CONSTITUTION AND BYLAWS 1 OF CHESTNUT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH 2 CAMDEN, MAINE 3 4 PART I: CONSTITUTION 5 6 7 ARTICLE I: PREAMBLE 8 9 Since it pleased Almighty God, by His Holy Spirit, to call certain of His servants to 10 unite here in 1808, under the original name Second Baptist Church of Camden, for 11 the worship of God and the spread of the gospel of Jesus Christ, and He has 12 sustained and prospered this work to the present day; and 13 14 Whereas the aforesaid organization was incorporated as a religious corporation 15 under State of Maine law on June 27, 1917, and registered with the legal name 16 Chestnut Street Baptist Church (hereinafter referred to as CSBC); and 17 18 Whereas we, the members of Chestnut Street Baptist Church, having searched the 19 Scriptures under the guidance of God's Spirit, have recognized the need to 20 reconstitute ourselves to more closely conform to His will for the Church in this 21 age and prepare ourselves for greater efforts in His name; 22 23 Now therefore we, the members of Chestnut Street Baptist Church, do hereby 24 organize ourselves in accord with both state and federal nonprofit corporation acts 25 and adopt this Constitution and Bylaws as our articles of governance, to be 26 interpreted at all times to reflect the character of and bring glory to Jesus Christ, 27 as revealed in the Holy Bible and articulated in the standards set forth in the 28 Statement of Faith and Covenant of this church. 29 30

31	ARTICLE II: STATEMENT OF FAITH
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33	BIBLE. We believe the sixty-six books of the Old and New Testaments are the
34	record of God's self-revealing words and actions in human history: fully inspired
35	by the Holy Spirit, in perfect accord with the truth, without error in all they affirm,
36	and is the unique, unrivaled, and ultimate authority for faith and life.
37	Exodus 24:4; Psalm 19:7-11; 119; Isaiah 34:16; 40:8; Matthew 5:17-18; Luke 21:33;
38	John 5:39; Acts 3:18; 4:25; Romans 15:4; 16:25-26; 2 Timothy 3:15-17; Hebrews
39	1:1-2; 2 Peter 1:19-21
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41	TRINITY. We believe the one true God has revealed Himself as eternally existing
42	in three persons. The Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit are of one substance,
43	equal in every way, and perform distinct but harmonious roles in the work of
44	creation, providence, and redemption.
45	Gen. 1:1-3; Deut. 6:4; Matt. 3:16-17; 24:36; 28:19; John 1:1-18; 14:16-17,26; 15:26;
46	16:7-15; 17; 20:28-29; 2 Cor. 13:14; Phil. 2:5-8; Col. 2:9; Heb. 9:14; 1 Peter 1:2; 1
47	John 1:1-4; 5:20
48	
49	GOD THE FATHER. We believe in God the Father: an infinite, unchanging, and
50	personal spirit, perfect in holiness, power, wisdom, knowledge, justice, truth, and
51	love. He reigns supremely over all creation and history. He concerns Himself with
52	all humanity, hears and answers prayer, and mercifully saves all who come to Him
53	through Jesus Christ the Son.
54	Gen. 1:1; 18:25; Ex. 3:14; 34:5-7; Deut. 6:4; Psalm 19:1-4; 139:16; Isa. 55:8-9; 64:8;
55	Matt. 23:9; John 1:14,18; 4:24; 14:6-13; Rom. 8:14-15; 11:33-36; 1 Cor. 8:6; Gal. 4:6;
56	Eph. 4:6; Col. 1:15; 1 Tim. 1:17; Rev 1:8; 21:6
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58	GOD THE SON. We believe in Jesus Christ: the one and only eternal Son, fully
59	God and fully human, conceived by the Holy Spirit, born of the virgin Mary, like us
60	in all respects but without sin. In His life, Jesus performed many miracles and
61	taught many things. He died on the cross for our sins, was buried, on the third day

- rose from the dead in the body that had been laid in the tomb and appeared to many witnesses. He ascended into heaven where He reigns at the right hand of God the Father, a ceaseless advocate for His people, and the only true Mediator
- 65 between the Father and humankind.
- 66 Matt. 1:18-23; 3:17; 27:24-28:20; John 1:1-18; 14:6-11; Acts 2:22-24; Rom. 1:3-4; 1
- 67 Cor. 15:1-28; 2 Cor. 5:21; Gal. 4:4-5; Eph. 1:20; Phil. 2:5-11; Col. 1:13-22; 2:9; 1 The.
- 68 4:14-18; 1 Tim. 2:5-6; Heb. 1:1-3; 4:14-16; 9:28; 1 Pet. 3:22; 1 Jn. 4:14-15

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- GOD THE HOLY SPIRIT. We believe in the Holy Spirit: a personal spirit of one substance with, equal to, and proceeding forth from the Father and the Son. He inspired the writers of the Scripture and illuminates its readers to understand the truth. He applies the work of Christ to humankind. He convicts the world of sin, righteousness, and judgment. He calls, regenerates, sanctifies, and empowers all who believe in Jesus Christ. The Holy Spirit indwells all true believers, baptizing
- them spiritual gifts for the service of God through Christ's Body, the Church.
 Gen. 1:2; Judg. 14:6; Psalm 51:11; Matt. 3:16; Luke 4:18-19; 12:12; John 14:16-17,

them into the Body of Christ, producing in them spiritual fruit, and bestowing on

- 79 26; 15:26; 16:7-14; Acts 2:1-21; Rom. 8:9-27; 1 Cor. 2:10-14; 12:3-11; Eph. 1:13-14;
- 80 1 Tim. 4:1; 2 Tim. 3:16; 2 Peter 1:21; 1 John 4:13; 5:6-7

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- SALVATION. We believe that Adam and Eve, the first humans, created in the image of God in innocence and unbroken relationship with their Creator, voluntarily disobeyed the command of God and fell from their sinless state. As a result, all people now are sinners by nature and by choice, rejecting God's rightful authority, so all are separated from God and under condemnation. Jesus Christ died on the cross in the sinner's place, meeting the demands of justice and satisfying the righteous wrath of God by shedding His own blood for the forgiveness of sins, reconciling sinful humanity to the Holy God. In rising again to life on the third day, Jesus conquered death and offers eternal life, making us a new creation in Him.
- We can be saved only by the sovereign grace of God, apart from any human works,

- receiving this irrevocable gift of God by faith alone in the work of Jesus Christ on
- 93 our behalf.
- **94** Isa. 53; Matt. 1:21; John 1:11-13, 29; 3:3-18,36; 5:24-29; 6:44; 10:28-29; 11:25-27;
- 95 14:6; Acts 4:12; 16:30-31; Rom. 3:23-25; 4:3; 5:8-10; 6:23; 10:9-10; 1 Cor. 15:1-8; 2
- 96 Cor. 5:17-21; Gal. 2:20; Eph. 2:1-9; Heb. 9:24-28; 1 Peter 1:2,17-23

