

This toolbox is designed to help address worry and stress in the middle of COVID-19. You will learn more about stress and its effects on our bodies, brains, and feelings. You will also find activities and exercises to help reduce stress.

What is Stress?

Stress is our brain and body's way of responding to change. Reactions are physical, mental, and emotional. When we are stressed, our bodies make chemicals (called hormones) that tell us to fight, run away, or freeze.

When these hormones are released in the body, many things happen. Our heart beats faster and the amount of sugar in our blood increases so we can have the energy to run if we need to. Our pupils dilate (get larger) so we can see better. Our immune system (which helps us fight germs) also gets turned off so our body can use all its energy to fight, freeze, or run away.

If our body does this all the time, it will eventually get tired.







Is Stress Bad?

All stress is not bad. Sometimes we need stress to help us escape dangerous situations. A small amount of stress helps us be productive and get things done. There is no "right" amount of stress because it varies from person to person.



When stress stops you from doing the things you enjoy and begins to affect your mind, body, and emotions, it is a problem. Too much stress for too long is not good for our bodies and is bad for our health. Some common stress signs are:

- Worrying a lot
- Headaches and body aches
- Upset stomach
- Fast heart beat
- Feeling sad all the time
- Feeling angry all the time
- Trouble focusing
- Loss of sleep







What Can I Do about Stress?

It is natural to feel stressed. If this stress is affecting your mind, body, or emotions, it may be time to find ways to decrease it. Remember, too much stress for too long, is bad for your health.

The way we choose to manage stress is called coping. Coping can be positive or negative. Some examples of coping include:

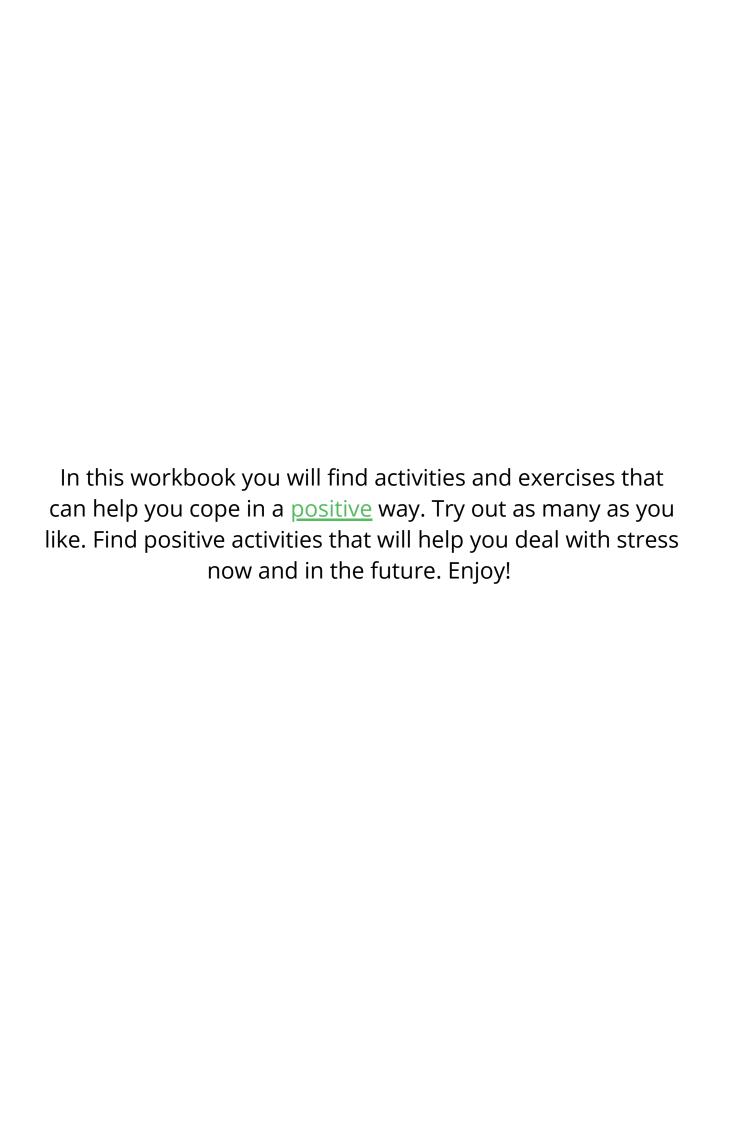
Positive

Reading a book
Creating artwork
Taking deep breaths
Playing a game
Going outside
Stretching
Watching a funny video
Playing with a pet
Talking to a friend

Negative

Eating too much/too little
Yelling at others
Doing drugs
Drinking alcohol
Biting your nails
Spending too much time alone
Hurting yourself
Hurting someone else
Sleeping too much





