manages to move me. What on earth is it that moves me? How can I get it into my own work? How could I design something like the room in that photograph — one of my favourite icons, a building I have never seen, in fact I think it no longer exists — a building I just love looking at. How do people design things with such a beautiful, natural presence, things that move me every single time.

One word for it is atmosphere. This is something we all know about. Our first impression of a person. What I learned was: don't trust it — give the guy a chance. Years passed. I got a bit older. And I have to admit that I'm back to believing in first impressions. It's a bit like that with architecture, too.

Broad Street Station, Richmond, VA. John Russell Pope, 1919



Lenter a building, see a room, and – in the fraction of a second – have this feeling about it.

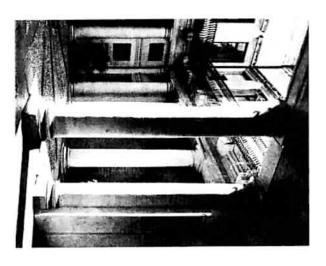
nata No. 2 in E Flat Major for Viola and Piano) I have no viola comes in - just two seconds and we're there! (So-The first movement of Brahms's viola sonata, when the ion. We know all about emotional response from music. through things from A to B in a mentally organised fashequally capable of, and which I love, too: thinking our way That is very different from linear thought, which we are taneous emotional response, of rejecting things in a flash. away. We are capable of immediate appreciation, of a spon-Something inside us tells us an enormous amount straight might be better heading off in the opposite direction. whether or not we like something or whether indeed we every situation grants us time to make up our minds on which we humans evidently need to help us survive. Not ty - a form of perception that works incredibly quickly, and but it is there nonetheless. Not so power-fully as with that greatest of arts, music idea why that is so, but it's like that with architecture, too. We perceive atmosphere through our emotional sensibili-

> Baking Day in Vrin. Carrying Bread, Ernst Brunner, 1942. Ernst Brunner Collection, Basel



each with a plastic carrier bag. Temperature: pleasantly lightly across the square, their bonnets gently swaying. me imagining - two nuns waving their hands in the air, trip more slowly. Two nuns - we're back to reality now, not just imagine the start of the holidays making everybody walk engine sounds, occasional noises from a building site. I cafe. Just the right number of people. A flower market square offers me a panorama - the facades of houses, grand arcade - long, tall, beautiful in the sunlight. The I am going to read you something I wrote about this in my helmshaped spires of the two church towers are unequal: looking across, as I am, at the twin-towered church. The pedestal in the square before me has its back turned green upholstered sofa, while the bronze figure on its tall birds, a gentle murmuring from the crowd, no cars, no conversations nearby, footsteps on the square, on stone, the shade, pleasantly blue. Wonderful range of noises: Sunlight. Eleven o'clock. The opposite side of the square in the church, the monuments. Behind me is the wall of the Maundy Thursday 2003. Here I am. Sitting in the sun. A notebook. Just to give you an idea of what I mean. It is fresh, and warm. I am sitting in the arcade on a pale-

> Bruder Klaus Chapel. under construction, Mechernich, building in the landscape, model



of a beautiful thought. But what I'm talking about here is course, I know the magic that lies in thought. The passion architect that is what I deal with all the time. Actually, it's are not the same. An elementary experiment, certainly an experiment: I take away the square - and my feelings what I'd call my passion. The real has its own magic. Of quite logical really. People interact with objects. As an those feelings without the atmosphere of the square. It's square and my feelings disappear. I could never have had please excuse the simplicity of my thinking: I remove the the beholder. Meaning: it is all in me. But then I perform famous Platonic sentence to mind: Beauty is in the eye of filled me while I was sitting there. Which brings that me? My mood, my feelings, the sense of expectation that try to decipher. Forms I find beautiful. What else moved textures, forms too - forms I can appreciate. Forms I can ple, the air, noises, sound, colours, material presences, moved me? Everything. The things themselves, the peoly from the right across the square towards me. So what peak of its spire. In a minute or two B, will walk diagonalshapes. One is taller, with a golden crown surrounding the identical at the bottom, they gradually rise into individual

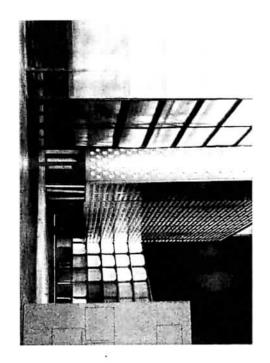
> Palazzo Trissino Baston, Vincenzo Scamozzi, 1592, Vicenza, inner courtyard



something I often find even more incredible: the magic of things, the magic of the real world.