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- 98 THE CHURCH. We believe there is one Church universal: the Body of Christ on
- 99 earth of which Jesus Himself is the head. The Church is composed of those
- 100 throughout the world and throughout history chosen by God the Father, called by
- 101 the Holy Spirit, and obedient to Jesus Christ as Savior and Lord. This body
- 102 manifests itself in local communities of believers, baptized and coming together
- 103 for the fulfillment of the Great Commission and the Great Commandment. * We
- 104 are the ambassadors of Jesus Christ to a lost world continuing the ministry of
- reconciliation and the advancement of His Kingdom.
- 106 *Great Commission: Matthew 28:18-20 and Great Commandment: Matthew 22:36-
- 107 40. Matthew 6:9-10; 11:12; 16:15-19; Luke 17:20-21; Acts 2:41-47; 4:31-35; 14:23;
- 108 20:28; 1 Cor. 1:2; 12:12-13,27; 2 Cor. 5:17-21; Eph. 1:22-23; 2:19-22; 3:10-11,20-21;
- 109 4:4-7,11-16; 5:22-32; Col. 1:18; 1 Tim. 3:1-15; 1 Peter 1:2; 5:1-4

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- 111 THE ORDINANCES. We believe the Lord Jesus Christ has committed two
- ordinances to the church: baptism and the Lord's Supper. Upon a confession of
- faith, baptism by immersion in the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit
- 114 represents the participation of the believer in the death and resurrection of Jesus
- 115 Christ, entrance into new life, and inclusion in Christ's Body, the Church. In the
- Lord's Supper, believers symbolically participate in and proclaim the death of the
- 117 Lord Jesus Christ. The church should observe both ordinances until Christ's return.
- 118 Matt. 3:13-15; 26:26-28; 28:19-20; Mark 1:9; 14:22-24; Luke 3:21-22; 22:19-20; John
- 3:23; 6:30-58; Acts 2:38,41-42; 8:35-38; 16:30-33; 20:7; Rom. 6:3-5; 1 Cor. 10:16-17;
- **120** 11:23-29; Col. 2:12

122	THE LAST DAYS. We believe that God in His own time and His own way will bring
123	the world to its appropriate end. In the last days Jesus Christ will return personally,
124	bodily, and visibly to consummate His Kingdom. All humankind will experience a
125	bodily resurrection and Christ will carry out the final judgment. Those forgiven
126	through Christ will eternally enjoy fellowship with God; all others will eternally
127	suffer separation from God.
128	Matt. 16:27; 19:28; 24:1-44; 25:31-46; 26:64; Mark 8:38; Luke 12:48; 16:19-26; John
129	14:1-3; Acts 1:11; 17:31; 24:15; 1 Cor. 4:5; 15:24-58; 2 Cor. 5:10; Phil. 3:20-21; 1
130	The. 4:14-18; 2 Tim. 4:8; Titus 2:13; Heb. 9:27-28; 2 Pet. 3:7; 1 Jn. 3:2; Rev. 20:1-
131	22:13
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133	ARTICLE III: CHURCH COVENANT
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135	Having been led by the Spirit of God to profess our faith in Jesus Christ and having
136	been baptized in the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit, we do now
137	solemnly and joyfully affirm our covenant with God and one another.
138	
139	Desiring to be part of a disciple making movement here in the Mid-Coast of Maine
140	that touches and transforms lives, families, and communities with the Gospel of
141	Jesus Christ, we commit ourselves to the making of disciples who are ever-
142	growing in their identity in Christ, their investment in His church, and their
143	involvement in God's mission of reconciliation. ¹
144	
145	I pledge myself to growing my identity "in Christ" by:
146	 Following Christ in daily obedience by submitting all desires, emotions,
147	ideas, attitudes, choices, and actions to the ultimate authority of God's
148	Word and the control of the Holy Spirit. ²
149	 Abiding regularly and intentionally in God's Word and prayer individually, in
150	my family, and as a church community. ³

Disciplemaking - encouraging others to follow Christ by my witness before
a watching world and my intentional investment in the spiritual progress of
others.⁴

- 155 I pledge myself to expanding my involvement in God's ongoing mission of reconciliation⁵ by:
 - Going as Christ's ambassador I will intentionally seek opportunities for God to make His Gospel appeal through me: "We implore you on behalf of Christ, be reconciled to God."⁶
 - Advancing Kingdom influence for "Jesus is Lord" not only of the Church but Lord of all life. As such I will work to demonstrate the goodness, justice, and reconciliation of Christ's coming Kingdom socially, politically, economically, relationally, and in all life.
 - Partnering in prayer, finance, and cooperation with missionaries around the world and Gospel-centered churches locally I will labor for the unity of Christians and the glory of Christ.⁸

- I pledge myself to deepening my investment in this Church by:
 - **Uniting** the church⁹ by my prayer, attitude, and action living out together the "one another" commands¹⁰; honoring others above myself¹¹; esteeming, loving, and praying for the Pastor and Elders, submitting to them in all spiritual exercises of their official authority¹²; bearing with one another in love;¹³ always speaking the truth in such a way that builds up or imparts grace, and forgiving one another as God in Christ forgave me.¹⁴
 - Sacrificing generously, regularly, and intentionally of my finances to the ministry of the church and the mission of Christ.¹⁵
 - Engaging actively and regularly in the life of the congregation by attendance
 at worship gatherings, participation in the Lord's Supper, involvement in
 business meetings, investment in church ministries, practice of hospitality,
 and sacrificial service to one another and our shared mission.

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183	¹ Matthew 28:18-20; 2 Corinthians 5:18-20
184	² 1 Corinthians 10:5; 1 Peter 1:2; 1 Corinthians 6:17-20
185	³ John 15:1-10; Psalm 1:1-3; Deuteronomy 6:4-9; 1 Timothy 4:13
186	⁴ Matthew 28:20
187	⁵ 2 Corinthians 5:18-20; Acts 1:8; Matthew 28:18-20;
188	⁶ John 20:21-23; 2 Corinthians 5:20; Colossians 1:19-20
189	⁷ Acts 17:7, Romans 10:9
190	⁸ John 17:20-23
191	⁹ Philippians 1:5,7; Romans 12:5; 1 Corinthians 12:25; Ephesians 4:25
192	¹⁰ examples, not exhaustive: John 13:34-35; 1 Thessalonians 5:11; Hebrews 3:13;
193	Hebrews 10:24; Romans 15:7; Romans 12:10,16; 2 Corinthians 13:11; 1 Peter
194	5:5; Ephesians 4:2, 25,32; 1 Peter 4:10
195	¹¹ Philippians 2:1-5
196	¹² Hebrews 13:17
197	¹³ Ephesians 4:1-6
198	¹⁴ Ephesians 4:25-32
199	¹⁵ 2 Corinthians 9:6-15
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201	ARTICLE IV: GOVERNANCE
202	
203	This church submits herself to the headship of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ
204	(Ephesians 5:23), responds to the leading of His Spirit (Acts 15:28), and labors for
205	the glory of God the Father (Ephesians 3:21). The Biblical leadership roles of the
206	church are that of Elder and Deacon.
207	
208	SECTION 1. ELDERS. We recognize the final authority and responsibility of the
209	congregation in matters of faith and practice (Matthew 18:15-20; Acts 6:3; 11:1,22;
210	15:22; 1 Corinthians 5; 2 Corinthians 2:5-11; 1 Peter 2:5,9); however, following the
211	clear pattern of Scripture, the membership shall recognize from amongst them

