

PCI Biotech



Improving manufacturing productivity to make AAV gene therapy more accessible

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Agenda

- **PCI Biotech in brief**
- **Challenge**
- **Solution**
- **Market**
- **Business model & Go-to-market**
- **Landscape**
- **Roadmap**



PCI Biotech (OSE:PCIB)

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Leveraging the photochemical technology platform within bioprocessing, immunotherapy, and nucleic acid therapeutics



Bioprocessing (PCL)

Feasibility

Prototype

Commercial

Viral vector manufacturing



Drug delivery (PCI)

Preclinical

Phase 1

Phase 2

Intratumoural immunotherapy



Dermatology



PCI Biotech management team



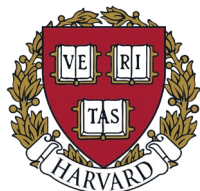
Ronny Skuggedal, CEO and CFO

- Chief Executive Officer since June 2022
- Chief Financial Officer since 2013
- State Authorised Public Accountant Norway
- 12 years' experience from auditing and advisory services, PwC



Morten Luhr, PhD, CSO

- Chief Scientific Officer since 2025 (Business Development Manager 2021-2024)
- Previously Senior Scientist in Thermo Fisher Scientific, developing bioprocessing technologies



PCI Biotech board of directors



Hans Peter Bøhn, MD, Chair

- Chairman since 2016
- 12 years' experience from various management positions with Nycomed Imaging
- Other experience includes being a financial analyst, covering life science companies



Hilde Furberg, Director

- 35+ years international experience from sales, marketing, strategy and management in pharma and biotech industry
- Most recently European Head of Rare Diseases for Sanofi Genzyme
- Board member of Bio-Me, Sedana Medical, Herantis, and Pluvia Biotech

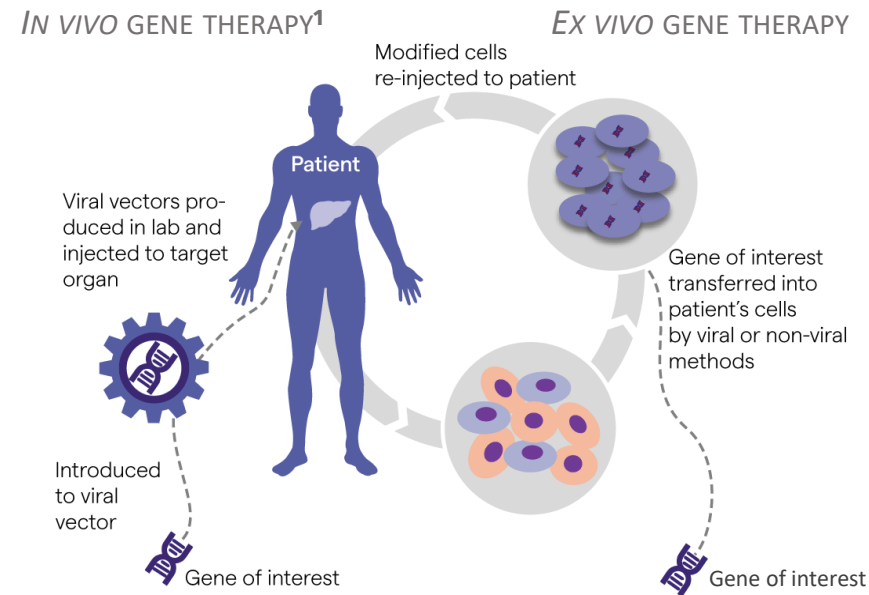


Lars Viksmoen, MD, Director

- 25+ years international experience from pharma, biotech and medtech industry
- Worked 10 years as a surgeon prior to his executive career
- Previous experience includes Merck & Co. Inc. and GN ReSound