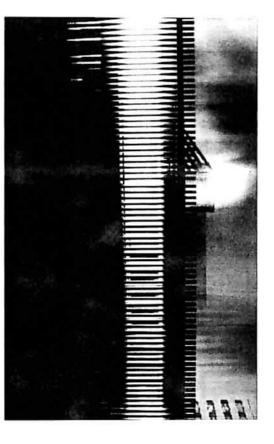
Student Housing, Clausiusstrasse, Hans Baumgartner, 1936, Zürich

cal pronunciation, melodic clarity, harmonies plain and this: Radical diatonism, forceful and distinctive rhythmiencyclopaedia of music. I've had it enlarged and put up on bility of his formal structures (André Boucourechliev on simplicity and transparency of his musical fabric, the stasevere, a piercing radiance of tone colour, and finally, the whose name you're bound to guess, and he put it like The musicologist was writing about a composer, one the wall in our office. I said: that's how we've got to work! another quotation. A sentence by a musicologist in an things and things that are not so good in the world. Here's you can't. And the reason I can is because there are good go about it? And then I think: yes, you can. And I think: no phere like that, its intensity, its mood. And if so, how do I lask myself: can lachieve that as an architect - an atmossitting around - and they're enjoying themselves too. And dents' hostel, a thirties picture by Baumgartner. Men, just wonder, what is this 'Magic of the Real' - Café at a stu-A question. A question I put to myself as an architect. I



ably the products of sensitivities themselves, personal also highly sensitive and individual. In fact, they are probquestion are highly personal. I have nothing else. They are one of my buildings. Of course, these answers to the me most when I try to generate a certain atmosphere in out about the way I go about things and what concerns divided into nine very short chapters, of what I've found eye on myself, and I'm going to give you an account now. are all part and parcel of my work. I've been keeping an and graft. Processes and interests, instruments and tools ating architectural atmosphere also comes down to craft it, and I find that consoling: the idea that the task of creit also tells me is that a great deal of work has gone into us - to touch me - within seconds of listening. But what read. What it tells me is something about atmosphere: the man). That's now up on the wall in our office for everyone to sensibilities, making me do things in a particular way composer's music has that quality too, the ability to touch the truly Russian Spirit of Igor Strawinsky's musical gramsion project, model De Meelfabrik project, Leiden, Netherlands, conversion and expan-

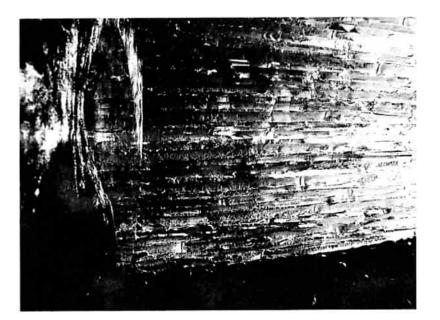
First answer, Its title: (The Body of Architecture). The material presence of things in a piece of architecture, its



of beams and they in turn, are covered etc etc. That kind of thing has a sensual effect on me. And that is what I would call the first and the greatest secret of architecture, that it collects different things in the world, different materials, and combines them to create a space like this. To me it's a kind of anatomy we are talking about. Really, I mean the world dody: quite literally. It's like our own bodies with their anatomy and things we can't see and skin covering us — that's what architecture means to me and that's how I try to think about it. As a bodily mass, a membrane, a fabric, a kind of covering, cloth, velvet, silk, all around me. The body! Not the idea of the body— the body itself! A body that can touch me.

Second answer – a grand secret, a great passion, a joy for ever. «Material Compatibility». I take a certain amount of oak and a different amount of tufa, and then add something else: three grams of silver, a key — anything else you'd like? To do it I would need someone to be the owner, so we could get together and arrange things — first in our heads, and then in the real world. And we would look and

Documentation Centre, Topography of Terror, Berlin, view of the bar frame exterior, model



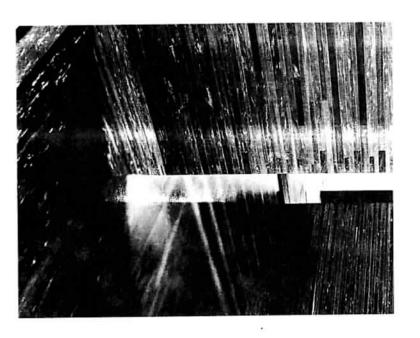
and mass to counteract the weight of the exposed conbetter after all. I suddenly saw it - the cedar was so soft took that to the real building site. O shit! The cedar was crete - which also has this unbelievable lustre. Then we harder, something more like ebony - with enough density building. It was too soft. I was going to need something surfaces in a huge living-room in this exposed concrete quite sure I wouldn't be able to use some soft cedar for up - in fact, this happened to me just last week I was things will turn out. And when one actually puts the stuff to become. One is always having ideas - imagining how possibilities in one material alone. This is the kind of work light - different again. There are a thousand different will turn into something else again. Then hold it up to the tiny amounts of the same stone, or huge amounts, and it it - it will become a different thing each time. Then take stone: you can saw it, grind it, drill into it, split it, or polish gives rise to something unique. Material is endless. Take a and have their radiance, so that the material composition I love, and the longer I do it the more mysterious it seems there would be a reaction. Materials react with one another see how these things reacted together. And we all know

