AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN
FEDERAL INVESTMENT GUIDE

THE UNITED STATES CONFERENCE OF MAYORS

ACCELERATOR FOR AMERICA

Center for Inclusive Growth

DREXEL UNIVERSITY
Nowak Metro Finance Lab
Lindy Institute for Urban Innovation
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AUTHORS
Bruce Katz, Drexel University Nowak Metro Finance Lab
Colin Higgins, Drexel University Nowak Metro Finance Lab
Karyn Bruggeman, Drexel University Nowak Metro Finance Lab
Aaron Thomas, Accelerator for America
Paige Sterling, Accelerator for America

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INTRODUCTION

THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AT-A-GLANCE
On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed the $1.9 trillion American Rescue Plan (ARP) into law. The legislation represents a historic intervention and a fitting response to the devastating impact of the global COVID-19 crisis. The ARP builds upon certain provisions in the CARES Act and the December Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CCRRSA), and often does so on a larger scale. The law also includes new initiatives that will reach some of the most vulnerable communities and businesses excluded from prior funding packages. In doing so, the law strives not only to limit the damage from 2020, but to equip cities and towns with tools necessary to start building a stronger and more equitable future over the next decade. In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act set the tone for the recovery from the Great Recession. Today, cities must use Rescue Plan funds to shape their communities for years to come.

With funds beginning to flow down to cities and metros in April 2021, this is a practical and urgent task. America must shift from policy design to delivery. Cities and metros are on the front lines of this effort. They must get organized to maximize and deploy this unprecedented level of federal investment. Dedicated city, regional, county, and state multi-sector networks will be critical for the inclusive and effective distribution of this federal relief and recovery funding. If organized, local leaders can direct resources to drive a local recovery that creates economies that are resilient, racially inclusive, and which seed innovations to drive the next generation of American prosperity.

There is a lot in the bill to effectively organize for an inclusive recovery. The question for cities, metros, and counties now is a big one: How can communities deploy ARP funds in the most efficient and equitable manner?

In what follows, we provide a guide to federal funding in the ARP. We place a special emphasis on formula funds received by local anchors, competitive grants, and funds distributed to public authorities that city leadership can leverage to boost their recovery. We clarify which entities are responsible for applying for grant funds, when funding expires, and what role city and county leadership can play even when they will not be the primary applicant for funds.

We envision this guide as a starting point and look forward to working with cities as they develop action plans, deploy ARP funds, and strive to achieve equitable outcomes for individuals, small businesses, and communities hit hardest by the pandemic.
HOW WE CATEGORIZED PROGRAMS

**BUSINESS RELIEF**
Grants, loans, subsidies, debt relief, and tax credits to small businesses, farms, and industries

**CHILD & FAMILY RELIEF**
Childcare Development Block Grants to subsidize the cost of childcare for individual families

**DISASTER RELIEF**
Relief directed through FEMA

**EDUCATION & WORKFORCE**
Relief for K-12, higher education, special education, veterans job training, public health workforce investments, and library services

**ECONOMIC & SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT**
Relief to bolster economic development and small business ecosystems including funds from the EDA, the State Small Business Credit Initiative (SSBCI), the SBA’s Community Navigator Pilot Program, Rural Community Development funds, and NEA and NEH grants

**GOVERNMENT FISCAL RELIEF**
Flexible relief delivered directly to states, counties, and cities

**HEALTHCARE**
Funds for testing, tracing, and vaccinating against COVID-19, strengthening public health infrastructure, R&D, and expanding access to healthcare

**HOUSING & UTILITY ASSISTANCE**
Rental and homeowner assistance, low-income housing and homelessness assistance, and utility assistance

**HUNGER RELIEF**
Relief targeting food insecurity including SNAP, WIC, school meal programs, and emergency food and shelter programs

**INDIVIDUAL RELIEF**
Individual payments, unemployment assistance, tax credits and debt relief delivered directly to individuals, veterans, and farmers. This category also includes employer tax credits that allow employee access to paid leave and airline payroll support.

*Note: Rental and homeowner relief benefiting individuals is categorized under Housing & Utility assistance; childcare support is categorized under Child & Family assistance*

**INFRASTRUCTURE**
Capital Projects funds available to states

**PENSION RELIEF**
Relief for multi-employer pension plans

**PUBLIC HIRING**
Funds to expand the capacity of Americorps

**TECHNOLOGY MODERNIZATION**
Funds to expand the FCC’s E-rate program and R&D grants offered through the NSF and Department of Commerce

**TRANSPORTATION**
Public transit, rail, bus, and airport relief
WHAT'S IN THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN?

This chart includes all of the federal-to-local funding streams that reach cities and their residents. It does not include appropriations to tribal governments or agency appropriations focused on program operations at the federal level with no further sub-allocation. All amounts are rounded to the nearest decimal point (the nearest hundred million).

DISTRIBUTION MECHANISMS IN THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN

- **$165.7B** FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES & TERRITORIES (46.8%)
- **$135.2B** FORMULA GRANTS TO CITIES & COUNTIES (23.5%)
- **$436B** FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES & QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS (8.9%)
- **$118.3B** CAPITAL PRODUCTS (7.3%)
- **$81.8B** REIMBURSEMENT & PUBLIC PROCUREMENT (6.4%)
- **$47.7B** COMPETITIVE FUNDS (4.4%)
- **$868.2B** FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES & QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS (2.6%)

**$1.85 TRILLION**

**What's in the American Rescue Plan?**

This chart includes all of the federal-to-local funding streams that reach cities and their residents. It does not include appropriations to tribal governments or agency appropriations focused on program operations at the federal level with no further sub-allocation. All amounts are rounded to the nearest decimal point (the nearest hundred million).
WHAT'S IN THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN?

This chart includes all of the categories of federal-to-local funding streams that reach cities and their residents. It does not include appropriations to tribal governments or agency appropriations focused on program operations at the federal level with no further sub-allocation. All amounts are rounded to the nearest decimal point (the nearest hundred million). Categories are explained on page 6.
The tables below offer a high-level summary of funding in the American Rescue Plan. We created these tables to make it simple for city and metro leaders to assess the funding in the ARP and determine the best ways to utilize funds based on local priorities. As a result, these tables exclude direct individual relief provisions, funds to tribal governments, and agency appropriations that are not sub-allocated. Line items less than $100 million are also excluded. The rest of this document provides additional detail on information included in these tables.

### COMPETITIVE FUNDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNDING PROGRAM</th>
<th>AGENCY</th>
<th>USES</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
<th>WHO APPLIES?</th>
<th>EXPIRATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Restaurant Revitalization Fund</td>
<td>SBA</td>
<td>For incurred and additional eligible expenses for food &amp; beverage businesses</td>
<td>$28.6B</td>
<td>Eligible businesses</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-rate grants for emergency educational connection &amp; devices</td>
<td>FCC</td>
<td>For purchasing internet access and connected devices (including hotspots, routers, modems, and computers) for students, educators, and library patrons who lack home internet access, a connected device, or both</td>
<td>$7.2B</td>
<td>Public and private schools; public libraries</td>
<td>9/30/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aviation Manufacturing Job Protection Program</td>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>For covering payroll for eligible aviation manufacturers and contractors</td>
<td>$3B</td>
<td>Eligible businesses</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance</td>
<td>Commerce</td>
<td>For a wide range of technical, planning, and public works and infrastructure assistance</td>
<td>$3B</td>
<td>Public bodies, non-profit organizations, and businesses</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Expanded Genomic Sequencing</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For the cost of constructing and renovating lab facilities</td>
<td>$1.8B</td>
<td>Public, private, and non-profit lab facilities and associated universities</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shuttered Venue Operators Fund</td>
<td>SBA</td>
<td>For covering up to 45% of venue gross revenue, up to $10 million</td>
<td>$1.3B</td>
<td>Eligible businesses</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Related R&amp;D</td>
<td>NSF</td>
<td>For funding or extending new and existing research funding to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19</td>
<td>$0.6B</td>
<td>Schools, businesses, and research organizations</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Community Facilities Program Grants</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>For grants, loans, &amp; guarantees to health and nutrition-related infrastructure needed to address COVID-19</td>
<td>$0.5B</td>
<td>Public bodies, non-profit organizations &amp; federally recognized Tribes</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expansion Grants for Community Behavioral Health Clinics</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For expanding the capacity of communities and organizations providing behavioral health services</td>
<td>$0.4B</td>
<td>Providers meeting Medicaid criteria for Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Food &amp; Shelter Program</td>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>For supporting organizations providing shelter, food, and supportive services to individuals, families, and households who have economic related emergencies</td>
<td>$0.4B</td>
<td>Non-profits and city agencies</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firefighter grants (AFG &amp; SAFER programs)</td>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>For obtaining needed equipment, training, and other resources necessary for firefighters (AFG) and for increasing the number of frontline firefighters (SAFER)</td>
<td>$0.3B</td>
<td>City fire departments and non-profit firefighting associations</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Navigator Pilot</td>
<td>SBA</td>
<td>For business assistance organizations to enlist culturally knowledgeable partners to conduct targeted outreach to specific sectors of the entrepreneurial community</td>
<td>$0.2B</td>
<td>Business assistance organizations</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Related Manufacturing R&amp;D</td>
<td>Commerce</td>
<td>For research, development, and testbeds to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19</td>
<td>$0.2B</td>
<td>Businesses, manufacturers, and research labs</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Arts Relief</td>
<td>NEA</td>
<td>For covering up to 100% of administrative expenses, operating costs, and programs to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the pandemic</td>
<td>$0.1B</td>
<td>Local arts organizations and venues</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Humanities Relief</td>
<td>NEH</td>
<td>Same as NEA grants above</td>
<td>$0.1B</td>
<td>Local cultural organizations and venues</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPA grants for pollution in low-income communities</td>
<td>EPA</td>
<td>For pollution mitigation in low-income communities, details on page 48</td>
<td>$0.1B</td>
<td>Public bodies, non-profit organizations, and businesses</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Program Summary Tables