212 men called and qualified to serve as Elders to whom the leadership of the church 213 will be entrusted (Acts 6:2,4; 20:17,28-31; Ephesians 4:11-13; Philippians 1:1; 1 214 Thessalonians 5:12-13; 1 Timothy 3:1-7; 5:17; 2 Timothy 4:2-5; Titus 1:5-9; Hebrews 215 13:7,17; James 5:14; 1 Peter 2:25; 5:1-4). We understand the Greek words 216 presbuteros (elder), episkopos (overseer); and poimen (pastor, shepherd) to be 217 used interchangeably throughout the Scripture, all referring to this office of Elder. 218 219 ROLE OF THE ELDER: Elders are servant leaders who are called to teach the 220 Word, shepherd the flock, and advocate for the church vision. 221 222 TEACH THE WORD (Acts 6:4; 1 Timothy 3:2; 5:17; 2 Timothy 4:2-5; Titus 223 1:9). Elders are servants of the Word, overseeing the teaching and 224 preaching of sound Biblical doctrine and the refutation of error. 225 226 SHEPHERD THE FLOCK (Acts 6:4; 20:28-31; 2 Timothy 4:2-5; Hebrews 227 13:17; James 5:14; 1 Peter 5:2-3). Elders are servants of the Flock, 228 overseeing the examination of prospective members, watching over the 229 spiritual health of the people, and enforcing church discipline. 230 231 ADVOCATE FOR THE CHURCH VISION (Acts 6:2; Ephesians 4:11-13; 232 1 Thessalonians 5:12-13; 1 Timothy 3:1-7, 5:17). Elders are servants of the 233 church vision, responsible for the articulation of and adherence to our 234 church's shared values and mission. They coordinate the activities and 235 ministries of the church for the fulfillment of her mission by delegating 236 authority and responsibility. They release others to ministry and then work to ensure their success within the context of the overall fulfillment of the 237 238 church's mission. 239 240 QUALIFICATIONS OF AN ELDER

242 CHARACTER - An Elder is a man who is a member of CSBC in good 243 standing and possesses the character qualities outlined in 1Timothy 3:1-7; 244 Titus 1:6-9; and 1 Peter 5:1-4. 245 246 CALL – The man who would serve as an Elder must do so willingly – the 247 call of God upon His life recognized by him and the congregation (1 Timothy 248 3:1; 1 Peter 5:2). 249 250 DOCTRINE - An Elder must be in agreement with the CSBC Statement of 251 Faith and possess a sufficient knowledge of the Scripture to instruct in right 252 doctrine (1 Timothy 3:2; 2 Timothy 4:2; Titus 1:9, 2:1) and defend against 253 error (Acts 20:28-31; 2 Timothy 4:2-5; Titus 1:9). 254 255 LEADERSHIP - An Elder should be one whom others naturally trust, follow, 256 and imitate. An Elder is one whose life and leadership are recognized as an 257 example to those both inside and outside the church (1 Timothy 3:7; 4:16; 258 Hebrews 13:7; 1 Peter 5:3). 259 260 SECTION 2. SENIOR PASTOR: The Senior Pastor shall be an Elder, the first amongst equals, performing the duties of an Elder and subject to the qualifications 261 262 of an Elder. The church shall recognize him as particularly gifted and called to the full-time ministry of shepherding, preaching, and teaching (1 Timothy 5:17). 263 264 SECTION 3. DEACONS: Alongside Elders, we recognize a second, 265 266 complementary role expounded in the Scripture – the role of Deacon (Acts 6:2; 267 Romans 12:7; 16:1; Philippians 1:1; 1 Timothy 3:8-13, 1 Peter 4:10-11). As the 268 Greek name diakanos implies, these are servants, or ministers, of the church. 269 Biblically, Deacon is a gender-neutral term and will be used to designate both men 270 and women (Romans 16:1; 1 Timothy 3:11). 271

272 ROLE OF THE DEACON: Deacons are ministry directors who support the 273 proclamation of the Word, meet physical needs, and implement specific ministries. 274 275 SUPPORT THE PROCLAMATION OF THE WORD (Acts 6:2-4; Romans 276 16:1). Deacons are servants who tend to the functioning and administration 277 of the church and the accommodations for public worship in order to free 278 the Elders to focus on the teaching and preaching of sound Biblical 279 doctrine. This includes, but is not limited to, facilities, property, and 280 finances. 281 282 MEET PHYSICAL NEEDS (Acts 6:1-4; Romans 16:1). Deacons are 283 servants who seek to meet the temporal needs of the church in a spiritual 284 way. This could be through visitation, benevolence, hospitality, prayer, or 285 other means. 286 287 IMPLEMENT SPECIFIC MINISTRIES (Romans 12:6-8; 1 Corinthians 288 12:7; Ephesians 4:11-13; 1 Peter 4:10-11). Deacons are servants who lead 289 the various ministries of the church, based upon determined need and 290 personal giftedness. Coordinated and supported by the Elders, Deacons 291 serve in their area of giftedness all in service to the fulfillment of the 292 church's mission. 293 294 QUALIFICATIONS OF A DEACON 295 296 CHARACTER - A Deacon is a man or woman who is a member of CSBC 297 in good standing and meets the qualifications in Acts 6:3 and 1 Timothy 298 3:8-13. 299 300 DOCTRINE - A Deacon must be in agreement with the CSBC Statement of 301 Faith.