> Bruder Klaus Chapel, under construction, Mechernich, model of lead floor and water



mention that all the same, because I've always had the of thing, where I've seen it again and again; that atmosfeeling that as an architect, as a master builder, he must pheric energy you find in Palladio especially. And I'll just I've written down (Palladio), which is where I find this kind for another half an hour. Yes, because I have examples. know what I mean! No - otherwise I'd be talking about this gether in a building has a lot to do with ... - okay, you and that kills them. Which means that putting things toand there's a point too where they're too close together, a critical proximity between materials, depending on the you'll find they're too far away from each other to react, materials in a building, and there's a certain point where type of material and its weight. You can combine different mysterious to me. And there's something else too. There's That is just one example of why things often seem so ear structure was seen to be too brittle. It was never used softer, paler ones. In the end the cedar with its stark, lingrained precious woods were reintroduced, along with mahogany we'd used. One year later, dark, hard, richly I went and took all the palisander stuff out again, the and had no trouble at all asserting itself in this milieu. So

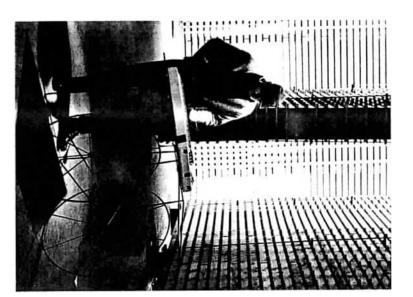
> Bruder Klaus Chapel under construction, Mechernich, sample cast of lead floor



weight of materials, indeed of the very things I'm trying to have had an extraordinary sense of the presence and talk about

> 1996, Vals, Graubunden Thermal Baths Vals, Peter Zumthor,

terminal, or you hear sounds in a town and so on. But if in a great hall: the noises in the grand interior of a railway and pans and what have you. But there are sounds, too, home because I could hear her banging about with pots I was in the front room I always knew my mother was at mother made in the kitchen. They made me feel happy. If mind are the sounds when I was a boy, the noises my rooms: speaking personally, what always comes first to my a room makes. The sounds we associate with certain But unfortunately many people are not aware of the sound slab. Do you notice the difference in sound? Of course lin and lay it across wood. Or again: stick it to a concrete applied. Take a wonderful spruce floor like the top of a viothey contain, and the way those materials have been mitting it elsewhere. That has to do with the shape peculiar to each room and with the surfaces of the materials large instruments, collecting sound, amplifying it, trans-Thirdly: (The Sound of a Space). Listen! Interiors are like



When we speak, when we talk to each other - what will matic? How does it really sound, when we walk through it I realise the sound I am making must remind you of a serquiet rooms and imagine the sound they make with all much noisier and you have to go to some lengths to make much here, perhaps. But I know other places that are mon - but isn't it more simple than that, and more pragtheir proportions and materials in a stillness of their own. because our world has become so noisy. Well, not so imagine the building in that stillness. I mean trying to make beautiful thing when you're making a building and you enter a space that's soundproofed. It's lovely. I find it's a you only really feel there's something else there when you idea what they are. Maybe it's the wind or something. But the building a quiet place. That's pretty difficult these days. They have sounds that aren't caused by friction. I've no Try it out yourselves. I think each one emits a kind of tone. The question arises: does the building still have a sound? with nothing left, nothing there to touch anything else building, and if we try to imagine what that would be like now - and imagine extracting all foreign sound from a we take it a step further - even if it gets a bit mystical

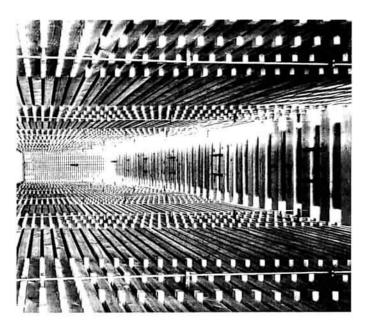
> Expo 2000. Hannover Swiss Sound Box,



the sound be? And what if I want to sit in a living-room and talk to three good friends on a Sunday afternoon and read at the same time? I've got something written down here: the closing of a door. There are buildings that have wonderful sounds, telling me I can feel at home, I'm not alone. I suppose I just can't get rid of that image of my mother, and actually I don't want to.