## Formula Grants to States and Territories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funding Program</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Uses</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Allocation + Sub-Allocation</th>
<th>Expiration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State &amp; Territorial Fiscal Relief</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For COVID-19 response &amp; fiscal relief, flexible uses</td>
<td>$195.3B</td>
<td>$25.5B equal allocation, then unemployment-based formula</td>
<td>12/31/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public K-12 Emergency Relief Fund</td>
<td>Education</td>
<td>For addressing learning loss (20%), for flexible operations or capital uses (80%)</td>
<td>$122.8B</td>
<td>Elementary &amp; Secondary Education Act Part A, Title I formula (distributed to school districts by state)</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childcare Stabilization Funds</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For childcare providers: rent, personal costs, PPE, equipment, goods &amp; services to continue or re-start the provision of childcare services, and reimbursements</td>
<td>$2.4B</td>
<td>CCDBG formula (90% distributed to qualified childcare providers, irrespective of previous receipt of CCDBG funds)</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rental Assistance</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For stabilizing rents and helping landlords cover costs</td>
<td>$21.6B</td>
<td>CARES formula allocation</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childcare &amp; Development Block Grant (CCDBG)</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For vouchers or contracts to subsidize childcare</td>
<td>$15B</td>
<td>CCDBG formula (distributed to service providers by state)</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Projects Fund</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For capital projects directly enabling work, education, and health monitoring, including remote options, in response to COVID-19</td>
<td>$15B</td>
<td>$100 million grants to each state, then a population-based formula</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner Assistance Fund</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For making delinquent mortgage payments</td>
<td>$9.6B</td>
<td>Formula based on unemployment, mortgages in foreclosure, &amp; those past due</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Vaccine Activities</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For enhancing, expanding, and improving vaccine distribution</td>
<td>$7.5B</td>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Insurance Expansions</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For increased insurance coverage, details on page 21</td>
<td>$5.9B</td>
<td>FMAP increases for certain programs, details on page 21</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pandemic EBT Youth Nutrition</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>For increasing EBT benefits by 15% through summer school</td>
<td>$5.0B</td>
<td>FFCRA formula allocation</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low-income Heating &amp; Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For building state capacity to support and accept LIHEAP funding applications</td>
<td>$4.5B</td>
<td>LIHEAP formula allocation</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Special Education Grants</td>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Details on page 19</td>
<td>$3B</td>
<td>Details on page 19</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private K-12 Emergency Relief Fund</td>
<td>Education</td>
<td>For supporting low-income students in non-public schools</td>
<td>$2.8B</td>
<td>FFCRA formula allocation</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Mental Health Block Grants (MHBG)</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For expanding mental health service delivery capacity</td>
<td>$1.5B</td>
<td>MHBG formula (distributed to service providers by state)</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG)</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For activities that prevent and treat substance abuse</td>
<td>$1.5B</td>
<td>SABG formula (distributed to service providers by state)</td>
<td>9/30/2025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support for Older Americans</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For seniors: social and nutrition services, vaccine outreach, and COVID-19 mitigation programs</td>
<td>$1.4B</td>
<td>Older Americans Act, section C, Title II and VII formulas, Section B, Title III formula</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>For a 15% SNAP increase, plus $1 billion for territories</td>
<td>$2.2B</td>
<td>SNAP formula</td>
<td>9/30/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low-income Home Water Assistance Program (LIWHAP)</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For reducing arrears of and rates charged to low-income households</td>
<td>$0.5B</td>
<td>LIWHAP formula allocation (to owners &amp; operators of public water systems by state)</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WIC benefits value increase</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>Increasing WIC to a $35 monthly benefit for 4 months</td>
<td>$0.5B</td>
<td>State agencies must apply</td>
<td>9/30/21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## PROGRAM SUMMARY TABLES

### FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNDING PROGRAM</th>
<th>AGENCY</th>
<th>USES</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
<th>ALLOCATION + SUB-ALLOCATION</th>
<th>EXPIRATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programs for Survivors of Sexual Assault &amp; Domestic Violence</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>Details on page 25</td>
<td>$0.4B</td>
<td>Details on page 25</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Abuse Prevention &amp; Treatment</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For increasing funding to Child Protective Services</td>
<td>$0.4B</td>
<td>CAPTA formula grant</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicaid &amp; CHIP COVID-19 Coverage</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For Health insurance</td>
<td>$0.3B</td>
<td>100% FMAP</td>
<td>1 year post-emergency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding for Skilled Nursing Home COVID Strike Teams</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For establishing &amp; deploying COVID strike teams in nursing homes</td>
<td>$0.3B</td>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>1 year post-emergency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES & QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNDING PROGRAM</th>
<th>AGENCY</th>
<th>USES</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
<th>ALLOCATION</th>
<th>EXPIRATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COVID Testing, Tracing &amp; Vaccine Confidence</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For programs to test, trace, and mitigate COVID-19</td>
<td>$48.8B</td>
<td>CARES &amp; CCRISA formulas</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund</td>
<td>Education</td>
<td>For student financial aid (at least half), other uses detailed on page 33</td>
<td>$39.6B</td>
<td>Various formulas that prioritize schools with larger numbers of low-income students. Details on page 33</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTA Grants</td>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>For helping public transit agencies avoid layoffs and service reductions, details on page 38</td>
<td>$30.5B</td>
<td>Urbanized Area Formula Grants, details on page 38</td>
<td>9/30/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Related Healthcare for Veterans</td>
<td>VA</td>
<td>For COVID-19 related healthcare, including information technology and facility requirements</td>
<td>$14.5B</td>
<td>Through VA, Veterans Health Administration</td>
<td>9/30/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airport Relief</td>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>For preventing, preparing for, and responding to COVID-19</td>
<td>$8B</td>
<td></td>
<td>9/30/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expanding the Public Health Workforce</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For establishing, expanding, and sustaining a public health workforce</td>
<td>$7.7B</td>
<td>CDC formula grants</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Housing Vouchers</td>
<td>HUD</td>
<td>For emergency housing vouchers to individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness or at-risk of homelessness or domestic violence</td>
<td>$5.0B</td>
<td>Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Allocation to PHAs</td>
<td>9/30/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak)</td>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>For recalling furloughed employees, restoring daily service, helping cover lost state revenue</td>
<td>$1.8B</td>
<td>Northeast Corridor line receives $9.70M, the national service receives $370M</td>
<td>9/30/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head Start</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For preventative, preparedness, and responsive activities during the pandemic</td>
<td>$1B</td>
<td>To Head Start agencies, based on enrollment</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterans State Home Relief</td>
<td>VA</td>
<td>For improving veteran living conditions and preventing veteran homelessness</td>
<td>$0.8B</td>
<td>Construction grants ($500M) &amp; payments if appropriation to residents $200M to State Veterans Homes</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Museum &amp; Library Relief</td>
<td>IMLS</td>
<td>For museum &amp; library operations, especially emphasizing enhanced digital programming</td>
<td>$0.2B</td>
<td>89% through population-based formulas, 11% competitively</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Formula Grants to Public Authorities & Quasi-Public Non-Profits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funding Program</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Uses</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Allocation</th>
<th>Expiration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skilled Nursing Home Infection Control</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For improving vaccination &amp; infection control in nursing homes</td>
<td>$0.2B</td>
<td>CMS contracts with Quality Improvement Organizations</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing Counseling</td>
<td>HUD</td>
<td>For housing counseling services</td>
<td>$0.1B</td>
<td>Grants to housing counseling intermediaries, no more than 15% to NeighborWorks America</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Health Center Support</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For grants to community health centers to cover the costs of vaccines, testing and tracing, and PPE</td>
<td>$7.6B</td>
<td>CDC formula grants, TBA</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Management Performance Grant</td>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>For efforts to build and sustain core capabilities across the prevention, protection, mitigation, response, and recovery mission areas</td>
<td>$0.1B</td>
<td>State population-based formula, states must submit an application</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reimbursement and Public Procurement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funding Program</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Uses</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Eligible Parties</th>
<th>Expiration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disaster Relief Fund</td>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>For a wide range of reimbursements and grants to individuals and public entities, details on page 67</td>
<td>$50B</td>
<td>Individuals (for funeral expenses) and public entities</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Production Act: Testing, PPE, Vaccines</td>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>For the purchase, production, and distribution of COVID-19 testing, vaccines, and PPE supplies</td>
<td>$10B</td>
<td>Producers</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Provider Relief</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For reimbursing expenses and lost revenues attributable to COVID-19</td>
<td>$8.5B</td>
<td>Eligible healthcare providers</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Vaccine Supply Chain</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For necessary expenses for the research, development, purchase, and production of vaccines and therapeutics</td>
<td>$6.1B</td>
<td>Various producers, and healthcare providers</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strengthening the Food Supply Chain</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>For supporting the food supply chain through a variety of purchases (including food banks), details on page 65</td>
<td>$4B</td>
<td>TBA, details on page 65</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healthcare workforce investments</td>
<td>HHS</td>
<td>For various uses related to scholarships and loan forgiveness to expand the public health workforce, details on page 68</td>
<td>$1.4B</td>
<td>Various, details on page 68</td>
<td>Until expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AmeriCorps</td>
<td>AmeriCorps</td>
<td>For increasing the AmeriCorps living allowance and funding new positions</td>
<td>$1B</td>
<td>AmeriCorps and partners</td>
<td>9/30/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of the Commodity Credit Corporation</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>For the purchase, package, transport, and handling of agricultural commodities</td>
<td>$0.8B</td>
<td>Commodity farmers</td>
<td>9/30/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meal Reimbursements for At-risk School Children at Emergency Shelters</td>
<td>USDA</td>
<td>For reimbursing eligible emergency shelters and schools for meals, snacks, and assistance for individuals under the age of 25 since the beginning of the pandemic</td>
<td>No cap</td>
<td>Emergency shelters and schools</td>
<td>9/31/22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# PROGRAM SUMMARY TABLES

