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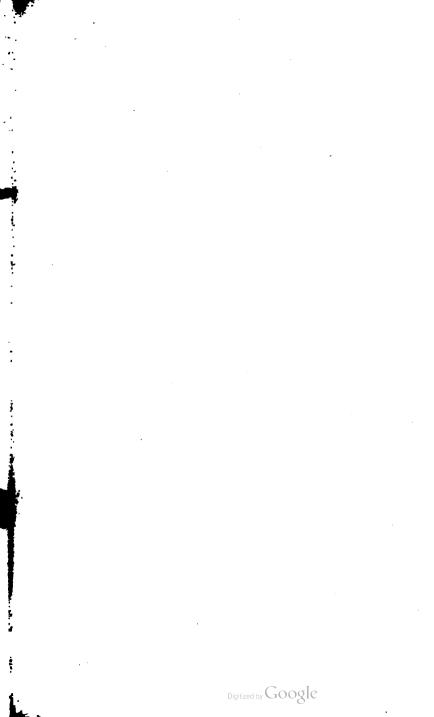


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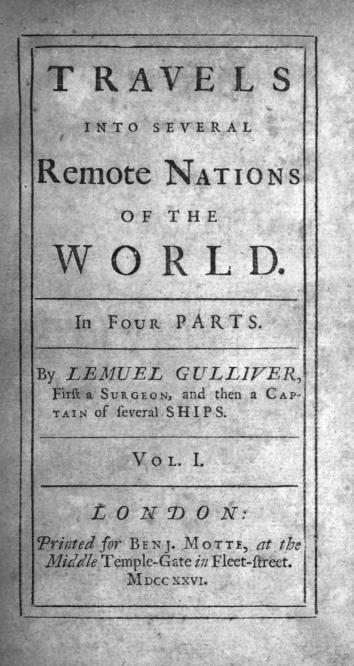
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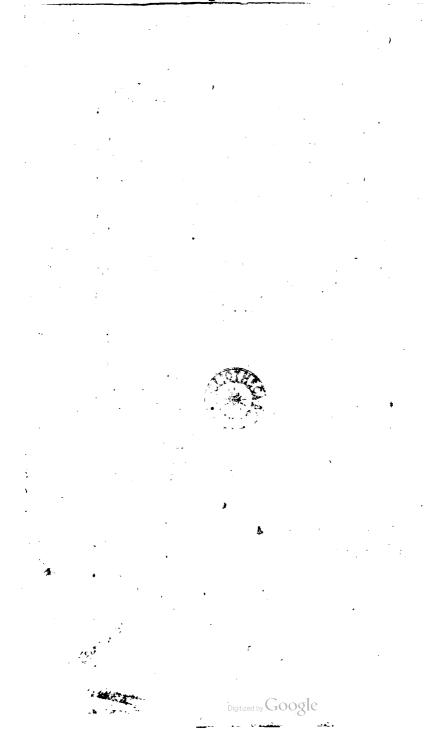
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PART I. A Voyage to Lilliput.

PART II.

A Voyage to Brobdingnag.

PART III.

A Voyage to Laputa, Balnibarbi, Luggnagg, Glubdubdrib, and Japan.

PART IV.

A Voyage to the Country of the Houyhnhnms.

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PUBLISHER

ТНЕ

TOTHE

READER.



H E Author of thefe Travels, Mr. Lemuel Gulliver, is my antient and intimate Friend;

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there is likewife fome Relation between us by the Mother's Side. About three Years ago, Mr. Gulliver growing weary of the Concourse of curious

The PUBLISHER, Sc. V

curious People coming to him at his House in Redriff, made a small Purchase of Land, with a convenient House, near Newark in Notringhamshire, his Native Country; where he now lives retired, yet in good Esteem among his Neighbours.

ALTHOUGH Mr. Gulliver was born in Nottinghamshire, where his Father dwelt, yet I have heard him say, his Family came from Oxfordshire; to confirm which, I have observed in the Church-Yard at Banbury, in that County, several Tombs and Monuments of the Gullivers.

BEFORE he quitted *Redriff*, he left the Custody of the following Papers in my Hands, with the liberty to A 3 dispose

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dispose of them as I should think fit. I have carefully perused them three Times: The Style is very plain and fimple; and the only Fault I find is, that the Author, after the Manner of Travellers, is a little too Circumstantial. There is an Air of Truth apparent through the Whole; and indeed, the Author was so distinguished for his Veracity, that it became a fort of Proverb among his Neighbours at Redriff, when any one affirm'd a Thing, to fay, it was sas true as if Mr. Gulliver had fpoke -in

By the Advice of feveral worthy Perfons, to whom, with the Author's Permission, I communicated these Papers, I now venture to fend them into

to the READER. vil

into the World, hoping they may be at leaft, for fome time, a better Entertainment to our young Noblemen, than the common Scribbles of Politicks and Party.

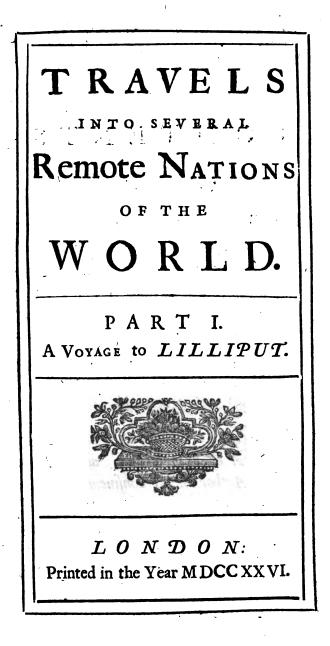
THIS Volume would have been at least twice as large, if I had not made bold to strike out innumerable Passages relating to the Winds and Tides, as well as to the Variations and Bearings in the feveral Voyages; together with the minute Descriptions of the Management of the Ship in Storms, in the Style of Sailors: Likewife the Account of the Longitudes and Latitudes; wherein I have Reason to apprehend that Mr. Gulliver may be a little diffatisfied : But I was refolved to fit the Work A 4 as

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as much as poffible to the general Capacity of Readers. However, if my own Ignorance in Sea-Affairs shall have led me to commit some Mistakes, I alone am answerable for them: And if any Traveller hath a Curiosity to see the whole Work at large, as it came from the Hand of the Author, I shall be ready to gratify him.

As for any further Particulars relating to the Author, the Reader will receive Satisfaction from the first Pages of the Book.

RICHARD SYMPSON.





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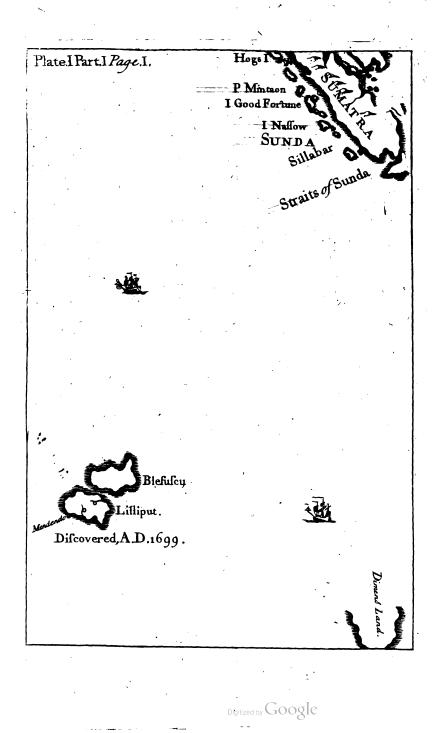
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T R A V E L S.

PART I.

A VOYAGE to LILLIPUT.

CHAP. I.

The Author gives fome Account of himfelf and Family, his first Inducements to travel. He is shipwrecked, and swims for his Life, gets safe on shoar in the Country of Lilliput, is made a Prisoner, and carryed up the Country.



Y Father had a fmall Effate in *Nottinghamshire*; I was the Third of Five Sons. He fent me to *Emanuel College*

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in Cambridge, at Fourteen Years old, where I refided three Years, and applyed my felf PARF I. clofe

clofe to my Studies; But the Charge of maintaining me (although I had a very fcanty Allowance) being too great for a narrow Fortune, I was bound Apprentice to Mr. Fames Bates, an eminent Surgeon in London, with whom I continued four Years; and my Father now and then fending me fmall Sums of Money, I laid them out in learning Navigation, and other Parts of the Mathematicks, useful to those who intend to travel, as I always believed it would be fome time or other my fortune to do. When I left Mr. Bates. I went down to my Father; where by the Affistance of Him and my Uncle John, and fome other Relations, I got Forty Pounds, and a Promife of Thirty Pounds a Year to maintain me at Leyden: There I studied Physick two Years and feven Months, knowing it would be ufeful in long Voyages.

SOON after my Return from Leyden, I was recommended by my good Mafter Mr. Bates, to be Surgeon to the Swallow,

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low, Captain Abraham Pannell Commander; with whom I continued three Years and a half, making a Voyage or two into the Levant, and fome other Parts. When I came back, I refolved to fettle in London, to which Mr. Bates, my Mafter, encouraged me, and by him I was recommended to feveral Patients. I took Part of a fmall Houfe in the Old Jury; and being advifed to alter my Condition, I married Mrs. Mary Burton, fecond Daughter to Mr. Edmond Burton Hofier in Newgate-Street, with whom I received four Hundred Pounds for a Portion.

But, my good Mafter *Bates* dying in two Years after, and I having few Friends, my Bufinefs began to fail; for my Confcience would not fuffer me to imitate the bad Practice of two many among my Brethren. Having therefore confulted with my Wife, and fome of my Acquaintance, I determined to go again to Sea. I was Surgeon fucceffively in two Ships, and made feveral Voyages, for fix Years, to

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to the *Eaft* and *Weft-Indies*, by which I got fome Addition to my Fortune. My Hours of Leifure I fpent in reading the beft Authors antient and modern, being always provided with a good Number of Books; and when I was afhore, in obferving the Manners and Difpolitions of the People, as well as learning their Language, wherein I had a great Facility by the Strength of my Memory.

THE last of these Voyages not proving very fortunate, I grew weary of the Sea, and intended to flay at home with my Wife and Family. I removed from the Old Jury to Fetter-Lane, and from thence to Wapping, hoping to get Bufinefs among the Sailors; but it would not turn to account. After three Years Expectation that things would mend, I accepted an advantageous Offer from Captain William Prichard, Master of the Antelope, who was making a Voyage to the South-Sea. We fet fail from Briftot May 4th, 1699, and our Voyage at first was veryprosperous. 1т

to LILLIPUT.

IT would not be proper, for fome Reafons, to trouble the Reader with the Particulars of our Adventures in those Seas: Let it fuffice to inform him, that in our Paffage from thence to the East= Indies, we were driven by a violent Storm to the Northwest of Van Diemen's Land. By an Observation, we found ourfelves in the Latitude of 30 Degrees 2 Minutes South. Twelve of our Crew were dead by immoderate Labour, and ill Food, the reft were in a very weak Condition. On the fifth of November, which was the Beginning of Summer in those Parts, the Weather being very hazy, the Seamen fpied a Rock, within half a Cable's Length of the Ship; but the Wind was fo ftrong, that we were driven directly upon it, and immediately fplit. Six of the Crew, of whom I was one, having let down the Boat into the Sea, made a shift to get clear of the Ship, and the Rock. We rowed by my Computation about three Leagues, till we were able to work no PART I. longer В

longer, being already fpent with Labour while we were in the Ship. We therefore trufted ourfelves to the Mercy of the Waves, and in about half an Hour the Boat was overfet by a fudden Flurry from the North. What became of my Companions in the Boat, as well as of those who escaped on the Rock, or were left in the Veffel, I cannot tell; but conclude they were all loft. For my own part, I fwam as Fortune directed me, and was pushed forward by Wind and Tide. I often let my Legs drop, and could feel no Bottom: But when I was almost gone, and able to ftruggle no longer, I found myfelf within my Depth; and by this time the Storm was much abated. The Declivity was fo fmall, that I walked near a Mile before I got to the Shore, which I conjectur'd was about eight a-clock in the Evening. I then advanced forward near half a Mile, but could not difcover any fign of Houfes or Inhabitants; at least I was in fo weak a Condition, that I did not observe them. I was extreamly tired

to LILLIPUT.

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tired, and with that, and the Heat of the Weather, and about half a Pint of Brandy that I drank as I left the Ship, I found myfelf much inclined to fleep. I lay down on the Grafs, which was very fhort and foft, where I flept founder than ever I remember to have done in my Life, and as I reckoned, above nine Hours; for when I awaked, it was just Day-light. I attempted to rife, but was not able to ftir: For as I happen'd to lye on my Back, I found my Arms and Legs were strongly fastened on each fide to the Ground; and my Hair, which was long and thick, tied down in the fame manner. I likewise felt several slender Ligatures acrofs my Body, from my Armpits to my Thighs. I could only look upwards, the Sun began to grow hot, and the Light offended mine Eyes. I heard a confused Noise about me, but in the Posture I lay, could fee nothing except the Sky. In a little Time I felt fomething alive moving on my left Leg, which advancing gently forward over my Breaft, B 2 came

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came almost up to my Chin; when bending mine Eyes downwards as much as I could, I perceived it to be a human Creature not fix Inches high, with a Bow and Arrow in his Hands, and a Quiver at his Back. In the mean time, I felt at leaft forty more of the fame kind (as I conjectured) following the first. I was in the utmost Astonishment, and roared fo loud, that they all ran back in a Fright; and fome of them, as I was afterwards told, were hurt with the Falls they got by leaping from my Sides upon the Ground. However, they foon returned, and one of them, who ventured fo far as to get a full fight of my Face, lifting up his Hands and Eyes by Way of Admiration, cryed out in a shrill, but distinct Voice, Hekinah Degul: The others repeated the fame Words feveral times, but I then knew not what they meant. I lay all this while, as the Reader may believe, in great Uncafinefs : at length, ftruggling to get loofe, I had the fortune to break the Strings, and wrench out the Pegs that fastened my left

to LILLIPUT.

left Arm to the Ground; for, by lifting. it up to my Face, I discover'd the Methods they had taken to bind me, and, at the fame Time, with a violent Pull, which gave me exceffive Pain, I a little loofened the Strings that tied down my Hair on the left Side, fo that I was just able to turn my Head about two Inches. But the Creatures ran off a fecond time, before I could feize them; whereupon there was a great Shout in a very fhrill Accent," and after it ceased, I heard one of them cry aloud, Tolgo Phonac ; when in an inftant I felt above an hundred Arrows discharged on my left Hand, which pricked me like fo many Needles; and befides they fhot another Flight into the Air, as we do Bombs in Europe, whereof many, I fuppose, fell on my Body, (though I felt them not) and fomeon my Face, which I immediately covered with my left Hand. When this Shower of Arrows was over, I fell a groaning with Grief and Pain, and then striving again to get loofe, they discharged an-B 3 other

other Volly larger than the first, and fome of them attempted with Spears to flick me in the Sides; but, by good luck, I had on me a Buff Jerkin, which they could not pierce. I thought it the most prudent Method to lie still, and my defign was to continue fo till Night, when my left Hand being already loofe, I could eafily free myfelf: And as for the Inhabitants, I had reason to believe I might be a match for the greatest Armies they could bring against me, if they were all of the fame Size with him that I faw. But Fortune difposed otherwise of me. When the People observed I was quiet, they difcharged no more Arrows: But by the Noife I heard, I knew their Numbers encreased; and about four Yards from me, over-against my right Ear, I heard a knocking for above an Hour, like that of People at work; when turning my Head that Way as well as the Pegs and Strings would permit me, I faw a Stage erected about a foot and a half from the Ground, capable of holdtug

to LILLIPUT.

ing four of the Inhabitants, with two or three Ladders to mount it: From whence one of them, who feemed to be a Perfon of Quality, made me a long Speech, whereof I understood not one Syllable. But I should have mentioned, that before the principal Perfon began his Oration, he cryed out three times Langro Debul (an : (thefe Words and the former were afterwards repeated and explained to me.) Whereupon immediately about fifty of the Inhabitants, came and cut the Strings that fastened the left Side of my Head, which gave me the Liberty of turning it to the right, and of observing the Perfon and Gesture of him that was to speak. He appeared to be of a middle Age, and taller than any of the other three who attended him, whereof one was a Page that held up his Train, and feemed to be fomewhat longer than my middle Finger; the other two flood one on each fide to fupport him. He acted every part of an Orator, and I could obferve many Periods of Threatnings, **B**4 and

