THE
PSALMS
OF
DAVID
IMITATED in the Language of the
New Testament,
And apply'd to the
Christian State and Worship.

By I. WATTS.

Luke xxiv. 44. All things must be fulfilled
which were written in — the Psalms
concerning me.
Heb. xi. 32. — David, Samuel, and the Pro-
phets. Ver. 40. — That they without us
should not be made perfect.

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THE

PREFACE

OR,

An Enquiry into the right Way of fitting the Book of Psalms for Christian Worship.

HO' the Psalms of David are a Work of admirable and divine Composure, tho' they contain the noblest Sentiments of Piety, and breathe a most exalted Spirit of Devotion, yet when the best of Christians attempt to sing many of them in our common Translations, that Spirit of Devotion vanishes and is lost, the Psalm dies upon their Lips, and they feel scarce any thing of the holy Pleasure.

If I were to render the Reasons of it, I would give this for one of the chief, (viz.) that the Royal Psalmist here expresses his own Concerns in Words exactly suited to his own Thoughts,
Thoughts, agreeable to his own personal Character, and in the Language of his own Religion: This keeps all the Springs of pious Passion awake, when every Line and Syllable so nearly affects himself: This naturally raises in a devout Mind a more transportsing and sublime Worship. But when we sing the same Lines, we express nothing but the Character, the Concerns, and the Religion of the Jewish King, while our own Circumstances and our own Religion (which are so widely different from his) have little to do in the sacred Song; and our Affections want something of Property or Interest in the Words, to awaken them at first, and to keep them lively.

This Attempt of mine, thro’ the divine Blessing, become so happy as to remove this great Inconvenience, and to introduce warm Devotion into this Part of divine Worship, I shall esteem it an honourable Service done to the Church of Christ.

Tis necessary therefore that I should here inform my Readers at large what the Title Page expresseth in a shorter Way, and assure them that they are not to expect in this Book an exact Translation of the Psalms of David; for if I had not conceived a different Design from all that have gone before me in this Work, I had never attempted a Service so full of Labour, tho’ I must confess it has not wanted its Pleasure too.

In order to give a plain Account of my present Undertaking I shall first represent the Methods that my Predecessors have followed,
Preface

Followed in their Versions: In the next place I hope to make it evident that those Methods can never attain the noblest and highest Ends of Christian Psalmody; and then describe the Course that I have taken, different from them all, together with some brief Hints of the Reasons that induced me to it.

First, I will represent the Methods that my Predecessors have followed. I have seen above twenty Versions of the Psalter by Persons of richer and meaner Talents; and how various soever their Professions and their Prefaces are, yet in the Performance they all seem to aim at this one Point, (viz.) to make the Hebrew Psalmist only speak English, and keep all his own Characters still. Wheresoever the Psalm introduces him as a Soldier or a Prophet, as a Shepherd or a great Musician, as a King on the Throne or as a Fugitive in the Wilderness, the Translators ever represent him in the same Circumstances: Some of them lead an Assembly of common Christians to worship God as near as possible in those very Words; and they generally agree also to perform and repeat that Worship in the ancient Jewish Forms, wherever the Psalmist uses them.

There are several Psalms indeed which have scarce any thing in them personal or peculiar to David or the Jews, such as Ps. i. xix. xxv. xxxvii. lxvii. c. &c. and these if translated into the plain national Language are
are very proper Materials for Psalmody in all
Times and Places; but there are but a few
of this Kind in Comparison of the great
Number which have something of Personal
Concerns, Prophetical Darknesses, Hebraisms,
or Jewish Affairs mingled with them.

I confess Mr. Milbourn and Mr. Darby in
very different Verse have now and then
given an Evangelic Turn to the Hebrew
Sense; and Dr. Patrick hath gone much
beyond them in this Respect, that he hath
made use of the present Language of Christi-
ans in several Psalms, and left out many of
the Judaism. This is the Thing that hath
introduced him into the Favour of so many
religious Assemblies. Even those very Per-
fons that have an Aversion to sing any thing
in Worship but David’s Psalms have been
led insensibly to fall in with Dr. Patrick’s
Performance by a Relish of pious Pleasure;
never considering that his Work is by no
means a just Translation, but a Paraphrase;
and there are scarce any that have departed
farther from the inspired Words of Scripture
than he hath often done, in order to suit his
Thoughts to the State and Worship of
Christianity. This I esteem his peculiar Ex-
cellency in those Psalms wherein he has
practis’d it. This I have made my chief Care
and Business in every Psalm, and have at-
tempted at least to exceed him in this as
well as in the Art of Verse; and yet I have
often kept nearer to the Text.

But
But after all, this good Man hath suffer’d himself so far to be carried away by Custom, as to make all the other personal Characters and Circumstances of David appear strong and plain, except that of a Jew; and many of them he has represented in stronger and plainer Terms than the Original. This will appear to any one that compares these following Texts in Dr. Patrick with the Bible, (viz.) Psal. iv. 2. and ix. 4, 5. and xvi. 43. and li. 4. and lx. 6, 7. and ci. 1. and cxli. 6. and cxliii. 3. and several others: So that ’tis hard to find even in his Version six or eight Stanza’s together in any Psalm (that has personal or national Affairs in it) fit to be assumed by a vulgar Christian, or proper to be sung by a whole Congregation. This renders the due Performance of Psalmody every where difficult to him that appoints the Verses: But ’tis extremely troublesome in those Assemblies where the Psalm is sung without reading it Line by Line, which yet is, beyond all Exception, the truest and the best Method; for here there can be no Omission of a Verse, tho’ it be never so improper; but the whole Church must run down to the next Division of the Psalm, and sing all that comes next to their Lips, till the Clerk puts them to Silence. Or to remedy this Inconvenience, if a wise Man leads the Song, he dwells always upon four or five and twenty Pieces of some select Psalms, tho’ the whole 150 lie before him; and he is forced to run that narrow Round still for
want of larger Provision suited to our present Circumstances.

I might here also remark to what a hard Shift the Minister is put to find proper Hymns at the Celebration of the Lord's-Supper, where the People will sing nothing but out of David's Psalm-Book: How perpetually do they repeat some part of the xxiiid or the cviiiith Psalm? And confine all the glorious Joy and Melody of that Ordinance to a few obscure Lines, because the Translators have not indulg'd an Evangelical Turn to the Words of David; no not in those very Places where the Jewish Psalmist seems to mean the Gospel; but he was not able to speak it plain by reason of the Infancy of that Dispensation, and longs for the Aid of a Christian Poet. Tho', to speak my own Sense freely, I do not think David ever wrote a Psalm of sufficient Glory and Sweetness to represent the Blessings of this holy Institution of Christ, even tho' it were explain'd by a copious Commentator; therefore 'tis my Opinion, that other Spiritual Songs should sometimes be us'd to render Christian Psalmody compleat. But this is not my present Business, and I have written on this Subject elsewhere.

To proceed to the Second Part of my Preface, which is to shew how insufficient a strict Translation of the Psalms is to attain the design'd End.

There are several Songs of this Royal Author that seem improper for any Person besides himself; so that I cannot believe that
the *Whole Book of Psalms* (even in the Original) was appointed by God for the ordinary and constant Worship of the *Jewish Sanctuary* or the *Synagogues*, tho' several of them might be often sung; much less are they all proper for a *Christian Church*: Yet the Way of a close Translation of this whole Book of *Hebrew Psalms* for *English Psalmody* has generally obtain'd among us.

Some pretend, 'tis but a just Respect to the holy Scriptures; for they have imbib'd a fond Opinion from their very Childhood, that nothing is to be sung at Church but the inspir'd Writings, how different soever the Sense is from our present State. But this Opinion has been taken upon Trust by the most part of its Advocates, and borrow'd chiefly from Education, Custom, and the Authority of others; which, if duly examin'd, will appear to have been built upon too light and feeble Foundations; the Weakness of it I shall shew more at large in another Place: but it appears of itself more eminently inconsistent in those Persons that scruple to address God in prose in any precompos'd Forms whatsoever, and they give this Reason, Because they cannot be fitted to all our Occasions; and yet in Verse they confine their Address to such Forms as were fitted chiefly for *Jewish Worshippers*, and for the special Occasions of *David* the King.

Others maintain that a strict and scrupulous Confinement to the Sense of the Original is necessary to do Justice to the Royal Author; but in my Judgment the Royal Author
thor is most honour'd when he is made most intelligible; and when his admirable Compositions are copy'd in such Language as gives Light and Joy to the Saints that live two thousand Years after him; whereas such a meer Translation of all his Verse into English to be sung in our Worship seems to darken our Religion, to damp our Delight, and forbid the Christian Worshipper to pursue the Song. How can we assume all his Words in our personal or publick Address to God, when our Condition of Life, our Time, Place and Religion are so vastly different from those of David?

I grant 'tis necessary and proper, that in translating every Part of Scripture for our Reading or Hearing, the Sense of the Original should be exactly and faithfully represented; for there we learn what God says to us in his Word: But in Singing for the most part the Case is alter'd: For as the greatest Number of the Psalms are devotional, and there the Psalmists express their own personal or national Concerns; so we are taught by their Example what is the chief Design of Psalmody, (viz.,) that we should represent our own sense of things in Singing, and address ourselves to God expressing our own Case; therefore the Words should be so far adapted to the general State of the Worshippers, as that we might seldom sing those Expressions in which we have no Concern: Or at least our Translators of the Psalms should observe this Rule, that when the peculiar Circumstances of antient Saints
are form'd into a Song for our present and publick Use, they should be related in an historical Manner; and not retain the personal Pronouns I and We, where the Transactions cannot belong to any of us, nor be apply'd to our Persons, Churches or Nation.

Moses, Deborah and the Princes of Israel, David, Asaph and Habakkuk, and all the Saints under the Jewish State, sung their own Joys and Victories, their own Hopes and Fears and Deliverances, as I hinted before; and why must we under the Gospel sing nothing else but the Joys, Hopes and Fears of Asaph and David? Why must Christians be forbid all other Melody, but what arises from the Victories and Deliverances of the Jews? David would have thought it very hard to have been confin'd to the Words of Moses, and sung nothing else on all his Rejoycing-days but the Drowning of Pharaoh in the Fifteenth of Exodus. He might have suppos'd it a little unreasonable when he had peculiar Occasions of mournfull Musick, if he had been forced to keep close to Moses’s Prayer in the Ninetieth Psalm, and always sung over the Shortness of human Life, especially if he were not permitted the Liberty of a Paraphrase; and yet the special Concerns of David and Moses were much more akin to each other than ours are to either of them, and they were both of the same Religion, but ours is very different.

It is true, that David has left us a richer Variety of holy Songs than all that went before him; but rich as it is, 'tis still far short
short of the glorious Things that we Christians have to sing before the Lord. We and our Churches have our own Special Affairs as well as they: Now if by a little Turn of their Words, or by the Change of a short Sentence we may express our own Meditations, Joys and Desires in the Verse of those antient Psalmists, why should we be forbid this sweet Priviledge? Why should we be ty'd up to Forms more than the Jews themselves were, and such as are much more improper for our Age and State too? Let us remember that the very Power of Singing was given to human Nature chiefly for this purpose, that our warmest Affections of Soul might break out into natural or divine Melody, and the Tongue of the Worshipper express his own Heart.

I confess 'tis not unlawful nor absurd for a Person of Knowledge and Skill in divine Things to sing any Part of the Jewish Psalm-Book, and consider it meerly as the Word of God; from which by wise Meditation he may draw some pious Inferences for his own Use: For Instruction is allow'd to be one End of Psalmody. But where the Words are obscure Hebraisms, or personate a Jew, a Soldier, or a King speaking to himself or to God, this Mode of Instruction in a Song seems not so natural or easy even to the most skilfull Christian, and 'tis almost impracticable to the greatest Part of Mankind: And both the Wise and the Weak must confess this, that it does by no means raise their own Devotion so well as if they were speaking.
ing in their own Persons and expressing their own Sense: Besides that, the weaker Christian is ready to chime in with the Words he sings, and use them as his own, tho' they are never so foreign to his Purpose.

Now tho' it cannot be, that a large Book of lively Devotions should be so framed as to have every Line perfectly suited to all the Circumstances of every Worshipper, but after the Writer's utmost Care there will still be room for Christian Wisdom to exercise the Thoughts aright in Singing when the Words seem improper to our particular Case; yet as far as possible every Difficulty of this Kind should be removed, and such Sentences should by no Means be chosen which can scarce be used in their proper Sense by any that are present.

I could never persuade myself that the best Way to raise a devout Frame in plain Christians was to bring a King or a Captain into their Churches, and let him lead and dictate the Worship in his own Style of Royalty, or in the Language of a Field of Battel. Does every menial Servant in the Assembly know how to use these Words devoutly, (viz.) When I receive the Congregation I will judge uprightly, Psalm lxxv. 2. A Bow of Steel is broken by mine Arms, --- As soon as they hear of me they shall obey me, Psalm xviii. 34, 44. Would I encourage a Parish-Clerk to stand up in the midst of a Country Church, and bid all the People join with his Words and say, I will praise thee upon a Psalter; or, I will open my dark Saying
Saying upon the Harp; when even our Cathedrals sing only to the Sound of an Organ, most of the meaner Churches can have no Music but the Voice, and others will have none besides? Why then must all that will sing a Psalm at Church use such Words as if they were to play upon Harp and Psaltery, when Thousands never saw such an Instrument, and know nothing of the Art? You will tell me, perhaps, that when you take these Expressions upon your Lips, you mean only, That you will worship God according to his Appointment now, even as David worshipped him in his Day according to God's Appointment then. But why will ye confine yourselves to speak one thing and mean another? Why must we be bound up to such Words as can never be addressed to God in their own Sense? And since the Heart of a Christian cannot joyn herein with his Lips, Why may not his Lips be led to speak his Heart? Experience itself has often shewn that it interrupts the holy Melody and spoils the Devotion of many a sincere Good Man or Woman, when in the midst of the Song some Speeches of David have been almost impos'd upon their Tongues, where he relates his own Troubles, his Banishment, or peculiar Deliverances; where he speaks like a Prince, a Musician, or a Prophet; or where the Sense is so obscure that it cannot be understood without a learned Commentator.

Here I may with Courage address myself to the Heart and Conscience of many pious
pious and observing Christians, and ask them, Whether they have not found a most divine Pleasure in Singing, when the Words of the Psalm have happily express’d their Frame of Soul? Have you not felt a new Joy spring within you when you could speak your own Desires and Hopes, your own Faith, Love and Zeal in the Language of the holy Psalmist? Have not your Spirits taken Wing, and mounted up near to God and Glory with the Song of David on your Tongue? But on a sudden the Clerk has proposed the next Line to your Lips with dark Sayings and Prophecies, with Burnt-Offerings or Hyslop, with New-Moons, and Trumpets and Timbrels in it, with Confession of Sins which you never committed, with Complaints of Sorrows such as you never felt, cursing such Enemies as you never had, giving Thanks for such Victories as you never obtained, or leading you to speak in your own Persons of Things, Places and Actions, that you never knew. And how have all your Souls been discomposed at once, and the Strings of Harmony all untuned! You could not proceed in the Song with your Hearts, and your Lips have sunk their Joy and faulterd in the Tune; you have been baulked and ashamed, and knew not whether it were best to be silent or to follow on with the Clerk and the Multitude, and sing with cold Devotion, and perhaps in Darkness too, without Thought or Meaning.

Let it be reply’d here, That to prevent this Inconvenience, such Psalms or Sentences may
may be always omitted by him that leads the Song, or may have a more useful turn given in the mind of those that sing. But I answer, since such Psalms or Sentences are not to be sung, they may be as well omitted by the Translator, or may have a more useful turn given in the verse than it is possible for all the Singers to give on a sudden: And this is all that I contend for.

I come therefore to the third thing I proposed, and that is to explain my own design; which in short is this; (viz.) to accommodate the Book of Psalms to Christian Worship: And in order to this 'tis necessary to divest David and Asaph, &c. of every other character but that of a Psalmist and a Saint, and to make them always speak the common sense and language of a Christian.

Attempting the work with this view I have entirely omitted several whole Psalms, and large pieces of many others; and have chosen out of all of them such parts only as might easily and naturally be accommodated to the various occasions of the Christian Life, or at least might afford us some beautiful allusion to Christian affairs: These I have copied and explained in the general style of the gospel; nor have I confined my expressions to any particular party or opinion: that in words prepared for public worship and for the lips of multitudes, there might not be a syllable offensive to sincere Christians whose judgments may differ in the lesser matters of religion.
WHERE the Psalmist uses sharp Invective against his personal Enemies, I have endeavoured to turn the Edge of them against our Spiritual Adversaries, Sin, Satan and Temptation. Where the Elights of his Faith and Love are sublime, I have often sunk the Expressions within the reach of an ordinary Christian. Where the Words imply some peculiar Wants or Distresses, Joys or Blessings, I have used Words of greater Latitude and Comprehension suited to the general Circumstances of Men.

WHERE the Original runs in the Form of Prophecy concerning Christ and his Salvation, I have given an Historical Turn to the Sense: There is no necessity that we should always sing in the obscure and doubtfull Style of Prediction, when the Things foretold are brought into open Light by a full Accomplishment. Where the Writers of the New Testament have cited or alluded to any part of the Psalms, I have often indulged the Liberty of Paraphrase according to the Words of Christ or his Apostiles. And surely this may be esteemed the Word of God full, tho' borrowed from several parts of the Holy Scripture. Where the Psalmist describes Religion by the Fear of God, I have often joyned Faith and Love to it. Where he speaks of the Pardon of Sin thro' the Mercies of God, I have added the Merits of a Saviour. Where he talks of sacrificing Goats or Bullocks, I rather chuse to mention the Sacrifice of Christ the Lamb of God. When he attends the Ark with Shouting.
Shouting into Zion, I sing the Ascension of my Saviour into Heaven, or his Presence in his Church on Earth. Where he promises abundance of Wealth, Honour and long Life, I have changed some of these typical Blessings for Grace, Glory and Life Eternal, which are brought to Light by the Gospel, and promised in the New Testament: And I am fully satisfied that more Honour is done to our blessed Saviour by speaking his Name, his Graces and Actions in his own Language, according to the brighter Discoveries he hath now made, than by going back again to the Jewish Forms of Worship, and the Language of Types and Figures.

All Men will confess this is just and necessary in Preaching and Praying; and I cannot find a Reason why we should not sing Praises also in a manner agreeable to the present and more glorious Dispensation. No Man can be persuaded, that to read a Sermon of the Royal Preacher out of the Book of Ecclesiastes, or a Prayer out of Ezra or Daniel is so edifying to a Christian Church (tho' they were inspired) as a well-compos'd Prayer or Sermon deliver'd in the usual Language of the Gospel of Christ. And why should the very Words of the Sweet-Singer of Israel be esteem'd so necessary to Christian Psalmody, and the Jewish Style so much preferable to the Evangelical in our religious Songs of Praise?

Now since it appears so plain that the Hebrew Psalter is very improper to be the precise Matter and Style of our Songs in a Christian
Christian Church; and since there is very good Reason to believe that it is left us not only as a most valuable Part of the Word of God for our Faith and Practice, but as an admirable and divine Pattern of spiritual Songs and Hymns under the Gospel, I have chosen rather to imitate than to translate; and thus to compose a Psalm-book for Christians after the Manner of the Jewish Psalter.

If I could be perswaded that nothing ought to be sung in worship but what was of immediate Inspiration from God, surely I would recommend Anthems only, (viz.) the Psalms themselves as we read them in the Bible, set to Musick as they are sung by Choristers in our Cathedral Churches: For these are nearest to the Words of Inspiration; and we must depart far from those Words if we turn them into Rhyme and Metre of any Sort. And upon the foot of this Argument even The Scotch Version which has been so much commended for its Approach to the Original, would be unlawful as well as others.

But since I believe that any Divine Sentence or Christian Verse agreeable to Scripture may be sung, tho' it be composed by Men uninspired, I have not been so curious and exact in striving every where to express the antient Sense and Meaning of David, but have rather express myself as I may suppose David would have done, had he lived in the Days of Christianitit. And by this means perhaps I have sometimes hit upon the true Intent of the Spirit of God in those Verses, farther
farther and clearer than David himself could ever discover, as St. Peter encourages me to hope. 1 Pet. i. 11, 12. In several other Places I hope my Reader will find a natural Exposition of many a dark and doubtfull Text, and some new Beauties and Connexions of Thought discovered in the Jewish Poet, tho' not in the Language of a Jew. In all Places I have kept, my grand Design in View, and that is to teach my Author to speak like a Christian. For why should I now address God my Saviour in a Song with burnt Sacrifices of Fatlings and with the Incense of Rams? Why should I pray to be sprinkled with Hyssop, or recur to the Blood of Bullocks and Goats? Why should I bind my Sacrifice with Cords to the Horns of an Altar, or sing the Praises of God to high sounding Cymbals, when the Gospel has shewn me a nobler Atonement for Sin, and appointed a purer and more spiritual Worship? Why must I joyn with David in his Legal or Prophetic Language to curse my Enemies, when my Saviour in his Sermons has taught me to love and bless them? Why may not a Christian omit all those Passages of the Jewish Psalmist that tend to fill the Mind with overwhelming Sorrows, despairing Thoughts, or bitter personal Resentments, none of which are well suited to the Spirit of Christianity, which is a Dispensation of Hope and Joy and Love? What need is there that I should wrap up the shining Honours of my Redeemer in the dark and shadowy Language of a Religion that
that is now for ever abolished; especially when Christians are so vehemently warned in the Epistles of St. Paul against a Judaizing Spirit in their Worship as well as Doctrine? And what Fault can there be in enlarging a little on the more usefull Subjects in the Style of the Gospel, where the Psalm gives any Occasion, since the Whole Religion of the Jews is censor'd often in the New Testament as a defective and imperfect Thing?

Tho' I have aimed to provide for a Variety of Affairs in the Christian Life by the different Metres, Paraphrases, and Divisions of the Psalms, (of which I shall speak particularly) yet after all, there are a great many Circumstances that attend Common Christians, which cannot be agreeably express'd by any Paraphrase on the Words of David; and for these I have endeavoured to provide in my Book of Hymns, that Christians might have something to sing in Divine Worship answerable to most or all their Occasions: In the Preface to that Book I have shewn the Insufficiency of the common Versions of the Psalms, and given further Reasons for my present Attempt.

I am not so vain as to expect that the few short Hints I have mentioned in that Preface or in this should be sufficient to justify my Performances in the Judgment of all Men, nor to convince and satisfy those who have long maintained different Sentiments. All the Favour therefore that I desire of my Readers is this, that they would
would not censured this Work till they have read my Discourse of Psalmody, which I hope will shortly be publish'd; but let them read it with serious Attention, and bring with them a generous and sincere Soul, ready to be convinced and to receive Truth where ever it can be found. In that Treatise I have given a large and particular Account how the Psalms of Jewish Composition ought to be translated for Christian Worship, and justify'd the Rules I lay down by such Reasons as seem to carry in them most plentiful Evidence and a fair Conviction.

If I might presume so much, I would entreat them also to forget their younger Prejudices for a Season, so far as to make a few Experiments of these Songs; and try whether they are not suited thro' Divine Grace to kindle in them a Fire of Zeal and Love, and to exalt the willing Soul to an Evangelic Temper of Joy and Praise. And if they shall find by sweet Experience any devout Affections raised, and a holy Frame of Mind awakened within them by these Attempts of Christian Psalmistry, I persuade myself that I shall receive their Thanks, and be assisted by their Prayers towards the Recovery of my Health and my publick Labours in the Church of Christ. Whatever Sentiments they had formerly entertain'd, yet surely they will not suffer their old and doubtfull Opinions to prevail against their own inward Sensations of Piety and religious Joy.
Before I conclude I must add a few Things concerning my Division of the Psalms and my Manner of Versifying.

Of the Division of the Psalms.

In many of these sacred Songs it is evident that the Psalmist had several distinct Cases in View at the same time. As Psalm lxv. the first four or five Verses describe the Temple Worship of Prayer and Praise: The following Verses represent the Providence of God in the Seasons of the Year. So in Psalm lxviii. the first six Verses declare the Majesty and Mercy of God, and from the 7th Verse to the 16th Israel is brought from Egypt to six divine Worship at Jerusalem. The 17th and 18th are a Prophecy of the Ascension of Christ. Verse 24, &c. describes a Religious Procession, &c. The like may be observed in many other Psalms; especially such as represent some complicated Sorrows or Joys of the Psalmist. Now it is not to be supposed that Christians should have all the same distinct Occasions of Meditation, Complaint or Praise; much less all at the same time to be mentioned before God. Therefore I have divided many Psalms into several Parts, and disposed them into distinct Hymns on those various Subjects that may be proper Matter for Christian Psalmody.
Besides, that excessive long Tone of Voice that stretches out every Syllable in our publick Singing allows us neither Time nor Spirits to sing above six or eight Stanza's at once; and sometimes we make use of but three or four: Therefore I have reduced almost all the Work into Hymns of such a Length as may suit the usual Custom of the Churches; that they may not sing broken Fragments of Sense, as is too often done, and spoil the Beauty of this Worship; but may finish a whole Song and Subject at once.

For this End I have been forced to transpose some of the Verses; and by this means (some will object) that I have left out some usefull and significant Lines. Perhaps so. But if I had not, the Clerk would have left 'em out, to save the Time for other Parts of Worship: And I desire but the same Liberty which he has to chuse which Verses shall be sung. Yet I think it will be seldom found that I have omitted any usefull Psalm or Verse whose Sense is not abundantly repeated in other Parts of the Book; and what I have left out in one Metre I have often inserted in another.

When the Occasion or Subject are much the same throughout a long Psalm, I have either abridged the Verses, or divided the Psalm by Pausés after the French Manner, (where the Sense would admit an Interruption) that the Worship may not be tiresome.
Of the Verse.

I resign to Sir John Denham the Honour of the best Poet, if he had given his Genius but a just Liberty; yet his Work will ever shine brightest among those that have confined themselves to a meer Translation. But that close Confinement has often forbid the Freedom and Glory of Verse, and by cramping his Sense has render'd it sometimes too obscure for a plain Reader and the publick Worship, even tho' we lived in the Days of David and Judaïsın. These Inconveniences he himselfsuspects and fears in the Preface.

I am content to yield to Mr. Milbourne the Preference of his Poesy in many Parts of his Psalms, and to Mr. Tate and Dr. Brady in some of theirs. But in those very Places their Turns of Thought and Language are too much raised above a vulgar Audience, and fit only for Persons of an higher Education.

I have not refused in some few Psalms to borrow a single Line or two from these three Authors; yet I have taken the most Freedom of that sort with Dr. Patrick, for his Style best agrees with my Design, tho' his Verse be generally of a lower Strain. But where I have used three or four Lines together of any Author, I have acknowledged it in the Notes.

In some of the more elevated Psalms I have given a little Indulgence to my Genius; and if it should appear that I have aimed at the Sublime, yet I have generally kept within the Reach of an unlearned Reader: I never thought the Art of sublime Writing consisted in flying out of Sight; nor am I of the Mind
Mind of the Italian, who said, Obscurity begets Greatness. I have always avoided the Language of the Poets where it did not suit the Language of the Gospel.

In many of these Composures I have just permitted my Verse to rise above a Flat and indolent Style; yet I hope it is every where supported above the just Contempt of the Criticks; tho' I am sensible that I have often subdu'd it below their Esteem; because I would neither indulge any bold Metaphors, nor admit of hard Words, nor tempt an ignorant Worshipper to sing without his Understanding.

Tho' I have attempted to imitate the sacred Beauties of my Author in some of the sprightly Psalms, such as Psalm 45, 46, 49, 65, 72, 90, 91, 104, 114, 115, 139, &c. yet if my youthfull Readers complain that they expected to find here more elegant and beautiful Descriptions with which the sacred Original abounds, let them consider that some of those Pieces of descriptive Poesy are the flowry Elegancies peculiar to Eastern Nations and antique Ages, and are much too large also to be brought into such short Christian Sonnets as are used in our present Worship; almost all those Psalms I have contrasted and fitted to more spiritual Devotion, as Psalm 18, 68, 73, 78, 105, 106, 109, &c.

Of the Metre and Rhyme.

I have formed my Verse in the three most usual Metres to which our Psalm-Tunes are fitted, (viz) The Common Metre, the Metre of the old 25th Psalm which I call Short Metre, and that of the old 100th Psalm which I call Long Metre.
Metre. Besides these I have done some few Psalms in Stanza’s of six, eight, or twelve Lines, to the best of the old Tunes. Many of them I have also cast into two or three Metres, not by leaving out or adding two Syllables in a Line, whereby others have cramped or stretched their Verse to the Destruction of all Poesy; but I have made an intire new Song, and oftentimes in the different Metres I have indulged those different Senses in which Commentators have explained the inspired Author: And if in one Metre I have given the Loose to a Paraphrase, I have confin’d myself to my Text in the other.

If I am charged by the Criticks for repeating the same Rhymes too often, let them consider, that the Words which continually recur in divine Poesy admit exceeding few Rhymes to them fit for sacred Use; these are, God, World, Flesh, Soul, Life, Death, Faith, Hope, Heaven, Earth, &c. which I think will make sufficient Apology; especially since I have coupled all my Lines by Rhymes much more than either Mr. Tate or Dr. Patrick have done, which is certainly most musical and agreeable to the Ear where Rhyme is used at all.

I must confess I have never yet seen any Version or Paraphrase of the Psalms, in their own Jewish Sense, so perfect as to discourage all further Attempts. But whoever undertakes the noble Work, let him bring with him a Soul devoted to Piety, an exalted Genius, and withal a studious Application. For David’s Harp abhors a prophane Finger, and disdains to answer to an unskillfull or a careless
less Touch. A meaner Pen may imitate at a Distance, but a compleat Translation or a just Paraphrase demands a rich Treasury of Diction, an exalted Fancy, a quick Taste of devout Passion, together with a Judgment strict and severe to retrench every luxuriant Line, and to maintain a religious Sovereignty over the whole Work. Thus the Psalmist of Israel might arise in Great Britain in all his Hebrew Glory, and entertain the more knowing and polite Christians of our Age. But still I am bold to maintain the great Principle on which my present Work is founded; and that is, That if the brightest Genius on Earth or an Angel from Heaven should translate David, and keep close to the Sense and Style of the inspired Author, we should only obtain thereby a bright or heavenly Copy of the Devotions of the Jewish King; but it could never make the fittest Psalm-Book for a Christian People.

It was not my Design to exalt myself to the Rank and Glory of Poets; but I was ambitious to be a Servant to the Churches, and a Helper to the Joy of the meanest Christian. Tho' there are many gone before me that have taught the Hebrew Psalmist to speak English, yet I think I may assume this Pleasure of being the First who have brought down the Royal Author into the common Affairs of the Christian Life, and led the Psalmist of Israel into the Church of Christ, without any thing of a Jew about him. And whenever there shall appear any Paraphrase of the Book of Psalms that hath more of the Savour of Piety, more of the Style and Spirit of the Gospel, with a superior
rior Dignity of Verfe, and yet the Lines as easy and flowing, and the Sense and Language as level to the lowest Capacity, I shall congratulate the World, and consent to say, Let this Attempt of mine be buried in Silence.

Till such a Work arise, I must attend these Evangelic Songs (which have been the Labour of so many Years) with a devout Wiff.

May that God who has favour'd me with Life and Capacity to finish this Work for the Service of his Churches after so many Years of tiresome Sickness and Confinement, accept this humble Offering from a thankful Heart. May the Lord who dwelt of old amidst the Praises of Israel encourage and bless this Essay to assist Christian's in the Work of Praise! And may his Churches exalt him here on Earth in the Language of his Gospel and his Grace, till they shall be called up to Heaven and the noble Society above! There David and Asaph have chang'd their antient Style, and the Song of Moses and of the Lamb are one: There the Jews join with the Nations to exalt their God and Redeemer in the Language of Angels and in Strains of compleat Glory. Amen.

Advertisement to the Readers.

The chief Design of this Work was to improve Psalmody or Religious Singing, and to encourage the frequent Practice of it in public Assemblies and private Families with more Honour and Delight; yet the Author hopes the Reading of it may also entertain the Parlour and the Closet with devout Pleasure and
and holy Meditations. Therefore he would request his Readers at proper Seasons to peruse it thro', and among 340 sacred Hymns they may find out several that suit their own Case and Temper, or the Circumstances of their Families and Friends; they may teach their Children such as are proper for their Age, and by treasuring them in their Memory they may be furnished for pious Retirement, or may entertain their Friends with holy Melody.

Of choosing or finding the Psalm.

The Perusal of the whole Book will acquaint every Reader with the Author's Method, and by consulting the Index or Table of Contents at the End he may find Hymns very proper for many Occasions of the Christian Life and Worship, tho' no Copy of David's Psalter can provide for all.

Or if he remember the first Line of any Psalm, the Table of the first Lines will direct where to find it.

Or if any shall think it best to sing all the Psalms in order in Churches or Families, it may be done with profit; provided those Psalms be omitted that refer to special Occurrences of Nations, Churches or single Christians.

Of naming the Psalms.

Let the Number of the Psalm be named distinctly, together with the particular Metre, and particular Part of it: As for Instance; Let us sing the 33d Psalm, 2d Part. Common Metre; or, Let us sing the 91st Psalm, 1st Part, beginning at the Pause, or ending at the Pause; or, Let us sing the 84th Psalm as the
the 148th Psalm, &c. And then read over the first Stanza before you begin to sing, that the People may find it in their Books, whether you sing with or without reading Line by Line.

Of Dividing the Psalm.

If the Psalm be too long for the Time or Custom of Singing, there are Pauses in many of 'em at which you may properly rest: Or you may leave out those Verses which are included in Crotchetes [ ] without disturbing the Sense: Or in some Places you may begin to sing at a Pause.

Do not always confine your selves to six Stanza's, but sing seven or eight, rather than confound the Sense and abase the Psalm in solemn Worship.

Of the Manner of Singing.

It were to be wish'd that all Congregations and private Families would sing as they do in foreign Protestant Countries without reading Line by Line. Tho' the Author has done what he could to make the Sense compleat in every Line or two, yet many Inconveniencies will always attend this unhappy Manner of Singing: But where it cannot be alter'd, these two things may give some Relief.

First, Let as many as can do it bring Psalm-books with them, and look on the Words while they sing so far as to make the Sense compleat.

Secondly, Let the Clerk read the whole Psalm over aloud before he begins to parcel out the Lines, that the People may have some Notion of what they sing, and not be forced to drag on heavily thro' eight tedious Syllables without any Meaning, till the next Line come to give the Sense of them. It
It were to be wish'd also that we might not dwell so long upon every single Note, and produce the Syllables to such a tiresome Extent with a constant Uniformity of Time; which disgraces the Musick and puts the Congregation quite out of Breath in singing five or six Stanza's: whereas if the Method of Singing were but reformed to a greater Speed of Pronunciation, we might often enjoy the Pleasure of a longer Psalm with less Expence of Time and Breath; and our Psalmody would be more agreeable to that of the antient Churches, more intelligible to others, and more delightfull to our selves.

The various Measures of the Verse are fitted to the Tunes of the Old Psalm-Book.

To the Common Tunes sing all entitled Common Metre.
To the Tunes of the 100th Psalm sing all entitled Long Metre.
To the Tune of the 25th Ps. sing Short Metre.
To the 50th Ps. sing one Metre of the 50th, 93d.
To the 112th or 127th Psalm sing one Metre of the 104th and 148th.
To the 113th Psalm sing one Metre of the 19th, 33d, 58th, 89th, last Part, 96th, 112th, 113th.
To the 122d Psalm sing one of the Metres of the 93d, 122d and 133d.
To the 148th Psalm sing one Metre of the 84th, 121st, 136th and 148th.
To a New Tune sing one Metre of the 50th and 115th.

Dec. 1st, 1718.

THE
THE

PSALMS of DAVID

Imitated

In the LANGUAGE of the New Testament.

*****************************************************************

PSALM I. Common Metre.
The Way and End of the Righteous and the Wicked.

I.
BLEST is the Man who shuns the Place Where Sinners love to meet; Who fears to tread their wicked Ways, And hates the Scoffer's Seat.

II.
But in the Statutes of the Lord, Has plac'd his chief Delight;
Psalms.

By Day he reads or hears the Word,
And meditates by Night.

III.
[He is like a Plant of generous Kind
By living Waters set,
Safe from the Storms and blasting Wind,
Enjoys a peaceful State.]

IV.
Green as the Leaf, and ever fair
Shall his Profession shine;
While Fruits of Holiness appear
Like Clusters on the Vine.

V.
Not so the Impious and Unjust;
What vain Designs they form!
Their Hopes are blown away like Dust,
Or Chaff before the Storm.

VI.
Sinners in Judgment shall not stand
Amongst the Sons of Grace,
When Christ the Judge at his Right-hand
Appoints his Saints a Place.

VII.
His Eye beholds the Path they tread,
His Heart approves it well;
But crooked Ways of Sinners lead
Down to the Gates of Hell.

In this Work I have often borrowed a Line or two from the New Testament; that the excellent and inspired Compositions of the Jewish Psalmist may be brightened by the clearer Discoveries of the Gospels.

Stanza 6. He shall set the Sheep at the Right-hand, &c.
Matt. 25. 33.
Psalm I. Short Metre.
The Saint Happy, the Sinner Miserable.

I.
The Man is ever blest
Who shuns the Sinner's Ways,
Among their Counsels never stands;
Nor takes the Scorn'der's Place.

II.
But makes the Law of God
His Study and Delight,
Amidst the Labours of the Day,
And Watches of the Night.

III.
He like a Tree shall thrive,
With Waters near the Root;
Fresh as the Leaf his Name shall live,
His Works are heav'nly Fruit.

IV.
Not so th' ungodly Race,
They no such Blessings find:
Their Hopes shall flee like empty Chaff
Before the driving Wind.

V.
How will they bear to stand
Before that Judgment-Seat,
Where all the Saints at Christ's Right-hand
In full Assembly meet?

VI.
He knows, and he approves
The Way the Righteous go;
But Sinners and their Works shall meet
A dreadful Overthrow.

Psalm
Psalm I. Long Metre.

The Difference between the Righteous and the Wicked.

I.

Happy the Man, whose cautious Feet
Shun the broad Way that Sinners go,
Who hates the Place where Atheists meet,
And fears to talk as Scoffers do.

II.

He loves t' employ his Morning-Light
Amongst the Statutes of the Lord;
And spends the wakeful Hours of Night,
With Pleasure pond’ring o’er the Word.

III.

He, like a Plant by gentle Streams,
Shall flourish in immortal Green;
And Heav’n will shine with kindest Beams
On ev’ry Work his Hands begin.

IV.

But Sinners find their Counsels crost;
As Chaff before the Tempest flies,
So shall their Hopes be blown and loft,
When the last Trumpet shakes the Skies.

V.

In vain the Rebel seeks to stand
In Judgment with the pious Race;
The dreadful Judge with stern Command
Divides him to a different Place.

VI.

"Strait is the Way my Saints have trod,
I blest the Path, and drew it plain;

"But
Psalms

"But you would choose the crooked Road,
And down it leads to endless Pain.

Stan. 1. line 2 & St. 6. l. 4. Broad is the Way that leads to
Destruction, Matt. 7. 13, 14.
St. 4. l. 4. At the last Trump, &c. 1. Cor. 15. 52.

Psalm II. Short Metre.
Translated according to the Divine Pattern, Acts 4.
24, &c.
Christ Dying, Rising, Interceding, and
Reigning.

I.

Maker and Sovereign Lord
Of Heaven and Earth and Seas,
Thy Providence confirms thy Word,
And answers thy Decrees.

II.
The Things so long foretold
By David are fulfill'd,
When Jews and Gentiles joyn'd to slay
Jesus, thine Holy Child.]

III.
Why did the Gentiles rage,
And Jews with one accord
Bend all their Counsels to destroy
Th' Anointed of the Lord?

IV.
Rulers and Kings agree
To form a vain Design;
Against the Lord their Powers unite,
Against his Christ they joyn.

V.
The Lord derides their Rage,
And will support his Throne;

B 3 He
He that hath rais'd Him from the Dead
Hath own'd Him for his Son.

Now he's ascended high,
And asks to rule the Earth;
The Merit of his Blood he pleads,
And pleads his heavenly Birth.

He asks, and God bestows
A large Inheritance;
Far as the World's remotest Ends
His Kingdom shall advance.

The Nations that rebel
Must feel his Iron Rod;
He'll vindicate those Honours well
Which he receiv'd from God.

[Be wise, ye Rulers, now;
And worship at his Throne;
With trembling Joy, ye People, bow
To God's exalted Son.

If once his Wrath arise,
Ye perish on the Place:
Then blessed is the Soul that flies
For Refuge to his Grace.]

Str. 1. l. 3. To do whatsoever thy Hand and thy Counsel determined to be done, &c. v. 28. And several other Lines of this Version are evidently borrowed from the fuller Discoveries of Christ in the New Testament,
Psalm II. Common Metre.

I.
Why did the Nations join to slay
The Lord's Anointed Son?
Why did they cast his Laws away,
And tread his Gospel down?

II.
The Lord that sits above the Skies,
Derides their Rage below,
He speaks with Vengeance in his Eyes,
And strikes their Spirits thro'.

III.
"I call him my Eternal Son,
"And raise him from the Dead;
"I make my holy Hill his Throne,
"And wide his Kingdom spread.

IV.
"Ask me, my Son, and then enjoy
"The utmost Heathen Lands;
"Thy Rod of Iron shall destroy
"The Rebel that withstands.

V.
Be wise, ye Rulers of the Earth,
Obey th' Anointed Lord,
Adore the King of Heav'nly Birth,
And tremble at his Word.

VI.
With humble Love address his Throne,
For if he frown, ye die:
Those are secure, and those alone
Who on his Grace rely.
PSALMS.

PSALM II. Long Metre.

Christ's Death, Resurrection and Ascension.

Why did the Jews proclaim their Rage?
The Romans why their Swords employ?
Against the Lord their Powers engage
His dear Anointed to destroy.

II.
"Come, let us break his Bands, they say,
This Man shall never give us Laws;
And thus they cast his Yoke away,
And nail'd the Monarch to the Cross.

III.
But God who high in Glory reigns (trolls;
Laughs at their Pride, their Rage cont-
He'll vex their Hearts with inward Pains,
And speak in Thunder to their Souls.

IV.
"I will maintain the King I made
"On Zion's everlasting Hill,
"My Hand shall bring him from the dead,
"And he shall stand your Sovereign still.

V.
[His wondrous Rising from the Earth
Makes his Eternal God-head known;
The Lord declares his heavenly Birth;
"This Day have I begot my Son.

VI.
"Ascend, my Son, to my Right-hand,
"There, thou shalt ask, and I bestow
Psalms

"The utmost Bounds of Heathen Lands;
To thee the Northern Isles shall bow."

VII.

But Nations that resist his Grace
Shall fall beneath his Iron Stroke;
His Rod shall crush his Foes with Ease,
As Potter's Earthen Work is broke.

Pause.

VIII.

Now ye that sit on earthly Thrones,
Be wise, and serve the Lord, the Lamb;
Now to his Feet submit your Crowns,
Rejoice and tremble at his Name.

IX.

With humble Love address the Son;
Let he grow angry, and ye die;
His Wrath will burn to Worlds unknown,
If ye provoke his Jealousy.

X.

His Storms shall drive you quick to Hell,
He is a God, and ye but Dust:
Happy the Souls that know him well,
And make his Grace their only Trust.

Str. 5. Declared to be the Son of God with Power by his Resurrection from the Dead, Rom. 1. 4.

Psalm III. Common Metre.

Doubts and Fears suppress; or, God our Defence from Sin and Satan,

I.

My God, how many are my Fears!
How fast my Foes increase!

B5 Con-
Conspiring my eternal Death
    They break my present Peace.

II.
The lying Tempter would persuade
    There's no Relief in Heaven.
And all my swelling Sins appear
    Too big to be forgiven.

III.
But thou, my Glory and my Strength,
    Shalt on the Tempter tread,
Shalt silence all my threat'ning Guilt,
    And raise my drooping Head.

IV.
[I cry'd, and from his holy Hill
    He bow'd a list'ning Ear;]
I call'd my Father, and my God,
    And he subdu'd my Fear.

V.
He shed soft Slumbers on mine Eyes
    In spight of all my Foes;
I'woked, and wonder'd at the Grace
    That guarded my Repose.]

VI.
What tho' the Hofts of Death and Hell
    All arm'd against me stood,
Terrors no more shall shake my Soul;
    My Refuge is my God.

VII.
Arise, O Lord, fulfil thy Grace,
    While I thy Glory sing:
My God has broke the Serpent's Teeth,
    And Death has lost his Sting.
Salvation to the Lord belongs,
His Arm alone can save:
Blessings attend thy People here,
And reach beyond the Grave.

In this Psalm I have changed David's personal Enemies into the
Spiritual Enemies of every Christian, (viz.) Sin, Satan, &c. and
have mentioned the Serpent, the Tempter, the Guilt of Sin, and
the Sting of Death, which are Words well known in the New Test-
mament.

Psalm III. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8. Long Metre.
A Morning Psalm.

I.
Lord, how many are my Foes
In this weak state of Flesh and Blood!
My Peace they daily discompose,
But my Defence and Hope is God.

II.
Tir'd with the Burdens of the Day
To thee I rais'd an Evening Cry:
Thou heard'st when I began to pray,
And thine Almighty Help was nigh.

III.
Supported by thine heavenly Aid
I laid me down and slept secure:
Not Death should make my Heart afraid
Tho' I should wake and rise no more.

IV.
But God sustain'd me all the Night;
Salvation doth to God belong;

He
Psalm IV. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7. Long Metre.

Hearing of Prayer; or, God our Portion, and Christ our Hope.

I.

O God of Grace and Righteousness,
Hear and attend when I complain:
Thou hast enlarg'd me in Distress,
Bow down a gracious Ear again.

II.

Ye Sons of Men, in vain ye try
To turn my Glory into Shame;
How long will Scoffers love to lie,
And dare reproach my Saviour's Name?

III.

Know that the Lord divides his Saints
From all the Tribes of Men beside;
He hears the Cry of Penitents
For the dear Sake of Christ that dy'd.

IV.

When our obedient Hands have done
A Thousand Works of Righteousness,
We put our Trust in God alone,
And glory in his pard'ning Grace.
Psalms

V.
Let the unthinking Many say,
"Who will bestow some Earthly Good?
But, Lord, thy Light and Love we pray;
Our Souls desire this Heav'nyly Food,

VI.
Then shall my cheerfull Powers rejoice,
At Grace and Favour so divine,
Nor will I change my happy Choice
For all their Corn, and all their Wine.

Tho' this Psalm may not directly intend the Messiah, yet I have taken occasion to apply some Expressions in it to Christ and his Gospel, I hope with some Advantage, and without Offence.

Psalm IV. 3. 4. 5. 8. Common Metre.
An Evening Psalm.

I.
Lord, thou wilt hear me when I pray;
I am for ever thine:
I fear before thee all the Day,
Nor would I dare to sin.

II.
And while I rest my weary Head
From Cares and Business free,
'Tis sweet conversing on my Bed
With my own Heart and Thee.

III.
I pay this Evening, Sacrifice;
And when my Work is done,
Great God, my Faith and Hope relies
Upon thy Grace alone.
PSALMS.

IV.
Thus with my Thoughts compos'd to
I'll give mine Eyes to sleep; (Peace,
Thy Hand in Safety keeps my Days,
And will my Slumbers keep.

Psalm V.

For the Lord's-day Morning.

I.

Lord, in the Morning thou shalt hear
My Voice ascending high;
To thee will I direct my Pray'r,
To thee lift up mine Eye.

II.
Up to the Hills where Christ is gone
To plead for all his Saints,
Presenting at his Father's Throne
Our Songs and our Complaints.

III.
Thou art a God before whose Sight
The Wicked shall not stand;
Sinners shall ne'er be thy Delight,
Nor dwell at thy Right-hand.

IV.
But to thy House will I retort
To taste thy Mercies there;
I will frequent thine holy Court,
And worship in thy Fear.

V.
O may thy Spirit guide my Feet
In Ways of Righteousness!
Make every Path of Duty strait,
And plain before my Face.

Pause.
Psalms

Pause

VI.
My watchful Enemies combine
To tempt my Feet astray;
They flatter with a base Design
To make my Soul their Prey.

VII.
Lord, crush the Serpent in the Dust,
And all his Plots destroy;
While those that in thy Mercy trust
For ever shout for Joy.

VIII.
The Men that love and fear thy Name
Shall see their Hopes fulfill'd;
The mighty God will compass them
With Favour as a Shield.

This Psalm begins with the mention of Morning Prayer, and proceeds to the Worship of God in his Temple, which inclin'd me to entitle it, for a Lord's-Day Morning.

St. 2. and 5. Where any just Occasion is given to make mention of Christ and the holy Spirit, I refuse it not; and I am persuaded David would not have refused it, had he lived under the Gospel; nor St. Paul, had he written a Psalm-Book.

Psalm VI. Common Metre.
Complaint in Sickness; or, Diseases healed.

I.
In Anger, Lord, rebuke me not,
Withdraw the dreadful Storm;
Nor let thy Fury grow so hot
Against a feeble Worm.

II.
My Soul's bow'd down with heavy Cares,
My Flesh with Pain oppress'd:

My
Psalms

My Couch is Witness to my Tears,
My Tears forbid my Rest.

III.
Sorrow and Pain wear out my Days;
I waste the Night with Cries,
Counting the Minutes as they pass,
Till the slow Morning rise.

IV.
Shall I be still tormentted more?
Mine Eye consum’d with Grief?
How long, my God, how long before
Thine Hand afford Relief?

V.
He hears when Dust and Ashes speak,
He pities all our Groans,
He saves us for his Mercies sake,
And heals our broken Bones.

VI.
The Virtue of his Sovereign Word
Restores our fainting Breath;
For silent Graves praise not the Lord,
Nor is he known in Death.

Vexation by personal Enemies is not a constant Attendant of Sickness, therefore in this Version I have omitted it as a peculiar Circumstance of David's. In the next Version I have changed these Enemies for Temptations and despairing Thoughts.

The 5th Verse of this Psalm, which is a Plea in the Prayer, may be naturally transposed to the end, as a Ground of Praise.

Psalm VI. Long Metre.

Temptations in Sickness overcome.

I.

Lord, I can suffer thy Rebukes,
When thou with Kindness dost chastise;

But
But thy fierce Wrath I cannot bear,
O let it not against me rise!

II.
Pity my languishing Estate,
And ease the Sorrows that I feel;
The Wounds thine heavy Hand hath made,
O let thy gentler Touches heal!

III.
See how I pass my weary Days
In Sighs and Groans; and when 'tis Night,
My Bed is water'd with my Tears;
My Grief consumes and dims my Sight.

IV.
Look how the Powers of Nature mourn!
How long, Almighty God, how long?
When shall thine Hour of Grace return?
When shall I make thy Grace my Song?

V.
I feel my Flesh so near the Grave,
My Thoughts are tempted to Despair;
But Graves can never praise the Lord,
For all is Dust and Silence there.

VI.
Depart, ye Tempters, from my Soul;
And all despairing Thoughts depart;
My God who hears my humble Moan
Will ease my Flesh, and cheer my Heart.

Part of the 3 first Stanzas I have borrow'd from Dr. Patrick,
being pleas'd with the agreeable Turn he gives to David's Sense.

Psalm
Psalm VII.

God's Care of his People, and Punishment of Persecutors.

I.

My Trust is in my heavenly Friend,
My Hope in thee, my God;
Rise, and my helpless Life defend
From those that seek my Blood.

II.

With Insolence and Fury they
My Soul in Pieces tear,
As hungry Lions rend the Prey
When no Deliverer's near.

III.

If I had e'er provok'd them first,
Or once abus'd my Foe,
Then let him tread my Life to Dust,
And lay mine Honour low.

IV.

If there be Malice found in me,
I know thy piercing Eyes;
I should not dare appeal to thee,
Nor ask my God to rise.

V.

Arise, my God, lift up thy Hand,
Their Pride and Power control;
Awake to Judgment, and command
Deliverance for my Soul.

Pause.

VI.

[Let Sinners and their wicked Rage
Be humbled to the Dust;]
Shall not the God of Truth engage
To vindicate the Just?

VII.
He knows the Heart, he tries the Reins,
He will defend th' Upright:
His sharpest Arrows he ordains
Against the Sons of Spight.

VIII.
For me their Malice dig'd a Pit,
But there themselves are cast;
My God makes all their Mischief light
On their own Heads at last.

IX.
That cruel persecuting Race
Must feel his dreadful Sword;
Awake my Soul, and praise the Grace
And Justice of the Lord.

In this Psalm I have not exactly followed every single Verse
of the Psalmist, but have endeavoured to controul the Substance,
of it into fewer Lines, yet not without a Regard to the literal
Sense and Words also, as will appear by the Comparison.

PSALM VIII. Short Metre.
God's Sovereignty and Goodness; and Man's
Dominion over the Creatures.

I.
O Lord, our heavenly King,
Thy Name is all Divine;
Thy Glories round the Earth are spread,
And o'er the Heavens they shine.