## CAPITAL PRODUCTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNDING PROGRAM</th>
<th>AGENCY</th>
<th>USES</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
<th>APPLICANT</th>
<th>EXPIRATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multi-employer Pension Relief Fund</td>
<td>PBGC</td>
<td>For covering benefits due on plans until 2051</td>
<td>$86B</td>
<td>Manager of a financially troubled multi-employer pension</td>
<td>9/30/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Targeted EIDL Advance</td>
<td>SBA</td>
<td>For business continuity, adaptation, and resiliency in low-income communities</td>
<td>$15B</td>
<td>Eligible businesses</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Small Business Credit Initiative</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For state small business support &amp; capital access programs</td>
<td>$10B</td>
<td>State Economic Development Office</td>
<td>Until expended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paycheck Protection Program</td>
<td>SBA</td>
<td>For covering payroll and other expenses</td>
<td>$7.3B</td>
<td>Eligible businesses</td>
<td>5/31/2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## FORMULA GRANTS TO CITIES AND COUNTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNDING PROGRAM</th>
<th>AGENCY</th>
<th>USES</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
<th>ALLOCATION</th>
<th>EXPIRATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City Fiscal Relief</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For COVID-19 response &amp; fiscal relief, flexible uses</td>
<td>$65.1B</td>
<td>Modified CDBG formula</td>
<td>12/31/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>County Fiscal Relief</td>
<td>Treasury</td>
<td>For COVID-19 response &amp; fiscal relief, flexible uses</td>
<td>$65.1B</td>
<td>Proportional allocation based on population</td>
<td>12/31/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homelessness Assistance &amp; Supportive Services</td>
<td>HUD</td>
<td>For supportive services, emergency shelter grants, affordable housing construction, and the conversion of hotels and motels for homeless populations</td>
<td>$5B</td>
<td>HOME formula</td>
<td>9/30/25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FORMULA GRANTS TO CITIES AND COUNTIES

Formula grants to cities and counties consist of funds that are distributed to city and county general purpose governments through existing federal formulas.
GOVERNMENT FISCAL RELIEF

CITY AND COUNTY FISCAL RELIEF

The Rescue Plan provides $130.2 billion for city and county fiscal relief ($65.1 billion each for cities and counties). The first tranche will be delivered no later than early May 2021, and the second will be delivered in the second half of 2022. Funds can be used to: (1) respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and non-profits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel, and hospitality; (2) assist essential workers by providing premium pay to those eligible or by providing grants to employers of eligible essential workers; (3) provide government services in a way that covers the revenue gaps created by the COVID-19 emergency, or; (4) make necessary investments into water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure. Cities cannot deposit funds into any pension funds. Cities may also receive supplemental funds from state fiscal relief funds dedicated to specific state programming. Further guidance from the Treasury is forthcoming. Funds must be used by December 31, 2024.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: LIGHTLY MODIFIED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FORMULA FOR CITIES; AID IS PROPORTIONAL TO A COUNTY’S POPULATION

$130.2 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY

HOUSING & UTILITIES

HOMELESSNESS ASSISTANCE & SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

The Rescue Plan provides $5 billion through to state and local governments to finance supportive services, emergency shelter grants, construction of new affordable housing and permanent supportive housing, and for the acquisition of non-congregate shelter spaces (e.g., hotels and motels) for their conversion into affordable housing. All funds are targeted towards people experiencing homelessness, at-risk of homelessness, or at-risk of domestic violence. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: FUNDS ARE ALLOCATED TO CITY GOVERNMENTS (60%) AND STATE GOVERNMENTS (40%) BASED ON THE HOME FORMULA DETAILED HERE

$5 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

OFFICE OF COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES

Formula grants to states and territories consist of funds that are distributed to state and territorial government accounts through existing federal formulas. They are then formulaically or competitively allocated to local governments, non-profits, or private organizations.
BUSINESS RELIEF

CHILDCARE STABILIZATION FUNDS

The Rescue Plan provides a new set of funds for the stabilization of licensed, regulated, and registered childcare providers. Funds will initially flow to state lead agencies using CCDBG formulas, which will then direct funds to individual providers. Childcare providers can use the funds to cover rent, personal costs, PPE, equipment and supplies, and goods and services to continue or re-start the provision of childcare services. Providers can also request reimbursements for similar costs accumulated during the COVID-19 emergency prior to passage of the ARP. States are explicitly required to use these funds in a way that is additive to pre-existing childcare expenditures. Further guidance is forthcoming.

Note: This program is complimentary to the $14 billion of CCDBG funds in the Rescue Plan intended to subsidize the cost of childcare for individual families and the expanded Child Tax Credit awards, which families can use to cover the cost of childcare.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: FUNDS WILL FLOW TO STATES THROUGH THE CHILDCARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT. STATE LEAD AGENCIES WILL DISTRIBUTE AT LEAST 90% OF GRANTS RECEIVED TO QUALIFIED CHILDCARE PROVIDERS, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THEY’VE PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED CCDBG FUNDS. AT LEAST 50% OF FUNDS MUST BE SUB-ALLOCATED BY STATES WITHIN 9 MONTHS OF ARP ENACTMENT. STATE LEAD AGENCIES WILL SET UP AN APPLICATION PROCESS AND APPLICATIONS MUST BE POSTED ONLINE. INDIVIDUAL CHILDCARE PROVIDERS MUST APPLY FOR FUNDS
CHILD AND FAMILY RELIEF

CHILDCARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

The Rescue Plan provides funds to states through the Childcare and Development Block Grant. States can use these funds to provide early childcare and after school childcare assistance in the form of vouchers or contracts with providers. This appropriation allows states and providers to provide care to designated essential workers without considering the normal income eligibility requirements. This provision is estimated to subsidize the cost of childcare for 875,000 children over the next year. Funds must be accessed by states by September 30, 2021. Read more here.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: CHILDREN AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FORMULA FOR STATE ALLOCATION. SUB-ALLOCATION INVOLVES STATE VOUCHERS, GRANTS, OR CONTRACTS WITH PROVIDERS.

14.9 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

DISASTER RELIEF

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANT

The Rescue Plan provides additional funding for Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG). These grants provide state, local, tribal, and territorial emergency management agencies with the resources required to implement the National Preparedness System. The EMPG’s allowable costs support efforts to build and sustain core capabilities across the prevention, protection, mitigation, response, and recovery mission areas. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: ANNUAL STATE AWARDS ARE DETERMINED USING A POPULATION-BASED FORMULA. STATES MUST SUBMIT APPLICATIONS TO SECURE THEIR SHARE OF AVAILABLE FUNDS

100 MILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HOMELAND SECURITY

FEMA
EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE

PUBLIC K-12 EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND

The Rescue Plan provides funds for public K-12 schools. LEAs are required to use at least 20% of funds received to address learning loss caused by the pandemic, including summer learning, extended day, comprehensive after-school programs, or extended school year programs. Up to 80% can be used for operations, staffing, programming, and infrastructure upgrades to transition to in-person learning, reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission, and make buildings healthy and environmentally safe. This provision also sets aside $800 million specifically to address the needs of homeless youth. All funds must be spent by September 30, 2023. The bill text itself lists all eligible uses in detail. Read more on allocation methods and uses here.

PRIVATE K-12 EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND

The Rescue Plan provides funds for private K-12 schools as well. These funds will be awarded to Governors under the Emergency Assistance to Non-Public Schools Program to provide services or assistance to non-public schools that enroll a significant percentage of low-income students and are most impacted by the pandemic. Funds are available until September 30, 2023.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: STATE-SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS AND ELIGIBLE USES CAN BE FOUND HERE
STATE SPECIAL EDUCATION GRANTS

The Rescue Plan provides more than $3 billion in formula grants for special education programs. It funds three types of programs through the Department of Education: (1) programs for students between ages 3-21 with disabilities under Part B, Section 619 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA); (2) programs for infants and toddlers ages birth-2 with disabilities under Part C of the IDEA, and; (3) programs for students between ages 3-5 with disabilities under Part B, Section 611 of the IDEA. All funds are available until September 30, 2021 and they are detailed below.

BREAKDOWN OF $3 BILLION GRANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Support for students ages 3-21</td>
<td>$2.58 billion</td>
<td>Formula grants to local education agencies (LEAs) for K-12. Details here</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support for programs for infants and toddlers</td>
<td>$250 million</td>
<td>Formula grants to LEAs and quasi-public non-profits. Details here</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-school grants</td>
<td>$200 million</td>
<td>Formula grants to LEAs and quasi-public non-profits. Details here</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GOVERNMENT FISCAL RELIEF

STATE FISCAL RELIEF
The Rescue Plan provides $195.3 billion in fiscal relief to states and territories. States can use funds to: (1) respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and non-profits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel, and hospitality; (2) assist essential workers by providing premium pay to those eligible or by providing grants to employers of eligible essential workers; (3) provide government services in a way that covers the revenue gaps created by the COVID-19 emergency, or; (4) make necessary investments into water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure. States cannot deposit funds into any pension funds nor can they use funds to offset lost revenues from cutting taxes. Further guidance is likely forthcoming from the Treasury. Funds must be used by December 31, 2024.

Allocation Process: $25.5 billion is allocated equally among the states and DC. The remainder will be allocated to states proportionally based on their unemployment rates relative to the national average in the fourth quarter of 2020.

$195.3 billion
U.S. Department of Treasury
HEALTHCARE

HEALTH INSURANCE EXPANSIONS

The Rescue Plan contains a variety of health insurance expansions that increase healthcare access in local communities. These provisions include: expanding the federal medical assistance percentage for Affordable Care Act coverage; providing Medicaid eligibility for five years to incarcerated individuals; allowing states, for five years, to extend CHIP eligibility to women for 12 months postpartum; expanding coverage for community-based mobile crisis intervention services; 100% federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for Urban Indian health organizations, and; pandemic allotments to disproportionately burdened hospitals, among other provisions. A full description of these expansions is available here. Each item implicates state budgets, the local insured population, and the local healthcare economy of states and cities but does not require immediate City Hall action.