Gene therapy

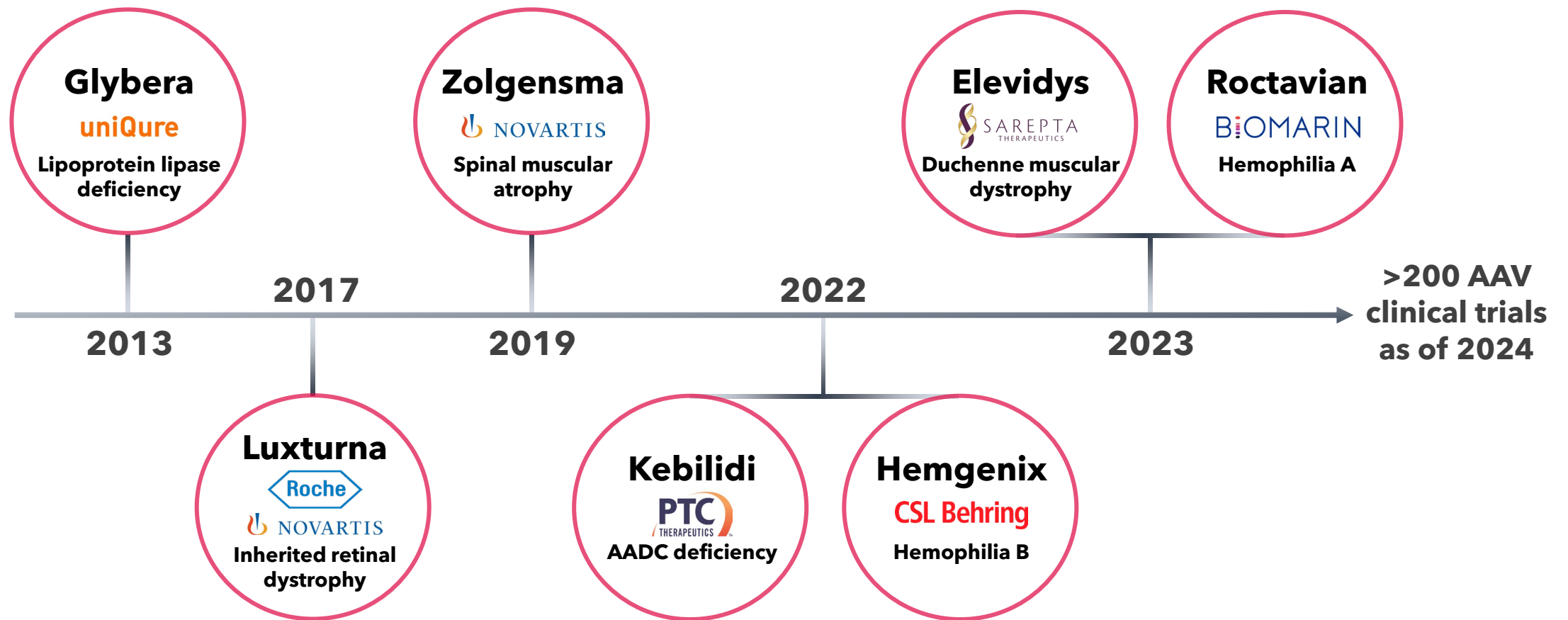
Advanced medicinal products with groundbreaking potential



- ▶ Genetic disorders are caused by DNA mutations that may lead to severe disease
- ▶ Gene therapies are potentially life-saving treatments for genetic disorders in a single dose²⁻³
- ▶ *In vivo* gene therapies utilise viruses ("viral vectors") to deliver genetic medicines
- ▶ **Improved manufacturing is needed to make gene therapies more available**

1. Figure adopted from Lonza
2. Mendell *et al.* 2017, NEJM
3. Mendell *et al.* 2021, JAMA Neurology

Approved AAV (*in vivo*) gene therapies¹



1. Adopted from Wang *et al.* 2024, Signal Transduct Target Ther

Approved AAV (*in vivo*) gene therapies

Zolgensma (spinal muscular atrophy)



1

Luxturna (inherited retinal dystrophy)



2

Cause

Mutation in the SMN1 gene

Mutation in the RPE65 gene

Symptoms

Severe motor disability, patients with SMA type 1 have life expectancy of <2 years unless on breathing support

