Goals and Concerns

Before you begin, it is important to know why you are building an ADU. It's helpful to think about both your short-term needs and your long-term goals. One of the benefits of an ADU is that it can adapt to your living situation as it changes over time. At first, it might be rented for income, then it might turn into a children's playroom, and eventually it might house aging parents or yourself.

It is also important to think about your concerns. Ways to address these potential challenges are explored in this workbook. It is good to list concerns early in the process to make sure they are addressed sufficiently.

What are some of your overall goals for building an ADU?



Goals SHORT- LONG-TFRM **TERM** Rental income Housing for a family member Helping out the community (e.g., housing a teacher) Housing for someone with special needs \Box Planning for retirement П Increased resale value Downsizing/moving into the ADU Housing domestic help (e.g., an au pair) Help with chores or to watch over things when you are away Housing an in-home caregiver П



ADU Vision

There will likely be challenges along the way. To stay motivated, some people find it helpful to write down what building their ADU will allow them to do, such as "take the kids to Disneyland every year," or "make sure my mom has a safe place to live." If you think it would be helpful, use this space to write a sentence or two to express your goals. Feel free to cut it out and keep it somewhere you will see it.

"As a kid, I played Monopoly, and it was always better to have two houses rather than one. The land cost is already built in; I might as well capitalize on it."

- ADU owner, Sonoma County



My ADU will allow me to:



Photo: Adam Long

It may feel scary to contact the city, but remember: city staff are there to help you. The city is not going to inspect your property or look for code violations if you inquire about building an ADU.

Gathering Information

One of the first steps when building an ADU is to gather important information about your property. It's easiest and most accurate to collect this information by contacting your city. City contact information is on the ADU standards sheet for your specific city (which can be found at www.NapaSonomaADU.org). Before you contact the city, you should first read through this section to familiarize yourself with the concepts. Alternatively, you can gather the information yourself as described on the following pages and on the ADU standards sheet.



Property Information Summary

My APN

Minimum lot size for an ADU

Maximum permitted FAR

Floor area ratio

My lot size
My zone's maximum permitted lot
coverage

Other information

Basic Information

It will be helpful to know the assessor's parcel number (APN) of your property. Every site or lot in California is assigned a unique APN, which is like a social security number but for your property. The city can probably tell you the number, and that is often the easiest way. You can also find your APN on your property deed or tax bill, or you can look it up using your address on the county assessor's website, or do a web search for Napa or Sonoma County APN. Make sure to select "Number, Street, City" to search by address.

In some places, the Napa County Assessor calls the APN the Assessor ID Number. When using this system, the APN appears before the hyphen. Some addresses have maps linked to them—if they do, you should download and print out the map.

Real estate websites like Zillow® or Trulia® often list APN numbers as well, sometimes calling them parcel numbers. While on the assessor's website, you can also collect information like the lot size and the building and garage size (square footage).

Napa County Assessor

www.countyofnapa.org/150/Assessor-Parcel-Data

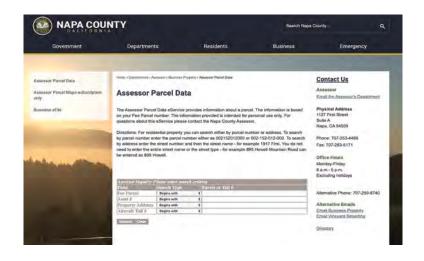
Sonoma County Assessor

www.sonomacounty.ca.gov/CRA/Assessor

Click on Search Parcel Info in the menu on the left. You will find one link for maps and another for general information.

Parcel Map Search

The website to look up your APN number will look like the picture below.



Review the parking requirements on the ADU standards sheet for your city online at www. NapaSonomaADU.com/ standards and/or talk to your city.

Parking

Adding parking is much less of a concern than it used to be. At most, you will need to add one spot for the ADU, and it can be tandem (directly behind another spot in the driveway).