303	GIFTEDNESS - A Deacon is gifted for a specific area of ministry (Romans
304	12:4-8; 1 Corinthians 12:7; 1 Peter 4:10-11).
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306	ARTICLE V: OFFICERS
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308	SECTION 1. All officers, except for Financial Reviewer, must be members of the
309	church.
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311	SECTION 2. TRUSTEES. For purposes of meeting the State of Maine laws
312	governing incorporation of local churches, the Board of Elders will serve as the
313	legal Trustees of Chestnut Street Baptist Church.
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315	In addition, our church recognizes, under this constitution, the following elected
316	officers:
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318	SECTION 3. CLERK. The Clerk is considered a corporate officer under Maine
319	Revised Statutes Title 13, Chapter 93. The Clerk shall keep the minutes of all
320	business meetings.
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322	SECTION 4. TREASURER. For purposes of compliance with Maine Revised
323	Statutes Title 13, Chapter 93, The Deacon of Finance will serve as the legal
324	Treasurer of Chestnut Street Baptist Church.
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326	SECTION 5. HEAD COLLECTOR. It shall be the Head Collector's duty to keep
327	records of all contributions made, issue receipts, report to the Treasurer, train the
328	Collectors, co-ordinate the weekly collection schedules, and serve as one of the
329	Collectors.
330	
331	SECTION 6. COLLECTORS. The Collectors shall record and deposit the
332	offerings taken at worship services and provide weekly reports to the Head
333	Collector.

334 SECTION 7. FINANCIAL REVIEWER. It shall be the duty of the Financial 335 336 Reviewer to review all of the Bookkeeper's church records and the Deacon's Fund 337 records at the close of the year and other times if required. 338 339 SECTION 8. MODERATOR. The Moderator shall preside at all business 340 meetings of the Church. 341 342 ARTICLE VI: MEMBERSHIP 343 SECTION 1. ADMISSION OF MEMBERS. Persons may be received into 344 membership by any of the following methods, subject in each case to the 345 346 examination and recommendation by the Elders and the vote of the church and 347 after having reviewed and accepted the church's Constitution and Bylaws. 348 349 BY BAPTISM. Any person who confesses Jesus Christ as Savior and Lord 350 and is in essential agreement with our Statement of Faith and Church 351 Covenant may be received into the fellowship of the congregation following 352 baptism by immersion. A person who desires to become a member of the 353 church, but because of physical conditions cannot be immersed, may 354 become a member on Declaration of Faith. 355 356 BY LETTER. Any person who confesses Jesus Christ as Savior and Lord 357 and is in essential agreement with our Statement of Faith and Church 358 Covenant and has been baptized by immersion, may be received by letter of 359 recommendation from another church. 360 361 BY EXPERIENCE. Any person who confesses Jesus Christ as Savior and 362 Lord and is in essential agreement with our Statement of Faith and Church 363 Covenant and has been baptized by immersion, may be received upon

statement of Christian experience.

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366 BY RESTORATION. Any person who has lost membership for any reason may be restored to membership upon recommendation of the Elders and 367 368 vote of the church. 369 370 SECTION 2. CHURCH DISCIPLINE 371 372 Church discipline is not meant to be punitive, but instructional and correctional. 16 373 The majority of discipline happens "informally" as a natural part of discipleship -374 members of Christ's body regularly teaching, rebuking, correcting, encouraging, 375 and training one another towards obedience and righteousness.¹⁷ 376 377 Until Christ returns or calls us home, we will all struggle against sin. As such, the 378 main issue considered in church discipline is not the presence of sin but the 379 absence of repentance. The gospel is that because of the death and resurrection 380 of Jesus Christ, we can and should live honestly - by the Spirit's power daily 381 confessing and repenting of sin then turning to Christ in ever-increasing 382 obedience.18 383 384 Formal church discipline - involving the church leadership - only becomes 385 necessary when "informal" discipline, such as one-on-one instruction and personal appeals, have failed to produce repentance 19 and a member persists in an obvious 386 and persistent pattern of sin in his or her life.²⁰ Sins about which an offender is 387 388 grieved and repentant when confronted do not necessitate formal discipline. 389 390 The purpose of formal church discipline is repentance and restoration of the offender, 21 promotion of holiness, 22 unity of the church body, 23 and protecting the 391 name of Christ before the watching world.²⁴ 392 393 394 Discipline should always involve the smallest circle of persons possible. Perceived 395 interpersonal offenses should always first seek resolution interpersonally without 396 soliciting the "opinion," "prayers," or involvement of others – for these puts

us at risk of dishonoring our brother or sister in Christ by gossip or slander.²⁵

After interpersonal appeals have failed, church leadership will seek to determine if the sin is outward, serious, and unrepentant.²⁶ Outward meaning that while the heart cannot be seen, outward manifestations of heart sins, such a greed or pride, must be considered for, "For out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaks."²⁷ Serious meaning that a persistent pattern of sin might be addressed differently from a one-time offense where "love covers a multitude of sins."²⁸ Similarly, serious sins might include those sins so uncharacteristic of a Christian, so indicative of a long pattern of deliberate participation, or so harmful to the well-being of a community they must be formally addressed (such as murder, sexually predatory behavior, extortion, gossip, slander, sowing discord, etc.). Unrepentant meaning the person persists in denial of wrongdoing, resists confession, minimizes the offense, makes excuses, shifts blame, becomes defensive, shuns counsel and accountability, or any other such actions.

If appeals by the church leadership go unheeded by the erring individual, this issue will be brought before the church family that they also might pray for the offender and appeal to him or her to repent.²⁹ If after a predetermined period of time the offender remains unrepentant, his or her membership will be removed by vote of the church body.³⁰ If a member under discipline requests removal of his or her membership and such request is discerned to be an attempt to avoid accountability, the request will be denied. Instead, that person will be removed by motion of the church as a person under discipline.

Removal from membership by church discipline is not punitive or retaliatory but always done, "for the destruction of the flesh, so that his spirit may be saved in the day of the Lord."³¹ The one removed from church membership is excommunicated – literally removed from participation in community's regular celebration of communion. There is a conscious and purposeful break in the offender's regular

427	participation in the social and spiritual life of the community with the hope and
428	prayer that the offender will be "grieved into repenting." 32
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431	¹⁶ Hebrews 12:5-11
432	¹⁷ 2 Timothy 3:16; cf. Psalm 141:5; Proverbs 27:6; 1 Corinthians 4:14; Colossians
433	1:28; 3:16; 2 Thessalonians 3:14-15; James 5:19-20
434	¹⁸ 1 John 1:8-2:2; James 5:16
435	¹⁹ Matthew 18:15
436	²⁰ Matthew 18:16-20; 1 Corinthians 5:1-13
437	²¹ Galatians 6:1-2; 1 Corinthians 5:5; 2 Corinthians 7:8-11
438	²² Deuteronomy 19:20; Acts 5:11; 1 Corinthians 5:6-8
439	²³ Ephesians 4:1-3
440	²⁴ Matthew 5:15-16; 2 Thessalonians 2:11-12
441	²⁵ Matthew 18:15; Proverbs 16:28; 1 Timothy 5:13
442	²⁶ these three categories are adopted from Jonathan Leeman's book, Church
443	Discipline: How the Church Protects the Name of Jesus (Wheaton, IL: Crossway,
444	2012) p.54-55.
445	27 Matthew 12:34-35 and Matthew 15:18-19
446	²⁸ 1 Peter 4:18
447	²⁹ Matthew 18:17
448	³⁰ Matthew 18:17-20; 1 Corinthians 5:4-5,11-13
449	³¹ 1 Corinthians 5:5
450	³² 2 Corinthians 7:9
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452	SECTION 3. TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP.
453 454	A person's membership may be terminated by any of the following methods:
455	BY LETTER. Any member may request and, upon the recommendation of
456	the Elders and vote of the church, shall receive either a letter of termination

or a letter of recommendation. A letter of recommendation shall be sent to the pastor or clerk of the church named in the request.