Severe vision loss from young age, most become blind by age 20

Treatment effect

Improves motor abilities, prolongs survival

Luxturna improves vision

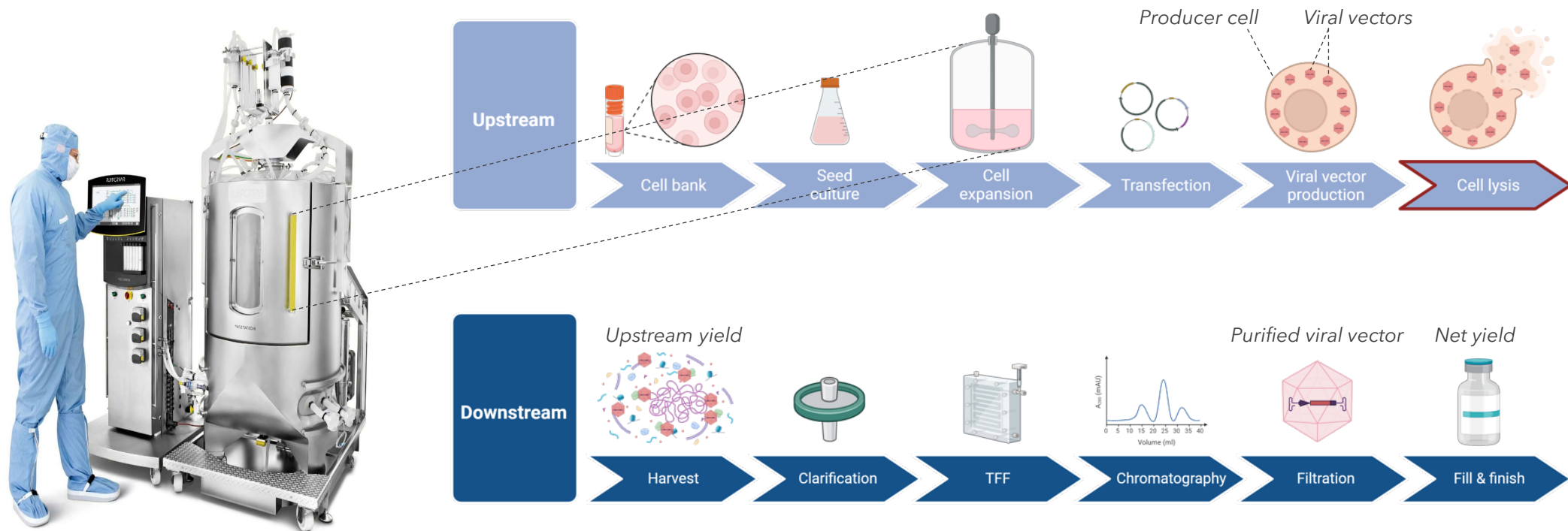
Patient population

Small (rare disease)

Small (rare disease)

More efficient manufacturing is needed to make AAV gene therapies available to larger patient populations

AAV manufacturing: resource-demanding and inefficient



Manufacturing challenges for viral vectors include **host-cell impurities** and **low viral vector yield** from cell lysis, and up to **>70% loss of AAV material** in downstream

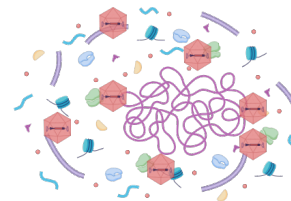
Voice of customer: What are “Midstream” pain points in AAV manufacturing?

- ▶ We interviewed Pharma, CDMOs, and technology providers to understand pain points in AAV manufacturing
- ▶ The focus was on “Midstream”, as we consider this an overlooked area for innovation

Here are our key findings:



Ineffective cell lysis is a cause of low USP yield



Host-cell impurities contribute to poor DSP recovery



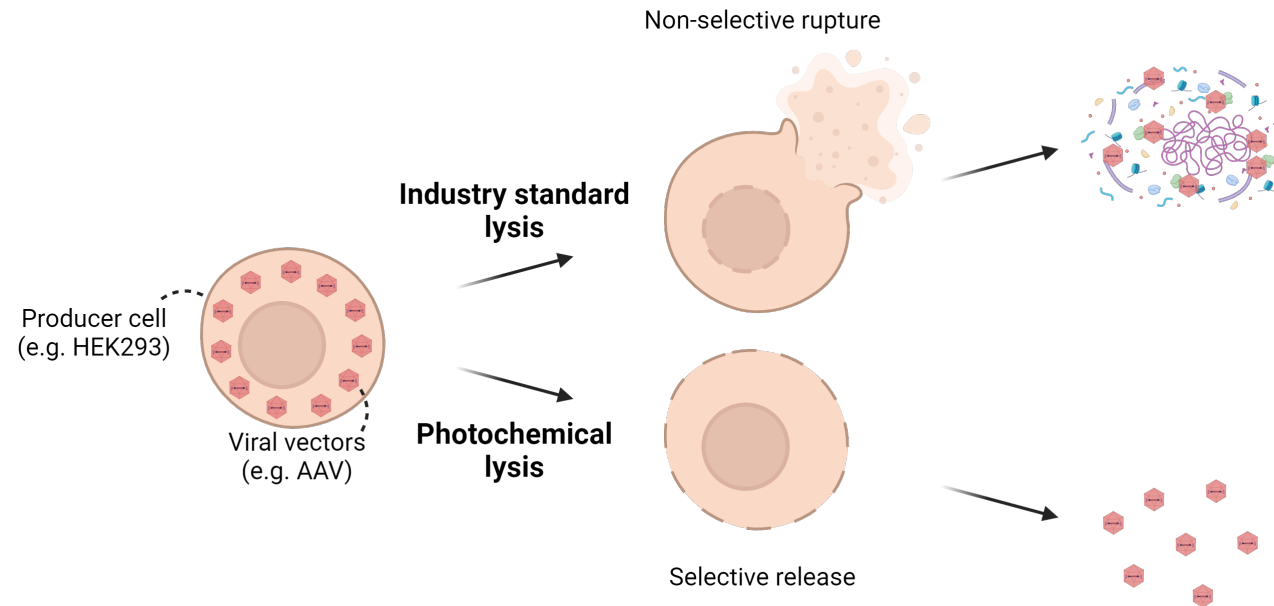
DNase for host-cell DNA removal is expensive

Severity

Takehome message:

- All agree that increased batch yields and reduction in host-cell impurities is positive
- New technologies should enable 10-50% batch yield improvements to be attractive
- New reagents must be GMP quality, be removed in DSP, have a QC assay, and not reduce AAV potency

