Pursuant to the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), EU /830/2015

Polyethylene Trade name:

Date of elaboration/update: 2010-12

Date of revision: 2017-11

Revision: 2.2 instead of v.2.1 from 2016-05

Identification of Substance / Preparation Identification of Company / Undertaking

1.1 Identification of Substance / Polyethylene

Preparation

REACH registration number: Ethylene (monomer): 01-2119462827-27-0010

> Hexene-1 (monomer): 01-2119475505-34-0008 Butene-1 (monomer): 01-2119456615-34-0049

Polyethylene, polymer of ethylene, copolymer of **Synonyms:**

ethylene and butene-1, copolymer of ethylene and hexene-1, high density polyethylene

(HDPE), low density polyethylene (LDPE), me-

dium density polyethylene (MDPE)

Molecular formula:

(-CH2-CH2-)n - homopolymer of ethylene

- copolymer of ethylene and butene-1 $[(-CH_2)_3-CH(C_2H_5)]n+m$ - copolymer of ethylene and hexene-1 $[(-CH_2)_3-CH(C_4H_9)]n+m$

1.2 Use: Is used for making pipes, fittings, sheets, tubular

film, flat-die film, fibers, strands, packing

materials, technical/household, medical purpose

articles, designed for contact with foodstuff, toys

1.3Producer/importer/distributor:

PJSC Nizhnekamskneftekhim

Supplier/producer RF, Tatarstan, 423574, Nizhnekamsk Address

PJSC Nizhnekamskneftekhim

+7(8555)377445

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Emergency telephone number: To be specified in each country by the con-

- product recipient country sumer. See Section 16 of this SDS

+7 (8555) 37-72-07, (8555) 37-78-30, - country of origin +7 (8555) 37-72-65, (8555) 37-74-45

8.00 am - 5.00 pm in workdays

2 Hazard Identification

2.1 Classification: This product **is not** classified as hazardous according to the Directive 67/548/EC, 1999/45/EC and Provision (EC) №1272/2008 (CLP). Non-hazardous, nontoxic substance. Has no harmful action on human organism at room temperature.

Hazardous health and environmental Hazardous:

Adverse physical-chemical effects: no

Adverse health effect and symptoms:

Eyes If polyethylene pellets enter eyes, they may damage the eyeball surface

and cause mechanic irritation. In the course of processing, hot or melted

material may cause serious injury, leading to blindness.

Skin Pelleted polyethylene is not hazardous, it doesn't cause irritation. In

case of skin contact with hot or melted polymer, redness, pain, or burns

may occur.

Inhalation Poisonous vapours, harmful for the respiratory system, are formed only

during processing or incineration of polymer at high temperatures, at excess of 140 °C, and may cause irritation of mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, pulmonary oedema, shortness of breath. Aspiration and introduction into lungs of polymer dust may cause slow fibroid

changes in the lungs.

Ingestion Low risk of ingestion. Symptoms of poisoning are not established. After

ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract, as other for-

eign matters.

Environmental adverse effect: has no adverse effect on the environment

2.2 Label elements not applicable

2.3 Other hazards: Transforms in the environment under long-term weather effects (atmospheric irradiation, solar irradiation, cold, high temperature)

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3. Composition / Ingredients Information

3.1 Substance data:

Chemical name / Synonyms	EC No.	REACH No.	Index No.	CAS No.	Cntents (%)	Classification acc. to 1272/2008 [CLP]	Resolution (EC) №
						Hazard class / cate- gory	Hazard symbols
Polyethylene or Polymer of butene-1 and ethane or Polymer of hexene-1 and ethene	no	Beyond registra- tion	no	9002-88-4 25087-34-7 25213-02-9	> 99	Not classified	
Additives: antioxidants, nucleators, stabilizers, dispergator, antistatic substances	no	Beyond registra- tion	no	no	< 1	Not classified	

Chemical additives are added into PE different grades for application performance improvement. Actual additives being polymer composition amounting less than 1% of total concentration, have no adverse effect during its processing and use in articles, as harmful substances content in the additives evolving during thermal destruction is negligible and rank below MAC.

