

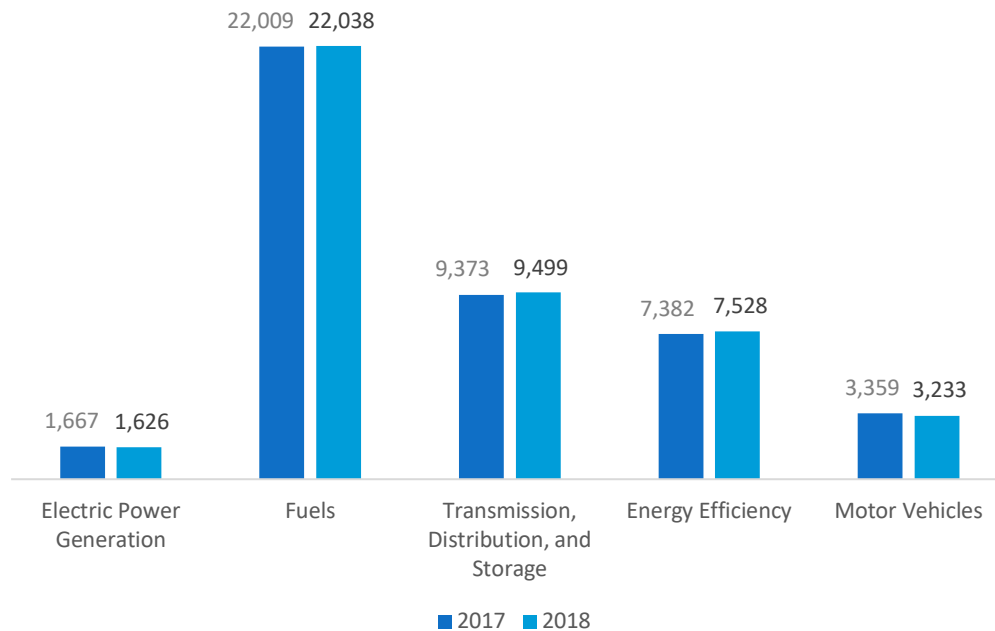
# Wyoming

## ENERGY AND EMPLOYMENT — 2019

### Overview

Wyoming has a high concentration of energy employment, with 33,163 Traditional Energy workers statewide (representing 1.0 percent of all U.S. Traditional Energy jobs). Of these Traditional Energy workers, 1,626 are in Electric Power Generation, 22,038 are in Fuels, and 9,499 are in Transmission, Distribution, and Storage. The Traditional Energy sector in Wyoming is 11.8 percent of total state employment (compared to 2.3 percent of national employment). Wyoming has an additional 7,528 jobs in Energy Efficiency (0.3 percent of all U.S. Energy Efficiency jobs) and 3,233 jobs in Motor Vehicles (0.1 percent of all U.S. Motor Vehicle jobs).

**Figure WY-1.**  
Employment by Major Energy Technology Application



Overall, Traditional Energy jobs grew by 0.3 percent since the 2018 report, increasing by 114 jobs over the period. Energy Efficiency jobs added 146 jobs (2.0 percent) and motor vehicles lost 125 jobs (-3.7 percent).