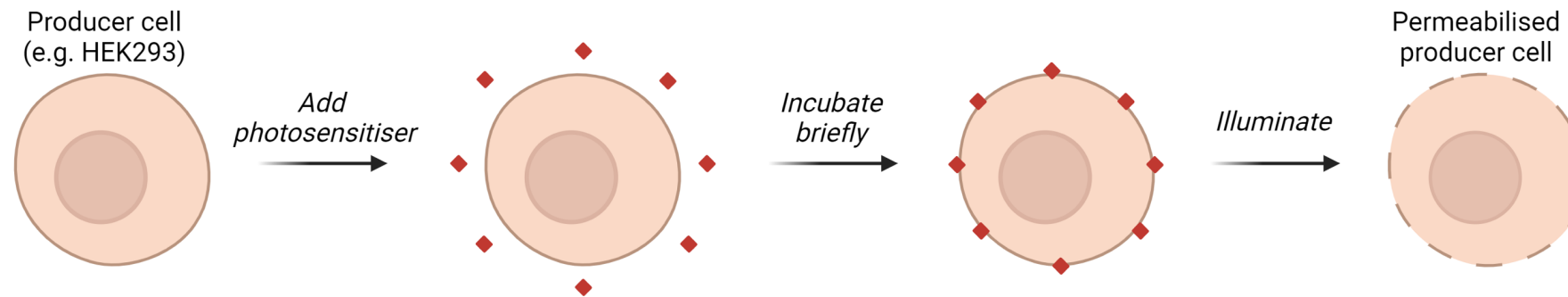
Photochemical lysis (PCL) - next generation viral vector extraction (lysis)



PCL **selectively and potently releases viral vectors from producer cells** with reduced host-cell impurities compared with the industry standard

This novel technology, developed by PCI Biotech, has the potential to **increase AAV batch yields**, thereby **improving manufacturing** productivity

Mechanism of action



PCL procedure*

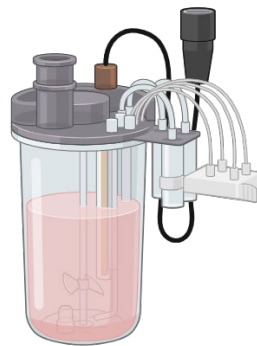
1. The amphiphilic photosensitiser is added to the cell culture (e.g. HEK293 suspension cells at the end of AAV production)
2. Following a brief incubation, the photosensitiser is localised to the plasma membrane
3. Upon illumination, a photochemical reaction is triggered, which disrupts the plasma membrane

When performed at the end of AAV production, PCL can be utilised to potentially release AAV from producer cells

*PCI Biotech has a broad patent pending for use of PCL in viral vector manufacturing

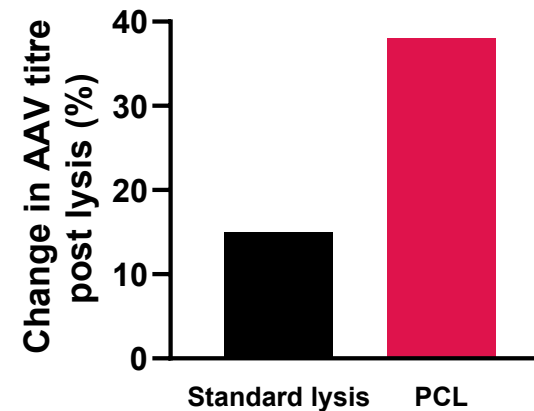
R&D milestones: outperforming industry standard on upstream yield and host-cell impurities

AAV production vessel

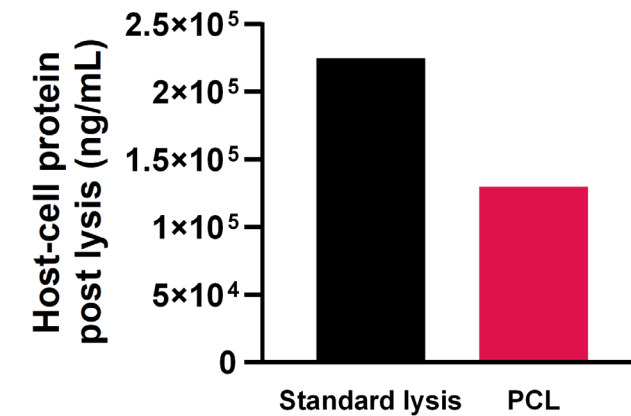


Mini benchtop bioreactor

Upstream yield



Upstream impurities



Run details: AAV was produced in mini benchtop bioreactor, followed by AAV extraction by industry standard lysis or PCL. The best PCL condition outperformed industry standard on both upstream AAV yield and host-cell impurities, exemplified by host-cell protein.

