Hy4Heat

Welcome



PARISH NOTICES 6Fs - Checklist

- Fire alarms
- Fire assembly point
- Facilities
- Food and drink
- Wi-Fi
- Fones



Purpose of today

- BEIS strategic context for Hy4Heat
- Overview of the Hy4Heat programme
- Making connections
 - ... with each other ...
 - ... with the Hy4Heat team
- Information and knowledge exchange



Agenda

ITEM	SPEAKER			
WELCOME				
Energy Innovation	Mark Taylor			
Long term heat decarbonisation	Olivia Absalom			
Hy4Heat – Sponsor view	Jon Saltmarsh			
Hy4Heat – the programme	Mark Neller			
Hy4Heat – procurement	Heidi Genoni / Steve Loades			
Panel Q&A	Mark Eldridge			
LUNCH				
Round table(s) – Session 1				
Round table(s) – Session 2				
CLOSE				



Hy4Heat

Energy Innovation

Dr Mark Taylor

Deputy Director Energy Innovation

Science and Innovation for Climate and Energy (SICE)



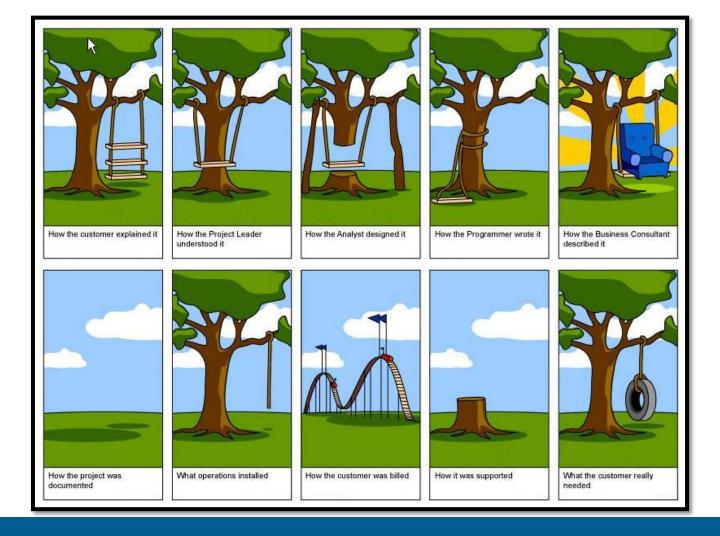


Recently joined the Civil Service ...

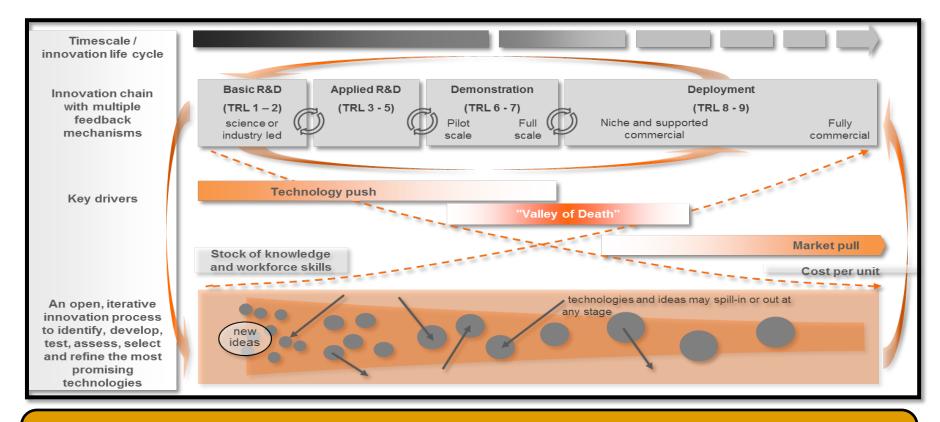




... innovation is difficult ... to get right



Energy Innovation – HMG's role



There are specific barriers to commercialisation in the energy sector.

Central Government funding targets the 'valley of death' between demonstration & deployment.

UKRI - Research Councils and Universities focus on basic R&D, Innovate UK focuses on applied R&D.



BEIS Energy Innovation Portfolio (EIP)

AIM

to accelerate the commercialisation of innovative, clean, cheap and reliable energy technologies by the mid 2020s.

OBJECTIVES

- Support the development and demonstration of new energy technologies, systems and processes
- Stimulate and leverage private sector investment in the most promising mid-to-late stage energy innovations, with a focus on the mid-2020s
- Maximise international funding and collaboration opportunities that will benefit the UK clean energy sector



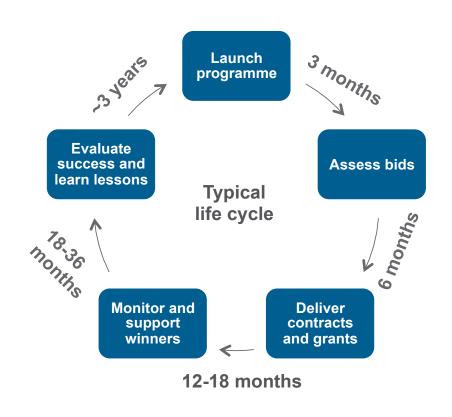
EIP – Six themes

The £505m portfolio has been grouped into 6 themes, selected through a topdown and bottom-up process, with cross-government discussion

EIP Theme	£m	Innovation needs	Links to Clean Growth Plan & Industrial Strategy
Nuclear	180	Developing advanced, more efficient reactorsDeveloping lower cost reactors	Boosting UK nuclear skills and supply chainsFuture carbon reduction of electricity
Renewables	15	Developing lower cost energy	Building the renewables sectorLower carbon electricity
Industry & CCS	100	 Developing more efficient ways to use energy Developing low carbon fuel sources for industry Researching and demonstrating CCUS 	More efficient industry, with lower energy billsLower carbon industry
Built Environment	90	 Developing options for low carbon heating Developing innovative energy efficiency solutions Researching and testing community energy solutions 	 New product offer and supply chains, with potential for new UK IP, and exports Lower carbon heat options for the UK
Smart Systems	70	Developing lower cost energy storageDeveloping 'smart' demand side response options	Builds a new 'smart' industry in the UKMore effective, lower carbon energy use
Cross- cutting	50	Supporting 'disruptive' innovations across the energy sector, including from SMEs	Could develop new low carbon options



EIP – Delivery models



Number of different **delivery models**, including:

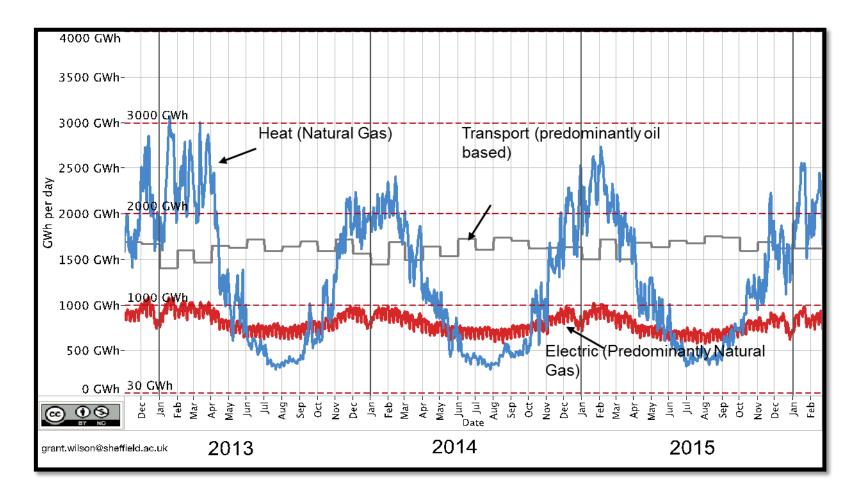
- Open competitions for the best and brightest energy ideas (e.g. EEF)
- Bespoke competitions (e.g. SMRs)
- Large-scale demonstration (e.g. CCU)
- Pilots and trials (e.g. Smart Systems)
- Working internationally (e.g. MI)

Work with and through **delivery partners**, including:

- Catapults (Energy Systems Catapult and Offshore Renewables Catapult)
- Innovate UK
- Energy Technologies Institute

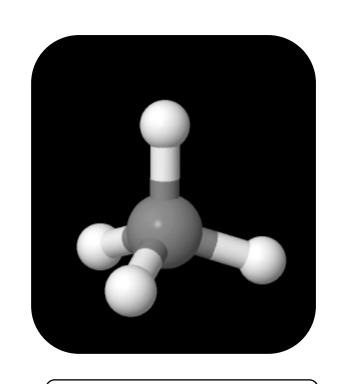


The challenge is well understood ...