II.
When to thy Works on high
I raise my wond'ring Eyes,
And
And see the Moon compleat in Light
Adorn the darksome Skies:

III.
When I survey the Stars
And all their shining Forms,
Lord, what is Man, that worthless Thing
A-kin to Dust and Worms?

IV.
Lord, what is worthless Man,
That thou shouldn't love him so?
Next to thine Angels is he plac'd,
And Lord of all below.

V.
Thine Honours crown his Head,
While Beasts like Slaves obey,
And Birds that cut the Air with Wings,
And Fish that cleave the Sea.

VI.
How rich thy Bounties are!
And wond'rous are thy Ways:
Of Dust and Worms thy Power can frame
A Monument of Praise.

VII.
[Out of the Mouths of Babes
And Sucklings thou canst draw
Surprizing Honours to thy Name,
And strike the World with Aye.

VIII.
O Lord, our heavenly King,
Thy Name is all Divine:
Thy Glories round the Earth are spread,
And o'er the Heavens they shine.]
Psalm VIII. Common Metre.
Christ's Condescension and Glorification; or,
God made Man.

I.
O Lord, our Lord, how wondrous great
Is thine exalted Name!
The Glories of thy heavenly State
Let Men and Babes proclaim.

II.
When I behold thy Works on high,
The Moon that rules the Night,
And Stars that well adorn the Sky,
Those moving Worlds of Light.

III.
Lord, what is Man or all his Race.
Who dwells so far below,
That thou shouldst visit him with Grace
And love his Nature so?

IV.
That thine Eternal Son should bear
To take a Mortal Form,
Made lower than his Angels are,
To save a dying Worm?

[V yet while he liv'd on Earth unknown
And Men would not adore,
Th' obedient Seas and Fishes own
His Godhead and his Power.

VI.
VI.
The Waves lay spread beneath his Feet;  
And Fishe at his Command  
Bring their large Shoals to Peter's Net,  
Bring Tribute to his Hand.

VII.
These lesser Glories of the Son  
Shone thro' the fleshly Cloud;  
Now we behold him on his Throne,  
And Men confess him God.]

VIII.
Let him be crown'd with Majesty  
Who bow'd his Head to Death;  
And be his Honours founded high,  
By all things that have Breath.

IX.
Jesus, our Lord, how wondrous great  
Is thine exalted Name!  
The Glories of thy Heavenly State  
Let the whole Earth proclaim.

St. 4. If the Citation of part of this Psalm by the Apostle, Heb. 25. &c. be but a meer Allusion, yet it affords Ground enough for the Turn I have given it in this Version, and the Application of it to Christ.

Sr. 6. l. 1. Jesus went to them walking on the Sea, Matt. 14. 25.

Line. 2. He said to Simon, Launch out, &c. and they enclosed a great Multitude of Fishes, Luke 5. 4. 6.

Lin. 4. Cast an Hook and take up the Fish ———— thou shalt find a Piece of Money, &c. Matt. 17. 27.
Psalm VIII. Verse 1, 2. Paraphras'd.

The First Part. Long Metre.
The Hosanna of the Children; or, Infants, praising God.

I.

 Almighty Ruler of the Skies,
Thro' the wide Earth thy Name is
And thine Eternal Glories rise (spread,
O'er all the Heavens thy Hands have made.

II.

To thee the Voices of the Young
A Monument of Honour raise;
And Babes with uninstructed Tongue
Declare the Wonders of thy Praise.

III.

Thy Power assists their tender Age
To bring proud Rebels to the Ground,
To still the bold Blasphemer's Rage,
And all their Policies confound.

IV.

Children midst thy Temple throng
To see their great Redeemer's Face;
The Son of David is their Song,
And young Hosanna's fill the Place.

V.

The frowning Scribes and angry Priests
In vain their impious Cavils bring;
Revenge sits silent in their Breasts,
While Jewish Babes proclaim their King.

The two first Verses are here Paraphras'd and explained by the History of the Children crying Hosanna to Christ, Matt. 21, 15, 16. where our Saviour cites and applies those Words of the Psalm.
Psalm VIII. Verse 3, &c. Paraphrased.

The Second Part. Long Metre.
Adam and Christ, Lords of the Old and the New Creation.

I.

Lord what was Man, when made at first, Adam the Offspring of the Dust,
That thou shouldst set him and his Race But just below an Angel's Place?

II.

That thou shouldst raise his Nature so, And make him Lord of all below, Make every Beast and Bird submit, And lay the Fishes at his Feet?

III.

But O what brighter Glories wait To crown the second Adam's State? What Honours shall thy Son adorn Who condescended to be born?

IV.

See him below his Angels made; See him in Dust amongst the Dead, To save a ruin'd World from Sin: But he shall reign with Pow'r divine.

V.

The World to come Redeem'd from all The Miseries that attend the Fall, New-made, and glorious, shall submit To our exalted Saviour's Feet.

I am persuaded the true Meaning of the Apostle in citing the Words of this Psalm, and applying them them to our Saviour, Heb. 2. 5, &c. is to show that Christ, the second Adam, must have Dominion over the new World, as Adam the first Man had over
over the Old, and that he is truly and really Man, because:
the first Adam is the Figure and Type of him in this his
Dominion.

Psalm IX. The First Part.
Wrath and Mercy from the Judgment-
Seat.

I.
With my whole Heart I’ll raise my

(Song,
Thy Wonders I’ll proclaim,
Thou Sovereign Judge of Right and
Wilt put my Foes to shame. (Wrong.

II.
I’ll sing thy Majesty and Grace;
My God prepares his Throne
To judge the World in Righteousness,
And make his Vengeance known.

III.
Then shall the Lord a Refuge prove
For all the poor opprest;
To save the People of his Love,
And give the weary Rest.

IV.
The Men that know thy Name will trust
In thy abundant Grace;
For thou hast ne’er forsook the Just,
Who humbly seek thy Face.

V.
Sing Praises to the Righteous Lord
Who dwells on Zion’s Hill,
Who executes his threat’ning Word,
And doth his Grace fulfill.

C
Psalm IX. Verse 12. The Second Part.
The Wisdom and Equity of Providence.

I.
When the great Judge Supreme and (Just
Shall once enquire for Blood,
The humble Souls that mourn in Dust
Shall find a faithful God.

II.
He from the dreadful Gates of Death
Does his own Children raise:
In Zion’s Gates with cheerful Breath
They sing their Father’s Praise.

III.
His Foes shall fall with heedless Feet
Into the Pit they made;
And Sinners perish in the Net
That their own Hands had spread.

IV.
Thus by thy Judgments, mighty God,
Are thy deep Counsels known;
When Men of Mischief are destroy’d,
The Snare must be their own.

V.
The Wicked shall sink down to Hell;
Thy Wrath devour the Lands
That dare forget Thee, or rebel
Against thy known Commands.

VI.
Tho’ Saints to sore Distress are brought,
And wait and long complain,
Their
Their Cries shall not be still forgot,
Nor shall their Hopes be vain.

[VII.

[Rise, great Redeemer from thy Seat
To judge and save the Poor;
Let Nations tremble at thy Feet,
And Man prevail no more.

[VIII.

Thy Thunder shall affright the Proud,
And put their Hearts to Pain,
Make 'em confess that thou art God,
And they but feeble Men.]

PSALM X.

Prayer heard, and Saints saved; or, Pride,
Atheism, and Oppression punish'd.
For a Humiliation Day.

I.

Why doth the Lord stand off so far?
And why conceal his Face,
When great Calamities appear;
And Times of deep distress?

II.

Lord, shall the Wicked still deride
Thy Justice and thy Power?
Shall they advance their Heads in Pride,
And still thy Saints devour?

III.

They put thy Judgments from their sight,
And then insult the Poor;
They boast in their exalted Height,
That they shall fall no more.

C 2
IV.
Arise, O God, lift up thine Hand;
Attend our humble Cry;
No Enemy shall dare to stand
When God ascends on high.
P A U S E.

V.
Why do the Men of Malice rage,
And say with foolish Pride,
"The God of Heaven will ne'er engage
To fight on Zion's Side?"

VI.
But thou for ever art our Lord;
And powerful is thine Hand,
As when the Heathens felt thy Sword,
And perish'd from thy Land.

VII.
Thou wilt prepare our Hearts to pray,
And cause thine Ear to hear;
He hearkens what his Children say,
And puts the World in Fear.

VIII.
Proud Tyrants shall no more oppress,
No more despise the Just;
And mighty Sinners shall confess
They are but Earth and Dust.

PSALM XI.

God loves the Righteous, and hates the Wicked.

I.
My Refuge is the God of Love,
Why do my Foes insult and cry,
"Fly
"Fly like a timorous trembling Dove, 
To distant Woods or Mountains fly?"

II.
If Government be all destroy'd, 
(That firm Foundation of our Peace) 
And Violence make Justice void, 
Where shall the Righteous seek Redress?

III.
The Lord in Heaven has fixt his Throne, 
His Eye surveys the World below; 
To him all mortal Things are known, 
His Eye-lids search our Spirits thro'.

IV.
If he afflicts his Saints so far 
To prove their Love, and try their Grace, 
What may the bold Transgressors fear? 
His very Soul abhors their Ways.

V.
On impious Wretches he shall rain 
Tempests of Brimstone, Fire and Death, 
Such as he kindled on the Plain 
Of Sodom with his angry Breath.

VI.
The righteous Lord loves righteous Souls, 
Whose Thoughts and Actions are sincere, 
And with a gracious Eye beholds 
The Men that his own Image bear.
Psalm XII. Long Metre:
The Saint's Safety and Hope in evil Times;
or, Sins of the Tongue complain'd of (viz.)
Blasphemy, Falsehood, &c.

I.
Lord, if thou dost not soon appear,
Vertue and Truth will fly away;
A faithful Man amongst us here
Will scarce be found, if thou delay.

II.
The whole Discourse when Neighbours
Is fill'd with Trifles, loose and vain: (meet
Their Lips are Flattery and Deceit,
And their proud Language is profane.

III.
But Lips that with Deceit abound
Shall not maintain their Triumph long;
The God of Vengeance will confound
The Flattering and Blaspheming Tongue.

IV.
"Yet shall our Words be free, they cry;
"Our Tongues shall be controul'd by none.
"Where is the Lord will ask us why?
"Or say, our Lips are not our own?

V.
The Lord who sees the Poor opprest,
And hears th' Oppressor's haughty Strain,
Will rise to give his Children Rest,
Nor shall they trust his Word in vain.

VI.
Thy Word, O Lord, tho' often try'd,
Void of Deceit shall still appear;
Not Silver seven times purify'd
From Dross and Mixture shines so clear.

VII.
Thy Grace shall in the darkest Hour
Defend the Holy Soul from Harm;
Tho' when the vilest Men have Power
On every side will Sinners swarm.

Psalm XII. Common Metre.
Complaint of a general Corruption of Manners; or, The Promise and Signs of Christ's coming to Judgment.

I.
Help, Lord, for Men of Vertue fail,
Religion loses Ground;
The Sons of Violence prevail,
And Treacheries abound.

II.
Their Oaths and Promises they break,
Yet act the Flatterer's part;
With fair deceitful Lips they speak,
And with a double Heart.

III.
If we reprove some hateful Lie,
How is their Fury starr'd!
"Are not our Lips our own, they cry,
"And who shall be our Lord?"

IV.
Scoffers appear on every side
Where a vile Race of Men
Is rais'd to Seats of Power and Pride,
And bears the Sword in vain.
Psalm V.

Lord, when Iniquities abound,
And Blasphemy grows bold,
When Faith is hardly to be found,
And Love is waxing cold,

VI.

Is not thy Chariot hast'ning on?
Haft thou not giv'n this Sign?
May we not trust and live upon
A Promise so Divine?

VII.

"Yes, faith the Lord, now will I rise,
"And make Oppressors flee;
"I shall appear to their Surprize,
"And let my Servants free.

VIII.

Thy Word, like Silver seven times try'd
Thro' Ages shall endure;
The Men that in thy Truth confide
Shall find the Promise sure.

St. 4. The last Verse of this Psalm may naturally be inserted here.

St. 5. The Signs of Christ's coming mention'd in the New Testament, Matt. 24. 12, Luke 18. 8, are abounding Iniquity, Love waxing cold, and Faith scarce to be found, and seem very much a-kin to the Sense of this Psalm.

Psalm XIII. Long Metre.
Pleading with God under Desertion; or, Hope in Darkness.

How long, O Lord, shall I complain
Like one that seeks his God in vain?
Can't
Psalms

Canst thou thy Face for ever hide?
And I still pray, and be deny'd?

II.
Shall I for ever be forgot
As one whom thou regardest not?
Still shall my Soul thine Absence mourn?
And still despair of thy Return?

III.
How long shall my poor troubled Breast
Be with these anxious Thoughts opprest?
And Satan my malicious Foe
Rejoice to see me sunk so low?

IV.
Hear, Lord, and grant me quick relief
Before my Death conclude my Grief.
If thou with-hold thy heavenly Light
I sleep in everlasting Night.

V.
How will the Powers of Darkness boast
If but one praying Soul be lost?
But I have trusted in thy Grace,
And shall again behold thy Face.

VI.
What e're my Fears or Foes suggest,
Thou art my Hope, my Joy, my Rest.
My Heart shall feel thy Love, and raise
My cheerful Voice to Songs of Praise.

Psalm XIII. Common Metre.
Complaint under Temptations of the Devil.

How long wilt thou conceal thy Face?
My God, how long delay?

When
When shall I feel those heavenly Rays
That chase my Fears away?

II.
How long shall my poor lab’ring Soul
Wrestle and toil in vain?
Thy Word can all my Foes controul,
And ease my raging Pain.

III.
See how the Prince of Darkness tries
All his malicious Arts,
He spreads a Mist around my Eyes,
And throws his fiery Darts.

IV.
Be thou my Sun, and thou my Shield,
My Soul in Safety keep;
Make haste before mine Eyes are seal’d
In Death’s Eternal Sleep.

V.
How would the Tempter boast aloud
If I become his Prey!
Beheld, the Sons of Hell grow proud
At thy so long Delay.

VI.
But they shall fly at thy Rebuke,
And Satan hide his Head;
He knows the Terrors of thy Look,
And hears thy Voice with Dread.

VII.
Thou wilt display that Sovereign Grace
Where all my Hopes have hung;
I shall employ my Lips in Praise,
And Victory shall be sung.
Psalm XIV. First Part.

By Nature all Men are Sinners.

I.

Fools in their Heart believe and say
"That all Religion's vain,
"There is no God that reigns on high,
"Or minds th' affairs of Men.

II.

From Thoughts so dreadfully profane
Corrupt Discourse proceeds;
And in their impious Hands are found
Abominable Deeds.

III.

The Lord from his Celestial Throne
Look't down on things below,
To find the Man that sought his Grace,
Or did his Justice know.

IV.

By Nature all are gone astray,
Their Practice all the same;
There's None that fears his Maker's Hand,
There's None that loves his Name.

V.

Their Tongues are us'd to speak Deceit,
Their Slanders never cease;
How swift to Mischief are their Feet,
Nor know the Paths of Peace!

VI.

Such Seeds of Sin (that Bitter Root)
In every Heart are found:
Nor can they bear Diviner Fruit,
Till Grace refine the Ground.
Several Verses of this Psalm are cited by the Apostle, Romans 3, 10, &c. to shew the universal Corruption of human Nature; wherefore I have brought more of the Apostle's Words there used into the 4th and 5th Stanza's here, and concluded this par. of the Psalm agreeably to St. Paul's Design.

Note the 2d. part of this Psalm speaks only of Persecutors. and the Enemies of the Church; therefore I have divided it from the former.

Psalm XIV. The Second Part.

The Folly of Persecutors.

I.

Are Sinners now so senseless grown
That they the Saints devour?
And never worship at thy Throne,
Nor fear thine awful Power?

II.

Great God, appear to their surprize,
Reveal thy dreadful Name;
Let them no more thy Wrath despise,
Nor turn our Hope to shame.

III.

Dost thou not dwell among the Just,
And yet our Foes deride,
That we should make thy Name our

(Trust:

Great God, confound their Pride.

IV.

O that the joyful Day were come,
To finish our Distress!
When God shall bring his Children home;
Our Songs shall never cease.
Psalm XV. Common Metre.

Characters of a Saint; or, a Citizen of Zion;
or, the Qualifications of a Christian.

I.

Who shall inhabit in thy Hill,
O God of Holiness?
Whom will the Lord admit to dwell.
So near his Throne of Grace?

II.

The Man that walks in pious Ways,
And works with righteous Hands;
That trusts his Maker's Promises,
And follows his Commands.

III.

He speaks the Meaning of his Heart,
Nor swears with his Tongue;
Will scarce believe an ill Report,
Nor do his Neighbour wrong.

IV.

The wealthy Sinner he contemns,
Loves all that fear the Lord;
And tho' to his own Hurt he swears,
Still he performs his Word.

V.

His Hands disdain a golden Bribe,
And never gripe the Poor.
This Man shall dwell with God on Earth,
And find his Heaven secure.
Psalm XV. Long Metre.

Religion and Justice, Goodness and Truth; or
Duties to God and Man; or, the Qualifications of a Christian.

I.

Who shall ascend thy heav'ny Place,
Great God, and dwell before thy
( Face?

The Man that minds Religion now,
And humbly walks with God below.

II.

Whose Hands are pure, whose Heart is
(clean;

Whose Lips still speak the thing they mean:
No Slanders dwell upon his Tongue:
He hates to do his Neighbour wrong.

III.

[Scarce will he trust an ill Report,
Nor vents it to his Neighbour's Hurt:
Sinners of State he can despise,
But Saints are honour'd in his Eyes.]

IV.

[Firm to his Word he ever stood,
And always makes his Promise Good;
Nor dares to change the Thing he swears;
Whatever Pain or Loss he bears.]

V.

[He never deals in bribing Gold,
And mourns that Justice should be sold:
While others gripe and grind the Poor,
Sweet Charity attends his Door.]
VI.
He loves his Enemies and prays
For those that curse him to his Face:
And doth to all Men still the same
That he would hope or wish from them.

VII.
Yet when his holiest Works are done,
His Soul depends on Grace alone:
This is the Man thy Face shall see,
And dwell for ever, Lord, with Thee.

Since our blessed Saviour in the New Testament has so much explain'd the Duties of the Law and publish'd the Gospel, I could not pass over this Psalm of the Characters of the Jewish Saint, without inserting some brighter Articles that must belong to the Christian: Such as, Alms and Charity to the Poor, Love to Enemies, Blessing those that curse us, Doing to others as we would have them do to us, and Hope of Acceptance only thro' Divine Grace.

I thought it necessary also to leave out the Mention of Usury, v.5, which theo' politically forbidden to the Jews among themselves, was never unlawful to the Gentiles; nor to any Christians since the Jewish Polity expired.

Psalm XVI. The First Part. Long Metre.

Confession of our Poverty, and Saints the best Company; or, Good Works profit Men, not God.

I.

Preserve me, Lord, in time of need,
For Succour to thy Throne I flee,
But have no Merits there to plead;
My Goodness cannot reach to Thee.

II. Oft
PSALMS.

II.
Oft have my Heart and Tongue confess;
How empty and how poor I am;
My Praise can never make Thee blest,
Nor add new Glories to thy Name.

III.
Yet, Lord, thy Saints on Earth may reap
Some Profit by the Good we do:
These are the Company I keep,
These are the choicest Friends I know.

IV.
Let others choose the Sons of Mirth
To give a Relish to their Wine,
I love the men of Heavenly Birth (vine,
Whose Thoughts and Language are di-

PSALM XVI. The Second Part. Long
Metre.
Christ's All-Sufficiency.

I.
How faint their Guilt and Sorrows rise,
Who haste to seek some Idol-God?
I will not taste their Sacrifice,
Their Offerings of forbidden Blood.

II.
My God provides a richer Cup,
And nobler Food to live upon:
He for my Life has offer'd up
Jesus his best Beloved Son.

III.
His Love is my perpetual Feast;
By Day his Counsels guide me right!

And
And be his Name for ever blest,
Who gives me sweet Advice by Night.

IV.
I set him still before mine Eyes;
At my right Hand he stands prepar'd
To keep my Soul from all Surprize,
And be my Everlasting Guard.

From the Psalmist's mention of Drink-Offerings of Blood, I take occasion to allude to the Sacrifice of Christ. His Flesh is Meat indeed, and his Blood is Drink indeed. John 6. 55.

Psalm XVI. The Third Part. Long Metre.
Courage in Death, and Hope of the Resurrection.

I.
When God is nigh, my Faith is strong;
His Arm is my almighty Prop:
Be glad, my Heart; rejoice my Tongue;
My Dying Flesh shall rest in Hope.

II.
Tho' in the Dust I lay my Head,
Yet, Gracious God, thou wilt not leave
My Soul for ever with the Dead,
Nor lose thy Children in the Grave.

III.
My Flesh shall thy first Call obey,
Shake off the Dust, and rise on high;
Then shalt thou lead the wondrous Way
Up to thy Throne above the Sky.

IV.
Psalms.

IV.
There Streams of endless Pleasure flow;
And full Discoveries of thy Grace
(Which we but tasted here below)
Spread heav’nly Joys thro’ all the Place.

The last Verses of this Psalm are apply’d only to Christ
Acts 13, 36, and 2. 23, &c. Yet since they contain so fair a
View of a Resurrection, which is so seldom found in this Book,
I have formed these four Stanza’s into such Expressions as may
be assumed by Christians and apply’d to themselves.

Psalm XVI. 1,—8. The First Part.

Common Metre.
Support and Counsel from God without
Merit.

I.

Save me, O Lord, from every Foe;
In thee my Trust I place,
Tho’ all the Good that I can do
Can ne’er deserve thy Grace.

II.

Yet if my God prolong my Breath,
The Saints may profit by’t;
The Saints the Glory of the Earth,
The Men of my Delight.

III.

Let Heathens to ther Idols haste,
And worship Wood or Stone;
But my delightful Lot is cast
Where the True God is known.

IV.

His Hand provides my constant Food,
He fills my daily Cup;

Much
Psalm 16

The Second Part. Common Metre
The Death and Resurrection of Christ.

I. Set the Lord before my Face,
   He bears my Courage up;
   My Heart and Tongue their Joys express,
   My Flesh shall rest in Hope.

II. My Spirit, Lord, thou wilt not leave
   Where Souls departed are;
   Nor quit my Body to the Grave
   To see Corruption there.

III. Thou wilt reveal the Path of Life,
   And raise me to thy Throne;
   Thy Courts immortal Pleasure give,
   Thy Presence Joys unknown.

IV.
PSALMS.

IV.

Thus in the Name of Christ, the Lord,
The holy David sung,
And Providence fulfils the Word
Of his Prophetic Tongue.

V.

Jesus, whom every Saint adores,
Was crucify'd and slain;
Behold the Tomb its Prey restores,
Behold he lives again.

IV.

When shall my Feet arise and stand
On Heav'n's Eternal Hills?
There fits the Son at God's Right-Hand,
And there the Father smiles.

In this Version I have apply'd the 3 last Verses of this Psalm to Christ alone as St. Peter applies them, Act. 2. 23. Yet in read of the 4th Line of the 2d Stanza. To see Corruption there. You may read thus, To dwell for ever there. And then the 3 first Stanza's may be sung alone and apply'd to every Christian.

St. 2. 'Tis now agreed by the Learned that 'Sheol, which is render'd Hell, signifies only the State of the Dead, i.e. the Grave for the Body, and the Separate State for the Spirit.

PSALM XVII. v. 13, &c. Short Metre.

Portion of Saints and Sinners; or, Hope and Despair in Death.

I.

A rise, my Gracious God,
And make the Wicked flee;
They are but thy chastizing Rod
To drive thy Saints to thee.
II.
Behold the Sinner dies,
His haughty Words are vain;
Here in this Life his Pleasure lies,
And all beyond is Pain.

III.
Then let his Pride advance
And boast of all his Store;
The Lord is my Inheritance,
My Soul can wish no more.

IV.
I shall behold the Face,
Of my forgiving God.
And stand compleat in Righteousness,
Washed in my Saviour's Blood.

V.
There's a new Heav'n begun
When I awake from Death
Drest in the Likeness of thy Son,
And draw immortal Breath.

Psalm XVII. Long Metre.
The Sinner's Portion and Saint's Hope; Or,
The Heaven of separate Souls and the Resurrection.

I.
Lord, I am thine: But thou wilt prove
My Faith, my Patience, and my Love:

When
When Men of spite against me joyn,
They are the Sword, the Hand is thine.

II.
Their Hope and Portion lies below;
'Tis all the Happiness they know,
'Tis all they seek; they take their Shares,
And leave the rest among their Heirs.

III.
What Sinners value I resign;
Lord, 'tis enough that Thou art mine;
I shall behold thy blissful Face,
And stand compleat in Righteousness

IV.
This Life's a Dream, an empty Show;
But the bright World, to which I go,
Hath Joys substantial and sincere;
When shall I wake, and find me there?

V.
O glorious Hour! O blest Abode!
I shall be near and like my God!
And Flesh and Sin no more controul
The sacred Pleasures of the Soul.

VI.
My Flesh shall slumber in the Ground,
Till the last Trumpet's joyful sound;
Then burst the chains with sweet surprize,
And in my Saviour's Image rise.

The Sense of a great part of this Psalm occurs so often in the book of Psalms, that I thought it necessary to translate no more than these few verses of it (viz.) v. 3. Thou haft proved my heart, thou haft tried me, and shalt find nothing. v. 13. The wicked are thy Sword, v. 14. The men of the World have their portion in this Life, whole
whose Belly thou fillest: They leave the rest of their substance to their Babes. v, 15. I shall behold thy face in righteousness, I shall be satisfied when I awake with thy likeness.

I confess I have indulged a large Exposition here, but I could not forbear to give my Thoughts a loose upon this Divine Description of compleat Blessedness in the 15th verse: This bright Abridgment of Heaven.

From the Word Awake, I have taken occasion to represent the departing Soul’s Awaking into the World of Spirits, as well as the Body’s Awaking from the Grave.

Psalm XVIII. The First Part.
Long Metre. Ver. 1–6, 15–18.
Deliverance from Despair; or, Temptations overcome.

Thee will I love, O Lord, my Strength,
My Rock, my Tower, my high De-

Thy mighty Arm shall be my Trust,
For I have found Salvation thence.

Death, and the Terrors of the Grave
Stood round me with their dismal Shade;
While Floods of high Temptations rose,
And made my sinking Soul afraid.

I saw the op’ning Gates of Hell
With endless Pains and Sorrows there,
Which none but they that feel can tell,
While I was hurry’d to Despair.

In my Distress I call’d my God,
When I could scarce believe him mine;

He
He bow'd his Ear to my Complaint;
Then did his Grace appear Divine.

[With Speed he flew to my Relief,
As on a Cherub's Wing he rode;
Awful and bright as Light'ning shone
The Face of my Deliverer God.

Temptations fled at his Re却ue,
The Blast of his Almighty Breath;
He sent Salvation from on high,
And drew me from the Deeps of Death.]

Great were my Fears, my Foes were great
Much was their Strength, and more their

(Rage;
But Christ, my Lord, is Conqueror still
In all the Wars that Devils wage.

My Song for ever shall record
That terrible, that joyful Hour;
And give the Glory to the Lord
Due to his Mercy and his Power.

I have divided this long Psalm into Three Parts, and accommodated the several Verses of it to our Spiritual Warfare and Victory through Grace, as being of more frequent and general Use to Christians: Yet there are so noble Expressions of Triumph in God and Thanks for Victory over temporal Enemies scattered up and down, that persuaded me to form them afterwards in Common Metre also agreeable to their original Design.
Psalm XVIII.

Sincerity prov'd and rewarded.

I.

Lord, thou hast seen my Soul sincere,
Haft made thy Truth and Love appear;
Before mine Eyes I set thy Laws, (pear);
And thou hast own'd my righteous Cause.

II.

Since I have learnt thy holy Ways,
I've walkt upright before thy Face;
Or if my Feet did e'er depart,
'Twas never with a wicked Heart.

III.

What sore Temptations broke my Rest!
What Wars and Strugglings in my Breast!
But thro' thy Grace that reigns within
I guard against my darling Sin.

IV.

That Sin that close besets me still,
That works and strives against my Will;
When shall thy Spirits sovereign Power
Destroy it, that it rise no more!

V.

[With an impartial Hand the Lord
Deals out to Mortals their Reward:
The Kind and Faithful Souls shall find
A God as Faithful and as Kind.

VI.

The Just and Pure shall ever say
Thou art more Pure, more Just than they:

D And
Psalm XVIII. The Third Part v. 30, 31, 34, 35, 46, &c. Long Metre.
Rejoicing in God; or Salvation and Triumph.

I.
Just are thy Ways, and true thy Word,
Great Rock of my secure Abode:
Who is a God beside the Lord?
Or where's a Refuge like our God?

II.
'Tis he that Girds me with his Might,
Gives me his holy Sword to wield;
And while with Sin and Hell I fight,
Spreads his Salvation for my Shield.

III.
He lives, (and blessed be my Rock,) The God of my Salvation lives,
The dark Designs of Hell are broke;
Sweet is the Peace my Father gives.

IV.
Before the Scoffers of the Age
I will exalt my Father's Name,
Nor tremble at their mighty Rage,
But meet Reproach, and bear the Shame.

V.
To David and his Royal Seed
Thy Grace for ever shall extend;
Thy Love to Saints in Christ their Head
Knows not a Limit, nor an End.

Psalm
PSALMS.

PSALM XVIII. The First Part.
Common Metre.
Victory and Triumph over Temporal Enemies.

I.
We love Thee, Lord, and we adore;
Now is thine Arm reveal’d:
Thou art our strength, our heavenly Tower,
Our Bulwark and our Shield.

II.
We fly to our eternal Rock,
And find a sure Defence;
His holy Name our Lips invoke,
And draw Salvation thence.

III.
When God our Leader, shines in Arms,
What mortal Heart can bear
The Thunder of his loud Alarms?
The Lightning of his Spear?

IV.
He rides upon the winged Wind,
And Angels in Array
In Millions wait to know his Mind,
And swift as Flames obey.

V.
He speaks, and at his fierce Rebuke
Whole Armies are dismay’d;
His Voice, his Frown, his angry Look
 Strikes all their Courage dead.

VI.
He forms our Generals for the Field
With all their dreadful Skill;
Gives them his awful Sword to wield,
And makes their Hearts of Steel.

VII.
PSALMS.

VII.

[He arms our Captains to the Fight,
(Tho' there his Name's forgot;
He girded Cyrus with his Might,
But Cyrus knew him not.)

VIII.

Oft has the Lord whole Nations blest
For his own Churches sake:
The Powers that give his People rest
Shall of his Care partake.

St. 7. Isa. 45, 1, 5. Thus saith the Lord to Cyrus, I
  girded thee tho' thou haft not known me.

PSALM XVIII. 2d. Part Common Metre,
The Conquerors Song.

I.

To thine Almighty Arm we owe
  The Triumphs of the Day;
Thy Terrors, Lord, confound the Foe,
  And melt their Strength away.

II.

'Tis by thine Aid our Troops prevail,
  And break united Powers,
Or burn their boasted Fleets, or scale
  The proudest of their Tow'rs.

III.

How have we chas'd them thro' the Field
  And trod them to the Ground,
While thy Salvation was our Shield,
  But they no Shelter found!

IV.

In vain to Idol-Saints they cry,
  And perish in their Blood;

Where
Where is a Rock so great, so high,
So powerful as our God?

V.
The Rock of Israel ever lives,
His Name be ever blest:
’Tis his own Arm the Victory gives,
And gives his People rest.

VI.
On Kings that reign as David did
He pours his Blessings down;
Secures their Honours to their Seed,
And well supports the Crown.

Psalm XIX. First Part. Short Metre.
The Book of Nature and Scripture.
For a Lord’s Day Morning.

Behold the lofty Sky
Declares its Maker God,
And all his Starry Works on high
Proclaim his Power abroad.

II.
The Darkness and the Night
Still keep their Course the same;
While Night to Day, and Day to Night
Divinely teach his Name.

III.
In every different Land
Their general Voice is known;
They shew the Wonders of his Hand,
And Orders of his Throne.

IV.
Ye British Lands rejoice,
Here he reveals his Word,
We are not left to Nature's Voice
To bid us know the Lord.

His Statutes and Commands
Are set before our Eyes,
He puts his Gospel in our Hands
Where our Salvation lies.

His Laws are just and pure,
His Truth without Deceit,
His Promises for ever sure,
And his Rewards are great.

[Not Honey to the Taste
Affords so much Delight,
Nor Gold that has the Furnace past
So much allure the Sight.

While of thy Works I sing
Thy Glory to proclaim,
Accept the Praise, my God, my King
In my Redeemer's Name.]

The Psalmist here and in other Psalms uses the Word Law
to express the five Books of Moses, or all the Divine Revelation that he had in his time; Yet Christ and the Apostles so frequently distinguish the Law and the Gospel, that I have chosen to imitate their Language, and have often introduced the Words Gospel, Truth and Promise instead of Statutes, Testimonies, &c. as being more agreeable to the Style of the New Testament.

St. 1. I have here inserted the last Verse of the Psalm with an Evangelical Turn, as a proper Conclusion of this first Part: The whole being too long to be sung at once according to our present Custom.
Psalm XIX. 2d Part. Short Metre.

God's Word most excellent; or, Sincerity and Watchfulness.
For a Lord's Day Morning.

I.
Behold the Morning Sun
Begins his glorious Way;
His Beams thro' all the Nations run,
And Life and Light convey.

II.
But where the Gospel comes
It spreads diviner Light,
It calls dead Sinners from their Tombs,
And gives the Blind their Sight.

III.
How perfect is thy Word!
And all thy Judgments just!
For ever sure thy Promise, Lord,
And Men securely trust.

IV.
My Gracious God, how plain
Are thy Directions given!
O may I never read in vain,
But find the Path to Heaven!

Pause.

V.
I hear thy Word with Love,
And I would fain obey;
Send thy good Spirit from above
To guide me lest I stray.

VI.
O who can ever find
The Errors of his Ways?

Yet D. 4
Yet with a bold presumptuous Mind
I would not dare transgress.

VII.
Warn me of every Sin,
Forgive my secret Faults,
And cleanse this guilty Soul of mine
Whose Crimes exceed my Thoughts.

VIII.
While with my Heart and Tongue
I spread thy Praise abroad,
Accept the Worship and the Song,
My Saviour and my God.

Psalm XIX. Long Metre.
The Books of Nature and of Scripture com-
par'd; or, The Glory and Success of the
Gospel.

I.
The Heavens declare thy Glory, Lord,
In every Star thy Wisdom shines:
But when our Eyes behold thy Word,
We read thy Name in fairer Lines.

II.
The rolling Sun, the changing Light,
And Nights and Days thy Power confess:
But the blest Volume thou haft writ
Reveals thy Justice and thy Grace.

III.
Sun, Moon and Stars convey thy Praise
Round the whole Earth, and never stand:
So when thy Truth begun its Race,
It touch'd and glanc'd on every Land.

IV.
IV.
Nor shall thy spreading Gospel rest
Till thro' the World thy Truth has run;
Till Christ has all the Nations blest
That see the Light, or feel the Sun.

V.
Great Sun of Righteousness, arise,
Bless the dark World with heavenly Light;
Thy Gospel makes the Simple Wise;
Thy Laws are pure, thy Judgments right.

VI.
Thy noblest Wonders here we view
In Souls renew'd and Sins forgiven:
Lord, cleanse my sins, my Soul renew,
And make thy Word my Guide to Heav'n.

Tho' the plain design of the Psalmist is to show the Excellency of the Book of Scripture above the Book of Nature, in order to convert and save a Sinner, yet the Apostle Paul in Rom. io. 18. applies or accommodates the 4th v. to the spreading of the Gospel over the Roman Empire, which is called the whole World in the New Testament, and in this Version I have endeavoured to imitate him.

PSALM XIX. To the Tune of the 113. Pf.
The Book of Nature and Scripture.

I. (Frame
Great God, the Heavens well-order'd
Declares the Glories of thy Name;
There thy rich Works of wonder shine:
A thousand starry Beauties there,
A thousand radiant Marks appear
Of boundless Power and skill Divine.

D. 5
From Night to Day, from Day to Night
The dawning and the dying Light
Lectures of heavenly Wisdom read;
With silent Eloquence they raise
Our Thoughts to our Creator's Praise,
And neither Sound nor Language need.

Yet their Divine Instructions run
Far as the Journeys of the Sun,
And every Nation knows their Voice:
The Sun like some young Bridegroom drest
Breaks from the Chambers of the East,
Rolls round, & makes the Earth rejoice.

Where e're he spreads his Beams abroad
He smiles, and speaks his Maker God;
All Nature joys to shew thy Praise:
Thus God in every Creature shines;
Fair are the Book of Nature's Lines,
But fairer is thy Book of Grace.

I love the Volumes of thy Word;
What Light and Joy those Leaves afford
To Souls benighted and distrest!
Thy Precepts guide my doubtful Way,
Thy Fear forbids my feet to stray,
Thy Promise leads my Heart to rest.

From the Discoveries of thy Law
The perfect Rules of Life I draw;
These are my Study and Delight.
Not honey so invites the taste,
Nor gold that hath the furnace past
Appears so pleasing to the sight.

VII.
Thy threatenings wake my slumbering
And warn me where my danger lies;
But 'tis thy blessed Gospel, Lord,
That makes my guilty conscience clean,
Converts my soul, subdues my sin,
And gives a free but large reward.

VIII.
Who knows the errors of his thoughts?
My God, forgive my secret faults,
And from presumptuous sins restrain:
Accept my poor attempts of praise
That I have read thy book of grace
And book of nature not in vain.

Psalm XX.

Prayer and Hope of Victory.
For a day of prayer in time of war.

Now may the God of power & grace
Attend his people's humble cry!
Jehovah hears when Israel prays,
And brings deliverance from on high.

II.
The name of Jacob's God defends
Better than shields or brazen walls;
He from his sanctuary sends
Succour and strength when Zion calls.
III.
Well he remembers all our Sighs;
His Love exceeds our best Deserts;
His Love accepts the Sacrifice
Of humble Groans and broken Hearts.

IV.
In his Salvation is our Hope;
And in the name of Israel's God
Our Troops shall lift their Banners up;
Our Navys spread their Flags abroad.

V.
Some trust in Horses train'd for War,
And some of Chariots make their Boasts;
Our surest Expectations are
From Thee the Lord of heavenly Hosts.

VI.
[O may the Memory of thy Name
Inspire our Armies for the Fight!
Our Foes shall fall and die with shame;
Or quit the Field with shameful Flight.]

VII.
Now save us, Lord, from slavish Fear,
Now let our Hopes be firm and strong,
Till the Salvation shall appear,
And Joy and Triumph raise the Song.

Psalm XXI: Common Metre.
Our King is the Care of Heaven.

I.
The King, O Lord, with Songs of Praise
Shall in thy Strength rejoice;
And blest with thy Salvation raise
To Heaven his cheerful Voice.
II.
Thy sure Defence thro' Nations round
Has spread his glorious Name;
And his successful Actions crown'd
With Majesty and Fame.

III.
Then let the King on God alone:
For timely aid rely;
His Mercy shall support the Throne;
And all our Wants supply.

IV.
But, righteous Lord, his stubborn foes
Shall feel thy dreadful Hand;
Thy vengeful Arm shall find out those
That hate his mild Command.

V.
When thou against them dost engage,
Thy just, but dreadful Doom
Shall, like a fiery Oven's Rage,
Their Hopes and them consume.

VI.
Thus, Lord, thy won'drous Power declare,
And thus exalt thy Fame;
Whilst we glad Songs of Praise prepare
For thine Almighty Name.

I have borrowed almost all these Stanza's from Mr. Tate's
Version, and they seem very applicable to his present Majesty
King George. 1716.


Christ Exalted to the Kingdom.

I.
DAVID rejoic'd in God his strength;
Rais'd to the Throne by special Grace;
But Christ the Son appears at Length,
Fulfills the Triumph and the Praise.

II.
How great is the Messiah's Joy
In the Salvation of thy Hand!
Lord, Thou hast rais'd his Kingdom high,
And giv'n the World to his Command.

III.
Thy Goodness grants what e're he will,
Nor doth the least Request withhold;
Blessings of Love prevent him still,
And Crowns of Glory, not of Gold.

IV.
Honour and Majesty divine
Around his Sacred Temples shine;
Blest with the Favour of thy Face,
And Length of everlast'ning Days.

V.
Thine Hand shall find out all his Foes;
And as a fiery Oven glows
With raging Heat and living Coals,
So shall thy Wrath devour their Souls.

Psalm XXII. 1—16. The First Part.

Common Metre.

The Sufferings and Death of Christ.

I.
Why has my God my Soul forsook,
Nor will a smile afford?
(Thus David once in Anguish spoke,
And thus our dying Lord.)

II.
Tho' tis thy chief Delight to dwell
Among thy praising Saints,
Yet Thou canst hear a Groan as well,
And pity our Complaints.

III.
Our Fathers trusted in thy Name,
And great Deliverance found;
But I'm a Worm despis'd of Men,
And trodden to the Ground.

IV.
Shaking the Head they pass me by,
And laugh my Soul to scorn;

"In vain he trusts in God, they cry,
Neglected and forlorn."

V.
But Thou art He who form'd my Flesh
By thine Almighty Word,
And since I hung upon the Breast
My Hope is in the Lord.

VI.
Why will my Father hide his Face
When Foes stand threatening round
In the dark Hour of deep Distress;
And not an Helper found?

PAUSE.

VII.
Behold thy Darling left among
The Cruel and the Proud,
As Bulls of Bathan fierce and strong,
As Lions roaring Loud.

VIII.
From Earth and Hell my sorrows meet
To multiply the smart;
They nail my Hands, They pierce my Feet,
And try to vex my Heart.
IX.
Yet if thy Sovereign Hand let loose
   The Rage of Earth and Hell,
Why will my heavenly Father bruise
   The Son he loves so well?

X.
My God, if possible it be
   Withold this bitter Cup;
But I resign my Will to thee,
   And drink the Sorrows up.

XI.
My Heart dissolves with Pangs unknown,
   In Groans I waste my Breath:
Thy heavy Hand has brought me down
   Low as the Dust of Death.

XII.
Father, I give my Spirit up,
   And trust it in thy Hand;
My dying Flesh shall rest in Hope,
   And rise at thy Command.

Psalm XXII. 20, 21, 27, 31.
The Second Part. Common Metre.
Christ's Sufferings and Kingdom.

"Now from the roaring Lions rage"
   "O Lord, protect thy Son,
"Nor leave thy Darling to engage"
   "The Powers of Hell alone."

II.
Thus did our Suffering Saviour pray:
With mighty Cries and Fears;
God heard him in that dreadful Day,
   And chas'd away his Fears."
Great was the Victory of his Death,
His Throne exalted high;
And all the Kindreds of the Earth
Shall worship or shall die.

A num'rous Offspring must arise
From his Expiring Groans;
They shall be reckoned in his Eyes
For Daughters and for Sons.

The Meek and humble Souls shall see
His Table richly spread;
And all that seek the Lord shall be
With Joys immortal fed.

The Isles shall know the Righteousness
Of our incarnate God,
And Nations yet unborn profess
Salvation in his Blood.

Psalm XXII. Long Metre
Christ's Sufferings and Exaltation.

Now let our mournful Songs record
The dying sorrows of our Lord,
When he complain'd in Tears and Blood,
As one forsoaken of his God.

The Jews beheld him thus forlorn,
And shake their heads and laugh in Scorn;
"He rescu'd others from the Grave;
"Now let him try himself to save.

III.
This is the Man did once pretend
God was his Father and his Friend;
If God the Blessed lov'd him so,
Why doth he fail to help him now?

Barbarous People! Cruel Priests!
How they stood round like savage Beasts!
Like Lions gaping to devour,
When God had left him in their power.

They wound his Head, his Hands, his Feet,
Till streams of Blood each other meet:
By Lot his Garments they divide,
And mock the Pangs in which he dy'd.

But God his Father heard his cry;
Rais'd from the dead he reigns on high;
The Nations learn his Righteousness,
And humble Sinners taste his Grace.

In this Version I have abridged the whole Psalm, and chosen only those verses of it which are cited or explain'd in the New Testament, (viz.) 1, 7, 8, 12, 13, 16, 18, 24, 28, 31, 29.

Psalm XXIII. Long-Metre.

My Shepherd is the living Lord;
Now shall my Wants be well sup-
His Providence and holy Word (ply'd;
Become my Safety and my Guide.

In Pastures where Salvation grows
He makes me feed, he makes me rest;
There
There living Water gently flows,
And all the Food divinely blest.

III.
My wandering Feet his Ways mistake,
But he restores my Soul to Peace,
And leads me for his Mercy's sake
In the fair Paths of Righteousness.

IV.
Tho' I walk thro' the gloomy Vale
Where Death and all its Terrors are,
My Heart and Hope shall never fail,
For God my Shepherd's with me there.

V.
Amidst the Darkness and the Deeps
Thou art my Comfort, Thou my Stay;
Thy Staff supports my feeble steps,
Thy Rod directs my doubtful Way.

VI.
The Sons of Earth and Sons of Hell
Gaze at thy Goodness, and repine
To see my Table spread so well
With living Bread and cheerful Wine.

VII.
[How I rejoice when on my Head
Thy Spirit condescends to rest!
'Tis a Divine Anointing Shed
Like Oyl of Gladness at a Feast.

VIII.
Surely the Mercies of the Lord
Attend his Household all their Days;
There will I dwell to hear his Word,
To seek his Face and sing his Praise.]
Psalm XXIII. Common Metre.

I.
My Shepherd will supply my Need;
Jehovah is his Name;
In Pastures fresh he makes me feed
Beside the living Stream.

II.
He brings my wandring Spirit back
When I forsake his Ways;
And leads me for his Mercy’s sake
In Paths of Truth and Grace.

III.
When I walk thro’ the shades of Death
Thy Presence is my stay;
A Word of thy supporting Breath
Drives all my Fears away.

IV.
Thy Hand in sight of all my Foes
Doth still my Table spread;
My Cup with Blessings overflows,
Thine Oyl anoints my Head.

V.
The sure Provisions of my God.
Attend me all my Days;
O may thy House be mine Abode
And all my Work be Praise!

VI.
There would I find a settled Rest,
(While others go and come)
No more a Stranger or a Guest,
But like a Child at Home.
Psalm XXIII. Short Metre.

I.
The Lord my Shepherd is,
I shall be well supply'd;
Since he is mine and I am his,
What can I want beside?

II.
He leads me to the Place
Where Heavenly Pasture grows,
Where living Waters gently pass,
And full Salvation flows.

III.
If e're I go astray
He doth my Soul reclaim,
And guides me in his own right Way
For his most holy Name.

IV.
While he affords his Aid
I cannot yield to Fear;
Tho' I should walk thro' death's dark shade,
My Shepherd's with me there.

V.
In spight of all my Foes
Thou dost my Table spread,
My Cup with Blessings overflows,
And Joy exalts my Head.
The Bounties of thy Love
Shall crown my following Days;
Nor from thy House will I remove
Nor cease to speak thy Praise.

Psalm XXIV. Common Metre,
Dwelling with God.

I.
The Earth for ever is the Lord's
With Adam's numerous Race;
He rais'd it's Arches on the Floods,
And built it on the Seas.

II.
But who among the Sons of Men
May visit thine Abode?
He that has Hands from Mischief clean,
Whose Heart is right with God.

III.
This is the Man may rise and take
The Blessings of his Grace;
This is the Lot of those that seek
The God of Jacob's Face.

IV.
Now let our Souls immortal Powers
To meet the Lord prepare,
Lift up their everlasting Doors,
The King of Glory's near.

V.
The King of Glory! Who can tell
The Wonders of his Might?
He rules the Nations; but to dwell
With Saints is his Delight.

Psalm
Psalm XXIV. Long Metre.

Saints dwell in Heaven; or, Christ's Ascension.

I.

This spacious Earth is all the Lords;
And Men & Worms, & Beasts & Birds:
He rais'd the Building on the Seas,
And gave it for their Dwelling-place.

II.

But there's a brighter World on high,
Thy Palace, Lord, above the Sky:
Who shall ascend that blest Abode,
And dwell so near his Maker God?

III.

He that abhors and fears to sin, (clean,
Whose Heart is pure, whose Hands are
Him shall the Lord the Saviour bless,
And clothe his Soul with Righteousness.

IV.

These are the Men, the pious Race
That seek the God of Jacob's Face:
These shall enjoy the blissful Sight,
And dwell in everlasting Light.

PAUSE.

V.

Rejoice, ye shining Worlds on high,
Behold the King of Glory nigh;
Who can this King of Glory be?
The mighty Lord, the Saviour's He.

VI.

Ye Heavenly Gates, your Leaves display
To make the Lord the Saviour way:

Laden
Psalms

Laden with Spoils from Earth and Hell
The Conqueror comes with God to dwell.

VII.
Rais’d from the dead he goes before,
He opens Heaven’s eternal Door,
To give his Saints a blest Abode
Near their Redeemer and their God.

If this Psalm was written at the ascent of the Ark of God into Zion the city of David, it is not unnatural to apply it to the presence of Christ with his Church in worship, as in the Common Metre; or, to the ascension of Christ to Heaven as in this Metre. In this and other parts of the Psalm I have endeavour’d to make the Connexion plain and Easy, which is very obscure in the Text.

Psalm. XXV. I—II. The First Part.
Waiting for Pardon and Direction.

I.
I lift my Soul to God,
My Trust is in his Name;
Let not my Foes that seek my Blood
Still triumph in my Shame.

II.
Sin and the Powers of Hell
Perfwade me to Despair;
Lord, make me know thy Covenant well,
That I may ‘scape the snare.

III.
From the first dawning Light
Till the dark Evening rise
For thy Salvation, Lord, I wait
With Ever-longing Eyes.

IV.
Remember all thy Grace,
And lead me in thy Truth ;

Forgive
Forgive the Sins of riper Days
And follies of my Youth.

V.
The Lord is just and kind,
The Meek shall learn his Ways,
And every humble Sinner find
The Methods of his Grace.

VI.
For his own Goodness sake
He saves my Soul from Shame;
He pardons (tho' my Guilt be great)
Thro' my Redeemer's Name.

PSALM XXV. 12, 14, 10, 13. 2d. Part.
Divine Instruction.
I.

WHERE shall the Man be found
That fears t'offend his God,
That loves the Gospel's joyful Sound,
And trembles at the Rod?

II.
The Lord shall make him know
The Secrets of his Heart,
The Wonders of his Covenant show,
And all his Love impart.

III.
The Dealings of his Hand
Are Truth and Mercy still
With such as to his Covenant stand,
And love to do his Will.

IV.
Their Souls shall dwell at ease
Before their Maker's Face;
Their Seed shall taste the Promises
In their extensive Grace.

Psalm XXV. 15—22. The Third Part:
Distress of Soul; or, Backsliding and Desertion.

I.
Mine Eyes and my Desire
Are ever to the Lord;
I love to plead his Promises,
And rest upon his Word.

II.
Turn, turn thee to my Soul,
Bring thy Salvation near;
When will thy Hand release my Feet
Out of the deadly Snare?

III.
When shall the sovereign Grace
Of my forgiving God
Restore me from those dangerous Ways
My wandring Feet have trod?

IV.
The Tumult of my Thoughts
Doth but enlarge my Woe;
My Spirit languishes, my Heart
Is desolate and low.

V.
With every Morning Light
My Sorrow new begins;
Look on my Anguish and my Pain,
And pardon all my Sins.

PAUSE.

VI.
Behold the Hofts of Hell,
How cruel is their Hate?
Psalms

Against my Life they rise, and join
Their Fury with Deceit.

VII.
O keep my Soul from Death,
Nor put my Hope to shame,
For I have plac'd my only trust
In my Redeemer's Name.

VIII.
With humble Faith I wait
To see thy Face again;
Of Israel it shall ne'er be said,
He fought the Lord in vain.

Psalm XXVI.

Self Examination; or, Evidences of Grace.

I.
Judge me, O Lord, and prove my Ways,
And try my Reins, and try my heart;
My Faith upon thy Promise stays,
Nor from thy Law my Feet depart.

II.
I hate to walk, I hate to sit
With men of Vanity and Lies;
The Scoffer and the Hypocrite
Are the Abhorrence of mine Eyes.

III.
Amongst thy Saints will I appear
With hands well-washt in Innocence;
But when I stand before thy Bar
The Blood of Christ is my Defence.

IV.
I love thy Habitation, Lord,
The Temple where thine Honours dwell;

There
There shall I hear thine holy Word,
And there thy Works of wonder tell.

V.
Let not my Soul be join'd at last
With Men of Treachery and Blood,
Since I my Days on Earth have past
Among the Saints and near my God.

Psalm. XXVII. I—6. The First Part.
The Church is our Delight and Safety.

I.

The Lord of Glory is my Light,
And my Salvation too;
God is my strength; nor will I fear
What all my Foes can do.

II.

One Privilege my Heart desires;
O grant me an Abode
Among the Churches of thy Saints,
The Temples of my God!

III.

There shall I offer my requests,
And see thy Beauty still,
Shall hear thy Messages of Love,
And there enquire thy Will.

IV.

When Troubles rise and Storms appear
There may his Children hide;
God has a strong Pavilion where
He makes my Soul abide.