Based on these results, PCL is considered compatible with mini benchtop bioreactor, which are representative of large-scale (commercial) manufacturing

External feedback

“

PCL could be a
market disruptive
technology



*Senior executive in an
international bioprocessing group*

“

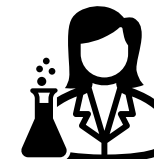
PCL is very exciting
and unique



*Leading bioprocess technology
and service provider*

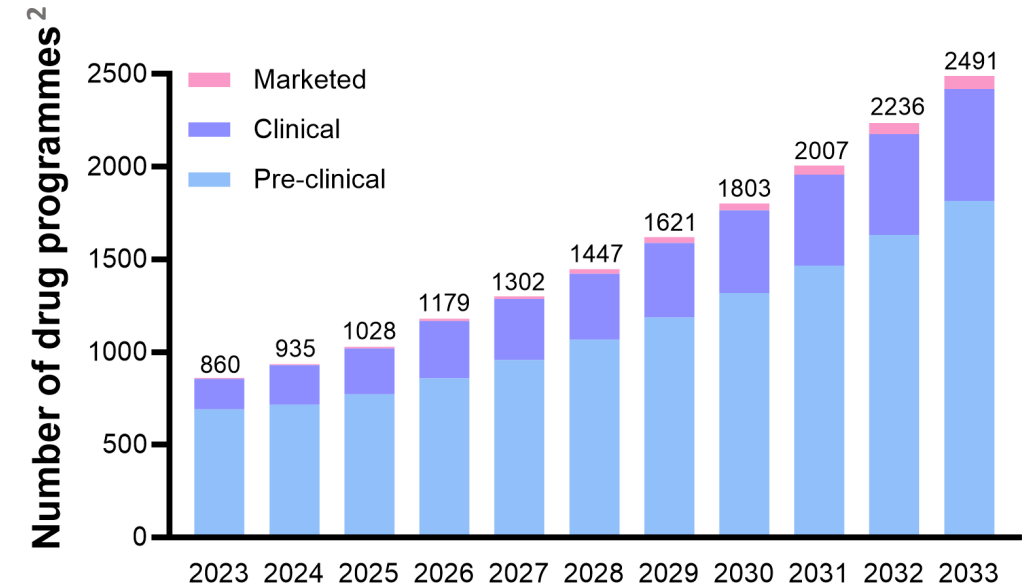
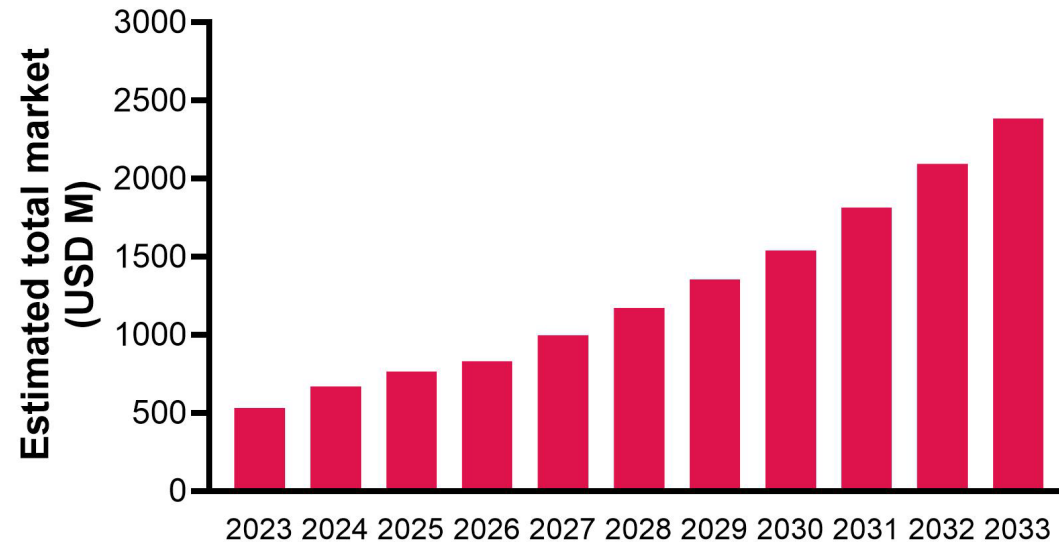
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PCL is a good
substitute for industry
standard lysis