BY EXCLUSION. Should any member become an offense to the church and to its good name by reason of unchristian conduct, or by persistent breach of his covenant vows, the church may vote to terminate his membership. Only after due notice and a hearing before the Board of Elders and after faithful efforts has been made to bring about repentance and amendment should such action be taken.

BY ERASURE. The Board of Elders, in cooperation with church Clerk and Head Collector, shall prepare regularly a list of members who have for a period of six months or more failed to participate in the public worship, the educational program or the financial support of the church without valid reason. If after appropriate communication they are convinced that such persons have no interest in continued association with this church, they shall present to the church a recommendation that the names of these delinquent members be erased from the membership roll. Upon the vote of the church, said members shall thereafter cease to be members of this church.

BY DEATH.

ARTICLE VII: AMENDMENTS

This Constitution may be amended or replaced when the need for change is recognized by the Elders and/or the members of the church.

When such a need is believed to be present, the Elders may either appoint a Constitution and Bylaws workgroup or the Elders themselves may propose modification(s) in light of Scripture. A proposed Constitution change shall be communicated to the congregation in written form. Notice to approve or reject the

proposal at a business meeting must be given at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the date of said business meeting. The members will then consider the proposed amendment(s). A three-fourths (3/4) majority of the members present and qualified to vote at that meeting is required for passage of the proposed amendment(s).

495 PART II: BYLAWS

497 ARTICLE I: INTRODUCTION

Our Constitution sets forth our core beliefs, while the function of our Bylaws is to detail our system of governance. Both documents were written in order to guide our individual and corporate interaction with other members of the Body of Christ and with the world. Herein are the components of our Elder-led organizational structure, including staffing, meetings, ministries, and provision for amending these Bylaws.

506 ARTICLE II: PERSONNEL

SECTION 1: ELDERS

DUTIES. Subject to the will of the congregation and in keeping with the principles set forth in Acts 6:1-6 and 1 Peter 5:1-4, the Elders shall devote their time to prayer, the ministry of the Word through the teaching and defense of sound Biblical doctrine, and shepherding God's flock. They shall encourage, coordinate, promote, and oversee the work of the Deacons, appointed church agents, and all ministry teams in accordance with the specific local and worldwide vision and mission of Chestnut Street Baptist Church (hereinafter referred to as CSBC).

Specific responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following: conduct

worship services; administer the ordinances of baptism and communion; examine and recommend individuals for church membership; examine and/or recommend all prospective candidates for offices and positions; establish and/or redirect ministry positions or teams in accordance with the specific vision and mission of CSBC in order to assist them in fulfilling their responsibilities; confirm policy decisions and maintain a policy manual; propose new paid staff positions; take primary responsibility for the employment, supervision, and annual pre-budget evaluation of paid pastoral staff members and church administrator; in consultation with the Finance Ministry assemble a budget for presentation to the congregation at the annual church budget meeting; and oversee the process of church discipline and seek to resolve any fellowship problems within the church. One elder will be designated as the primary supervisor of the church administrator.

ELECTION AND TERM OF NON-STAFF ELDERS. All Elders shall satisfy the qualifications for the office of Elder as stated in the CSBC Constitution. The number of non-staff serving Elders shall be at least one more than the total of the staff serving Elders. The actual number of actively serving Elders shall be based upon the current need of the congregation and the availability of gifted men. No serving or non-serving Elder shall hold the office of Deacon during his tenure. An Elder who resigns as an Elder would be eligible to serve as a Deacon.

EVALUATION FOR SERVICE. At a time as set by the Elders, but no less frequently than annually, each member of the congregation will be given the opportunity to nominate any man, who is a member of the congregation, as a candidate for Elder. All nominations will be gathered and evaluated by the Board of Elders. The evaluation will include an application, interview, and background check. The evaluation will take into consideration issues of Biblical qualification, alignment with the doctrine and mission of CSBC, calling, heart, ministry involvement, availability, maturity, and the like.

Upon approval by the Board of Elders, Elder candidates will be presented to the

entire church for affirmation at a duly called church business meeting, having given at least fourteen (14) days notice of such presentation. A candidate Elder must receive at least a three-quarters (3/4) affirmative vote for approval. Those men having been affirmed by the congregation will be included in the pool of recognized Elders.

At least fourteen (14) days prior to election, the Board of Elders will present nominations to serve on the Board for the upcoming church year. Elders elected to the Board of Elders will be defined as "Serving Elders."

Elders may be elected to the Board as serving Elders no more than two consecutive three-year terms and may not be re-nominated to the Board for a period of at least one year. Elders will remain in the pool of Elders unless removed by resignation or discipline.

REMOVAL OF NON-STAFF ELDERS. An Elder's term of office may be terminated by resignation or dismissal. Any two members of the church with reason to believe that an Elder should be dismissed will express such concern to the remaining members of the Board of Elders. Any such action shall be done in accordance with the instructions of our Lord in Matthew 18:15-17 and 1 Timothy 5:17-21. A vote of a two-thirds (2/3) majority of the members present and qualified to vote shall make valid termination of said office.

SECTION 2. SENIOR PASTOR & ASSOCIATE PASTOR(S)-STAFF

572 ELDERS

SENIOR PASTOR. The Senior Pastor shall be an Elder. He shall perform the duties of and meet the qualifications for an Elder as described in the Scripture and detailed in the CSBC Constitution. The Senior Pastor shall be recognized by the church as particularly gifted and called to the full-time ministry of preaching and teaching.

The Senior Pastor's specific duties shall be defined by a full position description to be made available to the congregation and maintained on file in the church office.

The Senior Pastor shall be accountable to the Board of Elders. The Pastor shall select for himself a Pastor Accountability Team to whom he will be accountable regarding issues relating to his qualifications to serve. The members of this group may be members or non-members selected by the Senior Pastor, approved by the Elders, and reporting no less than annually to the Elders.