1 Final Aid Manageman

4. First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Low hazardous substance. Poisoning after introduction into human body was

not established and is unlikely.

Inhalation: Do not cause any effects at room temperature. In case of inhalation of the

thermal decomposition and incineration products, remove the suffered person to fresh air, give oxygen, and perform artificial resuscitation, if necessary.

Skin contact: Do not cause any effects at room temperature. Wash with water and soap. Hot

polymer may cause burns, in this case seek for medical advice.

Eye contact: Wash with large amount of water until removal of the product from the eyes.

Ingestion: Do not cause any effects. Ingestion of small quantities of polymer pellets does

not require any measures to be taken.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eyes If polyethylene pellets enter eyes, they may damage the eyeball surface

and cause mechanic irritation. In the course of processing, hot or melted

material may cause serious injury, leading to blindness.

Skin Pelleted polyethylene is not hazardous, it doesn't cause irritation. In

case of skin contact with hot or melted polymer, redness, pain, or burns

may occur.

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Inhalation Poisonous vapours, harmful for the respiratory system, are formed only

> during processing or incineration of polymer at high temperatures, at excess of 140 °C, and may cause irritation of mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, pulmonary oedema, shortness of breath. Aspiration and introduction into lungs of polymer dust may cause slow fibroid

changes in the lungs.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Consult a doctor. Burns, caused by hot product, should be treated as thermal burns. The ingested product passes the gastrointestinal tract without any damage to it.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing me-

Recommended fire

dia

extinguishing media:

Unsuitable fire extinguishing media:

5.2 Special exposure hazards arising

from the substance or mixture

Fire extinguisher of any type, water, steam, fire extinguishing foams, inert

gases, sand, asbestos sheets.

No prohibited fire extinguishing media.

The product may decompose at heating, evolving carbon monoxide (CAS) №124-38-9), formaldehyde (CAS №50-00-0), acetaldehyde (CAS №75-07-0), acetic acid (CAS №64-19-7), polyethylene aerosol.

Carbon oxides decrease the oxygen (O₂) concentration in the ambient air,

may cause toxic effect on cells, interrupting tissue respiration. Formaldehyde is an irritating gas with general toxic effect, causes strong

effect on the central nervous system (T,C; R:23/24/25,34-43; Carc. cat. 3). Acetaldehyde vapours cause irritation of mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, shortness of breath, brassy cough, bronchitis, pneumonia

(Xi; R:12,36/37,40; Carc. cat. 3).

Vapours of the acetic acid are irritative to skin and mucous membranes of

the upper respiratory tract (C; R:10,35).

Polymer dust may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Use fire protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Clear

fire area of all non-emergency personnel

6 Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal safety measures

Use fire protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus in

case of fire.

Use sealed equipment and containers; ventilate the working areas. Use

grounded equipment, explosion-proof lighting, sparkless tools.

6.2 Environmental protection measures Prevent contamination of water basins and soil.

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6.3 Clean up methods Sweep the polyethylene pellets and put into an appropriate container for

disposal or recovery.

6.4 Additional advice

3 **Handling and Storage**

7.1 Handling

General precautions:

Protective means Use input / exhaust and local ventilation. Use sealed production equip-

> ment. Grounding of equipment is obligatory to avoid electrostatic discharge, keep relative humidity below 50 %, working places should be equipped with rubber mats. Polymer dust may form explosive mixtures

with air.

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all ignition sources.

Polyethylene pellets, dispersed over the floor, may present the danger of slippage. The product should be swept and collected with a scoop or a

vacuum cleaner into a clean container.

Do not store with oxidants, acids, and alkalies. Incompatible substances

Aerosol and dust

prevention

Environmental protection:

Industrial health:

7.2 Conditions for safe

storage

Inflammation and

explosion precautions:

Technical measures storage conditions::

Packing materials:

Requirements for storage space and tanks storing:

Other information in

regard to storage

conditions:

Use input / exhaust and local ventilation. Use air-tight production

equipment. Use it only in areas with good ventilation.