You will not need to add any parking for your ADU if it meets any of the following conditions:

- A studio apartment
- Within ½ mile of public transit
- Within an existing structure (e.g., garage)
- In a designated historic district
- Within one block of car share locations

If you convert a garage to an ADU (or demolish a garage and build an ADU), you do not need to make up the lost parking spot.

Other Standards

There are other standards or regulations for ADUs that apply. These are listed on the ADU standards sheet for your city (which can be found at www.NapaSonomaADU.org). Several cities may have additional rules near the coast. City staff will be able to tell you if there are additional standards or regulations that apply to your lot.

Meeting With the City

Use the following page to take notes from your meeting with the city planner. One of the best things you can do is to talk to your city's planning department early in the process about the potential for and restrictions on an ADU.

Most cities have a planning/zoning counter where you can ask questions without an appointment. Some cities might require appointments. Many cities use the term ADU (or accessory dwelling unit), so in this section, the workbook uses that acronym.

Be sure to bring this workbook.



- 1. Am I allowed to build an ADU on my property?
- 2. Does the city have handouts or additional information? Are ADU resources on the city's website?
- 3. Are there common pitfalls or mistakes to watch out for?
- 4. Can you explain the ADU approval process for this city?
- 5. How long does it usually take to obtain approval, and how many times do applicants typically need to resubmit plans?
- 6. What is the FAR for my zone and does lot coverage apply to the ADU I hope to build?
- 7. What other important development standards should I know about, such as setbacks?
- 8. Does the city have an estimate of my current floor area?
- 9. Does the city have information on my lot coverage?
- 10. Will I need to add parking? Does my existing home meet parking requirements? Do state law parking exemptions apply to my situation?
- 11. (If converting an existing garage or accessory building) How do I know if my garage was built legally?
- 12. Are there restrictions on how I can use my ADU?



Notes

Use this section to take notes from your meeting with the city planner.

Putting Pen to Paper: Drawing a Rough Sketch of Your Property

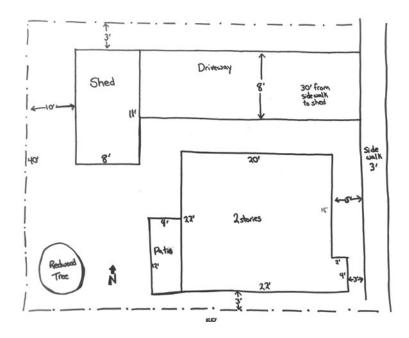
The site plan needs to be drawn to scale eventually, but to start you should use scratch paper.