$21 BILLION*

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

EXTENSION OF MEDICAID AND CHIP COVID-19 COVERAGE

The Rescue Plan extends Medicaid and CHIP coverage of COVID-19 vaccines and treatment without beneficiary cost sharing to be matched at a 100% FMAP through one year after the end of the public health emergency. These items have dramatic implications for the healthcare access economy in states and cities.

$1.4 BILLION*

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES

*Estimate is based on the Congressional Budget Office's 10-year projections which can be found here and are a better representation of the full impact of the health insurance provisions. In estimates of the full bill's cost, we use the FY21 outlays which are substantially smaller. All other line items (except multi-employer pension relief) use the FY21 outlays alone.
FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES

COVID-19 VACCINE ACTIVITIES
The Rescue Plan provides funding to enhance, expand, and improve nationwide COVID-19 vaccine distribution and administration. This includes federal funding of activities related to the distribution of medical products and supplies related to vaccines and the provision of grants to states to do the same. Funds are available until expended.

$7.5 BILLION
U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION

COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH BLOCK GRANTS
In addition to the competitive funds provided for community behavioral health, the Rescue Plan provides funds to expand capacity for mental health service delivery. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.

$1.5 BILLION
U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTER FOR MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

ALLOCATION PROCESS: FUNDS ARE DISTRIBUTED TO STATES THROUGH THE COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT. STATE MENTAL HEALTH PLANNING COUNCILS THEN ENTER INTO ANNUAL FUNDING AGREEMENTS WITH INDIVIDUAL PUBLIC AND NON-PROFIT COMMUNITY PROGRAMS AND COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTERS, WHICH ARE APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR.
FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES

SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION & TREATMENT BLOCK GRANT

The Rescue Plan provides funding to expand capacity for activities that prevent and treat substance abuse. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.

Allocation Process: Funds are distributed to states using the Substance Abuse Prevention & Treatment Block Grant. State behavioral health or health agencies then enter into annual funding agreements with individual public and non-profits entities to deliver services, approved by the Governor.

1.5 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
SUBSTANCE ABUSE & MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

SUPPORT FOR OLDER AMERICANS

The Rescue Plan provides funds to expand social and nutrition services for seniors in-home and in the community and to support vaccine outreach and COVID-19 mitigation programs for seniors. Funds are detailed in accordance with specific sections of the Older Americans Act (OAA) and will be available until expended. Read more here.

Allocation Process: States receive OAA funds using a formula based on each state’s population over the age of 60.

1.4 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
ADMINISTRATION FOR COMMUNITY LIVING
FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES

CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION AND TREATMENT
The Rescue Plan provides funding increases for Child Protective Services. Funds are available until September 30, 2023. Read more here.

Allocation Process: Funds will be distributed to states through CAPTA formula grants

$350 Million
U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services
Office of the Administration for Children and Families

FUNDING FOR SKILLED NURSING HOME COVID-19 STRIKE TEAMS
The Rescue Plan provides funds for states and territories to establish and implement state or territorial strike teams that will be deployed to skilled nursing facilities with diagnosed or suspected cases of COVID-19 among residents or staff. This strike team will assist with clinical care, infection control, and staffing for up to a year after the end of the pandemic.

Allocation Process: Funding will arrive through CDC formula grants, further guidance is forthcoming

$250 Million
U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES

PROGRAMS FOR SURVIVORS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

The Rescue Plan provides $427.5 million for states and territories to expand the capacity of existing programs providing emergency shelter and related assistance for victims of sexual assault and domestic violence. This funding is intended to: assist rape crisis centers in transitioning to virtual services and meeting the emergency needs of survivors; support CBOs that provide culturally specific services and activities for survivors of sexual assault and domestic violence; promote strategic partnership development among these providers; and address emergent needs among this population resulting from the COVID–19 public health emergency.

427.5 MILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

BREAKDOWN OF $427.5 MILLION GRANTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RAPE CRISIS CENTER GRANTS</th>
<th>$198 MILLION</th>
<th>FORMULA GRANTS TO QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS. AVAILABLE UNTIL EXPENDED. DETAILS HERE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FAMILY VIOLENCE PREVENTION SERVICE GRANTS</td>
<td>$180 MILLION</td>
<td>FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES. AVAILABLE THROUGH SEPT. 30, 2025. DETAILS HERE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CULTURALLY SPECIFIC SEXUAL ASSAULT PROGRAMMING GRANTS</td>
<td>$49.5 MILLION</td>
<td>FORMULA GRANTS TO QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS. AVAILABLE UNTIL EXPENDED. DETAILS HERE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HOUSING AND UTILITY ASSISTANCE

RENTAL ASSISTANCE

The Rescue Plan provides funds for rental and utility assistance to states, territories, counties, and cities to help stabilize renters during the pandemic and help rental property owners continue to cover their costs. Funds are provided to eligible households through new or existing rental assistance programs. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more [here](#).

**Allocation Process:** Funds are allocated to state and local governments according to the same formula as the CARES Act, which can be found [here](#). Once states and cities receive funds, they must ensure individual renters are aware of eligibility and how to apply. It will be up to individual renters to apply for assistance.

- **21.6 Billion**
- **U.S. Department of Treasury**

HOMEOWNER ASSISTANCE FUND

The Rescue Plan provides $9.6 billion for states, territories, and tribes to provide relief for vulnerable homeowners. This includes: a minimum of $50 million for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, and; $30 million for territories. The law prioritizes homeowners who have experienced the greatest hardships, leveraging local and national income indicators to maximize intended impact. Funds can be used to make delinquent mortgage payments. Funds will remain available until September 30, 2025. Read more [here](#).

**Allocation Process:** States must request funds and will receive funds based on their unemployment rate, number of mortgages in foreclosure, and number of mortgages that are past due. Once states and cities receive funds, they must ensure individual homeowners are aware of eligibility and how to apply. It will be up to individual homeowners to apply for assistance.

- **9.6 Billion**
- **U.S. Department of Treasury**
The Rescue Plan provides funding to expand the capacity of states to support and accept applications for LIHEAP funding. Funds will be available until September 30, 2022. Read more here.

**LOW-INCOME HEATING AND ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHEAP)**

The Rescue Plan offers additional funds to owners or operators of public water systems or treatment works to reduce arrears of and rates charged to low-income households for water and wastewater services. LIHWAP was created by the CCRRSA. Funds are available until expended. Read more here.

**LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD WATER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHWAP)**

**FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES AND TERRITORIES**

**LOW-INCOME HEATING AND ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHEAP)**

The Rescue Plan provides funding to expand the capacity of states to support and accept applications for LIHEAP funding. Funds will be available until September 30, 2022. Read more here.

**LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD WATER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHWAP)**

The Rescue Plan offers additional funds to owners or operators of public water systems or treatment works to reduce arrears of and rates charged to low-income households for water and wastewater services. LIHWAP was created by the CCRRSA. Funds are available until expended. Read more here.
HUNGER RELIEF

PANDEMIC EBT YOUTH NUTRITION
The Rescue Plan provides funding to maintain and expand the Pandemic EBT program so that low-income families have access to school meals and food assistance during both the school year and summer months during a federally declared public health emergency. This includes increasing the value of benefits by 15 percent and extending eligibility through summer school sessions in 2021. Read more, including distribution details, [here](#).

5 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP)
The Rescue Plan extends SNAP maximum benefits by 15 percent through September 30, 2021. It also provides $1.15 billion in administrative funding distributed to all states to address increased caseloads and demand for food assistance. The legislation provides an additional $25 million to improve and modernize states’ SNAP online purchase pilot programs. Read more [here](#).

1.2 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE
WIC BENEFITS VALUE INCREASE

The Rescue Plan expands WIC benefits. Currently, WIC provides $9 monthly for children and $11 monthly for women for fruits and vegetables. The Act makes funding available, at state option, for a four-month increase in the benefit up to $35 monthly. State agencies must apply to the Secretary of Agriculture to expand these benefits. This increase will last through September 31, 2021. Read more here.

$490 MILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITIONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM AID TO U.S. TERRITORIES

The Rescue Plan provides $1 billion to Puerto Rico, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands for nutrition assistance in response to the COVID-19 public health emergency, of which $30 million will be available to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. This funding will remain available through September 30, 2027. Read more here.

$1 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE
INFRASTRUCTURE

CORONAVIRUS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Rescue Plan provides $10 billion for states, territories, and Tribes to cover the costs of capital projects directly enabling work, education, and health monitoring, including remote options, in response to the public health emergency.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: THE SECRETARY WILL PROVIDE GRANTS OF $100 MILLION TO EACH STATE, $100 MILLION SPLIT BETWEEN TERRITORIES, AND $100 MILLION SPLIT BETWEEN TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS. THE REMAINING FUNDS WILL BE ALLOCATED ACCORDING TO POPULATION DATA. THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY WILL ESTABLISH A PROCESS OF APPLYING FOR GRANTS WITHIN 60 DAYS OF THE BILL’S PASSAGE THAT WILL BE AVAILABLE UNTIL SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

10 BILLION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
FUNDING CATEGORY

FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES AND QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS

FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES AND QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS CONSIST OF FUNDS THAT ARE DISTRIBUTED THROUGH EXISTING FEDERAL FORMULAS TO DESIGNATED ENTITIES THAT OPERATE ADJACENT TO THE STATE, CITY, OR COUNTY GOVERNMENT BUT DO NOT IMMEDIATELY ANSWER TO THE GOVERNMENT EXECUTIVE.
EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE

HIGHER EDUCATION EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND (HEERF)

The Rescue Plan builds on the higher education relief funds in the CARES Act ($14.2 billion) and CRRSAA ($22.7 billion) and makes additional funds available to public, private, and non-profit colleges and universities through HEERF. Like the first two relief bills, the ARP requires institutions that receive direct grants to spend at least 50% of their allocation on emergency financial aid grants for students. Institutions must spend funds implementing practices to monitor and suppress COVID-19 and can also use funds to replace lost revenue dating back to March 13, 2020, reimburse emergency expenses, and more.