Activity & Coping Menu



Create

Paint a picture Color a picture Draw or doodle Take Photos



Self Care

Take a shower/bath
Smell a candle
Take a nap
Listen to music



Move

Go for a walk/run Ride your bike Go for a swim Dance



Watch

A favorite movie
A favorite TV show
YouTube Series
Educational video



Cook

Bake cookies Learn a new recipe Help cook dinner A healthy snack



Kindness

Help with a chore
Make someone a gift
Offer help
Compliment yourself



Clean

Your room
Your closet
The living room
Wash Clothes



Something New

Watch a new movie
Try new music
Learn a new skill
Learn a new dance



Socialize

Call a family member Video chat a friend Go to a local park Talk to a parent

Coping Skills Checklist

Check off the ones you do now. Circle the ones you want to try. Cross off the ones that don't work.

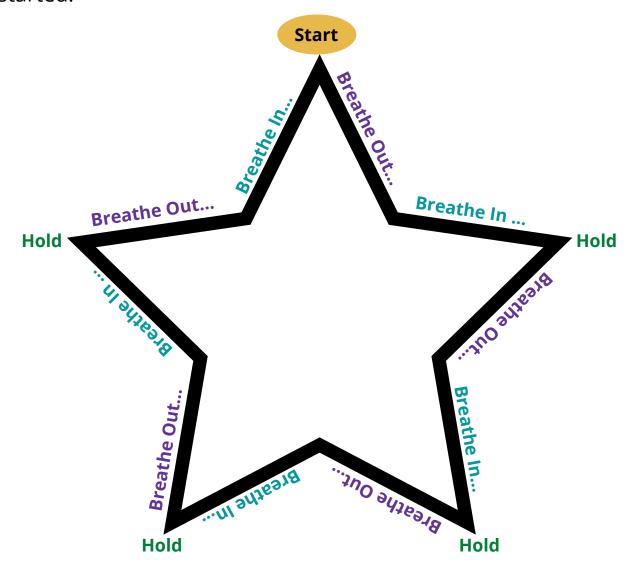
	Deep breathing	Painting
	Taking a mindful walk	Playing with clay
	Yoga	Talking to a friend
	Say something you like about	☐ Write a song
	yourself	 Crossword puzzles
	Taking a shower or bath	Word searches
	Clean your room	Color a picture
	Playing with a pet	☐ Think of your favorite place
	Playing a board game	Write down what's bothering
	Reading a book	you and throw it away
	Watch your favorite show	Write a letter to someone
	Cook or bake	Pop bubble wrap
	Exercise	Run your hands under water
	Dance	Use a stress ball
	Go swimming	Play at the park
	Jump rope	Ride your bike
	Write in a journal	Listen to music
	Drawing or doodling	Squeeze a stress ball
	List some skills you	would like to try:
1		
2		
3. ₁		
4. ₅		

Mindfulness

Mindfulness is putting all of your attention on what you are doing in the moment. Being mindful can help you focus, stay calm under stress, slow down, and even be more patient. In order to get good at mindfulness, you have to practice. Below you will find exercises and activities that will help you train your brain to be mindful.

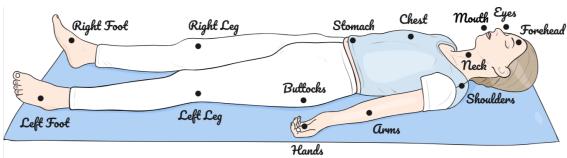
Star Breathing -

Start at the top of the star, trace your finger down the "breathe out" side as you breathe out. Now breathe in as you trace over the "breath in" side. Once you get to a point on the star, hold your breath for 3 seconds. Do this until you finish where you started.



Body Scan

A body scan is a mental check-in with your body to see where you have any tight muscles. Find a spot where you can comfortably lay on your back. Inhale and tense each muscle group (below) for 5 seconds. Exhale and relax the muscle group for 10 seconds. Now move on to the next group.



Courtesy of Uniformed Services University: Consortium for Health and Military Performance

<u>5, 4, 3, 2, 1 Exercise</u>

Use all 5 of your senses to bring you back to the present moment. *LOOK* for 5 things around you and say them out loud. Pay attention to your body and say 4 things you can *FEEL*. *LISTEN* for 3 different sounds and say them out loud. Say 2 things you can *SMELL*. Bring your attention to your mouth and say out loud 1 thing you can *TASTE*.



What do you see? A computer, a person, a color?...



What do you feel? Are your hands cold? Are you sitting in a chair?...



What do you hear? Is there traffic outside? Is the wind blowing?...



What do you smell? Fresh air, an air freshener, food?...



What do you taste? If nothing, what is your favorite thing to taste?

