



# Charlotte Shoulder Institute

Patient Centered. Research Driven. Outcome Maximized.

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# DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS & PHYSICAL THERAPY INSTRUCTIONS FOR OPEN REDUCTION/INTERNAL FIXATION RADIUS/ULNA FRACTURE

Recovery after forearm surgery entails controlling swelling and discomfort. The following instructions are intended as a guide to help you heal and recover as quickly as possible after surgery. Any questions or concerns shoulder be asked with your physician before proceeding.

### A. COMFORT:

Although surgery typically uses only two small incisions on the forearm, swelling and discomfort can be present. To minimize your discomfort, please do the following:

- 1. **Ice** Ice controls swelling and discomfort by slowing down the circulation in your hand. Place crushed ice in a cloth covered plastic bag, then apply over your splint for no more than 20 minutes, 3 times a day.
- 2. **Elevation-** Keeping your arm elevated above the level of your heart is critical to minimizing the soft tissue swelling. Lay on a couch or bed and place pillows on your chest to comfortably rest your arm. Perform this several times a day for at least 20 minutes per episode.
- 3. **Pain Medication** If your physician has prescribed a pain medication for you, take it as prescribed, but only as often as necessary. If no pain medication has been prescribed, Extra-Strength Tylenol can be used if you are not allergic or have any medical issues limiting its use. **Avoid alcohol if you are taking pain medication.**

4. **Splint** – A splint may have been applied to your forearm for immobilization and allow for healing. Leave the splint on until your first post-operative visit.

### B. ACTIVITIES:

- 1. **Range-of-Motion** Move your shoulder/fingers through a full range-of-motion as much as possible to prevent stiffness.
- 2. **Athletic Activities** Athletic activities, such as swimming, bicycling, jogging, racquet sports, running and stop-and-go sports, should be **avoided** until allowed by and discussed with your doctor after your first follow-up visit.
- 3. **Return to Work** Return to work as soon as possible while limiting pressure on your forearm. You should not lift anything heavier than a cup of coffee. Your ability to work depends on a number of factors your level of discomfort and how much demand your job puts on your elbow and hand. If you have any questions, please call your doctor.
- **4. Driving** Driving is NOT permitted as long as there is significant tenderness and dysfunction in the operative extremity.

## C. WOUND CARE:

- 1. Keep the dressing/splint clean and dry until your first post-operative visit.
- 2. You may shower 1 day after surgery provided the dressing remains dry. Cover the dressing with a plastic bag while showering.
- 3. Bathing, swimming and soaking should be avoided until allowed by Dr. Romanowski
- 4. Healing requires several months and **your** cooperation.

## D. EATING:

1. Your first few meals, after surgery, should include light, easily digestible foods and plenty of liquids, since some people experience slight nausea as a temporary reaction to anesthesia.

### E. CALL YOUR PHYSICIAN IF:

- 1. Pain in your arm persists or worsens in the first few days after surgery.
- 2. Excessive redness or drainage of cloudy or bloody material presents itself on the dressing or around the incision.
- 3. You have a temperature elevation greater than 101° with no apparent cause.
- 4. You have excessive pain, swelling or redness in your arm or hand.
- 5. You notice new numbness or weakness in your arm or hand.
- 6. Chest pain or difficulty breathing.

## F. RETURN TO THE OFFICE:

1. Your first return to our office should be approximately 7-10 days after your surgery. Call your physician's office to make an appointment for this first post-operative visit.