**ALLOCATION PROCESS:** THE ARP AWARDS FUNDS BASED ON EXTENSIVE FORMULAS ARTICULATED IN THE LEGISLATION AND PRIORITIZES SCHOOLS WITH LARGE NUMBERS OF LOW-INCOME STUDENTS. THE APPLICATION FOR NEW FUNDS WILL BE POSTED TO GRANTS.GOV. THIS ROUND OF FUNDS MUST BE USED BY SEPTEMBER 30, 2023. READ MORE HERE AND FIND ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE HERE.

$39.6 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
OFFICE OF POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

BREAKDOWN OF $39.6 BILLION IN GRANTS

| PUBLIC AND NON-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS | $36 BILLION | FORMULA GRANTS TO QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS. AVAILABLE UNTIL SEPT. 30, 2023. |
| HBCUS, TRIBAL COLLEGES, MINORITY SERVING INSTITUTIONS | $3 BILLION | FORMULA GRANTS TO QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS. AVAILABLE UNTIL SEPT. 30, 2023. |
| FOR-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS | $400 MILLION | FORMULA GRANTS TO PRIVATE FIRMS. AVAILABLE UNTIL SEPT. 30, 2023. |
The Rescue Plan provides $7.6 billion to carry out activities related to establishing, expanding, and sustaining a public health workforce employed by state or local public health departments or non-profit, private, or public organizations with demonstrated expertise in implementing public health programs. Public health departments employ contact tracers, nurses, epidemiologists, community health workers. Funds are available until expended. Further guidance is pending.

**HEAD START**

The Rescue Plan provides $1 billion for Head Start programs. Funds are available to support preventative, preparedness, and responsive activities during the pandemic and offer COVID-19 related flexibility. Funds are available through September 30, 2022. Read more [here](#).

**EXPANDING THE PUBLIC HEALTH WORKFORCE**

The Rescue Plan provides $7.6 billion to carry out activities related to establishing, expanding, and sustaining a public health workforce employed by state or local public health departments or non-profit, private, or public organizations with demonstrated expertise in implementing public health programs. Public health departments employ contact tracers, nurses, epidemiologists, community health workers. Funds are available until expended. Further guidance is pending.

**COVID-19 MUSEUM AND LIBRARY RELIEF**

The Rescue Plan provides $200 million for expenses to carry out museum and library services with an emphasis on enhancing digital programming and digital skill-building for library patrons. Funds are available until expended. Read more [here](#).

**FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES AND QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS**

**$1 BILLION**

**U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

**$7.6 BILLION**

**U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION

**$200 MILLION**

**INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SCIENCES**

**ALLOCATION PROCESS:** FUNDS WILL ARRIVE TO HEAD START AGENCIES AS A ONE-TIME AWARD BASED ON LOCAL AGENCY ENROLLMENT, PROPORTIONAL TO THEIR SHARE OF OVERALL ENROLLMENT

**ALLOCATION PROCESS:** FUNDING FOR STATE AND LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENTS WILL LIKELY RUN THROUGH CDC FORMULA GRANTS. THE GRANT PROGRAM FOR NON-PROFIT, PRIVATE, OR PUBLIC ORGANIZATIONS IS PENDING. ALL GRANTS WILL BE POSTED ON GRANTS.GOV

**ALLOCATION PROCESS:** IMLS WILL AWARD 89% OF FUNDS TO STATE LIBRARY ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCIES USING POPULATION-BASED FORMULAS, AVAILABLE HERE. THE REMAINING 11% ($22 MILLION) COULD BE AWARDED COMPETITIVELY. FUTURE COMPETITIVE GRANT OPPORTUNITIES WILL BE POSTED HERE
HEALTHCARE

COVID-19 TESTING, TRACING AND VACCINE CONFIDENCE

The Rescue Plan provides $47.8 billion for programs to test, trace, and mitigate COVID-19. Funding can be used to develop a national testing strategy; expand state and local testing and tracing capabilities and support the public health workforce; support the development, manufacturing, procurement, distribution, and administration of tests; enhance technology and data related to public health; and cover necessary administrative and program support costs. An additional $1 billion will be provided to the CDC for public education campaigns to boost vaccine confidence and increase vaccine use rates. Additional guidance from HHS is forthcoming. Funds will be allocated in fiscal year 2021 and will remain available until expended.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: SIMILAR TO THE CARES ACT AND CRRSAF FUNDS. FUNDING WILL LIKELY BE DISTRIBUTED USING THE EXISTING CDC EPIDEMIOLOGY AND LABORATORY CAPACITY (ELC) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AND CDC IMMUNIZATION AND VACCINES FOR CHILDREN COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT, WHICH DIRECT FUNDS TO PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENTS IN ALL 50 STATES, D.C., TERRITORIES, AND DIRECTLY TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENTS OF FIVE CITIES INCLUDING CHICAGO, HOUSTON, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, NEW YORK CITY, AND PHILADELPHIA, USING POPULATION-BASED FORMULAS.

$48.8 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION

COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SUPPORT

The Rescue Plan provides this flexible stream of grants to community health centers for the costs of distributing and administering COVID-19 vaccines, conducting COVID-19 testing and tracing, purchasing the PPE necessary to conduct those activities, hiring the staff for these activities, improving public health infrastructure, and educating the public on COVID-19. Funds will remain available until expended. More information is expected soon.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: FUNDS WILL LIKELY BE AWARDED USING EXISTING CDC FORMULAS DIRECTING FUNDS TO COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS. DETAILS TO COME.

$7.6 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
FORMULA GRANTS TO PUBLIC AUTHORITIES AND QUASI-PUBLIC NON-PROFITS

COVID-19 RELATED HEALTHCARE FOR VETERANS
The Rescue Plan provides $14.5 billion for COVID-19 related healthcare, including information technology and facility requirements, for 9.2 million enrolled veterans who may have delayed care or more complex healthcare needs as a result of the pandemic. It also provides resources for veterans currently receiving housing support, including an estimated 37,000 homeless veterans. Read more here.

$14.5 BILLION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

SKILLED NURSING HOME INFECTION CONTROL
The Rescue Plan provides $200 million to be distributed to states and territories to support COVID-19 vaccination efforts and infection control improvements in nursing homes. These funds are available until expended.

ALLOCATION PROCESS: FUNDS WILL BE ALLOCATED THROUGH CMS CONTRACTS WITH QUALITY IMPROVEMENT ORGANIZATIONS (QIOPS). DETAILS ARE FORTHCOMING

$200 MILLION
U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES
Housing and utility assistance

Housing Vouchers
The Rescue Plan provides funds that enable HUD to provide emergency housing vouchers dedicated for individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness or at-risk of homelessness. These funds will be provided through Section 8 housing vouchers. Funds will be available until September 30, 2030. Read more here.

Allocation Process: Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Allocation to Public Housing Authorities

Veterans State Home Relief
The Rescue Plan provides $750 million to the VA to be distributed as construction grants ($500 million) available until expended and direct payments ($250 million) available until September 30, 2022 to State Veterans Homes to improve living conditions and prevent veteran homelessness. Read more here.

Housing Counseling
The ARP allocates $100 million via grants to approved housing counseling intermediaries to provide housing counseling services. Of the grant funds made available, at least 40% must be provided to counseling organizations that: (1) target housing counseling services to minority and low-income populations facing housing instability; or (2) provide housing counseling services in neighborhoods that have high concentrations of minority and low-income populations. Funds will remain available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION GRANTS

The Rescue Plan provides $30.5 billion to help public transit agencies avoid layoffs and service reductions. The primary goal is to ensure that these new resources, when combined with previous allocations through 2020, equal 132% of an urbanized area’s 2018 public transit operating costs (or 150% of a rural area’s 2018 operating costs). In addition, this new funding is available at a 100% federal share for operating expenses related to the response to the COVID-19 public health emergency (except for Capital Investment Grant funds). Formula grant funds must be spent by September 30, 2024.

**ALLOCATION PROCESS:** URBANIZED AREA FORMULA GRANTS ARE AWARDED TO TRANSIT AGENCIES BASED ON DATA IN THE NATIONAL TRANSIT DATABASE. ADDITIONAL ALLOCATION INFORMATION CAN BE FOUND THROUGH THE LINKS IN THE TABLE BELOW.

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**BREAKDOWN OF $30.5 BILLION GRANTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Formula Grants</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Details on Distribution and Eligible Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Urbanized Area Formula Grants</td>
<td>$26.5 Billion</td>
<td><a href="#">Details</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Investment Grants</td>
<td>$1.67 Billion</td>
<td><a href="#">Details</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Transit Relief</td>
<td>$320 Million</td>
<td><a href="#">Details</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Inter-City Bus Service</td>
<td>$100 Million</td>
<td><a href="#">Details</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Mobility Formula Grants</td>
<td>$50 Million</td>
<td><a href="#">Details</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TRANSPORTATION RELIEF

AIRPORT RELIEF

The Rescue Plan allocates $8 billion to the FAA’s new Airport Rescue Grants fund, which will distribute grants to all airports that are part of the national airport system, including all commercial service airports, all reliever airports, and some public-owned general aviation airports. The Rescue Plan also stipulates that the FAA will cover 100% of the share of project costs for regular Airport Improvement Program grants issued in 2021, up from a typical share of 75-95%. Funds are available until September 30, 2024. Read more here.

Allocation Process: Primary commercial service airports will receive $7.3 billion, allocated by formula based on annual passenger boardings. Smaller airports will be allocated $100 million based on their airport categories.

$8 BILLION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

AMTRAK RELIEF

The Rescue Plan provides $1.7 billion to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak) to recall rail employees furloughed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, restore daily long-distance service, and help states cover lost revenue in state-supported routes. Funds are available until September 30, 2024.