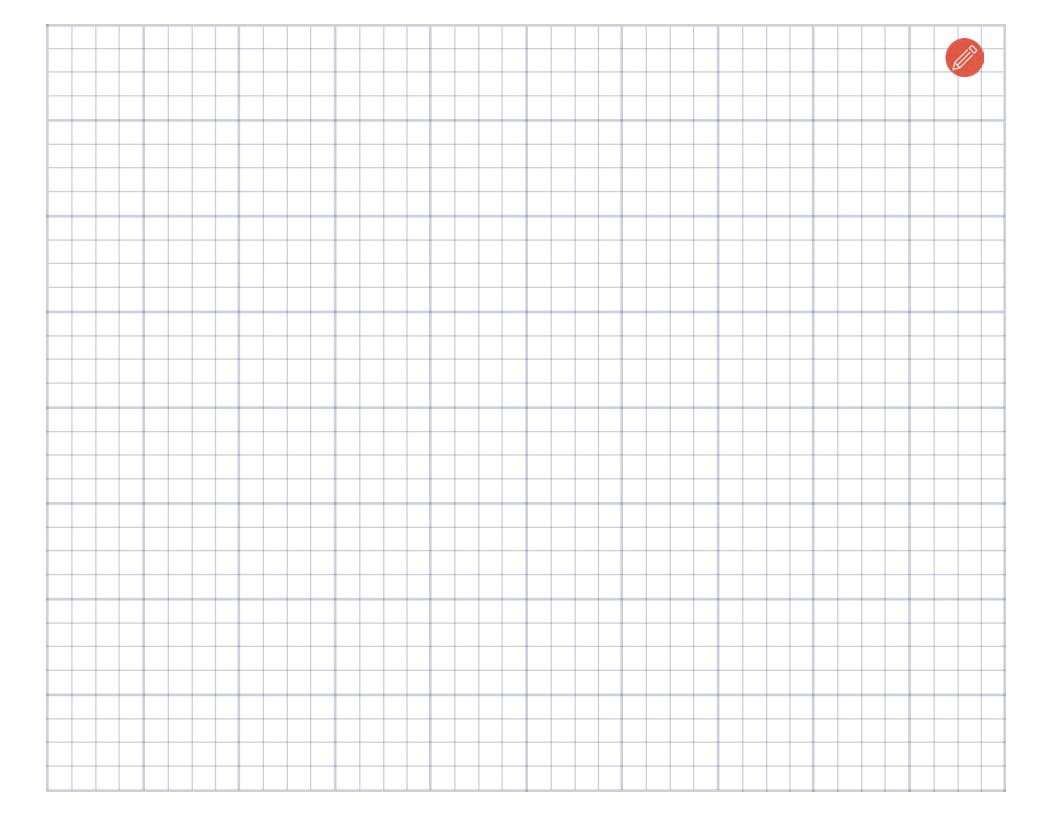
If the site plan is feeling too stressful, you can skip it for now or go outside and do a really rough sketch on a napkin. It's better to meet with the city earlier than to get everything right. Drawing a site plan is an essential step, both for your own planning and to get city approvals. A site plan shows your property line and key information such as buildings, setbacks, lot line, etc. Most homeowners hire a professional to produce the final version, but it is often helpful to have a rough sketch to start. At this stage, you are going to draw major elements like building footprints, driveways, trees, etc.

Start by sketching out your property lines, measuring and marking them accordingly. (You can use fences to estimate property lines, but you may need to get a professional survey.) Add any existing structures. Focus on the basic shape. You don't need to worry about inside floor plans, you just need to capture the footprint and whether it is one or two stories. Note special features like porches, trellises, and exterior stairways.

Next, add in the driveway. Be sure to measure the length and width of the driveway. Pay attention to other significant features like trees, drainage ways, steep slopes, etc. When you are done, you will have something that looks like the sketch to the right. Now, try doing a drawing to scale. Depending on your lot size, a good scale might be one inch equals ten feet. If possible, try to have your north arrow direction pointing upwards on the page. Besides drawing the lines, be sure to make notes about the exact length as well. Be sure to use a pencil.

You'll want to copy your site plan or take a photo with your phone, because you will probably end up drawing on it several times as you explore ideas.





Budgeting Exercise

These questions will help you think through and get started with financial planning for your ADU.

- 1. What are my estimated construction costs? (Use the ADU calculator at www.NapaSonomaADU.org/calculator.)
- 2. How much cash (or other liquid assets) can I put into the project?
- 3. How am I planning to finance the project?
- 4. How much equity do I have in my home (market value of home mortgage balance)?
- 5. If a family member or friend is going to live there, can they contribute by paying rent?
- 6. Will my income support a loan?



7.	Which loan(s) best suit my situation?
8.	Do I expect to qualify for a loan?
9.	Do I prefer a bank, credit union, or non-traditional financing?
10.	What banks do I want to reach out to? (Make sure to include your current lender.)
11.	What do I expect to rent my ADU for? (The ADU calculator at www.NapaSonomaADU.org/calculator can estimate.)
12.	Is my priority to maximize income or to help meet the housing needs of the community?
13.	What other financial considerations do I have and/or what ideas do I want to explore?