V.

Now shall my Head be lifted high
Above my Foes around,
And Songs of Joy and Victory
Within thy Temple found.

Psalm XXVII. v. 8, 9, 13, 14. Second Part.
Prayer and Hope.

I.
Soon as I heard my Father say,
"Ye Children seek my Grace,
My Heart reply'd without Delay,
"I'll seek my Fathers Face."

II.
Let not thy Face be hid from me;
Nor frown my Soul away;
God of my Life, I fly to Thee
In a Distressing Day.

III.
Should Friends and Kindred near and dear
Leave me to want or die,
My God would make my Life his Care,
And all my need supply.

IV.
My fainting Flesh had dy'd with Grief
Had not my Soul believ'd
To see thy Grace provide Relief,
Nor was my Hope deceiv'd.

V.
Wait on the Lord, Ye trembling Saints,
And keep your Courage up;
He'll raise your Spirit when it faints,
And far exceed your Hope.

The 28th Psalm has scarce any thing new, but what is repeated in other Psalms.
Psalm XXIX.

Storm and Thunder.

Give to the Lord, ye Sons of Fame,
Give to the Lord renown and Power,
Ascribe due Honours to his Name,
And his Eternal Might adore.

The Lord proclaims his Power aloud
Over the Ocean and the Land;
His Voice divides the Watry Cloud,
And Lightnings blaze at his Command.

He speaks, and Tempest, Hail and Wind
Lay the wide Forests bare around;
The fearful Hart, and frightened Hind
Leap at the Terror of the sound.

To Lebanon he turns his Voice,
And Lo, the stately Cedars break;
The Mountains tremble at the Noise,
The Valleys roar, the Desarts quake.

The Lord sets Sovereign on the Flood,
The Thunder reigns for ever King;
But makes his Church his blest abode,
Where we his awful Glories sing.

In gentler Language there the Lord
The Counsels of his Grace imparts;
Amidst the raging Storm his Word
Speaks Peace and Courage to our Hearts.
PSALMS.

PSALM XXX. The First Part.
Sickness heal'd, and Sorrow remov'd.

I.
I will extol thee, Lord, on high,
At thy Command Disea'se fly;
Who but a God can speak, and save
From the dark Borders of the Grave?

II.
Sing to the Lord, ye Saints of his,
And tell how large his Goodness is;
Let all your Powers rejoice and bless,
While you record his Holiness.

III.
His Anger but a Moment stay's;
His Love is Life and Length of Days;
Tho' Grief and Tears the Night Employ,
The Morning-Star restores the Joy.

PSALM XXX. v. 6, The Second Part:
Health, Sickness and Recovery.

Firm was my Health, my Day was
And I presum'd t'would ne'er be night
Fondly I said within my Heart,
"Pleasure and Peace shall ne'er depart.

II.
But I forgot thine Arm was strong
Which made my Mountain stand so long;
Soon as thy Face began to hide,
My Health was gone, my comforts dy'd.

III.
I cry'd aloud to thee, my God;
"What can'st thou profit by my Blood?

E 4 " Deep
Psalms.

"Deep in the Dust can I declare
Thy Truth, or sing thy Goodness there?
IV.
"Hear me, O God of Grace, I said,
And bring me from among the Dead;
Thy Word rebuk'd the Pains I felt,
Thy pardoning Love remov'd my Guilt.
V.
My Groans, and Tears, and Forms of woe
Are turn'd to Joy and Praises now;
I throw my Sack-Cloth on the Ground,
And Ease and Gladness gird me round.
VI.
My Tongue, the Glory of my Frame,
Shall ne'er be silent of thy Name;
Thy Praise shall sound through Earth and
For sickness heal'd, and sins forgiv'n. (Heav'n
Psalm XXXI. 5,13—19,22,23. First Part.
Deliverance from Death.

I.
Into thine Hand, O God of Truth,
My Spirit I commit;
Thou hast redeem'd my Soul from Death,
And sav'd me from the Pit.

II.
The Passions of my Hope and Fear
Maintain'd a doubtful Strife,
While Sorrow, Pain and Sin conspir'd
To take away my Life.

III.
"My Times are in thine Hand, I cry'd,
"Tho' I draw near the Dust;
Thou
Thou art the Refuge where I hide,
The God in whom I trust,

O make thy reconciled Face
Upon thy Servant shine,
And save me for thy Mercy sake,
For I'm entirely thine.

Pause.

V.
[Twas in my Haste, my Spirit said,
"I must despair and dye,
"I am cut off before thine Eyes;
But thou hast heard my Cry.]

Thy Goodness how divinely free!
How wondrous is thy Grace,
To those that fear thy Majesty,
And trust thy Promises!

VII.

O Love the Lord, all ye his Saints,
And sing his Praises loud;
He'll bend his Ear to your Complaints,
And recompense the Proud.

Psalm XXXI. 7–13, 18–21. 2d. Part.
Deliverance from Slander and Reproach.

My Heart rejoices in thy Name,
My God, my Help, my Trust;
Thou hast preserved my Face from Shame,
Mine Honour from the Dust.
My Life is spent with Grief, I cry'd,
My Years consum'd in Groans,
My strength decays, mine Eyes are dry'd,
And Sorrow wafts my Bones.

Among mine Enemies my Name
Was a mere Proverb grown,
While to my Neighbours I became
Forgotten and unknown.

Slander and Fear on every side
Seiz'd and beset me round;
I to the Throne of Grace apply'd,
And speedy Rescue found.

How great Deliverance thou hast wrought
Before the Sons of Men!
The lying Lips to silence brought,
And made their Boastings vain!

Thy Children from the strife of Tongues
Shall thy Pavilion hide,
Guard them from Infamy and Wrongs,
And crush the Sons of Pride.

Within thy secret Presence, Lord,
Let me for ever dwell;
No fenced City wall'd and barr'd
Secures a Saint so well.
I have much transposed the Parts of this Psalm, that I might unite the Verses of the same sense and Subject nearer together, and contract them into two Divine Hymns.

Psalm XXXII. Short Metre.
Forgiveness of Sins upon Confession.

I.

O blessed Souls are they
Whose Sins are cover'd o'er!

Divinely blest, to whom the Lord
Imputes their Guilt no more!

II.

They mourn their Follies past,
And keep their Hearts with care;
Their Lips and Lives without Deceit
Shall prove their Faith sincere.

III.

While I conceal'd my Guilt,
I felt the festering Wound,
Till I confess'd my Sins to thee,
And ready Pardon found.

IV.

Let Sinners learn to pray,
Let Saints keep near the Throne;
Our Help in Times of deep Distress
Is found in God alone.

Psalm XXXII. Common Metre.
Free Pardon, and sincere Obedience; or, Confession and Forgiveness.

I.

Happy the Man to whom his God
No more imputes his Sin,
But wash'd in the Redeemer's Blood
Hath made his Garments clean!
Happy beyond Expression He,
Whose Debts are thus discharg'd;
And from the guilty Bondage free
He feels his Soul inlarg'd.

His Spirit hates Deceit and Lies,
His Words are all sincere;
He guards his Heart, he guards his Eyes,
To keep his Conscience clear.

While I my inward Guilt suppress
No Quiet could I find;
Thy Wrath lay burning in my Breast,
And rack'd my tortur'd Mind.

Then I confess'd my troubled Thoughts,
My secret Sins reveal'd;
Thy pardoning Grace forgave my Faults
Thy Grace my Pardon seal'd.

This shall invite thy Saints to pray,
When like a raging Flood
'Temptations rise, our Strength and Stay
Is a forgiving God.

Psalm XXXII. First Part. Long Metre.
Repentance and Free Pardon; or Justification and Sanetification.

Blest is the Man, forever blest,
Whose Guilt is pardon'd by his God,
Whose Sins with Sorrow are confess'd,
And cover'd with his Saviour's Blood.
Psalms

II.

Blest is the Man to whom the Lord
Imputes not his Iniquities,
He pleads no Merit of Reward,
And not on Works, but Grace relies.

III.

From Guile his Heart and Lips are free,
His humble Joy, his holy Fear
With deep Repentance well agree,
And join to prove his Faith sincere.

IV.

How Glorious is that Righteousness
That hides and cancels all his Sins!
While a bright Evidence of Grace
Thro' his whole Life appears and Shines.

These two first verses of this Psalm being cited by the Apostle in the 4th. chap. Rom. to shew the freedom of our Pardon and Justification by Grace without Works, I have in this Version of it enlarged the sense by mention of the Blood of Christ, and Faith and Repentance; and because the Psalmist adds a Spirit in which is no guile, I have inserted that Sincere Obedience which is a Scriptural evidence of our Faith and Justification.

Psalm. XXXII. Second Part. Long Metre.

A Guilty Conscience eas'd by Confession and
Pardon.

I.

While I keep Silence and conceal
My heavy Guilt within my Heart,
What Torments doth my Conscience feel!
What Agonies of Inward smart!

II.

I spread my Sins before the Lord,
And all my secret Faults confess;

Thy
Psalm XXXIII. First Part. Com. Meter:
Works of Creation and Providence.

Rejoice, ye Righteous, in the Lord,
This Work belongs to you:
Sing of his Name, his Ways, his Word,
How holy, just and true!

His Mercy and his Righteousness
Let Heaven and Earth proclaim;
His Works of Nature and of Grace
Reveal his wondrous Name.

His Wisdom and Almighty Word:
The Heavenly Arches spread;
And by the Spirit of the Lord
Their shining Hosts were made.

He bid the Liquid Waters flow
To their appointed Deep;
The flowing Seas their limits know,  
And their own station keep.

V.  
Ye Tenants of the spacious Earth,  
With fear before him stand;  
He spake; and Nature took it's Birth;  
And rests on his Command.

VI.  
He Scorrs the angry Nations rage;  
And breaks their vain designs;  
His counsel stands thro' every age;  
And in full Glory shines.

Creatures vain, and God All-sufficient.

I.  
Blest is the Nation where the Lord  
Hath fixt his gracious Throne;  
Where he reveals his heavenly Word,  
And calls their Tribes his own.

II.  
His Eye with Infinite Survey  
Does the whole world behold;  
He form'd us all of equal Clay  
And knows our feeble Mould.

III.  
Kings are not rescu'd by the force  
Of Armies from the Grave;  
Nor Speed nor Courage of an Horse  
Can the bold Rider save.

IV.  
Vain is the strength of Beasts or Men  
To hope for safety thence;  
But
But holy Souls from God obtain
A strong and sure Defence.

V.

God is their Fear, and God their Trust;
When Plagues or Famine spread,
His watchful Eye secures the Just
Among ten thousand Dead.

VI.

Lord, let our hearts in thee rejoice,
And bless us from thy Throne;
For we have made thy Word our Choice,
And Trust thy Grace alone.


I.

Ye holy Souls in God rejoice, (voice;
Your Maker's Praise becomes your
Great is your Theme, your songs be new:
Sing of his Name, his Word, his Ways,
His Works of Nature and of Grace,
How wise and holy, just and true!

II.

Justice and Truth he ever loves,
And the whole Earth his Goodness proves,
His Word the heavenly Arches spread;
How wide they shine from North to South!
And by the Spirit of his Mouth
Were all the Starry Armies made.

III.

He gathers the wide flowing Seas,
Those watry Treasures know their place
In the vast Store-House of the Deep.

He
Psalms

He spake, and gave all Nature birth;
And Fires, & Seas, & Heaven, & Earth
His everlasting Orders keep.

IV.
Let Mortals tremble and adore
A God of such relentless Power,
Nor dare indulge their feeble Rage:
Vain are your Thoughts, and weak your
But his eternal Counsel stands, (Hands;
And rules the World from age to age.

Psalms XXXIII. as the 113 Pf. 2d. Part.
Creatures vain, and God All-sufficient.

I.
Oh happy Nation, where the Lord
Reveals the Treasure of his word
And builds his Church, his Earthly Throne!
His Eye the Heathen world surveys,
He form'd their hearts, he knows their ways
But God their Maker is unknown.

II.
Let Kings rely upon their Host,
And of his strength the Champion boast;
In vain they boast, in vain rely;
In vain we trust the brutal Force,
Or speed, or Courage of a Horse,
To guard his Rider or to fly.

III.
The Eye of thy Compassion, Lord,
Doth more secure Defence afford
When Deaths or Dangers threatening stand
Thy
Thy watchful Eye preserves the Just
Who make thy Name their fear and trust,
When Wars or Famine waste the Land.

IV.
In Sickness or the bloody Field,
Thou our Physician, Thou our Shield,
Send us Salvation from thy Throne;
We wait to see thy Goodness shine;
Let us rejoice in help Divine,
For all our Hope is God alone.

Psalm XXXIV. First Part. Long Metre. 
God's Care of the Saints; or, Deliverance by Prayer.

Lord, I will bless thee all my Days,
Thy Praise shall dwell upon my
My Soul shall glory in thy Grace,(Tongue;
While Saints rejoice to hear the Song.

II.
Come, magnify the Lord with me,
Come, let us all exalt his Name;
I sought th' Eternal God, and He
Has not expos'd my Hope to shame.

III.
I told him all my secret Grief,
My secret Groaning reach'd his Ears;
He gave my inward Pains relief,
And calm'd the Tumult of my fears.

IV.
To him the Poor lift up their Eyes,
Their Faces feel the Heavenly shine;
A Beam of Mercy from the Skies
Fills them with Light and joy Divine.

V.
Psalms

V.
His holy Angels pitch their Tents
Around the Men that serve the Lord.
O fear and love him, all his Saints,
Taste of his Grace and trust his Word.

VI.
The wild young Lions pinch'd with Pain
And Hunger roar thro' all the Wood,
But none shall seek the Lord in vain,
Nor want Supplies of real Good.

Psalm XXXIV. 11–22. Second Part.
Long Metre.
Religious Education; or, Instructions of Piety.

I.
Children in Years & Knowledge Young,
Your Parents Hope, your Parents
Attend the Counsels of my Tongue,
Let pious Thoughts your Minds imploy.

II.
If you desire a Length of Days,
And Peace to Crown your mortal State,
Restrain your Feet from impious Ways,
Your Lips from Slander and Deceit.

III.
The Eyes of God regard his Saints,
His Ears are open to their Cries;
He sets his frowning Face against
The Sons of Violence and Lies.

IV.
To humble Souls and broken Hearts
God with his Grace is ever nigh;
Pardon and Hope his Love imparts
When Men in deep Contrition ly.
He tells their Tears, he counts their Groans,
His Son redeems their Souls from Death;
His Spirit heals their broken Bones,
They in his Praise employ their Breath.

**Psalm XXXIV. 1—10. First Part.**

Common Metre.

*Prayer and Praise for eminent Deliverance.*

I.

I'll bless the Lord from Day to Day;
How good are all his Ways!
Ye humble Souls that use to pray,
Come, help my Lips to praise.

II.

Sing to the Honour of his Name,
How a poor Sufferer cry'd,
Nor was his hope expos'd to shame,
Nor was his Suit deny'd.

III.

When threatening sorrows round me stood,
And endless Fears arose,
Like the loud Billows of a Flood,
Redoubling all my Woes;

IV.

I told the Lord my sore distress
With heavy Groans and Tears,
He gave my sharpest Torments Ease,
And silence'd all my fears.

**Pause.**

V.

[O Sinners, come and taste his Love,
Come, learn his pleasant Ways, And
And let your own experience prove
The sweetness of his Grace.

VI.
He bids his Angels pitch their Tents
Round where his Children dwell;
What ills their heavenly Care prevents
No Earthly Tongue can tell.]

VII.
[O love the Lord, ye Saints of his;
His Eye regards the Just;
How richly blest their Portion is
Who make the Lord their Trust!

VIII.
Young Lions pinch’d with hunger roar,
And famish in the Wood;
But God supplies his holy Poor
With every needful Good.]

Psalm XXXIV. 11—22. Second Part.
Common Metre.

Exhortations to Peace and Holiness.

Come, Children, learn to fear the Lord;
And that your Days be long,
Let not a false or spiteful word
Be found upon your Tongue.

II.
Depart from Mischief, practice Love,
Pursue the works of Peace;
So shall the Lord your ways approve,
And set your Souls at Ease.

III.
His Eyes awake to guard the Just,
His Ears attend their Cry;

When
When broken Spirits dwell in Dust,  
The God of Grace is nigh.  

IV.  
What tho' the sorrows here they taste  
Are sharp and tedious too,  
The Lord, who saves them all at last,  
Is their Supporter now.  

V.  
Evil shall smite the wicked Dead;  
But God secures his own,  
Prevents the Mischief when they slide,  
Or heals the broken Bone.  

VI.  
When desolation like a Flood  
O'er the proud Sinner rolls,  
Saints find a Refuge in their God,  
For he redeem'd their Souls.

Psalm XXXV. I—9. The First Part.  
Prayer and Faith of persecuted Saints; or,  
Imprecations mix'd with Charity.

Now plead my Cause, Almighty God,  
With all the Sons of Strife;  
And fight against the Men of Blood  
Who fight against my Life.

II.  
Draw out thy Spear and stop their Way,  
Lift thine avenging Rod;  
But to my Soul in Mercy say,  
"I am thy Saviour-God."

III.  
They plant their Snares to catch my Feet,  
And Nets of Mischief spread;  
Plunge
Psalm 95

Plunge the Destroyers in the Pit
That their own Hands have made.

IV.
Let Fogg's and Darkness hide their Way,
And slippery be their Ground;
Thy Wrath shall make their Lives a Prey,
And all their Rage confound.

V.
They fly like Chaff before the Wind,
Before thine angry Breath;
The Angel of the Lord behind
Pursues them down to Death.

VI.
They love the Road that leads to Hell;
Then let the Rebels dye,
Whose Malice is implacable
Against the Lord on high.

VII.
But if Thou hast a chosen few
Amongst that impious Race,
Divide them from the bloody Crew
By thy surprizing Grace.

VIII.
Then will I raise my tuneful Voice
To make thy Wonders known;
In their Salvation I'll rejoice,
And bless thee for my own.

St. 6. Among the Imprecations that David uses against
his Adversaries in this Psalm I have ventured to turn the
Edge of them away from Personal Enemies against the implac-
able Enemies of God in the World.

St. 7. Agreeably to the Spirit of the Gospel I have here fur-
ther modified these Imprecations by a Charitable distinction and
Petition
Petition for their Souls, which Spirit of Evangelic Charity appears so conspicuous in the 12, 13, and 14. verses of the Psalm that I could not forbear to form them into a short distinct Hymn, enlarging on that Glorious Character of a Christian, Love to our Enemies, commanded so particularly, and so divinely exemplify'd by Christ himself.

Psalms XXXV. v. 12, 13, 14. 2d. Part. Love to Enemies; or, the Love of Christ to Sinners typify'd in David.

I.
Behold the Love, the generous Love
That holy David shews;
Hark, how his founding Bowells move
to his afflicted Foes!

II.
When they are sick, his Soul complains,
And seems to feel the smart;
The Spirit of the Gospel reigns,
And melts his pious heart.

III.
How did his flowing Tears console
As for a Brother dead!
And fasting mortify'd his Soul,
While for their Life he pray'd.

IV.
They groan'd; and curst him on their Bed,
Yet still he pleads and Mourns;
And double Blessings on his Head
The righteous God returns.

V.
O glorious Type of Heavenly Grace!
Thus Christ the Lord appears;
While Sinners curse, the Saviour prays,
And pities them with tears.
He the true David, Israel's King,
Blest and Belov'd of God,
To save us Rebels dead in Sin
Pay'd his own dearest Blood.

See the Notes on the first part of this Psalm. St. 1, founding of the Bowels is a Scriptural Metaphor, Isa. 63. 15.

The Perfections and Providence of God; or,
General Providence and Special Grace.

I.

High in the Heavens, Eternal God,
Thy Goodness in full Glory shines;
Thy Truth shall break thro' every Cloud
That vails and darkens thy Designs.

II.

For ever firm thy Justice stands,
As Mountains their Foundations keep;
Wise are the Wonders of thy Hands;
Thy Judgments are a mighty Deep.

III.

Thy Providence is kind and large,
Both Man and Beast thy Bounty share;
The whole Creation is thy Charge,
But Saints are thy peculiar Care.

IV.

My God! how excellent thy Grace;
Whence all our Hope and Comfort springs!
The Sons of Adam in Distress
Fly to the Shadow of thy Wings.

V.

From the Provisions of thy House
We shall be fed with sweet Repast;
There
There Mercy like a River flows,
And brings Salvation to our Taft.

VI.
Life like a Fountain rich and free
Springs from the Presence of my Lord;
And in thy Light our Souls shall see
The Glories promis’d in thy Word.

Psalm XXXVI. v.1,2,5,6,7,9. Com. Met. Practical Atheism expos’d; or, the Being, and Attributes of God asserted.

I.
While Men grow bold in wicked
And yet a God they own,
My Heart within me often says,
"Their Thoughts believe There’s none.

II
Their Thoughts and Ways at once declare
(What e’er their Lips profess)
God hath no Wrath for them to fear,
Nor will they seek his Grace.

III.
What strange Self-flattery blinds their Eyes!
But there’s a hastning Hour
When they shall see with sore Surprize
The Terrors of thy Power.

IV.
Thy Justice shall maintain its Throne,
Tho’ Mountains melt away;
Thy Judgments are a World unknown,
A deep unfathom’d Sea.

V.
Above these Heavens created Rounds
Thy Mercies, Lord, extend; Thy
Psalm XXXVI. 1—7. Short Metre:  
The Wickedness of Man, and the Majesty of God; or, Practical Atheism expos'd.

I.

When Man grows bold in Sin,  
My Heart within me cries,  
"He hath no Faith of God within,  
"Nor Fear before his Eyes.

II.

[He walks a while conceal'd  
In a Self-flatt'ring Dream,  
Till his dark Crimes at once reveal'd  
Expose his hateful Name.]
III.
His Heart is false and foul,
His Words are smooth and fair;
Wisdom is banished from his Soul,
And leaves no Goodness there.

IV.
He plots upon his Bed
New Mischiefs to fulfill;
He sets his Heart, and Hand, and Head
To practise all that's ill.

V.
But there's a dreadful God
Tho' Men renounce his Fear;
His Justice hid behind the Cloud
Shall one great Day appear.

VI.
His Truth transcends the Sky,
In Heaven his Mercies dwell;
Deep as the Sea his Judgments lie,
His Anger burns to Hell.

VII.
How excellent his Love,
Whence all our Safety Springs!
O never let my Soul remove
From underneath his Wings!

Psalm XXXVII. 1—15. First Part.
The Cure of Envy, Fretfulness and Unbelief;
or, The Rewards of the Righteous and the Wicked; or, The World's hatred and the Saint's Patience.

I.
Why should I vex my Soul, and fret
To see the Wicked rise?
Or envy Sinners waxing great
By Violence and Lies?

II.
As flowry Grass cut down at Noon,
Before the Evening fades,
So shall their Glories vanish soon
In everlasting Shades.

III.
Then let me make the Lord my Trust,
And practise all that's Good;
So shall I dwell amongst the Just,
And He'll provide me Food.

IV.
I to my God my Ways commit,
And cheerfull wait his Will;
Thy Hand, which guides my doubtful Feet,
Shall my Desires fulfill.

V.
Mine Innocence shalt Thou display,
And make thy Judgments known,
Fair as the Light of dawning Day,
And glorious as the Noon.

VI.
The Meek at last the Earth possess;
And are the Heirs of Heav'n;
True Riches with abundant Peace,
To humble Souls are giv'n.

PAUSE.

VII.
Rest in the Lord and keep his Way,
Nor let your Anger rise
Tho' Providence should long delay
To punish haughty Vice.
VIII.
Let Sinners join to break your Peace,
And plot, and rage, and foam;
The Lord derides them, for he sees
Their Day of Vengeance come.
IX. (Sword,
They have drawn out the threatening
Have bent the Murd'rous Bow,
To slay the Men that fear the Lord
And bring the Righteous low.
X.
My God shall break their Bows, and burn
Their persecuting Darts,
Shall their own Swords against them turn:
And Pain surprize their Hearts.

I have turn'd the Divine Instructions at the beginning of this Psalm into the form of holy Purposes, as more affecting and lively.

Psalm XXXVII. 16,21,26--31. Sec. Pt.
Charity to the Poor; or Religion in Words and Deeds.

WHY do the Wealthy Wicked boast,
And grow profanely bold?
The meanest Portion of the Just
Exceals the Sinner’s Gold.

II.
The Wicked borrows of his Friends
But ne’er designs to pay;
The Saint is merciful and lends,
Nor turns the Poor away.

III.
His Alms with liberal Heart he gives
Amongst the Sons of Need;
Psalms

His Memory to long Ages lives,
And blessed is his Seed.

IV.
His Lips abhor to talk profane,
To slander or defraud;
His ready Tongue declares to Men
What he has learnt of God.

V.
The Law and Gospel of the Lord.
Deep in his Heart abide;
Led by the Spirit and the Word
His Feet shall never slide.

VI.
When Sinners fall the Righteous stand,
Preserv'd from every Snare;
They shall possess the promis'd Land,
And dwell for ever There.

Psalm XXXVII. 23—37. Third Part.
The Way and End of the Righteous & Wicked.

My God, the Steps of Pious Men
Are order'd by thy Will;
Tho' they should fall they rise again,
Thy Hand supports them still.

II.
The Lord delights to see their Ways,
Their Virtue he approves;
He'll ne'er deprive them of his Grace,
Nor leave the Men he loves.

III.
The heavenly Heritage is their's,
Their Portion and their Home;

F 4.
He feeds them now, and makes them Heirs
Of Blessings long to come.

IV.
Wait on the Lord, ye Sons of Men,
Nor fear when Tyrants frown;
Ye shall confess their Pride was vain
When Justice casts them down.

PAUSE.

V.
The haughty Sinner have I seen
Nor fearing Man nor God,
Like a tall Bay-Tree fair and green,
Spreading his Arms abroad.

VI.
And lo, he vanish’d from the Ground,
Destroy’d by Hands unseen;
Nor Root, nor Branch, nor Leaf was found
Where all that Pride had been.

VII.
But mark the Man of Righteousness,
His several Steps attend;
True Pleasure runs thro’ all his Ways,
And peaceful is his End.

This long Psalm abounds with useful Instructions and Encouragements to Piety, but the Verses are very much unconnected and independent: Therefore I have contrived and transposed them so as to reduce them to three Hymns of a moderate length, and with some connexion of the sense.

PSALM XXXVIII.
Guilt of Conscience and Relief; or, Repentance and Prayer for Pardon and Health.

I.
A MIDST thy Wrath remember Love,
Restore thy Servant, Lord;
Nor
Nor let a Father's Chastening prove
Like an Avenger's Sword.

II.
Thine Arrows stick within my Heart,
My Flesh is sorely prest;
Between the Sorrow and the Smart
My Spirit finds no Rest.

III.
My Sins a heavy Load appear,
And o'er my Head are gone;
Too heavy They for me to bear,
Too hard for me t'atone.

IV.
My Thoughts are like a troubled Sea,
My Head still bending down;
And I go mourning all the Day
Beneath my Father's Frown.

V.
Lord, I am weak and broken sore,
None of my Pow'rs are whole;
The inward Anguish makes me roar,
The Anguish of my Soul.

VI.
All my Desires to Thee is known;
Thine Eye counts every Tear,
And every Sigh, and every Groan
Is notic'd by thine Ear.

VII.
Thou art my God, my only Hope;
My God will hear my Cry,
My God will bear my Spirit up;
When Satan bids me dye.
[My Foot is ever apt to slide,
My Foes rejoice to see't;
They raise their Pleasure and their Pride
When they supplant my Feet.

But I'll confess my Guilt to Thee,
And grieve for all my Sin
I'll mourn, how weak my Graces be,
And beg Support Divine.

My God forgive my Follies past,
And be for ever nigh;
O Lord of my Salvation, haste
Before thy Servant die.]

Psalm XXXIX. 1, 2, 3. First Part.
Watchfulness over the Tongue; or, Prudence and Zeal.

Thus I resolv'd before the Lord,
"Now will I watch my Tongue,
Left I let slip one sinful Word,
Or do my Neighbour Wrong.

And if I'm e'er constrain'd to stay
With Men of Lives profane,
I'll set a double Guard that Day,
Nor let my Talk be vain.

I'll scarce allow my Lips to speak
The pious Thoughts I feel,
Left Scoffers should 'th' Occasion take
To mock my holy Zeal.
IV.
Yet if some proper Hour appear,
I'll not be over-aw'd,
But let the scoffing Sinners hear
That we can speak for God.

I have not confin'd my self here to the Sense of the Psalmists,
but have taken occasion from the three first Verses to write a-
Short Hymn on the Government of the Tongue.

Psalm XXXIX. 4, 5, 6, 7. Second Part.
The Vanity of Man as Mortal.

I.
Teach me the Measure of my Days,
Thou Maker of my Frame;
I would survey Life's narrow Space,
And learn how frail I am.

II.
A Span is all that we can boast,
An Inch or two of Time;
Man is but Vanity and Dust
In all his Flower and Prime.

III.
See the vain Race of Mortals move
Like Shadows o're the Plain,
They rage and strive, desire and love,
But all the Noise is vain.

IV.
Some walk in Honour's gaudy Show,
Some dig for Golden Oar,
They toy! for Heirs they know not who,
And strait are seen no more.

V.
What should I wish or wait for then
From Creatures, Earth and Dust?

They
They make our Expectations vain,
And disappoint our Trust.

VI.
Now I forbid my Carnal Hope,
My fond Desires recall;
I give my Mortal Interest up,
And make my God my All.

Sick-Bed. Devotion; or Pleading without
Repining.

I.
God of my Life, look gently down,
Behold the Pains I feel;
But I am dumb before thy Throne,
Nor dare dispute thy Will.

II.
Diseases are thy Servants, Lord,
They come at thy Command;
I'll not attempt a murmuring Word
Against thy chast'ning Hand.

III.
Yet I may plead with humble Cries,
Remove thy sharp Rebukes;
My Strength consumes, my Spirit dies
Thro' thy repeated Strokes.

IV.
Crush't as a Moth beneath thy Hand
We moulder to the Dust;
Our feeble Powers can ne'er withstand,
And all our Beauty's lost.

V.
[This Mortal Life decays Apace,
How soon the Bubble's broke!  Adam
Adam and all his numerous Race
Are Vanity and Smoke.

VI.
I'm but a Sojourner below
As all my Fathers were,
May I be well prepar'd to go
When I the Summons hear!

VII.
But if my Life be spar'd a while
Before my last Remove,
Thy Praise shall be my Business still,
And I'll declare thy Love.

A Song of Deliverance from great Distress.

I waited patient for the Lord,
He bow'd to hear my Cry;
He saw me resting on his Word,
And brought Salvation nigh.

II.
He rais'd me from a horrid Pit
Where mourning long I lay,
And from my Bonds releas'd my Feet,
Deep Bonds of miry Clay.

III.
Firm on a Rock he made me stand,
And taught my cheerful Tongue
To praise the Wonders of his Hand
In a new thankful Song.

IV.
I'll spread his Works of Grace abroad;
The Saints with Joy shall hear.
And Sinners learn to make my God
Their only Hope and Fear.

V.
How many are thy Thoughts of Love!
Thy Mercies, Lord, how great!
We have not Words nor Hours enough.
Their Numbers to repeat.

VI.
When I'm afflicted, poor and low,
And Light and Peace depart,
My God beholds my heavy Woe,
And bears me on his Heart.

The Incarnation and Sacrifice of Christ.

I. (vain,
Thus faith the Lord, "Your Work is
"Give your Burnt-Offerings o'er,
"In dying Goats and Bullocks slain
"My Soul delights no more.

II.
Then spake the Saviour, "Lo I'm here,
"My God, to do thy Will;
"What e'er thy Sacred Books declare
"Thy Servant shall fulfill.

III.
"Thy Law is ever in my Sight,
"I keep it near my Heart;
"Mine Ears are open'd with delight.
"To what thy Lips impart.

IV.
And see, the blest Redeemer comes,
Th' Eternal Son appears,

And
And at th' appointed Time assumes
The Body God prepares.

V.
Much he reveal'd his Father's Grace,
And much his Truth he shew'd,
And preach't the Way of Righteousness
Where great Assemblies stood.

VI.
His Father's Honour touched his Heart,
He pity'd Sinners Cries,
And to fulfill a Saviour's part
Was made a Sacrifice.

PAUSE.

VII.
No Blood of Beasts on Altars shed
Could wash the Conscience clean,
But the rich Sacrifice he paid
Atones for all our Sin.

VIII.
Then was the great Salvation spread,
And Satan's Kingdom shook;
Thus by the Woman's promis'd Seed
The Serpent's head was broke.

If David had written this Psalm in the Days of the Gosp
el surely he would have given a much more express and par
ticular account of the Sacrifice of Christ, as he hath done of his Preaching, v. 9, 10, and enlarged as Paul does in Heb. 10. 4. &c. where this Psalm is cited. I have done no more therefore in this paraphrase than what I'm persuaded the Psalmist himself would have done in the time of Christianity.

The Scriptures which I have used here on this Occasion are, Heb. 10. 4. It is not possible the Blood of Bulls and of Goats should take away Sin. v. 5. A Body hadst thou prepared me, John. 7. 18. I seek the Glory of him that sent me. Heb. 10. 26. He appeared to put away Sin by the Sacrifice of himself. Gen. 3. 15. The Seed of the Woman shall bruise the Serpent's Head.  PSALM
Psalm XL. 5—10. Long Metre.
Christ our Sacrifice.

I.

The Wonders, Lord, Thy Love has Exceed our Praise; surmount our Should I attempt the long Detail, (Thoughts,
My Speech would faint, my Numbers fail.

No Blood of Beasts on Altars Spilt Can cleanse the Souls of Men from Guilt;
But Thou hast set before our Eyes An All-Sufficient Sacrifice.

III.

Lo! thine Eternal Son appears, To thy Designs he bows his Ears, Assumes a Body well prepar'd, And well performs a Work so hard.

IV.

"Behold, I come (the Saviour Cries With Love and Duty in his Eyes)
"I come to bear the heavy Load
"Of Sins, and do thy Will, my God.

V.

"'Tis written in thy great Decree,
"'Tis in thy Book foretold of Me,
"I must fulfill the Saviour's Part,
"And lo! thy Law is in my Heart.

VI.

"I'll magnify thy holy Law,
"And Rebels to Obedience draw,
"When on my Cross I'm lifted high,
"Or to my Crown above the Sky.
VII.
"The Spirit shall descend and show
"What Thou hast done, and what I do;
"The wond’ring world shall learn thy grace
"Thy Wisdom and thy Righteousness.

Besides some of the Scriptures mention’d under the former Metre, I have here made use of these also. 1. John 3. 5. The Son of God was manifested, &c. 1. Pet. 2. 24. He bare our Sins. Isa. 42. 21. He will magnify the Law and make it Honourable. John 12. 32. If I be lifted up, I will draw all Men to me. John 16. 14. The Spirit shall receive of mine and shew it unto you.

Psalm XLII. 1, 2, 3.
Charity to the Poor; or, Pity to the Afflicted.

I.
Blest is the Man whose Bowells move,
And melt with Pity to the Poor,
Whose Soul by sympathizing Love
Feels what his fellow-Saints endure.

II.
His Heart contrives for their Relief
More Good than his own Hands can do;
He in the Time of general Grief
Shall find the Lord has Bowells too.

III.
His Soul shall live secure on Earth,
With secret Blessings on his Head,
When Drought, & Pestilence, & Death
Around him multiply their Dead.

IV.
Or if he languish on his Couch
God will pronounce his Sins forgiven,
Will
Will save him with a healing Touch,
Or take his willing Soul to Heaven.

The Ten last Verses of this Psalm are of quite another Sub-
ject, relating to David's personal Enemies, which being sofre-
quently repeated I have often omitted.
The positive Blessings of long Life, Health, Recovery and
Security in the Midst of Dangers being so much promised in the
Old Testament, and so little in the New, I have given a Turn
at the End of this Hymn to discourage a too confident Expec-
tation of these temporal Things, and lead the Soul to heaven-
ly Hopes, more agreeable to the Gospel.

Psalm XLII. I—5. First Part.
Desertion and Hope; or, Complaint of
Absence from Publick Worship.

I.
With earnest Longings of the Mind,
My God, to Thee I look;
So pants the hunted Hart to find
And taste the cooling Brook.

II.
When shall I see thy Courts of Grace,
And meet my God again?
So long an Absence from thy Face
My Heart endures with Pain.

III.
Temptations vex my weary Soul,
And Tears are my Repast;
The Foe insults without Controll,
"And where's your God at last?"

IV.
'Tis with a mournful Pleasure now
I think on antient Days;
Then to thy House did Numbers go,
And all our Work was Praise.
But why, my Soul, sink down so far
Beneath this heavy Load?
Why do my Thoughts indulge Despair,
And Sin against my God?

Hope in the Lord, whose mighty Hand
Can all thy Woes remove;
For I shall yet before Him stand,
And sing restoring Love.

Melancholy Thoughts reproved; or, Hope in
Afflictions.

My Spirit sinks within me, Lord,
But I will call thy Name to mind,
And Times of past Distress record,
When I have found my God was kind.

Huge Troubles with tumultuous Noise
Swell like a Sea, and round me spread;
Thy Water-spouts drown all my Joys,
And rising Waves roll o’er my Head.

Yet will the Lord command his Love
When I address his Throne by Day,
Nor in the Night his Grace remove;
The Night shall hear me sing and pray.

I’ll cast my self before his Feet,
And say, “My God, my heavenly Rock,
“Why
Psalms

"Why doth thy Love so long forget
The Soul that groans beneath thy Stroke?

I'll chide my Heart that sinks so low,
Why should my Soul indulge her Grief?
Hope in the Lord, and Praise him too;
He is my Rest, my sure Relief.

Thy Light and Truth shall guide me still,
Thy Word shall my best Thoughts employ,
And lead me to thine heavenly Hill,
My God, my most exceeding Joy.

The 43d Psalm is so near a-kin to this, that I have omitted it, only borrowing the 3d and 4th verses to conclude this Hymn.

Psalm XLIV. 1, 2, 3, 8, 15—26.
The Church's Complaint in Persecution.

I.

Lord we have heard thy Works of old
Thy Works of Power and Grace,
When to our Ears our Fathers told
The Wonders of their Days.

II.

How thou didst build thy Churches here,
And make thy Gospel known;
Amongst them did thine Arm appear,
Thy Light and Glory Shone.

III.

In God they boasted all the Day,
And in a cheerful Throng
Did Thousands meet to praise and pray,
And Grace was all their Song.

IV.
But now our Souls are feiz'd with shame,
Confusion fills our Face
To hear the Enemy Blaspheme,
And Fools reproach thy Grace.

Yet have we not forgot our God,
Nor falsely dealt with Heaven,
Nor have our Steps declin'd the Road
Of Duty thou hast given.

Tho' Dragons all around us roar
With their Destructive Breath,
And thine own Hand has bruis'd us sore
Hard by the Gates of Death.

We are expos'd all Day to Die
As Martyrs for thy Cause,
As Sheep for Slaughter bound we lie
By sharp and bloody Laws.

Awake Arise, Almighty Lord,
Why sleepest thy wonted Grace?
Why should we look like Men abhorr'd,
Or banisht from thy Face?

Wilt thou for ever cast us off,
And still neglect our Cries?
For ever hide thine heavenly Love
From our afflicted Eyes?
Psalms.

x.
Down to the Dust our Soul is bow'd,
And dies upon the Ground;
Rise for our Help, rebuke the Proud
And all their Powers confound.

XI.
Redeem us from perpetual Shame,
Our Saviour and our God;
We plead the Honours of thy Name,
The Merits of thy Blood.

Psalm XLV. Short Metre.

I.
My Saviour and my King,
Thy Beauties are Divine;
Thy Lips with Blessings overflow,
And every Grace is thine,

II.
Now make thy Glory known,
Gird on thy dreadful Sword,
And ride in Majesty to spread
The Conquests of thy Word.

III.
Strike thro' thy stubborn Foes,
Or melt their Hearts t'obey,
While Justice, Meekness, Grace and Truth
Attend thy glorious Way.

IV.
Thy Laws, O God, are right;
Thy Throne shall ever stand;

And
Psalms

And thy victorious Gospel proves
A Sceptre in thy Hand.

V.
[Thy Father and thy God
Hath without Measure shed
His Spirit like a joyful Oyl
T'ainoint thy sacred Head.]

VI.
[Behold, at thy right Hand
The Gentile Church is seen,
Like a fair Bride in rich Attire,
And Princes guard the Queen.

VII.
Fair Bride, receive his Love,
Forget thy Father's House;
Forfake thy Gods, thy Idol-Gods,
And pay thy Lord thy Vows.

VIII.
O let thy God and King
Thy sweetest Thoughts employ;
Thy Children shall his Honours Sing
In Palaces of Joy.

This Psalm is a description of the Personal Glories of Christ and the Success of his Gospel; and probably it refers to the Gentile Church, because she is bid to forget her Father's house; All under the Type of Solomon's Marriage to Pharaoh's Daughter.

St. 5. John 3. 34. God giveth not the Spirit by measure unto him.

Psalm XLV. Common Metre
The Personal Glories & Government of Christ.

I'll speak the Honours of my King;
His Form divinely fair;
None
None of the Sons of mortal Race
May with the Lord compare.

II.
Sweet is thy Speech, and heavenly Grace
Upon thy Lips is shed;
Thy God with Blessings infinite
Hath crown'd thy Sacred Head.

III.
Gird on thy Sword, victorious Prince;
Ride with majestick Sway;
Thy Terrors shall strike thro' thy Foes,
And make the World obey.

IV.
Thy Throne, O God, forever stands;
Thy Word of Grace shall prove
A peacefull Sceptre in thy Hands,
To rule the Saints by Love.

V.
Justice and Truth attend thee still,
But Mercy is thy Choice;
And God, thy God thy Soul shall fill
With most peculiar Joys.

Psalm XLV. First Part. Long Metre.

Now be my Heart inspir'd to Sing
The Glories of my Saviour-King,
Jesus the Lord; How heavenly fair
His Form! how bright his Beauties are!

II.
O'er all the Sons of humane Race
He shines with a superior Grace,
Love from his Lips divinely flows,
And Blessings all his State compose.

III.
Dress thee in Arms, most mighty Lord,
Gird on the Terror of thy Sword,
In Majesty and Glory ride
With Truth and Meekness at thy Side.

IV.
Thine Anger like a pointed Dart
Shall pierce the Foes of stubborn Heart;
Or Words of Mercy kind and sweet
Shall melt the Rebels at thy Feet.

V.
Thy Throne, O God, for ever stands,
Grace is the Sceptre in thy Hands;
Thy Laws and Works are just and right,
Justice and Grace are thy Delight.

VI.
God thine own God, has richly shed
His Oyl of Gladness on thy Head,
And with his sacred Spirit blest
His First-Born Son above the rest.

Psalm XLV. Second Part. Long Met.
Christ and his Church; or, the Mystical
Marriage.

I.
The King of Saints, how fair his Face,
Adorn’d with Majesty and Grace!
He comes with Blessings from above,
And wins the Nations to his Love.
At his right Hand our Eyes behold
The Queen array'd in purest Gold;
The World admires her heavenly Dress,
Her Robe of Joy and Righteousnes.

He forms her Beauties like his own,
He calls and seats her near his Throne:
Fair Stranger, let thine Heart forget,
The Idols of thy native State.

So shall the King the more rejoice
In thee the Favourite of his Choice;
Let him be lov'd and yet ador'd,
For He's thy Maker and thy Lord.

O happy Hour, when thou shalt rise
To his fair Palace in the Skies,
And all thy Sons (a numerous Train)
Each like a Prince in Glory reign!

Let endless Honours crown his Head;
Let every Age his Prais'es spread;
While we with cheerfull Songs approve
The Condescensions of his Love.

See the Notes on the Short Metre.

Psalm XLVI. First Part.
The Church's Safety and Triumph among national Desolations.

I.

God is the Refuge of his Saints,
When Storms of sharp Distress invade;
Psalms

E'er we can offer our Complaints
Behold him present with his Aid.
II.
Let Mountains from their Seats be hurl'd
Down to the deep, and buried there;
Convulsions shake the solid World,
Our Faith shall never yield to Fear.
III.
Loud may the troubled Ocean roar,
In sacred Peace our Souls abide,
While every Nation, every Shore
Trembles and dreads the swelling Tide.
IV.
There is a Stream whose gentle Flow
Supplies the City of our God;
Life, Love and Joy still gliding thro'
And watering our divine Abode.
V.
That sacred Stream, thine holy Word,
That all our raging Fear controuls:
Sweet Peace thy Promises afford,
And give new Strength to fainting Souls.
VI.
Sion enjoys her Monarch's Love,
Secure against a threat'ning Hour;
Nor can her firm Foundations move,
Built on his Truth, and arm'd with Power.
Psalm XLVI. Second Part.
God fights for his Church.
I.
Let Sion in her King rejoice
Tho' Tyrants rage & Kingdoms rise;
He utters his Almighty Voice,  
The Nations melt, the Tumult dies.

The Lord of old for Jacob fought,  
And Jacob's God is still our Aid;  
Behold the Works his Hand has wrought,  
What Desolations He has made.

From Sea to Sea thro' all the Shores  
He makes the Noise of Battle cease;  
When from on high his Thunder roars  
He aws the trembling World to Peace.

He breaks the Bow, he cuts the Spear,  
Chariots he burns with heavenly Flame;  
Keep Silence all the Earth, and hear  
The Sound and Glory of his Name.

"Be still, and learn that I am God,  
"I'll be exalted o'er the Lands,  
"I will be known and fear'd abroad,  
"But still my Throne in Sion stands.

O Lord of Hosts, Almighty King,  
While we so near thy Presence dwell,  
Our Faith shall fit secure, and sing  
Defiance to the Gates of Hell.

Psalm XLVII.  
Christ Ascending and Reigning.

O  
For a Shout of sacred Joy  
To God the sovereign King!
Let every Land their Tongues employ,
And Hymns of Triumph sing.

II.
Jesus our God ascends on high;
His heavenly Guards around
Attend him rising thro' the Sky,
With Trumpets joyful Sound.

III.
While Angels shout and praise their King,
Let Mortals learn their Strains;
Let all the Earth his Honour sing;
O'er all the Earth he reigns.

IV.
Rehearse his Praise with Awe profound,
Let Knowledge lead the Song,
Nor mock him with a solemn Sound
Upon a thoughtless Tongue.

V.
In Israel stood his ancient Throne,
He lov'd that chosen Race,
But now he calls the World his own,
And Heathens taste his Grace.

The British Islands are the Lords,
There Abraham's God is known,
While Powers & Princes, Shields & Swords
Submit before his Throne.

The Ascent of Christ into Heaven is typify'd in this Psalm
by the Ark brought up to Zion. 2. Sam. 6. 15. and the Kingdom of Christ among the Gentiles is here represented by David's Victory over the Nations, v. 3. I have ch'f en to omit the Type and do Honour to my ascending and reigning Saviour in more express Language.
Psalm XLVIII. 1–8. First Part.
The Church is the Honour and Safety of a Nation.

I.
Great is the Lord our God
And let his Praise be great;
He makes his Churches his Abode,
His most delightful Seat.

II.
These Temples of his Grace,
How beautifull they stand!
The Honours of our Native Place,
And Bulwarks of our Land.

III.
In Sion God is known
A Refuge in Distress;
How bright has his Salvation shone
Thro' all her Palaces!

IV.
When Kings against her join'd,
And saw the Lord was there,
In wild Confusion of the Mind
They fled with hasty Fear.

V.
When Navys tall and proud
Attempt to spoil our Peace,
He sends his Tempest roaring loud,
And sinks them in the Seas.

VI.
Oft have our Fathers told,
Our Eyes have often seen,
How well our God secures the Fold
Where his own Sheep have been.
VII.
In every new Distress
We'll to his House repair,
We'll think upon his wondrous Grace,
And seek Deliverance there.

The Beauty of the Church; or, Gospel Worship and Order.

I.
Far as thy Name is known
The World declares thy Praise;
Thy Saints, O Lord, before thy Throne:
Their Songs of Honour raise.

II.
With Joy let Judah stand
On Sion's chosen Hill,
Proclaim the Wonders of thy Hand,
And Counsels of thy Will.

III.
Let Strangers walk around
The City where we dwell,
Compass and view thine holy Ground,
And mark the Building well.

IV.
The Orders of thy House,
The Worship of thy Court,
The cheerful Songs, the solemn Vows,
And make a fair Report.

V.
How decent and how wise!
How glorious to behold!
Beyond the Pomp that charms the Eyes,
And Rites adorn'd with Gold.

VI.
The God we worship now
Will guide us till we dye,
Will be our God while here below,
And ours above the Sky.

Psalm XLIX. 6—14. First Pt. Com. Met; Pride and Death; or, The Vanity of Life and Riches.

I.

Why doth the Man of Riches grow
to Insolence and Pride,
To see his Wealth and Honours flow
With every rising Tide?

II.

[Why doth he treat the Poor with Scorn
Made of the self-same Clay,
And boast as tho' his Flesh was born
Of better Dust than they?]

III.

Not all his Treasures can procure
His Soul a short Reprieve,
Redeem from Death one guilty Hout,
Or make his Brother live.

IV.

Life is a Blessing can't be sold,
The Ransom is too high;
Justice will ne'er be brib'd with Gold
That Man may never die.

V.

He sees the Brutish and the Wise,
The Timorous and the Brave
Quit their Possessions, close their Eyes,  
And hasten to the Grave.  

Yet 'tis his inward Thought and Pride,  
“My House shall ever stand;  
And that my Name may long abide  
I'll give it to my Land.  

Vain are his Thoughts, his Hopes are lost,  
How soon his Memory dies!  
His Name is written in the Dust  
Where his own Carcass lies.

PAUSE.

This is the Folly of their Way;  
And yet their Sons as vain  
Approve the Words their Fathers say,  
And act their Works again.  

Men void of Wisdom and of Grace,  
If Honour raise them high,  
Live like the Beast, a thoughtless Race  
And like the Beast they die.

Laid in the Grave like silly Sheep,  
Death feeds upon them there,  
Till the last Trumpet break their Sleep  
In Terror and Despair.

Death and the Resurrection.

Y e Sons of Pride, that hate the Just,  
And trample on the Poor,

When
When Death has brought you down to Dust
Your Pomp shall rise no more.

II.
The last great Day shall change the Scene;
When will that Hour appear?
When shall the Just revive, and reign
O'er all that scorn'd them here?

III.
God will my naked Soul receive
When separate from the Flesh;
And break the Prison of the Grave
To raise my Bones afresh.

IV.
Heaven is my everlasting Home,
Th' Inheritance is sure;
Let Men of Pride their Rage resume,
But I'll repine no more.

PSALM XLIX. Long Metre.

Why do the Proud insult the Poor,
And boast the large Estates they have
How vain are Riches to secure Their haughty Owners from the Grave!

II.
They can't redeem one Hour from Death
With all the Wealth in which they trust;
Nor give a dying Brother Breath,
When God commands him down to Dust.

III.
III.
There the dark Earth and dismal Shade
Shall clasp their naked Bodies round;
That Flesh so delicately fed
Lies cold and moulders in the Ground.

IV.
Like thoughtless Sheep the Sinner dies,
Laid in the Grave for Worms to eat:
The Saints shall in the Morning rise
And find th' Oppressor at their Feet.

V.
His Honours perish in the Dust,
And Pomp and Beauty, Birth and Blood;
That glorious Day exalts the Just
To full Dominion o'er the Proud.

VI.
My Saviour shall my Life restore,
And raise me from my dark Abode;
My Flesh and Soul shall part no more,
But dwell for ever near my God.

The last Judgment; or, The Saints rewarded.

I.
The Lord, the Judge before his Throne
Bids the whole Earth draw nigh,
The Nations near the rising Sun,
And near the western Sky.

II.
No more shall bold Blasphemers say,
"Judgment will ne'er begin;"
No more abuse his long Delay
To Impudence and Sin.
III.
Thron'd on a Cloud our God shall come,
Bright Flames prepare his Way,
Thunder and Darkness, Fire and Storm
Lead on the dreadful Day.

IV.
Heaven from above, his Call shall hear,
Attending Angels come
And Earth and Hell shall know, and fear
His Justice, and their Doom.

V.
* But gather all my Saints (he cries)
  " That made their Peace with God
* By the Redeemer's Sacrifice,
  " And seal'd it with his Blood.

VI. (Light
" Their Faith and Works brought forth to
  " Shall make the World confess
" My Sentence of Reward is right,
  " And Heaven adore my Grace.

Psalm L. v. 8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 23. Second
Part. Common Metre.
Obedience is better than Sacrifice.

I (Fields,
Thus faith the Lord, " The Spacious
  " And Flocks & Herds are mine,
" O'er all the Cattle of the Hills.
  " I claim a Right divine.

II.
* I ask no Sheep for Sacrifice,
  " Nor Bullocks burnt with Fire;
* To hope and love, to pray and praise
  " Is all that I require.
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III.
"Call upon me when Trouble's near,
"My hand shall set thee free;
"Then shall thy thankfull Lips declare
"The Honour due to me.

IV.
"The Man that offers humble Praise,
"He glorifies me best;
"And those that tread my holy Ways
"Shall my Salvation taft.