Allocation Process: The Northeast Corridor line will receive $970 million and the National Service will receive $730 million, portions of which will go toward service restoration.

$1.7 BILLION NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION
COMPETITIVE FUNDS

Competitive funds consist of funds that are capped and public, private, or non-profit organizations must apply within a certain timeframe. Their applications will be evaluated along certain criteria.
BUSINESS RELIEF

RESTAURANT REVITALIZATION FUND

The Rescue Plan provides $28.6 billion to establish the Restaurant Revitalization Fund to provide tax-free federal grants to food and beverage businesses hit hard by the pandemic. These grants may be applied to eligible expenses already incurred and for additional expenses over the remainder of the year, and they are available to entities ranging from food carts to full-service restaurants and tasting rooms. Applications are not yet available and guidance is likely forthcoming. Funds will remain available until expended. Read the most up-to-date information here.

APPLICATION: ELIGIBLE RESTAURANTS MUST APPLY THROUGH THE SBA PORTAL
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE RESTAURANTS AND BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS AWARE OF THE PROGRAM AND PROVIDE CLEAR GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY
DEADLINE: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNTIL EXPENDED

$28.6 BILLION U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

AVIATION MANUFACTURING JOB PROTECTION PROGRAM

The Rescue Plan provides $3 billion for the Secretary of Transportation to distribute through a new program focused on providing public contributions to support aviation manufacturing jobs for 6 months or less. These funds are to be used exclusively for: the continuation of employee wages, salaries, and benefits; to maintain the total compensation level for eligible employees on April 1, 2020; and to facilitate the retention, rehire, or recall of employees. To qualify, employers may not be currently using PPP funds. Read more here.

APPLICATION: AVIATION INDUSTRY MANUFACTURERS WILL ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS WITH DOT. DETAILS COMING SOON.
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE LOCAL AVIATION MANUFACTURERS OR CONTRACTORS AWARE AND PROVIDE CLEAR GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY
DEADLINE: FUNDS WILL BE AVAILABLE UNTIL SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

$3 BILLION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SHUTTERED VENUE OPERATOR GRANTS

The Rescue Plan builds on the Shuttered Venue Operators Grant program established in the December 2020 CCRRSA, which allocated $16 billion. The ARP adds an additional $1.25 billion in grants to shuttered venues. Eligible applicants may qualify for grants equal to 45% of their gross revenue, up to $10 million. Eligible entities include: live venue operators or promoters; theatrical producers; live performing arts organization operators; museum operators; zoos and aquariums who meet specific criteria; motion picture theater operators; talent representatives; and each business entity owned by an entity that meets eligibility requirements. Businesses must have been in operation as of February 29, 2020, and venues or promoters who received a PPP loan on or after December 27, 2020 will have their venue grant reduced by the loan amount. SBA is building the grant program and expects to open applications in early April. Those who have suffered the greatest economic loss will be the first applications processed. Read more here.

APPLICATION: ELIGIBLE VENUES APPLY THROUGH AN SBA PORTAL THAT WILL BE LIVE IN EARLY APRIL
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE ELIGIBLE VENUES AWARE OF THE PROGRAM AND PROVIDE CLEAR GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY
DEADLINE: APPLICATIONS WILL OPEN IN WAVES STARTING IN APRIL 2021 AND WILL BE AVAILABLE UNTIL CCRRSA AND ARP FUNDS ARE EXHAUSTED. FURTHER DETAILS HERE
COMPETITIVE FUNDS

COVID-19 ARTS ORGANIZATION RELIEF
The Rescue Plan provides funds to cover up to 100% of the costs of general administrative expenses, operating costs, and programs to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the pandemic. 40% of funds will go to state arts agencies and regional arts organizations. 60% will be awarded through a competitive grant process to support arts organizations of all sizes, complementary to the Shuttered Venues SBA program. Read more here.

APPLICATION: Application materials for the competitive funding process will be released by late April;
ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATIONS MUST PRE-REGISTER WITH SAM.GOV & GRANTS.GOV. GRANTS WILL BE POSTED HERE
CITY HALL ROLE: Make arts venues and organizations aware of the program and provide clear guidance on how to apply
DEADLINE: Details coming soon

$135 MILLION NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS

COVID-19 HUMANITIES ORGANIZATION RELIEF
The Rescue Plan provides funds to cover up to 100% of the costs of general administrative expenses, operating costs, and programs to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the pandemic. 40% of funds will go to state humanities councils. 60% of funds will be awarded through a competitive grant process to cultural organizations of all sizes including museums, libraries, historic sites, archives, and educational institutions. Read more here.

APPLICATION: Eligible organizations must pre-register with SAM.GOV & GRANTS.GOV. Grants will be posted here
CITY HALL ROLE: Make organizations aware of the program and provide clear guidance on how to apply
DEADLINE: Details to come

$135 MILLION NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR HUMANITIES
DISASTER RELIEF

FIREFIGHTER GRANTS (AFG AND SAFER PROGRAMS)

The Rescue Plan provides funding to the AFG and SAFER grant programs. The AFG program provides grants to meet the firefighting and emergency response needs of fire departments and non-affiliated emergency medical service organizations. Funds are specifically intended to help firefighters and first responders obtain critically needed equipment, protective gear, emergency vehicles, training, and other resources necessary for protecting the public and emergency personnel from fire and related hazards. SAFER provides funding directly to fire departments and volunteer firefighter interest organizations to help them increase or maintain the number of trained front line firefighters in their communities. Rescue funds for both programs are available until September 30, 2025. Read more about the AFG program [here](#) and the SAFER program [here](#).

**APPLICATION:** Individual fire departments are eligible to apply. Applicants must pre-register through the System for Award Management (SAM). The application will be posted on [FEMA Go](#) for applications.

**CITY HALL ROLE:** Work with fire chiefs to understand program and submit an application.

**DEADLINE:** Details to come.
ECONOMIC AND SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

EDA ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

The Rescue Plan provides funds for EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance grants. These grants support a wide range of technical, planning, and public works and infrastructure assistance in regions experiencing adverse economic changes. A quarter of the authorized funding must go to assisting states and communities that have suffered economic injury as a result of job and gross domestic product losses in the travel, tourism, or outdoor recreation sectors. Regulations and specific details are forthcoming. Funds are available until September 30, 2022. Read more here.

APPLICATION: THE APPLICATION WILL BE POSTED TO THE EDA’S WEBSITE. PRIOR GUIDANCE ON EAA GRANTS AWARDED UNDER THE CARES ACT CAN BE FOUND HERE
CITY HALL ROLE: CITIES MUST PREPARE AN APPLICATION TO SUBMIT IN COORDINATION WITH CITY DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES RELEVANT TO THE DESIRED PROJECT
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

$ 3 BILLION  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

RURAL COMMUNITY FACILITIES PROGRAM GRANTS

The Rescue plan provides funding to the USDA to establish an emergency pilot program for Coronavirus-related rural development by August 8, 2021. These funds will be distributed through the Community Facility Program in the form of grants, loans, and loan guarantees for health and nutrition-related infrastructure and distribution critical to addressing COVID-19. Read more here.

APPLICATION: CITIES WITH FEWER THAN 20,000 RESIDENTS ARE ELIGIBLE. THE APPLICATION WILL BE POSTED TO THE USDA’S COMMUNITY FACILITY PROGRAM WEBSITE.
CITY HALL ROLE: CITIES MUST PREPARE AN APPLICATION TO SUBMIT IN COORDINATION WITH CITY DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES RELEVANT TO THE DESIRED PROJECT
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

$ 500 MILLION  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
OFFICE OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
COMMUNITY NAVIGATOR PILOT PROGRAM

The Rescue Plan establishes a new community navigator pilot. Under this pilot, the SBA will provide $100 million in grants to traditional business assistance organizations that enlist trusted, culturally knowledgeable partners to conduct targeted outreach to specific sectors of the entrepreneurial community. This can take on several forms, from hiring dedicated staff to focus on these communities or partnering with specialized community organizations and chambers of commerce via a “hub and spoke” model. Read more here.

APPLICATION: SBA RESOURCE PARTNERS, STATES, TRIBES, UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, AND OTHER NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS ARE ELIGIBLE TO APPLY. THE APPLICATION HAS NOT YET BEEN POSTED

CITY HALL ROLE: CITIES CAN HELP COORDINATE APPLICATIONS FOR A NAVIGATOR GRANT BY BRINGING TOGETHER KEY SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STAKEHOLDERS BEHIND A SINGLE APPLICATION

DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

$175 MILLION

U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
OFFICE OF ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT
HEALTHCARE

COVID-19 EXPANDED GENOMIC SEQUENCING

The Rescue Plan provides funds to support COVID-19 gene sequencing at the CDC through competitive grants awarded to public health departments and laboratories and through support of the construction and renovation of lab facilities. Funds are available until expended.

APPLICATION: APPLICATION INFORMATION WILL BE AVAILABLE HERE WHEN IT IS LIVE
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE ELIGIBLE PRIVATE AND NON-PROFIT LAB FACILITIES AWARE OF THE PROGRAM AND PROVIDE CLEAR GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

$1.8 BILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION

EXPANSION GRANTS FOR COMMUNITY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CLINICS

The Rescue Plan provides funds to expand the capacity of communities and organizations providing behavioral health services. These grants will be provided to service providers that meet the criteria for Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics under Medicaid. Funds are available until expended. Read about previous Expansion Grants here.