Fourth, (The Temperature of a Space). I am still trying to name the things that are important to me in the creation of atmospheres. Temperature, for instance. I believe every building has a certain temperature. I'll explain what I mean. Although I'm not very good at doing so even when the subject interests me so much. The most beautiful things generally come as a surprise. We used a great deal of wood, lots of wooden beams, when we built the Swiss Pavilion for the Hanover World Fair. And when it was hot outside the pavilion was as cool as a forest, and when it was cool the pavilion was warmer than it was outside, although it was open to the air. It is well-known that materials more or less extract the warmth from our bodies. Steel, for instance, is cold and drags the temperature down

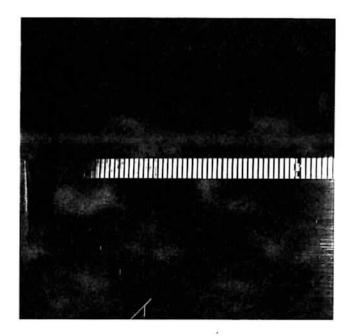
Project for a training centre and a park at Lake Zug, Switzerland, detail of study model



I feel, what I touch, even with my feet. phere as well. So temperature in this sense is physical the tempering of pianos perhaps, the search for the right think of my own work is the verb (to temper) - a bit like but presumably psychological too. It's in what I see, what mood, in the sense of instrumental tuning and atmos-that kind of thing. But what also comes to mind when I

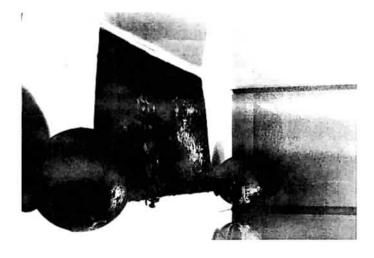
It was a Saturday, at nine o'clock in the morning. It made a of the interior of two of the Bienefeld houses in Cologne houses. And for the first time I managed to get a glimpse showing me around, and he took me to the Bienefeld months ago, for example, and young Peter Böhm was there's this deep relationship. I was in Cologne a couple of things come together in a very caring, loving way, and that sometimes, I don't know if you've noticed that too, you find keep around them, in their flats or where they work. And I don't know at all. I'm impressed by the things that people rooms where people live - friends, acquaintances, people happens again and again when I enter a building and the hope this isn't boring you. Fifth: (Surrounding Objects). It Fifth. There are nine items, and we've reached the lifth.

Swiss Sound Box Expo 2000, Hannover



things are nothing but a burden. I carry my world in a our surroundings, she said: d disagree entirely. These a little coffee-table for me, and badly wanted to keep it for in rather more detail than I just have about the objects in her own use. And later, after the lecture, in which I spoke Cyprus! - who was a marvellous architect. She designed ence - and what a hard time one can have growing up in months ago, and there was a Cypriot assistant in the audiwas very expressive. And I got to wondering whether the books! Anyway, it all made a great impression on me; it instruments too - a harpsichord, violins etc. But those I was talking about this sort of thing to my students a few receptacles to house objects. Allow me a short anecdote. job the architecture had set itself here was to create these Beautiful objects, beautiful books, all displayed, and to be on a Saturday morning. And you saw all these things. they were all dressed as German burghers are supposed ple too. One of them was a teacher, the other a judge, and things he's made all over the place. And there are the peo-And you feel the presence of Heinz Bienefeld, and all these of beautiful details - one might even say excessively sol great impression on me. These houses are incredibly full

> Swiss Sound Box. Expo 2000, Hannover



find something about this in Nietzsche: In (The Wanderer Heimat any more, can we? My notebook tells me I should might call it in German - we can't really use the word describe it as (a sense of home). I've got no idea what one them actually in use. In English you could probably the future of rooms in a house I'm building, to imagine does me a lot of good. It's a great help to me to imagine my buildings: a future that happens without me. That it's a thought that gives me an insight into the future of tect taking their place in a building, their rightful place idea of things that have nothing to do with me as an archiare maybe a bit nostalgic. But I think it's probably the that prevents things becoming too leisurely and nice. The too for a House of Literature - what's needed is a design be really cool, or creating a disco, and of course it's true same when I'm building a bar - something that's meant to thing we all know about ourselves anyway. My examples ed? She didn't say a thing. That seems to confirm some-I looked at her and said: (And that coffee-table you wantbourgeois weight of objects around with them, you know. sheer burden of it... not everyone wants to carry such a rucksack. I want to stay on the road. All that stuff - the

In Zumthor's studio



and His Shadows, aphorism 280 – appearance and being in the world of commodities, also in his (Posthumous Fragment) (1880/81): (...especially its (the object's) bodily existence, its existence qua substance...). I'd also like to read Baudrillard's (System of Objects) (1968) on this.