The Judgment of Hypocrites.

I. (descend;
When Christ to Judgment shall
And Saints surround their Lord,
He calls the Nations to attend,
And hear his awful Word.

II.
"Not for the Want of Bullocks slain
"Will I the World reprove;
"Altars and Rites and Forms are vain
"Without the Fire of Love.

III.
"And what have Hypocrites to do
"To bring their Sacrifice?
"They call my Statutes just and true,
"But deal in Theft and Lies.

IV.
"Could you expect to scape my Sight,
"And Sin without controul?
"But I shall bring your Crimes to light
"With Anguish in your Soul.
Consider, ye that flight the Lord,  
Before his Wrath appear;  
If once you fall beneath his Sword,  
There's no Deliverer there.

Psalm L. Third Part. Long Metre.  
Hypocrisy expos'd.

I.  
The Lord the Judge his Churches warns  
Let Hypocrites attend and fear  
Who place their hope in Rites and Forms,  
But make not Faith nor Love their Care.

II.  
Vile Wretches dare rehearse his Name  
With Lips of Falshood and Deceit;  
A Friend or Brother they defame,  
And soothe and flatter those they hate.

III.  
They watch to do their Neighbours wrong,  
Yet dare to seek their Maker's Face;  
They take his Covenant on their Tongue,  
But break his Laws, abuse his Grace.

IV.  
To Heaven they lift their Hands unclean,  
Defil'd with Lust, defil'd with Blood;  
By Night they practise every Sin,  
By Day their Mouths draw near to God.

V.  
And while his Judgments long delay,  
They grow secure and sin the more;  
They think he sleeps as well as they,  
And put far off the dreadful Hour.
VI.

O dreadful Hour! when God draws near,
And sets their Crimes before their Eyes!
His Wrath their guilty Souls shall tear,
And no Deliverer dare to rise.

This Psalm having a plain reference to the last Judgment,
I have in the first part omitted every thing that might obscure that sense of it.
The latter part of this Psalm being design'd to expose and terrify all Formal Worshippers and Hypocrites, I have form'd 2 or 3 Hymns on that Subject with some transposition and paraphrase of the verses; But I have kept the same introduction still by repeating the first verse of the Psalm.

PSALM L. To a New Tune.
The Last Judgment.

I.

The Lord, the Sovereign sends his Summons forth,
Calls the South Nations, and awakes the North;
From East to West the sounding, Orders spread,
Thro' distant Worlds and Regions of the Dead:
No more shall Atheists mock his long Delay;
His Vengeance sleeps no more: Behold the Day.

Behold the Judge descends: his Guards are nigh,
Tempest and Fire attend him down the Sky:
Heaven, Earth and Hell draw near, let all Things come
To hear his Justice and the Sinner's Doom;
But gather first my Saints (the Judge commands)
Bring them, ye Angels, from their distant Lands.

II.

Behold my Covenant stands for ever good,
Seal'd by th' Eternal Sacrifice in Blood,
And sign'd with all their Names, the Greek, the Jew,
That pay'd the antient Worship or the new.
There's no Distinction here: Come, spread their Thrones,
And near me seat my Favorites and my Sons.

IV.
IV.
I their Almighty Saviour and their God,
I am their Judge: Ye Heavens, proclaim abroad
My just Eternal Sentence, and declare
Those awful Truths that Sinners dread to hear:
Sinners in Zion tremble and retire;
I doom the painted Hypocrite to Fire.

V.
Not for the want of Goats or Bullocks slain
Do I condemn thee; Bulls and Goats are vain
Without the Flames of Love: In vain the Store
Of Brutal Offerings that were mine before;
Mine are the tamer Beasts and savage Breed,
Flocks, Herds, and Fields, and Forests where they feed;

VI.
If I were hungry, would I ask thee Food?
When did I thirst, or drink thy Bullocks Blood?
Can I be flattered with thy cringing Bows,
Thy solemn Chatterings and Phantastick Vows?
Are my Eyes charm'd thy Vestments to behold,
Glaring in Gemms and gay in woven Gold?

VII.
Unthinking Wretch! how couldst thou hope to please
A God, a Spirit, with such Toys as these?
While with my Grace and Statutes on thy Tongue
Thou lov'st Deceit, and dost thy Brother Wrong,
In vain to pious Forms thy Zeal pretends,
Thieves and Adulterers are thy chosen Friends.

VIII.
Silent I waited with long-suffering Love,
But didst thou hope that I should ne'er reprove?
And cherish such an impious Thought within,
That God the Righteous would indulge thy Sin?
Behold my Terrors now: My Thunders roll,
And thy own Crimes affright thy guilty Soul.
Psalms

IX.

Sinners, awake betimes; Ye Fools, be wise;
Awake before this dreadful Morning rise;
Change your vain Thoughts, your crooked Works amend
Fly to the Saviour, make the Judge your Friend;
Left like a Lion his last Vengeance tear
Your trembling Souls, and no Deliverer near.

In this Metre as in some of the former I have taken evident Occasion from this Psalm to represent the Last Judgment, and have therefore left out those verses that seem to interrupt that Sense.

Stanz. 3. All the Saints have made a Covenant with God by Sacrifice, (as in the Text) and as it were set their Names to God’s Covenant of Grace, ratified by the Sacrifice of Christs eternal vertue; Tho’ the Jews did it in the antient Forms of Worship, and the Gentiles in the New.

Stanz. 6. 7. As the Jewish Formal Worshippers contented themselves with Burnt Offerings, &c. and trusted in them; so Hypocrisies in Christianity build their Hopes upon outward Forms, gay Ceremonies, rigid Austerities, fanciful Vows, &c.

Psalm L. To the old proper Tune.

The last Judgment.

I.

The God of Glory sends his Summons forth,
Calls the South Nations, and awakes the North;
From East to West the sovereign Orders spread,
Thro’ distant Worlds and Regions of the Dead.

The Trumpet sounds; Hell trembles; Heaven rejoices;
Lift up your Heads, ye Saints, with cheerful Voices.

II.

No more shall Atheists mock his long Delay;
His Vengeance sleeps no more; Behold the Day;
Behold the Judge descends; His Guards are nigh;
Tempest and Fire attend him down the Sky.

When God appears, all Nature shall adore him;
While Sinners tremble, Saints rejoice before him.

III
PSALMS.

III.
"Heaven, Earth, and Hell draw near; let all things
To hear my Justice and the Sinners' Doom; (come
But gather first my Saints; (the Judge commands)
Bring them, ye Angels, from their distant Lands.
When Christ returns, wake every cheerful Passion,
And shout, ye Saints; He comes for your Salvation.

IV.
"Behold my Covenant stands for ever good,
Seal'd by th' Eternal Sacrifice in Blood,
And sign'd with all their Names; the Greek, the Jew,
That pay'd the Ancient Worship or the New;
There's no Distinction here. Join all your Voices,
And raise your Heads, ye Saints, for Heaven rejoices.

V.
"Here (faith the Lord) ye Angels, spread their Thrones,
And near me seat my Favourites and my Sons.
"Come, my Redeem'd, possess the Joys prepar'd
E'er Time began; 'Tis your divine Reward.
When Christ returns, wake every cheerful Passion,
And shout, ye Saints, he comes for your Salvation.

PAUSE the First.

VI.
"I am the Saviour, I th' Almighty God,
I am the Judge: Ye Heavens, proclaim abroad
"My just eternal Sentence, and declare
Thos' awful Truths that Sinners dread to hear.
When God appears, all Nature shall adore him;
While Sinners tremble, Saints rejoice before him.

VII.
"Stand forth, Thou bold Blasphemer, and prophane;
Now feel my Wrath, nor call my Threatnings vain;
Thou Hypocrite, once drest in Saints Attire,
"I doom the painted Hypocrite to Fire.
Judgment proceeds; Hell trembles; Heaven rejoices; Lift up your Heads, ye Saints, with cheerful Voices.

VIII.
"Not for the want of Goats or Bullocks slain
"Do I condemn thee; Bulls and Goats are vain
"Without the Flames of Love: In vain the Store
"Of Brutal Offerings that were mine before:

Earth is the Lord’s; all Nature shall adore him:
While Sinners tremble, Saints rejoice before him.

IX
"If I were hungry would I ask thee Food?
"When did I thirst? or drink thy Bullocks Blood?
"Mine are the tamer Beasts and savage Breed,
"Flocks, Herds, and Fields, and Forests where they feed.

All is the Lord’s. He rules the wide Creation;
Gives Sinners Vengeance, and the Saints Salvation.

X.
"Can I be flatter’d with thy cringing Bows,
"Thy solemn Chatterings and Phantasm Vows?
"Are my Eyes charm’d thy Vestments to behold,
"Glares in Gems, and gay in woven Gold?

God is the Judge of Hearts: No fair Disguises
Can screen the Guilty when his Vengeance rises.

PAUSE the Second.

XI.
"Unthinking Wretch! how couldst thou hope to
"A God, a Spirit, with such Toys as these? (please
"While with my Grace and Statutes on thy Tongue
"Thou lovi’dst Deceit, and dost thy Brother wrong.

Judgment proceeds; Hell trembles; Heaven rejoices;
Lift up your Heads, ye Saints, with cheerful Voices.

XII
"In vain to pious Forms thy Zeal pretends;
"Thieves and Adulterers are thy chosen Friends:

While
While the false Flatterer at my Altar waits,
His harden'd Soul divine Instruction hates.

*God is the Judge of Hearts: No fair Disguises Can skreen the Guilty when his Vengeance rises.*

**XII.**

Silent I waited with long-suffering Love;
But didst thou hope that I should ne'er reprove?
And cherish such an impious Thought within,
That the All-Holy wou'd indulge thy Sin?

See, God appears; all Nature joins to adore him:
Judgment proceeds, and Sinners fall before him.

**XIII.**

Behold my Terrors now: My Thunders roll,
And thy own Crimes affright thy guilty Soul;
Now like a Lion shall my Vengeance tear
Thy bleeding Heart, and no Deliverer near.

Judgment concludes; Hell trembles; Heaven rejoices;
Lift up your Heads, ye Saints, with cheerful Voices.

Epiphonema.

Sinners, awake betimes; Ye Fools, be wise;
Awake before this dreadful Morning rise: (amend
Change your vain Thoughts, your crooked Works
Fly to the Saviour, make the Judge your Friend:

Then joy the Saints: Wake every cheerful Passion,
When Christ returns, He comes for your Salvation.

If the former Heroick Metre do not fit the old Proper Tune of the Fiftieth Psalm, for want of Double Rhymes at the End of every Stanza, I have here altered the Form of it much, in order to fit it exactly to the old Proper Tune; adding a Chorus, or (as some call it) the Burden of the Song, butwixt every Four Lines. I hope it will not be displeasing to the more Musical Part of my Readers to be entertained with such a Variety.
PSALM LII. First Part. Long Metre.
A Penitent Pleading for Pardon.

I.
Show pity, Lord, O Lord forgive,
Let a repenting Rebel live:
Are not thy Mercies large and free?
May not a Sinner trust in Thee?

II.
My Crimes are great, but not surpass
The Power and Glory of thy Grace:
Great God, thy Nature hath no Bound,
So let thy pardoning Love be found.

III.
O wash my Soul from every Sin,
And make my guilty Conscience clean;
Here on my Heart the Burden lies,
And past Offences pain my Eyes.

IV.
My Lips with Shame my Sins confess
Against thy Law, against thy Grace:
Lord, should thy Judgment grow severe,
I am condemn’d, but thou art clear.

V.
Should sudden Vengeance seize my Breath,
I must pronounce thee just in Death;
And if my Soul were sent to Hell,
Thy righteous Law approves it well.

VI.
Yet save a trembling Sinner, Lord,
Whose Hope still hovering round thy Word
Would light on some sweet Promise there,
Some sure Support against Despair.

Psalm
Psalm LI. Second Part. Long Metre.
Original and Actual Sin confess.

I.
Lord, I am vile, conceiv'd in Sin;
And born unholy and unclean;
Sprung from the Man whose guilty Fall
Corrupts the Race, and taints us All.

II.
Soon as we draw our Infant-breath
The Seeds of Sin grow up for Death;
Thy Law demands a perfect Heart,
But we're defil'd in every part.

III.
[Great God, create my Heart a-new,
And form my Spirit pure and true:
O make me wise betimes to spy
My Danger and my Remedy.]

IV.
Behold I fall before thy Face;
My only Refuge is thy Grace:
No outward Forms can make me clean;
The Leprosy lies deep within.

V.
No bleeding Bird, nor bleeding Beast,
Nor Hislop-Branch, nor sprinkling Priest,
Nor running Brook, nor Flood, nor Sea,
Can wash the dismal Stain away.

VI.
Jesus, my God, thy Blood alone
Hath Power sufficient to atone;
Thy Blood can make me white as Snow;
No Jewish Types could cleanse me so.
While Guilt disturbs and breaks my Peace,
Nor Flesh nor Soul hath Rest or Ease;
Lord, let me hear thy pardoning Voice,
And make my broken Bones rejoice.

Stanz. 4, 5. Since the Psalmist seems to refer to the Branch of Hiflop sprinkling the Blood of the Bird, and the running Water, Num. 14. 51. I have here enlarged upon the Insufficiency of all those Rites, for the cleansing of Sin which is the Leprosy of the Soul.

Stanz. 6. Such a glorious occasion of introducing the Blood of a Saviour could not be omitted here with injustice to David, or to Christ his Son.

PSALM LI. Third Part. Long Metre.
The Backslider restored; or, Repentance and Faith in the Blood of Christ.

I.
O Thou that hearest when Sinners Cry,
Thou all my Crimes before thee blest,
Behold them not with angry Look,
But blot their Memory from thy Book.

II.
Create my Nature pure within,
And form my Soul averse to Sin:
Let thy Good Spirit ne'er depart,
Nor hide thy Presence from my Heart.

III.
I cannot live without thy Light,
Cast out and banished from thy Sight:
Thine holy Joys, my God, restore,
And guard me that I fall no more.

iv. Tho'
IV.
Tho' I have griev'd thy Spirit, Lord,
His Help and Comfort still afford:
And let a Wretch come near thy Throne
To plead the Merits of thy Son.

V.
A Broken Heart, my God, my King,
Is all the Sacrifice I bring;
The God of Grace will ne'er despise
A Broken Heart for Sacrifice.

VI.
My Soul lies humbled in the Dust,
And owns thy dreadful Sentence just;
Look down, O Lord, with pitying Eye,
And save the Soul condemn'd to die.

VII.
Then will I teach the World thy Ways;
Sinners shall learn thy sovereign Grace;
I'll lead them to my Saviour's Blood,
And they shall praise a pardoning God.

VIII.
O may thy Love inspire my Tongue!
Salvation shall be all my Song;
And all my Powers shall join to bless
The Lord my Strength and Righteousness.

The 17th verse concerning the Sacrifice of a broken Heart,
I have here transposed to make an easier Connexion.

Original and Actual Sin confess'd & pardon'd.

Lord, I would spread my sore Distress
And Guilt before thine Eyes;
Against
Against thy Laws, against thy Grace
How high my Crimes arise!

Shouldst Thou condemn my Soul to Hell
And crush my Flesh to Dust;
Heav'n would approve thy Vengeance well,
And Earth must own it just.

I from the Stock of Adam came,
Unholy and unclean;
All my Original is Shame,
And all my Nature Sin.

Born in a World of Guilt I drew
Contagion with my Breath;
And as my Days advanc'd I grew
A juster Prey for Death.

Cleanse me, O Lord, and cheer my Soul
With thy forgiving Love;
O make my broken Spirit whole
And bid my Pains remove.

Let not thy Spirit quite depart,
Nor drive me from thy Face;
Create anew my vicious Heart,
And fill it with thy Grace.

Then will I make thy Mercy known
Before the Sons of Men;
Backsliders shall address thy Throne,
And turn to God again.
PSALMS.


I.

O God of Mercy, hear my Call,
My Loads of Guilt remove,
Break down this separating Wall
That bars me from thy Love.

II.

Give me the Presence of thy Grace,
Then my rejoicing Tongue
Shall speak aloud thy Righteousness,
And make thy Praise my Song.

III.

No Blood of Goats, nor Heifer slain
For Sin could e’er atone;
The Death of Christ shall still remain
Sufficient and alone.

IV.

A Soul opprest with Sins Desert
My God will ne’er despise;
A humble Groan, a broken Heart
Is our best Sacrifice.

PSALM LIII. 4–6. Victory and Deliverance from Persecution.

I.

Are all the Foes of Sion, Fools,
Who thus devour her Saints?
Do they not know her Saviour rules,
And pities her Complaints?

II.

They shall be feiz’d with sad Surprize;
For God’s revenging Arm
Scatters
Scatters the Bones of them that rise
To do his Children Harm.

III.
In vain the Sons of Satan boast
Of Armies in array;
When God has first despis'd their Host,
They fall an easy Prey.

IV.
O for a Word from Sion's King
Her Captives to restore!
Jacob with all his Tribes shall sing,
And Judah weep no more.

The first part of this Psalm is the same with the 14th.

PSALM LV. 1--8, 16, 17, 18, 22. Com. Met.
Support for the afflicted and tempted Soul.

I.
O God, my Refuge, hear my Cries,
Behold my flowing Tears,
For Earth and Hell my Hurt devise,
And triumph in my Fears.

II.
Their Rage is level'd at my Life,
My Soul with Guilt they load,
And fill my Thoughts with inward Strife
To shake my Hope in God.

III.
With inward Pain my Heart-strings sound,
I groan with every Breath;
Horror and Fear beset me round
Amongst the Shades of Death.

IV.
O were I like a feather'd Dove,
And Innocence had Wings;
I'd
Psalms

I'd fly, and make a long Remove
From all these restless Things.

V.
Let me to some wild Desart go,
And find a peaceful Home,
Where Storms of Malice never blow,
Temptations never come.

VI.
Vain Hopes, and vain Inventions all
To 'scape the Rage of Hell!
The mighty God on whom I call
Can save me here as well.

PAUSE.

VII.
By Morning Light I'll seek his Face,
At Noon repeat my Cry,
The Night shall hear me ask his Grace,
Nor will he long deny.

VIII.
God shall preserve my Soul from Fear,
Or shield me when afraid;
Ten thousand Angels must appear
If He command their Aid.

IX.
I cast my Burdens on the Lord,
The Lord sustains them all;
My Courage rests upon his Word
That Saints shall never fall.

X.
My highest Hopes shall not be vain,
My Lips shall spread his Praise;
While cruel and deceitful Men
Scarce live out half their Days.
Psalm LV. vv. 15, 16, 17, 19; 22. Short Met.

Dangerous Prosperity; or, Daily Devotions Encouraged.

I.

Let Sinners take their Course,
And choose the Road to Death;
But in the Worship of my God
I'll spend my daily Breath.

II.

My Thoughts address his Throne
When Morning brings the Light;
I seek his Blessing every Noon,
And pay my Vows at Night.

III.

Thou wilt regard my Cries,
O my Eternal God,
While Sinners perish in surprize
Beneath thine angry Rod.

IV.

Because they dwell at Ease
And no sad Changes feel,
They neither fear nor trust thy Name,
Nor learn to do thy Will.

V.

But I with all my Cares,
Will lean upon the Lord,
I'll cast my Burdens on his Arm,
And rest upon his Word.

VI.
VI.
His Arm shall well sustain
The Children of his Love;
The Ground on which their Safety stands
No earthly Power can move.

Psalm LVI.
Deliverance from Oppression and Falsity;
Or, God's Care of his People in answer
to Faith and Prayer.

I.
O Thou whose Justice reigns on high,
And makes th' Oppressor cease,
Behold how envious Sinners try
To vex and break my Peace!

II.
The Sons of Violence and Lies.
Join to devour me, Lord;
But as my hourly Dangers rise
My Refuge is thy Word.

III.
In God most holy, just and true
I have repos'd my Trust;
Nor will I fear what Flesh can do,
The Offspring of the Dust.

IV.
They wrest my Words to Mischief still;
Charge me with unknown Fau'ts;
Mischief doth all their Counsels fill,
And Malice all their Thoughts.

V.
Shall they escape without thy Frown?
Must their Devices stand?
O cast the haughty Sinner down,
And let him know thy Hand!

Pause.

VI.

God counts the Sorrows of his Saints,
Their Groans affect his Ears;
Thou hast a Book for my Complaints,
A Bottle for my Tears.

VII.

When to thy Throne I raise my Cry,
The Wicked fear and flee;
So swift is Prayer to reach the Sky,
So near is God to me.

VIII.

In Thee, Most Holy, Just and True,
I have repos'd my Trust;
Nor will I fear what Man can do,
The Offspring of the Dust.

IX.

Thy Solemn Vows are on me Lord,
Thou shalt receive my Praise;
I'll Sing how faithful is thy Word;
How righteous all thy Ways!

X.

Thou hast secure'd my Soul from Death,
O set thy Prisoner free,
That Heart and Hand, & Life & Breath
May be employ'd for Thee.

Psalm
Psalm LVII.
Praise for Protection, Grace and Truth.

I.
My God, in whom are all the Springs
Of boundless Love & Grace unknown
Hide me beneath thy spreading Wings
Till the dark Cloud is overblown.

II.
Up to the Heavens I send my Cry,
The Lord will my Desires perform;
He sends his Angel from the sky,
And saves me from the threatening Storm.

III.
Be Thou exalted, O my God,
Above the Heav'ns where Angels dwell;
Thy Power on Earth be known abroad,
And Land to Land thy Wonders tell.

IV.
My Heart is fixt; my Song shall raise
Immortal Honours to thy Name;
Awake my Tongue, to sound his Praise,
My Tongue, the Glory of my Frame.

V.
High o'er the Earth his Mercy reigns,
And reaches to the utmost Sky;
His Truth to endless Years remains
When lower Worlds dissolve and dye.

VI.
Be Thou exalted, O my God,
Above the Heav'ns where Angels dwell;
Thy Power on Earth be known abroad,
And Land to Land thy Wonders tell.

Psalm
Psalm LIX. as the 113th Psalm.

Warning to Magistrates.

I.

Judges, who rule the World by Laws,
Will ye despise the righteous Cause,
When th' injur'd Poor before you stands?
Dare ye condemn the righteous Poor,
And let rich Sinners 'scape secure,
While Gold & Greatness bribe your
(Hands?)

Have ye forgot or never knew
That God will judge the Judges too?
High in the Heavens his Justice reigns;
Yet you invade the Rights of God,
And send your bold Decrees abroad
To bind the Conscience in your Chains.

III.

A poyson'd Arrow is your Tongue,
The Arrow sharp, the Poyson strong,
And Death attends where-e'er it wounds;
You hear no Counsels, Cries or Fears;
So the deaf Adder stops her Ears
Against the Power of charming Sounds;

IV.

Break out their Teeth, Eternal God,
Those Teeth of Lions dy'd in Blood;
And crush the Serpents in the Dust:
As empty Chaff, when Whirlwinds rise,
Before the sweeping Tempests flies,
So let their Hopes and Names be lost.

H
Th' Almighty thunders from the Sky.
Their Grandeur melts, their Titles die;
As Hills of Snow dissolve and run,
Or Snails that perish in their Slime,
Or Births that come before their Time,
Vain Births, that never see the Sun.

Thus shall the Vengeance of the Lord
Safety and Joy to Saints afford;
And all that hear shall join and say,
"Sure there's a God that rules on high,
"A God that hears his Children cry,
And will their Sufferings well repay.

Psalm LX. 1—5, 10—12.
On a Day of Humiliation for Disappointments in War.

I.
Lord, hast thou cast the Nation off?
Must we for ever mourn?
Will thou indulge immortal Wrath?
Shall Mercy ne'er return?

II.
The Terror of one Frown of thine
Melts all our Strength away;
Like Men that totter drunk with Wine,
We tremble in Dismay.

III.
Great Britain shakes beneath thy Stroke,
And dreads thy threatening Hand;
O heal the Island Thou hast broke,
Confirm the wav'ring Land.

IV.
Lift up a Banner in the Field
For those that fear thy Name;
Save thy Beloved with thy Shield,
And put our Foes to Shame.

Go with our Armies to the Fight
Like a Confederate God;
In vain Confederate Powers unite.
Against thy lifted Rod.

Our Troops shall gain a wide Renown
By thine assisting Hand;
'Tis God that treads the Mighty down,
And makes the Feeble stand.

Psalm LXI. I—6.
Safety in God.

When overwelm’d with Grief
My Heart within me dies,
Helpless and far from all Relief
To Heaven I lift mine Eyes.

O lead me to the Rock
That’s high above my Head,
And make the Covert of thy Wings
My Shelter and my Shade.

Within thy Presence, Lord,
For ever I’ll abide;
Thou art the Tower of my Defence,
The Refuge where I hide.
Psalms.

IV.
Thou givest me the Lot
Of those that fear thy Name;
If endless Life be their Reward,
I shall possess the same.

Psalm LXII. 5—12.
No Trust in the Creatures; or, Faith in
Divine Grace and Power.

I.
My Spirit looks to God alone;
My Rock and Refuge is his Throne;
In all my Fear, in all my Straits
My Soul on his Salvation waits.

II.
Trust him, ye Saints, in all your Ways,
Pour out your Hearts before his Face:
When Helpers fail and Foes invade,
God is our all-sufficient Aid.

III.
False are the Men of high Degree,
The baser Sort are Vanity;
Laid in the Ballance both appear
Light as a Puff of empty Air.

IV.
Make not increasing Gold your Trust,
Nor set your Heart on glittering Dust;
Why will you grasp the fleeting Smoke,
And not believe what God has spoke?

V.
Once has his awful Voice declar'd,
Once and again my Ears have heard,
"All Power is his eternal Due;
"He must be fear'd and trusted too."

VI.
VI.
For Sovereign Power reigns not alone,
Grace is a Partner of the Throne:
Thy Grace and Justice, mighty Lord,
Shall well divide our last Reward.

PSALM LXIII. 1, 2, 5, 3, 4. First Pt. Com. Met.
The Morning of a Lord's Day.

I.
Early my God without Delay
I haste to seek thy Face;
My thirsty Spirit faints away
Without thy cheering Grace.

II.
So Pilgrims on the scorching Sand
Beneath a burning Sky
Long for a cooling Stream at hand,
And they must drink or dye.

III.
I've seen thy Glory and thy Pow'r
Thro' all thy Temple shine;
My God repeat that heavenly Hour,
That Vision so divine.

IV.
Not all the Blessings of a Feast
Can please my Soul so well
As when thy richer Grace I taste,
And in thy Presence dwell.

V.
Not Life it self with all her Joys
Can my best Passions move,
Or raise so high my cheerful Voice
As thy forgiving Love.

VI.
Thus till my last expiring Day
I'll bless my God and King;
Thus will I lift my Hands to pray,
And tune my Lips to sing.

Midnight Thoughts recollected.

I.

'Was in the Watches of the Night
I thought upon thy Power,
I kept thy lovely Face in Sight.
Amidst the darkest Hour.

II.

My Flesh lay resting on my Bed,
My Soul arose on high;
"My God, my Life, my Hope; I said,
"Bring thy Salvation nigh.

III.

My Spirit labours up thine Hill,
And climbs the heavenly Road;
But thy Right Hand upholds me still,
While I pursue my God.

IV.

Thy Mercy stretches o'er my Head.
The Shadow of thy Wings;
My Heart rejoices in thine Aid,
My Tongue awakes and sings.

V.

But the Destroyers of my Peace
Shall fret and rage in vain;
The Tempter shall forever cease,
And all my Sins be slain.

VI.
VI.
Thy Sword shall give my Foes to Death,
And send them down to dwell
In the dark Caverns of the Earth,
Or to the Deeps of Hell.

Psalm LXIII. Long Metre.
Longing after God; or, the Love of God:
better then Life.

I.
Great God, indulge my humble Claim,
Thou art my Hope, my Joy, my Reft;
The Glories that compose thy Name
Stand all engag'd to make me blest.

II.
Thou Great and Good, thou Just and Wise,
Thou art my Father and my God;
And I am thine by sacred Ties;
Thy Son, thy Servant bought with Blood.

III.
With Heart and Eyes and lifted Hands
For thee I long, to thee I look,
As Travellers in thirsty Lands
Pant for the cooling Water-brook.

IV.
With early Feet I love t'appear
Among thy Saints and seek thy Face;
Oft have I seen thy Glory there;
And felt the Power of sovereign Grace;

V.
Not Fruits nor Wines that tempt our Taste;
Nor all the Joys our Senses know,
Could make me so divinely blest,
Or raise my cheerfull Passions so.

VI.
VI.
My Life it self without thy Love
No Taste of Pleasure could afford;
’Twould but a tiresom Burden prove,
If I were banish’d from the Lord.

VII.
Amidst the wakeful Hours of Night
When busy Cares afflict my Head,
One Thought of Thee gives new Delight,
And adds Refreshment to my Bed.

VIII.
I’ll lift my Hands, I’ll raise my Voice,
While I have Breath to pray or praise;
This Work shall make my Heart rejoice,
And spend the Remnant of my Days.

Psalm LXIII. Short Metre.
Seeking God.

I.
My God permit my Tongue
This Joy, to call Thee mine,
And let my early Cries prevail
To taste thy Love divine.

II.
My thirsty fainting Soul
Thy Mercy doth implore;
Not Travellers in desert Lands
Can pant for Water more.

III.
Within thy Churches, Lord,
I long to find my Place,
Thy Power and Glory to behold,
And feel thy quickning Grace.

IV.
PSALMS

IV.
For Life without thy Love
No Relish can afford;
No Joy can be compar'd to this
To serve and please the Lord.

V.
To Thee I'll lift my Hands,
And praise Thee while I live;
Not the rich Dainties of a Feast
Such Food or Pleasure give.

VI.
In wakefull Hours at Night
I call my God to mind;
I think how wise thy Counsels are,
And all thy Dealings kind.

VII.
Since thou hast been my Help,
To Thee my Spirit flies,
And on thy watchfull Providence
My cheerfull Hope relies.

VIII.
The Shadow of thy Wings
My Soul in Safety keeps;
I follow where my Father leads,
And he supports my Steps.

After I had finish'd the Common Metre of This Psalm,
I observed several pious Turns of Thought in Dr. Patrick's
Version, which I have Copied in this Metre, tho' with some
Difficulty because of the Shorter Lines.

PSALM

I.

The Praise of Zion waits for Thee, My God; & Praise becomes thy House; There shall thy Saints thy Glory be, And there perform their publick Vows.

II.

O Thou, whose Mercy bends the Skies To save when humble Sinners pray, All Lands to Thee shall lift their Eyes, And Islands of the Northern Sea.

III.

Against my Will my Sins prevail, But Grace shall purge away their Stains; The Blood of Christ will never fail, To wash my Garments white again.

IV.

Blest is the Man whom thou shalt chuse And give him kind Access to Thee; Give him a Place within thy House, To taste thy Love divinely free.

PAUSE.

V.

Let Babel fear when Zion prays; Babel, prepare for long Distress When Zion’s God Himself arrays In Terror and in Righteousness.

VI.

With dreadful Glory God fulfills What his afflicted Saints request;
And with almighty Wrath reveals
His Love to give his Churches Rest.

VII.
Then shall the flocking Nations run
To Sion's Hill, and own their Lord;
The rising and the setting Sun
Shall see the Saviour's Name ador'd.

Divine Providence in Air, Earth and Sea;
or, The God of Nature and Grace.

I.
The God of our Salvation hears
The Groans of Sion mixt with Tears;
Yet when He comes with kind Designs,
Thro' all the Way his Terror shines.

II.
On him the Race of Man depends,
Far as the Earth's remotest Ends,
Where the Creator's Name is known
By Nature's feeble Light alone.

III.
Sailors that travel o'er the Flood
Address their frightened Souls to God,
When Tempests rage and Billows roar
At dreadfull Distance from the Shore.

IV.
He bids the noisy Tempest cease;
He calms the raging Croud to Peace,
When a tumultuous Nation raves
Wild as the Winds, and loud as Waves.

V.
Whole Kingdoms shaken by the Storm
He settles in a peaceful Form;
Mountains establish'd by his Hand
Firm on their old Foundations stand.

Behold his Ensigns sweep the Sky,
New Comets blaze and Lightnings fly;
The Heathen Lands with swift Surprize
From the bright Horrors turn their Eyes.

At his Command the Morning-Ray
Smiles in the East, and leads the Day;
He guides the Sun's declining Wheels
Over the Tops of Western Hills.

Seasons and Times obey his Voice;
The Evening and the Morn rejoice
To see the Earth made soft with Showers,
Laden with Fruit and drest in Flowers.

'Tis from his watry Stores on high
He gives the thirsty Ground supply;
He walks upon the Clouds, and thence
Doth his enriching Drops dispense.

The Desart grows a fruitful Field,
Abundant Food the Valleys yield;
The Valleys shout with cheerfull Voice,
And neighb'ring Hills repeat their Joys.

The Pastures smile in green Array;
There Lambs and larger Cattel play;
The larger Cattel and the Lamb,
Each in his Language speaks thy Name.
Thy Works pronounce thy Power divine;
O'er every Field thy Glories shine,
Thro' every Mouth thy Gifts appear;
Great God, thy Goodness crowns the Year.

Psalm LXV. First Part. Common Metre.

A Prayer-bearing God, and the Gentiles called.

I.

Praise waits in Zion, Lord, for Thee;
There shall our Vows be paid:
Thou hast an Ear when Sinners pray,
All Flesh shall seek thine Aid.

II.

Lord, our Iniquities prevail,
But pardoning Grace is thine,
And thou wilt grant us Power and Skill
To conquer every Sin.

III.

Bless'd are the Men whom thou wilt chuse
To bring them near thy Face,
Give them a Dwelling in thine House,
To feast upon thy Grace.

IV.

In answering what thy Church requests
Thy Truth and Terror shine,
And Works of dreadfull Righteousness
Fulfill thy kind Design.

V.

Thus shall the wondering Nations see
The Lord is good and just;
And distant Islands fly to thee,
And make thy Name their Trust.

VI.
VI.
They dread thy glitt'ring Tokens, Lord,
When Signs in Heaven appear;
But they shall learn thy holy Word,
And love as well as fear.

PSALM LXV. Second Part. Common Metre.
The Providence of God in Air, Earth and Sea; or, The Blessing of Rain.

I. (stand,
'Tis by thy Strength the Mountains
God of Eternal Power;
The Sea grows calm at thy Command,
And Tempests cease to roar.

II.
Thy Morning-Light and Evening-Shade
Successive Comforts bring;
Thy plenteous Fruits make Harvests glad,
Thy Flow'rs adorn the Spring.

III.
Seasons and Times, and Moons and Hours,
Heaven, Earth and Air are thine;
When Clouds distill in fruitful Show'rs,
The Author is divine.

IV.
Those wandring Cisterns in the Sky
Born by the Winds around,
With watry Treasures well supply
The Furrows of the Ground.

V.
The thirsty Ridges drink their fill,
And Ranks of Corn appear:
Thy Ways abound with Blessings full,
Thy Goodness crowns the Year.
Psalm LXV. Third Part. Common Metre.
The Blessings of the Spring; or, God gives Rain.
A Psalm for the Husbandman.

I.
Good is the Lord, the Heavenly King,
Who makes the Earth his Care,
Visits the Pastures every Spring,
And bids the Grass appear.

II.
The Clouds like Rivers rais'd on high
Pour out at thy Command
Their watry Blessings from the Sky,
To cheer the thirsty Land.

III.
The soft'ned Ridges of the Field
 Permit the Corn to spring;
The Valleys rich Provision yield,
And the poor Labourers sing.

IV.
The little Hills on every Side
Rejoice at falling Show'rs:
The Meadows dress'd in all their Pride
Perfume the Air with Flow'rs.

V.
The barren Clods refresh'd with Rain
 Promise a joyful Crop;
The parching Grounds look green again,
And raise the Reapers Hope.

VI.
The various Months thy Goodness crowns;
How bounteous are thy Ways?

The
The bleating Flocks spread o'er the Downs,
And Shepherds shout thy Praise.

_Psalm LXVI._ First Part.

_Governing Power and Goodness_; or, _Our Grace tried by Afflictions._

I.

Sing, all ye Nations to the Lord,
Sing with a joyful Noise;
With Melody of Sound record
His Honours and your Joys.

II.

Say to the Power that shakes the Sky,
"How terrible art Thou!
"Sinners before thy Presence fly,
"Or at thy Feet they bow.

III.

[Come, see the Wonders of our God,
How glorious are his Ways!
In Moses Hand he puts his Rod,
And cleaves the frightened Seas.

IV.

He made the ebbing Channel dry,
While Israel pass'd the Flood;
There did the Church begin their Joy,
And triumph in their God.]

V.

He rules by his resistless Might:
Will rebel Mortals dare
Provoke th' Eternal to the Fight,
And tempt that dreadfull War?

VI.

O bless our God and never cease;
Ye Saints, fulfill his Praise;
He keeps our Life, maintains our Peace,  
And guides our doubtful Ways.

VII.

Lord, thou hast prov'd our suffering Souls,  
To make our Graces shine;  
So Silver bears the burning Coals  
The Metal to refine.

VIII.

Tho' watry Deeps and fiery Ways  
We march at thy Command,  
Led to posses the promis'd Place  
By thine unerring Hand.

Psalm LXVI. 13,—20. Second Part.  
Praise to God for hearing Prayer.

I.

Now shall my solemn Vows be paid  
To that Almighty Power  
That heard the long Requests I made  
In my distressfull Hour.

II.

My Lips and cheerfull Heart prepare  
To make his Mercies known;  
Come ye that fear my God, and hear  
The Wonders He has done.

III.

When on my Head huge Sorrows fell,  
I sought his heavenly Aid;  
He fav'd my sinking Soul from Hell  
And Death's eternal Shade.

IV.

If Sin lay cover'd in my Heart  
While Pray'r employ'd my Tongue,

The
Psalms.
The Lord had shewn me no regard,  
Nor I his praises sung.

V.
But God (his Name be ever blest)  
Has let my Spirit free;  
Nor turn'd from him my poor request,  
Nor turn'd his Heart from me.

Psalm LXVII.
The Nations Prosperity, and the Churches Increase.

I.
Shine, mighty God, on Britain shine  
With Beams of heavenly Grace;  
Reveal thy Power thro' all our Coasts,  
And shew thy smiling Face.

II.
[Amidst our Isle exalted high  
Do thou our Glory stand,  
And like a Wall of Guardian-Fire  
Surround the Favourite-Land.]

III.
When shall thy Name from Shore to Shore  
Sound all the Earth abroad,  
And distant Nations know and love  
Their Saviour and their God?

IV.
Sing to the Lord, ye distant Lands,  
Sing loud with solemn Voice;  
While British Tongues exalt his Praise,  
And British Hearts rejoice.

V.
He the Great Lord, the sovereign Judge,  
That sits enthron'd Above,
Wisely commands the Worlds he made
In Justice and in Love.

VI.
Earth shall obey her Maker's Will,
And yield a full Increase;
Our God will crown his chosen Isle
With Fruitfulness and Peace.

VII.
God the Redeemer scatters round
His choicest Favours here,
While the Creation's utmost Bound
Shall see, adore and fear.

Having translated the Scene of this Psalm to Great Britain, I have borrow'd a devout and poetical Wish for the Happiness of my native Land from Zech. 2. 5. and offer'd it up in the 2d Stanza. I will be a Wall of Fire round about, and will be the Glory in the Midst of her.

PSALM LXVIII. First Part. v. i—6, 32—35.
The Vengeance and Compassion of God.

I.
Let God arise in all his Might,
And put the Troops of Hell to flight;
As Smoke that sought to cloud the Skies
Before the rising Tempest flies.

II.
[He comes array'd in burning Flames;
Justice and Vengeance are his Names:
Behold his fainting Foes expire
Like melting Wax before the Fire.]

III.
He rides and thunders thro' the Sky;
His Name Jehovah sounds on high:
Sing to his Name, ye Sons of Grace;
Ye Saints, rejoice before his Face.

IV.
IV.
The Widow and the Fatherless
Fly to his Aid in sharp Distress:
In him the Poor and Helpless find
A Judge that's just, a Father kind.

V.
He breaks the Captives heavy Chain,
And Prisoners see the Light again:
But Rebels that dispute his Will
Shall dwell in Chains and Darkness still.

PAUSE

VI.
Kingdoms and Thrones to God belong;
Crown him, ye Nations, in your Song:
His wondrous Names & Powers rehearse;
His Honours shall enrich your Verse.

VII.
He shakes the Heavens with loud Alarms;
How terrible is God in Arms!
In Israel are his Mercies known,
Israel is his peculiar Throne.

VIII.
Proclaim him King, pronounce him Blest;
He's your Defence, your Joy, your Rest:
When Terrors rise and Nations faint,
God is the Strength of every Saint.

PSALM LXVIII. Second Part. v. 17, 18.
Christ's Ascension, and the Gift of the Spirit.

I.
ORD, when thou didst ascend on high,
Ten thousand Angels fill'd the Sky;
Those heavenly Guards around Thee wait,
Like Chariots that attend thy State.
Not Sinai's Mountain could appear
More glorious when the Lord was there;
While he pronounc'd his dreadfull Law,
And strook the chosen Tribes with Awe.

III.
How bright the Triumph none can tell,
When the rebellious Powers of Hell
That thousand Souls had Captive made
Were all in Chains like Captives led.

IV.
Rais'd by his Father to the Throne
He sent the promis'd Spirit down,
With Gifts and Grace for Rebell-Men,
That God might dwell on Earth again.

The 17th and 18th Verses of this Psalm are apply'd to the
Ascention of Christ, Eph. 4. 8. and the promis'd Sp. it
was then given to men, Acts. 2: 33.

Psalm lxviii. Third Pt. v. 19, 20, 21, 22
Praise for Temporal Blessings; or, Common
and special Mercies.

We bless the Lord, the Just, the Good,
Who fills our hearts with Joy & Food;
Who pours his Blessings from the Skies,
And loads our Days with rich Supplies.

II.
He sends the Sun his Circuit round,
To cheer the Fruits, to warm the Ground:
He bids the Clouds with plenteous Rain
Refresh the thirsty Earth again.

III.
The Sufferings of Christ for our Salvation.

I.
"Save me, O God, the swelling Floods
   Break in upon my Soul:
"I sink; and Sorrows o'er my Head
   Like mighty Waters roll.

II.
"I cry till all my Voice be gone,
   In Tears I waste the Day;
   "My
Psalms

"My God, behold my longing Eyes,
And shorten thy Delay.

III.
They hate my Soul without a Cause,
And still their Number grows;
More than the Hairs around my Head,
And mighty are my Foes.

IV.
'Twas then I pay'd that dreadfull Debt:
That Men could never pay,
And gave those Honours to thy Law
Which Sinners took away.

V.
Thus in the great Messiah's Name
The royal Prophet mourns;
Thus he awakes our Hearts to Grief,
And gives us Joy by Turns.

VI.
Now shall the Saints rejoice and find
Salvation in my Name,
For I have born their heavy Load
Of Sorrow, Pain and Shame.

VII.
Grief like a Garment cloth'd me round,
And Sackcloth was my Dress,
While I procur'd for naked Souls
A Robe of Righteousness.

VIII.
Amongst my Brethren and the Jews
I like a Stranger stood,
And bore their vile Reproach, to bring
The Gentiles near to God.
I came in sinfull Mortals stead
  " To do my Father's Will;
  " Yet when I cleans'd my Father's House,
  " They scandaliz'd my Zeal.

My Failing and my holy Groans
  " Were made the Drunkard's Song;
  " But God from his celestial Throne
  " Heard my complaining Tongue.

He sav'd me from the dreadfull Deep,
  " Nor let my Soul be drown'd;
  " He rais'd and fixt my sinking Feet
  " On well-establisht Ground.

'Twas in a most accepted Hour
  " My Pray'r arose on high,
  " And for my sake my God shall hear
  " The dying Sinner's Cry.

Psalm LXIX. 14--21, 26, 29, 32. Sec'd Pt.
Common Metre.
The Passion and Exaltation of Christ.

Now let our Lips with holy Fear
  And mournfull Pleasure sing
The Sufferings of our great High-priest,
  The Sorrows of our King.

II.
He sinks in Floods of deep Distress;
  How high the Waters rise! While
While to his heavenly Father's Ear
He sends perpetual Cries.

III.
"Hear me, O Lord, and save thy Son,
"Nor hide thy shining Face;
"Why should thy Favourite look like One
"Forsaken of thy Grace?

IV.
"With Rage they persecute the Man
"That groans beneath thy Wound,
"While for a Sacrifice I pour
"My Life upon the Ground.

V.
"They tread my Honour to the Dust
"And laugh when I complain;
"Their sharp insulting Slanders add
"Fresh Anguish to my Pain.

VI.
"All my Reproach is known to Thee,
"The Scandal and the Shame;
"Reproach has broke my bleeding Heart,
"And Lies desil'd my Name.

VII.
"I lookt for Pity, but in vain;
"My Kindred are my Grief;
"I ask my Friends for Comfort round,
"But meet with no Relief.

VIII.
"With Vinegar they mock my Thirst,
"They give me Gall for Food;
"And sporting with my dying Groans
"They triumph in my Blood.
IX.

"Shine in to my distressed Soul,
"Let thy Commissions save;
"And tho' my Flesh sink down to Death,
"Redeem it from the Grave.

X.

"I shall arise to praise thy Name,
"Shall reign in Worlds unknown,
"And thy Salvation, O my God,
"Shall seat me on thy Throne.

PSALM LXIX. Third Part. Common Met.
Christ's Obedience and Death; or, God glorified and Sinners saved.

I.

Father, I sing thy wondrous Grace,
I bless my Saviour's Name,
He bought Salvation for the Poor,
And bore the Sinner's Shame.

II.

His deep Distress has rais'd us high,
His Duty and his Zeal
Fulfill'd the Law which Mortals broke,
And finish'd all thy Will.

III.

His dying Groans his living Songs
Shall better please my God
Than Harp or Trumpet's solemn Sound,
Than Goats or Bullocks Blood.

IV.

This shall his humble Followers see,
And set their Hearts at rest;
They by his Death draw near to Thee,
And live for ever blest.
Let Heaven and all that dwell on high
To God their Voices raise,
While Lands and Seas assist the Sky,
And join t'advance the Praise.

Zion is thine, Most holy God;
Thy Son shall bless her Gates;
And Glory purchas'd by his Blood
For thy own Israel waits.

Psalm LXIX. First Part. Long Metre.
Christ's Passion, and Sinners Salvation.

Deep in our Hearts let us record
The deeper Sorrows of our Lord;
Behold the rising Billows roll
To overwhelm his holy Soul.

In long Complaints he spends his Breath;
While Hosts of Hell, and Powers of Death,
And all the Sons of Malice join
To execute their cruel Design.

Yet, gracious God, thy Power and Love
Has made the Curse a Blessing prove;
Those dreadfull Sufferings of thy Son
Atton'd for Sins which we had done.

The Pangs of our expiring Lord
The Honours of thy Law restor'd:
His Sorrows made thy Justice known,
And paid for Follies not his own.
O for his Sake our Guilt forgive;
And let the mourning Sinner live:
The Lord will hear us in his Name,
Nor shall our Hope be turn'd to Shame.

Psalm LXIX. v. 7 &c. Second Pt. Long Met.
Christ's Sufferings and Zeal.

I.

'Twas for thy Sake, Eternal God,
Thy Son sustaine'd that heavy Load
Of base Reproach and fore Disgrace,
And Shame desil'd his sacred Face.

II.
The Jews, his Brethren and his Kin,
Abus'd the Man that checkt their Sin:
While he fullful'd thy holy Laws,
They hate him, but without a Cause.

III.

[My Father's House, said he, was made:
A Place for Worship, not for Trade;
Then scattering all their Gold and Brass,
He scourg'd the Merchants from the Place.]

IV.

[Zeal for the Temple of his God
Consum'd his Life, expos'd his Blood:
Reproaches at thy Glory thrown
He felt, and mourn'd them as his own.]

V.

[His Friends forsook, his Followers fled,
While Foes and Arms surround his Head;
They curse him with a flanderous Tongue,
And the false Judge maintains the Wrong.]
VI.
His Life they load with hateful Lies;
And charge his Lips with Blasphemies;
They nail him to the shameful Tree;
There hung the Man that dy’d for me.

VII.
[Wretches with Hearts as hard as Stones
Insult his Piety and Groans:
Gall was the Food they gave him there,
And mock’d his Thirst with Vinegar.]

VIII.
But God beheld; and from his Throne
Marks out the Men that hate his Son;
The Hand that rais’d him from the Dead
Shall pour the Vengeance on their Head.

In both the Metres of this Psalm I have apply’d it to the
Sufferings of Christ, as the N. T. gives sufficient Reason
by several Citations of this Psalm: From which Places I have
borrow’d the Particulars of his Suffering for our Sins, his
Scourging the Buyers and Sellers out of the Temple,
his Crucifixion, &c. But I have omitted the dreadfull Im-
precations on his Enemies, except what is inserted in this
last Stanza, in the Way of a Prediction or Threatning.
Stanza 5. The false Judge is the High-priest, not Pilate.

The Aged Saint’s Reflection and Hope.

I.
My God, my everlasting Hope,
I live upon thy Truth;
Thine Hands have held my Childhood up,
And streng’ned all my Youth.

II.
My Flesh was fashion’d by thy Power,
With all these Limbs of mine;

And
And from my Mother's painful Hour
I've been entirely thine.

III.
Still has my Life new Wonders seen,
Repeated every Year;
Behold my Days that yet remain,
I trust them to thy Care.

IV.
Cast me not off when Strength declines,
When hoary Hairs arise;
And round me let thy Glory shine
When e'er thy Servant dies.

V.
Then in the History of my Age,
When Men review my Days,
They'll read thy Love in every Page,
In every Line thy Praise.

Christ our Strength and Righteousness.

My Saviour, my almighty Friend,
When I begin thy Praise,
Where will the growing Numbers end,
The Numbers of thy Grace?

II.
Thou art my everlasting Trust,
Thy Goodness I adore;
And since I knew thy Graces first
I speak thy Glories more.

III.
My Feet shall travel all the Length
Of the celestial Road,
And
And march with Courage in thy Strength,
To see my Father-God.

IV.
When I am fill'd with sore Distress
For some surprizing Sin,
I'll plead thy perfect Righteousness,
And mention none but Thine.

V.
How will my Lips rejoice to tell
The Victories of my King!
My Soul redeem'd from Sin and Hell
Shall thy Salvation sing.

VI.
[My Tongue shall all the Day proclaim
My Saviour and my God:
His Death has brought my Foes to shame,
And drown'd them in his Blood.

VII.
Awake, awake, my tuneful Powers;
With this delightfull Song
I'll entertain the darkest Hours,
Nor think the Season long.]

If these Verses of the Psalmist do not directly intend, that in God our Saviour is our Righteousness and Strength, as Isa. 45. 21—25. yet there is a fair Occasion given in the Words for this Evangelical Turn of Thought.

Psalm LXXI. 17—21. Third Part.
The Aged Christian's Prayer and Song; or,
Old Age, Death and the Resurrection.

I.
God of my Childhood and my Youth,
The Guide of all my Days,
I have declar'd thy heavenly Truth,
And told thy wondrous Ways.
II.
Wilt thou forsake my hoary Hairs,
And leave my fainting Heart?
Who shall sustain my sinking Years
If God my Strength depart?

III.
Let me thy Power and Truth proclaim
To the surviving Age,
And leave a Savour of thy Name
When I shall quit the Stage.

IV.
The Land of Silence and of Death
Attends my next Remove;
O may these poor Remains of Breath
Teach the wide World thy Love!

PAUSE.

V.
Thy Righteousness is deep and high,
Unsearchable thy Deeds;
Thy Glory spreads beyond the Sky,
And all my Praise exceeds.

VI.
Oft have I heard thy Threatnings roar,
And oft endur'd the Grief;
But when thy Hand has prest me sore,
Thy Grace was my Relief.

VII.
By long Experience have I known
Thy sovereign Power to save;
At thy Command I venture down
Securely to the Grave.
VIII.
When I lie buried deep in Dust,
My Flesh shall be thy Care;
These withering Limbs with thee I trust
To raise them strong and fair.

So fair a Profession and Faith of the Resurrection in v. 20.
I could not omit without Injury to the Psalmist and to my own
Design.

PSALM LXXII. First Part.
The Kingdom of Christ.

I.
Great God, whose universal Sway
The known & unknown Worlds obey,
Now give the Kingdom to thy Son,
Extend his Power, exalt his Throne.

II.
Thy Scepter well becomes his Hands,
All Heaven submits to his Commands;
His Justice shall avenge the Poor,
And Pride and Rage prevail no more.

III.
With Power he vindicates the Just,
And treads th' Oppressor in the Dust;
His Worship and his Fear shall last
Till Hours and Years and Time be past.

IV.
As Rain on Meadows newly mown,
So shall he send his Influence down:
His Grace on fainting Souls distills,
Like heavenly Dew on thirsty Hills.

V.
The Heathen Lands that lie beneath
The Shades of overspreading Death
Revive at his first dawning Light,
And Desarts blossom at the Sight.

VI.
The Saints shall flourish in his Days,
Drest in the Robes of Joy and Praise;
Peace like a River from his Throne
Shall flow to Nations yet unknown.

Psalm LXXII. Second Part.
Christ's Kingdom among the Gentiles.