APPLICATION: ELIGIBILITY IS LIMITED TO CERTIFIED COMMUNITY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CLINICS
CITY HALL ROLE: IDENTIFY ANY MENTAL HEALTH OR SUBSTANCE ABUSE NEEDS AND COORDINATE WITH CBHCS ON APPLICATION PROCESS
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

$420 MILLION

U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTER FOR MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES
The Rescue Plan provides $100 million for the EPA to administer as grants. Half of this money ($50 million) will be provided in the form of grants to identify and address disproportionate environmental or public health harms and risks in low-income populations through targeted grant programs under: the Clean Air Act; the Safe Drinking Water Act (drinking water grants); CERCLA (Brownfield grants); and the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (leaky underground storage tank grants). The other half of the funding ($50 million) will be provided for clean air-related grants supporting research, investigation, training, and air pollution planning and control programs. Read more about EPA’s Air Grants here; read more about EPA’s Brownfield Grants here; Read more about EPA’s Drinking Water Grants here; Read more about EPA’s State Underground Storage Tank Funds here. Funds are available until expended.

**APPLICATION:** Application requirements will vary and will be posted on the EPA website and grants.gov

**CITY HALL ROLE:** City agencies, authorities, and public utilities may be eligible to apply for grants directly and should coordinate to maximize impact

**DEADLINE:** Details to come
COMPETITIVE FUNDS

HUNGER RELIEF

EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER PROGRAM

The Rescue Plan provides funding for the Emergency Food and Shelter Program intended for people experiencing non-disaster related emergencies. Funds can be used broadly. They are intended to supplement and expand ongoing work by local social service organizations, both non-profit and governmental, to provide shelter, food, and supportive services to individuals, families, and households who have economic (non-disaster) related emergencies. Funding is open to all organizations helping individuals, families, and households who are experiencing or at-risk of food insecurity and/or homelessness. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.

APPLICATION: THE EFSP NATIONAL BOARD PROVIDES FUNDS TO COUNTIES OR CITIES BASED ON AN ALLOCATION FORMULA USING POPULATION, UNEMPLOYMENT, AND POVERTY STATISTICS. QUALIFYING JURISDICTIONS HAVE LOCAL BOARDS, WHICH ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR POSTING APPLICATIONS FOR NEW FUNDS. LOCAL NON-PROFITS AND GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES MAY APPLY. THE LOCAL BOARD WILL DETERMINE WHICH ORGANIZATIONS RECEIVE FUNDS.

CITY HALL ROLE: IDENTIFY EFSP LOCAL BOARD AND COORDINATE WITH THEM TO MAKE NON-PROFITS AND CITY AGENCIES ELIGIBLE FOR FUNDS AWARE WITH SPECIFIC GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY. HELP PREPARE AN APPLICATION, IF RELEVANT.

DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME.

400 MILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

FEMA
COMPETITIVE FUNDS

TECHNOLOGY MODERNIZATION

E-RATE GRANTS FOR EMERGENCY EDUCATIONAL CONNECTION AND DEVICES

The Rescue Plan provides funds for expanding the E-rate program. These funds will be distributed to public and private schools and public libraries to purchase internet access and connected devices (including hotspots, routers, modems, and computers) for students, educators, and library patrons who lack home internet access, a connected device, or both. Eligible schools and libraries can purchase eligible services and equipment for the duration of the COVID-19 pandemic plus at least one year. Schools and libraries will be reimbursed through the program for 100% of the costs associated with the eligible services and equipment. The FCC will likely issue rules regarding this additional funding in May 2021. Funds are available until September 30, 2030.

APPLICATION: THE UNIVERSAL SERVICE ADMIN. CO. OVERSEES THIS APPLICATION. READ MORE HERE
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE LIBRARIES AND SCHOOLS AWARE OF THE PROGRAM AND PROVIDE SPECIFIC GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY. COORDINATE WITH EXISTING BROADBAND AND DIGITAL DIVIDE INITIATIVES
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

7.2 BILLION

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE FUNDS

COVID-19 RELATED MANUFACTURING R&D
The Rescue Plan provides $150 million to the National Institute of Standards and Technology. These funds will be available until September 30, 2022 to fund awards for research, development, and testbeds to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the pandemic, including through NIST’s network of manufacturing research institutes. None of these funds are subject to cost share requirements. Details are forthcoming.

APPLICATION: THE GRANT APPLICATION WILL BE POSTED HERE ON THE NIST WEBSITE
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE SMALL BUSINESSES, MANUFACTURERS, AND RESEARCH LABS AWARE OF THE PROGRAM AND PROVIDE SPECIFIC GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

150 MILLION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY

COVID-19 RELATED R&D
The Rescue Plan provides $600 million to the National Science Foundation to remain available until September 30, 2022. This money will fund or extend new and existing research grants, cooperative agreements, scholarships, fellowships, apprenticeships, and related administrative expenses to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the pandemic.

APPLICATION: APPLICATIONS WILL BE POSTED ON THE NSF SITE AND GRANTS.GOV
CITY HALL ROLE: MAKE SURE COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES, K-12 SCHOOL SYSTEMS, BUSINESSES, INFORMAL SCIENCE ORGANIZATIONS AND OTHER RESEARCH ORGANIZATIONS ARE AWARE OF THE PROGRAM AND PROVIDE SPECIFIC GUIDANCE ON HOW TO APPLY
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

600 MILLION NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION
CAPITAL PRODUCTS

Capital products consist of funds that are provided by the federal government as a loan, a guarantee, or a credit enhancement that encourage private capital markets to achieve a desired policy aim.
BUSINESS RELIEF

TARGETED EMERGENCY INJURY DISASTER LOAN (EIDL) ADVANCE
The Rescue Plan provides $15 billion to top-up the already-existing COVID-19 Targeted EIDL Advance. The Targeted EIDL Advance provides businesses in low-income communities with funds to ensure small business continuity, adaptation, and resiliency. Advance funds up to $10,000 will be available to applicants in low-income communities who previously received an EIDL Advance for less than $10,000 or those who applied but received no funds due to lack of available program funding. A $5 billion set-aside was carved out for Supplemental Targeted EIDL Advance payments for those hardest hit. Read more here.

APPLICATION: APPlicants do not need to take any action. SBA is reaching out to those who qualify
CITY HALL ROLE: N/A
DEADLINE: Until expended

15 BILLION U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION OFFICE OF DISASTER ASSISTANCE

PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM (PPP)
The Rescue Plan provides $7.25 billion to top-up the Paycheck Protection Program that was started under the CARES Act. Applicants may apply for a first or second draw forgivable loan. Eligibility details and local lenders can be found online via the SBA's portal. Applications are open until March 31, 2021, but Congress is expected to pass legislation extending this deadline until late May. Read more here.

APPLICATION: Individual businesses apply for forgivable loans from small business lenders
CITY HALL ROLE: Help connect the dots between lenders, businesses, and business organizations
DEADLINE: March 31, 2021, extension expected

7.3 BILLION U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
ECONOMIC AND SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

STATE SMALL BUSINESS CREDIT INITIATIVE

The American Rescue Plan provides $10 billion to state and tribal governments to fund small business credit expansion initiatives. This program will build off of the inaugural model developed in 2011 during the Obama-Biden Administration in which nearly $1.5 billion in capital supported more than $8 billion in new lending and investing activity across 142 different programs in its first five years. The new iteration will expand in scale and will include: $1.5 billion for states to support businesses owned by socially and economically disadvantaged entrepreneurs; $1 billion for an incentive program to boost funding tranches for states that show robust support for these businesses; and $500 million to support very small businesses with fewer than ten employees. This law will inject capital into state small business support and capital access programs, provide collateral support, facilitate loan participation, and enable credit guarantee programs. Read more here.

APPLICATION: STATES MUST FILE NOTICES OF INTENT AND THEN APPLY TO ACCESS FUNDING; MUNICIPALITIES CAN APPLY IF THEIR STATE IS NOT PARTICIPATING. FUNDS WILL THEN BE DISTRIBUTED TO STATES THROUGH A FORMULA BASED ON STATE UNEMPLOYMENT. THEY ARE THEN INVESTED BASED ON STATE-SPECIFIC PROGRAMS
CITY HALL ROLE: CONSULT WITH YOUR STATE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICE TO PREPARE APPLICATION AND PREPARE LOCAL INVESTORS ON LENDERS FOR CAPITAL PRODUCTS
DEADLINE: DETAILS TO COME

10 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
PENSION RELIEF

MULTI-EMPLOYER PENSION RELIEF

The Rescue Plan directs the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation to assist certain struggling multi-employer plans to cover benefits due for plans until 2051. Multi-employer plans must show the funds can help them survive for 30 years. Single-employer plans were also given a boost through changes in accounting law that extend amortization time frames for unfunded liabilities and which extend interest rate smoothing. Funds are available until September 30, 2030, and multi-employer plans must apply for assistance. Read more here.

APPLICATION: MULTI-EMPLOYER PENSIONS MUST APPLY TO THE USPBC
CITY HALL ROLE: ALERT MANAGERS OF FINANCIALLY TROUBLED MULTI-EMPLOYER PENSION FUNDS
DEADLINE: DETAILS COMING WITHIN 120 DAYS OF MARCH 11, 2021

86 BILLION (ESTIMATED)

U.S. PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION
INDIVIDUAL RELIEF

INDIVIDUAL RELIEF CONSISTS OF FUNDS THAT ARE DISTRIBUTED TO INDIVIDUALS OR INDIVIDUAL FIRMS THROUGH THE TAX CODE OR A PUBLIC SYSTEM. SOME FUNDS ARE DISTRIBUTED AUTOMATICALLY. OTHERS REQUIRE AN APPLICATION.
The Rescue Plan provides direct financial relief to individuals. Individuals with annual earnings up to $75,000, joint filers earning $150,000, and heads of households earning $112,500 will receive an additional $1,400 economic impact payment per individual. These payments phase out completely for individuals earning $80,000, joint filers earning $160,000, and heads of households earning $120,000.