PCL field tester

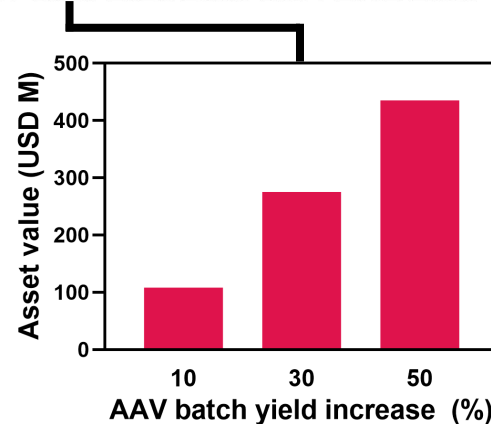
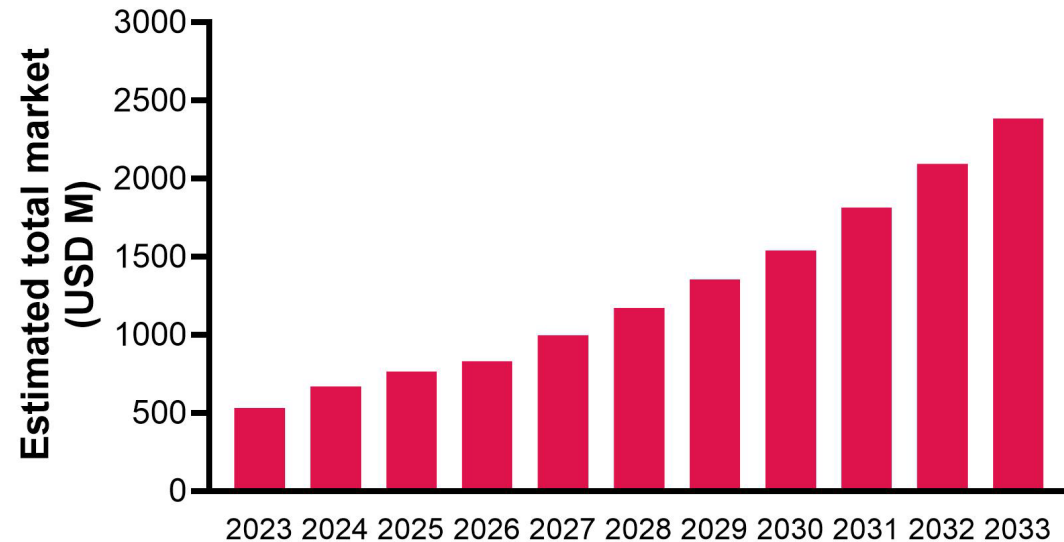
AAV manufacturing market¹



The manufacturing market is driven by development and success of AAV therapies

1. External market assessment
2. Source: GlobalData

Asset value potential¹



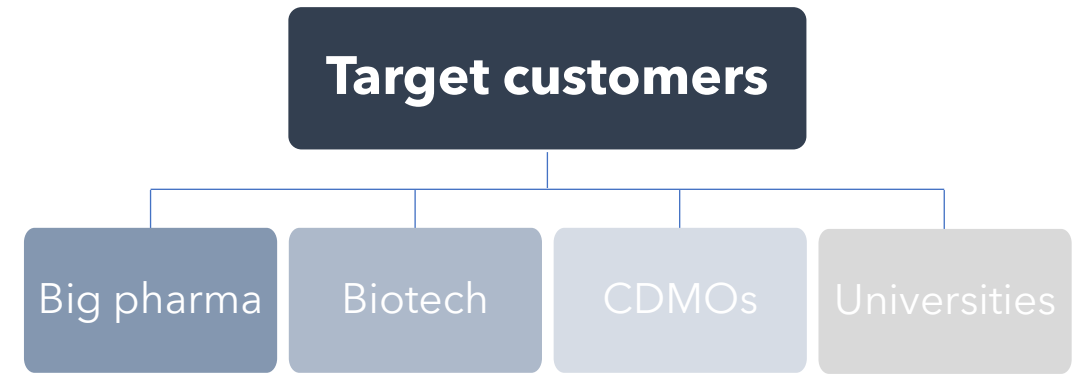
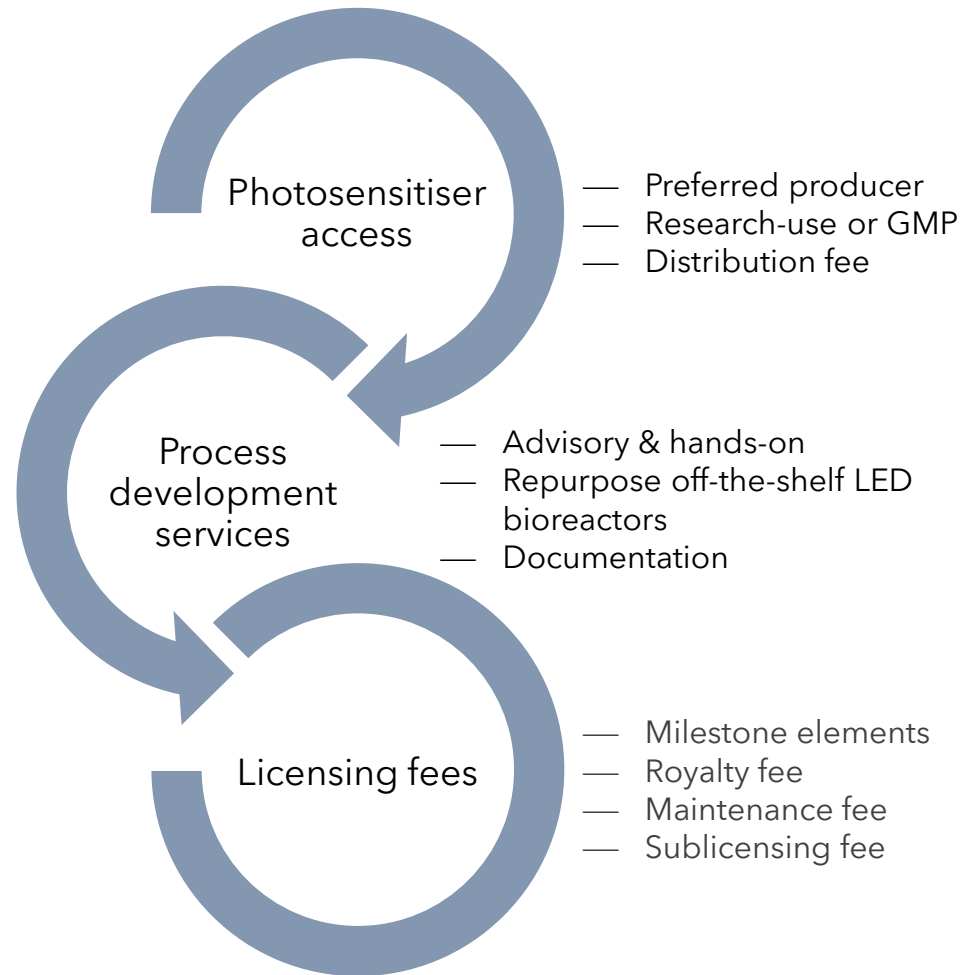
PCL may increase AAV batch yield