I.

Jesus shall reign where e'er the Sun
Does his successive Journeys run;
His Kingdom stretch from Shore to Shore,
Till Moons shall wax and wane no more.

II.
[Behold the Islands with their Kings,
And Europe her best Tribute brings;
From North to South the Princes meet
To pay their Homage at his Feet.

III.
There Persia glorious to behold,
There India shines in Eastern Gold;
And barbarous Nations at his Word
Submit and bow and own their Lord.]

IV.
For him shall endless Pray'r be made,
And Praises throng to crown his Head;
His Name like sweet Perfume shall rise
With every Morning Sacrifice.

V.
People and Realms of every Tongue
Dwell on his Love with sweetest Song;
And Infant-Voices shall proclaim
Their early Blessings on his Name.

VI.
Blessings abound where e'er he reigns,
The Prisoner leaps to lose his Chains,
The Weary find eternal Rest,
And all the Sons of Want are blest.

VII.
[Where he displays his healing Power,
Death and the Curse are known no more;
In him the Tribes of Adam boast
More Blessings than their Father lost.

VIII.
Let every Creature rise and bring,
Peculiar Honours to our King;
Angels descend with Songs again,
And Earth repeat the long Amen.]

PSALM LXXIII. First Part Com. Metre.
Afflicted Saints happy, and prosperous Sinners cursed.

Now I'm convinced, the Lord is kind
To Men of Heart sincere:
Yet once my foolish Thoughts repined,
And border'd on Despair.

II.
I grieved to see the Wicked thrive,
And spoke with angry Breath,
"How pleasant and profane they live!"
"How peaceful is their Death!

III.
"With well-fed Flesh and haughty Eyes
"They lay their Fears to sleep;"
Psalms.

"Against the Heavens their Slanders rise,
While Saints in Silence weep:

IV.
"In vain I lift my Hands to pray,
And cleanse my Heart in vain,

"For I am chasten'd all the Day,
The Night renews my Pain.

V.
Yet while my Tongue indulg'd Complaints,
I felt my Heart reprove;

"Sure I shall thus offend thy Saints,
And grieve the Men I love.

VI.
But still I found my Doubts too hard,
The Conflict too severe,
Till I retir'd to search thy Word,
And learn thy Secrets there.

VII.
There, as in some prophetic Glass,
I saw the Sinner's Feet
High-mounted on a slippery Place.
Beside a fiery Pit.

VIII.
I heard the Wretch profanely boast;
Till at thy Frown he fell;
His Honours in a Dream were lost.
And he awakes in Hell.

IX.
Lord, what an envious Fool I was!
How like a thoughtless Beast!
Thus to suspect thy promis'dd Grace,
And think the Wicked blest.
Yet I was kept from full Despair,
Upheld by Power unknown;
That blessed Hand that broke the Snare
Shall guide me to thy Throne.

God our Portion here and hereafter.

I.

God my Supporter and my Hope,
My Help for ever near,
Thine Arm of Mercy held me up
When sinking in Despair.

II.

Thy Counsels, Lord, shall guide my Feet
Through this dark Wilderness;
Thine Hand conduct me near thy Seat,
To dwell before thy Face.

III.

Were I in Heaven without my God,
’Twould be no Joy to me;
And whilst this Earth is my Abode,
I long for none but Thee.

IV.

What if the Springs of Life were broke,
And Flesh and Heart should faint,
God is my Soul’s eternal Rock,
The Strength of every Saint.

V.

Behold, the Sinners that remove
Far from thy Presence die;
Not all the Idol-Gods they love
Can save them when they cry.

VI.
But to draw near to Thee, my God, 
Shall be my sweet Employ; 
My Tongue shall sound thy Works abroad, 
And tell the World my Joy.

Psalm LXXIII. 22, 3, 6, 17-20. Long Met.
The Prosperity of Sinners cursed.

I.

Lord, what a thoughtless Wretch was I, 
To mourn and murmur and repine 
To see the Wicked plac'd on high, 
In Pride and Robes of Honour shine!

II.

But O their End! their dreadfull End! 
Thy Sanctuary taught me so: 
On slippery Rocks I see them stand, 
And fiery Billows roll below.

III.

Now let 'em boast how tall they rise, 
I'll never envy them again; 
There they may stand with haughty Eyes, 
Till they plunge deep in endless Pain.

IV.

Their fancy'd Joys, how fast they flee! 
Just like a Dream when Man awakes; 
Their Songs of softest Harmony 
Are but a Preface to their Plagues.

V.

Now I esteem their Mirth and Wine, 
Too dear to purchase with my Blood; 
Lord, 'tis enough that thou art mine, 
My Life, my Portion, and my God.
PSALMS

PSALM LXXIII. Short Metre.  
The Miflery of Providence unfolded.

I.
Sure there's a righteous God,  
Nor is Religion vain;  
Tho' Men of Vice may boast aloud,  
And Men of Grace complain.

II.
I saw the Wicked rise,  
And felt my Heart repine,  
While haughty Fools with scornful Eyes  
In Robes of Honour shine.

III.
Pamper'd with wanton Ease  
Their Flesh looks full and fair,  
Their Wealth rolls in like flowing Seas,  
And grows without their Care.

IV.
Free from the Plagues and Pains  
That pious Souls endure,  
Thro' all their Life Oppression reigns,  
And racks the humble Poor.

V.
Their impious Tongues blaspheme  
The Everlasting God;  
Their Malice blasts the good Man's Name,  
And spreads their Lies abroad.

VI.
But I with flowing Tears  
Indulg'd my Doubts to rise;  
"Is there a God that sees or hears  
"The things below the Skies?"

VII.
VII.
The Tumults of my Thought
Held me in hard Suspence,
Till to thy House my Feet were brought
To learn thy Justice thence.

VIII.
Thy Word with Light and Power
Did my Mistakes amend;
I view'd the Sinners Life before,
But here I learnt their End.

IX.
On what a slippery Steep
The thoughtless Wretches go!
And O that dreadfull fiery Deep
That waits their Fall below.

X.
Lord, at thy Feet I bow,
My Thoughts no more repine:
I call my God my Portion now,
And all my Powers are thine,

This Psalm is a most noble Composure; The Design and Model of it is divinely beautiful, and an admirable Pattern for a Poet to copy. But it being one single Scheme of Thought, I was obliged to contract it, that it might be sung at once; tho' the Dignity and Beauty of the Ode suffers much by this Means.

PSALM LXXIV.
The Church pleading with God under sore Persecutions.

I.
WILL God for ever cast us off?
His Wrath for ever smooak
Against the People of his Love,
His little chosen Flock?
II.
Think of the Tribes so dearly bought
With their Redeemer's Blood;
Nor let thy Sion be forgot,
Where once thy Glory stood.

III.
Lift up thy Feet, and march in haste,
Aloud our Ruin calls;
See what a wide and fearfull Waste
Is made within thy Walls.

IV.
Where once thy Churches pray'd and sang,
Thy Foes profanely roar;
Over thy Gates their Ensigns hang,
Sad Tokens of their Power.

V.
How are the Seats of Worship broke!
They tear the Buildings down,
And he that deals the heaviest Stroke
Procures the chief Renown.

VI.
With Flames they threaten to destroy
Thy Children in their Nest;
Come let us burn at once, they cry,
The Temple and the Priest.

VII.
And still to heighten our Distress
Thy Presence is withdrawn;
Thy wonted Signs of Power and Grace,
Thy Power and Grace are gone.

VIII.
No Prophet speaks to calm our Woes,
But all the Seers mourn;

K
There's
There's not a Soul amongst us knows
The Time of thy Return.

IX.
How long, Eternal God, how long
Shall Men of Pride blaspheme?
Shall Saints be made their endless Song,
And bear immortal Shame?

X.
Can't thou for ever sit and hear
Thine holy Name profan'd?
And still thy Jealousy forbear,
And still withhold thine Hand?

XI.
What strange Deliverance hast thou shown
In Ages long before?
And now no other God we own,
No other God adore.

XII.
Thou didst divide the raging Sea
By thy resolute Might,
To make thy Tribes a wondrous Way,
And then secure their Flight.

XIII.
Is not the World of Nature thine,
The Darkness and the Day?
Didst not thou bid the Morning shine,
And mark the Sun his Way?

XIV.
Hath not thy Power form'd every Coast,
And set the Earth its Bounds,
With Summers Heat, and Winters Frost,
In their perpetual Rounds?
And shall the Sons of Earth and Dust
That sacred Power blaspheme?
Will not thy Hand that form'd them first
Avenge thine injur'd Name?

Think on the Covenant thou hast made,
And all thy Words of Love;
Nor let the Birds of Prey invade
And vex thy mourning Dove.

Our Foes would triumph in our Blood,
And make our Hope their Jest;
Plead thy own Cause, Almighty God,
And give thy Children Rest.

Power and Government from God alone.

Apply'd to the Glorious Revolution by King WILLIAM, or the Happy Accession of King GEORGE to the Throne.

To Thee, most Holy, and most High,
To Thee we bring our thankfull Praise;
Thy Works declare thy Name is nigh,
Thy Works of Wonder and of Grace.

Britain was doom'd to be a Slave,
Her Frame dissolv'd; her Fears were great;
When God a new Supporter gave
To bear the Pillars of the State.
III.
He from thy Hand receiv'd his Crown,
And sware to rule by wholesome Laws;
His Foot shall tread th' Oppressor down,
His Arm defend the righteous Cause.

IV.
Let haughty Sinners sink their Pride,
Nor lift so high their scornfull Head;
But lay their foolish Thoughts aside,
And own the King that God hath made.

V.
Such Honours never come by Chance,
Nor do the Winds Promotion blow:
'Tis God the Judge doth one advance,
'Tis God that lays another low.

VI.
No vain Pretence to Royal Birth
Shall fix a Tyrant on the Throne:
God the Great Sovereign of the Earth
Will rise and make his Justice known.

VII.
[His Hand holds out the dreadfull Cup
Of Vengeance mixt with various Plagues,
To make the Wicked drink them up,
Wring out and taste the bitter Dregs.

VIII.
Now shall the Lord exalt the Just,
And while he tramples on the Proud
And lays their Glory in the Dust,
My Lips shall sing his Praise aloud.]
Psalm LXXVI.

Israel save'd, and the Assyrians destroy'd;
or, God's Vengeance against his Enemies
proceeds from his Church.

I.

In Judah God of Old was known;
His Name in Israel great;
In Salem stood his holy Throne,
And Zion was his Seat.

II.

Among the Praisers of his Saints
His Dwelling there he chose;
There he receiv'd their just Complaints
Against their haughty Foes.

III.

From Zion went his dreadful Word,
And broke the threatening Spear;
The Bow, the Arrows and the Sword,
And crush'd th' Assyrian War.

IV.

What are the Earth's wide Kingdoms else
But mighty Hills of Prey?
The Hill on which Jebouah dwells
Is Glorious more than they.

V.

'Twas Zion's King that stopp'd the Breath
Of Captains and their Bands:
The Men of Might slept fast in Death,
And never found their Hands.

VI.

At thy Rebuke, O Jacob's God,
Both Horse and Chariot fell:

Who
Who knows the Terrors of thy Rod?
Thy Vengeance who can tell?
VII.
What Power can stand before thy Sight
When once thy Wrath appears?
When Heaven shines round with dreadful
The Earth lies still and fears. (Light,
VIII.
When God in his own Sovereign Ways
Comes down to save th' Oppress,
The Wrath of Man shall work his Praise,
And he'll restrain the rest.
IX.
[Vow to the Lord, and Tribute bring,
Ye Princes, fear his Frown:
His Terror shakes the proudest King,
And cuts an Army down.
X.
The Thunder of his sharp Rebuke,
Our haughty Foes shall feel:
For Jacob's God hath not forsook,
But dwells in Zion still.]
Psalm LXXVII. First Part.
Melancholy assaulting, and Hope prevailing.
I.
To God I cry'd with mournfull Voice,
I sought his gracious Ear,
In the sad Day when Troubles rose,
And fill'd the Night with Fear.
II.
Sad were my Days and dark my Nights,
My Soul refus'd Relief:
I thought on God the Just and Wise,
But Thoughts increas’d my Grief.

Still I complain’d, and still opprest
My Heart began to break;
My God, thy Wrath forbid my Rest,
And kept my Eyes awake.

My overwhelming Sorrows grew
Till I could speak no more;
Then I within my self withdrew,
And call’d thy Judgments o’er.

I call’d back Years and antient Times
When I beheld thy Face;
My Spirit search’d for secret Crimes
That might with-hold thy Grace.

I call’d thy Mercies to my mind
Which I enjoy’d before;
And will the Lord no more be kind?
His Face appear no more?

Will he for ever cast me off?
His Promise ever fail?
Has he forgot his tender Love?
Shall Anger still prevail?

But I forbid this hopeless Thought,
This dark despairing Frame,
Remembring what thy Hand hath wrought;
Thy Hand is still the same.

K 4
IX.
I'll think again of all thy Ways,
And talk thy Wonders o'er;
Thy Wonders of recovering Grace,
When Flesh could hope no more.

X.
Grace dwells with Justice on the Throne;
And Men that love thy Word
Have in thy Sanctuary known
The Counsels of the Lord.

Psalm LXXVII. Second Part.

Comfort deriv'd from Antient Providences;
or, Israel deliver'd from Egypt and
brought to Canaan.

I.
"How awfull is thy chast'ning Rod?
(May thy own children say)
"The Great, the Wise, the dreadfull God!
"How holy is his Way!

II.
I'll meditate his Works of old;
The King that reigns above;
I'll hear his antient Wonders told,
And learn to trust his Love.

III.
Long did the House of Joseph lye
With Egypt's Yoke oppreft;
Long he delay'd to hear their Cry,
Nor gave his People Rest.

IV.
The Sons of good old Jacob seem'd
Abandon'd to their Foes;

But
But his almighty Arm redeem'd
The Nation that he chose.

V.
Israel his People and his Sheep
Must follow where he calls;
He bid them venture thro' the Deep,
And made the Waves their Walls.

VI.
The Waters saw Thee, mighty God,
The Waters saw Thee, come;
Backward they fled, and frightened stood
To make thine Armies Room.

VII.
Strange was thy Journey thro' the Sea,
Thy Foot-steps Lord, unknown:
Terrors attend the wonderous Way
That brings thy Mercies down.

VIII.
[Thy Voice with Terror in the Sound
Thro' Clouds and Darkness broke:
All Heaven in Lightning shone around,
And Earth with Thunder shook.

IX.
Thine Arrows thro' the Skies were hurl'd;
How glorious is the Lord!
Surprize and Trembling seiz'd the World,
And his own Saints ador'd.

X.
He gave them Water from the Rock;
And safe by Moses hand
Thro' a dry Desert led his Flock
Home to the promis'd Land.]
Psalm LXXVIII. First Part.
Provisones of God recorded; or, Pious E-
ducation and Instruction of Children.

I.
Let Children hear the mighty Deeds
Which God perform’d of old,
Which in our younger Years we saw,
And which our Fathers told.

II.
He bids us make his Glories known,
His Works of Power and Grace;
And we’ll convey his Wonders down
Thro’ every rising Race.

III.
Our Lips shall tell them to our Sons,
And they again to theirs,
That Generations yet unborn
May teach them to their Heirs.

IV.
Thus shall they learn, in God alone
Their Hope securely stands,
That they may ne’er forget his Works,
But practice his Commands.

Psalm LXXVIII. Second Part.
Israel’s Rebellion and Punishment; or, the
Sins and Chastisements of God’s People.

I.
What a stiff rebellious House
Was Jacob’s antient Race!
Fals’e to their own most solemn Vows,
And to their Maker’s Grace.
II.
They broke the Covenant of his Love
And did his Laws despise,
Forgot the Works he wrought to prove
His Power before their Eyes.

III.
They saw the Plagues on Egypt light
From his revenging Hand:
What dreadfull Tokens of his Might
Spread o'er the stubborn Land!

IV.
They saw him cleave the mighty Sea,
And march'd in safety thro',
With war'ry Walls to guard their Way,
Till they had 'scap'd the Foe.

V.
A wondrous Pilar mark'd the Road,
Compos'd of Shade and Light;
By day it prov'd a sheltering Cloud,
A leading Fire by Night.

VI.
He from the Rock their Thirst supply'd;
The gushing Waters fell,
And ran in Rivers by their side,
A constant Miracle.

VII.
Yet they provok'd the Lord most high,
And dar'd distrust his hand;
"Can he with Bread our Host supply
"Amidst this Desart Land?"

VIII.
The Lord with Indignation heard,
And caus'd his Wrath to flame; His
Psalm LXXVIII. Third Part.
The Punishment of Luxury and Intemperance; or, Chastisement and Salvation.

I.
When Israel sins, the Lord reproves,
And fills their Hearts with Dread;
Yet he forgives the Men he Loves,
And sends them heavenly Bread.

II.
He fed them with a liberal Hand,
And made his Treasures known;
He gave the Midnight-clouds Command
To pour Provision down.

III.
The Manna like a Morning-shower,
Lay thick around their Feet;
The Corn of Heaven so light, so pure,
As tho’ ’twere Angels Meat.

IV.
But they in murmuring Language said,
"Manna is all our Feast;"
"We loath this light, this airy Bread;"
"We must have Flesh to taste.

V.
"Ye shall have Flesh to please your Lust:
The Lord in Wrath reply’d,
And sent them Quails like Sand or Dust,
Heap’d up from Side to Side.

VI.
He gave them all their own Desire;
And greedy as they fed, His
His Vengeance burnt with secret Fire,  
And smote the Rebels dead.  

VII.  
When some were slain, the rest return'd,  
And fought the Lord with Tears;  
Under the Rod they fear'd and mourn'd,  
But soon forgot their Fears.  

VIII.  
Oft he chastis'd, and still forgave,  
Till by his gracious Hand  
The Nation he resolv'd to save,  
Possess the promis'd Land.

Psalm LXXVIII. v. 32. &c. Fourth Pt.  
Backsliding and Forgiveness; or, Sin punish'd,  
and Saints SAVED.

Great God, how oft did Israel prove  
By turns thine Anger and thy Love?  
There in a Glass our Hearts may see  
How fickle and how false they be.

II.  
How soon the faithless Jews forgot  
The dreadfull Wonders God had wrought!  
Then they provoke him to his Face,  
Nor fear his Power, nor trust his Grace.

III.  
The Lord consum'd their Years in Pain,  
And made their Travels long and vain;  
A tedious March thro' unknown ways  
Wore out their Strength & spent their Days.

IV.
IV.
Oft when they saw their Brethren slain,
They mourn'd, and sought the Lord again;
Call'd him the Rock of their Abode,
Their high Redeemer and their God.

V.
Their Pray'rs and Vows before him rise
As flattering Words or solemn Lyes,
While their rebellious Tempers prove
False to his Covenant and his Love.

VI.
Yet did his Sovereign Grace forgive
The Men who not deserv'd to live;
His Anger oft away he turn'd,
Or else with gentle Flame it burn'd.

VII.
He saw their Flesh was weak and frail,
He saw Temptations still prevail;
The God of Abraham lov'd them still,
And led them to his holy Hill.

Psalm LXXX:
The Church's Prayer under Affliction; or, the Vineyard of God wasted.

I.
Great Shepherd of thine Israel, (dwell,
Who didst between the Cherubs
And lead the Tribes, thy chosen Sheep,
Safe thro' the Desart and the Deep.

II.
Thy Church is in the Desart now;
Shine from on high and guide us thro';
Turn us to Thee, thy Love restore,
We shall be sav'd, and sigh no more. III.
Great God, whom heavenly Hosts obey,
How long shall we lament, and pray,
And wait in vain thy kind Return?
How long shall thy fierce Anger burn?

Instead of Wine and cheerfull Bread
Thy Saints with their own Tears are fed;
Turn us to Thee, thy Love restore,
We shall be sav’d, and sigh no more.

Haft thou not planted with thy Hands
A lovely Vine in Heathen Lands?
Did not thy Power defend it round,
And heavenly Dews enrich the Ground?

How did the spreading Branches shoot,
And bless the Nations with the Fruit!
But now, dear Lord, look down and see
Thy mourning Vine, that lovely Tree.

Why is its Beauty thus defac’d?
Why haft thou laid her Fences waste?
Strangers and Foes against her join,
And every Beast devours the Vine.

Return, Almighty God, return;
Nor let thy bleeding Vineyard mourn:
Turn us to Thee, thy Love restore,
We shall be sav’d, and sigh no more.

Pause
Lord, when this Vine in Canaan grew
Thou waft its Strength and Glory too;
Attack'd in vain by all its Foes
Till the fair Branch of Promise rose.

Fair Branch, ordain'd of old to shoot
From David's stock, from Jacob's Root;
Himself a Noble Vine; and we
The lesser Branches of the Tree.

'Tis thy own Son; and he shall stand
Girt with thy Strength at thy Right hand;
Thy first-born Son, adorn'd and blest;
With Power and Grace above the Rest.

O! for his sake attend our Cry,
Shine on thy Churches left they dye;
Turn us to Thee, thy Love restore,
We shall be sav'd, and fight no more.

Psalm LXXXI.
The Warnings of God to his People; or, Spiritual Blessings and Punishments.

Sing to the Lord aloud,
And make a joyful Noise:
God is our Strength, our Saviour God;
Let Israel hear his Voice.

"From vile Idolatry
"Preserve my Worship clean;
"
I am the Lord who set thee Free
From Slavery and Sin.

III.
Stretch thy Desires abroad,
And I'll supply them well;
But if ye will refuse your God,
If Israel will rebell.

IV.
I'll leave them, faith the Lord,
To their own Lusts a Prey,
And let them run the dangerous Road;
'Tis their own chosen Way.

V.
Yet, O! that all my Saints,
Would hearken to my Voice!
Soon I would ease their sore Complaints,
And bid their Hearts rejoice.

VI.
While I destroy their Foes,
I'd richly feed my Flock,
And they should taste the Stream that
From their Eternal Rock.

Psalm LXXXII.

God the Supreme Governor; or, Magistrates warned.

I.
Among th' Assemblies of the Great
A greater Ruler takes his Seat;
The God of Heaven as Judge surveys
Those Gods on Earth and all their Ways.
II.
Why will ye then frame wicked Laws?
Or why support th' unrighteous Cause?
When will ye once defend the Poor,
That Sinners vex the Saints no more?

III.
They know not, Lord, nor will they know:
Dark are the Ways in which they go:
Their Name of Earthly Gods is vain,
For they shall fall and die like Men.

IV.
Arise, O Lord, and let thy Son
Possess his universal Throne,
And rule the Nations with his Rod:
He is our Judge, and He our God.

The last verse of this Psalm may not improperly be applied to Christ, for he is that God that must judge the Earth, Psal. 96. and 98. and have the Nations for his Inheritance. Psal. 2, 8.

P s a l m LXXXIII.
A Complaint against Persecutors.

I.
And will the God of Grace
Perpetual silence keep?
The God of Justice hold his Peace,
And let his Vengeance sleep?

II.
Behold, what cursed Snares
The Men of Mischief spread;
The Men that hate thy Saints and Thee
Lift up their threatening Head.

III.
Against thy hidden Ones
Their Counsels they employ, And
And Malice with her watchfull Eye
Pursues him to destroy.

IV.
The Noble and the Base
Into thy Patures leap;
The Lion and the stupid Ass
Conspire to vex thy Sheep.

V.
"Come, let us join, they cry,
To root them from the Ground,
Till not the Name of Saints remain,
Nor Memory shall be found.

VI.
Awake, Almighty God,
And call thy Wrath to mind;
Give them like Forests to the Fire,
Or Stubble to the Wind.

VII.
Convince their Madness, Lord,
And make them seek thy Name;
Or else their stubborn Rage confound,
That they may die in Shame.

VIII.
Then shall the Nations know
That glorious dreadfull Word
Jehovah is thy Name alone,
And Thou the Sovereign Lord.

Psalm LXXXIV. First Part. Long Met.
The Pleasure of Publick Worship.

How pleasant, how divinely fair,
O Lord of Hosts, thy Dwellings are!
With
With long Desire my Spirit saints
To meet th' Assemblies of thy Saints.

My Flesh would rest in thine Abode,
My panting Heart cries out for God;
My God! my King! why should I be
So far from all my Joys and Thee?

The Sparrow chooses where to rest,
And for her Young provides her Nest;
But will my God to Sparrows grant
That Pleasure which his Children want?

Blest are the Saints who sit on high
Around thy Throne of Majesty;
Thy brightest Glories shine above,
And all their Work is Praise and Love.

Blest are the Souls that find a place
Within the Temple of thy Grace;
There they behold thy gentler Rays,
And seek thy Face, and learn thy Praise.

Blest are the Men whose Hearts are set
To find the Way to Zion's Gate;
God is their Strength; and thro' the Road
They lean upon their Helper God.

Chearfull they walk with growing Strength,
Till all shall meet in Heaven at length,
Till all before thy Face appear,
And join in nobler Worship there.

Psalm
Psalm LXXXIV. Second Pt. Long Met.  
God and his Church; or, Grace and Glory. 

I. 
Great God, attend while Zion sings  
The joy that from thy Presence springs;  
To spend one Day with Thee on Earth  
Exceeds a thousand Days of Mirth. 

II. 
Might I enjoy the meanest Place  
Within thine House, O God of Grace,  
Not Tents of Ease, nor Thrones of Power  
Should tempt my Feet to leave thy Door. 

III. 
God is our Sun, he makes our Day;  
God is our Shield, he guards our Way  
From all th’ Assaults of Hell and Sin,  
From Foes without and Foes within. 

IV. 
All needfull Grace will God bestow,  
And crown that Grace with Glory too:  
He gives us all things, and withholds  
No real Good from upright Souls. 

V. 
O God, our King, whose sovereign Sway  
The glorious Hosts of Heaven obey,  
And Devils at thy Presence flee,  
Blest is the Man that trusts in Thee.
Psalm LXXXIV. v. i, 4, 2, 3, 10.
Paraphras’d in Common Met.
Delight in Ordinances of Worship; or, God present in his Churches.

I.
My Soul, how lovely is the Place
To which thy God resorts!
Tis Heaven to see his smiling Face,
Tho’ in his Earthly Courts.

II.
There the great Monarch of the Skies
His saving Power displays,
And Light breaks in upon our Eyes
With kind and quickning Rays.

III.
With his rich Gifts the heavenly Dove
Descends and fills the Place,
While Christ reveals his wondrous Love,
And sheds abroad his Grace.

IV.
There, mighty God, thy Words declare
The Secrets of thy Will;
And still we seek thy Mercy there,
And sing thy Praises still.
PAUSE.

V.
My Heart and Flesh cry out for Thee,
While far from thine Abode;
When shall I tread thy Courts, and see
My Saviour and my God?

VI.
The Sparrow builds her self a Nest,
And suffers no Remove;
O make me, like the Sparrows, blest,
To dwell but where I love.

VII.
To sit one Day beneath thine Eye,
And hear thy gracious Voice
Exceeds a whole Eternity
Employ'd in carnal Joys.

VIII.
Lord, at thy Threshold I would wait
While Jesus is within,
Rather than fill a Throne of State,
Or live in Tents of Sin.

IX.
Could I command the spacious Land,
And the more boundless Sea,
For one blest Hour at thy Right-hand
I'd give them both away.

Psalm LXXXIV. as the 148th Psalm,
Longing for the House of God.

I.
Lord of the Worlds above,
How pleasant and how fair
The Dwellings of thy Love,
Thy Earthly Temples are!
To thine Abode
My Heart aspires,
With warm Desires
To see my God.

II.
The Sparrow for her Young
With Pleasure seeks a Nest,
And wandering Swallows long
To find their wonted Rest;
My Spirit saints
With equal Zeal
To rise and dwell
Among thy Saints.

III.
O happy Souls that pray
Where God appoints to hear!
O happy Men that pay
Their constant Service there!
They praise Thee still;
And happy they
That love the Way
To Zion's Hill.

IV.
They go from Strength to Strength
Thro' this dark Vale of Tears,
Till each arrives at length,
Till each in Heaven appears:
O glorious Seat,
When God our King
Shall thither bring
Our willing Feet!

PAUSE.

V.
To spend one sacred Day
Where God and Saints abide
Affords diviner Joy
Than Thousand Days beside:
Where God reforts,
I love it more
To keep the Door
Than shine in Courts.
VI.
God is our Sun and Shield,
Our Light and our Defence;
With Gifts his Hands are fill'd,
We draw our Blessings thence:
He shall bestow
On Jacob's Race
Peculiar Grace
And Glory too.

VII.
The Lord his People loves;
His Hand no Good withholds
From those his Heart approves,
From pure and pious Souls:
Thrice happy he,
O God of Hosts,
Whose Spirit trusts
Alone in Thee.

Psalm LXXXV. v. I—8, First Part.
Waiting for an Answer to Prayer; or, Deliverance begun and completed.

I.
Lord, thou hast call'd thy Grace to mind;
Thou hast reversed our heavy Doom;
So God forgave when Israel sinn'd,
And brought his wandring Captives home.

II.
Thou hast begun to set us free,
And made thy fiercest Wrath abate;
Now let our Hearts be turn'd to Thee,
And thy Salvation be complete.

L
Revive our dying Graces, Lord,
And let thy Saints in Thee Rejoice;
Make known thy Truth, fulfill thy Word;
We wait for Praise to tune our Voice.

We wait to hear what God will say;
He’ll speak, and give his People Peace:
But let them run no more astray,
Left his returning Wrath increase.

Psalm LXXXV. v. 9. &c. Second Part.

Salvation by Christ.

I.

Salvation is for ever nigh
The Souls that fear and trust the Lord;
And Grace descending from on high
Fresh Hopes of Glory shall afford.

II.

Mercy and Truth on Earth are met,
Since Christ the Lord came down from Hea-
By his Obedience so complete (ven;
Justice is plac’d, and Peace is given.

III.

Now Truth and Honour shall abound,
Religion dwell on Earth again,
And heavenly Influence bless the Ground
In our Redeemers gentle Reign.

IV.

His Righteousness is gone before
To give us free Access to God;
Our wandering Feet shall stray no more,
But mark his Steps and keep the Road.
Psalm LXXXVI. v. 8.—13.
A general Song of Praise to God.

I.
Among the Princes, Earthly Gods,
There's none hath Power divine;
Nor is their Nature, mighty Lord,
Nor are their Works like Thine.

II.
The Nations thou hast made shall bring
Their Offerings round thy Throne;
For thou alone dost wondrous Things,
For thou art God alone.

III.
Lord, I would walk with holy Feet;
Teach me thine heavenly Ways,
And my poor scatter'd Thoughts unite
In God my Father's Praise.

IV.
Great is thy Mercy, and my Tongue
Shall those sweet Wonders tell,
How by thy Grace my sinking Soul
Rode from the Deeps of Hell.

Psalm LXXXVII.
The Church the Birth-place of the Saints;
or, Jews and Gentiles united in the Christian Church.

I.
God in his Earthly Temple lays
Foundations for his heavenly Praise:
He likes the Tents of Jacob well,
But still in Zion loves to dwell.

His Mercy visits every House
That pay their Night and Morning-Vows;
But makes a more delightfull Stay
Where Churches meet to praise and pray.

What Glories were describ'd of old?
What Wonders are of Zion told?
Thou City of our God below,
Thy Fame shall Tyre and Egypt know.

Egypt and Tyre and Greek and Jew
Shall there begin their Lives anew:
Angels and Men shall join to sing
The Hill where living Waters spring.

When God makes up his last Account
Of Natives in his holy Mount,
'Twill be an Honour to appear
As one New-born or nourish'd there!

I have explain'd the Second Verse at large, and transposed the last. For Singers and Players on Instruments I have introduced Angels with Men.

Psalm LXXXIX. First Part. Long Met.
The Covenant made with Christ; or, The true David.

For ever shall my Song record
The Truth and Mercy of the Lord:
Mercy and Truth for ever stand
Like Heaven establisht'd by his Hand.
II.
Thus to his Son he sware, and said,
"With thee my Covenant first is made;
"In thee shall dying Sinners live,
"Glory and Grace are thine to give.

III.
"Be thou my Prophet, thou my Priest;
"Thy Children shall be ever blest;
"Thou art my chosen King; thy Throne
"Shall stand Eternal like my own.

IV.
"There's none of all my Sons above
"So much my Image or my Love;
"Celestial Powers thy Subjects are,
Then what can Earth to Thee compare?

V.
"David my Servant whom I chose
"To guard my Flock, to crush my Foes,
"And rais'd him to the Jewish Throne,
"Was but a Shadow of my Son.

VI.
Now let the Church rejoice, and sing
Jesus her Saviour and her King:
Angels his heavenly Wonders show,
And Saints declare his Works below.

PSALM LXXXIX. First Part Com.Metre.
The Faithfulness of God.

I.
My never-ceasing Songs shall show
The Mercies of the Lord,
And make succeeding Ages know
How faithfull is his Word.
The sacred Truths his Lips pronounce
Shall firm as Heaven endure;
And if he speak a Promise once,
Th' Eternal Grace is sure.

How long the Race of David held
The promis'd Jewish Throne!
But there's a nobler Covenant seal'd
To David's greater Son.

His Seed for ever shall possess
A Throne above the Skies;
The meanest Subject of his Grace
Shall to that Glory rise.

Lord God of Hosts, thy wondrous Ways
Are sung by Saints above;
And Saints on Earth their Honors raise
To thy unchanging Love.

Psalm LXXXIX. 7, &c. Second Part.
The Power and Majesty of God; or, Reverential Worship.

With Reverence let the Saints appear,
And bow before the Lord,
His high Commands with Reverence hear,
And tremble at his Word.

How terrible thy Glories be!
How bright thine Armies shine!
Where is the Power that vies with Thee?
Or Truth compar'd to thine?
III.
The Northern Pole and Southern, rest
On thy supporting Hand;
Darkness and Day from East to West
Move round at thy Command.

IV.
Thy Words the raging Wind control,
And rule the boisterous Deep;
Thou makest the sleeping Billows roll,
The rolling Billows sleep.

V.
Heaven, Earth, and Air, and Sea are thine,
And the dark World of Hell;
How did thine Arm in Vengeance shine
When Egypt durst rebel!

VI.
Justice and Judgement are thy Throne,
Yet wondrous is thy Grace:
While Truth and Mercy join'd in one
Invite us near thy Face.

I have here transposed the Verses a little to make the Connexion plainer.

Psalm LXXXIX. 15, &c. Third Part.
A Blessed Gospel.

I.
Blest are the Souls that hear and know
The Gospels joyfull Sound;
Peace shall attend the Path they go,
And Light their steps surround.

II.
Their Joy shall bear their Spirits up
Thro' their Redeemer's Name;

His
His Righteousness exalts their Hope,  
Nor Satan dares condemn.  

III.
The Lord our Glory and Defence  
Strength and Salvation gives:  
Israel, thy King for ever reigns,  
Thy God for ever lives.  
Psalm LXXXIX. 19 &c. Fourth Part.  
Christ's Mediatorial Kingdom; or, his Divine and Human Nature.  

I.  
Hear what the Lord in Vision said,  
And made his Mercy known:  
"Sinners behold your Help is laid  
"On my Almighty Son.  

II.  
Behold the Man my Wisdom chose  
Among your mortal Race;  
His Head my holy Olio'e rflows,  
The Spirit of my Grace.  

III.  
High shall he reign on David's Throne,  
My Peoples better King;  
My Arm shall beat his Rivals down,  
And still new Subjects bring.  

IV.  
My Truth shall guard him in his Way  
With Mercy by his Side,  
While in my Name thro' Earth and Sea  
He shall in Triumph ride.  

V.  
Me for his Father and his God  
He shall for ever own,  

Call
Call me his Rock, his high Abode;  
And I'll support my Son.

vi.

My First-born Son array'd in Grace  
At my Right-hand shall sit;  
Beneath him Angels know their Place,  
And Monarchs at his Feet.

VII.

My Covenant stands for ever fast,  
My Promises are strong;  
Firm as the Heavens his Throne shall last,  
His Seed endure as long.

Psalm LXXXIX. 30, &c. Fifth Part.  
The Covenant of Grace unchangeable; or,  
Afflictions without Rejection.

I.

Yet (faith the Lord) if David's Race,  
The Children of my Son,  
Should break my Laws, abuse my Grace,  
And tempt mine Anger down,

II.

Their Sins I'll visit with the Rod,  
And make their Folly smart;  
But I'll not cease to be their God,  
Nor from my Truth depart.

III.

My Covenant I will ne'er revoke,  
But keep my Grace in mind;  
And what eternal Love hath spoke  
Eternal Truth shall bind.

IV.

Once have I sworn, (I need no more)  
And pledg'd my Holiness

L 5
To seal the sacred Promise sure
To David and his Race.

V.
The Sun shall see his Offspring rise
And spread from Sea to Sea,
Long as he Travels round the Skies
To give the Nations Day.

VI.
Sure as the Moon that rules the Night
His Kingdom shall endure,
Till the fix'd Laws of Shade and Light
Shall be observ'd no more.

Psalm LXXXIX 47, &c. Sixth Part.
Long Metre.

Mortality and Hope.
A Funeral Psalm.

I.
Remember, Lord, our mortal State,
How frail our Life! how short the Day!
Where is the Man that draws his Breath
Safe from Disease, secure from Death?

II.
Lord, while we see whole Nations dye,
Our Flesh and Sense repine and cry,
"Must Death for ever rage and reign?"
"Or hast thou made Mankind in vain?"

III.
Where is thy Promise to the Just?
Are not thy Servants turn'd to Dust?
But Faith forbids these mournful Sighs,
And sees the sleeping Dust arise.

IV.
That glorious Hour, that dreadful Day
Wipes the Reproach of Saints away,
And clears the Honour of thy Word:
Awake our Souls, and bless the Lord.

Psalm LXXXIX, 47, &c. Last Part, as the 113th Psalm.
Life, Death and the Resurrection.

I.

Think, mighty God, on feeble Man;
How few his hours! how short his span!
Short from the Cradle to the Grave:
Who can secure his vital Breath
Against the bold Demands of Death
With Skill to fly, or Power to save?

II.

Lord, shall it be for ever said,
"The Race of Man was only made
"For Sickness, Sorrow and the Dust?
Are not thy Servants Day by Day
Sent to their Graves, and turn’d to Clay?
Lord, where’s thy Kindness to the Just?

III.

Hast thou not promis’d to thy Son
And all his Seed a heavenly Crown?
But Flesh and Sense indulge Despair;
For ever blessed be the Lord
That Faith can read his holy Word,
And find a Resurrection there.

IV.

For ever blessed be the Lord,
Who gives his Saints a long Reward,
For all their Toil, Reproach and Pain:
Let all below and all above
Join to proclaim thy wondrous Love,
And each repeat their loud Amen.

Psalm XC. Long Metre.

Man Mortal, and God Eternal.
A mournfull Song at a Funeral.

I.

Tho' every Age, Eternal God,
Thou art our Rest, our safe Abode;
High wasthyThrone e'er Heav'n wasmade,
Or Earth thy humble Footstool laid.

II.

Long hadst thou reign'd e'er Time began,
Or Dust was fashion'd to a Man;
And long thy Kingdom shall endure
When Earth and Time shall be no more.

III.

But Man, weak Man is born to dy,
Made up of Guilt and Vanity:
Thy dreadfull Sentence, Lord, was just,
"Return, ye Sinners, to your Dust.

IV.

[A thousand of our Years amount
Scarce to a Day in thine Account;
Like Yesterdays departed Light,
Or the last Watch of ending Night.

PAUSE.

V.

Death like an overflowing Stream
Sweeps us away; our Life's a Dream;
An empty Tale; a Morning-flow'r
Cut down and wither'd in an Hour.]
VI.
[Our Age to seventy Years is set; 
How short the Term! how frail the State! 
And if to Eighty we arrive, 
We rather sigh and groan than live.

VII.
But O how oft thy Wrath appears, 
And cuts off our expected Years! 
Thy Wrath awakes our humble Dread; 
We fear the Power that strikes us Dead.

VIII.
Teach us, O Lord, how frail is Man; 
And kindly lengthen out our Span, 
Till a wise Care of Piety 
Fit us to die, and dwell with Thee.

Psalm XC. 1--5. First Part. Com. Met.
Man Frail and God Eternal.

I.
Our God, our Help in Ages past, 
Our Hope for Years to come, 
Our Shelter from the stormy Blast, 
And our eternal Home.

II.
Under the Shadow of thy Throne 
Thy Saints have dwelt secure; 
Sufficient is thine Arm alone, 
And our Defence is sure.

III.
Before the Hills in order stood, 
Or Earth receiv'd her Frame, 
From everlasting Thou art God, 
To endless Years the same.
IV.
Thy Word commands our Flesh to Dust,
Return, ye Sons of Men:
All Nations rose from Earth at first,
And turn to Earth again.

V.
A thousand Ages in thy Sight
Are like an Evening gone;
Short as the Watch that ends the Night
Before the rising Sun.

VI.
The busy Tribes of Flesh and Blood
With all their Lives and Cares
Are carried downwards by thy Flood,
And lost in following Years.

VII.
Time like an ever-rolling Stream
Bears all its Sons away;
They fly forgotten as a Dream
Dies at the opening Day.

VIII.
Like flow'ry Fields the Nations stand
Pleas'd with the Morning-light;
The Flowers beneath the Mower's Hand
Ly withering e'er 'tis Night.

IX.
Our God, our Help in Ages past,
Our Hope for Years to come,
Be thou our Guard while Troubles last,
And our eternal Home.

Psalm
Psalm XC. 8, 11, 9, 10, 12. Second Part.
Common Metre.

Infirmities and Mortality the Effect of Sin; or, Life, old Age and Preparation for Death.

I.

Lord, if thine Eyes survey our Faults,
And Justice grow severe,
Thy dreadful Wrath exceeds our Thoughts;
And burns beyond our Fear.

II.

Thine Anger turns our Frame to Dust;
By one Offence to Thee
Adam with all his Sons have lost
Their Immortality.

III.

Life like a vain Amusement flies,
A Fable or a Song;
By swift Degrees our Nature dies,
Nor can our Joys be long.

IV.

'Tis but a Few whose Days amount
To threescore Years and ten;
And all beyond that short Account
Is Sorrow, Toil and Pain.

V.

[Our Vitals with laborious Strife
Bear up the crazy Load,
And drag those poor Remains of Life
Along the tiresome Road.]

VI.

Almighty God, reveal thy Love,
And not thy Wrath alone;
O let our sweet Experience prove
The Mercies of thy Throne.

VII.
Our Souls would learn the heavenly Art
T' improve the Hours we have,
That we may act the wiser Part,
And live beyond the Grave.

Breathing after Heaven.

I.
Return, O God of Love, return;
Earth is a tiresome Place:
How long shall We thy Children mourn
Our Absence from thy Face?

II.
Let Heaven succeed our painful Years,
Let Sin and Sorrow cease,
And in Proportion to our Tears
So make our Joys increase.

III.
Thy Wonders to thy Servants show,
Make thy own Work compleat,
Then shall our Souls thy Glory know,
And own thy Love was great.

IV.
Then shall we shine before thy Throne
In all thy Beauty, Lord;
And the poor Service we have done
Meet a divine Reward.
Psalm XC. v. 5, 10, 12. Short Metre.

The Frailty and Shortness of Life.

I.

Lord, what a feeble Piece
Is this our mortal Frame?
Our Life how poor a Trifle 'tis,
That scarce deserves the Name!

II.

Alas, the brittle Clay
That built our Body first!
And every Month and every Day
'Tis mouldring back to Dust.

III.

Our Moments fly apace,
Nor will our Minutes stay;
Just like a Flood our hasty Days
Are sweeping us away.

IV.

Well, if our Days must fly,
We'll keep their End in Sight,
We'll spend them all in Wildoms Way,
And let them speed their Flight.

V.

They'll waft us sooner o'er
This Lifes tempestuous Sea;
Soon we shall reach the peacefull Shore
Of blest Eternity.

Psalm XCI. 1–7, First Part.

Safety in publick Diseases and Dangers.

I.

He that hath made his Refuge God,
Shall find a most secure Abode;

Shall
Shall walk all Day beneath his Shade,
And there at Night shall rest his Head.

II.
Then will I say, "My God, thy Power
"Shall be my Fortress and my Tow'r :
"I that am form'd of feeble Dust
"Make thine almighty Arm my Trust:

III.
Thrice happy Man! Thy Maker's Care
Shall keep thee from the Fowler's Snare,
Satan the Fowler who betrays
Unguarded Souls a thousand Ways.

IV.
Just as a Hen protects her Brood
From Birds of Prey that seek their Blood
Under her Feathers, so the Lord
Makes his own Arm his Peoples Guard.

V.
If burning Beams of Noon conspire
To dart a pestilential Fire,
God is their Life; his Wings are spread
To Shield them with an healthfull Shade.

VI.
If Vapours with malignant Breath
Rise thick, and scatter Midnight-death,
Israel is safe: The poysfon'd Air
Grows pure, if Israel's God be there.

PAUSE.

VII.
Whattho' a Thousand at thy Side,
At thy Right-hand ten Thousand dy'd,
Thy

Protection from Death, Guard of Angels, Victory and Deliverance.

I.

Ye Sons of Men, a feeble Race,
Expos'd to every Snare,
Come, make the Lord your dwelling-place,
And try, and trust his Care.

II.

No Ill shall enter where you dwell;
Or if the Plague come nigh,
And sweep the Wicked down to Hell,
’Twill raise his Saints on High.
Psalm 136

He'll give his Angels charge to keep Your Feet in all their Ways;
To watch your Pillow while you sleep,
And guard your happy Days.

IV.
Their Hands shall bear you, lest you fall
And dash against the Stones:
Are they not Servants at his Call,
And sent t'attend his Sons?

V.
Adders and Lyons ye shall tread;
The Tempters Wiles defeat;
He that hath broke the Serpents Head
Puts him beneath your Feet.

VI.
"Because on Me they set their Love,
"I'll save them (faith the Lord)
"I'll bear their joyfull Souls above
"Destruction and the Sword.

VII.
"My Grace shall answer when they call;
"In Trouble I'll be nigh:
"My Power shall help them when they fall,
"And raise them when they dy.

VIII.
"Those that on Earth my Name have
"I'll honour them in Heaven; (known)
"There my Salvation shall be shown,
"And endless Life be given.
PSALMS.

PSALM XCII. First Part.
A Psalm for the Lord's-Day.

I.
Sweet is the Work, my God, my King,
To praise thy Name, give Thanks and
To shew thy Love by Morning-light, (Sing;
And talk of all thy Truth at Night.

II.
Sweet is the Day of sacred Rest,
No mortal Cares shall seize my Breast;
O may my Heart in Tune be found
Like David's Harp of solemn Sound!

III.
My Heart shall triumph in my Lord,
And bless his Works, and bless his Word;
Thy Works of Grace how bright they shine!
How deep thy Counsels! how divine!

IV.
Fools never raise their Thoughts so high;
Like Brutes they live, like Brutes they dye;
Like Grass they flourish, till thy Breath
Blast them in everlasting Death.

V.
But I shall share a glorious Part
When Grace hath well refin'd my Heart,
And fresh Supplies of Joy are shed
Like holy Oil to cheer my Head.

VI.
Sin (my worst Enemy before)
Shall vex my Eyes and Ears no more;
My inward Foes shall all be slain
Nor Satan break my Peace again.

VII.
Then shall I see and hear and know
All I desir'd or wish'd below;
And every Power find sweet employ
In that eternal World of Joy.

St. 6. Rejoycing in the destruction of our personal Enemies, is not so Evangelical a practice, therefore I have given the 11th v. of this Psalm another Turn: See the Notes on the third Psalm.

Psalm XCII. v. 12, &c. Second Part.
The Church is the Garden of God.

I.

Lord, 'tis a pleasant Thing to stand
In Gardens planted by thine Hand;
Let me within thy Courts be seen
Like a young Cedar fresh and green.

II.

Theregrow thy Saints in Faith and Love,
Blest with thine Influence from above;
Not Lebanon with all its Trees
Yields such a comely Sight as these.

III.

The Plants of Grace shall ever live;
(Nature decays, but Grace must thrive.)
Time, that doth all Things else impair,
Still makes them flourish strong and fair.

IV.

Laden with Fruits of Age they shew
The Lord is holy, just and true;
None that attend his Gates shall find
A God unfaithfull or unkind.

Psalm
Psalm XCIII, First Metre, as the 100 Ps.

The Eternal and Sovereign God.

I.

Jehovah reigns: He dwells in Light,
Girded with Majesty and Might;
The World created by his Hands
Still on its first Foundation stands.

II.

But e'er this spacious World was made,
Or had its first Foundations lay'd,
Thy Throne eternal Ages stood,
Thy self the everliving God.

III.

Like Floods the angry Nations rise,
And aim their Rage against the Skies;
Vain Floods, that aim their Rage so high!
At thy Rebuff, the Billows dye.

IV.

For ever shall thy Throne endure;
Thy Promise stands for ever sure;
And everlasting Holiness
Becomes the Dwellings of thy Grace.

Psalm. XCIII. The Second Metre, as the
Old 50th Psalm.

I.

The Lord of Glory reigns; he reigns on high;
His Robes of State are Strength and Majesty:
This wide Creation rose at his Command,
Built by his Word, and established by his Hand:
Long stood his Throne e'er he began Creation,
And his own Godhead is the firm Foundation.

God
Psalm XCIII. Third Metre, as the old 122d Psalm.

I.

The Lord Jehovah reigns,
And royal State maintains,
His Head with awfull Glories crown'd;
Array'd in Robes of Light,
Begirt with sovereign Might,
And Rays of Majesty around.

II.

Upheld by thy Commands
The World securely stands;
And Skies and Stars obey thy Word:
Thy Throne was fix'd on high
Before the Starry Sky;
Eternal is thy Kingdom, Lord.
III.
In vain the noisy Crowd,
Like Billows fierce and loud,
Against thine Empire rage and roar;
In vain with angry Spite
The fury Nations fight,
And dash like Waves against the Shore.

IV.
Let Floods and Nations rage,
And all their Powers engage,
Let swelling Tides assault the Sky,
The Terrors of thy Frown
Shall beat their Madness down;
Thy Throne for ever stands on high.

V.
Thy Promises are true,
Thy Grace is ever new;
There fixt thy Church shall ne'er remove:
Thy Saints with holy Fear
Shall in thy Courts appear,
And sing thine everlasting Love.

Psalm XCIV. 1, 2, 7—14. First Part.
Saints chastised, and Sinners destroyed; or,
Instructive Afflictions.

I.
O God, to whom Revenge belongs,
Proclaim thy Wrath aloud;
Let sovereign Power redress our Wrongs,
Let Justice smite the Proud.

II.
They say, "The Lord nor sees nor hears;
When will the Fools be wise?"
Psalms.

Can he be deaf who form'd their Ears?
Or blind, who made their Eyes?

III.
He knows their impious Thoughts are vain,
And they shall feel his Power;
His Wrath shall pierce their Souls with Pain
In some surprizing Hour.

IV.
But if thy Saint deserve Rebuke
Thou hast a gentler Rod;
Thy Providences and thy Book
Shall make them know their God.

V.
Blest is the Man thy Hands chastise,
- And to his Duty draw:
Thy Scourges make thy Children wise
When they forget thy Law.

VI.
But God will ne'er cast of his Saints,
Nor his own Promise break;
He pardons his Inheritance
For their Redeemer's Sake.

God our Support and Comfort; or, Deliverance from Temptation and Persecution.

I.
Who will arise and plead my Right
Against my numerous Foes,
While Earth and Hell their Force unite,
And all my Hopes oppose?

II.
Had not the Lord, my Rock, my Help
Sustain'd my fainting Head,
My Life had now in Silence dwelt,
My Soul amongst the Dead.

III.

Alas! my sliding Feet! I Cry'd,
Thy Promise was my Prop;
Thy Grace stood constant by my Side,
Thy Spirit bore me up.

IV.

While Multitudes of Mournfull Thoughts
Within my Bosom roll,
Thy boundless Love forgives my Faults,
Thy Comforts cheer my Soul.

V.

Powers of Iniquity may rise,
And frame pernicious Laws;
But God my Refuge rules the Skies,
He will defend my Cause.

VI.

Let Malice vent her Rage aloud,
Let bold Blasphemers scoff;
The Lord our God shall judge the Proud,
And cut the Sinners off.

Psalm XCV. Common Metre.
A Psalm before Prayer.

I.

Sing to the Lord Jehovah's Name
And in his Strength rejoice;
When his Salvation is our Theme,
Exalted be our Voice.

II.

With Thanks approach his awfull Sight,
And Psalms of Honour sing;
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PsALMS.

The Lord's a God of boundless Might,
The whole Creation's King.

III.
Let Princes hear, let Angels know,
How mean their Natures seem,
These Gods on high and Gods below,
When once compar'd with Him.

IV.
Earth with it's Caverns dark and deep
Lies in his spacious Hand;
He fixt the Seas what bounds to keep,
And where the Hills must stand.

V.
Come, and with humble Souls adore,
Come, kneel before his Face;
O may the Creatures of his Power
Be Children of his Grace!

VI.
Now is the Time: He bends his Ear,
And waits for your Request;
Come, lest he rouze his Wrath and swear,
"Ye shall not see my Rest."