Mindful Rainbow Walk

Go outside, or even in your home, and walk for at least 5 minutes. Use your eyes to find something red, orange, yellow, green, blue, and purple. Once you have found all 6 objects, take a deep breath and notice how your body feels. Is your heart beating fast or slow?

Bonus: After your walk, draw and color a picture of the objects you found!



Draw your objects here:



Gratitude List

For this activity, you will need something to write with. You are going to practice writing what you are grateful for. Take 5 minutes to make a list of the things that you are grateful for today. Use the space below. Here are some ideas you can use as a guide:

0	Someone you appreciate
0	An activity that makes you happy
0	A positive quality about a friend
0	An item you love
0	Part of your body you're grateful for
0	Something that made you laugh
0	Something someone did for you
0	A food that you like
	Come up with 3 more things you are grateful for!
0	
0	
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Worry Jar

A blank worry jar is on the next page. In the jar, write down the things that you are worried about. Your worries are going to stay in the jar. Once you write them down you can let them leave your mind. Come back to look at your worry jar for 10 minutes a day. As time passes, you may see that some of your worries are gone. If they are, cross them out, take a deep breath and be thankful that you are here!



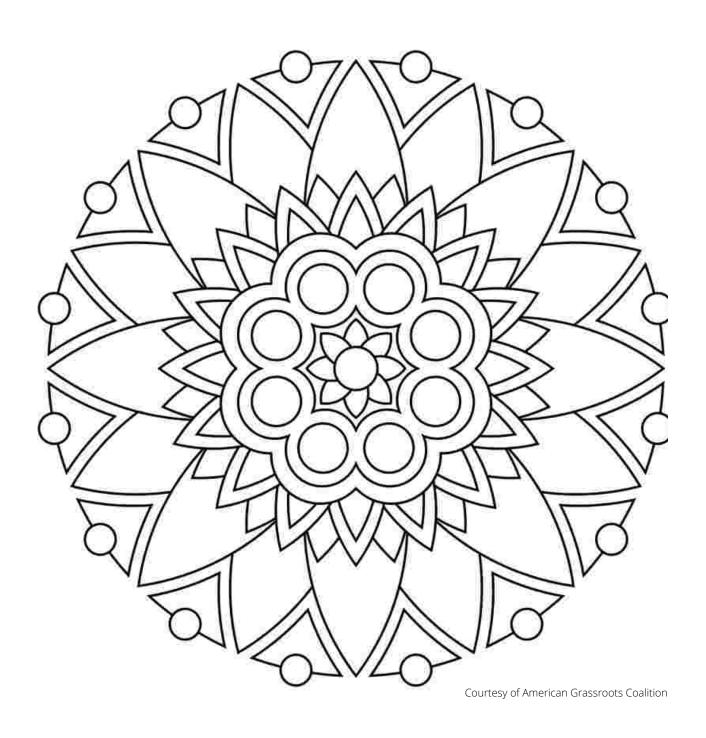
Courtesy of Necessities.me

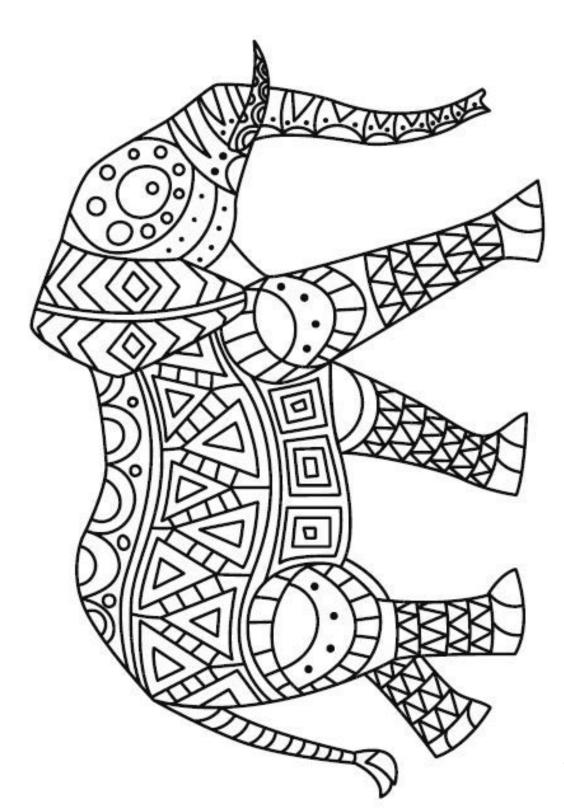
My Worry Jar



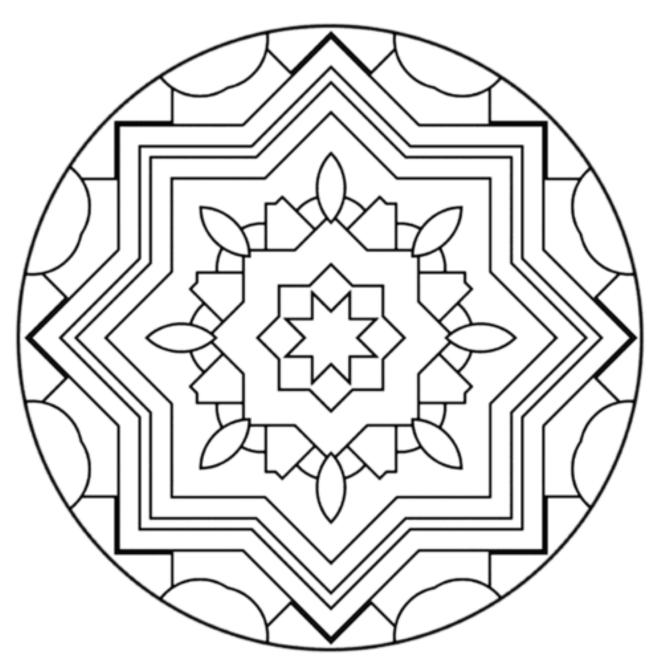
Mindful Coloring