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and others of Promifes, Pity and Kindnefs. I answered in a few Words, but in the most fubmissive Manner, listing up my Left Hand and both mine Eyes to the Sun, as calling him for a Witnefs; and being almost famished with Hunger, having not eaten a Morfel for fome Hours before I left the Ship, I found the Demands of Nature fo strong upon me, that I could not forbear fhewing my Impatience (perhaps against the strict Rules of Decency) by putting my Finger frequently on my Mouth, to fignify that I wanted Food. The Hurgo (for fo they call a great Lord, as I afterwards learnt) underftood me very well. He defcended from the Stage, and commanded that feveral Ladders should be applyed to my Sides, on which above an hundred of the Inhabitants mounted, and walked towards my Mouth, laden with Baskets full of Meat, which had been provided, and fent thither by the King's Orders upon the first Intelligence he received of me. I observed there was the Flesh of several Animals, but

but could not diftinguish them by the Tafte. There were Shoulders, Legs and Loins fhaped like those of Mutton, and very well dreffed, but fmaller than the Wings of a Lark. I eat them by two or three at a mouthful, and took three Loaves at a time, about the Bigness of Musket Bullets. They fupplyed me as they could, shewing a thousand Marks of wonder and aftonifhment at my Bulk and Appetite. I then made another Sign that I wanted Drink. They found by my eating that a finall Quantity would not fuffice me, and being a most ingenious People, they flung up with great Dexterity one of their largest Hogsheads, then rolled it towards my Hand, and beat out the Top; I drank it off at a Draught, which I might well do, for it did not hold half a Pint, and tafted like a fmall Wine of Burgundy, but much more delicious. They brought me a fecond Hogshead, which I drank in the fame manner, and made Signs for more, but they had none to give me. When I had performed thefe Wonders,

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A VOYAGE

Wonders, they shouted for Joy, and danced upon my Breast, repeating several times as they did at first, Hekinab Degul. They made me a Sign that I should throw down the two Hogsheads, but first warning the People below to stand out of the way, crying aloud, Borach Mivola, and when they faw the Veffels in the Air, there was an universal shout of Hekinab Degul. I confess I was often tempted, while they were passing backwards and forwards on my Body, to feize Forty or Fifty of the first that came in my reach, and dash them against the Ground. But the Remembrance of what I had felt, which probably might not be the worft they could do, and the Promife of Honour I made them, for fo I interpreted my fubmissive Behavour, soon drove out thefe Imaginations. Befides, I now confider'd my felf as bound by the Laws of Hofpitality to a People who had treated me with fo much Expence and Magnifi-However, in my Thoughts I cence. could not fufficiently wonder at the Intrepidity

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trepidity of these diminutive Mortals, who durft venture to mount and walk upon my Body, while one of my Hands was at liberty, without trembling at the very fight of fo prodigious a Creature as I must appear to them. After fome time, when they observ'd that I made no more Demands for Meat, there appeared before me a Perfon of high Rank from his Imperial Majesty. His excellency having mounted on the fmall of my right Leg, advanced forwards up to my Face, with about a Dozen of his Retinue. And producing his Credentials under the Signet Royal, which he applyed clofe to mine Eyes, spoke about ten Minutes, without * any Signs of Anger, but with a kind of determinate Refolution; often pointing forwards, which as I afterwards found, was towards the Capital City, about half a Mile diftant, whither it was agreed by his Majesty in Council that I must be conveyed. I answered in few words, but to no purpose, and made a Sign with my Hand that was loofe, putting it to the other

other (but over his Excellency's Head, for fear of hurting him or his Train) and then to my own Head and Body, to fignify that I defired my Liberty. It appeared that he understook me well enough, for he shook his Head by way of Disapprobation, and held his Hand in a Posture to thew that I must be carried as a Prifoner. However, he made other Signs to let me understand that I should have Meat and' Drink enough, and very good Treatment.¹ Whereupon I once more thought of attempting to break my Bonds, but again, when I felt the Smart of their Arrows, upon my Face and Hands, which were all in Blifters, and many of the Darts still flicking in them, and observing likewife that the Number of my Enemies encreafed, I gave Tokens to let them know that they might do with me what they pleafed. Upon this the Hurgo and his Train withdrew with much Civility and chearful Countenances. Soon after I heard a general Shout, with frequent repetitions of the Words, Peplom Selan, and

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I felt great Numbers of the People on my Left Side relaxing the Cords to fuch a degree, that I was able to turn upon my Right, and to eafe myfelf with making Water; which I very plentifully did, to the great Aftonishment of the People, who conjecturing by my Motions what I was going to do, immediately opened to the right and left on that fide to avoid the Torrent which fell with fuch noife and violence from me. But before this, they had dawbed my Face and both my Hands with a fort of Ointment very pleafant to the Smell, which in a few Minutes removed all the Smart of their Arrows. Thefe Circumstances added to the Refreshment I had received by their Victuals and Drink, which were very nourishing, disposed me to fleep. I flept about eight Hours, as I was afterwards affured; and it was no wonder, for the Physicians, by the Emperor's Order, had mingled a fleepy Potion in the Hogsheads of Wine.

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A VOYAGE

Ir feems that upon the first Moment I was difcovered sleeping on the Ground after my Landing, the Emperor had early Notice of it by an Express, and determined in Council that I should be tyed in the Manner I have related (which was done in the Night while I sleept) that Plenty of Meat and Drink should be fent to me, and a Machine prepared to carry me to the Capital City.

THIS Refolution perhaps may appear very bold and dangerous, and I am confident would not be immitated by any Prince in *Europe* on the like Occafion; however, in my Opinion it was extreamly Prudent as well as generous. For fuppofing thefe People had endeavour'd to kill me with their Spears and Arrows while I was afleep, I fhould certainly have awaked with the first fense of Smart, which might fo far have rouzed my Rage and Strength, as to have enabled me to break the Strings wherewith I was tied; after which, as they

they were not able to make Refiftance, fo they could expect no Mercy.

THESE People are most excellent Mathematicians, and arriv'd to a great Perfection in Mechanicks by the Countenance and Encouragement of the Emperor, who is a renowned Patron of Learning. This Prince hath feveral Machines fixed on Wheels for the Carriage of Trees and other great Weights. He often builds his largest Men of War, whereof some are nine Foot long, in the Woods where the Timber grows, and has them carried on these Engines three or four hundred Yards to the Sea. Five Hundred Carpenters and Engineers were immediately fet at work to prepare the greatest Engine they had. It was a Frame of Wood raifed three Inches from the Ground, about feven Foot long and four wide, moving upon twenty two Wheels. The Shout I heard was upon the Arrival of this Engine, which it feems fet out in four Hours after my Landing. It was brought parallel

parallel to me as I lay. But the principal Difficulty was to raife and place me in this Eighty Poles, each of one Vehicle. Foot high, were erected for this purpofe, and very ftrong Cords of the bignefs of Packthread were failned by Hooks to many Bandages, which the Workmen had girt round my Neck, my Hands, my Body, and my Legs. Nine hundred of the strongest Men were employed to draw up these Cords by many Pulleys fastned on the Poles, and thus in lefs than three Hours, I was raifed and flung into the Engine, and there tyed fast. All this I was told, for while the whole Operation was performing, I lay in a profound fleep, by the force of that foporiferous Medicine infused into my Liquor. Fifteen Hundred of the Emperor's largest Horses, each about four Inches and an half high, were employed to draw me towards the Metropolis, which, as I faid, was half a Mile distant.

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to LILEIPUT. 2t

ABOUT four Hours after we began our Tourney, I awaked by a very ridiculous Accident; for the Carriage being fopt a while to adjust fomething that was out of order, two or three of the young Natives had the Curiofity to fee how I looked when I was afleep; they climbed up into the Engine, and advancing very foftly to my Face, one of them; an Officer in the Guards, 'put the fharp end of his Half-pike a good way up into my left Nostril, which tickled my Nose like a Straw, and made me fneeze violently : whereupon they stole off unperceived, and it was three Weeks before I knew the caufe of my awaking fo fuddenly. We made a long March the remaining part of that Day, and refled at Night with five hundred Guards on each fide of me, half with Torches, and half with Bows and Arrows, ready to shoot me if I should offer to ftir. The next Morning at Sun-rife we continued our March, and arrived within two hundred Vards of the PART I. C. C. CityA'VÖŸĂĞE

City-Gates about Noon. The Emperor, and all his Court came out to meet us, but his gerat Officers would by no means fuffer his Majefty to endanger his Perlon by mounting on my Body.

AT the Place where the Carriage ftopt, there flood an antient Temple, efteemed to be the largest in the whole Kingdom, which having been polluted fome Years before by an unnatural Murder, was, according to the Zeal of those People, looked on as Prophane, and therefore had been applied to common Use, and all the Ornaments and Furniture carried away, In this Edifice it was determined I should lodge. The great Gate fronting to the North, was about four Foot high, and almost two Foot wide, through which I nould eafily creep. On each Side of the Gate was a finall. Window not above fix Inches from the Ground ' into that on the Left Side, the King's Smiths conveyed fourfcore and eleven Chains, like those .that hang to a Lady's Watch in Europe, and

and almost as large, which were locked to my left Leg with fix and thirty Padlocks. Overagainst this Temple, on t'other side of the great Highway, at twenty Foot diffance, there was a Turret at least five Foot high. Here the Emperor afcended with many principal Lords of his Court, to have an opportunity of viewing me, as I was told, for I could not fee them. It was reckoned that above an hundred thoufand Inhabitants came out of the Town upon the fame Errand; and in fpight of my Guards, I believe there could not be fewer than ten thousand, at feveral times, who mounted upon my Body by the help of Ladders. But a Proclamation was foon iffued to forbid it upon pain of Death. When the Workmen found it was impossible for me to break loofe, they cut all the Strings that bound me j whereupon 1 rofe up with as melancholy a Difposition as ever I had in my Life. But the noife and aftonifhment of the People at feeing me rife and walk are not to be expressed. The Chains that held my C a left

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left Leg were about two Yards long, and gave me not only the Liberty of walking backwards and forwards in a Semicircle; but being fixed within four Inches of the Gate, allowed me to creep in, and lie at my full length in the Temple.

CHAP.

to LILLIPUT. a Stange and the failes SAL BELSON PORT DE .erio Ci`H A P. CH.

The Emperor of Lilliput; attended by feveral of the Nobility, come to see the Author in his Confinement. The, Emperor's Person and Habit describ'd. Learned Men appointed to teach the Author their Language. He gains, Favour hy his mild Disposition. His Pockets are searched, and his Sword and Pistols taken from him.

HEN I found myfelf on my W Feet, I looked about me, and muft confefs I never beheld a more entertaining Profpect. The Country round appeared like a continued Garden, and the inclosed Fields, which were generally forty Foot fquare, refembled fo many Beds of Flowers, These Fields were intermingled with C 3 Woods 26

Woods of half a Stang, and the talleft Trees, as I could judge, appeared to be foven Foot high. I viewed the Town on my left hand, which looked like the painted Scene of a City in a Theatre.

I had been for fome Hours extremely. preffed by the Necessities of Nature; which was no wonder, it being almost two Days fince I had laft disburthened myself. I was' under great Difficulties. between Urgency and Shame. The beft Expedient I could think on, was to creep into my Houle, which I accordingly did; and shutting the Gate afterme, I went as far as the length of my Chain would fuffer, and difcharged my Body of that uneafy Load. But this was the only time I was ever guilty of fo uncleanly an Action; for which I cannot but hope the candid Reader will give some Allowance, after he hath maturely and inpartially confidered my Cafe, and the Diffress I was in. From this time my constant Practice was, as foon as I role, to perform that Bufi-

to LJLL, IPUT.

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Business in open Air, at the full Extent of my Chain, and due Care was taken every Morning before Company came, that the offensive Matter should be carried off in Wheel barrows by two Servants appointed for that Purpose. I would not have dwelt so long upon a Circumstance, that perhaps at first fight may appear not very momentuous, if I shad not thought it necessary to justify my Character in point of Cleanliness to the World; which I am told fome of my Maligners have been pleased, upon this and other Occasious, to call in question.

WHEN this Adventure was at an end, I came back out of my Houfe, having occation for fresh Air. The Emperor was already defeended from the Tower, and advancing on Horfe-back towards me, which had like to have cost him dear; for the Beast, though very well trained, yet wholly unused to fuch a Sight, which appeared as if a Mountain moved before him, reared up on his hinder Feet : But C 4 that

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AVOYAGE

that Prince, who is an excellent Horfe-Man, kept his Seat, till his Attendants ran in, and held the Bridle, while his Majesty had time to diffeount. When he alighted, he furveyed me round with great Admiration, but kept without the length of my Chain. He ordered his Cooks and Butlers, who were already prepared to give me Victuals and Drink, which they pushed forward in a fort of Vehicles upon Wheels till I could reach them. I took thefe Vehicles, and foon enptied them all; twenty of them were filled with Meat, and ten with Liquor, each of the former afforded me two or three good Mouthfuls, and I emptied the Liquor of ten Vessels, which was contained in earthen Vials, into one Vehicle, drinking it off at a Draught, and fo I did with the reft. The Empress, and young Princes of the Blood, of both Sexes, attended by many Ladies, fat at fome distance in their Chairs, but upon the Accident that happened to the Emperor's Horfe, they alighted, and came near his Per-

Rerfon, which I am now going to defcribe. He is taller by almost the breadth of my Nail, than any of his Court, which alone is enough to firike an Awe into; the Beholders. His Features are firongand masculine, with an Auftrian Lip and arched Nofe, his Complexion olive, his Countenance erect, his Body and Limbs well proportioned, all his Motions graceful, and his Deportment majeftick. He was then past his Prime, being twentyeight Years and three Quarters old, of which he had reigned about feven, in great Felicity, and generally victorious. For the better convenience of beholding him, I lay on my Side, fo that my Face was parallel to his, and he flood but three Yards off: However, I have had him fince many times in my Hand, and therefore cannot be deceived in the Defcription. His Drefs was very plain and fimple, and the Fashion of it between the Asiatick and the European: but he had on his Head a light Helmet of Gold, adorned with Jewels, and a Plume on the Creft. He

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He held his Sword drawn in his Hand, to defend himfelf, if I fhould happen to break loofe; it was almost three Inches long, the Hilt and Scabbard were Gold enriched with Diamonds. His Voice was farilly. but very clear and articulate, and I could diffinctly hear it when I food up. The Ladies and Courtiers were all most magnificently clad, fo that the Spot they flood upon scemed to refemble a Petricoat spread on the Ground, embroidered with Figures of Gold and Silver. His Imperial Majefty, spoke often to me, and I returned Anfwers, but neither of us could understand a Syllable. There were feveral of his Priests and Lawyers present (as I conjectured by their Habits) who were com7 . manded to address themfelves to me and I fpoke to them in as many Languages as I had the least smattering of, which were High and Low Dutch, Latin, French. Spanish, Italian, and Lingua Franca; but all to no purpose. After about two Hours the Court retired, and I was left with a ftrong Guard, to prevent the Impertinence . }

pertinence, and probably the Malice of the Rabble, who were very impatient to croud about me as near as they durft. and fome of them had the Impudence to shoot their Arrows at me as I fate on the Ground by the Door of my House, whereof one very narrowly miffed my left Evel Buit the Colonel ordered fix of the Ring-leaders to be feized, and thought no Punifhment fo proper as to deliver them bound into my Hands, which fome of: his Soldier's accordingly did, puthing them forwards with the But-Ends of their Pikes. into my reach; I took them all in my right Hand, put five of them into my Coat-Pocket, and as to the fixth, I made a Countenance as if I would eat him alive. The poor Man squalled terribly and the Colonel and his Officers were in much Pain, especially when they faw me take out my Penknife: But I foon put them out of fear; for, looking mildly and immediately cutting the Strings he was bound with, I fet him gently on the Ground, and away he ran; I treated the reft

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reft in the fame manner, taking them one by one out of my Pocket, and I observed both the Soldiers and People were highly obliged at this Mark of my Clemency, which was depresented very much to my Advantage at Court.

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. Towards Night I got with fome diffioulty into my Houfe, where I lay on the Ground, and continued to do for about a Fortnight; during which time the Emperor gave Orders to have a Bed prepared for me. Six bundred Beds of the common Mcafuros were brought in Carriages and worked up in my Houfe, an hundted and fifty of their Beds fown together made up the Breadth and Length, and these were four double, which how-. ever kept me but very indifferently from: the Hardness of the Floor, that was of fmooth Stone. By the fame Computation they provided me with Sheets, Blant kets, and Coverlets, tolerable enough for. one who had been to long enured to 1.1 As

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to L, I, L, L I, P U T.