... the issue to fix is ...



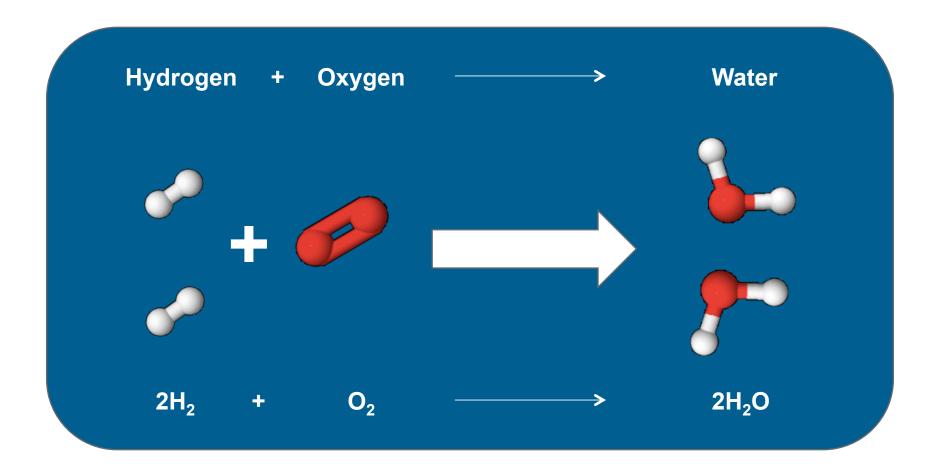




Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

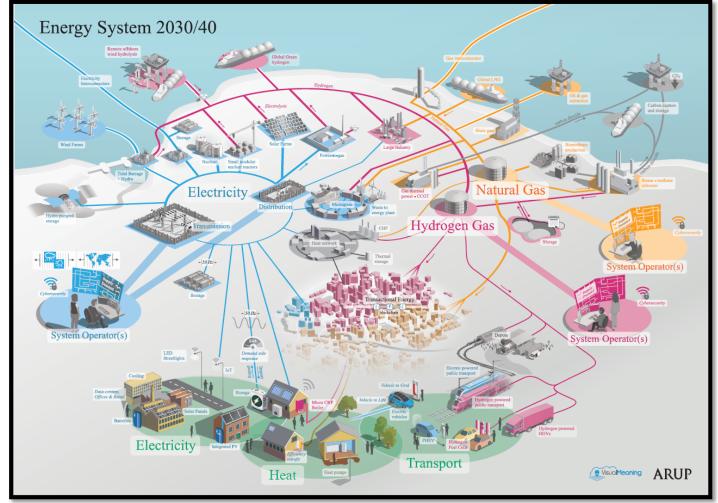


... one option is hydrogen ...



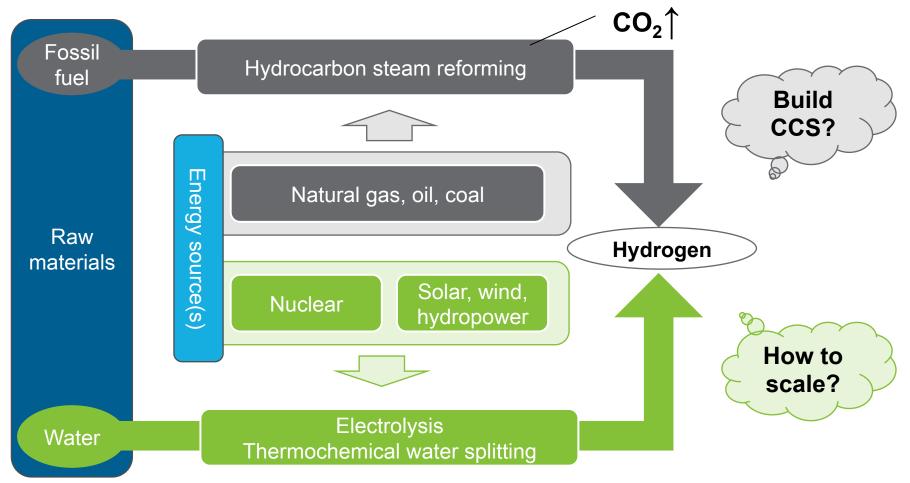


... system is complex ...





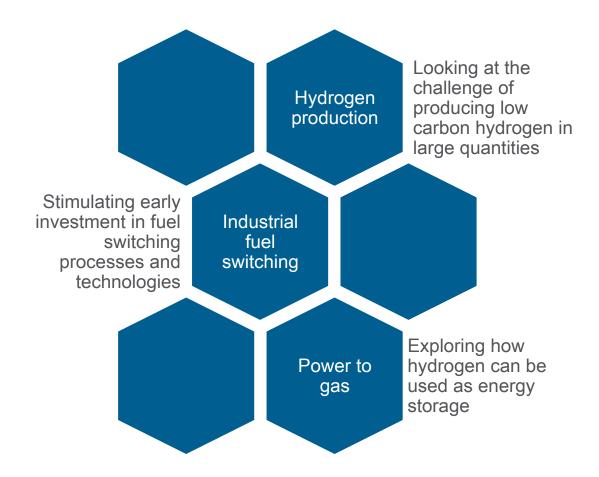
... many solutions ... and much debate ...



... safety, reuse of gas network, zero carbon production, CCUS, pathways ...



... range of hydrogen interests ...



... hydrogen must compete ...

We must demonstrate hydrogen as an effective energy source for industry and an economic alternative to current solutions We must develop an appropriate pathway to developing the hydrogen economy seeking synergies to drive this forward We need to produce low, or ideally zero, carbon hydrogen in an economic manner

We must prove the effectiveness and safety of hydrogen in the domestic environment

We need to develop world class solutions to justify investment and deliver export potential



We need to prove safety and effectiveness of hydrogen in the gas network

We must convince the public of the merits, safety and effectiveness of hydrogen as part of the solution to decarbonising

and ... prove itself against alternatives (e.g. electrification etc.)



Hy4Heat

Long term heat decarbonisation

Olivia Absalom

Deputy Head, Strategic Heat Review

Heat and Business Energy (HBE)

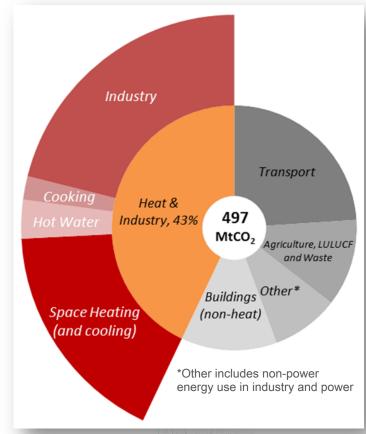




Heat in the context of climate change goals ... Estimated UK Emissions

- The Climate Change Act sets an 80% decarbonisation target by 2050.
- Decarbonisation achievements in the power and waste sectors need to be replicated in "harder to reach" sectors.
- Meeting this target implies decarbonising nearly all heat in buildings and most industrial processes.
- The Clean Growth Strategy identifies heat as the most difficult decarbonisation challenge facing the country





Source: BEIS estimates derived from ECUK 2016, Energy and Emissions Projections 2016, GHG Inventory 2017, BEIS IAG guidance 2017



The Industrial Strategy

Maximising the advantages for UK industry from the global shift to clean growth

Boosting productivity and earning power



Grand Challenges to put the future of the UK at the forefront of the industries of the future



AI & Data Economy

We will put the UK at the forefront of the artificial intelligence and data revolution



Future of Mobility

We will become a world leader in the way people, goods and services move



Clean Growth

We will maximise the advantages for UK industry from the global shift to clean growth



Ageing Society

We will harness the power of innovation to help meet the needs of an ageing society

Already taking action to decarbonise heat

Reducing the amount of heat used

New Build Standards

Improvements to building regulations requirements.

