Please visit methods and tools, and advanced principles of scientific integrity and collaboration. Today, government, corporate, and nonprofit clients around the world are using survey data from NORC at the University of Chicago to understand the impact of COVID-19 on economic security, and social dynamics in the United States. The COVID Impact Survey is funded by the Data Foundation.

### National Survey

Respondents are offered a small monetary incentive for completing the survey. The questionnaire is available at:

- [Link](#)

The survey was conducted from May 30 to June 8, 2020. The sample includes 288,000 members of the NORC/LSAC Panelist Network. Of these, 203,455 were eligible for the survey and 121,455 were invited. A total of 77,415 completed the survey, a response rate of 64.0%. The margin of sampling error (incl. design effect) is ±5% at the national level.

### Survey Methods

Panelists were randomly selected from the NORC/LSAC Panelist Network to be invited to participate in the COVID Impact Survey. The sample included people in different social and economic environments, including rural, suburban, and urban areas, and from various income groups.

### Sample Characteristics

- **Gender**: Male or female
- **Race/Ethnicity**: White, non-Hispanic, Black, non-Hispanic, Hispanic, Asian, Other
- **Age**: 18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-64, 65+
- **Education**: 4 categories
- **Income**: $0 to $9,999, $10,000 to $19,999, $20,000 to $29,999, $30,000 to $39,999, $40,000 to $49,999, $50,000 to $74,999, $75,000 to under $150,000
- **Employment Status**: Employed, Unemployed, Retired, Student, Not in the labor force
- **Health Insurance**: Employer-sponsored,Medicare, Medicaid, Other health insurance or health coverage plan
- **Food Concerns**: We worried our food would run out before we got money to buy it, We worried we would not be able to pay for it right now
- **Other Financial Concerns**: Assistance from a union or other association, Help me make ends meet
- **Work Concerns**: I was unemployed and looking for work starting after March 1, 2020 when COVID-19 began spreading in the United States, I would not be able to work or lose my job after March 1, 2020 when COVID-19 began spreading in the United States
- **COVID-19 Diagnosis**: I have had COVID-19

### Survey Questions

1. **COVID-19 Testing**: Have you tested for COVID-19 in the past 30 days? (Yes/No)
2. **Symptoms**: Do you think your symptoms were caused by COVID-19? (Yes/No)
3. **Preventive Measures**: What prevention measures did you take to avoid spreading COVID-19? (Select all that apply)
   - Sneezing
   - Wiped packages entering my home
   - Kept six feet distance from those outside my household
   - Avoided public or crowded places
   - Studied from home
   - Canceled outside housekeepers or caregivers
   - Avoided using public transportation
   - Avoided using public or crowded places
   - Avoided visiting other households
   - Avoided going to a store
   - Avoided using a computer
   - Avoided going to a workplace
   - Avoided using a phone
   - Avoided using a television
   - Avoided using a computer
   - Avoided using a tablet
   - Avoided using a smartphone
   - Avoided using a car
   - Avoided using a bus
   - Avoided using a train
   - Avoided using a plane
   - Avoided using a bike
   - Avoided using a motorcycle
   - Avoided using a bicycle
   - Avoided using a walking
   - Avoided using a running

### Additional Notes

- The survey included a question about the impact of COVID-19 on economic security, and social dynamics in the United States.
- NORC at the University of Chicago conducted the survey from May 30 to June 8, 2020.
- The survey was completed by 77,415 panelists, with a response rate of 64.0%.
- The margin of sampling error (incl. design effect) is ±5% at the national level.

### Additional Resources

- [Survey Questionnaire](#)
- [Survey Methods](#)
- [Sample Characteristics](#)