As the News of my Arrival foread through the Kingdom, it brought prodigious Numbers of rich, idle, and curious People to fee me; fo that the Villages were almost emptied, and great Neglect of Tillage and Houshold Affairs must have enfued, if his Imperial Majesty had not provided by several Proclamations and Orders of State against this Inconveniency. He directed that those, who had already beheld me, should return Home, and not presume to come within fifty Yards of my House, without Licence from Court; whereby the Secretarys of State got confiderable Fees.

IN the mean time, the Emperor held frequent Councils to debate what Courfe fhould be taken with me; and I was afterwards affured by a particular Friend, a Perfon of great Quality, who was looked upon to be as much in the Secret as any, that the Court was under many Difficulties concerning me. They apprehended

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A VOYAGE

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prehended my breaking loofe, that my Diet would be very expensive, and might caufe a Famine. Sometimes they determined to flarve me, or at leaft to shoot me in the Face and Hands with poifoned Arrows, which would foon difpatch me: But again they confider'd, that the Stench of fo large a Carcafe might produce a Plague in the Metropolis, and probably fpread through the whole Kingdom. In the midit of these Confultations, several Officers of the Army went to the Door of the great Council Chamber; and two of them being admitted, gave an account of my Behaviour to the fix Criminals above-mentioned, which made fo favourable an Impression in the Breast of his Majefty and the whole Board in my behalf, that an Imperial Commission was illued out, obliging all the Villages nine hundred Yards round the City, to deliver in every Morning fix Beeves, forty Sheep, and other Victuals for my Sustenance; together with a proportionable Quantity of Bread, and Wine, and other Liquors: for

for the due Payment of which, his Majesty gave Affignments upon his Treafury. For this Prince lives chiefly upon his own Demefnes, feldom except upon great Occasions raising any Subfidues upon his Subjects, who are bound to attend him in his Wars at their own Expence. An Eftablishment was also made of fix hundred Perfons to be my Domesticks, who had Board-Wages allowed for their Maintenance, and Tents built for them very conveniently on each fide of my Door. It was likewife ordered, that three hundred Taylors' fhould make me a Suit of Cloaths after the Fashion of the Country: That fix of his Majefty's greatest Scholars should be employ'd to instruct me in their Language : And, lastly, that the Emperor's Horfes, and those of the Nobility, and Troops of Guards, fhould be frequently exercifed in my fight, to accustom themselves to me. All these Orders were duly put in Execution, and in about three Weeks I made a great Progrefs in learning their Language; during which

which time, the Emperor frequently hos noured me with his Visits, and was pleafed to affift my Masters in teaching me. We began already to converse together in fome fort; and the first Words I learnt were to express my Defire that he would pleafe to give me my Liberty, which I every day repeated on my Knees. His Anfwer, as I could apprehend it, was, that this must be a Work of Time, not to be thought on without the Advice of Council, and that first I must Lumos Kelmin peffo defmar lon Empofo; that is, fwear a Peace with him and his Kingdom. However, that I should be used with all Kindness, and he advised me to acquire by my Patience, and difcreet Behaviour, the good Opinion of himfelf and his Subjects. He defired I would not take it ill if he gave Orders to cer-'tain proper Officers to fearch me; for probably I might carry about me feveral Weapons, which must needs be dangerous things, if they answered the Bulk of fo prodigious a Perfon. I faid, his Majesty fhould

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should be fatisfied, for I was ready to ftrip myfelf, and turn up my Pockets before him. This I delivered part in Words, and part in Signs. He replied, that by the Laws of the Kingdom I must be fearched by two of his Officers; that he knew this could not be done without my Confent and Affistance; that he had fo good an Opinion of my Generofity and Justice, as to trust their Persons in my Hands: That whatever they took from me fhould be returned when I left the Country, or paid for at the Rate which I would fet upon them. I took up the two Officers in my Hands, put them first into my Coat-Pockets, and then into every other Pocket about me, except my two Fobs, and another fecret Pocket I had no mind fhould be fearched, wherein I had fome little Neteffaries that were of no confequence to any but myfelf. In one of my Fobs there was a filver Watch, and in the other a finall Quantity of Gold in a Purfe: These Gentlemen, having Pen Ink and PART I. Paper D

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Paper about them, made an exact Inventory of every thing they faw; and when they had done, defired I would fet them down, that they might deliver it to the Emperor. This Inventory I afterwards. translated into English, and is word for word as follows.

IMPRIMIS, In the right Coat-Pocket of the Great Man Mountain (for fo I interpret the Words Quinbus Fleftrin) after the strictest fearch, we found only one great Piece of coarfe Cloath, large enough to be a Foot-Cloth for your Majesty's chief Room of State. In the left Pocket, we faw a huge Silver Cheft, with a Cover of the fame Metal, which we the Searchers were not able to lift. We defired it should be opened, and one of us stepping into it, found himfelf up to the mid Leg in a fort of Duft, some part whereof flying up to our Faces, fet us both a fneezing for feveral times together. In his right Waistcoat-Pocket, we found a prodigious Bundle of white thin Sub-

Substances, folded one over another, about the Bignels of three Men, tied with a strong Cable, and marked with black Figures: which we humbly conceive to be Writings, every Letter almost half as large as the Palm of our Hands. In the left there was a fort of Engine, from the Back of which were extended twenty long Poles, refembling the Pallifado's before your Majesty's Court; wherewith we conjecture the Man Mountain combs his Head, for we did not always trouble him with Questions, because we found it a great Difficulty to make him understand us. In the large Pocket on the right fide of his middle Cover, (fo I translate the Word Ranfu-Lo, by which they meant my Breeches) we faw a hollow Pillar of Iron, about the length of a Man, fastened to a strong piece of Timber, larger than the Pillar; and upon one fide of the Pillar were huge Pieces of Iron sticking out, cut into strange Figures, which we know not what to make of. In the left Pocket, another Engine D 2 of

of the fame kind. In the fmaller Pocket on the right fide, were feveral round flat Pieces of white and red Metal, of different Bulk; fome of the white, which feemed to be Silver, were fo large and heavy, that my Comrade and I could hardly, lift them. In the left Pocket were two black Pillars irregularly shaped: we could not, without Difficulty reach the Top of them as we flood at the Bottom of his Pocket. One of them was covered, and feemed all of a Piece: But at the upper End of the other, there appeared a white round Substance, about twice the bignefs.of our Heads. Within each of these was inclosed a prodigious Plate of Steel; which, by our Orders, we obliged him to fhew us, becaufe we apprehended they might be dangerous He took them out of their Engines. Cafes, and told us, that in his own Country his Practice was to fhave his Beard with one of these, and to cut his Meat with the other. There were two Pockets which we could not enter: Thefe he called

called his Fobs; they were two large Slits cut into the top of his middle Cover, but fqueez'd clofe by the preflure of his Belly. Out of the right Fob hung a great filver Chain, with a wonderful kind of Engine at the bottom. We directed him to draw out whatever was fastened to that Chain; which appeared to be a Globe, half Silver, and half of fome transparent Metal : For on the transparent fide we faw certain strange Figures circularly drawn, and thought we could touch them, till we found our Fingers stopped by that lucid Substance. He put this Engine to our Ears, which made an inceffant Noife like that of a Water-Mill. And we conjecture it is either fome unknown Animal, or the God that he worfhips: But we are more inclined to the latter Opinion, becaufe he affured us, (if we understood him right, for he exprefled himfelf very imperfectly) that he feldom did any thing without confulting it. He called it his Oracle, and faid it pointed out the Time for every Ac-D3, tion

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tion of his Life. From the left Fob he took out a Net almost large enough for a Fisherman, but contrived to open and shut like a Purse, and served him for the same use: We found therein several massy Pieces of yellow Metal, which is they be real Gold, must be of immense Yalue.

HAVING thus, in obedience to your Majesty's Commands, diligently fearched all his Pockets, we observed a Girdle about his Waist made of the Hide of fome prodigious Animal; from which, on the left Side, hung a Sword of the length of five Men; and on the right, a Bag or Pouch divided into two Cells, each Cell capable of holding three of your Majesty's Subjects. In one of these Cells were feveral Globes or Balls of a most ponderous Metal, about the bigness of our Heads, and required a ftrong Hand to lift them: The other Cell contained a Heap of certain black Grains, but of no great Bulk 0ŗ

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or Weight, for we could hold above fifty of them in the Palms of our Hands.

THIS is an exact Inventory of what we found about the Body of the Man-Mountain, who used us with great Civility, and due Respect to your Majesty's Commission. Signed and Sealed on the fourth Day of the eighty ninth Moon of your Majesty's auspicious Reign.

Clefren Frelock, Marsi Frelock.

WHEN this Inventory was read over to the Emperor, he directed me, although in very gentle Terms, to deliver up the feveral Particulars. He first called for my Scymiter, which I took out, Scabbard and all. In the mean time he ordered three thousand of his choicest Troops (who then attended him) to furround me at a distance, with their Bows and Arrows just ready to discharge: but I did not observe it, for mine Eyes were wholly fixed upon his Majesty. He then desired me to draw my Scymiter, which, D 4 alAVOYAGE

although it had got fome Ruft by the Sea-Water, was in most parts exceeding bright. I did fo, and immediately all the Troops gave a Shout between Terror and Surprize; for the Sun fhone clear, and the Reflexion dazled their Eyes as I waved the Scymiter two and fro in my Hand. His Majesty, who is a most magnanimous Prince, was lefs danted than I could expect: he ordered me to return it into the Scabbard, and caft in on the Ground as gently as I could, about fix Foot from the end of my Chain. The next thing he demanded, was one of the hollow Iron Pillars, by which he meant my Pocket-Pistols. I drew it out, and at his defire, as well as I could, expressed to him the Ufe of it; and charging it only with Powder, which by the closeness of my Pouch happened to efcape wetting in the Sea, (an Inconvenience against which all prudent Mariners take fpecial care to provide) I first cautioned the Emperor not to he afraid, and then I let it off in the Air. The Aftonishment here was much greater than

than at the fight of my Scymiter. Hundreds fell down as if they had been ftruck dead; and even the Emperor, although he flood his Ground, could not recover himfelf in fome time. I delivered up both my Pistols in the fame Manner, as I had done my Scymiter, and then my Pouch of Powder and Bullets; begging him that the former might be kept from the Fire, for it would kindle with the fmalleft Spark, and blow up his Imperial Palace into the Air. I likewife dolivered up my Watch, which the Emperor was very curious to fee, and commanded two of his talleft Yeomen of the Guards to bear it on a Pole upon their fhoulders, as Dray-Men in *England* do a Barrel of Ale. He was amazed at the continual Noife it made, and the Motion of the Minute-Hand, which he could eafily difcern; for their Sight is much more acute than ours: and asked the Opinions of his learned Men about him, which were various and remote, as the Reader may well imagine without my repeating; although indeed

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I could not very perfectly understand them. I then gave up my Silver and Copper Money, my Purse with nine large Pieces of Gold, and some smaller ones; my Knife and Razor, my Comb and Silver Snuff-Box, my Handkerchief and Journal Book. My Scymiter, Pistols, and Pouch, were conveyed in Carriages to his Majesty's Stores; but the rest of my Goods were returned me.

I had, as I before obferved, one private Pocket which escaped their Search, wherein there was a pair of Spectacles (which I fometimes use for the Weakness of mine Eyes) a Pocket Perspective, and several other little Conveniences; which being of no consequence to the Emperor, 1 did not think my self bound in Honour to discover, and I apprehended they might be lost or spoiled if I ventured them out of my Possession.

СНАР.



CHAP III.

The Author diverts the Emperor and his Nobility of both Sexes in a very uncommon Manner. The Diversions of the Court of Lilliput described. The Author has his Liberty granted him upon certain Conditions.



Y Gentlenefs and good Behaviour had gained fo far on the Emperor and his Court, and indeed upon the Army and Peo-

ple in general, that I began to conceive Hopes of getting my Liberty in a fhort time. I took all poffible Methods to cultivate this favourable Difpolition. The Natives came by degrees to be lefs apprehenfive of any Danger from me. I would fometimes lie down, and let five or fix AVOYAGE

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fix of them dance on my Hand. And at last the Boys and Girls would venture to come and play at Hide and Seek in my I had now made a good Progrefs Hair. in understanding and speaking their Language. The Emperor had a mind one day to entertain me with feveral of the Country Shows, wherein they exceed all Nations I have known, both for Dexterity and Magnificence. I was diverted with none fo much as that of the Rope-Dancers, performed upon a flender white Thread, extended about two Foot, and twelve Inches from the Ground. Upon which I shall defire liberty, with the Reader's Patience, to enlarge a little.

THIS Diversion is only practifed by those Persons who are Candidates for great Employments, and high Favour, at Court. They are trained in this Art from their Youth, and are not always of noble Birth, or liberal Education. When a great Office is vacant either by Death or Difgrace (which often happens) five or

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or fix of those Candidates petition the Emperor to entertain his Majefty and the Court with a Dance on the Rope, and whoever jumps the highest without falling, fucceeds in the Office. Very often the Chief Ministers themfelves are commanded to fhew their Skill, and to convince the Emperor that they have not loft their Faculty. Flimnap, the Treasurer, is allowed to cut a Caper on the strait Rope. at least an Inch higher than any other Lord in the whole Empire. I have feen him do the Summerfet feveral times together upon a Trencher fixed on the Rope, which is no thicker than a common Packthread in England. My Friend Reldre-(al, principal Secretary for private Affairs, is, in my Opinion, if I am not partial, the fecond after the Treasurer : the rest of the great Officers are much upon a Par.

THESE Diversions are often attended with fatal Accidents, whereof great Numbers are on Record. I my felf have feen two or three Candidates break a Limb. But A VOYAGE

But the Danger is much greater when the Ministers themselves are commanded to shew their Dexterity; for by contending to excel themselves and their Fellows, they strain so far, that there is hardly one of them who hath not received a Fall, and some of them two or three. I was assured that a Year or two before my Arrival, *Flimmap* would have infallibly broke his Neck, if one of the King's Cushions, that accidentally lay on the Ground, had not weakened the Force of his Fall.

THERE is likewife another Diversion which is only shewn before the Emperor and Empress, and first Minister, upon particular Occasions. The Emperor lays on a Table three fine filken Threads of fix Inches long. One is Purple, the other Yellow, and the third White. These Threads are proposed as Prizes for those Persons whom the Emperor hath a mind to distinguish by a peculiar Mark of his Fayour. The Ceremony is performed in his Majesty's great Chamber of State, where

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where the Candidates are to undergo a Tryal of Dexterity very different from the former, and fuch as I have not obferved the least Refemblance of in any other Country of the old or the new World. The Emperor holds a Stick in his Hands, both ends parallel to the Horizon, while the Candidates advancing one by one, fometimes leap over the Stick, fometimes creep under it backwards and forwards feveral times, according as the Stick is advanced or depressed. Sometimes the Emperor holds one end of the Stick, and his first Minister the other; fometimes the Minister has it entirely to himfelf. Whoever performs his Part with most Agility, and holds out the longest in leaping and creeping, is rewarded with the Purple coloured Silk; the Yellow is given to the next, and the White to the third, which they all were girt twice round about the middle; and you fee few great Perfons about this Court, who are not adorned with one of these Girdles.

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A VOYAGE

THE Horfes of the Army, and those of the royal Stables, having been daily led before me, where no longer fhy, but would come up to my very Feet without starting. The Riders would leap them over my Hand as I held it on the Ground, and one of the Emperor's Huntimen, upon a large Courler, took my Foot, Shoe and all; which was indeed a prodigious Leap. I had the good fortune to divert the Emperor one Day after a very extraordinary manner. I defired he would order several Sticks of two Foot high, and the thickness of an ordinary Cane, to be brought me; whereupon his Majesty commanded the Master of his Woods to give Directions accordingly, and the next Morning fix Wood-men arrived with as many Carriages, drawn by eight Horfes to each. I took nine of thefe Sticks, and fixing them firmly in the Ground in a Quadrangular Figure, two foot and a half I took four other Sticks, and Square. tied them parallel at each Corner, about two

two foot from the Ground; then I fastned my Handkerchief to the nine Sticks that flood erect, and extended it on all fides till it was as tight as the top of a Drum; and the four parallel Sticks rifing about five Inches higher than the Handkerchief, scrved as Ledges on each fide. When I had finished my Work, I defired the Emperor to let a Troop of his best Horse, twenty four in number, come and exercife upon this Plain. His Majesty approved of the Proposal, and I took them up one by one in my hands, ready mounted and armed, with the proper Officers to exercife them. As foon as they got into order, they divided into two Parties, performed mock Skirmishes, discharged blunt Arrows, drew their Swords, fled and purfued, attacked and retired, and in fhort discovered the best Military Discipline I ever beheld. The parallel Sticks fecured them and their Horses from falling over the Stage; and the Emperor was fo much delighted, that he ordered this Entertainment to be re-PART I. E peated

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peated several days, and once was pleased to be lifted up, and give the word of Command; and, with great difficulty, perfuaded even the Empress her felf to let me hold her in her clofe Chair within two Yards of the Stage, from whence fhe was able to take a full View of the whole. Performance. It was my good fortune that no ill Accident happened in these Entertainments, only once a fiery Horfe that belonged to one of the Captains pawing with his Hoof struck a Hole in my Handkerchief, and his Foot flipping, he overthrew his Rider and himfelf; but I immediately relieved them both, and covering the Hole with one Hand, I fet down the Troop with the other, in the same manner as I took them up. The Horse that fell was strained in the left Shoulder, but the Rider got no hurt, and I repaired my Handkerchief as well as I could; however, I would not truft to the Strength of it any more in fuch dangerous Enterprizes.