Industrial Heat Recovery Scheme

Supporting the recovery and use of industrial heat that otherwise would be wasted

Boiler Standards

Introducing a new minimum performance standard for domestic boilers to drive efficiency and give consumers greater control

Energy efficiency measures

Moving as many homes as possible to an EPC Band C rating by 2035, where practical, cost-effective and affordable.

Targeting properties off gas grid

Off Gas Grid Properties

Developing a post RHI framework to phase out oil heating – based on ambition of approx. 500,000 homes with heat pumps by 2030.

Developing low carbon heating technologies

Heat Networks

Examining the measures required to create a long-term framework and subsidy-free market growth

Heat Networks Investment Project

Promoting heat networks through capital funding and other support

Renewable Heat Incentive

Reforming the RHI to focus the scheme towards long-term decarbonisation

Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strate



Long term options for decarbonising heat

A number of technologies hold potential, but there is no consensus on which approach will work best at the scale needed – for consumers and for minimising costs.

Electrification

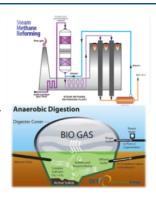
- conversion to electric heat pumps or other electric technologies
- particularly useful for buildings not on the gas grid





Decarbonising the gas grid

- using hydrogen or biogas
- more work is needed to assess cost and feasibility



District heat networks

- cost effective where there is sufficient density of heat demand
- likely to be an important part of the mix in the long term



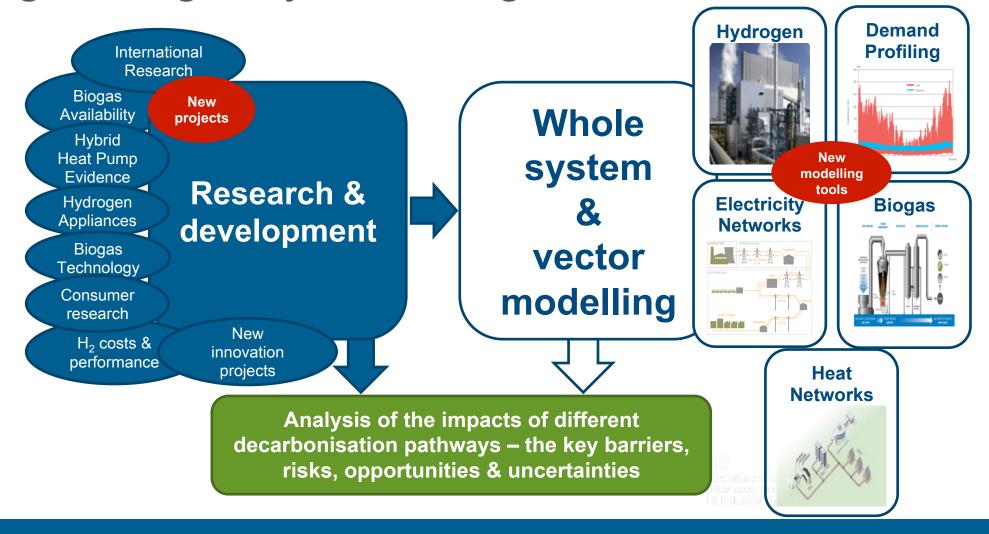
Hybrid solutions

 two different heating technologies and energy sources working together





Strengthening & synthesising the evidence base





Paving the way for decisions on our long-term heat strategy ...

As set out in the Clean Growth Strategy:

- We will lay the groundwork in this
 Parliament to set up decisions in the first
 half of the next decade about the long
 term future of heat.
- We will publish initial findings from commissioned research into different heat demand scenarios.
- We will publish a full report on the review of the evidence for decarbonising heat, by summer 2018.





Hy4Heat

Hy4Heat – Sponsor View

Jon Saltmarsh

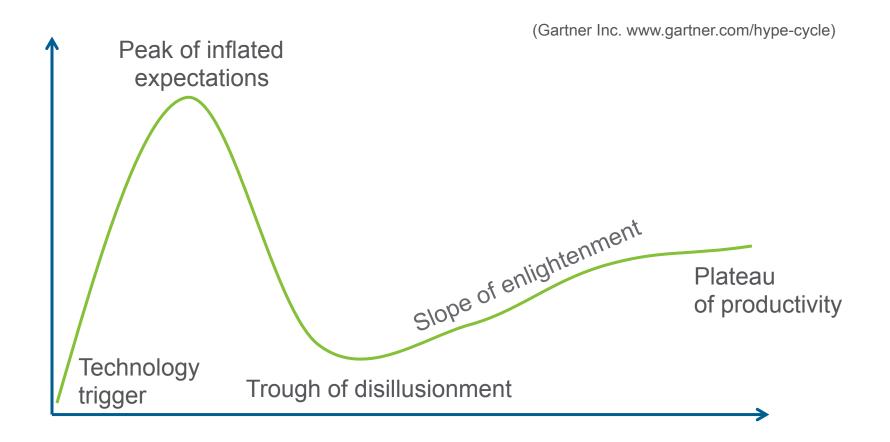
Head of Built Environment Technology and Systems

Science and Innovation for Climate and Energy (SICE)





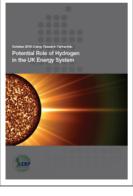
The hydrogen hype cycle ...





... the evidence base has grown ...







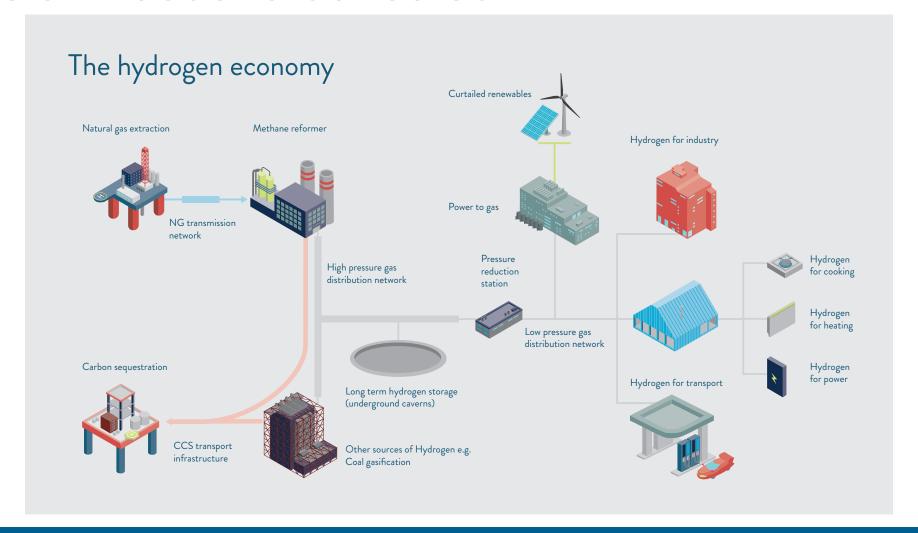








... a vision needs to be tested ...



... critical questions need answering ...

Will consumers be prepared to switch?

How leaky are the gas pipes in buildings with hydrogen?

How do we odourise hydrogen?

Will all components in the distribution network work with hydrogen?

Can we build hydrogen appliances at an acceptable cost?

Do we need to add a flame colourant to hydrogen?

How leaky is the gas distribution network with hydrogen?

Can we build dual fuel appliances?

What needs to be done to demonstrate safety?

What will emissions be from hydrogen appliances?

How best to minimise disruption to consumers?

What needs to be done to certify safety?