Stan. 3. Angels and Magistrates are those Elohim or Gods, above which the true God is so often exalted, in this Book of Psalms.

Psalm XCV. Short Metre.

A Psalm before Sermon.

I.
Come found his Praise abroad,
And Hymns of Glory sing:
Jehovah is the sovereign God,
The universal King.
II.
He form'd the Deeps unknown;
He gave the Seas their Bound;
The watry Worlds are all his own,
And all the solid Ground.

III.
Come, worship at his Throne,
Come, bow before the Lord:
We are his Works and not our own;
He form'd us by his Word.

IV.
To Day attend his Voice,
Nor dare provoke his Rod;
Come, like the People of his Choice,
And own your gracious God.

V.
But if your Ears refuse
The Language of his Grace,
And Hearts grow hard like stubborn Jews,
That unbelieving Race.

VI.
The Lord in Vengeance dreft
Will lift his Hand and swear,
"You that despise my promis'd Rest,
"Shall have no Portion there.

Psalm XCV. 1, 2, 3, 6--11. Long Metre.
Canaan lost thro' Unbelief; or, a Warning
 to Delaying Sinners.

I.
Come, let our Voices join to raise
A sacred Song of solemn Praise;
God is a sovereign King: rehearse
His Honours in exalted Verse.

M 3
Come, let our Souls address the Lord, 
Who fram'd our Natures with his Word; 
He is our Shepherd; we the Sheep 
His Mercy chose, his Pastures keep. 

Come, let us hear his Voice to Day, 
The Counsels of his Love obey; 
Nor let our hardned Hearts renew 
The Sins and Plagues that Israel knew. 

Israel, that saw his Works of Grace, 
Yet tempt their Maker to his Face; 
A faithless unbelieving Brood, 
That tir'd the Patience of their God. 

Thus faith the Lord, "How false they prove! 
"Forget my Power, abuse my Love; 
"Since they despise my Rest, I swear, 
"Their Feet shall never enter there.

[Look back, my Soul, with holy Dread, 
And view those antient Rebels dead; 
Attend the offer'd Grace to Day, 
Nor lose the Blessing by Delay.

Seize the Kind Promise while it waits, 
And march to Zion's heavenly Gates; 
Believe, and take the promis'd Rest; 
Obey, and be for ever blest.

In the 3d and 4th Chap, to the Hebrews several verses of 
this Psalm are cited and given for a Caution to Christians: 
I have apply'd them the same way in the two last Stanza's.
Psalm XCVI. 1, 10, &c. Com. Met.

Christ's first and second coming.

I.

Sing to the Lord, ye distant Lands,
Ye Tribes of every Tongue;
His new-discover'd Grace demands
A new and nobler Song.

II.

Say to the Nations, Jesus reigns,
God's own almighty Son;
His Power the sinking World sustains,
And Grace surrounds his Throne.

III.

Let Heaven proclaim the joyful Day,
Joy thro' the Earth be seen;
Let Cities shine in bright Array,
And Fields in cheerful Green.

IV.

Let an unusual Joy surprize
The Islands of the Sea:
Ye Mountains sink, ye Valleys rise,
Prepare the Lord his Way.

V.

Behold he comes, he comes to bless
The Nations as their God;
To shew the World his righteousness,
And send his Truth abroad.

VI.

But when his Voice shall raise the Dead,
And bid the World draw near,
How will the guilty Nations dread
To see their Judge appear.
Psalm XCVI. as the 113th Psalm.

The God of the Gentiles.

I.

Let all the Earth their Voices raise
To sing the choicest Psalm of Praise,
To sing and bless Jehovah’s Name:
His Glory let the Heathens know,
His Wonders to the Nations show,
And all his saving Works proclaim.

II.

The Heathens know thy Glory, Lord;
The Wond’ring Nations read thy Word,
In Britain is Jehovah known:
Our worship shall no more be paid
To Gods which mortal Hands have made;
Our Maker is our God alone.

III.

He fram’d the Globe, he built the Sky,
He made the shining Worlds on high,
And reigns compleat in Glory there:

His
Psalm XCVII. 1–5. First Part.

Christ reigning in Heaven, and coming to Judgment.

I.

H ereigns; The Lord, the Saviour reigns;
Praise him in evangelic Strains:
Let the whole Earth in Songs rejoice,
And distant Islands join their Voice.

II.

Deep are his Counsels and unknown;
But Grace and Truth support his Throne:
Tho' gloomy Clouds his Ways surround,
Justice is their eternal Ground.

III.

In Robes of Judgment, lo, he comes,
Shakes the wide Earth, and cleaves the
Before him burns devouring Fire, (Tombs;
The Mountains melt, the Seas retire.

IV.

His Enemies with sore Dismay
Fly from the Sight and shun the Day;

Then
Then lift your Heads, ye Saints, on high;
And sing, for your Redemption's nigh.

Tho' the Kingdom of Christ in the two first Stanza's
be matter of Joy to all Nations, yet his coming to Judgment
in the two last is Joy only to the Saints: As this Psalm intro-
duces Zion and Judah rejoicing v. 8, so Christ bids his A-
pостles lift up their Heads &c. Luk. 21. 28.

Psalm XC VII. 6–9. Second Part.
Christ's Incarnation.
I.

The Lord is come; the Heav'n's proclaim
His Birth; the Nations learn his
An unknown Star directs the Road (Name;
Of Eastern Sages to their God.

II.

All ye bright Armies of the Skies,
Go, Worship where the Saviour lies:
Angels and Kings, before him bow,
Those Gods on high and Gods below.

III.

Let Idols totter to the Ground,
And their own Worshippers confound:
But Judah shout, but Zion sing,
And Earth confess her sovereign King.

This Psalm foretells the Incarnation of Christ. For the Words
of the 7th verfe Worship him all ye Gods, are translated
Heb. 1. 6. Let all the Angels of God worship him. By
this Divine hint I was directed to compose this Hymn,
and to introduce the Star that shone at his Birth as a part
of the Proclamation of him in the Heavens v. 6. See more,
Notes on Ps. 95. Com. Metre.

Psalm XC VIII. Third Part.
Grace and Glory.

I.

Th' Almighty reigns Exalted high
O'er all the Earth, o'er all the Sky;
Tho'
Tho' Clouds and Darkness vail his Feet,
His Dwelling is the Mercy-feat.

II.
O ye that love his holy Name,
Hate every Work of Sin and Shame:
He guards the Souls of all his Friends,
And from the Snares of Hell defends.

III.
Immortal Light and Joys unknown
Are for the Saints in Darkness sown;
Those glorious Seeds shall spring and rise,
And the bright Harvest blest our Eyes.

IV.
Rejoice ye Righteous, and record
The sacred Honours of the Lord;
None but the Soul that feels his Grace
Can triumph in his Holiness.

Christ's Incarnation and the last Judgment.

I.
Ye Islands of the Northern Sea
Rejoice, the Saviour reigns:
His Word like Fire prepares his Way,
And Mountains melt to Plains.

II.
His Presence sinks the proudest Hills,
And makes the Valleys rise;
The humble Soul enjoys his Smiles,
The haughty Sinner dies.

III.
The Heav'n's his rightfull Power proclaim;
The Idol-Gods around
Psalms

Fill their own Worshippers with Shame,
And totter to the Ground.

IV.
Adoring Angels at his Birth
Make the Redeemer known;
Thus shall he come to Judge the Earth,
And Angels guard his Throne.

V.
His Foes shall tremble at his Sight,
And Hills and Seas retire:
His Children take their unknown Flight,
And leave the World in Fire.

VI.
The Seeds of Joy and Glory sown
For Saints in Darkness here
Shall rise and spring in Worlds unknown,
And a rich Harvest bear.

See the Notes on Psalm 96.

Psalm XC VIII. First Part.
Praise for the Gospel.

I.
To our Almighty Maker God
New Honours be address'd;
His great Salvation shines abroad,
And makes the Nations blest.

II.
He spake the Word to Abraham first,
His Truth fulfills the Grace:
The Gentiles make his Name their Trust,
And learn his Righteousness.
Let the whole Earth his Love proclaim
With all her different Tongues;
And spread the Honours of his Name
In Melody and Songs.

In these two Hymns which I have formed out of the 98th Psalm I have fully express what I esteem to be the first and chief Sense of the holy Scriptures, both in this and the 96th Psalm, whose Conclusions are both alike.

Psalm XC VIII. Second Part.
The Messiah’s Coming and Kingdom.

I.
Joy to the World; the Lord is come;
Let Earth receive her King:
Let every Heart prepare him Room,
And Heaven and Nature sing.

II.
Joy to the Earth, The Saviour reigns;
Let Men their Songs employ;
While Fields & Floods, Rocks, Hills & Plains
Repeat the sounding Joy.

III.
No more let Sins and Sorrows grow,
Nor Thorns infest the Ground:
He comes to make his Blessings flow
Far as the Curse is found.

IV.
He rules the World with Truth and Grace;
And makes the Nations prove
The Glories of his Righteousness,
And Wonders of his Love.
P S A L M S.

P S A L M X C I X. First Part,
Christ's Kingdom and Majesty.

I.

The God Jehovah reigns,
Let all the Nations fear,
Let Sinners tremble at his Throne,
And Saints be humble there.

II.

Jesus the Saviour reigns,
Let Earth adore its Lord;
Bright Cherubs his Attendants stand,
Swift to fulfill his Word.

III.

In Zion is his Throne,
His Honours are Divine;
His Church shall make his Wonders known,
For there his Glories shine.

IV.

How holy is his Name!
How terrible his Praise!
Justice and Truth and Judgment join
In all his Works of Grace.

As the three foregoing Psalms refer to the Incarnation of Christ, and the setting up his Kingdom among the Gentiles, because the Nations are required to rejoice in all them, so this Psalm seems chiefly to pay Honour and Reverence to God as the God of the Jews, God dwelling in the Ark between the Cherubim; for the People or Gentiles are bid to tremble: yet I have ventured to translate the Scene a little down to Christian times and Churches, and I hope without offence.

P S A L M X C I X. Second Part.

A Holy God Worshipped with Reverence.

I.

Exalt the Lord our God,
And worship at his Feet; His
Psalms

His Nature is all Holiness,
And Mercy is his Seat.

II.
When Israel was his Church,
When Aaron was his Priest,
When Moses cry'd, when Samuel pray'd;
He gave his People Rest.

III.
Oft he forgave their Sins,
Nor would destroy their Race;
And oft he made his Vengeance known
When they abus'd his Grace.

IV.
Exalt the Lord our God,
Whose Grace is still the Same;
Still he's a God of Holiness,
And jealous for his Name.

Psalms C. First Metre, a Plain Translation.
Praise to our Creator.

I.
Yet Nations round the Earth, rejoice
Before the Lord, your sovereign King:
Serve him with cheerfull Heart and Voice,
With all your Tongues his Glory sing.

II.
The Lord is God: 'Tis he alone
Doth Life and Breath and Being give:
We are his Work, and not our own;
The Sheep that on his Pastures live.

III.
Enter his Gates with Songs of Joy,
With Praises to his Courts repair;

And
And make it your divine Employ
To pay your Thanks and Honours there.

IV.
The Lord is Good, the Lord is Kind;
Great is his Grace, his Mercy sure;
And the whole Race of Man shall find
His Truth from Age to Age endure

Psalm C. Second Metre, a Paraphrase.

I.
Sing to the Lord with joyfull Voice;
Let every Land his Name adore;
The British Isles shall send the Noise
A-cross the Ocean to the Shore.

II.
Nations, attend before his Throne
With solemn Fear, with sacred Joy;
Know that the Lord is God alone;
He can create, and he destroy.

III.
His sovereign Power without our Aid
Made us of Clay, and form'd us Men:
And when like wandring Sheep we stray'd,
He brought us to his Fold again.

IV.
We are his People, we his Care,
Our Souls and all our mortal Frame:
What lasting Honours shall we rear
Almighty Maker, to thy Name?

V.
We'll crowd thy Gates with thankful Songs,
High as the Heavens our Voices raise;
And
And Earth with her ten thousand Tongues
Shall fill thy Courts with sounding Praise.

VI.
Wide as the World is thy Command,
Vast as Eternity thy Love;
Firm as a Rock thy Truth must stand
When rolling Years shall cease to move.

Psalm CI. Long Metre.
The Magistrates Psalm.

Mercy and Judgment are my Song;
And since they both to Thee belong,
My Gracious God, my righteous King,
To Thee my Songs and Vows I bring.

II.
If I am rais’d to bear the Sword,
I’ll take my Counsels from thy Word;
Thy Justice and thy heavenly Grace
Shall be the Pattern of my Ways.

III.
Let Wisdom all my Actions guide,
And let my God with me reside;
No wicked thing shall dwell with me,
Which may provoke thy Jealousy.

IV.
No Sons of Slander, Rage and Strife
Shall be Companions of my Life;
The haughty Look, the Heart of Pride
Within my Doors shall ne’er abide.

V.
[I’ll search the Land, and raise the Just
To Posts of Honour, Wealth and Trust:
The
The Men that Work thy holy Will
Shall be my Friends and Favourites still.

VI.
In vain shall Sinners hope to rise
By flattering or malicious Lies:
And while the Innocent I guard,
The bold Offender shall not be spared.

VII.
The impious Crew (that factious Band)
Shall hide their Heads, or quit the Land;
And all that break the Publick Rest,
Where I have Power shall be suppressed.

The 1st Stanza represents the Mercy and Judgment which
the Psalmist sings, as the due Qualities of good Government,
which is the proper sense of them in this Psalm, and according
to the Double Character of David in this Psalm, I have
applied the 1st Metre to Magistrates, the 2d to House-holders.
The 5th Stanza can be sung only by the Superior Rank of
Magistrates and not the Inferior.

Psalm CII. Common Metre.
A Psalm for a Master of a Family.

Of Justice and of Grace I sing,
And pay my God my Vows;
Thy Grace and Justice, heavenly King,
Teach me to rule my House.

II.
Now to my Tent, O God, repair,
And make thy Servant wise;
I'll suffer nothing near me there
That shall offend thine Eyes.

III.
The Man that doth his Neighbour Wrong
By Falshood or by Force,
The scornful Eye, the slanderous Tongue,
I'll thrust them from my Doors.

IV.
I'll seek the Faithfull and the Just,
And will their Help enjoy;
These are the Friends that I shall trust,
The Servants I'll employ.

V.
The Wretch that deals in fly Deceit
I'll not endure a Night;
The Liar's Tongue I ever hate,
And banish from my Sight.

VI.
I'll purge my Family around
And make the Wicked flee,
So shall my House be ever found
A Dwelling fit for Thee.

PSALM CII. 1--13, 20, 21. First Part.
A Prayer of the Afflicted.

I.
Hear me, O God, nor hide thy Face,
But answer lest I dy:
Hast thou not built a Throne of Grace
To hear when Sinners cry?

II.
My Days are wasted like the Smoak
Dissoiling in the Air:
My Strength is dry'd, my Heart is broke,
And sinking in Despair.

III.
My Spirits flag like withering Grass
Burnt with excessive Heat:
In secret Groans my Minutes pass,
   And I forget to eat.

IV.
As on some lonely Buildings Top,
   The Sparrow tells her Moan,
Far from the Tents of Joy and Hope
   I sit and grieve alone.

V.
My Soul is like a Wilderness
   Where Beasts of Midnight howl;
There the sad Raven finds her place,
   And there the screaming Owl.

VI.
Dark dismal Thoughts, and boding Fears
Dwell in my troubled Breast;
While sharp Reproaches wound my Ears,
   Nor give my Spirit rest.

VII.
My Cup is mingled with my Woes,
   And Tears are my Repast;
My daily Bread like Ashes grows
   Unpleasant to my Taste.

VIII.
Sence can afford no real Joy
To Souls that feel thy Frown:
Lord, 'twas thy Hand advanc'd me high,
   Thy Hand hath cast me down.

IX.
My Looks like wither'd Leaves appear;
   And Life's declining Light
Grows faint as Evening-Shadows are,
   That vanish into Night.
X.
But thou for ever art the Same,
O my Eternal God:
Ages to come shall know thy Name,
And spread thy Works abroad.

XI.
Thou wilt arise and shew thy Face,
Nor will my Lord delay
Beyond th' appointed Hour of Grace,
That long expected Day.

XII.
He hears his Saints, he knows their Cry,
And by mysterious Ways
Redeems the Prisoners doom'd to dy,
And fills their Tongues with Praise.

Prayer heard, and Zion restor'd.

I.
Let Zion and her Sons rejoice,
Behold the promis'd Hour:
Her God hath heard her mourning Voice,
And comes t' exalt his Power.

II.
Her Dust and Ruins that remain
Are precious in our Eyes;
Those Ruins shall be built again,
And all that Dust shall rise.

III.
The Lord will raise Jerusalem,
And stand in Glory there;
Nations shall bow before his Name,
And Kings attend with Fear.

IV.
IV.
He sits a Sovereign on his Throne,
   With Pity in his Eyes;
He hears the dying Prisoners groan,
   And sees their Sighs arise.

V.
He frees the Souls condemn'd to Death,
   And when his Saints complain,
It shan't be said, "that praying Breath
   'Was ever spent in vain.

VI.
This shall be known when we are dead,
   And left on long Record,
That Ages yet unborn may read,
   And trust, and praise the Lord.

Psalm CII. 23—28. Third Part.
Man's Mortality and Christ's Eternity; or,
Saints dye, but Christ and the Church live.

I.
It is the Lord our Saviour's Hand
   Weakens our Strength amidst the Race;
Disease and Death at his Command
   Arrest us, and cut short our Days.

II.
Spare us, O Lord, aloud we pray,
   Nor let our Sun go down at Noon:
Thy Years are one, eternal Day,
   And must thy Children dye so soon?

III.
Yet in the Midst of Death and Grief
This Thought our Sorrow shall assuage,
   "Our
Psalms.

"Our Father and our Saviour live:
"Christ is the Same thro' every Age.

IV.
'Twas he this Earths Foundations laid;
Heaven is the Building of his Hand:
This Earth grows Old, these Heav'ns shall
And all be chang'd at his Command. (fade,

V.
The starry Curtains of the Sky
Like Garments shall be laid aside;
But still thy Throne stands firm and high;
Thy Church for ever must abide.

VI.
Before thy Face thy Church shall live,
And on thy Throne thy Children reign:
This dying World shall they survive,
And the Dead Saints be rais'd again.

Several Verses at the End of this Psalm are directly expounded concerning Christ, Heb. 1, which inclined me to form a distinct Hymn on these Verses apply'd to the same Subject.

Blessing God for his Goodness to Soul and Body.

I.
Bless, O my Soul, the living God,
Call home thy thoughts that rove a-
Let all the Powers within me join (broad,
In Work and Worship so divine.

II.
Bless, O my Soul, the God of Grace;
His Favours claim thy highest Praise:
Why should the Wonders he has wrought
Be lost in Silence and forgot?  

III.
Tis He, my Soul, that sent his Son
To dye for Crimes which thou hast done;
He owns the Ransom; and forgives
The hourly Follies of our Lives.

The Vices of the Mind he heals,
And cures the Pains that Nature feels;
Redeems the Soul from Hell, and saves
Our wasting Life from threatening Graves.

Our Youth decay'd his Power repairs;
His Mercy crowns our growing Years:
He satisfies our Mouth with Good,
And fills our Hopes with heavenly Food.

He sees th' Oppressor and th' Oppress,
And often gives the Sufferers rest:
But will his Justice more display
In the last great rewarding Day.

[His Power he shew'd by Moses Hands,
And gave to Israel his Commands;
But sent his Truth and Mercy down
To all the Nations by his Son.

Let the whole Earth his Power confess,
Let the whole Earth adore his Grace;
The Gentile with the Jew shall join
In Work and Worship so divine.]
God's Gentle Chastisement; or, His Tender Mercy to his People.

I.
The Lord, how wondrous are his Ways!
How firm his Truth! how large his
He takes his Mercy for his Throne, (Grace!
And thence he makes his Glories known.

II.
Not half so high his Power hath spread
The starry Heavens above our Head,
As his rich Love exceeds our Praise,
Exceeds the highest Hopes we raise.

III.
Not half so far hath Nature plac'd
The rising Morning from the West,
As his forgiving Grace removes
The daily Guilt of those he loves.

IV.
How slowly doth his Wrath arise!
On swifter Wings Salvation flies:
And if he lets his Anger burn,
How soon his Frowns to Pity turn!

V.
Amidst his Wrath Compassion shines;
His Strokes are lighter than our Sins:
And while his Rod corrects his Saints,
His Ear indulges their Complaints.

VI.
So Fathers their young Sons Chastise
With gentle Hand and melting Eyes:

The
The Children weep beneath the Smart,
And move the Pity of their Heart.

V. The mighty God, the Wise and Just,
Knows that our Frame is feeble Dust;
And will no heavy Loads impose
Beyond the Strength that he bestows.

VIII. He knows how soon our Nature dies,
Blasted by every Wind that flies;
Like Grass we spring, and die as soon;
Or Morning Flow'rs that fade at Noon.

IX. But his eternal Love is sure
To all the Saints, and shall endure:
From Age to Age his Truth shall reign
Nor Childrens Children hope in vain.

Psalm CIII. 1-7. First Part. Short Met
Praise for Spiritual and Temporal Mercies.

I. O Bless the Lord, my Soul;
Let all within me join,
And aid my Tongue to bless his Name,
Whose Favours are divine.

II. O bless the Lord my Soul;
Nor let his Mercies lie
Forgotten in unthankfulness;
And without Praises die.
III.
'Tis he forgives thy Sins,
'Tis he relieves thy Pain,
'Tis he that heals thy Sicknesses,
And makes Thee young again.

IV.
He Crowns thy Life with Love,
When ransom'd from the Grave;
He that redeem'd my Soul from Hell
Hath sovereign Power to save.

V.
He fills the Poor with Good;
He gives the Sufferers Rest;
The Lord hath Judgments for the Proud,
And Justice for th' Opprest.

VI.
His wondrous Works and Ways
He made by Moses known;
But sent the World his Truth and Grace,
By his beloved Son.

Psalm CIII. 8--18. Sec'd Part. Short Met.
Abounding Compassion of God; or, Mercy in
the Midst of Judgment.

I.
My Soul, repeat his Praise
Whose Mercies are so great;
Whole Anger is so slow to rise,
So ready to abate.

II.
God will not always chide;
And when his Strokes are felt,
His Strokes are fewer than our Crimes,
And lighter than our Guilt.
III.
High as the Heavens are rais'd
Above the Ground we tread,
So far the Riches of his Grace
Our highest Thoughts exceed.

IV.
His Power subdues our Sins,
And his forgiving Love
Far as the East is from the West
Doth all our Guilt remove.

V.
The Pity of the Lord
To those that fear his Name
Is such as tender Parents feel;
He knows our feeble Frame.

VI.
He knows we are but Dust,
Scatter'd with every Breath;
His Anger like a rising Wind
Can send us swift to Death.

VII.
Our Days are as the Grass,
Or like the Morning-flower;
If one sharp Blast sweep o'er the Field,
It withers in an Hour.

VIII.
But thy Compassions, Lord,
To endless Years endure;
And Children's Children ever find
Thy Words of Promise sure.
Gods universal Dominion; or, Angels Praise the Lord.

The Lord, the sovereign King
Hath fix’d his Throne on high;
O’er all the heavenly World he rules,
And all beneath the Sky.

II.
Ye Angels, great in Might,
And swift to do his Will,
Bless ye the Lord, whose Voice ye hear;
Whose Pleasure ye fulfill.

III.
Let the bright Hosts who wait
The Orders of their King,
And guard his Churches when they pray,
Join in the Praise they sing.

IV.
While all his wondrous Works
Thro’ his vast Kingdoms shew
Their Makers Glory, thou my Soul,
Shalt sing his Graces too.

Psalm CIV.
The Glory of God in Creation and Providence.

My Soul, thy great Creator praise;
When cloth’d in his celestial Rays
He in full Majesty appears,
And like a Robe his Glory wears.

Note,
Psalms.

Note, This Psalm may be sung to the Tune of the Old 112 or 127, Psalm, by adding these two Lines to every Stanza.
(viz.)
Great is the Lord; What Tongue can frame
An equal Honour to his Name?
Otherwise it must be Sung as the 100 Psalm

II.
The Heavens are for his Curtains spread;
Th’unsathom’d Deep he makes his Bed;
Clouds are his Chariot, when he flies
On winged Storms a-cros the Skies.

III.
Angels, whom his own Breath inspires,
His Ministers, are flaming Fires;
And swift as Thought their Armies move
To bear his Vengeance or his Love.

IV.
The Worlds Foundations by his Hand
Are pois’d, and shall for ever stand:
He birds the Ocean in his Chain,
Left it should drown the Earth again.

V.
When Earth was cover’d with the Flood
Which high above the Mountains stood,
He thunder’d; and the Ocean fled,
Confin’d to its appointed Bed.

VI.
The swelling Billows know their Bound,
And in their Channels walk their Round;
Yet thence convey’d by secret Veins,
They spring on Hills, and drench the Plains.

VII.
He bids the Chrysal Fountains flow,
And cheer the Valleys as they go:
Tame Heifers there their Thirst allay,
And for the Stream wild Asses Bray.

VIII.
From pleasant Trees, which shade the Brink
The Lark and Linnet light to drink;
Their Songs the Lark and Linnet raise,
And chide our Silence in his Praise.

PAUSE I.

IX.
God from his cloudy Cistern pours
On the parch’d Earth enriching Show’rs:
The Grove, the Garden and the Field
A Thousand joyful Blessings yield.

X.
He makes the grassy Food arise,
And gives the Cattle large Supplies;
With Herbs for Man of various Power,
To nourish Nature, or to cure.

XI.
What noble Fruit the Vines produce!
The Olive yields a shining Juice;
Our Hearts are cheer’d with generous Wine,
With inward Joy our Faces shine.

XII.
O bless his Name, ye Britons, fed
With Natures chief Supporter, Bread:
While Bread your vital Strength imparts,
Serve him with Vigour in your Hearts.

PAUSE II.

XIII.
Behold the stately Cedar stands
Rais’d in the Forrest by his Hands;

N 4 Birds
Birds to the Boughs for shelter fly,
And build their Nests secure on high.

XIV.
To craggy Hills ascends the Goat;
And at the airy Mountain's Foot
The feeble Creatures make their Cell;
He gives them Wisdom where to dwell.

XV.
He sets the Sun his circling Race,
Appoints the Moon to change her Face;
And when thick Darkness vails the Day,
Calls out wild Beasts to hunt their Prey.

XVI.
Fierce Lions lead their Young abroad,
And roaring ask their Meat from God;
But when the Morning-beams arise,
The savage Beast to Covert flies.

XVII.
Then Man to daily Labour goes;
The Night was made for his Repose;
Sleep is thy Gift; that sweet Relief
From tiresome Toil and wasting Grief.

XVIII.
How strange thy Works! how great thy Skill!
And every Land thy Riches fill:
Thy Wisdom round the World we see,
This spacious Earth is full of Thee.

XIX.
Nor less thy Glories in the Deep,
Where Fish in Millions swim and creep,
With wondrous Motions, swift or slow,
Still wandring in the Paths below.
Psalms

XX.
There Ships divide their watry Way,
And Flocks of scaly Monsters play;
There dwells the huge Leviathan,
And foams and sports in Spite of Man.

Pause III.

XXI.
Vast are thy Works, Almighty Lord,
All Nature rests upon thy Word,
And the whole Race of Creatures stands;
Waiting their Portion from thy Hands.

XXII.
While each receives his different Food,
Their cheerfull Looks pronounce it good;
Eagles, and Bears, and Whales, and Worms.
Rejoice and praise in different Forms.

XXIII.
But when thy Face is hid, they mourn;
And dying to their Dust return;
Both Man and Beast their Souls resign;
Life, Breath and Spirit all is Thine.

XXIV.
Yet thou canst breath on Dust again,
And fill the World with Beasts and Men;
A Word of thy creating Breath
Repairs the Wafts of Time and Death.

XXV.
His Works, the Wonders of his Might
Are honour'd with his own Delight;
How awful are his glorious Ways!
The Lord is dreadful in his Praise.

N 5.

XXVI.
Psalm XXVI.
The Earth stands trembling at thy Stroke;
And at thy Touch the Mountains smoke;
Yet humble Souls may see thy Face,
And tell their Wants to sovereign Grace.

Psalm XXVII.
In Thee my Hopes and Wishes meet,
And make my Meditations sweet;
Thy Praises shall my Breath employ,
Till it expire in endless Joy.

Psalm XXVIII.
While haughty Sinners die accurst,
Their Glory bury'd with their Dust,
I to my God my Heavenly King
Immortal Hallelujahs sing.

Several Lines in this Psalm have I borrow'd of Sir John
Denham; If I have made the Connexion more evident and
the Sense more easy and useful to an ordinary Reader, I have
attain'd my End; and leave others to judge whether I have
dishonour'd his Verse, or improved it.

Stanz. 5. Tho' I am persuaded the Psalmist speaks here of
the first Formation of the Sea and Mountains, when the
Waters of the Chaos were separated from the Earth, yet the
People more easily understand it of Noah's Flood, and there-
fore I have indulg'd such a Paraphrase as is capable of that
Sense.

Psalm CV. abridg'd.
God's Conduct of Israel and the Plagues of
Egypt.

Give thanks to God, invoke his Name,
And tell the World his Grace;
Sound thro' the Earth his Deeds of Fame,
That all may seek his Face.
II.
His Covenant, which he kept in mind
For numerous Ages past,
To numerous Ages yet behind
In equal Force shall last.

III.
He sware to Abraham and his Seed,
And made the Blessing sure:
Gentiles the antient Promise read,
And find his Truth endure.

IV.
"Thy Seed shall make all Nations blest,
(Said the Almighty Voice)
"And Canaan's Land shall be their Rest,
"The Type of Heavenly Joys.

V.
[How large the Grant! how rich the Grace,
To give them Canaan's Land,
When they were Strangers in the Place,
A little feeble Band!]

VI.
Like Pilgrims thro' the Countries round
Securely they remov'd;
And haughty Kings that on them frown'd
Severely he reprov'd.

VII.
"Touch mine Anointed, and my Arm
"Shall soon revenge the Wrong;
"The Man that does my Prophets harm
"Shall know their God is strong.
VIII.
Then let the World forbear its Rage,
Nor put the Church in Fear;
Israel must live thro' every Age,
And be th' Almighty's Care.]

PAUSE I.

IX.
When Pharaoh dar'd to vex the Saints,
And thus provok'd their God,
Moses was sent at their Complaints,
Arm'd with his dreadfull Rod.

X.
He call'd for Darkness; Darkness came
Like an O'erwhelming Flood:
He turn'd each Lake and every Stream
To Lakes and Streams of Blood.

XI.
He gave the Sign, and noisom Flies
'Thro' the whole Country spread;
And Frogs in croaking Armies rise,
About the Monarch's Bed.

XII.
'Thro' Fields and Towns and Palaces
The tenfold Vengeance flew;
Locusts in Swarms devour'd their Trees,
And Hail their Cattle slew.

XIII.
Then by an Angel's midnight Stroke
The Flower of Egypt dy'd;
The Strength of every House was broke,
Their Glory, and their Pride.

XIV.
XIV.
Now let the World forbear its Rage,
Nor put the Church in Fear;
Israel must live thro' every Age,
And be th' Almighty's Care.

XV.
Thus were the Tribes from Bondage:
And left the hated Ground; (brought,
Each some Egyptian Spoils had got,
And not one feeble found.

XVI.
The Lord himself chose out their Way,
And mark'd their Journeys right,
Gave them a leading Cloud by Day,
A fiery Guide by Night.

XVII.
They thirst; and Waters from the Rock
In rich Abundance flow,
And following still the Course they took
Ran all the Desart thro'.

XVIII.
O wond'rous Stream! O blessed Type
Of ever-flowing Grace!
So Christ our Rock maintains our Life
Thro' all this Wilderness.

XIX.
Thus guarded by th' Almighty Hand
The chosen Tribes possest
Canaan the rich, the promis'd Land,
And there enjoy'd their Rest.
Then let the World forbear its Rage,
The Church renounce her Fear;
Israel must live thro' every Age
And be th' Almighty's Care.

Psalm CVI. 1-5. First Part.
Praise to God; or, Communion with Saints.

To God the Great, the Ever-blest
Let Songs of Honour be address'd:
His Mercy firm for ever stands;
Give him the Thanks his Love demands.

II.
Who knows the Wonders of thy Ways?
Who shall fulfill thy boundless Praise?
Blest are the Souls that fear Thee still,
And pay their Duty to thy Will.

III.
Remember what thy Mercy did
For Jacob's Race, thy chosen Seed;
And with the same Salvation bless
The meanest Suppliant of thy Grace.

IV.
O may I see thy Tribes rejoice,
And aid their Triumphs with my Voice!
This is my Glory, Lord, to be
Join'd to thy Saints and near to Thee.
Psalm CVI. Second Part. v. 7, 8, 12,—
14. 43—48.
Israel punish'd and pardon'd; or, God's unchangeable Love.

I.

God of eternal Love,
How fickle are our Ways!
And yet how oft did Israel prove
Thy Constancy of Grace!

II.

They saw thy Wonders wrought,
And then thy Praise they sung;
But soon thy Works of Power forgot,
And murmur'd with their Tongue.

III.

Now they believe his Word
While Rocks with Rivers flow;
Now with their Lufts provoke the Lord,
And he reduc'd them low.

IV.

Yet when they mourn'd their Faults,
He hearken'd to their Groans,
Brought his own Covenant to his Thoughts,
And call'd them still his Sons.

V.

Their Names were in his Book,
He sav'd them from their Foes;
Oft he chastis'd, but ne'er forsook
The People that he chose.

VI.

Let Israel bless the Lord,
Who lov'd their antient Race;
And
And Christians join the solemn Word
Amen to all the Praise.

The chief design of this whole Psalm I have express'd in the
Title; and abridge'd it in this Form, having enlarged much
more on this same Subject in the 77th, 78th, and 105th Psalms.
Tho' the Jews now seem to be cast off, yet the Apostle Paul
assures us that God hath not call away his People whom
before knew. Rom. 11. 2, their unbelief and Absence from
God is but for a Season, for they shall be recalled again. v. 25, 26.

PSALM CVII. First Part:
Israel led to Canaan, and Christians to
Heaven.

I.
Give thanks to God: He reigns above,
Kind are his Thoughts, his Name is
His. Mercy Ages past have known, (Love
And Ages long to come shall own.

II.
Let the Redeemed of the Lord
The Wonders of his Grace record;
Israel, the Nation whom he chose,
And rescu'd from their mighty Foes.

III.
[When God's almighty Arm had broke:
Their Fetters and th' Egyptian Yoke,
They trac'd the Desert wandring round,
A wild and solitary Ground.

IV.
There they could find no leading Road;
Nor City for a fix'd Abode;
Nor Food, nor Fountain to asswage
Their burning Thirst, or Hungers Rage.]
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V.
In their Distress to God they cry'd,
God was their Saviour and their Guide;
He led their March far wandering round;
'Twas the right Path to Canaan's Ground.

VI.
Thus when our first Release we gain
From Sins old Yoke and Satan's Chain,
We have this distant World to pass,
A dangerous and a tiresome Place.

VII.
He feeds and cloaths us all the Way,
He guides our Footsteps left we stray,
He guards us with a powerfull Hand,
And brings us to the heavenly Land.

VIII.
O let the Saints with Joy record
The Truth and Goodness of the Lord!
How great his Works! how kind his Ways!
Let every Tongue pronounce his Praise.

Psalm CVII. Second Part.
Correction for Sin, and Release by Prayer.

I.
From Age to Age exalt his Name,
God and his Grace are still the Same:
He fills the hungry Soul with Food,
And feeds the Poor with every Good.

II.
But if their Hearts rebell and rise
Against the God that rules the Skies,
If they reject his heavenly Word,
And flight the Counsels of the Lord;

III.
He'll bring their Spirits to the Ground,
And no Deliverer shall be found;
Laden with Grief they waste their Breath
In Darkness and the Shades of Death.

Then to the Lord they raise their Cries,
He makes the dawning Light arise,
And scatters all that dismal Shade
That hung so heavy round their Head.

He cuts the Bars of Brass in two,
And lets the smiling Prisoners thro':
Takes off the Load of Guilt and Grief,
And gives the labouring Soul Relief.

O may the Sons of Men record!
The wondrous Goodness of the Lord!
How great his Works! how kind his Ways!
Let every Tongue pronounce his Praise.

Psalm C. VII. Third Part.
Intemperance punish'd and pardoned; or, a
Psalms for the Glutton and the Drunkard.

Vain Man on foolish Pleasures bent
Prepares for his own Punishment,
What Pains, what loathsome Maladies
From Luxury and Lust arise!

The Drunkard feels his Vitals waste,
Yet drowns his Health to please his Taste:
Till all his Active Powers are lost,
And fainting Life draws near the Dust.
III.
The Glutton groans and loaths to eat,  
His Soul abhors delicious Meat:  
Nature with heavy Loads opprest  
Would yield to Death to be releas'd;  

IV.  
Then how the frightened Sinners fly  
To God for help with earnest Cry!  
He hears their Groans, prolongs their Breath,  
And saves them from approaching Death.  

V.  
Not Medicines could effect the Cure  
So quick, so easy, or so sure:  
The deadly Sentence God repeals,  
He sends his sovereign Word and heals.  

VI.  
O may the Sons of Men record  
The wondrous Goodness of the Lord!  
And let their thankfull Offerings prove  
How they adore their Makers Love.

PSALM CVII.  Fourth Part.  Long Metre.  
Deliverance from Storms and Shipwreck; or,  
the Seaman's Song.  

Would you behold the Works of God,  
His Wonders in the World abroad,  
Go with the Mariners, and trace  
The unknown Regions of the Seas.  

II.  
They leave their native Shores behind,  
And seize the Favour of the Wind;  
Till
Till God command, and Tempests rise
That heave the Ocean to the Skies.

III
Now to the Heavens they mount amain,
Now sink to dreadfull Deeps again;
What strange Affrights young Sailors feel,
And like a staggering Drunkard reel!

IV.
When Land is far, and Death is nigh,
Lost to all hope, to God they cry:
His Mercy hears the loud Address,
And sends Salvation in distress.

V.
He bids the Winds their Wrath asswage,
The furious Waves forget their Rage;
'Tis calm; and Sailors smile to see
The Haven where they wish'd to be.

VI.
O may the Sons of Men record
The wondrous Goodness of the Lord!
Let them their private Offerings bring,
And in the Church his Glory sing.

The Mariner's Psalm.

I.
Thy Works of Glory, mighty Lord,
Thy Wonders in the Deeps
The Sons of Courage shall record
Who trade in floating Ships.

II.
At thy Command the Winds arise,
And swell the tow'ring Waves;
The Men astonish'd mount the Skies,  
And sink in gaping Graves.

III.  
[Again they climb the watry Hills,  
And plunge in Deeps again;  
Each like a tottering Drunkard reels,  
And finds his Courage vain.

IV.  
Frighted to hear the Tempest roar  
They pant with fluttering Breath,  
And hopeless of the distant Shoar  
Expect immediate Death.]

V.  
Then to the Lord they raise their Cries;  
He hears the loud Request,  
And orders Silence thro' the Skies,  
And lays the Floods to rest.

VI.  
Sailors rejoice to lose their Fears,  
And see the Storm allay'd:  
Now to their Eyes the Port appears;  
There let their Vows be paid.

VII.  
'Tis God that brings them safe to Land;  
Let stupid Mortals know  
That Waves are under his Command,  
And all the Winds that blow.

VIII.  
O that the Sons of Men would praise  
The Goodness of the Lord!  
And those that see thy wondrous Ways  
Thy wondrous Love record!
Psalm 107. Last Part.

Colonies planted; or, Nations blest and punished.


When God provok'd with daring
Scourges the Madness of the Times,
He turns their Fields to barren Sand,
And dries the Rivers from the Land.

His Word can raise the Springs again,
And make the wither'd Mountains green,
Send show'ry Blessings from the Skies;
And Harvests in the Desart rise.

[Where nothing dwelt but Beast's of Prey,
Or Men as fierce and wild as they,
He bids th' Opprest and Poor repair,
And builds them Towns and Cities there.

They saw the Fields, and Trees they plant,
Whose yearly Fruit supply's their Want:
Their Race grows up from fruitfull Stocks,
Their Wealth increases with their Flocks.

Thus they are blest; but if they Sin,
He lets the heathen Nations in,
A savage Crew invades their Lands,
Their Princes dye by barbarous Hands.

Their captive Sons expos'd to Scorn
Wander unpity'd and forlorn;
The Country lies unsecur'd, until I'd,
And Desolation spreads the Field.

VII.
Yet if the humbled Nation mourns,
Again his dreadful Hand he turns;
Again he makes their Cities thrive,
And bids the dying Churches live.

VIII.
The Righteous with a joyful Sense
Admire the Works of Providence;
And Tongues of Atheists shall no more
Blaspheme the God that Saints adore.

IX.
How Few with pious Care record
These wondrous Dealings of the Lord?
But wise Observers still shall find
The Lord is holy, just and kind.

If this Hymn be too long to sing at once, The two first
and two last Stanza's of it may be sung together, and the
five middle Stanza's by themselves, another Hymn: For I
could not find any other convenient Division of it.
The 108th Psalm is formed out of the 57th and 60th,
therefore I have omitted it.

Love to Enemies from the Example of Christ.

I.
God of my Mercy and my Praise,
Thy Glory is my Song;
Thou Sinners speak against thy Grace
With a blaspheming Tongue.

II.
When in the Form of mortal Man
Thy Son on Earth was found,
With cruel Slanders, false and vain
They compass Him around.

III.
Their Miseries his Compassion move,
Their Peace He still pursu'd;
They render Hatred for his Love,
And Evil for his Good.

IV.
Their Malice rag'd without a Cause,
Yet with his dying Breath
He pray'd for Murderers on his Cross,
And blest his Foes in Death.

V.
Lord, shall thy bright Example shine
In vain before my Eyes?
Give me a Soul akin to Thine,
To love my Enemies.

VI.
The Lord shall on my Side engage,
And in my Saviour's Name
I shall defeat their Pride and Rage
Who slander and condemn.

That this Psalm foretells the Sufferings, the Patience, and
Love of Christ to Enemies is universally Agree'd; But the
Curseth on Judas and the Priests, &c. I have chosen to leave
as they stand in the sacred Language of Prophecy.

PSALM CX. First Part. Long Metre.
Christ exalted, and Multitudes converted;
or, the Success of the Gospel.

I.
Thus the Eternal Father spake
To Christ the Son; "Ascend and sit
Psalm CX. Second Part. Long Metre.

The Kingdom and Priesthood of Christ.

I.

Thus the great Lord of Earth and Sea
Spake to his Son, and thus He swore;
"Eternal shall thy Priesthood be,
"And change from Hand to Hand no more.

II.

Aaron and all his Sons must dye;
But everlasting Life is Thine,

To
To save for ever those that fly
For Refuge from the Wrath divine.

By me Melchisedek was made
On Earth a King and Priest at once;
And Thou my Heavenly Priest shalt plead,
And Thou my King, shalt rule my Sons.

Jesus the Priest ascends his Throne,
While Counsels of Eternal Peace
Between the Father and the Son
Proceed with Honour and Success.

Thro' the whole Earth his Reign shall Spread,
And crush the Powers that dare rebell:
Then shall he judge the rising Dead
And send the guilty World to Hell.

Tho' while he treads his glorious Way,
He drink the Cup of Tears and Blood,
The Sufferings of that dreadful Day
Shall but advance him near to God.

The Priesthood of Christ after the Order of Melchisedek
is particularly explain'd, Heb.7. v. 1, 3, 23, 24, 25. And
is inserted in the 3 first Stanza's.

St. 4. Zech. 6. 13. He shall be a Priest upon his
Throne and the Counsel of peace shall be between
them both.

The last verse of this Psalm is explain'd by Interpreters in
very contrary Senses. Some make his Drinking of the
Brook to signify mean Refreshments in his Way, and
some expound it of his tainting Sorrows and Sufferings.
The last is Most evangelical and most beautiful, therefore I
have chosen it.
PSALM CX. Common Metre.
Christ's Kingdom and Priesthood.

I.
Jesus, our Lord, ascend thy Throne,
And near the Father sit;
In Zion shall thy Power be known,
And make thy Foes submit.

II.
What Wonders shall thy Gospel do!
Thy Converts shall surpass
The numerous Drops of Morning-Dew
And own thy sovereign Grace.

III.
God hath pronounc'd a firm Decree,
Nor changes what he swore;
"Eternal shall thy Priesthood be,
"When Aaron is no more:

IV.
"Melchisedek that wondrous Priest,
"That King of high Degree,
"That holy Man who Abraham blest
"Was but a Type of Thee.

V.
Jesus our Priest for ever lives
To plead for us above;
Jesus our King for ever gives
The Blessings of his Love.

VI.
God shall exalt his glorious Head,
And his high Throne maintain,
Shall strike the Powers and Princes dead
Who dare oppose his Reign.

O 2

PSALM
SONGS of immortal Praise belong
To my Almighty God;
He has my Heart, and he my Tongue
To spread his Name abroad.

How great the Work his Hand has wrought!
How glorious in our Sight!
And Men in every Age have sought
His Wonders with Delight.

How most exact is Natures Frame!
How wise th’ Eternal Mind!
His Counsels never change the Scheme
That his first Thoughts design’d.

When he redeem’d his chosen Sons
He fixt his Covenant sure:
The Orders that his Lips pronounce
To endless Years endure.

Nature and Time and Earth and Skies
Thy heavenly Skill proclaim:
What shall we do to make us wise,
But learn to read thy Name?

To fear thy Power, to trust thy Grace
Is our divinest Skill;
And he’s the wisest of our Race
That best obeys thy Will.
Of this Psalm, I have chosen several Verses, and formed into two distinct Hymns, keeping the first and the two last Verses in both.

Psalm CXI. Second Part.
The Perfections of God.

I.
Great is the Lord; his Works of Might Demand our noblest Songs;
Let his assembled Saints unite
Their Harmony of Tongues.

II.
Great is the Mercy of the Lord,
He gives his Children Food;
And ever mindfull of his Word,
He makes his Promise good.

III.
His Son the great Redeemer came
To seal his Covenant sure:
Holy and reverend is his Name,
His Ways are just and pure.

IV.
They that would grow divinely Wise
Must with his Fear begin;
Our fairest Proof of Knowledge lies
In hating every Sin.

Psalm CXII. as the 113th Psalm.
The Blessings of the Liberal Man.

I.
That Man is blest who stands in Awe
Of God, and loves his sacred Law:
His Seed on Earth shall be renown'd;
O 3 His
His House, the Seat of Wealth, shall be
An inexhausted Treasury,
And with successive Honours crown'd.

II.
His liberal Favours he extends,
To Some he gives, to Others lends:
A generous Pity fills his Mind:
Yet what his Charity impairs,
He saves by Prudence in Affairs,
And thus he's just to all Mankind.

III.
His Hands, while they his Alms bestow'd,
His Glory's future Harvest sow'd;
The sweet Remembrance of the Just
Like a green Root revives and bears
A train of Blessings for his Heirs,
When dying Nature sleeps in Dust.

IV.
Beset with threatening Dangers round,
Unmov'd shall he maintain his Ground;
His Conscience holds his Courage up:
The Soul that's fill'd with Vertue's Light,
Shines brightest in Afflictions Night:
And sees in Darkness Beams of Hope.

PAUSE.

[IIl Tidings never can surprize
His Heart that fix'd on God relies,
Tho' Waves and Tempefts roar around:
Safe on the Rock he sits, and sees
The Shipwreck of his Enemies,
And all their Hope and Glory drown'd.

VI.
VI.
The Wicked shall his Triumph see,
And gnash their Teeth in Agony,

To find their Expectations crost:
They and their Envy, Pride and Spite
Sink down to everlasting Night,

And all their Names in Darkness lost.

Many Lines of this Metre and some of the next Psalm,
proper Metre, are borrow'd from Mr. Tate's Version.

PSALM CXII. Long Metre.

The Blessings of the Pious and Charitable.

I.

Thrice happy Man who fears the Lord,
Loves his Commands, and trusteth his Honour and Peace his Days attend,
And Blessings to his Seed descend.

II.

Compassion dwells upon his Mind,
To Works of Mercy still inclin'd:
He lends the Poor some present Aid,
Or gives them, not to be repaid.

III.

When Times grow dark & Tidings spread
That fill his Neighbours round with Dread,
His Heart is arm'd against the Fear,
For God with all his Power is there.

IV.

His Soul well fix'd upon the Lord
Draws heavenly Courage from his Word:
Amidst the Darkness Light shall rise
To cheer his Heart and bless his Eyes.

O 4
Psalm CXII. Common Metre.

Liberality rewarded.

I.

Happy is he that fears the Lord,
And follows his Commands,
Who lends the Poor without Reward,
Or gives with liberal Hands.

II.

As Pity dwells within his Breast
To all the Sons of Need;
So God shall answer his Request
With Blessings on his Seed.

III.

No evil Tidings shall surprize
His well-establisht'd Mind;
His Soul to God his Refuge flies,
And leaves his Fears behind.

IV.

In Times of general Distress
Some Beams of Light shall shine,
To shew the World his Righteousness,
And give him Peace divine.

V.

His Works of Piety and Love
Remain before the Lord;
Honour on Earth and Joys above
Shall be his sure Reward.
Psalm CXIII. Proper Tune.

The Majesty and Condescension of God.

I.
Ye that delight to serve the Lord,
The Honours of his Name record,
His sacred Name for ever blest:
Where e'er the circling Sun displays
His rising Beams, or setting Rays,
Let Lands and Seas his Power confess.

II.
Not Time, nor Nature's narrow Rounds
Can give his vast Dominion Bounds;
The Heavens are far below his Height:
Let no created Greatness dare
With our eternal God compare,
Arm'd with his uncreated Might.

III.
He bows his glorious Head to view
What the bright Hosts of Angels do,
And bends his Care to mortal Things;
His sovereign Hand exalts the Poor,
He takes the Needy from the Door,
And makes them Company for Kings.

IV.
When childless Families despair,
He sends the Blessing of an Heir
To rescue their expiring Name;

O 5
The Mother with a thankful Voice
Proclaims his Praises and her Joys:
Let every Age advance his Fame.

Psalm CXIII. Long Metre.

God Sovereign and Gracious.

I.
Ye Servants of th'Almighty King,
In every Age his Praises sing;
Where e'er the Sun shall rise or set,
The Nations shall his Praise repeat.

II.
Above the Earth, beyond the Sky
Stands his high Throne of Majesty:
Nor Time nor Place his Power restrain,
Nor bound his universal Reign.

III.
Which of the Sons of Adam dare,
Or Angels with their God compare?
His Glories how divinely bright,
Who dwells in uncreated Light!

IV.
Behold his Love: He stoops to view
What Saints above and Angels do;
And condescends yet more to know
The mean Affairs of Men below.

V.
From Dust and Cottages obscure
His Grace exalts the humble Poor;
Gives them the Honour of his Sons,
And fits them for their heavenly Thrones.
VI.
[A Word of his creating Voice
Can make the barren House rejoice:
Tho' Sarah's ninety Years were past,
The promis'd Seed is born at last.

VII.
With Joy the Mother views her Son,
And tells the Wonders God has done:
Faith may grow strong when Sense despairs;
If Nature fails, the Promise bears.]

Part of the 6th and 7th Stanza's are borrow'd from Genesis,
17, 17. and Rom. 4, 19, 20. Shall Sarah that is ninety
Years old bear? Abraham was strong in Faith, &c.

PSALM CXIV.

Miracles attending Israel's Journey.

I.
When Israel freed from Pharaoh's Hand,
Left the proud Tyrant and his Land,
The Tribes with cheerfull Homage own
Their King, and Judah was his Throne.

II.
A cross the Deep their Journey lay;
The Deep divides to make them Way;
Jordan beheld their March, and fled
With backward Current to his Head.

III.
The Mountains shook like frighted Sheep,
Like Lambs the little Hillocks leap;
Not Sinai on her Base could stand,
Conscious of sovereign Power at Hand.

IV.
What Power could make the Deep divide?
Make Jordan backward roll his Tide?

Why
Psalms

Why did ye leap, ye little Hills?
And whence the Fright that Sinai feels?

Let every Mountain, every Flood
Retire, and know th' approaching God,
The King of Israel: See him here;
Tremble thou Earth, adore and fear.

He thunders, and all Nature mourns;
The Rock to standing Pools he turns;
Flints spring with Fountains at his Word,
And Fires and Seas confess the Lord.

This Psalm appears to me an admirable Ode, but if I had
introduced the Presence of God into the Camp of Israel re-
moving from Egypt, as all my Predecessors have done, I had
left the Divine Beauty of the Psalm: For had God appeared at
first, there could be no Wonder why the Mountains should
leap, and the Sea retire; therefore that this Convulsion of
Nature may be brought in with due Surprize, the Sacred Poet
conceals his Name till afterward, and then with a very agree-
able Turn of Thought God is introduced at once in all his Ma-
salty. This is what I have attempted to imitate, and to pre-
serve what I could of the Spirit of the inspired Author.

Psalm CXV. First Metre.
The True God our Refuge; or, Idolatry re-
proved.

