Information & Additional Care Options

- Staking: Stake trees up to 25 gallons.
- Pruning: Generally, new trees do not need pruning.
 Damaged branches may be removed, but it's best to leave pruning to an expert. Contact us at Hoerr Nursery for advice, or call a local ISA certified arborist.
- Fertilizing: You may fertilize your tree once a year in early fall with Holly-tone, or another fertilizer labeled for trees.
- Espoma Holly-tone: An organic fertilizer.
- Fertilome Root Stimulator: This product helps reduce transplant shock and stimulates root growth.
- Espoma Bio-tone: Microbe enhanced all natural organic fertilizer. This micorrhyzal product helps establish a larger root mass.



A step-by-step video guide is available! Scan the QR Code with your smartphone camera or visit hoerrnursery.com/ trees



TREE GUIDE

HOERR NURSERY • 8020 N SHADE TREE DRIVE PEORIA, IL 61615 309 691-4561 HOERRNURSERY.COM EXPERT@HOERRNURSERY.COM



Planting Your New Tree

6 Steps To Success

Congratulations on your new tree purchase! You're just six steps away from enjoying your tree for many years to come.



For expert help or advice, email expert@hoerrnursery.com



Or call us at 309 691-4561



STEP 1: DIG YOUR HOLE

Dig the hole for the tree. The hole needs to be clear of old roots and rocks. Make the hole almost as deep as your tree's rootball and twice (2x) as wide.



STEP 2: PREPARE YOUR TREE

- Plastic or synthetic container: Please remove this now and discard. IMPORTANT! Break up some soil from the rootball to expose structural roots. A root-bound tree will not thrive. Tip the tree at an angle and roll the rootball into the hole. Straighten the tree.
- Balled & Burlapped: Leave roots wrapped. Remove string, top 1/3 of wire and burlap. (See diagram on next page).



TEP 3: PLANT YOUR TREE

Plant your tree in the hole, leaving the trunk flare at or slightly above soil level to ensure your tree does not succumb to root rot.

PLANTING CONTINUED



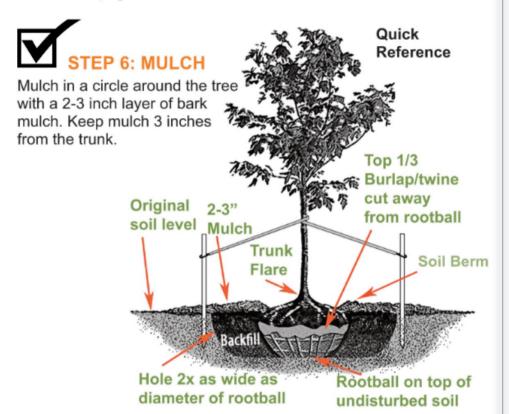
Backfill the hole, adding a stiff spray of water to the hole after backfilling half way to eliminate air pockets.

IF USING FERTILOME ROOT STIMULATOR OR ESPOMA BIO-TONE:

Please follow all product instructions. Pour or place mixture around the rootball, alternating with layers of soil, tampering as you backfill.



Form a sturdy raised berm around the rootball's perimeter with excess soil. Watering is a crucial part of your tree's success. Please water immediately. See the watering guide on the next page for further instructions.





Caring For Your Tree

YOUR TREE'S FIRST YEAR

WATERING GUIDE

IMPORTANT: Improper watering is the #1 cause of tree loss!

Watering is the single most important task to ensure your new tree thrives. Water once a week unless you receive an inch of slow rainfall. **Water twice a week if weather is hot and dry.**

HEIGHT	TRUNK DIA.	ROOTBALL	WATER
3-6ft	1-2 in	5-15 gal	5-15 gal
6-10 ft	2-3 in	15-25 gal	15-25 gal
10-15 ft	3-4 in	45 gal	25+ gal
15+ft	4-5 in	70 gal	70+ gal

Water Deciduous Trees May - Sept • Water Evergreen Trees Apr - Dec

Instructions For Watering:

Set a hose to a slow trickle and let it run for 30 minutes to 2 hours based on the size of the tree. You can time your trickle by filling a 5 gallon bucket and calculating accordingly.

PROTECTING

SUNSCALD

Protect your tree from winter sunscald and freeze damage. Wrap with tree wrap from November – April from the base up to the bottom of the first branch. Overlap as you go and secure with cotton string or twine. Continue annually until trunk is 4 inches in diameter and a rougher, textured bark develops.

DEER

Protect your tree from deer by using a tree guard. Deer can severely damage young trees by rubbing their antlers on the bark, and can even snap a young tree in half. Tree guards can be left on year-round, or added in fall and removed in spring.