His call shall not be subject to the term limitation mandated for non-staff Elders.

In the absence or incapacity of the Senior Pastor, the Elders shall assume responsibility for his duties, any of which may be delegated.

CALLING A SENIOR PASTOR. When the position of Senior Pastor is vacated, the Board of Elders will take appropriate action to secure a qualified candidate to serve as Senior Pastor. The Elders shall be authorized to request from the church such finances as are necessary for the process of calling a Pastor. The Elders will recommend the candidate to the membership.

The church must be given adequate opportunity to meet and assess the preaching gifts of any potential Senior Pastor. Before being asked to express its judgment, the church must receive assurance from the Elders that, having interviewed the man concerned, they are in no doubt as to his wholehearted assent to the Statement of Faith and Church Covenant. Notice of the nomination of a man to be elected to membership and called as Senior Pastor (which shall include, if necessary, election to membership of his wife if he is married) must be given at two (2) Sunday morning services following the nomination, prior to the vote at a members' meeting. A vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the members present and qualified to vote shall be necessary to extend a call.

611 612 TERMINATION OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE CHURCH AND A 613 PASTOR. The relationship may be terminated upon sixty (60) days' notice on the 614 part of a Pastor or the church. The Board of Elders may, for cause, immediately 615 relieve a Pastor of his duties until the completion of the customary means of 616 investigation and determination. 617 618 Termination of said relationship may be voted at any business meeting of the 619 church, notice of such meeting and its purpose having been read from the pulpit 620 on two (2) successive Sundays. A vote of a two-thirds (2/3) majority of the 621 members present and qualified to vote shall make valid termination of said 622 relationship. 623 624 ASSOCIATE PASTOR(S). Additional associate pastoral staff positions may be 625 added as deemed necessary. An Associate Pastor shall be an Elder. He shall 626 perform the duties of and meet the qualifications for an Elder as described in the 627 Scripture and detailed in the CSBC Constitution. 628 629 The specific duties of an Associate Pastor shall be defined by a full position 630 description to be made available to the congregation and maintained on file in the 631 church office. 632 633 All Associate Pastors shall be accountable to the Board of Elders and the Senior 634 Pastor. 635 636 His call shall not be subject to the term limitation mandated for non-staff Elders. 637 638 One Associate Pastor may become a voting member of the Board of Elders by vote 639 of that board. 640

In the absence or incapacity of the Senior Pastor (such as sabbatical or illness), the Associate Pastor(s) shall assume the responsibility for his duties under the oversight of the Elders.

CALLING OR TERMINATION OF AN ASSOCIATE PASTOR. The calling or termination of an Associate Pastor shall happen under the direction of the Board of Elders following the processes outlined under the calling and termination of the Senior Pastor.

SECTION 3. DEACONS. Deacons are ministry directors who support the proclamation of the Word, meet physical needs, and implement specific ministries.

A Deacon oversees, supports, and coordinates the ministries in his or her designated ministry sphere. Deacons are responsible to determine and oversee programming, while the Elders are responsible for evaluation based on its appropriateness and effectiveness in furthering the overall mission of CSBC. Deacons oversee specific ministries, projects, and the volunteer leaders within their ministry areas, while Elders are overseers of the entire organization. Elders and Deacons will meet together at least quarterly for encouragement, support, and evaluation of church ministries.

Deacons are accountable to the Elders whose role is to oversee, pray for, support, and encourage these ministry directors. In cooperation with the Elders, Deacons recruit, supervise, train, review, and coordinate volunteers to work within their respective areas of responsibility. Those responsibilities include but are not limited to assisting in planning, organizing, and staffing a particular ministry sphere, initiating action, encouraging, managing outcomes, submitting annual budgets for their ministry area, and assuring adherence to approved budgets. An individual may be hired as a paid Deacon, but a paid staff person may not hold dual roles as a paid staff member and a Deacon in another ministry sphere.

672 ELECTION, TERM, AND REMOVAL. All Deacons shall satisfy the 673 qualifications for the office of Deacon as outlined in the CSBC Constitution. 674 Deacon is a gender-neutral term and as such will be used to designate both men 675 and women.

Deacons will be screened and evaluated for service as follows: at a time as set by the Elders, but no less frequently than annually, each member of the church will be given the opportunity to nominate any man or woman, who is a member of CSBC, as a candidate for Deacon. All nominations will be gathered and evaluated by the Elders or a subgroup thereof.

At least fourteen (14) days prior to their election, the Board of Elders will present nominations for Deacons to serve for the upcoming year. Annually, Deacons will be evaluated by the Elders and reaffirmed by vote of the congregation.

A Deacon's term of office may be terminated by resignation or by dismissal. Any two members of the church with reason to believe that any Deacon should be dismissed will express such concern to the Elders. Any such action shall be done in accordance with the instructions of our Lord in Matthew 18:15-17. Following this model, any of the Deacons may be dismissed by a unanimous vote of the Elders, or by a vote of a two-thirds (2/3) majority of the members present and qualified to vote at a special business meeting convened for the purpose.

SECTION 4. OFFICERS. Each member of the church will be given the opportunity to nominate any man or woman, who is a member of CSBC, as a candidate for office. Job descriptions for each of the following positions are to be compiled by the Elders and kept on file in the church office. At least fourteen (14) days prior to their election, the Board of Elders will present nominations for officers to serve for the upcoming year. Annually, officers will be evaluated by the Elders and reaffirmed by vote of the congregation.

CLERK AND ASSISTANT CLERK. The Clerk and an Assistant Clerk shall be elected by the membership. The duty of the Clerk is to maintain a complete record of the transactions of all church business meetings. The minutes shall be submitted for approval at the following meeting. A record of the names and addresses of members, with dates and manner of admission and dismissal shall be kept by the Clerk, as well as a record of baptisms, and a list of those suspended or erased from membership. The Clerk shall remove a deceased person's name from the membership list prior to the next quarterly business meeting. The Clerk shall issue letters of dismissal and recommendation voted by the Church, preserve on file all communications and written reports, and unless otherwise delegated, give notice of all business meetings where such is required by our Constitution. The Clerk shall deliver immediately to his/her successor all books and records pertaining to this office. If the Clerk is unable to perform his/her duties, then they shall devolve upon the Assistant Clerk.