Bridge in Italy

corridors are all about directing people, for example, but to do with directing people than seducing them. Hospital of movement, a milieu for strolling, a mood that had less incredibly important for us to induce a sense of freedom in connection with some thermal baths we built. It was is a temporal art. That means thinking about the way which I like to place my work. Let me give you an example. people move in a building, and there are poles between of it is not limited to a single second. Wolfgang Rihm and ductions. It has to do with the way architecture involves of my work I find really exciting, and to which - point six say. But architecture is also a temporal art. My experience movement. Architecture is a spatial art, as people always I shall give the heading Between Composure and Sel are in full agreement about this: architecture, like music, There is something else that keeps me on my toes, part



the sort of thing. Direction, seduction, letting go, granting er, if that's not what I want. So I'll reintroduce the odd bit And it's a kind of voyage of discovery. As an architect I source of pleasure. The feeling that I am not being directner - it was the way the light falls, over here, over there ments, as it were. That is what we were trying to do, anyfreedom. There are practical situations where it is more of orientation, exceptions that prove the rule - you know have to make sure it isn't like being in a labyrinth, howeved but can stroll at will - just drifting along, you know? and so I saunter on - and I must say I find that a great but then something would be drawing me round the corthrough. I'd be standing there, and might just stay a while, feel you could stay there - that you were not just passing badly. These were spaces you would enter and begin to way. I don't know if we succeeded - I don't think we did building together so that they formed their own attachwe tried to find a way of bringing separate parts of the designing a stage setting, directing a play. In these baths architect. The ability I am speaking of is rather akin to to let go, to saunter, and that lies within the powers of an there is also the gentler art of seduction of getting people

Swiss Sound Box, Expo 2000, Hannover must add, without the slightest whiff of the lecture thestimulation, the pleasant surprise, relaxation - all this, I ports the uses of the building. Guidance, preparation, appeals to you, too, and more especially, so that it supout in my buildings. So that appeals to me. So that it directors assemble sequences in the same way. I try that respect is the cinema, of course. The camera team and rooms. Or cinemas. A place of great learning for me in this Lecture halls have to be like that, for instance Or livinging is trying to coax you away, where you can simply be. running around and looking for the right door. Where nothintroduce a certain composure rather than having people

equally brilliant! - this: thresholds, crossings, the tiny One can be inside or outside. Brilliant! And that means box of it. And suddenly there's an interior and an exterior. chitecture takes a bit of the globe and constructs a tiny ior and Exteriory. A fantastic business, this. The way ar-Seventh. Something else, something very special that fascinates me about architecture. (Tension between Inter-

atre. It should all seem very natural. sensible and far cleverer to induce a calming effect, to Arts, Beacon, NY, USA I Ching, a sculpture by Walter De I Ching Gallery, Pavilion for Maria, project, Dia Centre for the



to. But then - yes, you do see something! Or the reverse: wearing a red dress, and you've got no idea what she's up a great deal to do with atmospheres. Think of Rear the same way. This isn't voyeurism. On the contrary, it has observe. I don't know if this passion of mine affects you in and mind your own business. That's what castles are like from without. A classic. You see this woman in a lit window Window - Alfred Hitchcock. Life in a window observed - that's what town flats are like. We use signals. We whatever the owner and his architect wanted when they world. The facade says: I am, I can, I want - in other words, you everything. Sure, there are things inside - but you go built it. The facade also says: but I am not going to show where I live and that is the facade I present to the outside and the public, for the private and public spheres. whether we be many or single. An arena for individuals of place, an unbelievable feeling of concentration when Architecture knows this and uses it. I own a castle. That's thing enveloping us, keeping us together, holding us we suddenly become aware of being enclosed, of somebetween the inside and the outside, an incredible sense loop-hole door, the almost imperceptible transition

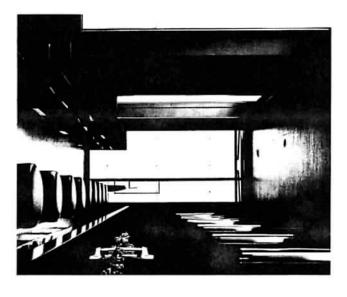
Domino de Pingus Winery. project 2003, Penafiel, Spain



Edward Hopper's (Early Sunday Morning), with the woman sitting in a room, looking out of a window at the town. I'm proud of the way we can do that as architects with every building we make. And whenever I'm doing a building I always imagine it in those terms; what do I want to see — me or someone else using the building later — when I am inside? And what do I want other people to see of me? And what sort of statement do I want to make publicly? Buildings always say something to a street or the square. They can say to the square: I am really glad to be situated on this square. Or they could say: I am the most beautiful building here — you lot all look ugly. I am a diva. Buildings can say that sort of thing.

