**Origin / impetus for best practice**

- According to the World Health Organization, there are 10 million people in Tanzania experiencing conditions that could benefit from rehabilitation.
- The country has a shortage of skilled health workers, with only 7 health professionals per 10,000 inhabitants and a third of health facilities are resourced to perform basic service provision.
- CCBRT started providing community based rehabilitation services for children and adults with blindness in 1994 and quickly realized the extended need for comprehensive disability care.
- In addition, CCBRT aims to fill gaps in Dar es Salaam’s health system, which was built for a capacity of 750,000 patients, and in the context of a rapidly growing population of 6 million and an estimated disability prevalence of 9%.

**Impact / results of implementing best practice**

- In 2019, the Orthopaedics and Physical Rehabilitation department of the disability hospital conducted 28,855 consultations (assistive devices, prostheses, orthotics, physical and/or occupational therapy). The rural rehabilitation centre assisted 4,022 patients and provided 580 wheelchairs and assistive devices.

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<th>Sources</th>
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<tr>
<td>CCBRT official webpage</td>
<td>• World Health Organization</td>
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<td>2018–2022 CCBRT Strategy</td>
<td>Rehabilitation Need Estimator - Tanzania</td>
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<td>CCBRT Annual Report 2019</td>
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**Critical success factors for best practice**

- Long-standing experience in specialized care.
- Sustainable approach: the organization is transitioning towards a financially sustainable social enterprise.
- Strategic partnerships with academic institutions, philanthropists, sponsors and health care providers for financial and technical support.

**Impact statement**

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