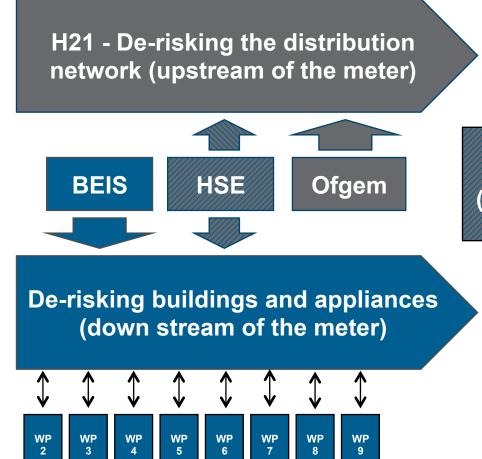
... therefore hydrogen innovation

- Inform policy decisions in the early 2020s on the option of heat decarbonisation through the use of hydrogen
- Identify evidence gaps and ways to fill them – evidence generation not evidence gathering
- Working with industry and making use of all expertise
- Preparing for an occupied community trial





Hydrogen innovation programme



Occupied community trial (distribution network and homes)



BEIS hydrogen innovation programme

Definition of a hydrogen quality standard (WP2)

Establishing an appliance and equipment testing capability (WP3)

Development of domestic hydrogen appliances (WP4)

Understanding commercial appliances (WP5)

Understanding industrial appliances (WP6)

Assessment of suitability of existing buildings (WP7)

Trialling
hydrogen
appliances in
unoccupied
buildings (WP8)

Preparations for community trial (WP9)

Programme Management (WP1)

BEIS has appointed Arup+ as programme management contractor (WP1) and to prepare for community trial (WP9). Other packages to be competed.



VISION

Hydrogen is a strategic option for decarbonising heat.

The Hy4Heat programme has demonstrated that it will be safe, reliable, and convenient for use in buildings, and there is an agreed plan in place for a community trial, if required.

MISSION

To establish if it is technically possible and safe to replace methane with hydrogen in commercial and residential buildings and gas appliances. This will enable the Government to determine whether to proceed to a community trial.

OBJECTIVES

To provide the technical, performance, usability and safety evidence to de-risk the use of hydrogen for heat in buildings whilst working with others to prepare for a future occupied trial.

Hydrogen standard

Industrial appliances

Testing capability

Risk and safety assessments

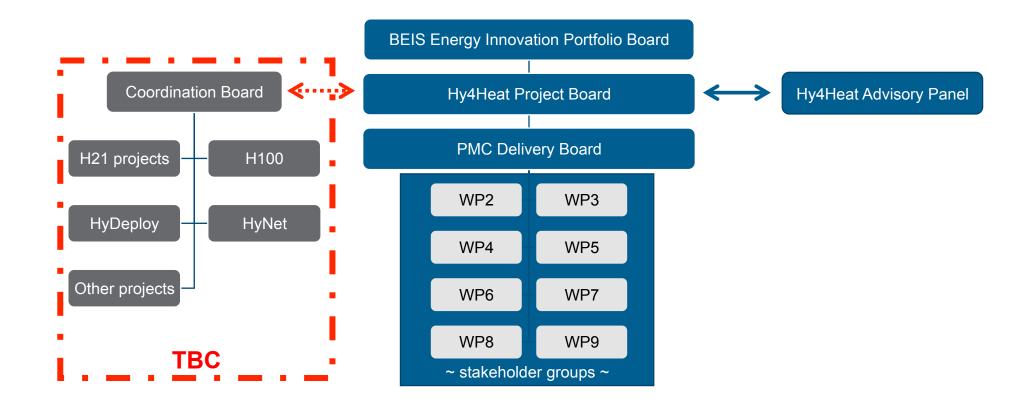
Domestic appliances

Demonstration trials

Commercial appliances

Community trial preparations

Governance arrangements



Hy4Heat

Mark Neller

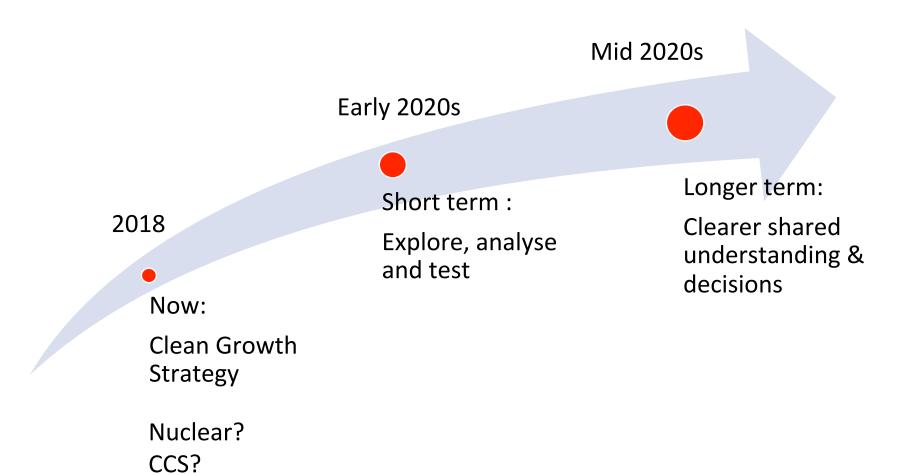
Hy4Heat Programme Director

Hy4Heat

Heat Strategic context

Storage?

Hydrogen?



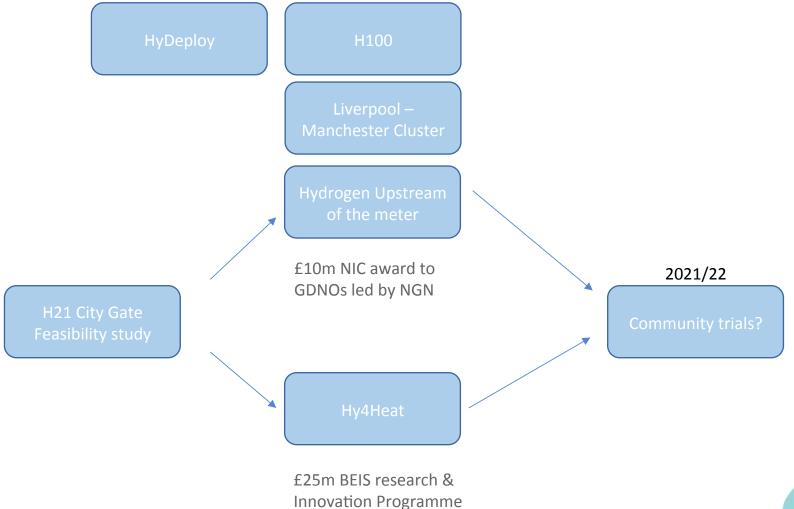


Hy4Heat Mission

To establish if it is technically possible, safe and convenient to replace methane with hydrogen in residential and commercial buildings and gas appliances. This will enable the government to determine whether to proceed to a community trial.



Relationship with GDNO projects



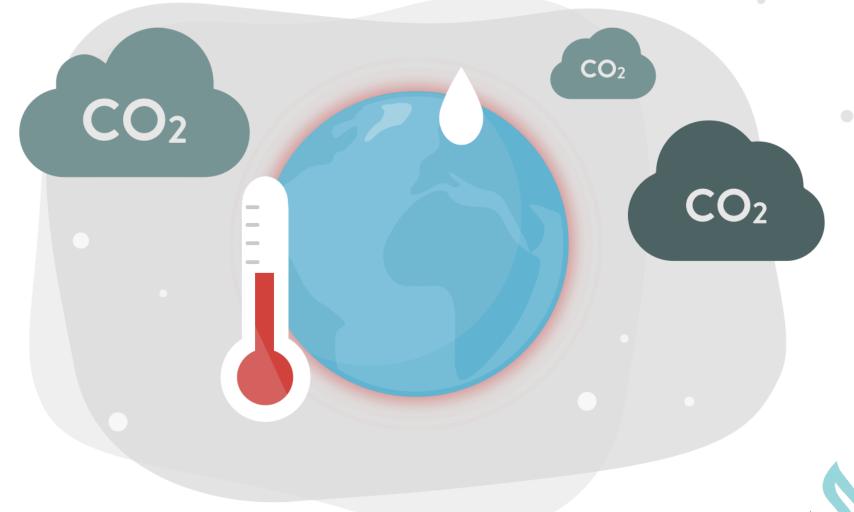


Stakeholder focused programme

- Advisory panel
- Work package stakeholder engagement groups
- Use network of energy expertise
- Consumer and public perception