TREASURER AND ASSISTANT TREASURER. The Deacon of Finance will serve in the dual capacity of Treasurer. The membership will elect the Deacon of Finance/Treasurer and an Assistant Treasurer. The Treasurer will be authorized to hire a part-time bookkeeper. The Treasurer (or Assistant Treasurer, in the absence of the Treasurer) will supervise and annually evaluate the bookkeeper. All income reported by the Head Collector will be recorded. Disbursements shall be made by checks drawn in the name of the church. Accounts shall be kept for all funds raised or contributed for particular purposes, and no funds shall be disbursed except for the purpose for which they were raised or contributed. Funds shall be disbursed for the reduction of church indebtedness only on the order of the Finance Ministry. Ultimate responsibility for all the above lies with the Treasurer, who will, at his or her discretion, delegate specific tasks to the bookkeeper, who will be responsible for the day-to-day accounting tasks.

HEAD COLLECTOR. The Head Collector shall be elected by the membership. It shall be the Head Collector's duty to serve as a Collector, to keep records of all contributions made, and to train the Collectors. The Head Collector shall present a report to the Treasurer weekly. The Head Collector shall be accountable to the Finance Ministry.

COLLECTORS AND RESERVE COLLECTORS. In addition to the Head Collector there shall be at least three, and not more than five Collectors elected by the membership. There shall be no less than two individuals present whenever monies are being handled. The Collectors shall be accountable to the Finance Ministry and shall handle all offerings and donations in accordance with the procedures established by the Finance Ministry. The Collectors shall render a detailed report to the Head Collector every week along with the receipt for the deposit. Any former Collector may serve as a Reserve Collector, available to be called upon whenever there is a shortage of Collectors due to unavailability.

FINANCIAL REVIEWER. There shall be a Financial Reviewer selected by the church membership. It shall be the duty of the Financial Reviewer to review all of the Bookkeeper's church records and the Deacon's Fund records at the close of the year and other times if required. The purpose of this review is to ensure the financial activities of the church are accurately reflected in the financial reports presented to the congregation with no material misstatements.

MODERATOR AND ASSISTANT MODERATOR. The primary responsibility for the position of Moderator is to preside at all church business meetings and ensure the orderly presentation of reports, communiqués, regular business, and special business as previously posted. The Moderator (or in his/her absence the Assistant Moderator) shall, in conjunction with the church Clerk, determine if a quorum has been met. The Moderator is charged with administering and following rules of order that have been previously agreed upon in consultation with the Board of Elders.

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765	The Moderator and Assistant Moderator shall be nominated and presented to the
766	church membership for confirmation at the annual church business meeting.
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768	In the absence of the Moderator, the Assistant Moderator will fulfill the
769	Moderator's responsibilities.
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771	ARTICLE III: FINANCIAL AUTHORITY
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773	It will be the responsibility of the Finance Ministry to oversee the financial aspects
774	of the church.
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776	The Finance Ministry shall be composed of the following: A Deacon assigned to
777	and responsible for this ministry, who will serve in the dual capacity of Treasurer
778	the Assistant Treasurer, and the Head Collector. In addition, this ministry will also
779	include at least two, but not more than three members-at-large, elected by the
780	congregation upon presentation and recommendation of the Elders.
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782	The Finance Ministry will manage the congregationally approved budget, manage
783	all church funds and investments, review all unexpected and/or unusual expenses
784	recommended by the church membership, and strive to insure the continued
785	financial solvency of the church. Spending by any ministry may not exceed the
786	authorized budget without prior approval of the Finance Ministry, and by a vote of
787	the church membership.
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789	The Finance Ministry shall report quarterly to the church membership and shall
790	report no less frequently than monthly to the Elders.
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792	ARTICLE IV: ORGANIZATION OF MINISTRIES
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The ministry of CSBC will be divided into five spheres. There will be at least one Deacon for each sphere of ministry; however, the total number of Deacons in each ministry sphere shall be determined by the current need of the ministry and the availability of gifted persons.

Deacons will coordinate the ministries and volunteer leaders within their ministry sphere. Volunteer leaders are not subject to term limits but are subject to periodic review by the supervising Deacon in consultation with the Elders. Every individual ministry, event, or activity will fall within one of the five spheres of ministry, approved, and coordinated by the Deacon(s) in that sphere, and be subject to evaluation by the Elders, or fall directly within the purview of the Elders, to ensure fidelity to the overall mission of CSBC. The five spheres of ministry are:

STEWARDSHIP. This sphere of ministry oversees all aspects of the stewardship of our facilities, property, and monetary holdings. Examples include but are not limited to oversight and administration of our financial authority, use, and the maintenance of our facilities and property. The deacon who oversees our facilities will supervise and annually evaluate custodial staff.

WORSHIP GATHERINGS. This sphere of ministry oversees all aspects of our corporate worship. Examples include but are not limited to audio/visual, aesthetics, ushers, greeters, communion preparation, and music oversight.

SPIRITUAL GROWTH. This sphere of ministry oversees all aspects of Christian growth and discipleship. Examples include but are not limited to Christian education classes and events, oversight of the church library, growth opportunities for adults, teens, and children, our Church Protection Policy (CPP), and oversight of childcare.

COMMUNITY. This sphere of ministry oversees all aspects of our corporate life. Examples include but are not limited to benevolence, visitation, hospitality/meals,

community building events and activities, and Home Groups. A select group of Deacons shall receive, hold, and disburse a fund for benevolence, reporting on its use to the Elders at their request.

OUTREACH. This sphere of ministry oversees all aspects of our church's outreach. Examples include but are not limited to local outreach activities, short-term missions' opportunities, and the oversight of our missionaries, both home and abroad.

Individual ministry teams within each of these five ministry spheres will meet as needed to review their activities and to plan/organize their efforts. The Deacon(s) responsible for a ministry sphere may on occasion call together all the ministries within that sphere for coordination, planning, or training.

ARTICLE V: MEETINGS/QUORUMS

SECTION 1. The church shall plan to meet regularly on the Lord's Day for public worship and for the study and teaching of the Bible. The ordinance of the Lord's Supper shall be observed no less than monthly.

SECTION 2. The Annual Meeting of the church for the presentation of written annual reports of officers and the transaction of any other business shall occur in March each year.

Additional business meetings of the church shall be held in June, September, and December. Due to inclement weather or other unforeseen developments, business meetings may be postponed for a short period of time. The annual church budget shall be voted upon at the business meeting prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. The agenda for all business meetings will be posted at least seven (7) days in advance.

SECTION 3. Special meetings may be called by the Pastor, Chairman of the Board of Elders, Clerk, or any five (5) members of the church who shall present their request in writing to the Clerk. Notice of such meeting and the object for which it is called shall be posted in a conspicuous place seven (7) days in advance of the date of the meeting. At any of the regular meetings of worship, however, the church may, without notice, act upon the reception or dismissal of members or upon the recommendation of members to other churches. Business at these meetings shall be limited to the announced agenda.