Not to our Selves, who are but Dust,
Not to our Selves is Glory due,
Eternal God, Thou only Just,
Thou only Gracious, Wise and True.

Shine forth in all thy dreadful Name;
Why should a Heathen's haughty Tongue
Insult
In slight us, and to raise our Shame
Say, "Where's the God you've serv'd so long?"

III.
The God we serve maintains his Throne
Above the Clouds, beyond the Skies,
Thro' all the Earth his Will is done,
He knows our Groans, he hears our Cries.

IV.
But the vain Idols they adore
Are senseless Shapes of Stone and Wood;
At best a Mass of glittering Oar,
A silver Saint, or golden God.

V.
[With Eyes and Ears they carve their Head,
Deaf are their Ears, their Eyes are blind;
In vain are costly Offerings made,
And Vows are scatter'd in the Wind.

VI.
Their Feet were never made to move,
Nor Hands to sate when Mortals pray;
Mortals that pray them Fear or Love,
Seem to be blind and deaf as they.]

VII.
O Israel, make the Lord thy Hope,
Thy Help, thy Refuge, and thy Rest;
The Lord shall build thy Ruins up,
And bless the People and the Priest.

VIII.
The Dead no more can speak thy Praise,
They dwell in Silence and the Grave;
But we shall live to sing thy Grace,
And tell the World thy Pow'r to save.
Psalm CXV. Second Metre, as the New Tune of the 50th Psalm.

Popish Idolatry reproved.

A Psalm for the 5th of November.

I.

Nor to our Names, Thou only Just and True,
Not to our worthless Names is Glory due:
Thy Power and Grace, thy Truth and Justice claim
Immortal Honours to thy sov'reign Name.
Shine thro' the Earth from Heaven thy blest Abode,
Nor let the Heathens say; "And where's your God?"

II.

Heaven is thine higher Court: There stands thy Throne,
And thro' the lower Worlds thy Will is done:
Our God fram'd all this Earth, these Heavens he spread,
But Fools fram'd all this Earth, these Heavens he spread,
But Fools admire the Gods they've raised, and their Hands have made:
The kneeling Crowd with Looks devout behold
Their Silver-Saviours, and their Saints of Gold.

III.

[Vain are those artful Shapes of Eyes and Ears;
The molten Image neither sees nor hears:
Their Hands are helpless, nor their Feet can move,
They have no Speech, nor Thought, nor Power, nor Love;
Yet foolish Mortals make their long Complaints
To their deaf Idols, and their moveless Saints.

IV.

The Rich have Statutes well adorn'd with Gold;
The Poor content with Gods of coarser mould,
With Tools of Iron carve the senseless Stock
Lop'd from a Tree, or broken from a Rock:
People and Priest drive on the solemn Trade,
And trust the Gods that Saws and Hammers made.]

V.

Be Heaven and Earth amaz'd! 'Tis hard to say
Which is more stupid, or their Gods, or They.
O Israel, trust the Lord; he hears and sees,
He knows thy Sorrows, and restores thy Peace:
His Worship does a Thousand Comforts yield,
He isthy Help, and his thye Heavenly Shield.

VI.

O Britain, trust the Lord: Thy Foes in vain
Attempt thy Ruin, and oppose his Reign;
Had they prevail'd, Darkness had clos'd our Days,
And Death and Silence had forbid his Praise:
But we are fav'd, and live: Let Songs arise,
And Britain bless the God that built the Skies.

PSALM CXVI. First Part.

Recovery from Sickness.

I.

I love the Lord: He heard my Cries,
And pity'd every Groan:
Long as I live, when Troubles rise,
I'll hasten to his Throne.

II.

I lov'd the Lord: He bow'd his Ear
And chas'd my Grieves away:
O let my Heart no more despair,
While I have Breath to pray!

III.

My Flesh declin'd, my Spirits fell,
And I drew near the Dead,
While inward Pangs and Fears of Hell
Perplex't my wakeful head,

" My God, I cry'd, thy Servant save,
" Thou ever Good and Just;
" Thy Power can rescue from the Grave,
" Thy Power is all my Trust.

V.
The Lord beheld me sore distressed,
He bid my Pains remove:
Return, my Soul, to God thy Rest,
For thou hast known his Love.

My God hath sav’d my Soul from Death,
And dry’d my falling Tears:
Now to his Praise I’ll spend my Breath,
And my remaining Years.

Psalm CXVI. 12. &c. Second Part.
Vows made in Trouble paid in the Church; or,
Publick Thanks for Private Deliverance.

What shall I render to my God
For all his Kindness shown?
My Feet shall visit thine Abode,
My Songs address thy Throne.

Among the Saints that fill thine House
My Offerings shall be paid;
There shall my Zeal perform the Vows
My Soul in Anguish made.

How much is Mercy thy Delight,
Thou ever-blessed God!
How dear thy Servants in thy Sight!
How precious is their Blood!

How happy all thy Servants are!
How great thy Grace to me!
My Life which thou hast made thy Care,
Lord, I devote to Thee.
V.
Now I am Thine, for ever Thine,
Nor shall my Purpose move;
Thy Hand hath loos'd my Bonds of Pain
And bound me with thy Love.

VI.
Here in thy Courts I leave my Vow,
And thy rich Grace record;
Witness, ye Saints, who hear me now,
If I forfake the Lord

Psalm CXVII. Common Metre.
Praise to God from all Nations.

I.
O all ye Nations, praise the Lord
Each with a different Tongue;
In every Language learn his Word,
And let his Name be sung.

II.
His Mercy reigns thro' every Land;
Proclaim his Grace abroad;
For ever firm his Truth shall stand;
Praise ye the faithfull God.

Psalm CXVII. Long Metre.

I.
From all that dwell below the Skies
Let the Creator's Praise arise:
Let the Redeemer's Name be sung
Thro' every Land, by every Tongue.

II.
Eternal are thy Mercies, Lord;
Eternal Truth attends thy Word;
Thy
Thy Praise shall sound from Shore to Shore
Till Suns shall rise and set no more.

Psalm CXVII. Short Metre.

I.

Thy Name, Almighty Lord,
Shall sound thro' distant Lands;
Great is thy Grace, and sure thy Word;
Thy Truth for ever stands.

II.

Far be thine Honour spread,
And long thy Praise endure,
Till Morning-Light and Evening-Shade
Shall be exchang'd no more.

Psalm CXVIII. First Part. v. 6-15.
Deliverance from a Tumult.

I.

The Lord appears my Helper now,
Nor is my Faith afraid
What all the Sons of Earth can do,
Since Heaven affords its Aid.

II.

'Tis safer, Lord, to hope in Thee,
And have my God my Friend,
Than trust in Man of high Degree,
And on their Trust depend.

III.

Like Bees my Foes beset me round,
A large and angry Swarm;
But I shall all their Rage confound
By thine Almighty Arm.
'Tis thro' the Lord my Heart is strong,
   In him my Lips rejoice;
While his Salvation is my Song,
   How cheerfull is my Voice!

Like angry Bees they girt me round;
   When God appears they fly:
So burning Thorns with crackling Sound
   Make a fierce Blaze and die.

Joy to the Saints and Peace belongs;
   The Lord protects their Days:
Let Israel tune immortal Songs
   To his Almighty Grace.

Psalm CXVIII. Second Part. v. 17—21.
Publick Praise for Deliverance from Death.

I.

Lord, thou hast heard thy Servant cry,
   And rescu'd from the Grave;
Now shall he live: (and none can dy
If God resolve to save.)

II.

Thy Praise, more constant than before,
   Shall fill his daily Breath;
Thy Hand that hastchaftis'd him fore
   Defends him still from Death.

III.

Open the Gates of Zion now,
   For we shall worship there,
The House where all the Righteous go
   Thy Mercy to declare.
Among th’ Assemblies of thy Saints
Our thankfull Voice we raise;
There we have told Thee our Complaints,
And there we speak thy Praise.

**Psalm CXVIII. Third Part. v. 22, 23.**

Christ the Foundation of his Church.

I.

**Behold the sure Foundation-Stone**
Which God in Zion lays
To build our heavenly Hopes upon,
And his Eternal Praise.

II.

Chosen of God, to Sinners dear,
And Saints adore the Name,
They trust their whole Salvation here,
Nor shall they suffer Shame.

III.

The foolish Builders, Scribe and Priest
Reject it with Disdain;
Yet on this Rock the Church shall rest,
And Envy rage in vain.

IV.

What tho’ the Gates of Hell withstand,
Yet must this Building rise:
’Tis thy own Work, Almighty God,
And wondrous in our Eyes.

*These five Verses from the 22d to 27th, containing a glorious Prophecy of Christ. I have explained ’em at large in the Language of the New Testament in 2 distinct Hymns. 1. Pet. 2. 4. 6. Behold, I lay in Zion a chief Corner-stone, Elef, Precious, and he that believeth on Him shall not be ashamed—disallowed of Men, but chosen of God and precious. Matt. 16, 18. upon this Rock will I build my Church, and the Gates of Hell shall not prevail against it. See the Notes on the following Hymns.*
Psalm CXVIII. Fourth Pt. v. 24, 25, 26.
Hosanna; the Lord's Day: or, Christ's Resurrection, and our Salvation.

I.
This is the Day the Lord hath made,
He calls the Hours his own;
Let Heaven rejoice, let Earth be glad,
And Praise surround the Throne.

II.
To day he rose and left the Dead,
And Satan's Empire fell;
To day the Saints his Triumph spread,
And all his Wonders tell.

III.
Hosanna to th' anointed King,
To David's holy Son:
Help us, O Lord; descend and bring
Salvation from the Throne.

IV.
Blest be the Lord who comes to Men
With Messages of Grace;
Who comes in God his Father's Name
To save our sinfull Race.

V.
Hosanna in the highest Strains
The Church on Earth can raise;
The highest Heavens in which he reigns
Shall give him nobler Praise.

See the Notes on the foregoing and following Hymns.
Stan. 1. This is the Day wherein Christ fulfilled his Sufferings, and rose from the Dead, and has honoured it with his own Name. Rev 1. 10. The Lord's Day.

Stanza.
Psalm CXVIII. v. 22–27. Short Met.
An Hosanna for the Lord’s-day; or, a new Song of Salvation by Christ.

I.

See what a living Stone
The Builders did refuse;
Yet God hath built his Church thereon
In Spight of envious Jews.

II.

The Scribe and angry Priest
Reject thine only Son;
Yet on this Rock shall Zion rest,
As the chief Corner-stone.

III.

The Work, O Lord, is Thine,
And wondrous in our Eyes;
This Day declares it all Divine,
This Day did Jesus rise.

IV.

This is the glorious Day
That our Redeemer made;
Let us rejoice and sing and pray,
Let all the Church be glad.

V

Hosanna to the King
Of David’s royal Blood;
Bless him, ye Saints; He comes to bring
Salvation from your God.
VI.

We bless thine holy Word
Which all this Grace displays;
And offer on thine Altar, Lord,
Our Sacrifice of Praise.

St. 5. The 27th v. must be explain’d Evangelically; the Gospel is our Light, our Altar is Christ, and our Sacrifices are Prayer and Praise. Heb. 13. 10, 15.

PSALM CXVIII. 22—27. Long Metre.

An Hosanna for the Lords-day; or, a new Song of Salvation by Christ.

I.

Lo what a glorious Corner-stone
The Jews Builders did refuse;
But God hath built his Church thereon
In Spight of Envy and the Jews.

II.

Great God, the Work is all divine,
The Joy and Wonder of our Eyes:
This is the Day that proves it thine,
The Day that saw our Saviour rise.

III.

Sinners rejoice; and Saints, be glad:
Hosanna, let his Name be blest;
A thousand Honours on his Head
With Peace and Light and Glory rest!

IV.

In God’s own Name he comes to bring
Salvation to our dying Race;
Let the whole Church address their King
With Hearts of Joy and Songs of Praise.

St.
Psalm CXIX.

I have collected and disposed the most usefull Verses of this Psalm under eighteen different Heads, and form'd a Divine Song upon each of them. But the Verses are much transposed to attain some degree of Connexion.

In some places among the Words, Law, Commands, Judgments, Testimonies, I have used Gospel, Word, Grace, Truth, Promises, &c. as more agreeable to the New Testament, and the Common Language of Christians, and equally answers the Design of the Psalmist, which was to recommend the Holy Scripture.

Psalm CXIX. First Part.
The Blessedness of Saints, and Misery of Sinners

I. v. 1, 2, 3.

Blest are the undefil'd in Heart,
Whose Ways are right and clean;
Who never from thy Law depart,
But fly from every Sin.

II. 

Blest are the Men that keep thy Word,
And practice thy Commands;
With their whole Heart they seek the Lord,
And serve Thee with their Hands.
Psalms

III. v. 165.
Great is their Peace who love thy Law;
How firm their Souls abide!
Nor can a bold Temptation draw
Their steady Feet aside.

IV. v. 6.
Then shall my Heart have inward Joy,
And keep my Face from Shame,
When all thy Statutes I obey,
And Honour all thy Name.

V. v. 21, 118.
But haughty Sinners God will hate,
The Proud shall die accurst;
The Sons of Falshood and Deceit
Are trodden to the Dust.

VI. v. 119, 155.
Vile as the Dross the Wicked are:
And those that leave thy Ways
Shall see Salvation from afar,
But never taste thy Grace.

Psalm CXIX. Second Part.
Secret Devotion and Spiritual-Mindedness;
or, Constant Converse with God.

I. v. 147, 55.
To Thee, before the dawning Light,
My gracious God, I pray;
I meditate thy Name by Night,
And keep thy Law by Day.

II. v. 81.
My Spirit faints to see thy Grace,
Thy Promise bears me up;
P And
And while Salvation long delays,
Thy Word supports my Hope.

Seven Times a Day I lift my Hands,
And pay my Thanks to Thee;
Thy righteous Providence demands
Repeated Praise from me.

When Midnight-darkness vails the Skies,
I call thy Works to Mind;
My Thoughts in warm Devotion rise.
And sweet Acceptance find.

Psalm CXIX. Third Part.
Professions of Sincerity, Repentance and Obedience.

Thou art my Portion, O my God;
Soon as I know thy Way,
My Heart makes haste t’obey thy Word,
And suffers no Delay.

I choose the Path of heavenly Truth,
And glory in my Choice:
Not all the Riches of the Earth
Could make me so rejoice.

The Testimonies of thy Grace
I set before my Eyes;
Thence I derive my daily Strength
And there my Comfort lies.

If once I wander from thy Path,
I think upon my Ways,
Then
Then turn my Feet to thy Commands,
And trust thy pardoning Grace.

V. v. 94, 114.

Now I am thine, for ever thine,
O save thy Servant, Lord;
Thou art my Shield, my Hiding-place;
My Hope is in thy Word.

VI. v. 112.

Thou hast inclin’d this Heart of mine
Thy Statutes to fulfill;
And thus till mortal Life shall end
Would I perform thy Will.

Psalm CXIX. Fourth Part.

Instruction from Scripture.

I. v. 9.

How shall the Young secure their Hearts,
And guard their Lives from Sin?
Thy Word the choicest Rules imparts
To keep the Conscience clean.

II. v. 130.

When once it enters to the Mind,
It spreads such Light abroad,
The meanest Souls Instruction find,
And raise their Thoughts to God.

III. v. 105.

'Tis like the Sun, a heavenly Light,
That guides us all the Day;
And thro’ the Dangers of the Night,
A Lamp to lead our Way.

IV. v. 99, 100.

The Men that keep thy Law with Care,
And meditate thy Word,

Grow
Grow wiser than their Teachers are,
And better know the Lord.

V. v. 104, 113.

Thy Precepts make me truly wise;
I hate the Sinners Road;
I hate my own vain Thoughts that rise,
But love thy Law, my God.

VI. v. 89, 90, 91.

[The starry Heavens thy Rule obey,
The Earth maintains her Place;
And these thy Servants Night and Day
Thy Skill and Power express.

VII.

But still thy Law and Gospel, Lord,
Have Lessons more divine:
Not Earth stands firmer than thy Word,
Nor Stars so nobly shine.]

VIII. v. 160, 140, 9, 116.

Thy Word is everlasting Truth;
How pure is every Page!
That holy Book shall guide our Youth,
And well support our Age.

Psalm CXIX. Fifth Part.

Delight in Scripture; or, The Word of God
dwelling in us.

I. v. 97.

O how I love thy holy Law!
'Tis daily my Delight;
And thence my Meditations draw
Divine Advice by Night.
My waking Eyes prevent the Day
To meditate thy Word;
My Soul with Longing melts away
To hear thy Gospel, Lord.

How doth thy Word my Heart engage!
How well employ my Tongue!
And in my tiresome Pilgrimage
Yields me a heavenly Song:

Am I a Stranger, or at Home,
'Tis my perpetual Feast;
Not Honey dropping from the Comb
So much allures the Taft.

No Treasures to enrich the Mind;
Nor shall thy Word be sold
For Loads of Silver well-refin'd,
Nor Heaps of choicest Gold.

When Nature sinks and Spirits droop,
Thy Promises of Grace
Are Pillars to support my Hope,
And there I write thy Praise.

Psalm CXIX. Sixth Part.
Holiness and Comfort from the Word.

Lord, I esteem thy Judgments right,
And all thy Statutes just;
Thence I maintain a constant Fight
With every flattering Lust.
Thy Precepts often I survey;  
I keep thy Law in Sight,  
Thro' all the Business of the Day,  
To form my Actions right.  

My Heart in Midnight Silence cries,  
"How sweet thy Comforts be!  
My Thoughts in holy Wonder rise,  
And bring their Thanks to Thee."

And when my Spirit drinks her Fill  
At some good Word of Thine,  
Not mighty Men that share the Spoil  
Have Joys compar'd to mine.

Psalm CXIX. Seventh Part.  

Let all the Heathen Writers joy;  
To form one perfect Book,  
Great God, if once compar'd with thine,  
How mean their Writings look!

Not the most perfect Rules they gave  
Could shew one Sin forgiven;  
Nor lead a Step beyond the Grave,  
But thine conduct to Heaven.

I've seen an End of what we call  
Perfection here below;  
How short the Powers of Nature fall,  
And can no further go:
Yet Men would fain be just with God
By Works their Hands have wrought;
But thy Commands, exceeding broad,
Extend to every Thought.

In vain we boast Perfection here,
While Sin defiles our Frame;
And sinks our Virtues down so far,
They scarce deserve the Name.

Our Faith and Love, and every Grace
Fall far below thy Word;
But perfect Truth and Righteousness
Dwell only with the Lord.

Psalm CXIX. Eighth Part.
The Word of God is the Saints Portion; or,
The Excellency and Variety of Scripture.
I. v. 3. paraphras'd.

Lord, I have made thy Word my Choice,
My lasting Heritage:
There shall my noblest Powers rejoice,
My warmest Thoughts engage.

I'll read the Histories of thy Love,
And keep thy Laws in Sight,
While thro' the Promises I rove
With ever-fresh Delight.

Tis a broad Land of Wealth unknown,
Where Springs of Life arise,
Seeds of immortal Bliss are sown,
And hidden Glory lies.

IV.
The best Relief that Mourners have,
It makes our Sorrows blest;
Our fairest Hope beyond the Grave,
And our eternal Rest.

Psalm CXIX. Ninth Part.
Desire of Knowledge; or, The Teachings of the Spirit with the Word.
I. v. 64, 68, 18.

Thy Mercies fill the Earth, O Lord,
How good thy Works appear!
Open mine Eyes to read thy Word,
And see thy Wonders there.

II. v. 73, 125.

My Heart was fashion'd by thy Hand,
My Service is thy Due:
O make thy Servant understand
The Duties he must do.

III. v. 19.

Since I'm a Stranger here below,
Let not thy Path be hid,
But mark the Road my Feet should go,
And be my constant Guide.

IV. v. 26.

When I confess'd my wandring Ways,
Thou heardst my Soul complain;
Grant me the Teachings of thy Grace,
Or I shall stray again.

V. v. 33, 34.

If God to me his Statutes shew,
And heav'nly Truth impart. His
Psalms

His Work for ever I'll pursue,
His Law shall rule my Heart.

VI. v. 50, 71.
This was my Comfort when I bore
Variety of Grief;
It made me learn thy Word the more,
And fly to that Relief.

VII. v. 51.
[In vain the Proud deride me now;
I'll ne'er forget thy Law,
Nor let that blessed Gospel go
Whence all my Hopes I draw.

VIII. v. 27, 171.
When I have learn'd my Father's Will,
I'll teach the World his Ways;
My thankfull Lips inspir'd with Zeal
Shall loud pronounce his Praise.]

Psalm CXIX. Tenth Part.
Pleading the Promises.

I. v. 38, 49.
Behold thy waiting Servant, Lord,
Devoted to thy Fear;
Remember and confirm thy Word,
For all my Hopes are there.

II. v. 41, 58, 107.
Hast thou not writ Salvation down,
And promis'd quickning Grace?
Dost not my Heart address thy Throne?
And yet, thy Love delays.

III. v. 123, 42.
Mine Eyes for thy Salvation fail;
O bear thy Servant up;
Nor let the scoffing Lips prevail,
Who dare reproach my Hope.

IV. v. 49, 74.

Didst Thou not raise my Faith, O Lord?
Then let thy Truth appear:
Saints shall rejoice in my Reward,
And trust as well as fear.

Psalm CXIX. Eleventh Part.
Breathing after Holiness.

I. v. 5, 33.

O That the Lord would guide my Ways
To keep his Statutes still!
O that my God would grant me Grace
To know and do his Will!

II. v. 29.

O Send thy Spirit down to write
Thy Law upon my Heart!
Nor let my Tongue indulge Deceit,
Nor act the Liars part.

III. v. 37, 36.

From Vanity turn off my Eyes:
Let no corrupt Design,
Nor covetous Desires arise
Within this Soul of mine.

IV. v. 133.

Order my Footsteps by thy Word,
And make my Heart sincere;
Let sin have no Dominion, Lord,
But keep my Conscience clear.

V. v. 176.

My Soul hath gone too far a stray;
My Feet too often slip;
Yet since I've not forgot thy Way,
Restore thy wandring Sheep.

VI. v. 35.

Make me to walk in thy Commands,
'Tis a delightfull Road;
Nor let my Head or Heart or Hands
Offend against my God.

Psalm CXIX. Twelfth Part.

Breathing after Comfort and Deliverance.

I. v. 153.

My God, consider my Distress,
Let Mercy plead my Cause;
Tho' I have sinn'd against thy Grace,
I can't forget thy Laws.

II. v. 39, 116.

Forbid, forbid the sharp Reproach
Which I so justly fear;
Uphold my Life, uphold my Hopes,
Nor let my Shame appear.

III. v. 122, 135.

Be thou a Surety, Lord, for me,
Nor let the Proud oppress;
But make thy waiting Servant see
The Shinings of thy Face.

IV. v 82.

My Eyes with Expectation fail,
My Heart within me Cries,
"When will the Lord his Truth fulfill,
And make my Comforts rise?"

V. v 132.

Look down upon my Sorrows, Lord,
And shew thy Grace the Same

As
As Thou art ever wont to afford
To Those that love thy Name.

PSALM CXIX. Thirteenth Part.
Holy Fear and Tenderness of Conscience.

I. v. 10.

With my whole Heart I've sought thy Face,
O let me never stray from thy Commands, O God of Grace,
Nor tread the Sinners Way.

II. v. 11.

Thy Word I've hid within my Heart
To keep my Conscience clean,
And be an everlasting Guard
From every rising Sin.

III. v. 63, 53, 158.

I'm a Companion of the Saints
Who fear and love the Lord;
My Sorrows rise, my Nature faints,
When Men transgress thy Word.

IV. v. 161, 163.

While Sinners do thy Gospel Wrong,
My Spirit stands in Awe;
My Soul abhors a lying Tongue,
But loves thy righteous Law.

V. v. 161, 120.

My Heart with sacred Reverence hears
The Threatnings of thy Word;
My Flesh with holy Trembling fears
The Judgments of the Lord.

VI. v. 166, 174.

My God, I long, I hope, I wait
For thy Salvation still;

While
While thy whole Law is my Delight,
And I obey thy Will.

Psalm CXIX. Fourteenth Part.
Benefit of Afflictions and Support under 'em.
I. v. 153, 81, 82.

Consider all my Sorrows, Lord,
And thy Deliverance send;
My Soul for thy Salvation faints,
When will my Troubles end?

II. v. 71.

Yet I have found, 'tis good for me
To bear my Father's Rod;
Afflictions make me learn thy Law,
And live upon my God.

III. v. 50.

This is the Comfort I enjoy,
When new Distress begins,
I read thy Word, I run thy Way,
And hate my former Sins.

IV. v. 92.

Had not thy Word been my Delight
When earthly Joys were fled,
My Soul opprest with Sorrows Weight
Had sunk amongst the Dead.

V. v. 75.

I know thy Judgments, Lord, are right,
Tho' they may seem severe;
The sharpest Sufferings I endure
Flow from thy faithfull Care.

VI. v. 67.

Before I knew thy chastening Rod
My Feet were apt to stray;
But
But now I learn to keep thy Word,  
Nor wander from thy Way.  

Psalm CXIX. Fifteenth Part.  
Holy Resolutions.  
I. v. 93.

O That thy Statutes every Hour  
Might dwell upon my Mind!  
Thence I derive a quickning Power,  
And daily Peace I find.  
II. v. 15, 16.

To meditate thy Precepts, Lord,  
Shall be my sweet Employ;  
My Soul shall ne'er forget thy Word,  
Thy Word is all my Joy.  
III. v. 32.

How would I run in thy Commands,  
If thou my Heart discharge  
From Sin and Satan's hatefull Chains,  
And set my Feet at large.  
IV. v. 13, 46.

My Lips with Courage shall declare  
Thy Statutes and thy Name;  
I'll speak thy Word tho' Kings should hear,  
Nor yield to sinfull Shame.  
V. v. 61, 69, 70.

Let Bands of Persecutors rise  
To rob me of my Right,  
Let Pride and Malice forge their Lies  
Thy Law is my Delight.  
VI. v. 115.

Depart from me, ye wicked Race,  
Whole Hands and Hearts are ill:
Psalms

I love my God, I love his Ways,
And must obey his Will.

Psalm CXIX. Sixteenth Part.
Prayer for Quickning Grace.
I. v. 25, 37.

My Soul lies cleaving to the Dust;
Lord, give me Life divine;
From vain Desires and every Lust
Turn off these Eyes of mine.

II.
I need the Influence of thy Grace
To speed me in thy Way,
Left I should loiter in my Race,
Or turn my Feet astray.

III. v. 107.
When sore Afflictions press me down,
I need thy quickning Powers;
Thy Word that I have rested on
Shall help my heaviest Hours.

IV. v. 156, 40.
Are not thy Mercies sovereign still?
And thou a faithfull God?
Wilt thou not grant me warmer Zeal
To run the heavenly Road?

V. v. 159, 40.
Does not my Heart thy Precepts love,
And long to see thy Face?
And yet how slow my Spirits move
Without enlivening Grace!

VI. v. 93.
Then shall I love thy Gospel more,
And ne'er forget thy Word,

When
Psalm CXIX. Seventeenth Part.
Courage and Perseverance under Persecution; or, Grace Joining in Difficulties and Trials.
I. v. 143, 28.

When Pain and Anguish seize me, Lord,
All my Support is from thy Word:
My Soul dissolves for Heaviness,
Uphold me with thy strengthening Grace.

II. v. 51, 69, 110.
The Proud have fram'd their Scoffs & Lies,
They watch my Feet with envious Eyes,
And tempt my Soul to Snares and Sin,
Yet thy Commands I ne'er decline.

III. v. 161, 78.
They hate me, Lord, without a Cause,
They hate to see me love thy Laws;
But I will trust and fear thy Name,
Till Pride and Malice die with Shame.

Psalm CXIX. Last Part.
Sanctify'd Afflictions; or, Delight in the Word of God.
I. v. 67, 59.

Father, I bless thy gentle Hand;
How kind was thy chastising Rod
That forc'd my Conscience to a Stand,
And brought my wandring Soul to God!
II.

Foolish and vain I went astray
E'er I had felt thy Scourges, Lord,
I left my Guide, and lost my Way;
But now I love and keep thy Word.

III. v. 71.

'Tis good for me to wear the Yoke,
For Pride is apt to rise and swell;
'Tis good to bear my Father's Stroke
That I might learn his Statutes well.

IV. v. 72.

The Law that issueth from thy Mouth
Shall raise my cheerful Passions more
Than all the Treasures of the South,
Or Western Hills of Golden Ore.

V. v. 73.

Thy Hands have made my mortal Frame,
Thy Spirit form'd my Soul within;
Teach me to know thy wondrous Name,
And guard me safe from Death and Sin.

VI. v. 74.

Then all that love and fear the Lord
At my Salvation shall rejoice;
For I have hoped in thy Word,
And made thy Grace my only Choice.

PSALM CXX.

Complaint of quarrelsome Neighbours; or, a devout Wish for Peace.

I.

Thou God of Love, thou ever-blessed,
Pity my suffering State;

When
When wilt thou set my Soul at Rest
From Lips that love Deceit?

II.
Hard Lot of mine! my Days are cast
Among the Sons of Strife,
Whose never-ceasing Brawlings waste
My golden Hours of Life.

III.
O might I fly to change my Place,
How would I chuse to dwell
In some wide lonesome Wilderness,
And leave these Gates of Hell!

IV.
Peace is the Blessing that I seek,
How lovely are its Charms!
I am for Peace; but when I speak,
They all declare for Arms.

V.
New Passions still their Souls engage,
And keep their Malice strong:
What shall be done to curb thy Rage,
O thou devouring Tongue!

VI.
Should burning Arrows smite thee thro',
Strict Justice would approve;
But I had rather spare my Foe,
And melt his Heart with Love.

I hope the Transposition of several Verses of the Psalm is no Disadvantage to this Imitation of it. Nor will the Spirit of the Gospel and Charity at the End, render it less agreeable to Christian Ears.
PSALMS

PSALM CXXI. Long Metre.

Divine Protection.

I.

Up to the Hills I lift mine Eyes,
Th’Eternal Hills beyond the Skies;
Thence all her Help my Soul derives;
There my Almighty Refuge lives.

II.

He lives; the Everlasting God,
That built the World, that spread the Flood;
The Heav’ns with all their Hosts he made,
And the dark Regions of the Dead.

III.

He guides our Feet, He guards our Way;
His Morning-Smiles blest all the Day;
He spreads the Evening-Veil, and keeps
The silent Hours whilst Is rael sleeps.

IV.

Israel, a Name divinely blest,
May rise secure, securely rest;
Thy holy Guardian’s wakefull Eyes
Admit no Slumber nor Surprize.

V.

No Sun shall smite thy Head by Day,
Nor the pale Moon with sickly Ray
Shall blast thy Couch; no balefull Star
Dart his malignant Fire so far.

VI.

Should Earth and Hell with Malice burn,
Still thou shalt go and still return
Safe in the Lord; his heavenly Care
Defends thy Life from every Snare.
On Thee foul Spirits have no Power;
And in thy last departing Hour
Angels, that trace the airy Road,
Shall bear Thee homeward to thy God.

See the Notes on Psalm 41.

Psalm CXXI. Common Metre.
Preservation by Day and Night.

I.
To Heaven I lift my waiting Eyes,
There all my Hopes are laid:
The Lord that built the Earth and Skies
Is my perpetual Aid.

II.
Their Feet shall never slide to fall,
Whom he designs to keep;
His Ear attends the softest Call,
His Eyes can never sleep.

III.
He will sustain our weakest Powers
With his almighty Arm,
And watch our most unguarded Hours
Against surprising Harm.

IV.
Israel, rejoice and rest secure;
Thy Keeper is the Lord;
His wakeful Eyes employ his Power
For thine eternal Guard.

V.
Nor scorching Sun, nor sickly Moon
Shall have his Leave to smite;
He shields thy Head from burning Noon,
From blasting Damps at Night.

VI.
VI.
He guards thy Soul, he keeps thy Breath
Where thickest Dangers come;
Go and return, secure from Death,
Till God commands thee home.
Psalm CXXI. as the 148th Psalm;
God our Preserver.

I.
Upward I lift mine Eyes,
From God is all my Aid;
The God that built the Skies,
And Earth and Nature made:
   God is the Tow'r
   To which I fly;
   His Grace is nigh
   In every Hour.

II.
My Feet shall never slide
And fall in fatal Snares,
Since God my Guard and Guide
Defends me from my Fears.
   Those wakefull Eyes
   That never sleep
   Shall Israel keep
   When Dangers rise.

III.
No burning Heats by Day,
Nor blasts of Evening-Air
Shall take my Health away,
If God be with me there:
   Thou art my Sun,
   And thou my Shade,
Psalms.

To guard my Head
By Night or Noon.

VI.

Has thou not giv'n thy Word
To save my Soul from Death?
And I can trust my Lord
To keep my mortal Breath:
I'll go and come,
Nor fear to dye,
Till from on high
Thou call me home.

Psalm CXXII. Common Metre.

Going to Church.

I.

How did my Heart rejoice to hear
My Friends devoutly say,
"In Zion let us all appear,
"And keep the solemn Day!"

II.

I love her Gates, I love the Road;
The Church adorn'd with Grace
Stands like a Palace built for God
To shew his milder Face.

III.

Up to her Courts with Joys unknown
The holy Tribes repair;
The Son of David holds his Throne,
And sits in Judgment there.

IV.

He hears our Praises and Complaints;
And while his awfull Voice
Divides the Sinners from the Saints,
We tremble and rejoice.
Peace be within this sacred Place,
And Joy a constant Guest!
With holy Gifts and heavenly Grace
Be her Attendants blest!

VI.
My Soul shall pray for Zion still,
While Life or Breath remains;
There my best Friends, my Kindred dwell,
There God my Saviour reigns.

Psalm CXXII. Proper Tune.
Going to Church.

I.
How pleas’d and blest was I
To hear the People cry,
Come, let us seek our God to Day;
Yes, with a cheerfull Zeal
We haste to Zion’s Hill,
And there our Vows and Honours pay.

II.
Zion, thrice happy Place,
Adorn’d with wondrous Grace,
And Walls of Strength embrace theeround;
In thee our Tribes appear
To pray, and praise, and hear
The sacred Gospel’s joyfull Sound.

III.
There David’s greater Son
Has fix’d his royal Throne,
He fits for Grace and Judgment there;
He bids the Saint be glad,
He makes the Sinner sad,
And humble Souls rejoice with Fear.
IV.
May Peace attend thy Gate,
And Joy within thee wait
To bless the Soul of every Guest!
The Man that seeks thy Peace,
And wishes thine Encrease,
A Thousand Blessings on him rest!

V.
My Tongue repeats her Vows,
Peace to this sacred House!
For there my Friends and Kindred dwell;
And since my glorious God
Makes thee his blest Abode,
My Soul shall ever love thee well.

PSALM CXXIII.
Pleading with Submission.

I.
O Thou whose Grace and Justice reign
Enthron'd above the Skies,
To Thee our Hearts would tell their Pain,
To Thee we lift our Eyes.

II.
As Servants watch their Master's Hand,
And fear the angry Stroke;
Or Maids before their Mistress stand,
And wait a peaceful Look.

III.
So for our Sins we justly feel
Thy Discipline, O God;
Yet wait the gracious Moment still,
Till thou remove thy Rod.

IV.
Psalms

IV.
Those that in Wealth and Pleasure live
Our daily Groans deride,
And thy Delays of Mercy give
Fresh Courage to their Pride.

V.
Our Foes infult us, but our Hope
In thy Compassion lies;
This Thought shall bear our Spirits up,
That God will not despise.

Psalm CXXIV.
A Song for the 5th of November.

I.
Had not the Lord, may Israel say,
Had not the Lord maintain'd our side,
When Men, to make our Lives a Prey,
Rose like the Swelling of the Tide,

II.
The swelling Tide had gipt our Breath,
So fiercely did the Waters roll,
We had been swallow'd deep in Death;
Proud Waters had o'erwhelm'd our Soul.

III.
We leap for Joy, we shout and sing,
Who 'scap'd the fatal Stroke;
So flies the Bird with cheerfull Wing,
When once the Fowler's Snare is broke.

IV.
For ever blessed be the Lord
Who broke the Fowler's cursed Snare,
Who sav'd us from the murdering Sword,
And made our Lives and Souls his Care.

Q
V.
Our help is in Jehovah's Name,
Who form'd the Earth and built the Skies;
He that upholds that wondrous Frame
Guards his own Church with watchfull Eyes.

PSALM CXXV. Com. Metre.
The Saints Trial and Safety.

I.
Unshaken as the sacred Hill,
Ard firm as Mountains be,
Firm as a Rock the Soul shall rest
That leans, O Lord, on Thee.

II.
Not Walls nor Hills could guard so well
Old Salem's happy Ground,
As those eternal Arms of Love
That every Saint surround.

III.
While Tyrants are a smarting Scourge
To drive them near to God,
Divine Compassion does allay
The Fury of the Rod.

IV.
Deal gently, Lord, with Souls sincere,
And lead them safely on
To the bright Gates of Paradise
Where Christ their Lord is gone.

V.
But if we trace those crooked Ways
That the old Serpent drew,
The Wrath that drove him first to Hell
Shall unfit his Followers too.
Psalm CXXV. Short Metre.

The Saint's Trial & Safety; or, moderated Afflictions.

I.
Firm and unmov'd are they
That rest their Souls on God;
Firm as the Mount where David dwelt,
Or where the Ark abode.

II.
As Mountains stood to guard
The City's sacred Ground,
So God and his Almighty Love
Embrace his Saints around.

III.
What tho' the Father's Rod
Drop a Chastising Stroke,
Yet left it wound their Souls too deep
Its Fury shall be broke.

IV.
Deal gently, Lord, with those
Whose Faith and pious Fear,
Whose Hope, and Love, and every Grace
Proclaim their Hearts sincere.

V.
Nor shall the Tyrants Rage
Too long oppress the Saint;
The God of Israel will support
His Children left they Faint.

VI.
But if our slavish Fear
Will chuse the Road to Hell,
We must expect our Portion there
Where bolder Sinners dwell.

The last Stanza of this Metre more clearly expresses the true Sense of the Psalmist in this Place.
Psalm CXXVI. Long Metre.

Surprizing Deliverance.

I.

When God restor’d our captive State,
Joy was our Song, & Grace our Theme;
The Grace beyond our Hopes so great,
That Joy appear’d a painted Dream.

II.

The Scoffer owns thy Hand, and pays
Unwilling Honours to thy Name;
While we with Pleasure shout thy Praise,
With cheerfull Notes thy Love proclaim.

III.

When we review our dismal Fears,
’Twas hard to think they’d vanish so;
With God we left our flowing Tears,
He makes our Joys like Rivers flow.

IV.

The Man that in his furrow’d Field
His scatter’d Seed with Sadness leaves,
Will shout to see the Harvest yield
A welcome Load of joyfull Sheaves.

Psalm CXXVI. Com. Metre.
The Joy of Conversion; or, Melancholy removed.

I.

When God reveal’d his gracious Name,
And chang’d my mournfull State,
My Rapture seem’d a pleasing Dream,
The Grace appear’d so great.

II.

The World beheld the glorious Change,
And did thy Hand confess;
My Tongue broke out in unknown Strains
And Sung surprizing Grace.

III.
Great is the Work, my Neighbours cry'd,
And own'd the Power divine;
Great is the Work, my Heart reply'd,
And be the Glory Thine.

IV.
The Lord can clear the darkest Skies,
Can give us Day for Night;
Make Drops of sacred Sorrow rise:
To Rivers of Delight.

V.
Let those that how in Sadness wait
Till the fair Harvest come,
They shall confess their Sheaves are great,
And shout the Blessings Home.

VI.
Tho' Seed by buried long in Dust,
It shan't deceive their Hope;
The precious Grain can ne'er be lost,
For Grace insures the Crop.

Psalm CXXVII. Long Met.
The Blessing of God on the Business and
Comforts of Life.

I.
If God succeed not, all the Cost
And Pains to build the House are lost.
If God the City will not keep,
The watchfull Guards as well may sleep.
II.
What if you rise before the Sun,
And work and toil when Day is done,
Carefull and sparing eat your Bread
To shun that Poverty you dread;

III.
'Tis all in vain, till God hath blest;
He can make rich, yet give us Rest:
Children and Friends are Blessings too
If God our Sovereign make them so.

IV.
Happy the Man to whom he sends
Obedient Children, faithfull Friends!
How sweet our daily Comforts prove
When they are Season'd with his Love!

Psalm CXXVII. Com. Met.

I.
If God to build the House deny,
The Builders work in vain;
And Towns without his wakefull Eye
An useless Watch maintain.

II.
Before the Morning-Beams arise
Your painfull Work renew,
And till the Stars ascend the Skies
Your tiresome Toil pursue.

III.
Short be your Sleep, and coarse your Fare;
In vain, till God has blest;
But if his Smiles attend your Care,
You shall have Food and Rest.

IV.
Nor Children, Relatives, nor Friends
Shall real Blessings prove,
Nor all the earthly Joys he sends,
If sent without his Love.

Psalm CXXVIII.
Family Blessings.

I.

O Happy Man whose Soul is fill'd
With Zeal and reverent Awe!
His Lips to God their Honours yield,
His Life adorns the Law.

II.

A carefull Providence shall stand
And ever guard thy Head,
Shall on the Labours of thy Hand
Its kindly Blessings shed.

III.

Thy Wife shall be a fruitful Vine;
Thy Children round thy Board
Each like a Plant of Honour shine,
And learn to fear the Lord.

IV.

The Lord shall thy best Hopes fulfill
For Months and Years to come;
The Lord who dwells on Zion's Hill
Shall send Thee Blessings home.

V.

This is The Man whose happy Eyes
Shall see his House encrease,
Shall see the sinking Church arise,
Then leave the World in Peace.
Psalms

Psalm CXXIX.

Persecutors punish'd.

I.

Up from my Youth, may Israel say,
Have I been nurs'd in Tears;
My Griefs were constant as the Day,
And tedious as the Years.

II.

Up from my Youth I bore the Rage
Of all the Sons of Strife;
Oft they assail'd my riper Age,
But not destroy'd my Life.

III.

Their cruel Plow had torn my Flesh
With Furrows long and deep,
Hourly they vex't my Wounds afresh,
Nor let my Sorrows sleep.

IV.

The Lord grew angry on his Throne,
And with impartial Eye
Measur'd the Mischief's they had done,
Then let his Arrows fly.

V.

How was their Insolence surpriz'd
To hear his Thunders roll!
And all the Foes of Zion seiz'd
With Horror to the Soul.

VI.

Thus shall the Men that hate the Saints,
Be blasted from the Sky;
Their Glory fades, their Courage Saints,
And all their Projects dy.

VII.

I.
Out of the Deeps of long Distress,
The Borders of Despair,
I sent my Cries to seek thy Grace,
My Groans to move thine Ear.

II.
Great God, shou'd thy severer Eye
And thine impartial Hand
Mark and revenge Iniquity,
No mortal Flesh could stand.

III.
But there are Pardons with my God
For Crimes of high Degree;
Thy Son has bought them with his Blood
To draw us near to Thee.
IV.
[I wait for thy Salvation, Lord,
With strong Desires I wait;
My Soul invited by thy Word
Stands watching at thy Gate.]

V.
[Just as the Guards that keep the Night
Long for the Morning-Skies,
Watch the first Beams of breaking Light,
And meet them with their Eyes.

VI.
So waits my Soul to see thy Grace,
And more intent than They
Meets the first Openings of thy Face,
And finds a brighter Day.]

VII.
[Then in the Lord let Israel trust,
Let Israel seek his Face;
The Lord is Good as well as Just,
And plenteous is his Grace.

VIII.
There’s full Redemption at his Throne
For Sinners long enslav’d;
The Great Redeemer is his Son:
And Israel shall be fav’d.

P S A L M CXXX. Long Metre.
Pardoning Grace.

I.
From deep Distress & troubl’d Thoughts
To Thee my God, I rais’d my Cries;
If thou severely mark our Faults,
No Flesh can stand before thine Eyes.
PSALMS.

II.
But thou hast built thy Throne of Grace,
Free to dispense thy Pardons there,
That Sinners may approach thy Face,
And hope and love as well as fear.

III.
As the benighted Pilgrims wait,
And long, and wish for breaking Day,
So waits my Soul before thy Gate;
When will my God his Face display?

IV.
My Trust is fix'd upon thy Word,
Nor shall I trust thy Word in vain:
Let mourning Souls address the Lord,
And find Relief from all their Pain.

V.
Great is his Love, and large his Grace,
Thro' the Redemption of his Son:
He turns our Feet from sinfull Ways,
And pardons what our Hands have done.

PSALM CXXXI.
Humility and Submission.

I.
Is there Ambition in my Heart?
Search, gracious God, and see;
Or do I act a haughty Part?
Lord, I appeal to Thee.

II.
I charge my Thoughts, be humble still,
And all my Carriage mild,
Content, my Father, with thy Will,
And quiet as a Child.
III.

The patient Soul, the lowly Mind
Shall have a large Reward:
Let Saints in Sorrow ly resign'd,
And trust a faithfull Lord.

At the Settlement of a Church; or, the Ordination of a Minister.

I.

Where shall we go to seek and find
An Habitation for our God,
A Dwelling for th' Eternal Mind
Amongst the Sons of Flesh and Blood?

II.

The God of Jacob chose the Hill
Of Zion for his antient Rest;
And Zion is his Dwelling still,
His Church is with his Presence blest.

III.

Here will I fix my gracious Throne,
And reign for ever, faith the Lord;
Here shall my Power and Love be known,
And Blessings shall attend my Word.

IV.

Here will I meet the hungry Poor,
And fill their Souls with living Bread;
Sinners that wait before my Door
With sweet Provision shall be fed.

V.

Girded with Truth & cloth'd with Grace,
My Priests, my Ministers shall shine;
Not Aaron in his costly Drefs
Made an Appearance so divine.

VI.
The Saints unable to contain
Their inward Joys shall shout and sing;
The Son of David here shall reign,
And Zion triumph in her King.

VII.
[Jesus shall see a numerous Seed
Born here, 't'uphold his glorious Name;
His Crown shall flourish on his Head,
While all his Foes are cloth'd with Shame.]

PSALM CXXXII. 4, 5, 7, 8, 15--17. Com.

Metre.

A Church establisht.

I.

No Sleep, nor Slumber to his Eyes
Good David would afford,
Till he had found below the Skies
A Dwelling for the Lord.

II.
The Lord in Zion plac'd his Name,
His Ark was settled there;
To Zion the whole Nation came
To worship Thrice a Year.

III.
But we have no such Lengths to go,
Nor wander far abroad;
Where e'er thy Saints assemble now,
There is a House for God. ]

PAUSE.

IV.

Arise, O King of Grace, arise,
And enter to thy Rest:
Lo thy Church waits with longing Eyes
Thus to be own’d and blest.

Enter with all thy glorious Train,
Thy Spirit and thy Word;
All that the Ark did once contain
Could no such Grace afford.

Here, mighty God, accept our Vows,
Here let thy Praise be spread;
Bless the Provisions of thy House,
And fill thy Poor with Bread.

Here let the Son of David reign,
Let God’s Anointed shine;
Justice and Truth his Court maintain,
With Love and Pow’r divine.

Here let him hold a lasting Throne;
And as his Kingdom grows,
Fresh Honours shall adorn his Crown,
And Shame confound his Foes.

The Settlement of the Ark in Zion is a fair Type of the Dwelling of Christ in his Churches; and I have so copy’d this Psalm in both Metres, omitting the Verses less necessary to this Sense.

St. 2. Thrice in the Year shall all your Male-children appear before the Lord, &c. Exod. 34. 23.
St. 3. Where Two or Three are gather’d together in my Name there am I in the Midst of them. Matt. 18. 20.
The House of God, the Church, &c. 1, Tim. 3. 15.
Psalm CXXXIII. Com. Met.

Brotherly Love.

I.

Lo, what an entertaining Sight
Are Brethren that agree,
Brethren whose cheerfull Hearts unite
In Bands of Piety!

II. (Spring)

When Streams of Love from Christ the
Descend to every Soul,
And heavenly Peace with balmy Wing
Shades and bedews the Whole:

III.

'Tis like the Oyl divinely sweet
On Aaron's reverend Head,
The trickling Drops perfum'd his Feet,
And o'er his Garments spread.

IV.

'Tis pleasant as the Morning-Dews
That fall on Sion's Hill,
Where God his mildest Glory shews,
And makes his Grace distill.

Psalm CXXXIII. Short Metre.

Communion of Saints; or, Love and Worship in a Family.

I.

Blest are the Sons of Peace,
Whose Hearts and Hopes are One,
Whose kind Designs to serve and please
Thro' all their Actions run.
II.
Blest is the pious House
Where Zeal and Friendship meet,
Their Songs of Praise, their mingled Vows
Make their Communion sweet.

III.
Thus when on Aaron’s Head
They pour’d the rich Perfume,
The Oyl thro’ all his Rayment spread,
And Pleasure fill’d the Room.

IV.
Thus on the heavenly Hills
The Saints are blest above,
Where Joy like Morning-Dew distills
And all the Air is Love.

Psalm CXXXIII. as the 122d Psalm,
The Blessings of Friendship.

I.
How pleasant ’tis to see
Kindred and Friends agree,
Each in their proper Station move,
And each fulfill their Part
With sympathizing Heart,
In all the Cares of Life and Love!

II.
’Tis like the Ointment shed
On Aaron’s sacred Head,
Divinely rich, Divinely sweet;
The Oyl thro’ all the Room
Diffus’d a choice Perfume,
Ran thro’ his Robes, and blest his Feet.

III.
III.
Like fruitfull Show'rs of Rain
That water all the Plain,
Descending from the neighbouring Hills;
Such Streams of Pleasure roll
Thro' every friendly Soul,
Where Love like Heavenly-Dew distills.

Psalm CXXXIV.
Daily and Nightly Devotion.

I.
Ye that obey th' Immortal King,
Attend his holy Place,
Bow to the Glories of his Power,
And bless his wondrous Grace.

II.
Lift up your Hands by Morning-light,
And send your Souls on high;
Raise your admiring Thoughts by Night
Above the starry Sky,

III.
The God of Zion cheers our Hearts
With Rays of quickning Grace;
The God that spread the Heavens abroad,
And rules the swelling Seas.

This Psalm with several others near it is call'd a Song of Degrees, i.e. to be sung on the Steps ascending to the Tabernacle or Temple, as the Learned suppose: The King and his Attendants Sung the 1st Ver's, addressing themselves to the Levites that kept the house of the Lord; and the 3d Ver'e is the Response of the Levites to the King. There was a necessity of changing the Form of this Psalm to suit it to our usual Christian Worship.
P S A L M S.

Psalm CXXXV. 1--4, 14, 19--21.

First Part. Long Metre.

The Church is God's House and Care.

I.

Praise ye the Lord; exalt his Name
While in his holy Courts ye wait,
Ye Saints, that to his House belong,
Or stand attending at his Gate.

II.

Praise ye the Lord; the Lord is good;
To Praise his Name is sweet Employ:
Israel he chose of old, and still
His Church is his peculiar Joy.

III.

The Lord himself will judge his Saints;
He treats his Servants as his Friends;
And when he hears their sore Complaints,
Repents the Sorrows that he sends.

IV.

'Thro' every Age the Lord declares
His Name, and breaks th' Oppressor's Rod;
He gives his suffering Servants Rest,
And will be known Th' Almighty God.

V.

Bless ye the Lord who taste his Love,
People and Priests exalt his Name:
Amongst his Saints he ever dwells;
His Church is his Jerusalem.

Psalm

The Works of Creation, Providence, Redemption of Israel, and Destruction of Enemies.

I.

Great is the Lord, exalted high
Above all Powers and every Throne;
What e'er he please in Earth or Sea,
Or Heaven or Hell, his Hand hath done.

II.

At his Command the Vapours rise,
The Lightnings flash, the Thunders roar:
He pours the Rain, he brings the Wind,
And Tempest from his airy Store.

III.

'Twas He those dreadfull Tokens sent,
O Egypt, thro' thy stubborn Land;
When all thy first-born Beafts and Men
Fell dead by his avenging Hand.

IV.

What mighty Nations, mighty Kings
He slew, and their whole Country gave
To Israel, whom his Hand redeem'd,
No more to be proud Pharaoh's Slave!

V.

His Power the same, the same his Grace,
That saves us from the Hosts of Hell;
And Heaven he gives us to possess
Whence those apostate Angels fell.

This Psalm was too long to be sung at once, yet I
could not reduce it into two parts conveniently without transposing the Verses considerably, as in the Titles. The Ejection of the Canaanites and the Inheritance of their Land given to Israel.
Israel is a fair Figure of the Inheritance of Heaven given to
the Saints whence Sinning Angels were ejected, as in the last
Stanza.

Psalm CXXXV. Common Metre.
Praise due to God, not to Idols.

I.

A wake, ye Saints: To praise your King
Your sweetest Passions raise,
Your pious Pleasure, while you sing,
Increasing with the Praise

II.

Great is the Lord; and Works unknown
Are his divine Employ:
But still his Saints are near his Throne,
His Treasure and his Joy.

III.

Heaven, Earth and Sea confess his Hand;
He bids the Vapors rise;
Lightning and Storm at his Command
Sweep thro' the sounding Skies,

IV.