· A BOUT

ABOUT two or three days before I was fet at liberty, as I was entertaining the Court with these kind of Feats, there arrived an Express to inform his Majesty, that fome of his Subjects riding near the Place where I was first taken up, had seen a great black Substance lying on the Ground very oddly shaped, extending its Edges round as wide as his Majefty's Bedchamber, and rifing up in the middle as high as a Man; that it was no living Creature, as they at first apprehended, for it lay on the Grass without Motion, and fome of them had walked round it feveral times: That by mounting upon each other's Shoulders, they had got to the top, which was flat and even, and ftamping upon it they found it was hollow within; that they humbly conceived it might be fomething belonging to the Man-Mountain, and if his Majesty pleased, they would undertake to bring it with only five Horfes. I prefently knew what they meant, and was glad at heart to re-'E 2 ceive

ceive this Intelligence. It feems upon my first reaching the Shore after our Shipwreck, I was in fuch confusion, that before I came to the Place where I went to fleep, my Hat which I had fastned with a String to my Head while I was rowing, and had fluck on all the time I was fwimming, fell off after I came to Land; the String, as I conjecture, breaking by fome Accident which I never observed, but thought my Hat had been loft at Sea. I intreated his Imperial Majefty to give Orders it might be brought to me as foon as possible, describing to him the Use and the Nature of it : And the next Day the Waggoners arrived with it, but not in a very good condition; they had bored two Holes in the Brim, within an Inch and half of the Edge, and fastned two Hooks in the Holes; these Hooks were tyed by a long Cord to the Harness, and thus my Hat was dragged along for above half an English Mile: but the Ground in that Country being extremely fmooth and level, it receiv'd lefs Damage than I expected. Two

Two Davs after this Adventure, the Emperor having ordered that Part of his Army which quarters in and about his Metropolis to be in a readiness, took a fancy of diverting himfelf in a very fin-He defired I would stand gular manner. like a Coloffus, with my Legs as far afunder as I conveniently could. He then commanded his General, (who was an old experienced Leader, and a great Patron of mine) to draw up the Troops in close Order, and march them under me, the Foot by Twenty-four in a Breaft, and the Horfe by Sixteen, with Drums beating, Colours flying, and Pikes advanced. This Body confifted of three thousand Foot, and a thousand Horse. His Majefty gave Orders, upon pain of Death. that every Soldier in his March fhould obferve the strictest Decency, with regard to my Perfon; which, however, could not prevent some of the younger Officers from turning up their Eyes as they paffed under me. And, to confess the Truth, E 3 my

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my Breeches were at that time in fo ill a Condition, that they afforded fome Opportunities for Laughter and Admiration.

I had fent fo many Memorials and Peitions for my Liberty, that his Majefty it length mentioned the Matter first in the Cabinet, and then in a full Council; where it was opposed by none, except Skyresb Bolgolam, who was pleased, without any Provocation, to be my mortal Enemy. But it was carried against him by the whole Board, and confirmed by the Emperor. That Minister was Galbet, or Admiral of the Realm, very much in his Master's Confidence, and a Person well versed in Affairs, but of a morofe and four Complection. However, he was at length perfuaded to comply; but prevailed that the Articles and Conditions upon which I should be set free, and to which I must swear, should be drawn up by himfelf. These Articles were brought to me by Skyre (h Bolgolam in Person, attended by two Under-Secretarys,

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tarys, and several Persons of Distinction. After they were read, I was demanded to fwear to the Performance of them ; first in the manner of my own Country, and afterwards in the method prefcribed by their Laws: which was to hold my right Foot in my left Hand, to place the middle Finger of my right Hand on the Crown of my Head, and my Thumb on the Tip of my right Ear. But because the Reader may perhaps be curious to have fome Idea of the Style and Manner of Expression peculiar to that People, as well as to know the Articles upon which I recovered my Liberty, I have made a Translation of the whole Inftrument word for word, as near as I was able, which I here offer to the Publick.

GOLBASTO MOMAREN EVLAME GUR-DILO SHEFIN MULLY ULLY GUE, moft Mighty Emperor of *Lilliput*, Delight and Terror of the Universe, whose Dominions extend five thousand *Blustrugs*, (about twelve Miles in Circumference) to E 4 the

the Extremitys of the Globe; Monarch of all Monarchs, taller than the Sons of Men; whofe Feet prefs down to the Center, and whofe Head firikes against the Sun: At whofe Nod the Princes of the Earth shake their Knees; pleasant as the Spring, comfortable as the Summer, fruitful as Autumn, dreadful as Winter. His most sublime Majesty propose to the Man-Mountain, lately arrived to our Celestial Dominions, the following Articles, which by a solemn Oath he shall be obliged to perform.

FIRST, The Man-Mountain shall not depart from our Dominions, without our Licence under our Great Seal.

2^d, He shall not prefume to come into our Metropolis, without our express Order; at which time the Inhabitants shall have two hours warning to keep within their doors.

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3^d, THE faid *Man-Mountain* fhall confine his Walks to our principal High Roads, and not offer to walk or lie down in a Meadow or Field of Corn.

4th, As he walks the faid Roads, he fhall take the utmost care not to trample upon the Bodies of any of our loving Subjects, their Horses, or Carriages, nor take any of our said Subjects into his hands, without their own Consent.

5th, IF an Express requires extraordinary Dispatch, the *Man-Mountain* shall be obliged to carry in his Pocket the Mesfenger and Horse a Six Days Journey once in every Moon, and return the faid Mesfenger back (if so required) safe to our Imperial Presence.

 6^{th} H E shall be our Ally against our Enemies in the Island of *Blefuscu*, and do his utmost to destroy their Fleet, which is now preparing to invade Us

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7th, THAT the faid *Man-Mountain* fhall, at his times of leifure, be aiding and affifting to our Workmen, in helping to raife certain great Stones, towards covering the Wall of the principal Park, and other our Royal Buildings.

8th, THAT the faid *Man-Mountain*, fhall, in two Moons time, deliver in an exact Survey of the Circumference of our Dominions by a Computation of his own Paces round the Coaft.

LASTLY, That upon his folemn Oath to observe all the above Articles, the faid *Man-Mountain* shall have a daily Allowance of Meat and Drink sufficient for the Support of 1724 of our Subjects, with free Access to our Royal Person, and other Marks of our Favour, Given at our Palace at *Belfaborac* the twelfth Day of the Ninety-first Moon of our Reign.

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I fwore and fubfcribed to thefe Arties with great Chearfulness and Content, although fome of them were not fo honourable as I could have wished : which proceeded wholly from the Malice of Skyresb Bolgolam the High Admiral: whereupon my Chains were immediately unlocked, and I was at full liberty; the Emperor himfelf in Person did me the Honour to be by at the whole Ceremony. I made my Acknowledgments by profirating myfelf at his Majesty's Feet: But he commanded me to rife; and after many gracious Expressions, which, to avoid the Cenfure of Vanity, I shall not repeat, he added, that he hoped I should prove a useful Servant, and well deferve all the Favours he had already conferred upon me, or might do for the future.

THE Reader may pleafe to observe, that in the last Article for the Recovery of my Liberty, the Emperor stipulates to

to allow me a Quantity of Meat and Drink fufficient for the Support of 1724 Lilliputians. Some time after, asking a Friend at Court how they came to fix on that determinate Number; he told me, that his Majefty's Mathematicians, having taken the Height of my Body by the help of a Quadrant, and finding it to exceed theirs in the Proportion of Twelve to One, they concluded from the Similarity of their Bodies, that mine must contain at least 1724 of theirs, and confequently would require as much Food as was neceffary to support that number of Lilliputians. By which, the Reader may conceive an Idea of the Ingenuity of that People, as well as the prudent and exact Occonomy of fo great a Prince.



CHAP.



CHAP. IV.

Mildendo, the Metropolis of Lilliput, defcribed, together with the Emperor's Palace. A Conversation between the Author and a Principal Secretary, concerning the Affairs of that Empire: The Author's Offers to serve the Emperor in his Wars.



HE first Request I made after I had obtained my Liberty, was, that I might have licence to see *Mil*-

dendo, the Metropolis; which the Emperor eafily granted me, but with a fpecial Charge to do no hurt, either to the Inhabitants, or their Houfes. The People had notice by Proclamation of my defign to vifit the Town. The Wall which encompassed it, is two foot and an half high,

high, and at least eleven Inches broad, fo that a Coach and Horfes may be driven very fafely round it; and it is flanked with ftrong Towers at ten foot diftance. I stept over the great Western Gate, and paffed very gently, and fideling through the two principal Streets, only in myfhort Waiftcoat, for fear of damaging the Roofs and Eves of the Houses with the Skirts of my Coat. · I walked with the utmost Circumspection, to avoid treading on any Stragglers, that might remain in the Streets, although the Orders were very strict, that all People should keep in their Houses, at their own peril. The Garret-windows and Tops of Houses were fo crowded with Spectators, that I thought in all my Travels I had not feen a more populous Place. The City is an exact Square, each fide of the Wall being five hundred foot long. The two great Streets which run crots and divide it into four Quarters, are five foot wide. The Lanes and Alleys which I could not enter, but only viewed them as I passed, are from twelve

twelve to eighteen Inches. The Town is capable of holding five hundred thoufand Souls. The Houfes are from three to five Stories. The Shops and Markets well provided.

THE Emperor's Palace is in the Center of the City, where the two great Streets meet. It is inclosed by a Wall of two foot high, and twenty foot diftant from the Buildings. I had his Majefty's Permission to step over this Wall; and the Space being fo wide between that and the Palace, I could eafily view it on every fide. The outward Court is a Square of forty foot, and includes two other Courts: In the inmost are the Royal Apartments, which I was very defirous to see, but found it extremely difficult; for the great Gates, from one Square into another, were but eighteen Inches high, and feven Inches wide. Now the Buildidgs of the outer Court were at leaft five foot high, and it was impoffible for me to stride over them, without out infinite Damage to the Pile, though the Walls were strongly built of hewn Stone, and four Inches thick. At the fame time the Emperor had a great defire that I should see the Magnificence of his Palace; but this I was not able to do till three Days after, which I spent in cutting down with my Knife fome of the largest Trees in the Royal Park, about an hundred Yards diftant from the City. Of these Trees I made two Stools, each about three foot high, and ftrong enough to bear my Weight. The People having received notice a fecond time, I went again through the City to the Palace, with my two Stools in my Hands. When I came to the fide of the outer Court, I flood upon one Stool, and took the other in my hand : This I lifted over the Roof, and gently fet it down on the Space between the first and second Court, which was eight foot wide. I then ftept over the Buildings very conveniently from one Stool to the other, and drew up the first after me with a hooked Stick. By.

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By this Contrivance I got into the inmoft Court ; and lying down upon my Side, I applied my Face to the Windows of the middle Stories, which were left open on purpofe, and difcovered the moft fplendid Apartments that can be imagined. There I faw the Empress, and the young Princes in their feveral Lodgings, with their chief Attendants about them. Her Imperial Majesty was pleased to fmile very graciously upon me, and gave me out of the Window her Hand to kifs.

B UT I shall not anticipate the Reader with farther Descriptions of this kind, because I referve them for a greater Work, which is now almost ready for the Press, containing a general Description of this Empire, from its first Erection, through a long Series of Princes, with a particular Account of their Wars and Politicks, Laws, Learning, and Religion : their Plants and Animals, their peculiar Manners and Customs, with other Matters very curious and useful; my chief design PART I. F

70 A VOIAGE at prefent being only to relate fuch Eyents and Transactions as happened to the Publick, or to myself, during a Residence of about nine Months in that Empire.

ONE Morning, about a Fortnight after I had obtain'd my Liberty, Keldrefal, Principal Secretary (as they flyle him) of private Affairs, came to my House, attended only by one Servant. He ordered his Coach to wait at a diftance, and defired I would give him an Hour's Audience; which I readily confented to, on account of his Quality, and Personal Merits, as well as the many good Offices he had done me during my Sollicitations at Court. I offered to lie down, that he might the more conveniently reach my Ear; but he chofe rather to let me hold him in my hand during our Conversation. He began with Compliments on my Liberty, faid he might pretend to fome Merit in it : but, however, added, that if it had not been for the present Situ-

Situation of things at Court, perhaps I might not have obtained it so soon. For, faid he, as flourishing a Condition as we may appear to be in to Foreigners, we labour under two mighty Evils; a violent Faction at home, and the Danger of an Invation by a most potent Enemy from abroad. As to 'the first, you are to understand, that for above feventy Moons paft, there have been two ftruggling Parties in this Empire, under the Names of Trameckfan; and Slameckfan, from the high and low Heels on their Shoes, by which they diffinguish themselves. It is alledged indeed, that the high Heels are most agreeable to our ancient Constitution: But however this be, his Majefty hath determined to make use of only low Heels in the Administration of the Government, and all Offices in the Gift of the Crown, as you cannot but obferve; and particularly, that his Majefty's Imperial Heels are lower at least by a Drurr than any of his Court; (Drurr is a Measure about the fourtcenth Part F 2 of

of an Inch.) The Animofitys between these two Partys run so high, that they will neither eat nor drink, nor talk with cach other. We compute the Trameck-(an, or High Heels, to exceed us in number; but the Power is wholly on our fide. We apprehend his Imperial Highncis, the Heir to the Crown, to have fome Tendency towards the High-Heels; at least, we can plainly discover one of his Heels higher than the other, which gives him a Hobble in his Gait. Now, in the midst of these intestine Disquiets, we are threatned with an Invasion from the Island of Blefuscu, which is the other great Empire of the Universe, almost as large and powerful as this of his Majesty. For as to what we have heard you affirm, that there are other Kingdoms and States in the World, inhabited by human Creatures as large as yourfelf, our Philosophers are in much doubt, and would rather conjecture that you dropt from the Moon, or one of the Stars : because it is certain, that an hundred Mortals

tals of your Bulk would, in a fhort time, destroy all the Fruits and Cattle of his Majesty's Dominions. Besides, our Hiftorys of fix thousand Moons make no mention of any other Regions, than the two great Empires of Lilliput and Blefuscu. Which two mighty Powers have, as I was going to tell you, been engaged in a most obstillate War for fix and thirty Moons past. It began upon the following Occasion. It is allowed on all hands, that the primitive way of breaking Eggs before we eat them, was upon the larger End: But his present Majesty's Grandfather, while he was a Boy, going to cat an Egg, and breaking it according to the ancient Practice, happened to cut one of his Fingers. Whereupon the Emperor his Father published an Edict, commanding all his Subjects, upon great Penaltys, to break the smaller End of their Eggs. The People fo highly refented this Law, that our Hiftorys tell us there have been fix Rebellions raifed on that account : wherein one Emperor loft his Life, and F 3 an-

74 A VOINAGE UN

another his Crown. These civil Contmotions were constantly fomented by the Monarchs of Blefuscus and when they wore quelled, the Exiles always fled for Refuge to that Empire. It is computed, that eleven thousand Persons have, at feveral times, fuffered Death, rather than fubmit to break their Eggs at the fmaller End. Many hundred large Volumes have been published upon this Conroversy: But the Books of the Big Endians have been long forbidden, and the whole Party rendred incapable by Law of holding Employment's. During the Course of these. Troubles, the Emperors of Blefuscu did frequently expositulate by their Embassadors, accusing us of making a Schilm in Religion, by offending against a fundamental Doctrine of our great Prophet Luftrog, in the fifty-fourth Chapter of the Blundecrath (which is their Atcoran.) This, however, is thought to be a meer Strain upon the Text : For the Words are these; That all true Believers (ball break their Eggs at the convenient End :

End: and which is the convenient End, seems, in my humble Opinion, to be left to every Man's Confcience, or at least in the power of the Chief Magistrate to determine. Now, the Big-Endian Exiles have found to much Credit in the Emperor of Blefuscu's Court, and so much private Affiftance and Encouragement from their Party here at home, that a bloody War hath been carried on between the two Empires for fix and thirty Moons with various Success; during which time we have lost forty Capital Ships, and a much greater number of smaller Vessels, together with thirty thousand of our best Seamen and Soldiers; and the Damage received by the Enemy is reckon'd to be somewhat greater than Ours. However, they have now equipped a numerous Fleet, and are just preparing to make a Descent upon us; and his Imperial Majefty placing great Confidence in your. Valour and Strength, hath commanded Me to lay this Account of his Affairs before You.

