Support A4285/S4281

We are fighting for a law that will increase the rights of parenting and pregnant people, especially those who use drugs.



WE'RE FIGHTING FOR A LAW THAT'LL REQUIRE:

If your medical provider tries to ask you questions about drug/alcohol use during pregnancy, or plans to test you for drugs/alcohol use during pregnancy, they MUST

- 1. Tell you in the language YOU CHOOSE why the test is necessary for your care.
- 2. Get your PERMISSION verbally and in writing BEFORE asking or doing any tests for drugs and/or alcohol usage during pregnancy.
- 3. Tell you there is a risk they will report a positive result or disclosure of use to child protective services.
- 4. You CAN SAY NO!

THIS LAW WOULD ALSO APPLY TO YOUR BABY!

If your medical provider wants to <u>test your newborn</u> for drugs and/or alcohol, they MUST:

- 1. Tell you in the language YOU CHOOSE, or someone you choose to speak for your newborn, why the test is necessary for your newborn's care.
- 2. Get PERMISSION from you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, verbally and in writing BEFORE doing any tests for drugs and/or alcohol on your newborn.
- 3. Tell you there is a risk they will report a positive result to child protective services.
- 4. You, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, CAN SAY NO!



The Bronx Defenders defense





When would these rights start? BEFORE ANY TESTING IS DONE!

- 1. IF you SAY NO to testing, or do not wish to disclose use they CAN'T refuse to care for you or your baby.
- 2. If you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, SAY NO to testing, they CAN'T withhold medical care from your newborn.
- 3. They MUST give you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, time to think about the decision.
- 4. They CAN'T PRESSURE you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, to agree to testing.
- 5. They must tell you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, in writing, that a positive test could have LEGAL RISKS such as a report to child protective services.
- 6. They must tell you that you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, can talk to a lawyer before or after consent is given for the drug and/or alcohol testing.
- 7. They must tell you in writing, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, who can get the results of the testing.
- 8. They must explain in writing what the test is and why they did it. There are people who can help, <u>click this link to find more!</u>

EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

- 1. In an emergency, a medical provider can order drug and/or alcohol testing for you and your newborn without consent IF your health or your newborn's health is at risk.
- 2. If this happens, they must provide you, or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, a written and verbal explanation of the results of the testing, in a language of your choice.
- 3. The written document MUST explain the following:
 - a. A positive result for drugs and/or alcohol can have LEGAL RISKS, including but not limited to a report to child protective services and you may wish to speak to a lawyer;
 - b. You or the person you choose to speak for your newborn, may APPEAL the decision that unconsented testing was necessary due to an emergency;
 - c. The emergency situation that required the unconsented testing;
 - d. Who can get the results of the drug and/or alcohol testing.

You can join the campaign to fight for this law at <u>Movementforfamilypower.org/reimagine-</u> <u>support</u>. You can also voice your support for this law to pass by signing this letter at <u>bit.ly/informed-consent-letter</u>