Reduce PE losses during transportation and storage, avoid discharge

into water basin and sewer system

Use of personal protective equipment. After working with the product

should be washed.

Exclude sources of open flame. Grounding of equipment is obligatory

to avoid electrostatic discharge. Use sparkless tools.

Polyethylene should be stored in a closed, dry area, excluding exposure to the direct sunlight, on the shelves or on the pallets, with elevation

over the floor level of >5 cm, distance to the heating appliances >1 m, storage temperature below 30 °C, and relative humidity below 80 %.

- plastic sacks

Room temperature shouldn't exceed 30 °C.

Storage life is not more than 1 year.

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7.3 Specific end uses: no

8 Exposure Control / Personal Protection

8.1 Permissible exposure

limits

Due to its physical and chemical properties and low toxicity, the pelleted polyethylene does not require health standards to be estab-

lished.

Volatile products of the thermo-oxidative decomposition may be

evolved during PE processing:

PEL_{working areas, PE aerosol} 10 mg/m³, Hazard class 3 PEL_{working areas, formaldehyde} 0.5 mg/m³, Hazard class 2 PEL_{working areas, acetaldehyde} 5.0 mg/m³, Hazard class 3 PEL_{working areas, carbon monoxide} 20 mg/m³, Hazard class 4

8.2 Professional exposure

control

Keep the concentration of the hazardous substances in permissible

limits by using input / exhaust ventilation in the areas of maximum

air contamination.

Personal protection Use protective cotton clothes, anti-slippage boots. Respiratory protection: In normal working conditions – not required.

In emergency conditions – filter masks, respirators.

Hand protection: Cotton gloves, heat-protective gloves for operations with hot prod-

uct.

Eye protection: Safety glasses for operations with melted product.

Skin protection Protective cotton clothes.

Environmental exposure Measurements of

control

In everyday life:

Measurements of the contaminant concentrations during thermal

processing.

Pelleted polyethylene is not used in everyday life.

9. Physical / Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Solid white pellets

Odour No odour or slight sweet odour

Odour threshold Not established PH Not applicable

Softening temperature 85-127 °C

Melting point 103-110 °C (for LDPE) 124-137 °C (for HDPE)

Flash point Not established

Ignition point 300 °C

Auto-ignition point 400 °C

Vapour pressure Not applicable

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Density 0.91-0.93 g/cm³ at 20 °C (for LDPE)

0.91-0.97 g/cm³ at 20 °C (for HDPE)

Solubility in water Not soluble

Solubility in other solvents Soluble in aliphatic hydrocarbons, non-soluble in

aromatics at room temperature, soluble in aromatics at temperatures above 90 °C.

Vapour density (air = 1) Not applicable

9.2 Other information none

10. Stability and Reactivity

Contains stabilizer.

10.1 Activity It reacts with strong oxidizing agents10.2 Stability Extremely stable at normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Upon contact with an open flame is lit smoky flame

dangerous reactions

10.4 Conditions, inducing Heating above 140 °C

hazardous reactions

10.5 Materials, inducing Strong oxidants, acids, alkalies

hazardous reactions

10.6 Hazardous Carbon oxides, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acetic acid

decomposition products

11. Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 polyethylene aerosol >5000 mg/kg, intragastric, rats

Acute dermal toxicity Non-toxic

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 polyethylene aerosol >12000 mg/m³, 0.5 hr, mice

Skin irritation Not irritating
Eye irritation Not irritating
Respiratory irritation Not irritating

Sensitisation No
Repeated dose toxicity No
Mutagenicity No
Carcinogenicity No
Reproductive and developmen-

tal toxicity

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12. Ecological Information

12.1 Ecotoxicity: Pelleted, stabilized polymer presents no hazard for the environment

in the normal conditions of use, transportation, and storage.

12.2 Persistence / Stable at normal use conditions. Undergoes transformation in the

degradability: environment at durable atmospheric exposure (atmospheric precipi-

tations, solar irradiation, cold, high temperatures).

12.3 Bioaccumulation: Does not accumulate

12.4 Mobility: Loose product may be spread over the surface of soil, floats on the

surface of water.