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I defired the Secretary to prefent my humble Duty to the Emperor, and to let him know, that I thought it would not become Me, who was a Foreigner, to interfere with Parties; but I was ready, with the hazard of my Life, to defend his Perfon and State against all Invaders.



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CHAP.

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CHAP. V.

The Author by an extraordinary Stratagem prevents an Invasion. A high Title of Honour is conferred upon him. Embassadors arrive from the Emperor of Blefuscu, and sue for Peace. The Empress's Apartment on fire by an Accident; the Author instrumental in Saving the rest of the Palace.

HE Empire of *Blefuscu* is an Island, situated to the North North-East side of *Lilliput*, from whence it is parted only by a Channel of eight hundred Yards wide. I had not yet seen it, and upon this Notice of an intended Invasion, I avoided appearing on that side of the Coast, for sear of being discovered by some of the Enemy's Ships, who

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who had received no Intelligence of me, all Intercourse between the two Empires having been firictly forbidden during the War, upon pain of Death, and an Embargo laid by our Emperor upon all Veffels whatfoever. I communicated to his Majefty a Project I had formed of feizing the Enemy's whole Fleet : which, as our Scouts affured us, lay at Anchor in the Harbour ready to fail with the first fair Wind. I confulted the most experienced Seamen, upon the Depth of the Channel, which they had often plummed, who told me, that in the middle at Highwater it was seventy Glumgluffs deep, which is about fix Foot of European Meafure; and the reft of it fifty Glumgluffs at moft. I walked towards the North-East Coaft over against Blefufcus and lying down behind a Hillock, took out my fmall Pocket Perfpective+Glafs, and viewed the Enemy's Fleet at Anchor, confifting of about fifty Men of War, and a great Number of Transports: I then came back to my Houfe, and gave Order (for

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(for which I had a Warrant) for a great Quantity of the strongest Cable and Bars of Iron. The Cable was about as thick as Packthread, and the Bars of the length and fize of a Knitting-Needle. I trebled the Cable to make it stronger, and for the same reason I twisted three of the Iron Bars together, binding the Extremitys into a Hook. Having thus fixed fifty Hooks to as many Cables, I went back to the North-East Coaff, and putting off my Coar, Shooes, and Stockins, walked into the Sea in my Leathern Jerkin, about Half an hour before high Water. I wadet with what hafte I could, and fwam in the middle about thirty Yards till I felt ground; I arrived to the Fleet in lefs than half an hour. ' The Enemy was fo' frighted when they faw me, that they leaped out of their Ships, and swam to shore, where there could not be fewer than thirty thousand Souls. I then took my Tackling, and failning a Hook to the hole at the Prow of each, I fyed all the Cords rogether at the End. While I was thus 34 em-

employed, the Enemy discharged several thousand Arrows, many of which fluck in my Hands and Face; and befides the exceffive imart, gave me much disturbance in my Work. My greatest Apprehension was for mine Eyes, which I should have infallibly loft, if I had not fuddenly thought. of an Expedient. I kept among other little Necessarys a pair of Spectacles in a private Pocket, which, as I observed before, had scaped the Emperor's Searchers. These I took out and fastned as strongly as I could upon my Nofe, and thus armed went on boldly with my Work in fpight of the Enemy's Arrows, many of which ftruck against the Glasses of my Spectacles, but without any other Effect, further than a little to discompose them, I had now fastned all the Hooks, and taking the Knot in my hand, began to pull; but not a Ship would flir, for they were all too fast held by their Anchors, so that the bold part of my Enterprize remained, I therefore let go the Cord, and leaving the Hooks fixed to the Ships, I refolutely ćut

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cut with my Knife the Cables that faftned the Anchors, receiving above two hundred Shots in my Face and Hands; then I took up the knotted End of the Cables to which my Hooks were tyed, and with great eafe drew fifty of the Enemy's largeft Men of War after me.

THE Blefuscudians, who had not the least Imagination of what I intended, were at first confounded with Astonishment. They had feen me cut the Cables, and thought my Defign was only to let the Ships run a-drift, or fall foul on each other : but when they perceived the whole Fleet moving in Order, and faw me pulling at the End, they fet up fuch a fcream of Grief and Despair, that it is almost impossible to describe or conceive, When I had got out of danger, I ftopt a while to pick out the Arrows that fluck in my Hands and Face, and rubbed on fome of the fame Ointment that was given me at my first arrival, as I have formerly mentioned. I then took off my Spectacles,

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cles, and waiting about an hour till the Tide was a little fallen, I waded through the middle with my Cargo, and arrived fafe at the Royal Port of Lilliput.

THE Emperor and his whole Court ftood on the Shore expecting the Iffue of this great Adventure. They faw the Ships move forward in a large Half-Moon, but could not discern me, who was up to my Breaft in Water. When I advanced to the middle of the Channel, they were yet more in pain because I was under Water to my Neck. . The Emperor concluded me to be drowned, and that the Enemy's Fleet was approaching in a hoftile manner: But he was foon eafed of his Fears, for the Channel growing Thallower every step I made, I came in a fhort time within hearing, and holding up the end of the Cable by which the Fleet was fastned, I cryed in a loud Voice, Long live the most puissant Emperor of Lilliput ! This great Prince received me at my Landing with all possible Encomiums,

miums, and created me a Nardac upon the spot, which is the highest Title of Honour among them.

HIS Majesty desired I would take fome other Opportunity of bringing all the reft of his Enemy's Ships into his Ports. And so unmeasurable is the Ambition of Princes, that he feemed to think of nothing lefs than reducing the whole Empire of Blefuscu into a Province, and governing it by a Vice-Roy; of deftroying the Big-Endian Exiles, and compelling that People to break the smaller end of their Eggs, by which he would remain the fole Monarch of the whole World. But I endeavour'd to divert him from this Defign, by many Arguments drawn from the Topicks of Policy as well as Justice: And I plainly protested, that I would never be an Inftrument of bringing a Free and Brave People into Slavery. And when the Matter was debated in Council, the wisest part of the Ministry were of my Opinion. ана селот Тніз

THIS open bold Declaration of mine, was fo opposite to the Schemes and Politicks of his Imperial Majefty, that he could never forgive it; he mentioned it in a very artful manner at Council, where I was told that fome of the wifeft appear. ed, at leaft, by their Silence, to be of my Opinion; but others, who were my fecret Enemies, could not forbear some Expreffions, which by a fide-wind reflected on me. And from this time began an Intrigue between his Majefty, and a Junto of Ministers maliciously bent against me, which broke out in less than two Months, and had like to have ended in my utter Destruction. Of so little weight are the greatest Services to Princes, when put into the Ballance with a Refusal to gratify their Passions.

A BOUT three Weeks after this Exploit, there arrived a folemn Embassy from *Blefuscu*, with humble Offers of a Peace; which was soon concluded upon Conditions

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tions very advantageous to our Emperor; wherewith I shall not trouble the Reader. There were fix Ambassadors, with a'Train of about five hundred Persons, and their Entry was very magnificent, fuitable to the Grandeur of their Master, and the Importance of their Business. When their Treaty was finished, wherein I did them feveral good Offices by the Credit I now thad, or at least appeared to have at Court, their Excellencies, who were privately tok how much I had been their Friend, made me a Visit in Form. They began with many Compliments upon my Valour and Generosity, invited me to that Kingdom in the Emperor their Master's Name, and defired me to fhew them fome Proofs of my prodigious Strength, of which they had heard fo many Wonders; wherein I readily obliged them, but shall not trouble the Reader with the Particulars.

WHEN I had for some time entertained their Excellencies to their infinite Satisfaction and Surprize, I defired they PART I. G would

would do me the Honour to prefent my most humble Respects to the Emperor their Master, the Renown of whole Virtures had fo justly filled the whole World with Admiration, and whole Royal Perfon I refolved to attend before I returned to my own Country: accordingly, the next time I had the honour to fee our Emperor, I defired hisgeneral Licence to wait on the Blefuscudian Monarch, which he was pleas'd to grant me, as I could plainly perceive, in a very cold manner; but could not guess the Reason, till I had a Whilper: from a certain Person, that Flimmap and Bolgolam had represented my Intercourse with those Ambassadors as a mark of Difaffection, from which I am fure my Heart was wholly free. And this was the first time I began to conceive some imperfect Idea of Courts and Ministers.

It is to be observed, that these Ambassadors spoke to me by an Interpreter, the Languages of both Empires differing as much from each other as any two in Europe,

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Europe, and each Nation priding itself upon the Antiquity, Beauty, and Energy of their own Tongues, with an avowed Contempt for that of their Neighbour ; vet our Emperor standing upon the advantage he had got by the feifure of their Fleet, obliged them to deliver their Credentials, and make their Speech in the Lilliputian Tongue. And it must be confelled, that from the great Intercourse of Trade and Commerce between both Realms, from the continual Reception of Exiles, which is mutual among them, and from the Cuftom in each Empire to fend their young Nobility and richer Gentry to the other, in order to polifh themfelves by feeing the World, and understanding Men and Manners ; there are few Perfons of Diffinction, or Merchants, or Seamen, who dwell in the Maritime Parts, but what can hold Conversation in both Tongues; as I found fome Weeks after, when I went to pay my respects to the Emperor of Blefuscu, which in the midst of great Misfortunes, through the Malice of G 2 my

my Encmies, proved a very happy Adventure to me, as I shall relate in its proper place.

THE Reader may remember, that when I figned those Articles upon which I recovered my Liberty, there were fome which I difliked upon account of their being too fervile, neither could any thing but an extrcme Neceffity have forced me to fub-But being now a Nardac, of the mit. highest Rank in that Empire, such Offices were looked upon as below my Dignity, and the Emperor (to do him Juffice) never once mentioned them to me. However, it was not long before I had an Opportunity of doing his Majesty, at least. as I then thought, a most fignal Service. I was alarmed at Midnight with the Cries of many hundred People at my Door; by which being fuddenly awaked, I was in some kind of Terror. I heard the word Burglum repeated inceffantly: feveral of the Emperor's Court making their Way through the Croud, intreated me

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me to come immediately to the Palace, where her Imperial Majesty's Apartment was on fire, by the carelessness of a Maid of Honour, who fell afleep while fhe was reading a Romance. I got up in an instant; and Orders being given to clear the way before me, and it being likewife a Moon-shine Night, I made a fhift to get to the Palace without trampling on any of the People. I found they had already applied Ladders to the Walls of the Apartment, and were well provided with Buckets, but the Water was at some distance. These Buckets were about the fize of a large Thimble, and the poor People supplied me with them as fast as they could; but the Flame was fo violent, that they did little good, I might eafily have flifed it with my Coat, which I unfortunately left behind me for hafte, and came away only in my Leathern Jerkin. The Cafe feemed wholly defperate and deplorable, and this magnificent Palace would have infallibly been burnt down to the ground, if, by a Presence G 3 of

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AVOTAGE

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of Mind, unufual to me, I had not fuddenly thought of an Expedient. I had the Evening before drank plentifully of a most delicious Wine, called Glimigrim, (the Blefuscudians call it Flunec, but ours is effeemed the better fort) which is very diuretick. By the luckiest Chance in the World, I had not discharged myfelf of any part of it. The Heat I had contracted by coming very near the Flames, and by my labouring to quench them, made the Wine begin to operate by Urine; which I voided in fuch a Quantity, and applied fo well to the proper Places, that in three Minutes the Fire was wholly extinguished, and the reft of that noble Pile, which had coft fo many Ages in crecting, preferved from Deftruction.

It was now Day-light, and I returned to my Houfe, without waiting to congratulate with the Emperor; becaufe, although I had done a very eminent piece of Service, yet I could not tell how his Majefty

jefty might refent the manner by which I had performed it : For, by the fundamental Laws of the Realm, it is Capital in any Person, of what Quality soever, to make water within the Precincts of the Palace. But I was a little comforted by a Meffage from his Majefty, that he would give Orders to the Grand Jufficiary for paffing my Pardon in form; which, however, I could not obtain. And I was privately affured, the Empress conceiving the greatest Abhorrence of what I had done, removed to the most distant fide of the Court, firmly refolved that those Buildings should never be repaired for her Use; and, in the presence of her chief Confidents, could not forbear vowing Revenge.

CHAP.

Q2 CA VOXAGENT



CHAP. VI.

Of the Inhabitants of Lilliput; their Learning, Laws, and Customs, the Manner of Educating their Children. The Author's way of living in that Country. His Vindication of a great Lady.



A Description of this Empire to a particular Treatile, yet in the mean time I am content to gra-

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tify the curious Reader with fome general Ideas. As the common Size of the Natives is fomewhat under fix Inches high, fo there is an exact Proportion in all other Animals, as well as Plants and Trees: For inftance, the talleft Horfes and Oxen are between four and five Inches

ches in height, the Sheep an Inch and a half, more or less; their Geese about the bigness of a Sparrow, and so the several Gradations downwards, till you come to. the fmallest, which, to my fight, were almost invisible; but Nature hath adapted the Eyes of the Lilliputians to'all Objects proper for their view : They fee with great exactness, but at no great diftance. And to fhow the fharpness of their Sight toward Objects that are near, I have been much pleafed observing a Cook pulling a Lark, which was not fo large as a common Fly; and a young Girl threading an invisible Needle with invisible Silk. Their tallest Trees are about seven foot high: I mean fome of those in the great Royal Park, the Tops whereof I could but just reach with my Fist clenched. The other Vegetables are in the fame Proportion; but this I leave to the Reader's Imagination.

I fhall fay but little at prefent of their Learning, which for many Ages hath flourished

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THEY bury their Dead with their Heads directly downwards, becaufe they hold an Opinion, that in eleven thoufand Moons they are all to rife again, in which Period the Earth (which they conceive to be flat) will turn upfide down, and by this means they fhall, at their Refurrection, be found ready flanding on their Feet. The Learned among them confels the Abfurdity of this Doctrine, but the Practice flill continues, in compliance to the Vulgar.

THERE are fome Laws and Cuftoms in this Empire very peculiar; and if they were

were not to directly contrary to those of my own dear Country, I should be tempted to fay a little in their justification. It is only to be wished, that they were as well executed. The first I shall mention, relates to Informers. All Crimes against the State are punished here with the utmost severity; but if the Person accused maketh his Innocence plainly to appear upon his Tryal, the Accuser is immediately put to an ignominious Death; and out of his Goods or Lands, the innocent Perfon is quadruply recompensed for the Loss of his Time, for the Danger he underwent, for the Hardship of his Imprisonment, and for all the Charges he hath been at in making his Defence. Or, if that Fund be deficient, it is largely fupplyed by the Crown. The Emperor does also confer on him some publick Mark of his Favour, and Proclamation is made of his Innocence through the whole City.

THEY look upon Fraud as a greater Crime than Theft, and therefore feldom fail

fail to punish it with, Death ; for they alledge, that Care and Vigilance, with a vory common Understanding, may preferve a Man's Goods from Thieves, but Honefty has no fence against fuperior Cunning: and fince it is necessary that there should be a perpetual Intercourse of Buying and Selling, and dealing upon Credit, where Fraud is permitted or connived at, or hath no Law to punish it, the honest Dealer is always undone, and the Knave gets the advantage. I remember when I was once interceeding with the King for a Criminal who had wronged his Master of a great Sum of Money, which he had received by Order, and ran away with; and happening to tell his Majefty, by way of Extenuation, that it was only a Breach of Trust; the Emperor thought it monstrous in me to offer, as a Defence, the greatest Aggravation of the Crime: and truly I had little to fay in return, farther than the common Answer, that different Nations had different Customs ; for, I confess, I was heartily ashamed.