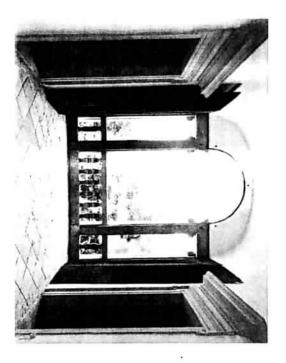
Natura morta, Giorgio Morandi 1963, Museo Morandi, Bologna

Now, the next thing is something which I had always been interested in but never knew I was until I recently discovered it for the first time. I don't really know much about it —you will notice that as we go along — but it's there all the same. It's something I'm going to keep on thinking about. I'm giving it the heading: **\( \text{devels of Intimacy.} \)** It all has to do with proximity and distance. The classical architect would call it scale. But that sounds too academic —I mean



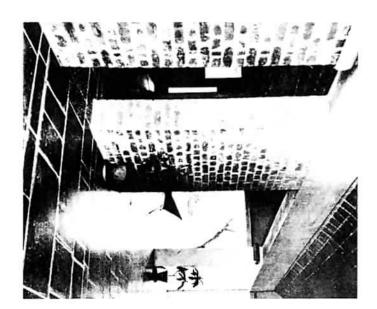
ognize. It's like the hollow tower of a church, and the feeling of climbing up inside the walls. That's just one division means inside and outside, but where you have don't just take a ground plan and draw lines and say: cinated by that sort of thing. And I always try to create this feeling of the interior as a hidden mass you don't recthese are the walls, twelve centimetres thick, and that the same as outdoor form. In other words, where you buildings where interior form, or the empty interior, is not the thick. You know the kind of buildings I mean? I'm fasthings. The thick door and the thin one. The thin wall and I'm talking about is the size and mass and gravity of person who comes to the door looks good, or proud. What less? And the enormous, intimidating portal where the you know that rather boring one, wider - somehow shaperefers to the various aspects - size, dimension, scale, the makes everyone who comes through it look great? Or do necting bits, doors. Maybe you know a tall slim door that building are smaller than me. Latches, hinges, all the conis bigger than me, far bigger than me. Or that things in the building's mass by contrast with my own. The fact that it something more bodily than scales and dimensions. It

Kunsthaus Bregenz, Peter Zumthor, 1997, bar



course, and me as part of a group - completely different just for me, for one person. There's me on my own, of building - I like the idea of doing something for myself, ty, with distance from me, distance between me and a And then, another thing to do with distance and proximimore or less the same size as us. But this is not so easy, architects, too. The view is that a human scale has to be greenhorns get onto this subject - in fact, you hear it from say big is bad; it lacks a human scale. You hear that when know what I mean. You find both extremes. So you can't don't know how to describe it actually, but I'm sure you make me feel larger, allow me to breathe more freely - I intimidating me, these are surroundings that somehow I may be allowed such an old-fashioned term. Instead of don't feel intimidated at all - feel quite sublime, in fact, if Rotonda: it's huge, monumental, but when I get inside it I of thing. Or, as I was reminded yesterday, Palladio's Villa edifice, the nineteenth-century bank, columns, that kind than me that can intimidate me - the representative state or smaller. And it's interesting that there are things bigger weight and size. With things being the same size as me. example among thousands I could give that have to do with

> 1575, Pisana Vincenzo Scamozzi. Villa Rocca,



heard all about our friend Goethe, and how he saw all perience Yesterday, Vicenza: the Olympics Theatre, We people - doing a bowl like that can be a wonderful exnatively, however, is the football stadium with its 50 000 or bad or whatever. One thing I do have a grasp of imagiand the language it talks to the town, which can be good to go about the design in order to feel happy with so many 5000 or whatever - in a single skyscraper; how I'd have head round the idea of me and that of many people comes across when I see a high-rise is its external form people in one of these high-rise buildings. What generally right - is with skyscrapers. I just can't seem to get my be able to do this, too, I really would, but I just can't get it only area I do have big problems with though - I'd like to them, I think I'm good at thinking about all of them. The about, in my opinion. I think I'm good at thinking about Or if you want, the palace. These things need thinking then there's me in a crowd. There's the football stadium. me, on my own, or me and other people in a group, and now let's look at this marvellous building by Le Corbusier. I'd be proud to have done that. So on the one hand, there's stories. Did you see that students' café earlier on? And

> Le Corbusier. Villa Sarabhai 1955, Ahmedabad



these things so much earlier. And he really does notice things – that's the wonderful thing about him; he really does look. Okay, that's what I mean by these levels of intimacy that are still so important to me.