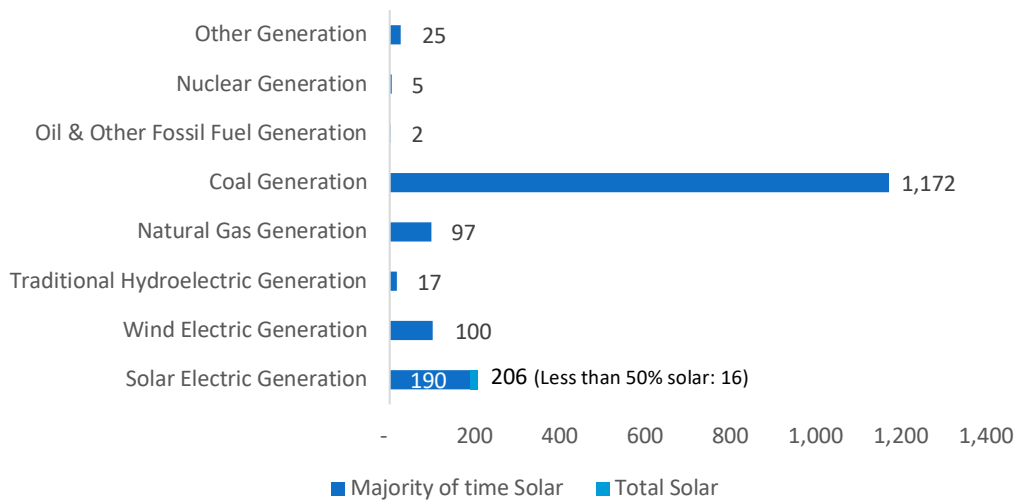
## Breakdown by Technology Applications

### Electric Power Generation

Electric Power Generation employs 1,626 workers in Wyoming, 0.2 percent of the national total and losing 41 jobs over the past year (-2.4 percent). Traditional fossil fuel generation makes up the largest segment of employment related to Electric Power Generation, with 1,272 jobs (down 5.5 percent), followed by solar at 206 jobs (up 1.6 percent).

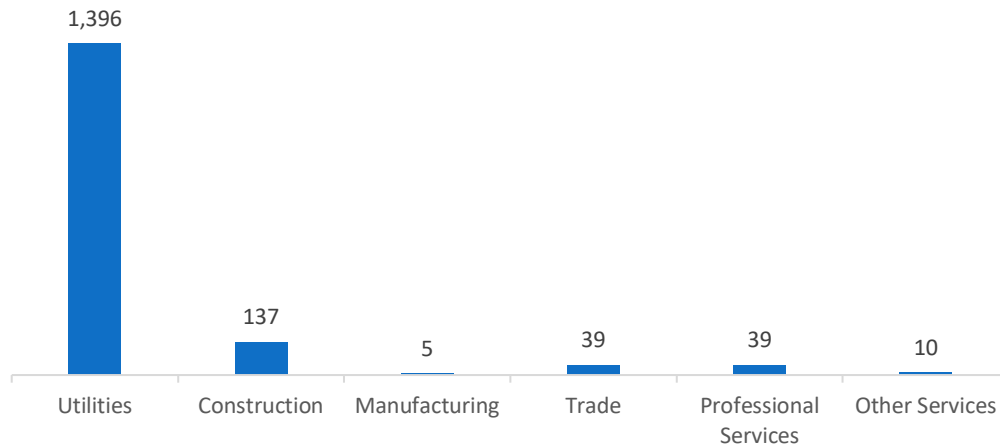
**Figure WY-2.**

Electric Power Generation Employment by Detailed Technology Application



Utilities are the largest industry sector in Electric Power Generation, with 85.8 percent of jobs. Construction is next with 8.4 percent.