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ALTHOUGH we usually call Reward and Punishment the two Hinges upon which all Government turns, yet I could never observe this Maxim to be put in practice by any Nation except that of Lilliput. Whoever can there bring fufficient Proof that he hath ftrictly observed the Laws of his Country for feventy three Moons, hath a claim to certain Privileges, according to his Quality and Condition of Life, with a proportionable Sum of Money out of a Fund appropriated for that Use : He likewise acquires the Title of Snilpall, or Legal, which is added to his Name, but does not descend to his Posterity. And these People thought it a prodigious Defect of Policy among us, when I told them that our Laws were enforced only by Penalties without any mention of Reward. It is upon this account that the Image of Juffice, in their Courts of Judicature, is formed with fix' Eyes, two before, as many behind, and on each fide one, to fignify Circumfpcction;

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fpection; with a Bag of Gold open in her Right Hand, and a Sword sheathed in her Left, to shew the is more disposed to Reward than to Punish.

IN chusing Persons for all Employments, they have more regard to good Morals than to great Abilities; for, fince Government is necessary to Mankind, they believe that the common Size of Human Understandings, is fitted to some Station or other, and that Providence never intended to make the Management of publick Affairs a Mystery, to be comprehended only by a few Persons of sublime Genius, of which there feldom are three born in an Age : but they fuppose Truth, Juffice, Temperance, and the like, to be in every Man's power; the Practice of which Virtues, affisted by Experience and a good Intention, would qualify any Man for the fervice of his Country, except where a Course of Study is required. But they thought the want of Moral Virtues was to far from being fupplyed by fuperior

- perior Endowments of the Mind, that Employments could never be put into fuch dangerous Hands as those of Persons fo qualify'd; and at least, that the Miftakes committed by Ignorance in a virtuous Disposition, would never be of such fatal Consequence to the Publick Weal, as the Practices of a Man whose Inclinations led him to be corrupt, and had great Abilities to manage and multiply, and defend his Corruptions.

IN like manner, the Disbelief of a Divine Providence renders a Man uncapable of holding any Publick Station; for funce Kings avow themfelves to be the Deputies of Providence, the *Lilliputians* think nothing can be more abfurd than for a Prince to employ fuch Men as difown the Authority under which he acts.

IN relating these and the following Laws, I would only be understood to mean the original Institutions, and not the most scandalous Corruptions into which

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which these People are fallen by the degenerate Nature of Man. For as to that infamous Practice of acquiring great Employments by dancing on the Ropes, or Badges of Favour and Distinction by leaping over Sticks, and creeping under them, the Reader is to observe, that they were first introduced by the Grand-father of the Emperor now reigning, and grew to the present height, by the gradual increase of Party and Faction.

INGRATITUDE is among them a . capital Crime, as we read it to have been in fome other Countries; for they reafon thus, that whoever makes ill Returns to his Benefactor, must needs be a common Enemy to the rest of Mankind, from whom he hath received no Obligation, and therefore such a Manis not fit to live.

THEIR Notions relating to the Dutics of Parents and Children differ extremely from ours. For, fince the Conjunction of Male and Female is founded upon

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upon the great Law of Nature, in order to propagate and continue the Species, the Lilliputians will needs have it, that Men and Women are joined together like other Animals, by the Motives of Concupifcence; and that their Tenderness towards their Young proceeds from the like natural Principle : for which reafon they will never allow, that a' Child is under any Obligation to his Father for begetting him, or his Mother for bringing him into the World; which, confidering the Miferies of human Life, was neither a Benefit in it felf, or intended fo by his Parents, whofe Thoughts in their Love-Encounters were otherwife employ'd: Upon thefe, and the like Reasonings, their Opinion is, that Parents are the last of all others to be trufted with the Education of their own Children : and therefore they have in every Town publick Nurferies, where all Parents, except Cottagers and Labourers, are obliged to fend their Infants of both Sexes to be reared and educated when they come to the Age of PART I. H twenty

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twenty Moons, at which time, they are fuppofed to have fome Rudiments of Docility. Thefe Schools are of feveral kinds, fuited to different Qualities, and to both Sexes. They have certain Profeffors well skilled in preparing Children for fuch a condition of Life as befits the Rank of their Parents, and their own Capacities as well as Inclinations. I fhall firft fay fomething of the Male Nurferies, and then of the Female.

THE Nurferies for Males of Noble or Eminent Birth, are provided with Grave • and Learned Professions, and their several Deputies. The Clothes and Food of the Children are plain and simple. They are bred up in the Principles of Honour, Justice, Courage, Modesty, Clemency, Religion, and Love of their Country; they are always employed in some Business, except in the times of Eating and Sleeping, which are very short, and two Hours for Diversions, confisting of bodily Exercises. They are dressed by Men till

till four Years of Age, and then are obliged to drefs themfelves, although their Quality be ever fo great; and the Women Attendants, who are aged proportionably to ours at fifty, perform only the most menial Offices. They are never suffered to converse with Servants, but go together in fmall or greater numbers to take their Diversions, and always in the prefence of a Professor, or one of his Deputies, whereby they avoid those carly had Impressions of Folly and Vice. to which our Children are subject. Their Parents are fuffered to fee them only twice a Year; the Visit is to last but an hour. They are allowed to kifs the Child at Meeting and Parting; but a Profeffor, who always frands by on those occations, will not fuffer them to whilper, or use any fondling Expressions, or bring any Prefents of Toys, Sweet-meats, and the like.

THE Pension from each Family for the Education and Entertainment of a H 2 Child

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Child, upon failure of due payment, is levyed by the Emperor's Officers.

THE Nurferics for Children of ordinary Gentlemen, Merchants; Traders, and Handicrafts, are managed proportionably after the fame manner; only those defigned for Trades, are put out Apprentices at Eleven years old, whereas those of Persons of Quality continue in their Nurferies till Fifteen; which answers to One and Twenty with us: but the Gonfinement is gradually lessend for the Haft three Years.

In the Female Nurferies, the young Girls of Quality are educated much like the Males, only they are dreffed by orderly Servants of their own Sex, but always in the prefence of a Profession or Deputy, till they come to drefs themfelves, which is at five Years old. And if it be found that these Nurses ever prefume to entertain the Girls with frightful or foolish Stories, or the common Follies practifed

practifed by Chamber-Maids among us, they are publickly whipped thrice about the City, imprisoned for a Year, and banished for Life to the most defolate Part of the Country. Thus the young Ladies there are as much ashamed of being Cowards and Fools, as the Men, and defpise all perfonal Ornaments beyond Decency and Cleanlinefs: Neither did I perceive any Difference in their Education; made by their Difference of Sex, only that the Exercises of the Females were not altogether fo robuft; and that fome Rules were given them relating to - domeftick Life, and a smaller Compass of Learning was enjoined them : For the Maxim is, that among People of Quality, a Wife should be always a reasonable and agreeable Companion, becaufe fhe cannot always be young. When the Girls are twelve Years old, which among them is the marriageable Age, their Parents or Guardians take them home, with great Expressions of Gratitude to the Professors, and seldom without Tears H 3 of

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of the young Lady and her Companions.

In the Nurferies of Females of the meaner fort, the Children are inftructed in all kinds of Works proper for their Sex, and their feveral degrees: Those intended for Apprentices, are disinified at nineYears old; the rest are kept to thirteen.

THE meaner Families, who have Children at these Nurseries, are obliged, befides their annual Penfion, which is as low as possible, to return to the Steward of the Nursery a small monthly Share of their Gettings, to be a Portion for the Child; and therefore all Parents are limited in their Expences by For the Lilliputians think the Law. nothing can be more unjust, than for People, in subservience to their own Appetites, to bring Children into the World, and leave the Burthen of fupporting them on the Publick. As to Perfons of Qua. lity, they give Security to appropriate a cer-

certain Sum for each Child, fuitable to their Condition; and thefe Funds are always managed with good Husbandry, and the most exact Justice.

THE Cottagers and Labourers keep their Children at home, their Business being only to till and cultivate the Earth, and therefore their Education is of little consequence to the Publick; but the Old and Diseased among them are supported by Hospitals: for Begging is a Trade unknown in this Kingdom.

AND here it may perhaps divert the curious Reader, to give fome account of my Domestick, and my manner of living in this Country, during a Residence of nine Months and thirteen Days, Having a Head mechanically turned, and being likewise forced by necessity, I had made for myself a Table and Chair convenient enough, out of the largest Trees in the Royal Park. Two hundred Sempstress were employed to make me Shirts, H 4 and

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and Linnen for my Bed and Table, all of the strongest and coarsest kind they could get; which, however, they were forced to quilt together in feveral Folds, for the thickeft was some degrees finer than Their Linnen is ufually three In-Lawn. ches wide, and three Foot make a Piece. The Sempftreffes took my Measure as I lay on the ground, one standing at my Neck, and another at my Mid Leg, with a ftrong Cord extended, that each held by the end, while the third measured the length of the Cord with a Rule of an Inch long. Then they meafured my right Thumb, and defired no more; for by a mathematical Computation, that twice round the Thumb' is once round the Wrift, and so on to the Neck and the Waist, and by the help of my old Shirt, which I displayed on the Ground before them for a Pattern, they fitted me exactly. Three hundred Taylors were employed in the fame manner to make me Clothes; but they had another Contrivance for taking my Measure. I kneeled down,

down, and they raifed a Ladder from the Ground to my Neck ; upon this Ladder one of them mounted, and let fall a Plum-Line from my Collar to the Floor, which just answered the length of my Coat ; but my Waist and Arms I measured myfelf. When my Clothes were finished, which was done in my House, (for the largest of theirs would not be able to hold them) they looked like the Patch-Work made by the Ladies in *England*, only that mine were all of a Colour.

I had three hundred Cooks to drefs my Victuals, in little convenient Huts built about my Houfe, where they and their Families lived, and prepared me two Difhes a-piece. I took up twenty Waiters in my Hand, and placed them on the Table, an hundred more attended below on the Ground, fome with Difhes of Meat, and fome with Barrels of Wine, and other Liquors, flung on their Shoulders; all which the Waiters above drew up as I wanted, in a very ingenious manner, 110 A VOYAGE

ner, by certain Cords, as we draw the Bucket up a Well in Europe. A Dish of their Meat was a good Mouthful, and a Barrel of their Liquor a reasonable Draught. Their Mutton yields to ours, but their Beef is excellent. I have had a Sirloin so large, that I have been forced to make three Bits of it; but this is rare. My Servants were aftonished to see me eat it Bones and all, as in our Country we do the Leg of a Lark. Their Geefe and Turkeys I usually eat at a Mouthful, and I must confess they far exceed ours. Of their smaller Fowl I could take up twenty or thirty at the end of my Knife.

ONE day his Imperial Majefty being informed of my way of living, defired that himfelf, and his Royal Confort, with the young Princes of the Blood of both Sexes, might have the Happiness (as he was pleased to call it) of dining with me, They came accordingly, and I placed 'em upon Chairs of State on my Table, just over-

to LULLIPUT. fit

over-against me, with their Guards about them. Flimnap the Lord High Treasurer attended there likewife, with his white Staff: and I observed he often looked on me with a four Countenance, which I would not feem to regard, but est more than usual, in honour to my dear Country, as well as to fill the Court with Admiration. I have fome private Reafons to believe, that this Visit from his Majesty gave Flimnap an opportunity of doing me ill Offices to his Mafter. That Minister had always been my secret Enemy, though he outwardly carefied me more than was usual to the Morofeneis of his Nature. He represented to the Emperor the low Condition of his Treafury; that he was forced to take up Money at great Discount; that Exchequer Bills would not circulate under nine per Cent. below Par; that in fhort I had coft his Majefty above a Million and a half of Sprugs, (their greatest Gold Coin, about the bigness of a Spangle 3) and upon the whole, that it would be adviscable in the Em-

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Emperor to take the first fair Occasion of difmissing me.

I am here obliged to vindicate the Reputation of an excellent Lady, who was an innocent Sufferer upon my account. The Treasurer took a fancy to be jealous of his Wife, from the Malice of fome Evil Tongues, who informed him that her Grace had taken a violent Affection for my Person, and the Court-Scandal ran for some time, that she once came privately to my Lodging, This I folemnly declare to be a most infamous Falfhood, without any Grounds, farther than that her Grace was pleafed to treat me with all innocent Marks of Freedom and Friendship. I own she came often to my House, but always publickly, nor ever without three more in the Coach, who were usually her Sifter and young-Daughter, and fome particular Acquaintance; but this was common to many other Ladies of the Court. And I still appeal to my Servants round, whether they

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they at any time faw a Coach at my Door without knowing what Perfons were in it. On those Occasions, when a Servant had given me notice, my Cuftom was to go immediately to the Door : and, after paying my Respects, to take up the Coach and two Horfes very carefully in my Hands, (for if there were fix Horses, the Postillion always unharnessed four) and place them on a Table, where I had fixed a moveable Rim quite round, of five Inches high, to prevent Accidents. And I have often had four Coaches and Horfes at once on my Table full of Company, while I fate in my Chair, leaning my Face towards them; and when I was engaged with one Sett, the Coachmen would gently drive the others round my Table. I have paffed many an Afternoon very agreeably in these Conversations. But I defy the Treasurer, or his two Informers, (I will name them, and let 'em' make their best of it) Clustril and Drunlo, to prove that any Person ever came to me incognito, except the Secretary Reldresal,

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dresal, who was sent by express Command of his Imperial Majefty, as I have before related. I should not have dwelt fo long upon this Particular, if it had not been a Point wherein the Reputation of a great Lady is fo nearly concerned, to fay nothing of my own; though I had then the Honour to be a Nardac, which the Treasurer himself is not 1 for all the World knows he is only a Glumglum, a Title inferiour by one Degree, as that of a Marquifs is to a Duke in England, al, though I allow he preceded me in right of his Post. These falle Informations, which I afterwards came to the know, ledge of, by an Accident not proper to mention, made Flimmap, the Treasuret, fhew his Lady for some time an ill Countenance, and me a worfe; and although he were at last undeceived and reconciled to her, yet I loft all Credit with him, and found my Interest decline very fast with the Emperor hunfelf, who was indeed too much governed by that Favourite.

CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

The Author being informed of a Design to accuse him of High-Treason, makes his Escape to Blefuscu. His Reception there.



EFORE I proceed to give an account of my leaving this Kingdom, it may be proper to inform the Reader of a private Intrigue which had been for two Months forming against me.

" I had been hitherto all my Life a Stranger to Courts, for which I was unqualified by the Meannels of my Condition. I had indeed heard and read cnough of the Dispositions of great Princes and Ministers; but never expected to have

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have found fuch terrible Effects of them in fo remote a Country, governed, as I thought, by very different Maxims from those in *Europe*.

WHEN I was just preparing to pay my Attendance on the Emperor of Blefuscu, a confiderable Person at Court (to whom I had been very ferviceable at a time when he lay under the highest Difpleasure of his Imperial Majesty) came to my Houfe very privately at Night in a close Chair, and, without fending his Name, defired admittance : ... The Chair-Men were dismissed; I put the Chair, with his Lordship in it, into my Coat-Pocket; and giving Orders to a trufty Servant to fay I was indifposed and gone to sleep, I fastened the Door of my House, placed the Chair on the Table, according to my usual Custom, and fate down by it. After the common Salutations were over, observing his Lordship's Countenance full of Concern; and enquiring into the reason, he defired I would hear him

him with patience in a Matter that highly concerned my Honour and my Life. His Speech was to the following effect, for I took Notes of it as foon as he left me.

You are to know, faid he, that feveral Committees of Council have been lately called in the most private manner on your account: And it is but two days fince his Majesty came to a full Resolution.

You' are very sensible that Skyris Bolgolam (Galbet, or High Admiral) hath been your mortal Enemy almost ever fince your Arrival : His original Reasons I know not; but his Hatred is much encreased fince your great Success against Blefuscu, by which his Glory, as Admiral, is obscur'd. This Lord, in conjunction with Flimnap the High Treasurer, whose Enmity against you is notorious on account of his Lady, Limtoc the General, Lalcon the Chamberlain, and Balmuff the grand Jufficiary, have prepared Ar-PART I. ticles I

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ticles of Impeachment against you, for Treason, and other capital Crimes.

THIS Preface made me fo impatient, being confcious of my own Merits and Innocence, that I was going to interrupt; when he entreated me, to be filent, and thus proceeded.

OUT of Gratitude for the Eavours you have done me, I procured Information of the whole Proceedings, and a Copy of the Articles, wherein I versure my Head for your Service.

Articles of Impeachment against Quinbus Flestrin (the Man-Mountain.)

A'RTICLE I.

WHEREAS, by a Statute made in the Reign of his Imperial Majefty Calin Deffar Plune, it is enacted, That whoever shall make water within the Precincts of the Royal Palace, shall be liable to the Pains and Penaltics of High Treason:

Treason : Notwithstanding the faid Quinbus Fleftrin, in open breach of the faid Law, under colour of extinguishing the Fire kindled in the Apartment of his Majelty's deat Imperial Confort, did intalicionfly, traitoroufly, and devilishly, by discharge of his Urine, put out the said Fire kindled in the said Apartment, lying and being within the Precincts of the saint the Statute in that case provided, or, against the Duty, or.