This improves manufacturing productivity, a highly sought-after feature

Improvement in batch yield's impact on PCL asset value is exemplified for 2028

1. External market assessment

Business model Go-to-market



Key geographies are USA and Europe

Competitive landscape

► PCL may improve both upstream and downstream processing

Upstream processing

MERCK = Millipore Sigma

BASF
We create chemistry

PanReac
AppliChem
ITW Reagents

CRODA
Pharma

ArcticZymes
Technologies

Downstream processing

ThermoFisher
SCIENTIFIC

SARTORIUS

cytiva Millipore Sigma

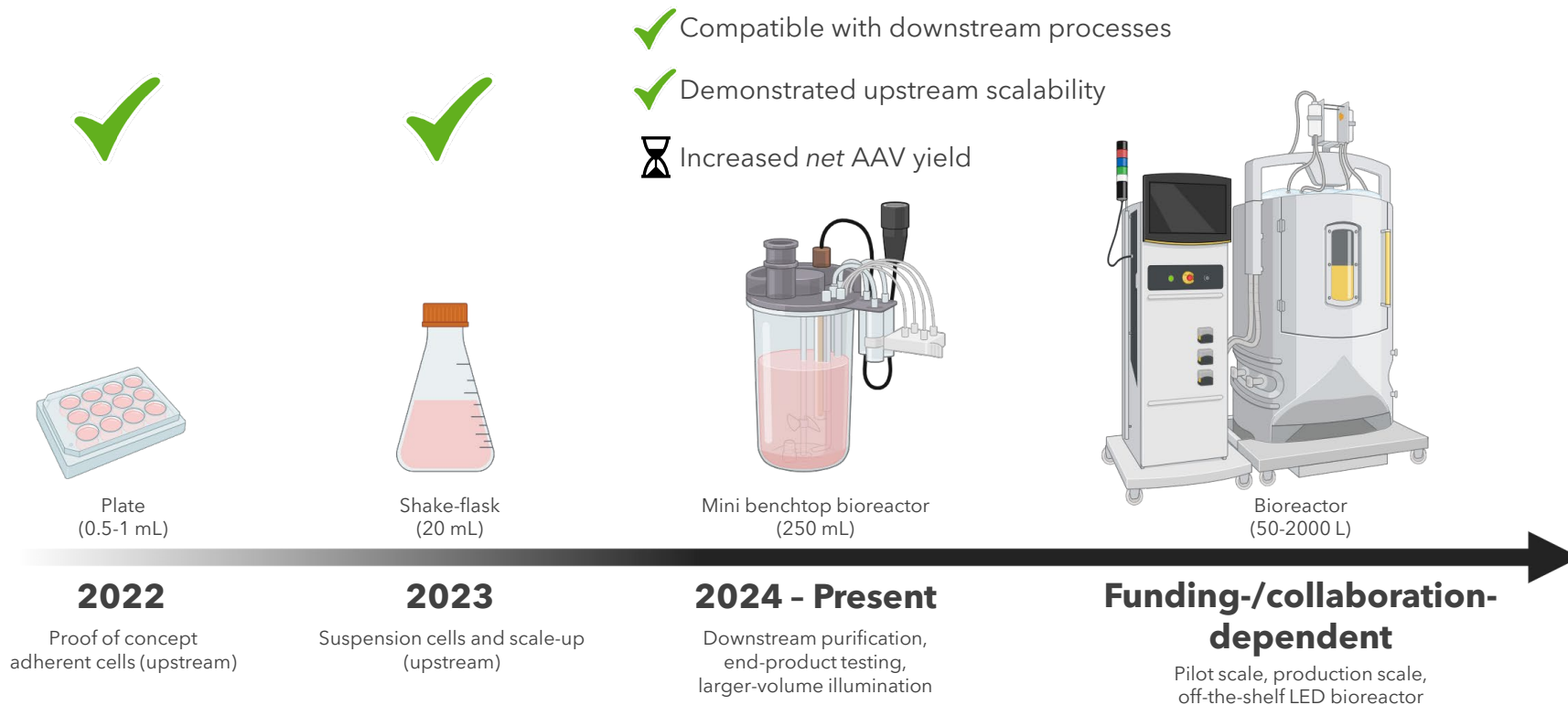
With no equivalent from competitors, PCL is positioned as a potentially disruptive technology