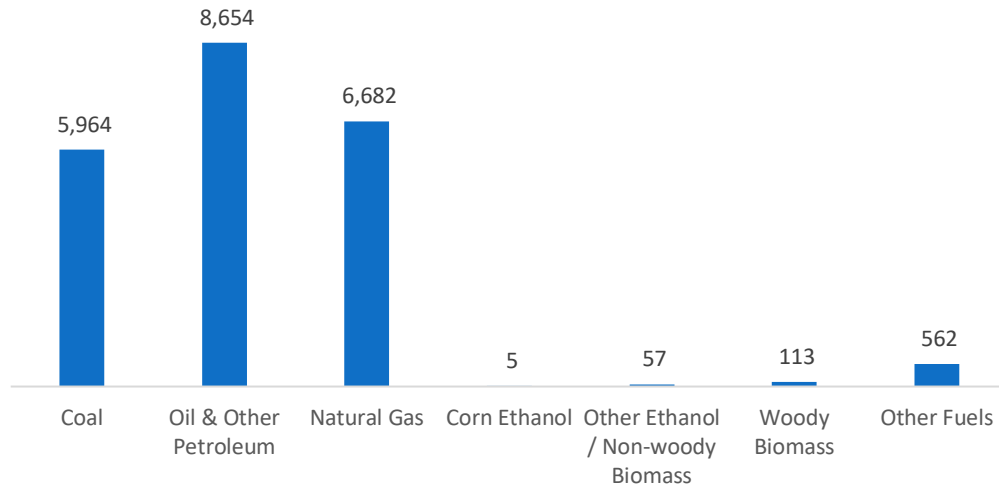
**Figure WY-3.**



## Fuels

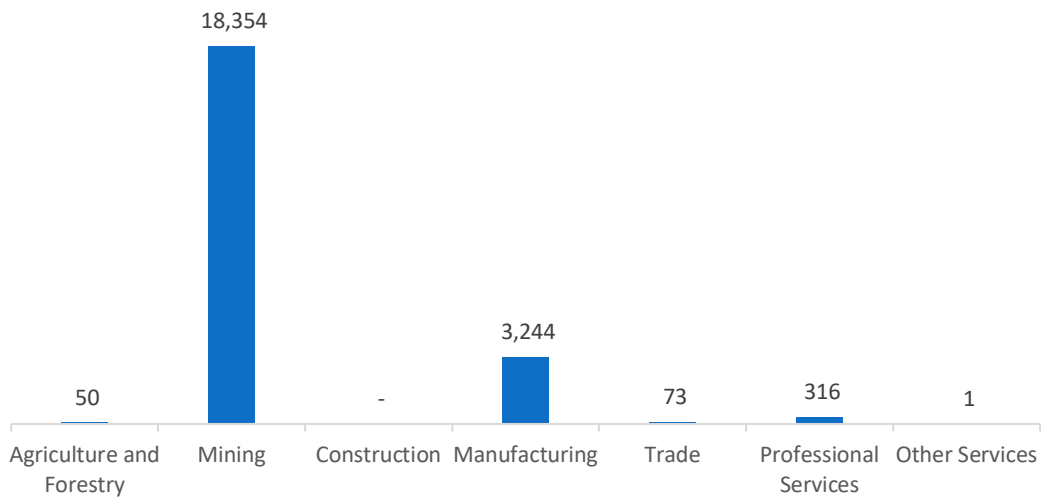
Fuels employs 22,038 workers in Wyoming, 2.0 percent of the national total, up 0.1 percent over the past year. Petroleum and other fossil fuels makes up the largest segment of employment related to Fuels.

**Figure WY-4.**  
Fuels Employment by Detailed Technology Application



Mining and extraction jobs represent 83.3 percent of Fuels jobs in Wyoming.

**Figure WY-5.**  
Fuels Employment by Industry Sector

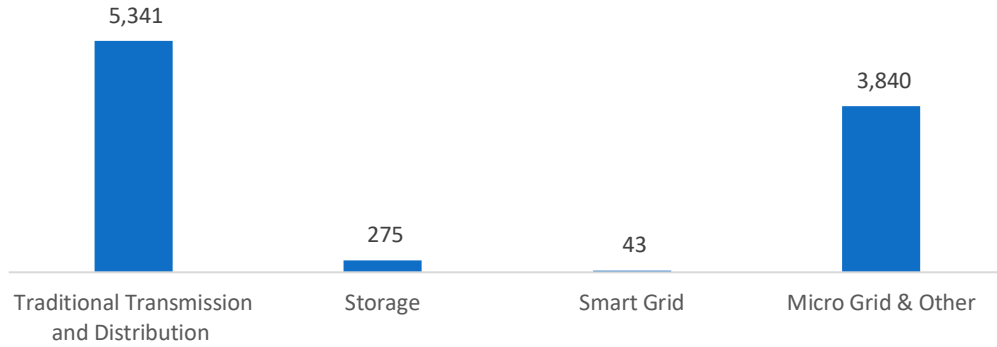


## Transmission, Distribution and Storage

Transmission, Distribution, and Storage employs 9,499 workers in Wyoming, 0.7 percent of the national total, up 1.3 percent or 126 jobs since the 2018 report.