SECTION 4. A two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of the members present and qualified to vote at a duly called business meeting are required to approve any significant financial transaction of the church. A significant financial transaction is defined as one that involves the real property of the church (land and buildings) and would typically include, but is not limited to, mortgaging activity, new debt, acquisition of new real property, disposal of existing real property or any agreement that otherwise legally commits or binds upon real property of the church.

SECTION 5. All Church members who are at least eighteen (18) years of age shall be eligible to vote at all business meetings of the church.

SECTION 6. Twenty-five percent (25%) of the church membership shall constitute a quorum at all business meetings.

ARTICLE VI:

ARBITRATION, INDEMNIFICATION, & DISSOLUTION

BINDING ARBITRATION. In compliance with the Biblical command that Christians should make every effort to live at peace and to resolve disputes with each other in private or within the church (Matthew 18:15-20; 1 Corinthians 6:1-8), any claim or dispute arising between persons who were members of the fellowship

when the claim or dispute arose shall be settled by biblically based mediation and, if necessary, legally binding arbitration in accordance with the rules found in the CSBC policy manual.

INDEMNIFICATION. If a legal claim or criminal allegation is made against a person because he or she is or was an officer, employee, or agent of the church, the church shall provide indemnification against liability and costs incurred in defending against the claim provided the Elders determine that the person acted in good faith, with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a similar position would exercise under similar circumstances, and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in the best interest of the church, and the person had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

DISSOLUTION CLAUSE. Upon the dissolution of the church, the corporate officers shall, after paying or making provision for payment of all liabilities of the church, and in accordance with Maine state laws, dispose of any remaining assets by apportionment to those individuals or ministries in service for the Lord which, at the time of dissolution, are supported by the church.

ARTICLE VII: TAX EXEMPT PROVISIONS

PRIVATE INUREMENT. No part of the net earnings of the church shall inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its members, officers or other private persons. The church shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for the services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in church budget and business meetings.

POLITICAL INVOLVEMENT. In accordance with the current laws governing 501(c)(3) corporations, the Pastor may at his discretion: preach sermons which advocate the application of biblical morality to legislative issues, may authorize

announcements regarding legislative issues, may permit voter registration, and may permit the distribution of non-partisan voter guides.

That said, no substantial part of the activities of the church shall be for the purpose of influencing legislation, nor shall the church participate in any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office.

ARTICLE VIII: AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

The Bylaws may be amended or replaced when the Elders and/or the members of the church recognize the need for change. When such a need is believed to be present, the Elders may appoint a Bylaws Workgroup or the Elders themselves may propose modification(s). A proposed bylaw change shall be communicated to the congregation in written form. Notice to approve or reject the proposal at a business meeting must be given at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the date of said business meeting. A two-thirds (2/3) majority of the members present, and voting is required for passage of the proposed amendment(s).

ARTICLE IX: TRANSITION

Upon acceptance of this Constitution and Bylaws there will be a period of transition anticipated to require several months. The current Deacons will help establish the initial board of serving Elders by collecting nominations from the congregation, screening nominees, and presenting Elders to be affirmed by the congregation as defined by these new Bylaws. Once the serving Elders have been established, the current Board of Deacons will disband and the Board of Elders will lead the transition by defining ministry needs, collecting nominations, screening persons for each Deacon position, and helping the congregation decide the unknowns.

947 All existing boards and committees will continue to operate until their replacement, assumption, or absorption is effected as defined by these new Bylaws and under 948 949 the direction of the Board of Elders. It is the intention during this transition period 950 to evaluate each existing ministry of the church and include it under one of the 951 defined spheres of ministry. 952 953 Throughout this transition period the leadership will communicate regularly with 954 the church membership on the progress of the transition and respond to questions 955 and concerns, either through the regular quarterly business meetings or special 956 business meetings. 957 958 959 Date of Adoption: 960 November 21, 2010 961 962 Statement of Faith [Article II] Amended September 25, 2013 963 964 Part I: [Section 1 and Section 5 - Head Collector]; [Section 6 - Collectors]; Part II: 965 Bylaws - Article II: Personnel [Head Collector, Collectors and Reserve Collectors]; 966 Article III: Financial Authority - Amended December 16, 2015 967 968 Constitution, Article V, Section 4; Bylaws, Article II, Section 4 (Officers), paragraph 969 one; Bylaws, Article III: Financial Authority, paragraph two — revised March 19, 970 2019 971 972 Bylaws Amended September 24, 2020 – Stating the unrivaled authority of Scripture 973 Constitution, Article II: Statement of Faith, Bible; 2. Improved language 974 Constitution, Article III: Church Covenant; 3. Improved language Constitution, 975 Article IV: Governance; 4. Improved language Constitution, Article V: Section 3: 976 Clerk; 5. Improved language Constitution, Article VI: Membership, Section 3: 977 Church Discipline; 6. Deceased members Constitution, Article VI: Membership,

978 Section 4: Termination of Membership; Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, Section 4: 979 Clerk and Assistant Clerk; 7. Members no longer attending Constitution, Article VI: 980 Membership, Section 4: Termination of Membership; 8. Consistent terminology for 981 head collector Constitution, Article VI: Membership, Section 4: Termination of 982 Membership; Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, Section 4: Treasurer and Assistant 983 Treasurer; Bylaws, Article III: Financial Authority; 9. Supervision of church staff 984 Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, Section 1: Elders, Duties; Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, 985 Section 4: Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer; Bylaws, Article IV: Organization of 986 Ministries, Stewardship; 10. Serving and non-serving elders Bylaws, Article II: 987 Personnel, Section 1: Elders, Election and Term of Non-Staff Elders; Bylaws, Article 988 II: Personnel, Section 1: Elders, Evaluation for Service; 11. Notice of Nominations 989 Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, Section 1: Elders, Evaluation for Service; Bylaws, 990 Article II: Personnel, Section 1: Elders, Evaluation for Service; Bylaws, Article II: 991 Personnel, Section 4: Officers; 12. Staff and deacons Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, 992 Section 3: Deacons; 13. Business notices Bylaws, Article II: Personnel, Section 4: 993 Clerk and Assistant Clerk; 14. Elder oversight Bylaws, Article IV: Organization of 994 Ministries; 15. Postponement of business meeting Bylaws, Article V: 995 Meetings/Quorums - See Business Meeting Minutes for specific changes 996 997 Article III - Church Covenant; Article VI: Membership Section 2; Article VI: Membership Section 3 Church Discipline. - Amended December 15, 2020. 998 999 1000 Constitution Article V - Officers, Section 1 and 7 and By-laws Article II: Personnel, 1001 Section 4. Officers – Changed "Auditor" to "Financial Reviewer" and updated 1002 Financial Reviewer duties. Amended June 17, 2021 1003 1004 Article V. Meetings/Quorums; Section 2, Paragraph 2, Lines 851-853. Revised 1005 December 16, 2021.