THE ARTICE H. PORTH

THAT the faid Quinbus Fleftrin having brought the Imperial Fleet of Blefuscu into the Royal Port, and being afterwards commanded by his Imperial Majefty to feize all the other Ships of the faid Empire of Blefuscu, and reduce that Empire to a Province, to be governed by a Vice-Roy from hence, and to deftroy and put to death not only all the Big-Endian Exiles, but likewife all the People of that Empire, who would not im-I 2 mediately

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mediately forfake the Big-Endian Herefy: He the faid Fleftrin, like a falfe Traitor againft his most Auspicious, Serene, Imperial Majesty, did petition to be excused from the faid Service upon pretence of unwillingness to force the Consciences, or destroy the Liberties and Lives of an innocent People.

ARTICLE III.

THAT, whereas certain Embassadors arrived from the Court of Blefuscu, to fue for Peace in his Majesty's Court: Hethe said Flessin did, like a safe Traitor, aid, abet, comfort, and divert the said Embassadors, although he knew them to be Servants to a Prince who was lately an open Enemy to his Imperial Majesty, and in open War against his said Majesty.

ARTICLE IV.

THAT the faid Quinbus Fleftrin, con. trary to the Duty of a faithful Subject, is now preparing to make a Voyage to the Court and Empire of Blefuscu, for which he

he hath received only verbal Licence from his Imperial Majefty; and under colour of the faid Licence doth falfly and traitoroufly intend to take the faid Voyage, and thereby to aid, comfort, and abet the Emperor of *Blefufcu*, fo late an Enemy, and in open War with his Imperial Majefty aforefaid.

THERE are fome other Articles, but these are the most important, of which I have read you an Abstract.

IN the feveral Debates upon this Impeachment, it must be confessed that his Majefty gave many marks of his great Lenity, often urging the Services you had done him, and endeavouring to extenuate your Crimes. The Treasurer and Admiral infisted that you should be put to the most painful and ignominious Death, by fetting fire on your House at Night, and the General was to attend with twenty thousand Men armed with poisoned Arrows to shoot you on the Face and Hands, I 3 Some

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Some of your Servants were to have private Orders to firew a poilonous Juice on your Shirts, which would foon make you tear your own Flefh, and die in the utmost Torture. The General came into the fame Opinion; fo that for a long time there was a Majority against you: But his Majesty refolving, if possible, to spare your Life, at last brought off the Chamberlain.

UPON this Incident, Reldrefal, Principal Secretary for private Affairs, who always approved himfelf your true Friend, was commanded by the Emperor to deliver his Opinion, which he accordingly did: and therein juftify'd the good Thoughts you have of him. He allowed your Crimes to be great, but that ftill there was room for Mercy, the most commendable Virtue in a Prince, and for which his Majesty was so justly celebrated. He faid, the Friendship between you and him was so well known to the World, that perhaps the most honourable Board might

might think him partial : However, in obedience to the Command her had Ireceived, he would freely offer his Sentiments. That if his Majefty, in confideration of your Services, and purluant to his own merciful Disposition, would please to spare your Life, and only give order to put out both your Eyes, he humbly conceived, that by this Expedient, Justice might in some measure be satisfied, and all the World would applaud the Lenity of the Emperor, as well as the fair and generous Proceedings of those who have the Honour to be his Counfellors. That the loss of your Eyes would be no Impediment to your bodily Strength, by which you might still be useful to his Majefty. That Blindness is an addition to Courage, by concealing Dangers from 'us; that the Fear you had for your Eyes, was the greatest Difficulty in bringing over the Enemy's Fleet, and it would be fufficient for you to'fee by the Eyes of the Ministers, fince the preatest Prinçes do no more.

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THIS Proposal was received with the utmost Disapprobation by the whole Board. Bolgolam, the Admiral, could not preserve his Temper; but rifing up in Fury, faid, he wondered how the Secretary durft prefume to give his Opinion for preferving the Life of a Traytor : That the Services you had performed, were, by all true Reafons of State, the great Aggravation of your Crimes; that you, who were able to extinguish the Fire, by difcharge of Urine in her Majefty's Apartment. (which he mentioned with horror) might, at another time, raife an Inundation by the fame means, to drown the whole Palace; and the fame Strength which enabled you to bring over the Enemy's Fleet, might serve, upon the first Discontent to carry it back : That he had good Reasons to think you were a Big-Endian in your Heart; and as Treason begins in the Heart before it appears in Overt-Acts, so he accused you as a Traytor on that account, and therefore infifted you Тне should be put to death.

THE Treasurer was of the same Opinion; he shewed to what streights his Majefty's Revenue was reduced by the charge of maintaining you, which would foon grow infupportable : That the Secretary's Expedient of putting out your Eyes was to far from being a Remedy against this Evil, it would probably increase it, as it is manifest from the common practice of blinding some kind of Fowl, after which they fed the faster, and grew sooner fat: That his facred Majefty, and the Council, who are your Judges, were in their own Consciences fully convinced of your Guilt, which was a fufficient Argument to condemn you to Death, without the formal Proofs required by the first Letter of the Law.

BUT his Imperial Majefty fully determined against capital Punishment, was graciously pleased to say, that fince the Council thought the loss of your Eyes too easy a Censure, some other may be in-

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inflicted hereafter. And your Friend the Secretary humbly defiring to be heard again, in answer to what the Treasurer had objected concerning the great Charge his Majefty was at in maintaining you, faid, that his Excellency, who had the fole disposal of the Emperor's Revenue, might eafily provide against that Evil, by gradually leftening your Eftablishment ; by which, for want of sufficient Food, you would grow weak and faint, and lofe your Appesite, and confequently decay and confume in a few Months; meither would the Stench of your Carcals be then to dangerous, when it should become more than half diminished & and immediately upon your Death, five or fix Thousand of his Majefty's Subjects might, in two or three days, cut your Flefh from your Bones, take it away by Cart-loads, and bury it in distant parts to prevent Inscotion, leaving the Skeleton as a Monument of Admiration to Posterity. - '- ' - . . .

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THUS by the great Friendship of the Secretary, the whole Affair was compromised. It was strictly enjoin'd, that the Project of starving you by degrees should be kept a Secret, but the Sentence of putting out your Eyes was entered on the Books; none differing except *Bolgolams* the Admiral, who being a Creature of the Empress, was perpetually instigated by her Majesty to infiss upon your Death, she having born perpetual Malice against you, on account of that infamous and illegal Method you took to extinguish the Fire in her Apartment.

In three days your Friend the Secretary will be directed to come to your House, and read before you the Articles of Impeachment; and then to fignify the great Lenny and Favour of his Majesty and Council, whereby you are only condemned to the loss of your Eyes, which his Majesty doth not question you will gratefully and humbly submit to; and twenty

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twenty of his Majefty's Surgeons will attend, in order to fee the Operation well performed, by difcharging very fharppointed Arrows into the Balls of your Eyes, as you lie on the Ground.

I leave to your Prudence what Meafures you will take; and to avoid Suspicion, I must immediately return in as private a manner as I came.

HIS Lordfhip did fo, and I remained elone, under many Doubts and Perplexitics of Mind.

I r was a Cuftom introduced by this Prince and his Ministry, (very different, as I have been assured, from the Practices of former Times) that after the Court had decreed any cruel Execution, either to gratify the Monarch's Resentment, or the Malice of a Favourite, the Emperor made a Speech to his whole Council, expressing his great) Lenity and Tenderness, as Qualitics known and confessed by all the World.

World. This Speech was immediately published through the Kingdom ; nor did any thing terrify the People fo much as those Encomiums on his Majesty's Mercy ; because it was observed, that the more these Praises were enlarged and infifted on, the more inhuman was the Punishment, and the Sufferer more innocent. And as to myself, I must confess, having never been defigned for a Courtier either by my Birth or Education, I was for ill a Judge of Things, that I could not discover the Lenity and Favour of this Sentence, but conceived it (perhaps erroncoufly) rather to be rigorous than gentle. I sometimes thought of standing my Tryal, for although I could not deny the Facts alledged in the feveral Articles, yet I hoped they would admit of fome Extenuations. But having in my Life perused many State-Tryals, which I ever observed to terminate as the Judges thought fit to direct, I durst not rely on so dangerous a Decision, in so critical a Juncture, and against such powerful Enemies. Once I was

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was strongly bent upon Resistance, for while I had Liberty, the whole Strength of that Empire could hardly fubdue me. and I might eafily with Stones pelt the Metropolis to pieces ; but I foon rejected that Project with Horror, by remembring the Oath I had made to the Emperor, the Favours I received from him, and the high Title of Nardae he conferred upon me. Neither had I fo foon learned the Gratitude of Courtiers, to perfuade myfelf that his Majefty's prefent Severities acquitted me of all paft Obligations. T. B. Barris لأسمنا وسلاسان

A r last I fixed upon a Refolution, for which it is probable I may incur some Censure, and not unjustly; for I confets I owe the preferving mine Eyes, and confequently my Liberty, to my own great Rashness and want of Experience : because if I had then known the Nature of Princes and Ministers, which I have fince observed in many other Courts; and their Methods of treating Criminals less obnoxious than myself, I should with great ala-

alacrity and readiness have submitted to fo cafy va Punishment. But hurry'd on by the Pretipitancy of Youth, and having his Imperial Majefty's Licence to pay my Attendance upon the Emperor of Blefufer; I took this Opportunity, Defore the three Days were elapsed, to fend a Letter to my Friend the Secretary, fignifying my Refolution of fetting out that Morning for Blefulou pursuant to the leave I had got; and without waiting for an Anfwer, I went to that fide of the Ifland where out Fledt lay. I feized a large Man of War, ty'd a Cable to the Prow, and lifting up the Anchors, I stript myfelf, put my Cloaths (together with my Coverlet, which I brought under my Arm) into the Vessel, and drawing it after me between wading and fwimming, arrived at the Royal Port of Blefuscu, where the People had long expected me; they lent me two Guides to direct me to the Capital City, which is of the same Name. I held them in my Hands till I came within two hundred Yards of the Gate, and defired them to fignify

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fignify my Arrival to one of the Secretarys, and let him know, I there waited his Majesty's Command. I had an Anfwer in about an Hour, that his Majefty, attended by the Royal Family, and great Officers of the Court, was coming out to receive me. I advanced a Hundred Yards. The Emperor, and his Train, alighted from their Horses, the Empress and Ladies from their Coaches, and I did not perceive they were in any Fright or Concern. I lay on the Ground to kils his Majefty's and the Empress's Hand. I told his Majefty that I was come according to my Promife, and with the Licence of the Emperor my Master, to have the Honour of feeing fo Mighty a Monarch, and to offer him any Service in my power, confistent with my Duty to my own Prince; not mentioning a Word of my Difgrace, because I had hitherto no regular Information of it, and might suppose myself wholly ignorant of any fuch Defign ; neither could I reasonably conceive that the Emperor would discover the Secret while

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while I was out of his power : wherein, however, it foon appeared I was deceived,

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I shall not trouble the Reader with the particular Account of my Reception at this Court, which was suitable to the Generosity of so great a Prince, nor of the Difficulties I was in for want of a House and Bed, being forced to lie on the Ground, wrapt up in my Coverlet.

E Days of a my Arrivel. liter out of a stiolity to the t of the liland. ni C Ca Deat M Shoes and or three Hunlock to approach. read then it 241 10 2 • ; Libid w day 1.1 0 20 1 event disque." TPART IS K CHA and for the second oniut 4



C.IAP. VIII.

The Author, by a lucky Acçident, finds means to leave Blefuscu; and, after some Difficulties, returns safe to his Native Country.

HREE Days after my Arrival, walking out of Curiofity to the North-Eaft Coaft of the Ifland, I obferved, about half a League off, in the Sea, fomewhat that looked like a Boat overturned. I pulled off my Shoes and Stockings, and wading two or three Hundred Yards, I found the Object to approach nearer by force of the Tide; and then plainly faw it to be a real Boat, which I fuppofed might, by fome Tempeft, have been driven from a Ship: whereupon Ireturned immediately towards the City, and defired

defired his Imperial Majefty to lend me , twenty of the talleft Veffels he had left after; the Loss of his Fleet, and three thoufand Seamen under the Command of the Vice-Admiral. This Fleet failed round, while I went back the fhortest way to the Coaft where I first discovered the Boat; I found the Tide had driven it still nearer. The Seamen were all provided with Cordage, which I had beforehand twifted to a , fufficient strength, When the Ships came up, I stript my felf, and waded till I came within an hundred Yards of the Boat, af-. ter which I was forced to fwim till I got up to it. The Seamen threw me the end of the Cord, which I fastned to a Hole in the fore-part of the Boat, and the other end to a Man of War: But I found all my Labour to little purpose; for being out of my depth, I was not able to work. In this Neceffity, I was forced to fwim behind, and push the Boat forwards as often as I could, with one of my Hands; and the Tide favouring me, I advanced fo far, that I could just hold up my Chin and feel the K 2 Ground.

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Ground. I rested two or three Minutes, and then gave the Boat another Shove, and fo on till the Sea was no higher than my Arm-pits, and now the most laborious part being over, I took out my other Cables which were showed in one of the Ships, and fastening them first to the Boat, and then to nine of the Veffels which attended me; the Wind being favourable the Seamen towed, and I shoved till we arrived within forty Yards of the Shore, and waiting till the Tide was out, I got -dry to the Boat, and by the affiftance of two thousand Men, with Ropes and Engines, I made a shift to turn it on its Bottom, and found it was but little damaged.

I fhall not trouble the Reader with the Difficulties I was under by the help of certain Paddles, which coft me ten days making, to get my Boat to the Royal Port of *Blefufcu*, where a mighty concourse of People appeared upon my arrival, full of Wonder at the fight of fo pro-

prodigious a Veffel. I told the Emperor, that my good Fortune had thrown this Boat in my way, to carry me to fome place from whence I might return into my native Country, and begged his Majefty's Orders for getting Materials to fit it, up, together with his Licence to depart; which, after fome kind Expoflulations, he was pleafed to grant.

I did very much wonder, in all this time, not to have heard of any Express relating to me from our Emperor to the Court of Blefuscu. But I was afterwards given privately toounderstand, that his Imperial Majefty, never imagining I had the least notice of his Defigns, believed I was only gone to Blefuscu in performance of my Bromile, according to the Licence he had given me, which was well known at our Court, and would return in a few days when that Ceremony was ended. But he was at last in pain at my long absence j and, after confulting with the Treasurer, and the reft of that K 3 Cabal.

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Cabal, a Person of Quality was dispatched. with the Copy of the Articles against me. This Envoy had Instructions to represent to the Monarch of Blefuscu, the great Lenity of his Master, who was content to punish me no further than with the loss of mine Eyes; that I had fled from Juffice, and if I did not return in two Hours, I fhould be deprived of my Title of Nardac, and declared a Traitor. The Envoy further added, that in order to maintain the Peace and Amity between both Empires, his Master expected, that his Brother of Blefuscu would give Orders to have me fent back to Lilliput, bound Hand and Foot, to be punished as a Traitor.

THE Emperor of *Blefuscu* having taken three Days to confult, returned an Answer, confisting of many Civilities and Excuses. He faid, that as for sending ine bound, his Brother knew it was impossible; that although I had deprived him of his Fleet, yet he owed great Obligations to me for many good Offices I had

had done him in making the Peace. That however both their Majefties would foon be made eafy; for I had found a prodigious Veffel on the Shore, able to carry me on the Sea, which he had given order to fit up with my own Afliftance and Direction; and he hoped in a few Weeks both Empires would be freed from fo infupportable an Incumbrance,

WITH this Answer the Envoy returned to Lilliput, and the Monarch of Blefuscu related to me all that had past; offering me at the fame time (but under the strictest Confidence) his gracious Protection, if I would continue in his Service; wherein although I believed him fincere, yet I resolved never more to put any Confidence in Princes or Ministers, where I could poffibly avoid it; and therefore, with all due Acknowledgments for his favourable Intentions, I humbly begged to be excused. I told him, that fince Fortune, whether good or evil, had thrown a Vefici in my way, I was re-K 4 folved

folved to venture myself in the Ocean, rather than be an occasion of Difference between two such mighty Monarchs. Neither did I find the Emperor at all displeased; and I discover'd by a certain Accident, that he was very glad of my. Resolution, and so were most of his Ministers.