$1,400 INDIVIDUAL STIMULUS PAYMENTS

The Rescue Plan continues the existing $300 weekly boost in federal unemployment benefits and two key pandemic unemployment programs through September 6. The Pandemic Unemployment Assistance program provides benefits to the self-employed, gig workers, independent contractors, and other workers affected by the pandemic who do not qualify for state-level assistance. The Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation program increases the duration of payments for those in the traditional state unemployment system. The first $10,200 in benefits will be tax-free for households with annual incomes less than $150,000.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND UI TAX EXEMPTION

411 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

289 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
DEPT. OF LABOR, INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
INDIVIDUAL RELIEF

CHILD TAX CREDIT AND EITC EXPANSION

The Rescue Plan increases the Child Tax Credit maximum amount to $3,000 per child and $3,600 for children under age six. It also extends the credit to 17-year-olds. The increase in the maximum amount phases out at $150,000 in income for married couples, $112,500 for heads of households, and $75,000 for other parents. The ARP also makes the Child Tax Credit fully refundable, meaning the entire credit could be provided as a refund if it exceeds an individual’s income tax liability, instead of partially refundable under current law. Credit amounts will be made through advance payments during 2021 from July to December. It also raises the EITC for adults without children from $543 to $1,502 and lowers the age eligibility for the childless EITC from 25 to 19. It also eliminates the upper age limit, which currently bars the credit for childless people who are 65 and older. Read more here.

AIRPORT TRANSPORTATION PAYROLL SUPPORT

The Rescue Plan provides a $15 billion extension for the Treasury’s financial assistance grants to eligible air carriers and eligible contractors. The funds must be used exclusively for the continuation of payment of employee wages, salaries, and benefits. Of these funds, $1 billion will be made available to eligible contractors, and $14 billion will be made available to eligible airlines. Funds will be made available no later than April 15, 2021. Funds will be apportioned based on previously received aid. Read more here.
VETERANS HEALTHCARE DEBT RELIEF

The Rescue Plan provides $1 billion for debt forgiveness related to copayments or other cost sharing that veterans paid for VA healthcare and to reimburse veterans who paid a copay or other cost sharing for care and prescriptions provided from April 6, 2020 through September 30, 2021. Read more here.

![1 Billion](image1)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

VETERANS WORKFORCE RAPID RETRAINING

The Rescue Plan provides $386 million to establish a COVID-19 Veteran Rapid Retraining Assistance Program that will offer 12 months of non-college training, housing support, and employment assistance for unemployed veterans between the ages of 22 and 67. The program is intended to serve nearly 17,250 eligible veterans. Funding is effective immediately and available through December 2022. Read more here.

![386 Million](image2)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
INDIVIDUAL RELIEF

DOMESTIC HUMANITARIAN RELIEF
The Rescue Plan provides $110 million for emergency food and shelter programs. These funds are explicitly intended for the purpose of providing humanitarian relief to families and individuals encountered by the Department of Homeland Security. Funds are available until September 30, 2025.

$110 MILLION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
FEMA

RENTAL ASSISTANCE FOR RURAL, LOW-INCOME, AND ELDERLY BORROWERS
The Rescue Plan provides $100 million through September 2022 in rental assistance for rural, low-income and elderly borrowers. This funding is available to support unassisted households living in USDA-subsidized properties and who are struggling to pay rent during the pandemic. Read more here.

$100 MILLION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OFFICE OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
INDIVIDUAL RELIEF

DEBT RELIEF FOR DISADVANTAGED FARMERS

The Rescue Plan allows the Secretary of Agriculture to provide payments up to 120% of the outstanding debt of socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers as of January 1, 2021. The funds are intended to pay off loans directly or to directly pay socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers (or a combination) for: (1) direct farm loans made by the Secretary to disadvantaged farmers or ranchers; and (2) farm loans guaranteed by the Secretary where the borrower is the socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher. It is estimated that this funding will pay off nearly $4 billion in socially disadvantaged farmers' debt. Read more here.

$ 4 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SUPPORT FOR DISADVANTAGED FARMERS

The Rescue Plan provides more than $1 billion in funding to the USDA to create a Racial Equity Commission and address longstanding discrimination across the USDA. It will do this by providing outreach, training, education, technical assistance, grants and loans, and funding to educational institutions to help improve land access for socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers and address heir's property issues, among other priorities. Funds are available until expended. Read more here.

$ 1 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE
INDIVIDUAL RELIEF

EXPANSION OF THE FAMILIES FIRST CORONAVIRUS RESPONSE ACT (FFCRA)

The Rescue Plan extends the FFCRA Tax Credit for voluntary leave provided by employers through the third quarter of 2021 and increases the maximum allowable credit to $12,000 per employee. The ARP also restarts the 10-day clock, allowing employers who claimed the credit with respect to an employee in 2020 to claim the credit with respect to qualifying wages paid to the same employee in 2021. It also extends the situations under which qualifying sick leave may be taken to include situations where an employee is awaiting a COVID-19 test or is self-quarantining, getting vaccinated for COVID-19, or recovering from any injury, disability, illness, or condition related to COVID-19 vaccination. The ARP also allows governmental entities that are corporations with a separate tax-exempt status and state colleges, universities, and hospitals to claim the FFCRA Tax Credit. Read more here.

3.54 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

EXPANSION OF EMPLOYEE RETENTION CREDIT (ERC)

The Rescue Plan extends the ability of businesses and non-profit organizations to receive a refundable credit against Social Security taxes equal to 70% (an increase from 50%) of “qualified wages” paid to their employees during the COVID-19 crisis. It targets businesses that were fully or partially shut down because of the crisis or saw gross receipts 80% or less of those seen in the same quarter in 2019, and it generally applies to those who did not apply for PPP loans. The ARP offers special provisions to startups with annual gross receipts less than $1 million. Read more here.

2 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
INDIVIDUAL RELIEF

ADDITIONAL EXPANDED INDIVIDUAL TAX CREDITS

The American Rescue Plan extends a number of critical tax benefits to individuals. These include: (1) expanding the premium tax credit for the Affordable Care Act, and; (2) expanding Child and Dependent Care Tax Credits from $5,000 to $10,050 for married couples. Read more here.

$ 6.45 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
REIMBURSEMENT AND PUBLIC PROCUREMENT

REIMBURSEMENT AND PUBLIC PROCUREMENT CONSISTS OF FUNDS THAT ARE DISTRIBUTED THROUGH A REIMBURSEMENT APPLICATION OR COMPETITIVE BID BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT. THEY REQUIRE ELIGIBLE BUSINESSES, INDIVIDUALS, OR OTHER UNITS OF GOVERNMENT TO APPLY.
BUSINESS RELIEF

RURAL PROVIDER RELIEF
The Rescue Plan makes $8.5 billion available for payments to eligible healthcare providers for expenses and lost revenues that are attributable to COVID-19. Rural healthcare providers must apply to the Secretary of the Treasury to receive funds. Further guidance is forthcoming. Funds are available until expended. Read more here.

$8.5 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY

STRENGTHENING THE FOOD SUPPLY CHAIN
The Rescue Plan allocates $4 billion to be used at the USDA Secretary’s discretion to support the food supply chain by: increasing food available for distribution through food banks, non-profits, and restaurants to help feed families and support farmers; providing grants and loans to reimburse or purchase personal protective equipment, test kits, and other measures to keep essential food workers safe; investing in infrastructure and retooling support for food processors, farmers’ markets, food banks, local food systems, and producers to build resiliency in the food supply; and monitoring COVID-19 in animals and reducing overtime inspection fees paid by small meat and poultry processors. Funds are available until expended. Details and guidance are forthcoming. Read more here.

$4 BILLION  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
USE OF THE COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

The Rescue Plan authorizes $800 million for the Commodity Credit Corporation to purchase, package, transport, and handle agricultural commodities in order to stabilize the prices received by farmers. These funds are available until September 30, 2022. Read more here.
DISASTER RELIEF

DISASTER RELIEF FUND

The Rescue Plan appropriates $50 billion to FEMA's Disaster Relief Fund to be spent on major disaster declarations. FEMA's primary "Direct Disaster Programs" are the Individual Assistance Program, the Public Assistance Program, and the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP). Federal assistance provided by other agencies at FEMA's direction through "mission assignments" is also paid for from the Disaster Relief Fund. This appropriation allows individual financial assistance to cover up to 100% of disaster-related funeral expenses. Funds are available until September 30, 2025. Read more here.

$ 50 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
FEMA

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT: TESTING, PPE, AND VACCINES

The Rescue Plan provides $10 billion for the purchase, production, and distribution of COVID-19 testing, vaccines, and PPE supplies or supplies needed to address any future public health emergency. Funds are available until September 30, 2025.

$ 10 BILLION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
FEMA
EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE

HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE INVESTMENTS

In addition to the new $7.5 billion in funding for an expanded state and local public health agency workforce administered by the CDC, the Rescue Plan also awards $1.43 billion to expand the capacity of existing healthcare programs that incentivize doctors and nurses to enter primary care fields in underserved areas. Funds are available until expended.

**ALLOCATION:** Funds will be awarded directly to these service agencies to expand their capacity to offer loan forgiveness and scholarships, set up new service locations, and support operations.

**1.4 BILLION**

**U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION**

**MEDICAL RESERVE CORPS**

**BREAKDOWN OF $1.4 BILLION GRANTS**

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<td>800 MILLION</td>
<td>HSC places primary care physicians in underserved areas in exchange for loan forgiveness or scholarship support.</td>
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<td>TEACHING HEALTH CENTER GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION PROGRAM</td>
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HUNGER RELIEF

MEAL REIMBURSEMENTS FOR AT-RISK SCHOOL CHILDREN AND EMERGENCY SHELTERS

The Rescue Plan directs the Secretary to reimburse eligible emergency shelters and schools for meals, snacks, and assistance for individuals under the age of 25 since the beginning of the pandemic, including coverage when schools are closed or operating remotely. Funding is administered through the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program, and Child and Adult Care Program. The Rescue plan offers an extension of this program through September 30, 2021 and flexibility into the 2021-2022 school year if the pandemic persists. Read more here.
PUBLIC HIRING

AMERICORPS

The Rescue Plan provides $1 billion to increase the AmeriCorps living allowance to make service more accessible and inclusive and to increase the number of AmeriCorps members serving in communities across the country. Funds are available until September 30, 2024. Read more here.