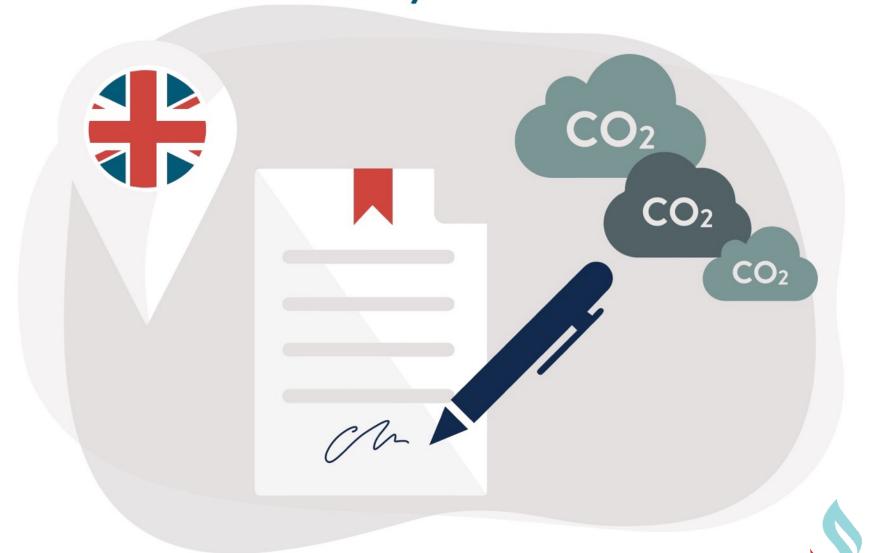


Carbon Dioxide is contributing to climate change and global warming





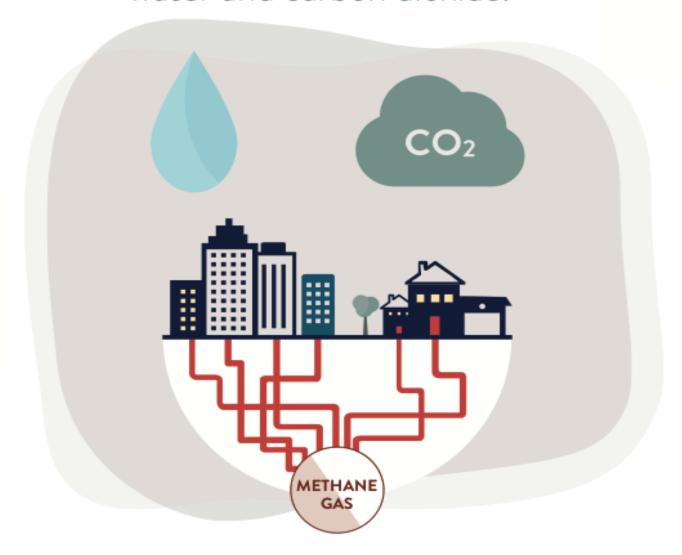
The UK government has a 2050 target to **reduce** carbon emissions by 80% of 1990 levels



Heating and cooling UK homes is about half all energy consumption and a third of carbon emissions

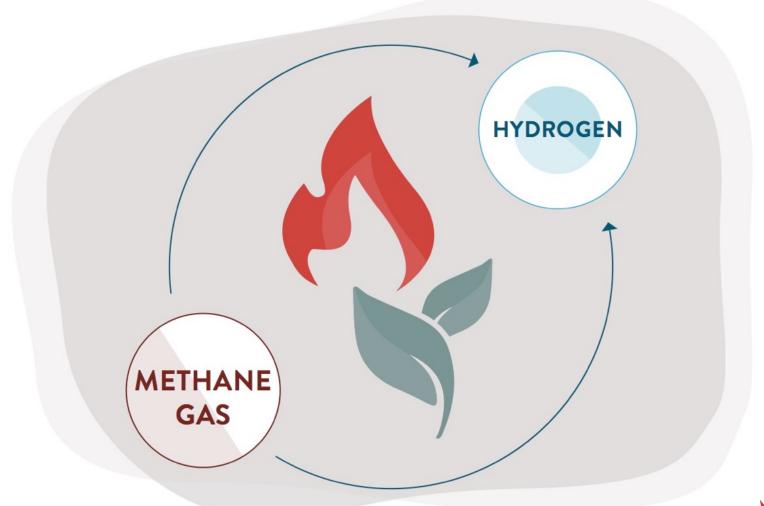


80% of homes use natural gas (methane). When used for heating and cooking, this releases water and carbon dioxide.





BEIS (Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy) is looking at ways of **decarbonising heat.** One of the options is replacing methane with hydrogen



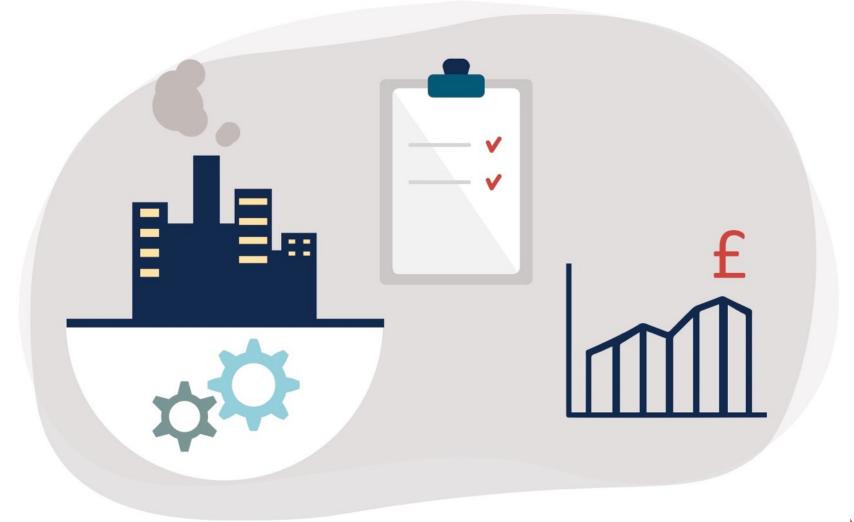


Hydrogen, when converted to heat releases no carbon dioxide



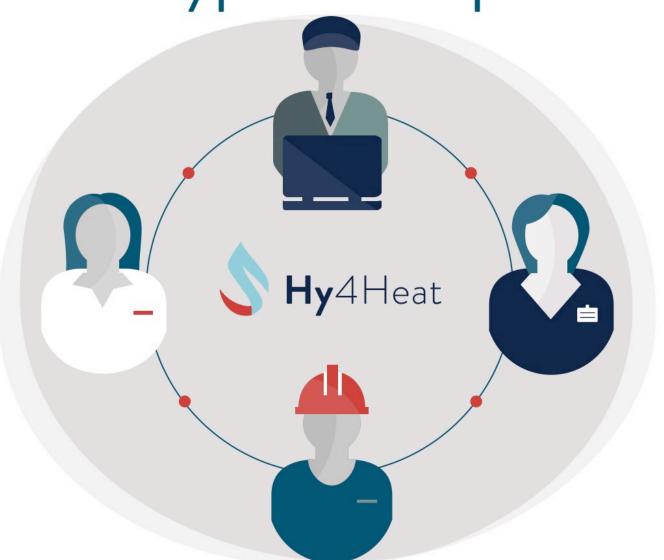


BEIS is considering several options: from how hydrogen could be **produced** sustainably at scale... through to how much a change might cost...





Hy4Heat is part of this work – and is a group of industry partners and experts...