12.5 PBT/vPvB: Does not meet criteria.

12.6 Other negative effects: Not established

4 Utilization and/or disposal of waste (remains)

13.1Methods of waste (residue) disposal

Solid wastes of polyethylene processing are not toxic, do not need decontamination, and are subject to processing. Wastes, not suitable for processing, are incinerated in appropriate sites.

Waste code

07 02 99 wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber (not otherwise specified)

S61 – avoid release into the environment

14. Transport information

ADR/ RID Not classified IMDG Not classified IATA Not classified IMO Not classified

Class Not classified

Packaging group Classification code Hazard identification number -

UN number Not classified Proper shipping name Polyethylene

Pursuant to the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), EU /830/2015

15. Regulatory Information

National legislation:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC

16. Other Information

Information sources:

ESIS - European Chemical Substances Information System (European Chemicals Bu-

reau).

Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB).-U.S.National Library of Medicine, 2001-1.

ECHA – European Chemical Agency

Changes in SDS:

Revision 2.1: all sections are revised in accordance with EU / 830/2015 Revision 2.2: Amendments to Section 14 in the IMO Classification

National emergency telephone numbers:

Country	Phone number			
Austria	+43 1 406 43 43 Poison Control Centre			
Belgium	070 245 245 Centre antipoisons			
Bulgaria	+35 929 154 233 Национален токсикологичен			
	информационен център			
Croatia	(+385 1) 23-48-342 Poison Control centre			
Cyprus	+35 7 22405611 Department of Labour Inspection			
Czech Republic	+420 224 919 293, +420 224 915 402 Toxikologické			
	informační středisko			
Denmark	82121212 (round-the-clock) AKUTHJAELP VED			
	FORGIFTNING			
Estonia	16662 (круглосуточно), (+372) 626 93 90 Poisoning			
	Information Centre			
Finland	09 471977, 094711 (round-the-clock) Poison Infor-			
	mation Centre			
France	+33 0145425959 (round-the-clock) ORFILA (INRS)			
Germany	+ 49 231 9071 2971 BAuA Information Centre			
Greece	No information			

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Hungary	(1-800)201-199 (round-the-clock) Az Egészségügyi
	Toxikológiai Tájékoztató
Iceland	+354 543 2222 Eitrunarmiðstöð
Ireland	01 8092566, 01 8379964 National Poisons Infor-
	mation Centre
Italy	+39 06 59 94 37 33 Telephone (for technical and scien-
	tific issues)
Latvia	+371 67042473 National emergency telephone
Liechtenstein	No information
Lithuania	+370 52 20 5236, +370687 53378 Neatideliotina
	informacija apsinuodijus
Luxembourg	070 245 245 Centre antipoisons
Malta	21243314 – Florianna, 22563000 – Rabat, 22695701/2 –
	Mosta.
Netherlands	030-2748888 Just for the information of the medical staff
	in cases of acute intoxication
Norway	22 59 13 00 (round-the-clock) Giftinformasjonen
Poland	No information
Portugal	808 250 143
Romania	No information
Slovakia	No information
Slovenia	No information
Spain	+ 34 91 562 04 20
Sweden	112 – ask poisions
United Kingdom	No information

Legend of abbreviations

№ CAS – registry number of the substance in Chemical Abstracts Service

№ EC – EINECS and ELINCS Number

CLP - Classification, Labelling and Packaging

PBT – Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

vPvB – very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative substance

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

DMEL - Derived Minimum Effect Level

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD-50 – Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LC-50 – Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

NOAEC - No observed Adverse Effect Levels

EC-50 – half maximal Effective Concentration

ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID – Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

ADN – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA – International Air Transport Association



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IMO – International Maritime Organization SU – Sector of Use PROC – Process Category

The information in this MSDS is based on our current knowledge and applicable legislation and is intended to describe the principles of safe work with this product. The product shouldn't be used in the purposes, different from described in Section 1. It is the responsibility of the user to meet all requirements of the local norms and regulations. This information should not be construed as guaranteeing the quality of the product.