STANDARD USI.4b

The student will apply social science skills to understand European exploration in North America and West Africa by

b) describing cultural and economic interactions between Europeans and American Indians that led to cooperation and conflict, with emphasis on the American Indian and European concept of land;

Essential Understandings

The interactions between American Indians and Europeans sometimes led to cooperation and other times resulted in conflict.

Essential Knowledge

Cultural interactions

- Spanish
 - Conquered and enslaved American Indians
 - Brought Christianity to the New World
 - Established missions
 - Introduced European diseases to American Indians
- French
 - Established trading posts
 - Spread Christian religion
- English
 - Established settlements on American Indian land and claimed ownership of land
 - Learned farming techniques from American Indians
 - Traded with American Indians
- American Indians
 - Taught farming techniques to European settlers
 - Believed that land was to be used and shared but not owned

Areas of cooperation in economic interactions

- Europeans brought weapons and metal farm tools.
- Trade
- Crops

Areas of conflict

- Land
- Competition for trade
- Differences in cultures
- Diseases
- Language differences

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