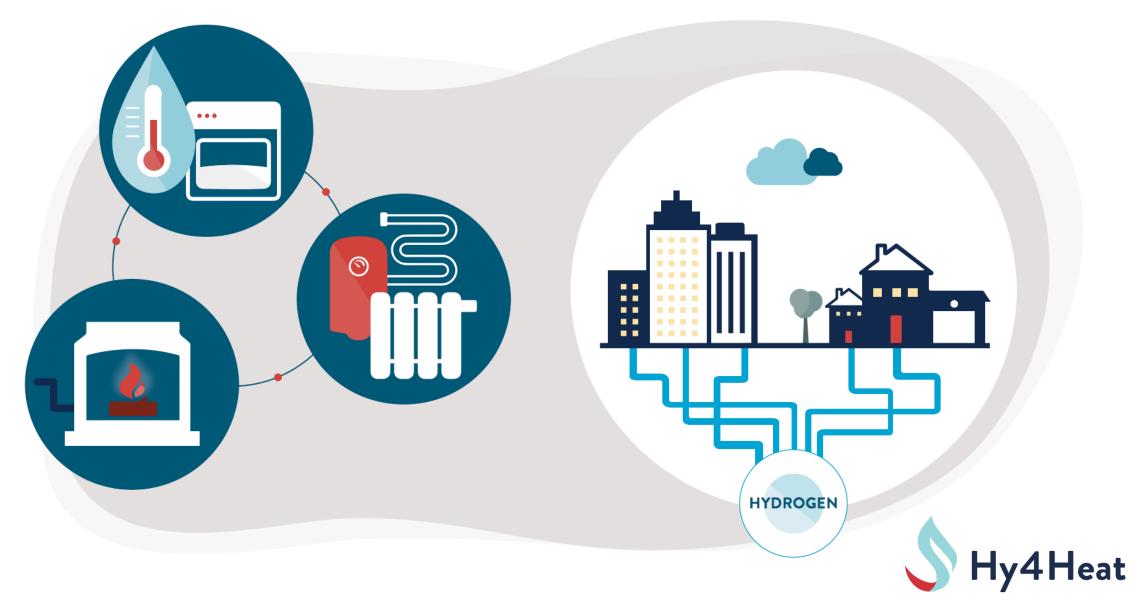


defining a hydrogen quality standard...

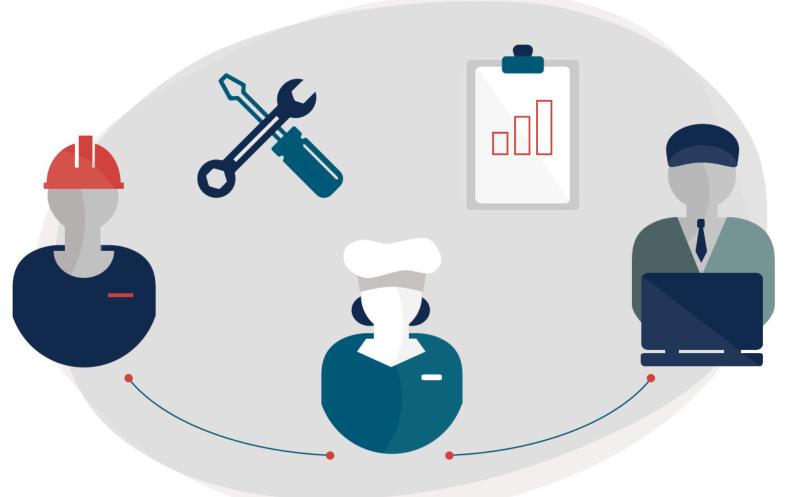




developing appliances for use with hydrogen gas...



and testing them to make sure they're safe, reliable and convenient

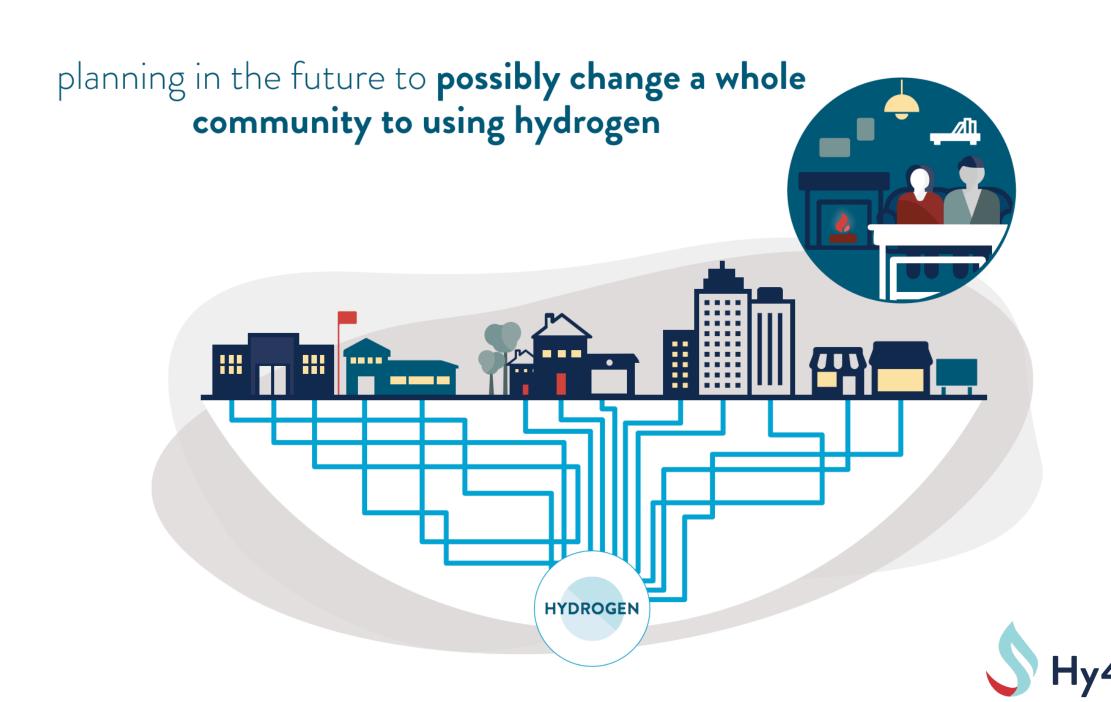




Creating demonstration showrooms and getting people's feedback...

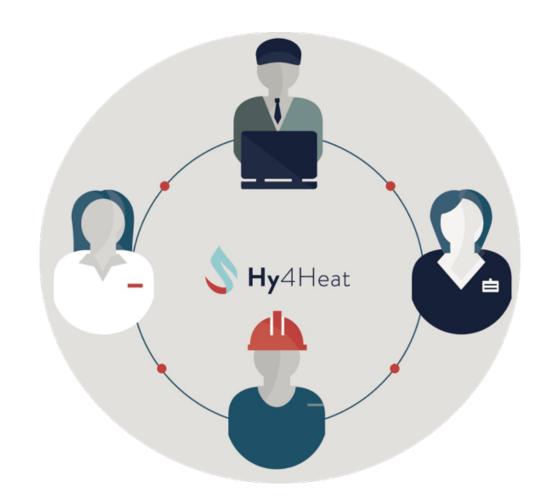






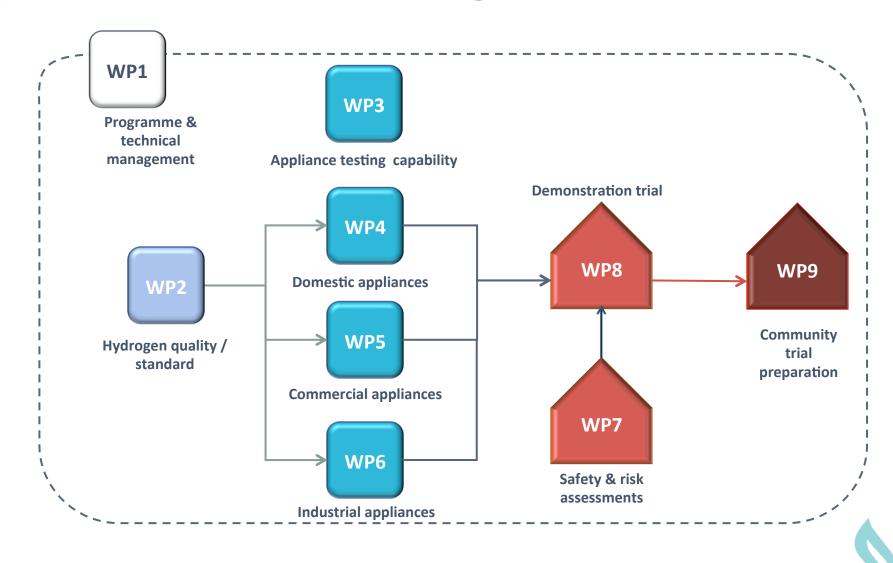
Our approach

- Collaborative
- Impartial
- Evidence based
- Stakeholder focused





Programme Work Packages



Work packages

- Hydrogen quality standard
- Appliance testing and capability
- Domestic appliances (boilers, cookers gas fires)
- Commercial appliances
- Industrial appliances
- Safety, risk assessments
- Demonstration trials
- Community trial preparation