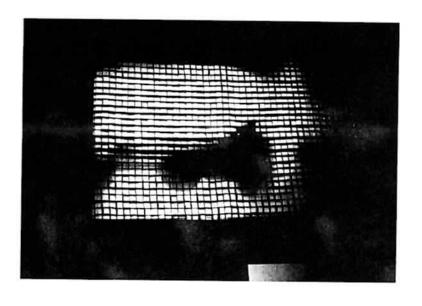
gigantic stone balls in it: solid stone, quite enormous. size of this barn. And it was to be open at the front and artist in America, showed me a new work he'd done for to me. All very simple. (The Light on Things). I spent five Right at the back there were wooden bars, coated with completely dark at the back. And he had put two or three Japan. It was to be a huge hall - two or three times the depth. Then I noticed it again, later: Walter De Maria, an way the surfaces were dull or sparkled or had their own and how the light fell. Where the shadows were. And the great! I'm sure you've had the same experience Where in my living-room. What the light was like. And it was minutes or so looking at the actual appearance of things everything down? Is that all you do? And then it occurred ing-room, I asked myself: what's missing? Have you got down a few months ago, sitting in my front room, my liv-The final chapter. When I was writing all these things

Toni Molkerei, Zurich



of that knowledge. How miserable it has made me feel in way they reflect and to fit everything together on the basis ly and to look at the way they reflect the light. In other other idea - all very logical by the way, nothing mysteriwords, to choose the materials in the knowledge of the to go about lighting materials and surfaces systematicalous here: everybody does this. The second idea I like is this: darkness, as if the light were a new mass seeping in The afterwards, to put in light as if you were hollowing out the this: to plan the building as a pure mass of shadow then, from the beginning. So the first of my favourite ideas is how are we going to light this thing? No, we factor that in selves: okay, so where are we going to put the lighting electricians when we're finished and start asking our-Obviously we don't build something then phone up the ite ideas about this and I always come back to them. darkness. That was an example of light. I have two favourthe smallest quantities of light and reflect them in the means gold seams to have the capacity to pick up even from the back of the room, out of a deep darkness. Which ly touched me when I saw it - the gold leaf shone right gold leaf. And this gold leaf - we all know this but it real-

> by Koho Mori Haus Zumthor, 2005, silk curtains



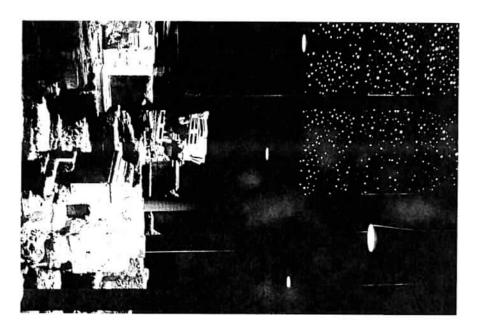
tect that light is a thousand times better than artificial light grateful that there is such a thing. And I have that feeling Now, I've actually got to the end of what I wanted to say. here too; I'll have it later when we go outside. For an archithing beyond all understanding. And I am very glad, very gives me the feeling there's something beyond me, somequite belongs in this world. I don't understand light, It ing - and casts its light on things, it doesn't feel as if it lous, absolutely fantastic the way it comes back every morncomes up in the morning - which I always find so marvelme that I feel it almost as a spiritual quality. When the sun to admit that daylight, the light on things, is so moving to the light. Thinking about daylight and artificial light I have ials, your fabric, clothes too, because they look good in so lovely when you can choose and combine your matershining out, where life has begun to gleam again. But it's ever it is, it kills the houses. But about every tenth house why that is, is it what they paint their houses with? Whathas some old bit where you suddenly notice something use of the light. The houses appear so dull - I don't know incredibly beautiful and natural part of the country make the last couple of days to see how few houses in this

Pavilion, Louise Bourgeois, study model, Dia Centre for the Arts, Beacon, NY, USA



But again I wonder: is that really all? And again, there's something I have to admit. I need to add three short appendices. The nine chapters I've already given you could probably be described as ways of approaching my work, or the way my office approaches it. They may be idiosyncratic in parts, but they probably have an objective side to them too, whereas what I am about to tell you is more personal to me, and probably can't be generalised in the same way as many of things I have said hitherto. But if I am to speak of my own work then I have to say what really moves me. And so here are three more things.