Roadmap: Accelerating the path to commercial manufacturing

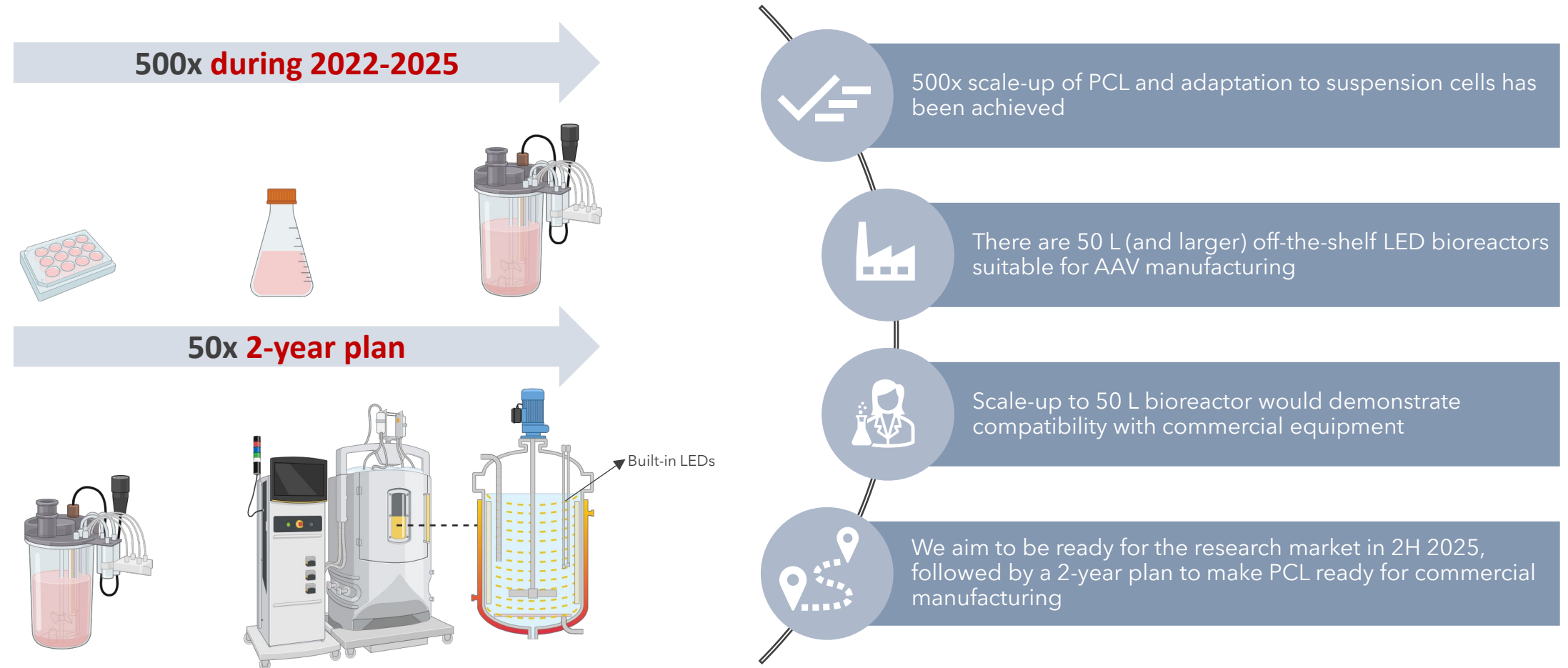
Feasibility

Prototype & Research-Use

Clinical & Commercial



Roadmap: Accelerating the path to commercial manufacturing



Investment Highlights

Compelling market

AAV gene therapy is a rapidly growing market in need of novel technologies

Disruptive technology

PCL shall increase productivity in AAV manufacturing, a highly sought-after feature

Compelling data

PCL has shown manufacturing benefits in AAV production and been scaled to small bioreactor, representative of large-scale manufacturing

Early market entry

PCL can be ready for the R&D market in <1 year and commercial AAV manufacturing in approximately 2 years

Lean organisation

A small organisation enables cost-effective and agile development

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Enabling
advanced
therapies