Hydrogen quality standards (WP2)

Definition of a hydrogen quality standard





Appliance testing and capability (WP3)

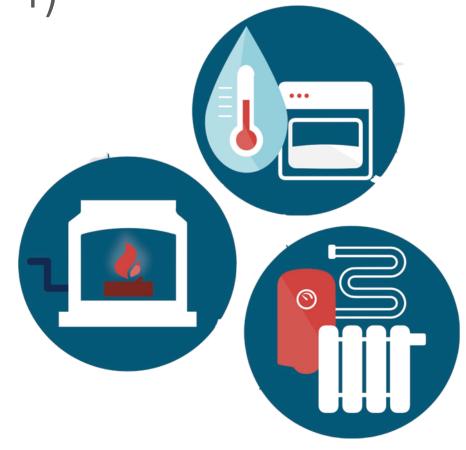
 Establishing an appliance and equipment testing capability





Domestic appliances - (WP4)

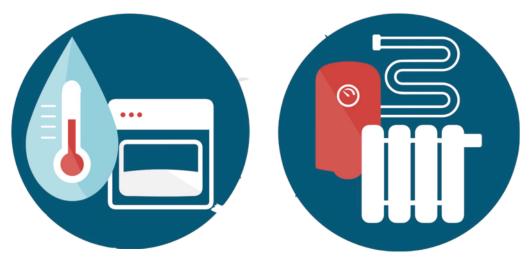
- Development of domestic hydrogen appliances
- Boilers
- Cookers
- Gas fires





Commercial appliances (WP5)

- Understanding commercial appliances
- Establishing an appliance and equipment testing capability





Industrial appliances (WP6)

Understanding industrial appliances





Safety risk and assessments (WP7)

Assessment of suitability of existing buildings





Demonstration trials (WP8)

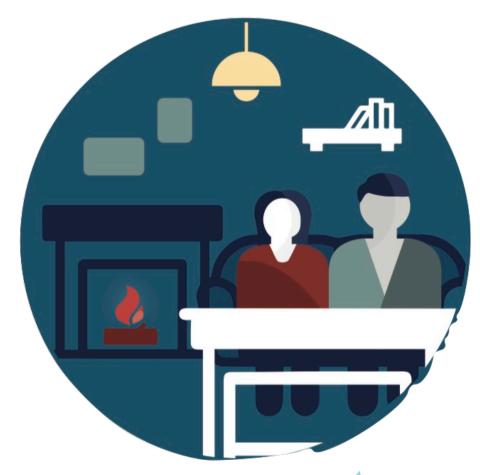
 Demonstrating hydrogen appliances – and getting feedback





Community trial preparation (WP9)

- Selecting suitable sites
- Engaging local authorities for public consultation
- Liaison with gas suppliers, safety regulators, etc





Challenges

- Multi-faceted programme
- Interdependencies across work packages
- Success is reliant on collaboration and partnerships
- Getting the right suppliers to partner with



Engagement groups

Quality & Standards

Safety & Risk

Pipework & Fittings

Boilers (domestic/commercial)

Cookers (domestic / commercial)

Gas Fires

Industrial appliances

Locations

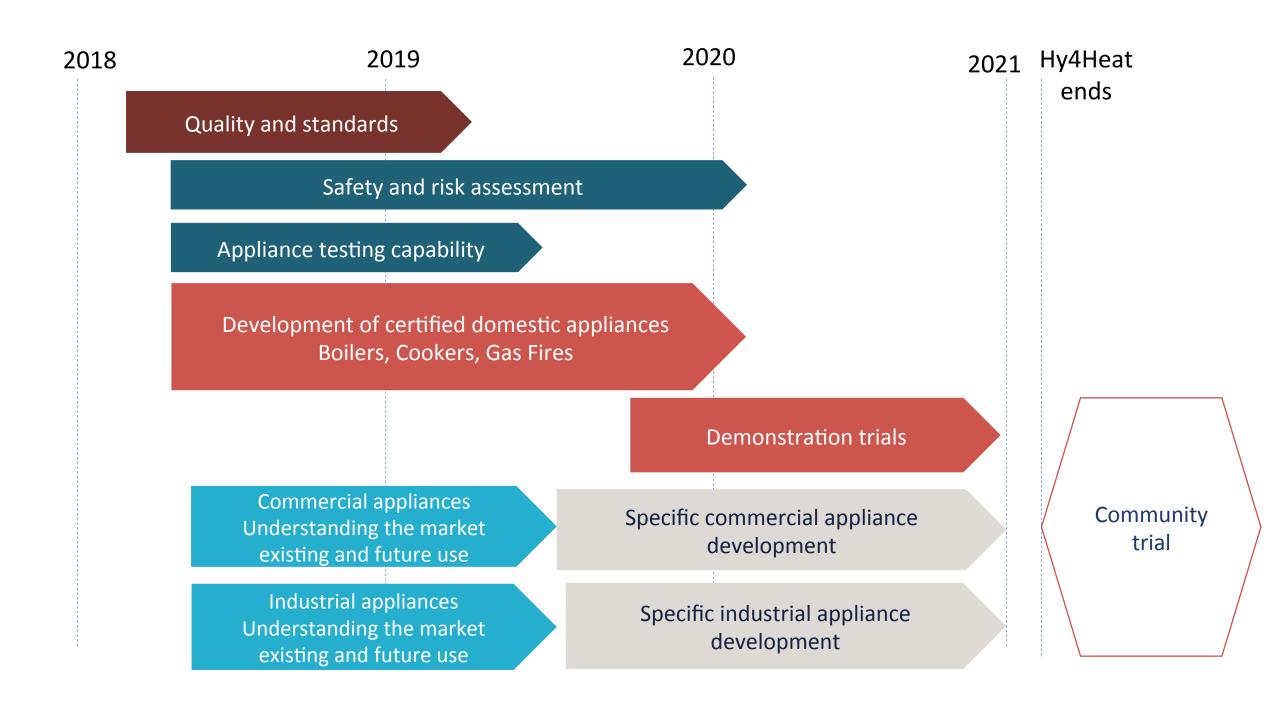
Capability



Hy4Heat

Heidi Genoni

Hy4Heat Programme Manager



Scope of works anticipated	Target dates:		
	PIN release (if required)	ITT release	
 Hydrogen quality standards ISO standards - development of, and advice in, the adoption of ISO standards Odorant & colourant – research, options development, and testing 	Early March '18	Mid-April '18	
 Safety & risk assessments Quality Research Assessments (QRA) approach Physical testing (e.g. deflagrations and other quantitative data) 	Early May '18	Mid-June '18	
 Domestic appliances Study/report into the fundamentals of flame and burner design Study/report into, and demonstration of, tray and burner manufacture (for gas fires / space heaters) 	Early May '18	Late June '18	
	<u> </u>		



Scope of works anticipated	Target dates:		
	PIN release (if required)	ITT release	
Commercial appliances			
Study/report to understand the market	Mid-June '18	Mid-July '18	
Subsequent, development of appliances tbc	tbc	tbc	
Industrial appliances			
Study/report to understand the market	Mid-June '18	Mid-July '18	
Subsequent, development of appliances tbc	tbc	tbc	
Appliance testing & capability			
 Study/report & advice to Notified Bodies 	Mid-June '18	Late July '18	
Subsequent, development of facilities tbc	tbc	tbc	
Demonstration trials	tbc	tbc	
Locations and facilities tbc			



Scope of works anticipated: Certified Domestic Appliances	Target dates:		No. of
	PIN release (if required)	ITT release	contracts to be awarded
Boilers	Early May '18	Late June '18	2-3
Cookers	Early May '18	Late June '18	2-3
Gas fires / space heaters	Early May '18	Late June '18	2-3



Boilers	Cookers	Gas fires (space heaters)
Combi boilerSystem/regular boiler	HobHob oven / double oven	 Gas fires / space heaters: economy/standard/executive appliances

Our aspiration is for 'like-for-like' replacements... each manufacturer must provide:

- a) Fully certified appliances (to be produced in the most timely manner, ready for demonstration trials)
- b) Business Plans and associated roll-out development plans (for high/medium/low market uptake; including associated costs, assumptions, and implications for each)



Hy4Heat

Hy4Heat - Procurement

Dr Steve Loades

Project Manager Hydrogen Innovation

Science and Innovation for Climate and Energy (SICE)





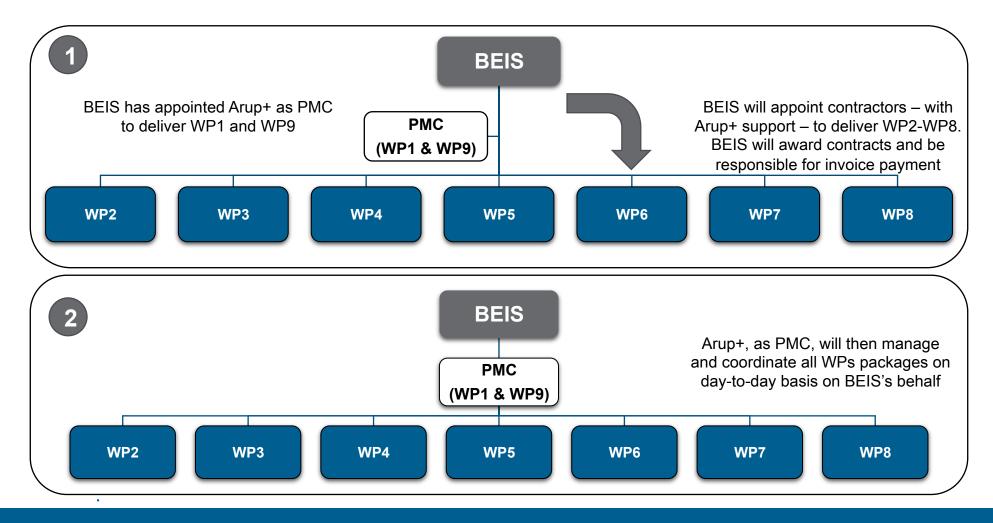
Constructive collaboration ... meeting challenges creatively ...



... supported by clear commercial and contractual arrangements



WP procurement and management



PMC procurement exclusion

Invitation to Tender for Programme Management Contractor (PMC) for UK hydrogen for heat demonstration

Tender Reference Number: 1318/06/2017

C: Conflict of interest

The appointed programme management contractor for this ITT will undertake a central role in developing the detailed technical design and specification of subsequent work packages (WP2-WP8) and assisting with procurement and award procedures.

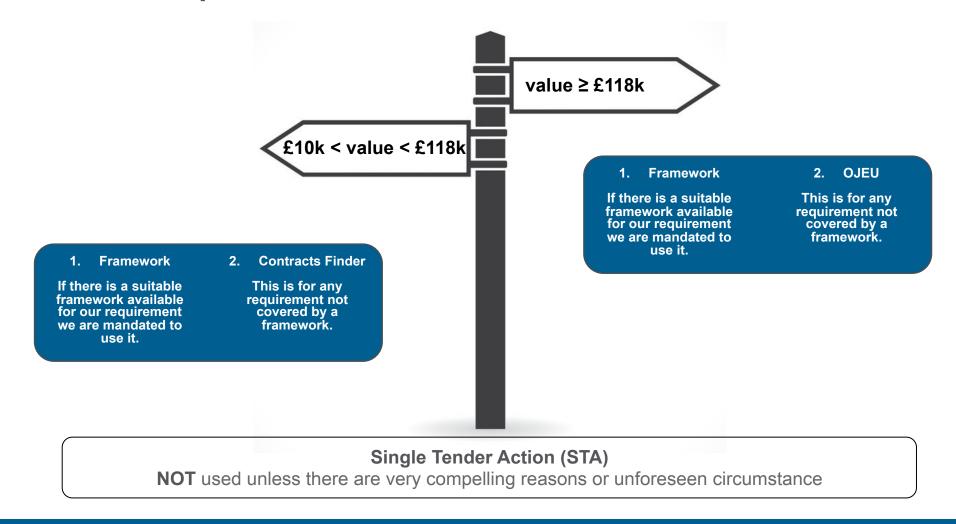
BEIS therefore considers that there is no means by which it can ensure compliance with the duty to treat economic operators equally in accordance with regulation 18(1) of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 other than by excluding the company or consortium appointed to deliver the PMC role for this ITT from the procurement processes for subsequent work packages.

In their tender response, tenderers are required to give a commitment to abide by this exclusion unless they can prove that their involvement in preparing the procurement procedure for subsequent work packages is not capable of distorting competition.

Arup+ proposal committed to abide by this exclusion ... therefore part of the contract with BEIS



Procurement options / routes





Consortium bids

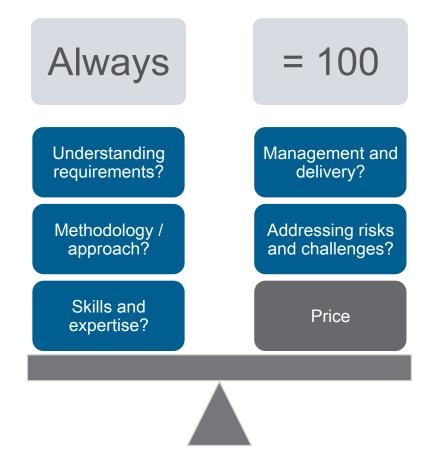
BEIS welcome bids from consortia / groups... as well as large(r) single entities

Some pointers:

- Single proposal
 - make clear the proposed role for each partner, the lead contact, the organisation and governance
 - set out how any sub-contractors will be managed and the % of the tendered activity (in terms of £) that will be sub-contracted
- Set out proposed arrangements, if a consortium is not proposing to form a corporate entity
 - BEIS reserves the right to require a successful consortium to form a single legal entity

- BEIS recognises that arrangements in relation to consortia may (within limits) be subject to future change
 - therefore respond in the light of the arrangements as currently envisaged
 - Notify BEIS of any future proposed change, so that a further assessment by applying the selection criteria to the new information provided can be made

Criteria – getting the balance right



Proposals are scored:

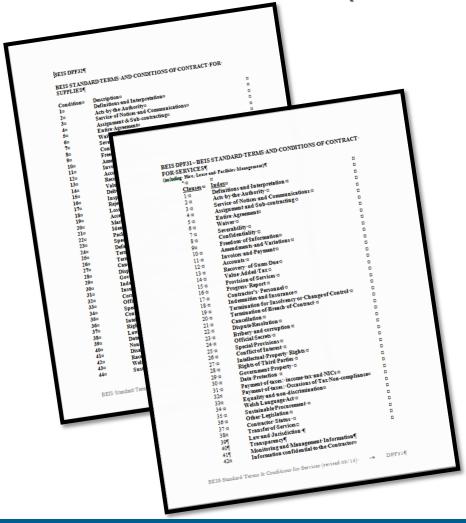
- using a range of weighted criteria
- price is always a criterion

Full / final details are included in ITTs

Nb. BEIS reserves right to award contract on written bid only.



Terms and conditions (Ts & Cs)



- BEIS standard Ts & Cs are expected to form the basis of any contract
- BEIS will publish the final version of the Ts & Cs at the time of any ITT
 - These will be final and any bids submitted on condition that Ts & Cs are amended will be effectively submitting a non-compliant bid
- BEIS are happy to share these documents



Transparency

- In the interests of fairness, today's information will be posted on the OJEU DELTA portal – for all potential bidders
 - Linked with the overarching PIN notice
 - Including Q&A from panel session in an anonymised form



Hy4Heat

Q & A session Mark Eldridge Hy4Heat

Roundtable discussions

Gas quality standards

Local space heaters (gas fires)

Boilers

Cookers and catering

Industrial appliances

Meters, pipework & safety

Session A Session B

Tables 1, 8,11 Tables 1, 8,11

Table 2 Table 2

Tables 4, 10, 12 Tables 4, 10

Table 3 Table 3

Tables 6,7,9 Tables 6,7,9

Table 5 Tables 5, 12



Hy4Heat