**Figure WY-6.**

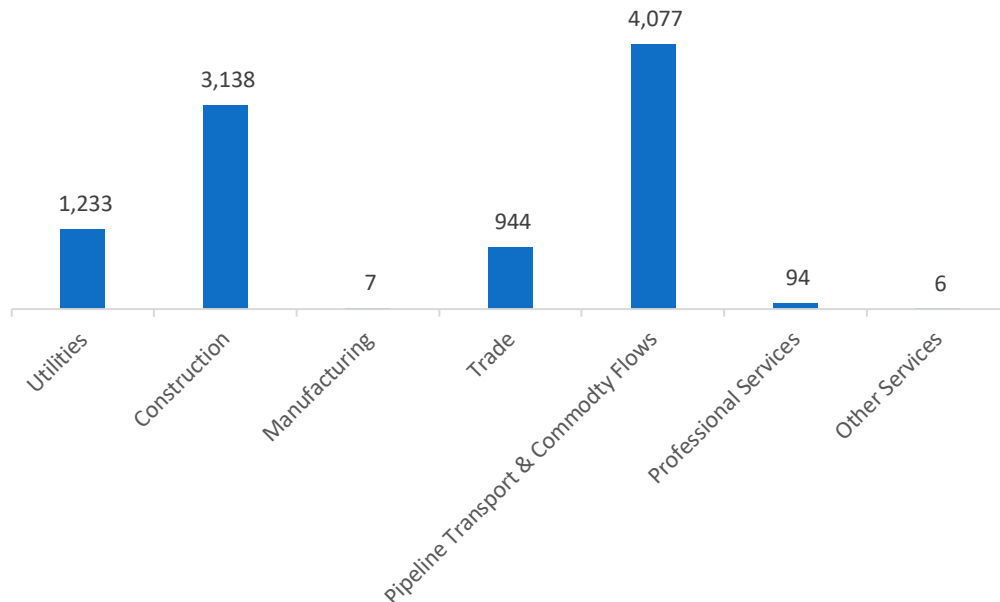
Transmission, Distribution and Storage Employment by Detailed Technology



Pipeline transport and commodity flows are responsible for the largest percentage of Transmission, Distribution, and Storage jobs in Wyoming, with 42.9 percent of such jobs statewide.

**Figure WY-7.**

Transmission, Distribution and Storage Employment by Industry Sector

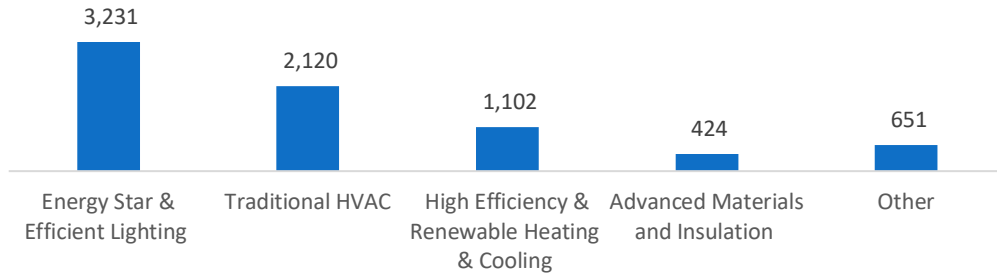


## Energy Efficiency

The 7,528 Energy Efficiency jobs in Wyoming represent 0.3 percent of all U.S. Energy Efficiency jobs, adding 146 jobs (2.0 percent) since last year. The largest number of these employees work in ENERGY STAR and efficient lighting firms, followed by traditional HVAC.

**Figure WY-8.**

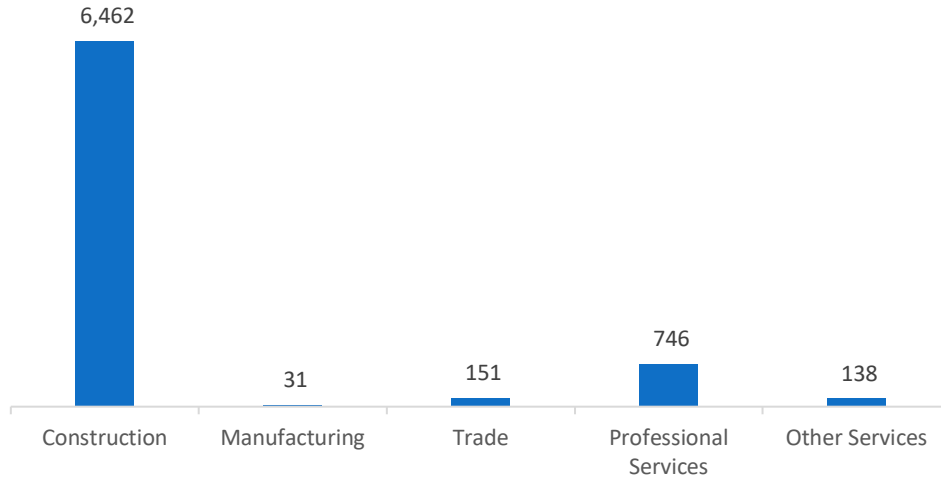
Energy Efficiency Employment by Detailed Technology Application



Energy Efficiency employment is primarily found in the construction industry.