All Power that Gods or Kings have claim'd
Is found with Him alone:
But Heathen Gods should ne'er be nam'd
Where our Jehovah's known

V.

Which of the Stocks or Stones they trust
Can give them Show'rs of Rain?
In vain they worship glittering Dust,
And pray to Gold in vain.

VI.

[Their Gods have Tongues that cannot talk
Such as their Makers gave: Their
Their Feet were ne'er design'd to walk,
Nor Hands have Power to save.

VII.
Blind are their Eyes, their Ears are deaf,
Nor hear when Mortals pray;
Mortals, that wait for their Relief,
Are blind and deaf as they.

VIII.
O. Britain, know thy living God,
Serve him with Faith and Fear;
He makes thy Churches his Abode,
And claims thine Honours there.

This Psalm is much abridg'd in this Metre to reduce the most useful Parts of it to one shorter Divine Song. In the 5th Stanza I have borrow'd a Verse from Jerem. 14. 22. Are there any among the Vanities of the Gentiles that can cause Rain?

PSALM CXXXVI. Com. Metre.
God's Wonders of Creation, Providence, Redemption of Israel and Salvation of his People.

I
Give Thanks to God the sovereign Lord;
His Mercies still endure.
And be the King of Kings ador'd:
His Truth is ever sure.

II.
What Wonders hath his Wisdom done!
How mighty is his Hand!
Heaven, Earth and Sea He fram'd alone:
How wide is his Command!
III.
The Sun supplies the Day with Light;
_How bright his Counsels shine!_
The Moon and Stars adorn the Night:
_His Works are all divine._

IV.
[He struck the Sons of _Egypt_ dead;
_How dreadfull is his Rod!_
And thence with Joy his People led:
_How gracious is our God!_

V.
He cleft the swelling Sea in two;
_His Arm is great in Might_
And gave the Tribes a Passage thro’;
_His Power and Grace unite._

VI.
But _Pharaoh’s_ Army there he drown’d;
_How Glorious are his Ways!_
And brought his Saints thro’ desert Ground:
_Eternal be his Praise._

VII.
Great Monarchs fell beneath his Hand;
_Victorious is his Sword._
While _Israel_ took the promis’d Land:
_And Faithfull is his Word!_

VIII.
He saw the Nations dead in Sin;
_He felt his Pity move._
How sad the State the World was in!
_How boundless was his Love!_

IX.
He sent to save us from our Woe;
_His Goodness never fails._
From Death and Hell and every Foe:
And still his Grace prevails.

X.

Give thanks to God the heavenly King;
His Mercies still endure.
Let the whole Earth his Praises sing;
His Truth is ever sure.

In every Stanza of this Psalm I have endeavour'd to imitate the Chorus or Burden of the Song, For his Mercy endureth for ever, and yet to maintain a perpetual variety.

PSALM CXXXVI. as the 148th Psalm.

I.

Give Thanks to God most high,
The universal Lord;
The sovereign King of Kings;
And be his Grace ador'd,
His Power and Grace
Are still the same;
And let his Name
Have endless Praise.

II.

How mighty is his Hand!
What Wonders hath he done!
He form'd the Earth and Seas,
And spread the Heavens alone.
Thy Mercy, Lord,
Shall still endure;
And ever sure
Abides thy Word.

III.

His Wisdom fram'd the Sun
To crown the Day with Light;
The Moon and twinkling Stars
To cheer the darksome Night.
His Power and Grace
Are still the same;
And let his Name
Have endless Praise.

IV.

[He smote the first-born Sons,
The Flower of Egypt Dead;
And thence his chosen Tribes
With Joy and Glory led.
Thy Mercy, Lord,
Shall still endure;
And ever sure
Abides thy Word.

V

His Power and lifted Rod
Cleft the Red-Sea in two:
And for his People made
A wondrous Passage thro'.
His Power and Grace
Are still the same;
And let his Name
Have endless Praise.

VI.

But cruel Pharaoh there
With all his Host he drown'd:
And brought his Israel safe
Thro' a long deserted Ground.
Thy Mercy, Lord,
Shall still endure;
And ever sure
Abides thy Word.

The Kings of Canaan fell
Beneath his dreadfull Hand;
While his own Servants took
Possession of their Land.

His Power and Grace
Are still the same;
And let his Name
Have endless Praise.

He saw the Nations ly
All perishing in Sin,
And pity'd the sad State
The ruin'd World was in.

Thy Mercy, Lord,
Shall still endure
And ever sure
Abides thy Word.

He sent his only Son
To save us from our Woe,
From Satan, Sin and Death,
And every hurtfull Foe.

His Power and Grace
Are still the same;
And let his Name
Have endless Praise.
Give Thanks aloud to God,
To God the heavenly King:
And let the spacious Earth
His Works and Glories sing.

Thy Mercy, Lord,
Shall still endure;
And ever sure
Abides thy Word.

In this Metre and the next I have maintained the Chorus,
for his Mercy endureth for ever, in a Double Form, to be used alternately. I.e. in every other Stanza.

PSALM CXXXVI. abridg'd. Long Met.

I.
GIVE to our God immortal Praise;
Mercy and Truth are all his Ways:
Wonders of Grace to God belong,
Repeat his Mercies in your Song.

II.
Give to the Lord of Lords Renown,
The King of Kings with Glory crown:
His Mercies ever shall endure
When Lords and Kings are known no more.

III.
He built the Earth, he spread the Sky,
And fixt the starry Lights on high:
Wonders of Grace to God belong,
Repeat his Mercies in your Song.

IV.
He fills the Sun with Morning-Light,
He bids the Moon direct the Night:
His Mercies ever shall endure
When Suns and Moons shall shine no more.
PSALMS

V.
The Jews he freed from Pharaoh's Hand,
And brought them to the promis'd Land:
Wonders of Grace to God belong,
Repeat his Mercies in your Song.

VI.
He saw the Gentiles dead in Sin,
And felt his Pity work within:
His Mercies ever shall endure
When Death and Sin shall reign no more.

VII.
He sent his Son with Power to save
From Guilt and Darkness and the Grave:
Wonders of Grace to God belong,
Repeat his Mercies in your Song.

VIII.
Thro' this vain World he guides our Feet,
And leads us to his heavenly Seat:
His Mercies ever shall endure
When this vain World shall be no more.

PSALM CXXXVIII.
Restoring and Preserving Grace.

I.
With all my Powers of Heart & Tongue
I'll praise my Maker in my Song:
Angels shall hear the Notes I raise,
Approve the Song, and join the Praise.

II.
Angels that make thy Church their Care
Shall witness my Devotions there,
While holy Zeal directs my Eyes
To thy fair Temple in the Skies.

R 2
III.
I'll sing thy Truth and Mercy, Lord,
I'll sing the Wonders of thy Word;
Not all thy Works and Names below
So much thy Power and Glory show.

IV.
To God I cry'd when Troubles rose;
He heard me, and subdu'd my Foes,
He did my rising Fears controll,
And Strength diffus'd thro' all my Soul.

V.
The God of Heaven maintains his State,
Frowns on the Proud, & scorns the Great;
But from his Throne descends to see
The Sons of humble Poverty.

VI.
Amidst a thousand Snares I stand
Upheld and guarded by thy Hand;
Thy Words my fainting Soul revive,
And keep my dying Faith alive.

VII.
Grace will compleat what Grace begins,
To save from Sorrows or from Sins;
The Work that Wisdom undertakes
Eternal Mercy ne'er forsakes.

Stan. 1 and 2. Angels or Kings are the Gods before whom the Psalmist would sing Praise to his Creator; but common Christians having so little of the Presence of Kings in their Worship, I have mention'd only the Company of Angels.
PSALMS.

PSALM CXXXIX. First Part Long Metre. The All-seeing God.

I.
Lord, thou hast search'd & seen me thro';
Thine Eye commands with piercing
My rising and my resting Hours,
View My Heart and Flesh with all their Powers.

II.
My Thoughts, before they are my own,
Are to my God distinctly known;
He knows the Words I mean to speak
E'er from my opening Lips they break.

III.
Within thy circling Power I stand;
On every Side I find thy Hand;
Awake, asleep, at home, abroad,
I am surrounded still with God.

IV.
Amazing Knowledge, vast and great!
What large Extent! what lofty Height
My Soul with all the Powers I boast
Is in the boundless Prospect lost.

V.
O may these Thoughts possess my Breast,
Where e'er I rove, where e'er I rest!
Nor let my weaker Passions dare
Consent to Sin, for God is there.

PAUSE.

VI.
Could I so false, so faithless prove,
To quit thy Service and thy Love,
Where,
Where, Lord, could I thy Presence shun,
Or from thy dreadfull Glory run?

VII.
If up to Heaven I take my Flight,
'Tis there thou dwell'st in Ligh't enthron'd;
Or dive to Hell, there Vengeance reigns,
And Satan groans beneath thy Chains.

VIII.
If mounted on a Morning-Ray
I fly beyond the Western Sea,
Thy swifter Hand wou'd first arrive,
And there arrest thy Fugitive.

IX.
Or should I try to shun thy Sight
Beneath the spreading Vail of Night,
One Glance of Thine, one piercing Ray
Wou'd kindle Darkness into Day.

X.
O may these Thoughts posses my Breast,
Where e'er I rove, where e'er I rest!
Nor let my weaker Passions dare
Consent to Sin, for God is there.

PAUSE II.

XI.
The Vail of Night is no Disguise,
No Screen from thy All-searching Eyes;
Thy Hand can seize thy Foes as soon
Thro' Midnight-shades as blazing Noon.

XII.
Midnight and Noon in this agree,
Great God, they're both alike to Thee.
Nor Death can hide what God will spy,
And Hell lies naked to his Eye.
XIII.

O may these Thoughts possess my Breast,
Where e'er I rove, where e'er I rest!
Nor let my weaker Passions dare
Consent to Sin, for God is there.

Psalm CXXXIX. Second Part. Long Met.
The wonderful Formation of Man.

I.

'Twas from thy Hand, my God, I came,
A Work of such a curious Frame;
In me thy fearfull Wonders shine,
And each proclaims thy Skill divine.

II.

Thine Eyes did all my Limbs survey,
Which yet in dark Confusion lay;
Thou saw'st the daily Growth they took,
Form'd by the Model of thy Book.

III.

By Thee my growing Parts were nam'd,
And what thy sovereign Counsels fram'd,
(The breathing Lungs, the beating Heart)
Was copy'd with unerring Art.

IV.

At last to shew my Maker's Name,
God stamp'd his Image on my Frame,
And in some unknown Moment joyn'd
The finish'd Members to the Mind.

V.

There the young Seeds of Thought began
And all the Passions of the Man:
Great God, our Infant-Nature pays
Immortal Tribute thy Praise.

R 4

Pause
Lord, since in my advancing Age
I’ve acted on Life’s busy Stage,
Thy Thoughts of Love to me surmount
The Power of Numbers to recount.

I could survey the Ocean o’er,
And count each Sand that makes the Shore
Before my swiftest Thoughts could trace
The numerous Wonders of thy Grace.

These on my Heart are still impresst,
With these I give my Eyes to Rest;
And at my waking Hour I find
God and his Love possesst my Mind.

Psalm CXXXIX. Third Part. Long Met.
Sincerity profest and Grace try’d; or, The
Heart-searching God.

My God, what inward Grief I feel
When impious Men transgress thy
I mourn to hear their Lips profane (Will!
Take thy tremendous Name in vain.

Does not my Soul detest and hate
The Sons of Malice and Deceit?
Those that oppose thy Laws and Thee,
I count them Enemies to me.

Lord, search my Soul, try every Thought;
Tho’ my own Heart accuse me not.
Of walking in a false Disguise,  
I beg the Trial of thine Eyes.  

IV.  
Doth secret Mischief lurk-within?  
Do I indulge some unknown Sin?  
O turn my Feet when e’er I stray,  
And lead me in thy perfect Way.

In this noble Psalm I have not refused the aid of my Predecessors, chiefly Mr. Tate. In some Places where I have borrowed, I hope I have improved the Verse: And in others my own Design constrained me to leave out the Words of a more Poetick Found, such as, Infernal Plains, Morning’s Wings WesternMan, fable Wings of Night, Shapeleis Embryo, Maze of Life, &c. yet I have endeavoured to maintain the Spirit of the Psalmist in plainer Language.

The Epiphonema or the Burden of the Song that I have inserted three times in the first Part, was not introduced by any means to add Beauty to the Poem, but merely to reduce it to convenient Lengths for Singing, which has too often confind the Ode and debased it.

PSALM CXXXIX. First Part. Com. Met.

God is every where.

I.
In all my vast Concerns with Thee
In vain my Soul would try
To shun thy Presence, Lord, or flee
The Notice of thine Eye.

II.
Thy all-surrounding Sight surveys
My Rising and my Rest,
My publick Walks, my private Ways,
And Secrets of my Breast.

III.
My Thoughts ly open to the Lord
Before they’re form’d within;

R 5

And 3
Psalms.

And e'er my Lips pronounce the Word,
He knows the Sense I mean.

IV.
O wondrous Knowledge, deep and high!
Where can a Creature hide?
Within thy circling Arms I lie,
Beset on every Side.

V.
So let thy Grace surround me still,
And like a Bulwark prove,
To guard my Soul from every Ill,
Secur'd by sovereign Love.

Pausē.

VI.
Lord, where shall guilty Souls retire
Forgotten and unknown?
In Hell they meet thy dreadfull Fire,
In Heaven thy glorious Throne.

VII.
Should I suppress my vital Breath
To 'scape the Wrath divine,
Thy Voice would break the Bars of Death,
And make the Grave resign.

VIII.
If wing'd with Beams of Morning-Light
I fly beyond the West,
Thy Hand, which must support my Flight,
Wou'd soon betray my Rest.

IX.
If o'er my Sins I think to draw
The Curtains of the Night,
Thou flaming Eyes that guard thy Law
Wou'd turn the Shades to Light.

The Beams of Noon, the Midnight-Hour
Are both alike to Thee:
O may I ne'er provoke that Power
From which I cannot flee!

Psalm CXXXIX. Secd. Part. Com. Met;
The Wisdom of God in the Formation of Man?

I.
When I with pleasing Wonder stand,
And all my Frame survey,
Lord, 'tis thy Work: I own, thy Hand
Thus built my humble Clay.

II.
Thy Hand my Heart and Reins possest
Where unborn Nature grew,
Thy Wisdom all my Features trac'd,
And all my Members drew.

III.
Thine Eye with nicest Care survey'd
The Growth of every Part;
Till the whole Scheme thy Thoughts had
Was copy'd by thy Art.

IV.
Heaven, Earth, and Sea, and Fire, and Wind
Shew me thy wondrous Skill;
But I review my Self, and find
Diviner Wonders still.

v.
Thy awful Glories round me shine,
My Flesh proclaims thy Praise;
Lord, to thy Works of Nature join
Thy Miracles of Grace.

Psalm CXXXIX. 14, 17, 18. Third Part.
Common Metre.

The Mercies of God innumerable.
An Evening Psalm.

I.

Lord, when I count thy Mercies o'er,
They strike me with Surprize;
Not all the Sands that spread the Shore
To equal Numbers rise.

II.

My Flesh with Fear and Wonder stands,
The Product of thy Skill,
And hourly Blessings from thy Hands,
Thy Thoughts of Love reveal.

III.

These on my Heart by Night I keep;
How kind, how dear to me!
O may the Hour that ends my Sleep
Still find my Thoughts with Thee.

Psalm CXLII. v. 2, 3, 4, 5.
Watchfulness, and Brotherly Reproof.
A-Morning or Evening Psalm.

My God, accept my early Vows,
Like Morning-Incense in thine House
And:
And let my nightly Worship rise
Sweet as the Evening Sacrifice.

II.
Watch o'er my Lips, and guard them, Lord;
From every rash and heedless Word;
Nor let my Feet incline to tread,
The guilty Path where Sinners lead.

III.
O may the Righteous, when I stray,
Smite, and reprove my wandering Way!
Their gentle Words, like Ointment shed,
Shall never bruise but cheer my Head.

IV.
When I behold them prest with Grief,
I'll cry to Heaven for their Relief;
And by my warm Petitions prove
How much I prize their faithfull Love.

Psalm CXLII.
God is the Hope of the Helpless.

I.
To God I made my Sorrows known,
From God I sought Relief;
In long Complaints before his Throne
I pour'd out all my Grief.

II.
My Soul was overwhelm'd with Woes,
My Heart began to break;
My God who all my Burdens knows,
He knows the Way I take.
III.
On every Side I cast mine Eye,
And found my Helpers gone,
While Friends and Strangers past me by
Neglected or unknown.

IV.
Then did I raise a louder Cry,
And call'd thy Mercy near,
"Thou art my Portion when I dy,
"Be thou my Refuge here.

V.
Lord, I am brought exceeding low,
Now let thine Ear attend,
And make my Foes who vex me know
I've an Almighty Friend.

VI.
From my sad Prison set me free,
Then shall I praise thy Name
And holy Men shall join with me
Thy Kindness to proclaim.

Psalm CXLIII
Complaint of heavy Afflictions in Mind and Body.

My righteous Judge, my gracious God,
Hear when I spread my Hands abroad
And cry for Succour from thy Throne,
O make thy Truth and Mercy known.

II.
Let Judgment not against me pass;
Behold thy Servant pleads thy Grace:
Should
Should Justice call us to thy Bar,
No Man alive is guililess there.

III.
Look down in Pity, Lord, and see
The mighty Woes that burden me;
Down to the Dust my Life is brought,
Like One long bury'd and forgot.

IV.
I dwell in Darkness and unseen,
My Heart is desolate within:
My Thoughts in musing Silence trace
The antient Wonders of thy Grace.

V.
Thence I derive a Glimpse of Hope
To bear my sinking Spirits up;
I stretch my Hands to God again,
And thirst like parched Lands for Rain.

VI.
For Thee I thirst, I pray, I mourn;
When will thy smiling Face return?
Shall all my Joys on Earth remove?
And God for ever hide his Love?

VII.
My God, thy long Delay to save
Will sink thy Prisoner to the Grave;
My Heart grows faint, and dim mine Eye;
Make haste to help before I die.

VIII.
The Night is Witness to my Tears,
Distressing Pains, distressing Fears;
O might I hear thy Morning-voice,
How would my wearied Powers rejoice!
IX.
In Thee I trust, to Thee I sigh,
And lift my heavy Soul on high;
For Thee sit waiting all the Day,
And wear the tiresome Hours away.

X.
Break off my Fetters, Lord, and show
Which is the Path my Feet shou’d go;
If Snares and Foes beset the Road,
I flee to hide me near my God.

XI.
Teach me to do thy holy Will,
And lead me to thy heavenly Hill;
Let the good Spirit of thy Love
Conduct me to thy Courts above.

XII.
Then shall my Soul no more complain,
The Tempter then shall rage in vain;
And Flesh, that was my Foe before,
Shall never vex my Spirit more.

Psalm CXLIV. First Part. v. 1, 2.
Assistance and Victory in the Spiritual Warfare.

I.
For ever blessed be the Lord,
My Saviour and my Shield;
He sends his Spirit with his Word
To Arm me for the Field.

II.
When Sin and Hell their Force unite,
He makes my Soul his Care,
Instructs me to the heavenly Fight,
And guards me thro’ the War.
III.
A Friend and Helper so divine
Doth my weak Courage raise;
He makes the glorious Victory mine,
And his shall be the Praise.

The Sense of a great part of this Psalm is found often repeated in the Book of Psalms. I have therefore only taken three small parts of it, and form'd three distinct Hymns on very different Subjects.

PSALM CXLIV. Second Part. v. 3, 4, 5, 6.
The Vanity of Man and Condescension of God.

I.
Lord, what is Man, poor feeble Man,
Born of the Earth at first?
His Life a Shadow, light and vain,
Still hasting to the Dust.

II.
O what is feeble dying Man;
Or any of his Race,
That God should make it his Concern
To visit him with Grace?

III.
That God who darts his Lightnings down,
Who shakes the Worlds above,
And Mountains tremble at his Frown,
How wondrous is his Love!

PSALM CXLIV. Third Part. v. 12—15.
Grace above Riches; or, the happy Nation.

I.
Happy the City, where their Sons
Like Pillars round a Palace set,
And Daughters bright as polished Stones
Give Strength and Beauty to the State.
II.
Happy the Country, where the Sheep, Cattle, and Corn have large Increase; Where Men securely work or sleep, Nor Sons of Plunder break the Peace.

III.
Happy the Nation thus endow'd, But more divinely blest are those On whom the All-Sufficient God Himself with all his Grace bestows.

PSALM CXLV. Long Metre.
The Greatness of God.

I.
My God, my King, thy various Praise Shall fill the Remnant of thy Days; Thy Grace employ my humble Tongue Till Death and Glory raise the Song.

II.
The Wings of every Hour shall bear Some thankfull Tribute to thine Ear; And every setting Sun shall see New Works of Duty done for Thee.

III.
Thy Truth and Justice I'll proclaim; Thy Bounty flows, an endless Stream; Thy Mercy swift; thine Anger flow But dreadful to the stubborn Foe.

IV.
Thy Works with sovereign Glory shine: And speak thy Majesty divine; Let Britain round her Shores proclaim The Sound and Honour of thy Name,
Psalms

V.
Let distant Times and Nations raise
The long Succession of thy Praise;
And unborn Ages make my Song
The Joy and Labour of their Tongue.

VI.
But who can speak thy wondrous Deeds?
Thy Greatness all our Thoughts exceeds;
Vast and unsearchable thy Ways,
Vast and immortal be thy Praise.

The Verses of this Psalm are here transposed in this manner,
(viz.) 1, 2, 7, 8, 5, 6, 4, 3.

The Greatness of God.

I.
Long as I live I'll bless thy Name,
My King, my God of Love;
My Work and Joy shall be the same
In the bright World above.

II.
Great is the Lord, his Power unknown,
And let his Praise be great:
I'll sing the Honours of thy Throne,
Thy Works of Grace repeat.

III.
Thy Grace shall dwell upon my Tongue;
And while my Lips rejoice,
The Men that hear my sacred Song
Shall join their cheerful Voice.

IV.
Fathers to Sons shall teach thy Name,
And Children learn thy Ways;
Ages to come thy Truth proclaim,
And Nations found thy Praise.

V.
Thy glorious Deeds of antient Date
Shall thro' the World be known;
Thine Arm of Power, thy heavenly State
With publick Splendor shown.

VI.
The World is manag'd by thy Hands,
Thy Saints are rul'd by Love;
And thine Eternal Kingdom stands
Tho' Rocks and Hills remove.

Psalm CXLV. Second Part.
The Goodness of God.

I.
Sweet is the Memory of thy Grace,
My God, my heavenly King;
Let Age to Age thy Righteousnes
In Sounds of Glory sing.

II.
God reigns on high, but not confines
His Goodness to the Skies;
Thro' the whole Earth his Bounty shines
And every Want supplies.

III.
With longing Eyes thy Creatures wait
On Thee for daily Food,
Thy liberal Hand provides their Meat
And fills their Mouths with Good.

IV.
How kind are thy Compassions Lord!
How slow thine Anger moves!

But
But soon he sends his pardoning Word
To cheer the Souls he loves.

V.
Creatures with all their endless Race
Thy Power and Praise proclaim;
But Saints that taste thy richer Grace
Delight to bless thy Name.

The Verses of the Psalm are here transposed thus 7, 9, 15, 16, 8, 10.

Psalm CXLV. 14, 17. &c. Third Part.
Mercy to Sufferers; or, God hearing Prayer.

I.
Let every Tongue thy Goodness speak,
Thou sovereign Lord of all;
Thy strengthening Hands uphold the Weak,
And raise the Poor that fall.

II.
When Sorrow bows the Spirit down,
Or Virtue lies Distrest
Beneath some proud Oppressor's Frown,
Thou giv'st the Mourners Rest.

III.
The Lord supports our tottering Days,
And guides our giddy Youth;
Holy and just are all his Ways,
And all his Words are Truth.

IV.
He knows the Pains his Servants feel,
He hears his Children cry,
And their best Wishes to fulfill
His Grace is ever nigh.

V.
His Mercy never shall remove
From Men of Heart sincere;
He saves the Souls whose humble Love
Is join'd with holy Fear.

[His stubborn Foes his Sword shall slay,
And pierce their Hearts with Pain;
But None that serve the Lord shall say,
"They sought his Aid in vain."

[My Lips shall dwell upon his Praise,
And spread his Fame abroad;
Let all the Sons of Adam raise
The Honours of their God.]

The various Transpositions that I have made in several Parts of this Psalm were necessary, to divide it into proper Lengths for publick worship, and to reduce the Verses of a like Sense together.

P S A L M CXLVI. Long Metre.
Praise to God for his Goodness and Truth.

I.
Praise ye the Lord, my Heart shall join
In Work so pleasant, so divine,
Now while the Flesh is mine abode,
And when my Soul ascends to God.

II.
Praise shall employ my noblest Powers
While Immortality endures:
My days of Praise shall ne'er be past,
While Life and Thought and Being last.
Why should I make a Man my Trust?
Princes must die and turn to Dust;
Their Breath departs, their Pomp & Power
And Thoughts all vanish in an Hour.

Happy the Man whose Hopes rely
On Israel's God: He made the Sky,
And Earth and Seas with all their Train,
And None shall find his Promise vain.

His Truth forever stands secure:
He saves th' Opprest, he feeds the Poor;
He sends the labouring Conscience Peace,
And grants the Prisoner sweet Release.

The Lord hath Eyes to give the Blind;
The Lord supports the sinking Mind:
He helps the Stranger in Distress,
The Widow and the Fatherless.

He loves his Saints; he knows them well,
But turns the Wicked down to Hell:
Thy God, O Zion, ever reigns;
Praise him in everlastling Strains.

This Psalm consists so much of single Sentences that a small and easy Transposition of the Verses with a very few Lines added will afford a Metre to the Tune of the 113th Psalm, with a Repetition of the first Stanza at the End to compleat the Tune, as follows.
Psalm CXLVI. as the 113th Psalm.
Praise to God for his Goodness and Truth.

I.
I'll praise my Maker with my Breath;
And when my Voice is lost in Death
Praise shall employ my nobler Powers:
My Days of Praise shall ne'er be past
While Life and Thought and Being last,
Or Immortality endures.

II.
Why should I make a Man my Trust?
Princes must die and turn to Dust;
Vain is the Help of Flesh and Blood;
Their Breath departs, their Pomp & Power
And Thoughts all vanish in an Hour,
Nor can they make their Promise good

III.
Happy the Man whose Hopes rely
On Israel's God: He made the Sky,
And Earth and Seas with all their Train:
His Truth for ever stands secure;
He saves th' Opprest, he feeds the Poor,
And None shall find his Promise vain.

IV.
The Lord hath Eyes to give the Blind;
The Lord supports the Sinking Mind;
He sends the labouring Conscience Peace;
He helps the Stranger in Distress,
The Widow and the Fatherless,
And grants the Prisoner sweet Release.
He loves his Saints; he knows them well,
But turns the Wicked down to Hell:
Thy God O Zion ever reigns:
Let every Tongue, let every Age
In this exalted Work engage;
Praise him in everlasting Strains.

I'll praise him while he lends me Breath,
And when my Voice is lost in Death
Praise shall employ my nobler Powers:
My Days of Praise shall ne'er be past
While Life and Thought and Being last,
Or Immortality endures.

Psalm CXLVII. First Part.
The Divine Nature, Providence and Grace.

I.

Praise ye the Lord: 'Tis good to praise
Our Hearts and Voices in his Praise:
His Nature and his Works invite
To make his Duty our Delight.

II.
The Lord builds up Jerusalem,
And gathers Nations to his Name:
His Mercy melts the stubborn Soul,
And makes the broken Spirit whole.

III.
He form'd the Stars, those heavenly Flames,
He counts their Numbers, calls their Names:
His Wisdom vast, and knows no Bound,
A Deep where all our Thoughts are drown'd.

S

IV.
IV.
Great is our Lord, and great his Might;
And all his Glories infinite:
He crowns the Meek, rewards the Just,
And treads the Wicked to the Dust.

PAUSE.

V.
Sing to the Lord, exalt him high,
Who spreads his Cloud all round the Sky;
There he prepares the fruitfull Rain,
Nor lets the Drops descend in vain.

VI.
He makes the Grass the Hills adorn,
And cloaths the smiling Fields with Corn.
The Beasts with Food his Hands supply,
And the young Ravens when they Cry.

VII.
What is the Creatures Skill or Force,
The sprightly Man, the warlike Horse,
The nimble Wit, the active Limb?
All are too mean Delights for Him.

VIII.
But Saints are lovely in his Sight;
He views his Children with delight:
He sees their Hope, he knows their Fear;
And looks and loves his Image there.

PSALM CXLVII. Second Part.

Summer and Winter.
A Song for Great Britain.

I.

O Britain, praise thy mighty God,
And make his Honours known abroad;
He
He bids the Ocean round thee flow; 
Not Bars of Brass could guard thee so.

II.
Thy Children are secure and blest; 
Thy Shores have Peace, thy Cities Rest;
He feeds thy Sons with finest Wheat, 
And adds his Blessing to their Meat.

III.
Thy changing Seasons he Ordains, 
Thine early and thy later Rains: 
His Flakes of Snow like Wool he sends, 
And thus the springing Corn defends.

IV.
With hoary Frost he strows the Ground; 
His Hail descends with clattering Sound: 
Where is the Man so vainly bold 
That dares defy his dreadfull Cold?

V.
He bids the Southern Breezes blow, 
The Ice dissolves, the Waters flow: 
But he hath nobler Works and Ways 
To call the Britons to his Praise.

VI.
To all the Isle his Laws are shown, 
His Gospel thro' the Nation known; 
He hath not thus reveal'd his Word 
To every Land: Praise ye the Lord.


I.
The Seasons of the Year.

With Songs and Honours sounding loud 
Address the Lord on high: 
Over
Over the Heavens he spreads his Cloud,
And Waters vail the Sky.

He sends his Show'rs of Blessing down
To cheer the Plains below;
He makes the Grass the Mountains crown,
And Corn in Valleys grow.

He gives the grazing Ox his Meat,
He hears the Ravens cry;
But Man who tastes his finest Wheat
Should raise his Honours high.

His steady Counsels change the Face
Of the declining Year;
He bids the Sun cut short his Race,
And wintry Days appear.

His hoary Frost, his fleecy Snow
Descend and cloath the Ground;
The liquid Streams forbear to flow,
In icy Fetters bound.

When from his dreadful Stores on high
He pours the rattling Hail,
The Wretch that dares this God defy
Shall find his Courage fail.

He sends his Word and melts the Snow,
The Fields no longer mourn;
He calls the warmer Gales to blow,
And bids the Spring return.
VIII.

The changing Wind, the flying Cloud
Obey his mighty Word:
With Songs and Honours sounding loud
Praise ye the sovereign Lord.

Psalm CXLVIII. Proper Metre.
Praise to God from all Creatures.

I.

Ye Tribes of Adam, join
With Heaven and Earth and Seas,
And offer Notes divine
To your Creator's Praise.

Ye holy Throng
Of Angels bright
In Worlds of Light
Begin the Song.

II.

Thou Sun with dazling Rays,
And Moon that rules the Night,
Shine to your Maker's Praise,
With Stars of twinkling Light.

His Power declare,
Ye Floods on high,
And Clouds that fly
In empty Air.

III.

The shining Worlds above
In glorious Order stand,
Or in swift Course move
By his supreme Command.

He spake the Word,
And all their Frame

S 3 From
From Nothing came
To praise the Lord.

He mov'd their mighty Wheels
In unknown Ages past,
And each his Word fulfills
While Time and Nature last.

In different Ways
His Works proclaim
His wondrous Name,
And speak his Praise.

Pause.

Let all the Earth-born Race,
And Monsters of the Deep,
The Fish that cleave the Seas,
Or in their Bosom sleep,

From Sea and Shore
Their Tribute pay,
And still display
Their Maker's Power.

Ye Vapours, Hail and Snow,
Praise ye th' Almighty Lord,
And stormy Winds that blow
To execute his Word.

When Lightnings shine,
Or Thunders roar,
Let Earth adore
His Hand divine.
Psalm 39

VII.
Ye Mountains near the Skies,
With lofty Cedars there,
And Trees of humbler Size
That Fruit in plenty bear,
Beasts wild and tame,
Birds, Flies and Worms,
In various Forms
Exalt his Name.

VIII.
Ye Kings, and Judges fear
The Lord, the sovereign King;
And while you rule us here
His heavenly Honours sing:
Nor let the Dream
Of Power and State
Make you forget
His Power supreme.

IX.
Virgins and Youths, engage
To found his Praise divine,
While Infancy and Age
Their feebler Voices join;
Wide as he reigns
His Name be Sung
By every Tongue
In endless Strains.

X.
Let all the Nations fear
The God that rules above,
He brings his People near,
And makes them taste his Love:

While
While Earth and Sky Attempt his Praise His Saints shall raise His Honours high.

Psalm CXLVIII. Paraphras'd in Long Metre.

Universal Praise to God.

I.

Loud Hallelujahs to the Lord (dwell: From distant Worlds where Creatures Let Heaven begin the solemn Word, And sound it dreadful down to Hell.

Note. This Psalm may be sung to the Tune of the old 112th or 127th Psalm if these two Lines be added to every Stanza (viz.)

Each of his Works his Name displays, But they can ne'er fulfill the Praise, Otherwise it must be sung to the usual Tunes of the Long Met.

II.

The Lord! how absolute he reigns! Let every Angel bend the Knee; Sing of his Love in heavenly Strains, And speak how fierce his Terrors be.

III.

High on a Throne his Glories dwell, An awful Throne of shining Bliss: Fly thro' the World, O Sun, and tell How dark thy Beams compared to his.

IV.

Awake ye Tempests, and his Fame In Sounds of dreadful Praise declare; And the sweet Whisper of his Name Fill every gentler Breeze of Air.
Psalms

V.
Let Clouds and Winds and Waves agree
To join their Praise with blazing Fire;
While the firm Earth and rolling Sea
In this eternal Song conspire.

VI.
Ye flowry Plains, proclaim his Skill;
Valleys ly low before his Eye;
And let his Praise from ev'ry Hill
Rise tuneful to the Neighbouring Sky.

VII.
Ye stubborn Oaks, and stately Pines,
Bend your high Branches and adore:
Praise him, ye Beasts, in different Strains;
The Lamb must bleat, the Lion roar.

VIII.
Birds, ye must make his Praise your Theme,
Nature demands a Song from you:
While the dumb Fish that cut the Stream
Leap up and mean his Praises too.

IX.
Mortals, can you refrain your Tongue,
When Nature all around you sings?
O for a Shout from Old and Young,
From humble Swains, and lofty Kings!

X.
Wide as his vast Dominion lies
Make the Creator's Name be known;
Loud as his Thunder shout his Praise,
And sound it lofty as his Throne.

XI.
XI.
Jehovah! 'tis a glorious Word,
O may it dwell on every Tongue!
But Saints who best have known the Lord
Are bound to raise the noblest Song.

XII.
Speak of the Wonders of that Love
Which Gabriel plays on every Chord:
From all Below and all Above,
Loud Hallelujahs to the Lord.

Psalm CXLVIII. Short Metre.
Universal Praise.

I.
Let every Creature join
To praise th' eternal God;
Ye heavenly Hosts, the Song begin,
And found his Name abroad.

II.
Thou Sun with golden Beams,
And Moon with paler Rays,
Ye starry Lights, ye twinkling Flames,
Shine to your Maker's Praise.

III.
He built those Worlds above,
And fixed their wondrous Frame;
By his Command they stand or move,
And ever speak his Name.

IV.
Ye Vapours, when ye rise,
Or fall in Show's of Snow,
Ye Thunders murmuring round the Skies,
His Power and Glory show.
Wind, Hail, and flashing Fire,
Agree to praise the Lord,
When ye in dreadful Storms conspire
To execute his Word.

VI.
By all his Works above
His Honours be express;
But Saints that taste his saving Love
Should sing his Praises best.

PAUSE I.

VII.
Let Earth and Ocean know
They owe their Maker Praise;
Praise him, ye watry Worlds below,
And Monsters of the Seas.

VIII.
From Mountains near the Sky
Let his high Praise resound,
From humble Shrubs and Cedars high,
And Vales and Fields around.

IX.
Ye Lions of the Wood,
And tamer Beasts that graze,
Ye live upon his daily Food,
And he expects your Praise.

X.
Ye Birds of lofty Wing,
On high his Praises bear;
Or fit on flowry Boughs, and sing
Your Maker's Glory there.
Ye creeping Ants and Worms,
His various Wisdom show,
And Flies in all your shining Swarms,
Praise him that dreft you so.

XII.
By all the Earth-born Race
His Honours be express,
But Saints that know his heavenly Grace
Should learn to praise him best.

PAUSE II.

XIII.
Monarchs of wide Command,
Praise ye th’ eternal King,
Judges, adore that sovereign Hand
Whence all your Honours spring.

XIV.
Let vigorous Youth engage
To found his Praises high;
While growing Babes and withering Age
Their feebler Voices try.

XV.
United Zeal be shown
His wondrous Fame to raise;
God is the Lord: his Name alone
Deserves our endless Praise.

XVI.
Let Nature join with Art,
And all pronounce him Blest,
But Saints that dwell so near his Heart
Should sing his Praises best.
Psalms

Psalm CXLIX.

Praise God, all his Saints; or, The Saints judging the World.

I.

All ye that love the Lord rejoice,
And let your Songs be new;
Amidst the Church with cheerfull Voice
His later Wonders shew.

II.

The Jews, the People of his Grace,
Shall their Redeemer sing;
And Gentile Nations join the Praise
While Zion owns her King.

III.

The Lord takes Pleasure in the Just,
Whom Sinners treat with Scorn:
The Meek that ly despis'd in Dust
Salvation shall adorn.

IV.

Saints should be joyfull in their King
Even on a dying Bed;
And like the Souls in Glory sing,
For God shall raise the Dead.

V.

Then his high Praise shall fill their Tongues,
Their Hands shall wield the Sword;
And Vengeance shall attend their Songs,
The Vengeance of the Lord.

VI.

When Christ his Judgment-seat ascends,
And bids the World appear,
Thrones are prepar’d for all his Friends
Who humbly lov’d him here.

Then shall they Rule with Iron-Rod
Nations that dar’d rebell;
And join the Sentence of their God,
On Tyrants doom’d to Hell.

The Royal Sinners bound in Chains
New Triumphs shall afford;
Such Honour for the Saints remains:
Praise ye, and love the Lord.

This Psalm seems to be Written to encourage the Jews in their Wars against the Heathen Princes of Canaan, who were Divinely Sentenced to Destruction. But the four last Verses of it have been too much abused in later Ages to promote Sedition and Disturbance in the State, so that I chose to refer this Honour that is here given to all the Saints to the Day of Judgment, according to those expressions in the New Testament, Mat. 19. 28. Ye shall sit on twelve Thrones Judging the Tribes, &c. 1 Cor. 6. 3. We shall Judge Angels, Rev. 2. 27. & 3. 21. I will give him power over the Nations, he shall rule them with a Rod of Iron, &c.

PSALM CL. 1, 2, 6.
A Song of Praise.

I

In God’s own House pronounce his Praise,
His Grace He there reveals;
To Heaven your Joy and Wonder raise,
For there his Glory dwells.

II.

Let all your sacred Passions move,
While you rehearse his Deeds;
But the great Work of saving Love
Your highest Praise exceeds.
III.
All that have Motion, Life and Breath,
Proclaim your Maker Blest;
Yet when my Voice expires in Death,
My Soul shall praise him best.

The greatest part of this Psalm suits not my chief Design:
I have therefore imitated only the two first Verses and the last
in a short Doxology or Song of Praise.

THE END.

The Reader is earnestly desired to correct
these Mistakes.

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An INDEX, OR TABLE to find a Psalm suited to particular Subjects or Occasions.

Note, In this Table I have not directed to the several Parts or Metres of the Psalm, lest it should breed too great a Confusion of figures. What is sought in any Psalm may easily be found by turning a Leaf or two backward or forward to the distinct Parts or Metres.

If you find not what Word you seek in this Table, seek another of the same Signification; or, seek it under some of the more general Words, such as God, Christ, Church, Saints, Psalm, Prayer, Praise, Affliction, Grace, Deliverance, Death, &c.

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**NOTE, Lo. signifies Long Metre, Sh. Short Metre, and Co. Common Metre.**

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All ye that love the Lord, rejoice
Almighty Ruler of the Skies
Amidst thy Wrath remember Love
Among the Assemblies of the Great
Among the Princes Earthly Gods
And will the God of Grace
Are all the Foes of Sion Fools
Are Sinners now so senseless grown
Arise my Gracious God
Awake, ye Saints: To praise your King

B

Behold the lofty Sky
Behold the Love, the generous Love
Behold the Morning Sun
Behold the sure Foundation Stone

Behold
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Give thanks to God the sovereign Lord
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Give to the Lord, ye Sons of Fame
God in his Earthly Temple lays
God is the Refuge of his Saints
God my Supporter and my Hope
God of Eternal Love
God of my Childhood and my Youth
God of my Life, lock gently down
God of my Mercy and my Praise
Good is the Lord, the Heavenly King
Great God, attend while Zion sings
Great God, how oft did Israel prove
Great God, indulge my humble Claim
Great God, the Heavens well-order'd
Great God, whose universal Sway
Great is the Lord exalted high
Great is the Lord, his works of Might
Great is the Lord our God
Great Shepherd of thine Israel

Had not the Lord, may Israel say
Happy is he that fears the Lord
Happy the City where their Sons
Happy the Man to whom his God
Happy the Man whose cautious Feet
Hear me, O God, nor hide thy Face
Hear what the Lord in vision said
Help Lord, for Men of Vertue fail
He reigns; the Lord, the Saviour reigns
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<td>I'll praise my Maker with my Breath</td>
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<tr>
<td>I'll speak the Honours of my King</td>
<td>1113</td>
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<tr>
<td>I love the Lord: He heard my Cries</td>
<td>45</td>
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<tr>
<td>In all my vast Concerns with thee</td>
<td>116</td>
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<tr>
<td>In anger Lord rebuke me not</td>
<td>139</td>
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<tr>
<td>In God's own House pronounce his Praise</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>In Judah God of old was known</td>
<td>150</td>
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<tr>
<td>Into thine Hand O God of Truth</td>
<td>76</td>
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<tr>
<td>Joy to the World; the Lord is come</td>
<td>31</td>
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<td>I set the Lord before my Face</td>
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<td>Is their Ambition in my Heart</td>
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<tr>
<td>It is the Lord our Saviours Hand</td>
<td>131</td>
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<tr>
<td>Judge me, O Lord, and prove my Ways</td>
<td>102</td>
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<tr>
<td>Judges, who rule the World by Laws</td>
<td>26</td>
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<tr>
<td>Just are thy Ways and true thy Word</td>
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<td>I waited patient for the Lord</td>
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<td>I will extol thee, Lord, on high</td>
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<td>Let all the Earth their Voices raise</td>
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<td>Let all the Heathen Writers join</td>
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<td>Let Children hear the mighty Deeds</td>
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<td>Let every Creature join</td>
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<td>Let every Tongue thy Goodness speak</td>
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<td>Let God arise in all his Might</td>
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<td>Let Sinners take their Course</td>
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<td>Let Zion in her King rejoice</td>
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<td>Let Zion and her Sons rejoice</td>
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<td>Long as I live I'll bless thy Name</td>
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<td>Lord, haft thou cast the Nation off</td>
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<td>Lord, I am thine: But thou wilt prove</td>
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<td>Lord I am vile, conceived in Sin</td>
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<td>Lord, I can suffer thy Rebukes</td>
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<td>Lord, I esteem thy Judgments right</td>
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Lord
<table>
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<th>Lord, if thine Eyes survey our Faults</th>
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<td>Lord, if thou dost not soon appear</td>
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<td>Lord, I have made thy Word my Choice</td>
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<td>Lord, in the Morning thou shalt hear</td>
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<td>Lord, I will bless thee all my Days</td>
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<td>Lord I would spread my sole Distress</td>
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<td>Lord of the Worlds above</td>
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<td>Lord thou hast call'd thy Grace to Mind</td>
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<td>Lord, thou hast heard thy Servant cry</td>
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<td>Lord thou hast search'd and seen me thro'</td>
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<td>Lord, thou hast seen my Soul sincere</td>
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<td>Lord, thou wilt hear me when I pray</td>
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<td>Lord, 'tis a pleasant thing to fland</td>
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<td>Lord, we have heard thy Works of Old</td>
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<td>Lord, what a feeble piece</td>
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<td>Lord what a thoughtless Wretch was I</td>
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<td>Lord, what is Man, poor feeble Man</td>
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<td>Lord what was Man when made at first</td>
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<td>Lord when I count thy Mercies o'er</td>
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<td>Lord when thou didst ascend on high</td>
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<td>Loud Hallelujahs to the Lord</td>
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<td>Lo what a glorious Corner-stone</td>
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<td>Lo, what an entertaining Sight</td>
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**M**

Maker and sovereign Lord
Mercy and Judgment are my Song
Mine Eyes and my Desire
My God accept my early Vows
My God consider my Distress
My God how many are my Fears
My God, in whom are all the Springs
My God, my everlastling Hope
My God, my King, thy various Praise
My God, permit my Tongue
My God, the steps of pious Men
My God what inward Grief I feel
My Heart rejoices in thy Name
My never-ceasing Songs shall show
My Refuge is the God of Love
My righteous Judge, my gracious God
My Saviour and my King
My Saviour, my almighty Friend
My Shepherd is the Living Lord
| My Shepherd will supply my need | Ps, Met, Pt |
| My Soul, how lovely is the Place | 23 Co. |
| My Soul eyes cleaving to the Dust | 84 Co. |
| My Soul, repeat his praise | 119 16 |
| My Soul thy Great Creator praise | 103 Sh. 2 |
| My Spirit looks to God alone | 104 62 |
| My Spirit sinks within me Lord | 62 2 |
| My trust is in my Heavenly Friend | 42 2 |
| N | |
| No Sleep, nor Slumber to his Eyes | |
| Not to our Names thou only Just | 132 Co. |
| Not to our selves who are but Dust | 115 50 |
| Now be my Heart inspir'd to sing | 115 Lo. 1 |
| Now from the roaring Lion's rage | 45 Lo. 1 |
| Now I'm convinc'd the Lord is kind | 22 Co. 2 |
| Now let our Lips with holy fear | 73 Co. 1 |
| Now let our mournful Songs record | 69 Co. 2 |
| Now may the God of Power and Grace | 22 Lo. |
| Now plead my Cause, Almighty God | |
| Now shall my solemn Vows be paid | 20 |
| O | |
| All ye Nations praise the Lord | 117 Co. |
| O blessed Souls are they | 32 Sh. |
| O blest the Lord, my Soul | 103 Sh. 2 |
| O Britain, praise thy mighty God | 147 19 |
| O of Justice and of Grace I sing | 101 Co. |
| O for a Shout of sacred Joy | 147 47 |
| O God my Refuge, hear my Cries | 101 Co. 2 |
| O God of Grace and righteousness | 47 1 |
| O God of Mercy hear my Call | 51 Co. 2 |
| O God, to whom Revenge belongs | 94 |
| O happy Man whose Soul is fill'd | 128 10 |
| O happy Nation, where the Lord | 33 Lo. 5 |
| O how I love thy holy Law | 119 |
| O Lord how many are my Foes | 3 Lo. 11 |
| O Lord our Heavenly King | 15 15 |
| O Lord our Lord, how wondrous great | 119 15 |
| O that the Lord would guide my Ways | | |
| O that thy Statutes every Hour | 119 51 Lo. 3 |
| O thou that hearest when Sinners cry | | |
| O thou whose Grace and Justice reigns | 123 0 |
A TABLE.

O thou whose Justice reigns on high
Our God, our Help in Ages past
Out of the Deeps of long Distress
O, what a stull rebellious House

Praise waits in Zion, Lord, for thee
Praise ye the Lord exalt his Name
Praise ye the Lord: my Heart shall join
Praise ye the Lord: 'tis good to praise
Preserve me Lord in time of need

R 
R 
R 
R 

S
Alvation is for ever nigh
Save me, O God; the swelling
Save me O Lord from every Foe
See what a living Stone
Shew pity Lord, O Lord forgive
Shine, mighty God, on Britain Shine
Sing all ye Nations to the Lord
Sing to the Lord aloud
Sing to the Lord Jehovah's Name
Sing to the Lord with joyful Voice
Sing to the Lord ye difflant Lands
Songs of Immortal Praise belong
Soon as I heard my Father say
Sure there's a righteous God
Sweet is the Memory of thy Grace
Sweet is the Work, my God, my King
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table</th>
<th>Pfal.</th>
<th>Met.</th>
<th>Pt</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>39</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Each me the Measure of my Days</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Th' Almighty reigns Exalted</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>113</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>That Man is blest who stands in aw</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Co.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Earth for ever is the Lords</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Lo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thee will I love O Lord my Strength</td>
<td>95</td>
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<td>The God of Jehovah reigns</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>The God of Glory sends his Summons</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Lo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The God of our Salvation hears</td>
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<td>The Heavens declare thy Glory, Lord</td>
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<tr>
<td>The King of Saints, how fair his Face</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Co.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The King O Lord with Songs of Praise</td>
<td>115</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Lord appears my Helper now</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>Lo.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Lord, how wondrous are his Ways</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>122</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Lord Jehovah reigns</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>The Lord is come; the Heavens proclaim</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>Sh.</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Lord my Shepherd is</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>50</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Lord of Glory is my Light</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>The Lord of Glory reigns, he reigns on</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>Sh.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Lord the Judge before his Throne</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Lo.</td>
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<td>The Lord the Judge his Churches warns</td>
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<td>The Lord the Sovereign King</td>
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<td>The Lord the Sovereign sends his Sum.</td>
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<td>The Man is ever blest</td>
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<tr>
<td>The sweetest Psalms of Praise belong</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>la</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Praise of Sion waits for thee</td>
<td>118</td>
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<td>The Wonders, Lord, thy Love has</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Lo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Think, mighty God, on feeble Man</td>
<td>90</td>
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<tr>
<td>This is the Day the Lord hath made</td>
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<td>This spacious Earth is all the Lords</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thou art my Portion, O my God</td>
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<td>Thou God of love, thou ever Bleft</td>
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<td>Thro' every Age, Eternal God</td>
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<td>Thrice Happy Man who fears the Lord</td>
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<td>Thus I resolved before the Lord</td>
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<td>Thus faith the Lord, the spacious Fields</td>
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<td>Thus faith the Lord, your Work is vain</td>
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<td>Thus the eternal Father spake</td>
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<td>Thy Mercies fill the Earth O God</td>
<td>107</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thy Name, almighty Lord</td>
<td>119</td>
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<td>Thy Works of Glory, mighty Lord</td>
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<td>69 Lo.</td>
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<td>63 Co.</td>
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**A T A B L E.**

'Tis by thy Strength the Mountains
To God I cry'd with mournful Voice
To God I made my Sorrows known
To God the Great; the ever blest
To Heaven I lift my waiting Eyes
To our Almighty Maker God
To thee, before the dawning Light
To thee, most holy, and most high
To thine Almighty Arm we owe
'Twas for thy sake, eternal God
'Twas from thy Hand, my God, I came
'Twas in the Watches of the Night

**U**

Ain Man on foolish Pleasures bent
Unshaken as the sacred Hill
Up from my Youth may Israel say
Up to the Hills I lift mine Eyes
Upward I lift mine Eyes

**W**

We blest thee Lord, the Just, the
We love thee Lord and we adore
What shall I render to my God
What Wonders Lord, Thy love has
When Christ to Judgment shall descend
When God is nigh my Faith is strong
When God provok'd with daring Crimes
When God restore d our captive State
When God reveal'd his Gracious Name
When Israel, freed from Pharaah's Hand
When Israel rais the Lord reproves
When I with pleasing Wonder stand
When Man grows bold in Sin
When overwhelm'd with Grief
When Pain and Anguish seize me Lord
When the Great Judge supream and Just
Where shall the Man be found
Where shall we go to seek and find
While I keep silence and conceal
While Men grow bold in wicked Ways

Who
A TABLE.

Who shall ascend thy heavenly Place
Who shall inhabit thy Hill
Who will arise and plead my Right
Why did the Jews proclaim their Rage
Why did the Nations join to slay
Why do the Proud insult the Poor
Why do the wealthy Wicked boast
Why doth the Lord stand off so far
Why doth the Man of Riches grow
Why has my God my Soul forlook
Why should I vex my Soul, and fret
Will God for ever cast us off
With all my Powers of Heart and
With earnest longings of the Mind
With my whole Heart I'll raise my Song
With my whole Heart I've sought thy
With Reverence let the Saints appear
With Songs and Honours sounding loud
Would you behold the Works of God

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Y

Ye holy Souls in God rejoice
Ye Islands of the Northern Sea
Ye Nations round the Earth rejoice
Ye Servants of the Almighty King
Ye Sons of Men, a feeble Race
Ye Sons of Pride, that hate the Just
Ye that delight to serve the Lord
Ye that obey th' Immortal King
Ye Tribes of Adam join
Yet (faith the Lord) if David's Race

THE END.
Publish'd by the same Author.


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