Coloring is a great way to be mindful of the present moment and clear your mind of worries. On the next 4 pages you will find blank mindful coloring sheets. While coloring, notice the colors you choose and take your time finishing each sheet. Don't forget to let your creativity shine!

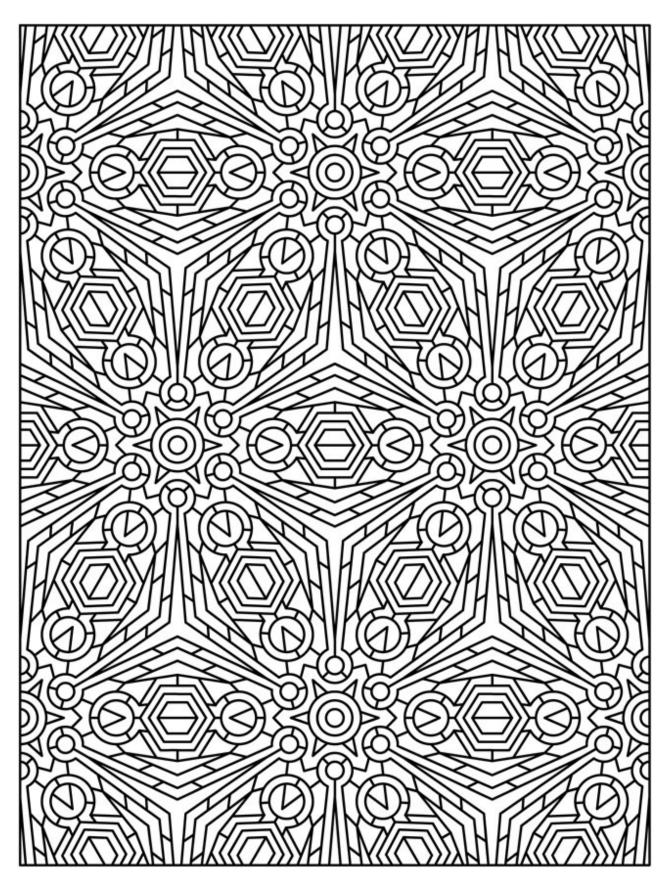




Courtesy of Pinterest



Courtesy of supercoloring.com





Free Online Resources and Apps

• **Smiling Mind** - This app offers body scans that kids and teens can use to become aware of their bodies. Suitable for ages 4+.

 Calm - This app can be used to help you relax at the end of the day by doing mindful exercises, playing relaxing music, or even reading a sleep story!

Calm

• Three Good Things: A Happiness Journal - This easy-touse app can help children and teens focus on the positive by writing out what went good in the day. Suitable for ages 6+.

• <u>Yoga Ed.</u> - This free online tool teaches children and teens the basics of yoga and mindfulness through basic yoga poses, breathing exercises, games, and relaxation skills.



It is normal for everyone to get stressed at times. With practice, the coping skills you learned in this workbook can become good tools to help with worry and stress.

Sometimes we need extra support. If this workbook does not help, talk to an adult or get extra help here:

- Crisis Text Line: Text "START" to 741-741
- Teen Lifeline: 1-800-248-TEEN (1-800-273-8336)
- Trevor Lifeline for LGBTQ Youth: 1-866-488-7386
- Coping with Stress (WHO) www.who.int
- Just for Teens: A Personal Plan for Managing Stress ppvkinds.com
- <u>Tu Nidito:</u> Tucson support groups for children 3.5-18 years old who are grieving the loss of a loved one (currently virtual); *tunidito.org* or call 520-322-9155