The first, taking it to a different, transcendent level for me, an environment is Architecture as Surroundings. That really appeals to me: the idea of creating a building, or big complex of buildings, or even a small one, and that it becomes part of its surroundings. Like something in Handke. (Peter Handke has variously described environment and the physical environing process, for instance in the interview book Aber ich lebe nur von den Zwischenräumen.) What I am thinking of are my human surroundings—although they won't only be mine—and of the build-



attempt to conceive of architecture as a human environaltogether, and one that does not help me to design buildother people love them too. I have to admit it: it would I love surrounding buildings, and I suppose I love it when haps it has something to do with love. I love architecture. ment. Perhaps - and I suppose I'd better admit this - perings. That is the first transcendent level in my work: the tural reference works in 35 years. That's a different level idea that the building will still be mentioned in architecspective: that quality is far more important to me than the in 25 years' time. Perhaps because that was where he some way, it increases the pleasure of my work when I me, moved me, given me a sense of relief or helped me in kissed his first girlfriend or whatever. To put that in perimagine a certain building being remembered by someone that I remember, not done by me, but which have touched things still being there - there are plenty of buildings like its architect, but that isn't the point. Just the idea of these member a corner, a street, a square - with no thought for back to them 25 years later, involuntarily, and they'll redren grow up. And perhaps one of the buildings will come ing becoming part of people's lives, a place where chil-

> Museum Kolumba, under construction, Cologne



make me very happy to have made things which other people love.

Mountain Hotel, project 2000, Tschlin, Graubünden

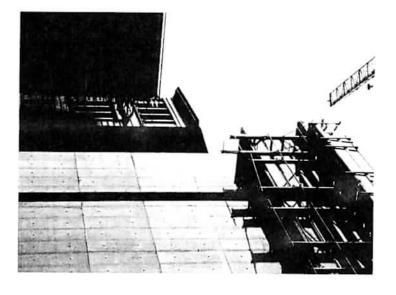
of all. And I'm not alone among architects in feeling that or something, but when the proof of the pudding is found someone comes along and grasps the form and says: Ah and in art. There's a good way of putting this that seems in fact, it's an ancient tradition, in literature too, in writing, in the eating, as it were. That is the highest compliment yes, I see, you were trying to achieve this really cool form, by use. In short, the highest compliment for me is not when right decision - I'd be quite happy if all that was resolved where an architect is put on the spot and has to make the that need deciding - all those thousands of occasions in an university seminar or at the office. That's more of an ent level, a professional level I am not talking about here. academic problem. What I'm saying is that all these things things in architecture, which also take place on a differ-That's just daily office life - something you can talk about ideas about the best way of doing things and making That's more of a feeling too. I mean - there are all these Appendix two. What's my heading here? (Coherence).



appropriate to me: the idea of things coming into their own, of finding themselves, because they have become the thing that they actually set out to be. Architecture, after all, is made for our use. It is not a free art in that sense. I think architecture attains its highest quality as an applied art. And it is at its most beautiful when things have come into their own, when they are coherent. That is when everything refers to everything else and it is impossible to remove a single thing without destroying the whole. Place, use and form. The form reflects the place, the place is just so, and the use reflects this and that

But something else is missing – now this really is the last thing, although in some ways it is already there. I have managed, in nine short chapters and two appendices, not to go into the subject of form. That is entirely obvious – it's a passion of mine, one that helps a lot in my work. Form is not something we work on – we apply ourselves to all the other things. To sound, noises, materials, construction, anatomy etc. The body of architecture, in the primary stages, is construction, anatomy: putting things together in a logical fashion. These are the things we

Summer Restaurant on Utenau Island, Lake of Zunch, project, study model



probably is: (The Beautiful Form). I may find it that in could say my very final chapter heading, my final aim, then I'll go back to the beginning and start again. So you on aesthetics if you want - if the form doesn't move me, really gives me pleasure, makes me proud too. But if, at times, even after all these years - slow architecture. It come. And that is something that only happens some-I'm deliberately just saying beautiful here, there are books the end of the day, the thing does not look beautiful - and imagined when you started out that this would be the outthe work and which makes me think: you could never have which often surprises me when I finally stand back from things have come out well they tend to assume a form actually do take a look at things. What I find is that when heres, only it isn't beautiful. So at the end of the day I cohering. And then I might look at it and say: sure, it cotimes you can see at that stage that it feels right - things large model, or a drawing. Usually it's a model. And someme - here is the place, on which I may or may not have some influence, and this is the use. We generally create a eye on place, and on use. That is all that is demanded of apply ourselves to, while at the same time keeping our

Documentation Centre, Topography of Terror, Berlin, stainwell West, under construction, cancelled in 2004



some icon, and sometimes in a still life — both help me to see how something has found its form — but also in a common or garden tool, in literature, in a piece of music. Thank you for listening.

Annunziata Antonello da Messina. 1475 – 76, Gallena Regionale della Sicilia di Palazzo Abatellis, Palermo

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