**Figure WY-9.**

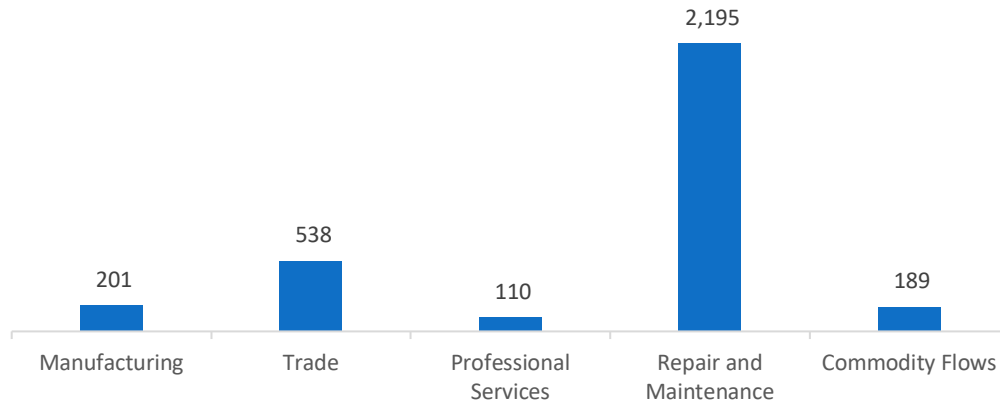
Energy Efficiency Employment by Industry Sector



## Motor Vehicles

Motor Vehicle employment accounts for 3,233 jobs in Wyoming, down 125 jobs over the past year (-3.7 percent). The industry sector that accounts for the largest fraction of Motor Vehicle jobs is repair and maintenance.

**Figure WY-10.**  
Motor Vehicle Employment by Industry Sector



## Workforce Characteristics

### Employer Growth

Employers in Wyoming are more optimistic to their peers across the country in regards to their job growth over the next year in Traditional Energy (6.7 percent versus 4.1 percent nationally). Energy Efficiency employers expect to add 587 jobs in Energy Efficiency (7.8 percent) and Motor Vehicles employers expect to add 64 jobs (2.0 percent) over the next year.

**Table WY-1.**  
Projected Growth by Major Technology Application

Technology	State Projected Growth Next 12 Months (percent)	U.S. Projected Growth Next 12 Months (percent)
Electric Power Generation	--	7.1
Electric Power Transmission, Distribution and Storage	7.9	3.2
Energy Efficiency	7.8	7.8
Fuels	6.7	3.0
Motor Vehicles	2.0	2.2

## Hiring Difficulty

Over the last year, 67.9 percent of energy-related employers in Wyoming hired new employees. These employers reported the greatest overall difficulty in hiring workers for jobs in Motor Vehicles.

**Table WY-2**  
Hiring Difficulty by Major Technology Application

Technology	Very Difficult (%)		Somewhat Difficult (%)	
	State	National	State	National
Electric Power Generation	--	20.7	66.7	54.8
Electric Power Transmission, Distribution and Storage	--	21.9	100.0	46.1
Energy Efficiency	--	21.3	--	48.1
Fuels	14.3	37.9	42.9	43.0
Motor Vehicles	50.0	30.0	50.0	46.4

Employers in Wyoming gave the following as the top three reasons for their reported difficulty:

1. Lack of experience, training, or technical skills
2. Cannot provide competitive wages
3. Location

Employers reported the following as the three most difficult occupations to hire for:

1. Technician or mechanical support – \$23.34 median hourly wage
2. Electrician/construction laborers – \$25.36 median hourly wage
3. Sales, marketing, or customer service – \$27.84 median hourly wage