THESE Confiderations moved me to

haften my Departure somewhat sooner than lintended, to which the Court, impatient to have me gone, very readily Five Hundred Workmen contributed. were employed to make two Sails to my Boat, according to my Directions, by quilting thirteen fold of their ftrongeft Linnen together. I was at the pains of making Ropes and Cables, by twifting ten, twenty or thirty of the thickest and strongest of theirs. A great Stone that I happen'd tofind, after a long Search by the Sea-shore, served me for an Anchor. I had the Tallow of three hundred Cows for greafing my Boat, and other Uses. niv way, I was reai indul أشر الم

I was at incredible pains in cutting down fome of the largest Timber-Trees for Oars and Masts, wherein I was, however, much assisted by his Majesty's Ship-Carpenters, who helped me in smoothing them, after I had done the rough Work.

IN about a Month, when all was prepared, I fent to receive his Majefty's Commands, and to take my leave. The Emperor and Royal Family came out of the Palace; I lay down on my Face to kifs his Hand, which he very gracioufly gave me; fo, did the Empress, and young Princes of the Blood. His Majefty prefented me with fifty Purses of two hundred Sprugs a-piece, together with his Picture at full length, which I put immediately into one of my Gloves, to keep it from being hurt. The Ceremonies at my Departure were too many to trouble the Reader with at this time.

Istored the Boat with the Carcasses of an hundred Oxen, and three hundred Sheep,

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Sheep, with Bread and Drink proportionable, and as much Meat ready dreffed as four hundred Cooks could provide. I took with me fix Cows and two Bulls alive, with as many Ewes and Rams, intending to carry them into my own Country, and propagate the Breed. And to feed them on board, I had a good Bundie of Hay, and a Bag of Corn. I would gladly have taken a Dozen of the Natives, but this was a thing the Emperor would by no means permit; and befides a diligent Search into my Pockets, his Majefty engaged my Honour not to carry away any of his Subjects; although with their own Confent and Defire.

HAVING thus prepared all things as well as I was able, I fet fail on the twentyfourth Day of *September* 1701, at fix in the Morning; and when I had gone about four Leagues to the Northward, the Wind being at South-Eaft, at fix in the Evening, I deferyed a fmall Ifland about half a League to the North-Weft. I advanced

vanced forward, and caft Anchor on the Lee-fide of the Island, which seemed to be uninhabited. I then took fome Refreshment, and went to my reft. I flept well, and I conjecture at least fix Hours, for I found the Day broke in two Hours after I awaked. It was a clear Night. I eat my Breakfast before the Sun was up 3 and heaving Anchor, the Wind being favourable, I steered the same Course that I had done the Day before, wherein I was directed by my Pocket-Compais. My Intention was to reach, if possible, one of those Islands, which I had reason to believe lay to the North-East of Van Diemen's Land. I discovered nothing all that Day; but upon the next, about three in the Afternoon, when I had by my Computation made twenty-four Leagues from Blefuscu, I descryed a Sail steering to the South-Eaft; my Course was due East. I hailed her, but could get no Answer; yet I found I gained upon her, for the Wind flackned. I made all the fail I could, and in half an hour the fpyed me, then hung

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hung out her Antient, and discharged a It is not easy to express the loy I Gun. was in upon the unexpected hope of once more feeing my beloved Country, and the dear Pledges I left in it. The Ship. flackned her Sails, and I came up with her between five and fix in the Evening. September 26; but my Heart leapt within me to see her English Colours. I put my Cows and Sheep into my Coat-Pockets, and got on boatd with all my little Cargo of Provisions. The Vessel was an English Merchant-Man, returning from Japan by the North and South-Seas ; the Captain, Mr. John Biddel of Deptford, a very civil Man, and an excellent Sailor. We were now in the Latitude of 30 Degrees South, there were about fifty Men in the Ship; and here I met an old Comrade of mine. one Peter Williams, who gave me a good Character to the Captain. This Gentleman treated me with Kindnefs, and defired I would let him know what place I came from last, and whither I was bound ; which

which I did in few Words, but he thought I was raving; and that the Dangers I underwent had diffurbed my Head; whereupon I took my black Cattle and Sheep out of my Pocket, which, after great Adontifizion, clearly convinced him of my Veracity. I then shewed him the Gold given me by the Emperor of Lidliput; together with his Majesty's Picture at full length, and some other Rarities of that Country. I gave him two Purses of that Country. I gave him two Purses of two hundred Sprug's each; and promiled, when we arrived in England, to make him a Present of a Cow and a Sheep big with Young.

I shall not trouble the Reader with a particular Account of this Voyage, which was very prosperous for the most part. We arrived in the *Downs* on the 13th of *April* 2702. I had only one Misfortune, that the Rats on board carried away one of my Sheep; I found her Bones in a Hole, picked clean from the Flesh.

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Flesh. The rest of my Cattle I got fafe on shore, and set them a grazing in a Bowling-Green at Greenwich, where the Fineness of the Grass made them feed very heartily, though I had always feared the contrary : neither could I possibly have preferved them in fo long a Voyage, if the Captain had not allowed me some of his best Bisket, which rubbed to Powder, and mingled with Water, was their conftant Food. The foort time I continued in England, I made a confiderable Profit by shewing my Cattle to many Persons of Quality, and others : and before I began my fecond Voyage, I fold them for fix hundred Pounds. Since my last return, I find the Breed is confiderably increased, especially the Sheep ; which I hope will prove much to the Advantage of the Woollen Manufacture, by the Finencis of the Fleeces.

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I flayed but two Months with my Wife and Family; for my infatiable Defire of feeing foreign Countries would fuffer me to continue no longer. I left fifteen hundred Pounds with my Wife, and fixed her in a good House at Redriff. My remaining Stock I carried with me, part in Money, and part in Goods, in hopes to improve my Fortunes. My eldeft Uncle John had left me an Estate in Land, near Epping, of about Thirty Pounds a Year ; and I had a long Lease of the Black-Bull in Fetter-Lane, which yielded me as much more: fo that I was not in any danger of leaving my Family upon the Parish. My Son Johnny, named so after his Uncle, was at the Grammar School, and a towardly Child. My Daughter Betty (who is now well married, and has Children) was then at her Needle-Work. I took leave of my Wife, and Boy and Girl, with Tears on both fides, and went On

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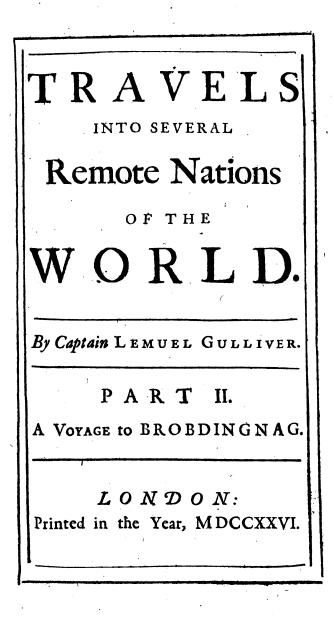
on board the Adventure, a Merchant-Ship of three hundred Tons, bound for Surat, Captain John Nicholas of Leverpool Commander. But my Account of this Voyage must be referred to the Second Part of my Travels.

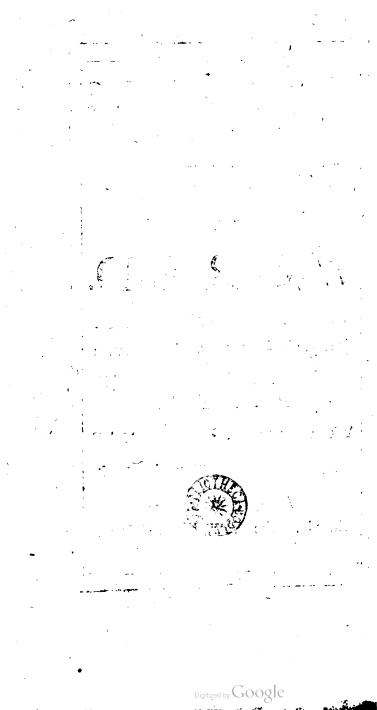
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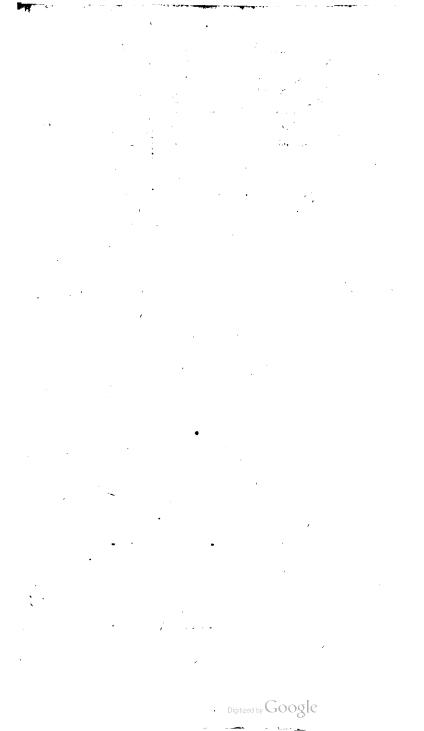
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TRAVELS.

PART II.

A Voyage to BROBDINGNAG.

CHAP. I.

A great Storm described, the Long-Boat fent to fetch Water, the Author goes with it to discover the Country. He is left on Shore, is seized by one of the Natives, and carried to a Farmer's House. His Reception there, with several Accidents that happened there. A Description of the Inhabitants.



AVING been condemned by Nature and Fortune to an active and reftless Life, in ten Months after my Return, I again left

my native Country, and took Shipping PART II. B in A VOYAGE to

in the Downs on the 20th Day of June 1702. in the Adventure, Capt. 70hn Nicholas, a Cornisb Man, Commander. bound for Surat. We had a very prosperous Gale till we arrived at the Cape of Good-hope, where we landed for fresh Water, but discovering a Leak we unfhipped our Goods, and winter'd there; for the Captain falling fick of an Ague, we could not leave the Cape till the end We then fet fail, and had of March. a good Voyage till we passed the Streights of Madaga (car; but having got Northward of that Mand, and, to about five Degrees South Latitude, the Winds, which in those Seas are observed to blow a constant equal Gale between the North and West from the beginning of December to the beginning of May, on the 19th of April began to blow with much greater Violence, and more Westerly than usual, continuing to for twenty Days together, during which time we were driven a little to the Eaft of the Molucea Islands, and about three Degrees 1.1

BROBDINGNAG.

Degrees Northward of the Line, as our Captain found by an Obfervation he took the 2d of May, at which time the Wind ceased, and it was a perfect Calm, whereat I was not a little rejoyced. But he being a Man well experienc'd in the Navigation of those Seas, bid us all prepare against a Storm, which accordingly happened the Day following: For a Southern Wind, called the Southern Monson, began to set in.

FINDING it was like to overblow. we took in our Sprit-fail, and flood by to hand the Fore-fail; but making foul Weather, we look'd the Guns were all fall, and handed the Milleh. The Ship lay very broad off, fo we thought it better spooning before the See than thing We reeft the Fore-fail and or hulling. let him, we hawl'd aft the Fore-sheet the Helm was hard a Weather. THE Ship wore bravely. We belay'd the Foredown-hall; but the Sail was fplit, and we hawl'd down the Yard, and got the Sail B 2 into

A VOYAGE to

into the Ship, and unbound all the things clear of it. It was a very fierce Storm; the Sea broke strange and dangerous. We hawl'd off upon the Lanniard of the Whipftaff, and helped the Man at Helm. We would not get down our Top-mast, but let all stand, because she fcudded before the Sea very well, and we knew that the Top-maft being aloft, the Ship was the wholefomer, and made better way thro' the Sea, feeing we had Searoom. When the Storm was over, we fet Fore fail and Main-fail, and brought the Ship to. Then we fet the Miffen, Maintop-fail and the Foretop-fail. Our Courfe was East North reast, the Wind was at South-weft. Whe got the Star-board Tacks aboard, we cash off our Wgather-braces and Lifts; we fet in the Lee-braces, and hawl'd forward by the Weather-bowlings, and hawl'd them tight, and belayed them, and hawl'd over the Miffen Tack to Windward, and kept her full and by as near as fhe could lye.

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DURING this Storm, which was followed by a ftrong Wind Weft South-weft, we were carried, by my Computation, about five hundred Leagues to the Eaft, fo that the oldeft Sailor on Board could not tell' in what part of the World we were. Our Provisions held out well, our Ship was ftaunch, and our Crew all in good Health; but we lay in the utmost Diftrefs for Water. We thought it best to hold on the fame Courfe, rather than turn more Northerly, which might have brought us to the North-west parts of Great Tartary, and into the frozen Sea.

ON the 16th Day of June 1703. a Boy on the Top-maît discovered Land. On the 17th we came in full View of a great Island or Continent (for we knew not whether) on the South-fide whereof was a small Neck of Land jutting out into the Sea, and a Creek too shallow to hold a Ship of above one hundred Tuns. We cast Anchor within a League of this Creek, and our Captain B 3 fent

fent a dozen of his Men well armed in the Long Boat, with Veffels for Water, if any could be found. I defired his leave to go with them, that I might fee the Country, and make what Difcoveries I could When we came to Land we faw no River or Spring, nor any fign of Inhabitants. Our Men therefore wander'd on the Shore to find out some fresh Water near the Sea. and I walked alone about a mile on the other Side, where I observed the Country all barren and rocky. I new began to be weary, and feeing nothing to entertain my Curiosity, I returned gently down towards the Creek; and the Sea being full in my View, I faw our Men already got into the Boat, and rowing for Life to the Ship. I was going to hollow after them, although it had been to little purpose, when I obferved a huge Creature walking after them in the Sea, as fast as he could : He waded not much deeper than his Knees, and took prodigious strides: But our Men had the ftart of him half a League, and the Sea

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Sea there abouts being full of fharp-pointed Rocks, the Monfter was not able to overtake the Boat. This I was afterwards told, for I durft not flay to fee the Iffue of that Adventure; but ran as faft as I could the way I firft went; and then climbed up a fleep Hill, which gave me fome Profpect of the Country. I found it fully cultivated; but that which firft furprized me was the Length of the Grafs, which in those Grounds that feemed to be kept for Hay, was above twenty Foot high.

I FELL into a high Road, for fo I took it to be, though it ferved to the Inhabicants only as a foot Path through a Field of Barley. Here I walked on for fome time, but could fee little on either Side, it being now near Harveft, and the Corn rifing at leaft forty Foot. I was an Hour walking to the end of this Field, which was fenced in with a Hedge of at leaft one hundred, and twenty Foot high, and the Trees fo lofty that I could make no Com-B 4 putation

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putation of their Altitude. There was a Stile to pais from this Field into the next. It had four Steps, and a Stone to crofs over when you came to the uppermost. It was impossible for me to climb this Stile, because every Step was fix Foot high, and the upper Stone above twenty. I was endeavouring to find fome Gap in the Hedge, when I discovered one of the Inhabitants in the next Field, advancing towards the Stile, of the fame Size with him whom I faw in the Sea, purfuing our Boat. He appeared as tall as an ordinary Spire-steeple, and took about ten Yards at every Stride, as near as I could guess. I was struck with the utmost Fear and Astonishment, and ran to hide my felf in the Corn, from whence I faw him at the top of the Stile, looking back into the next Field on the right hand, and heard him call in a Voice many degrees louder than a speaking Trumpet; but the Noife was fo high in the Air, that at first I certainly thought it was Thunder. Whereupon feven Monfters

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flers like himself came towards him with Reaping-hooks in their Hands, each Hook about the largeness of fix Scythes. These People were not fo well clad as the first, whofe Servants or Labourers they feemed to be: For upon some Words he spoke, they went to reap the Corn in the Field where I lay. I kept from them at as great a diftance as I could, but was forced to move with extreme Difficulty, for the Stalks of the Corn were fometimes not above a Foot diftant, fo that I could hardly squeeze my Body betwixt them. I made a fhift to go forward till I came to a part of the Field where the Corn had been laid by the Rain and Wind. Here it was imposfible for me to advance a step; for the Stalks were so interwoven that I could not creep thorough, and the Beards of the fallen Ears fo ftrong and pointed that they pierced through my Cloaths into my Flefh. At the fame time I heard the Reapers not above an hundred Yards behind me. Being quite dispirited with Toil, and wholly overcome

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come by Grief and Defpair, I lay down between two Ridges, and heartily withed I might there end my Days. I bemoaned my defolate Widow, and Fatherlefs Children. I lamented my own-Folly and Wilfulness in attempting a second Voyage against the Advice of all my Friends and Relations. In this terrible Agitation of Mind I could not forbear thinking of Lilliput, whole Inhabitants looked upon me as the greatest Prodigy that ever appeared in the World: Where I was able to draw an Imperial Fleet in my Hand, and perform those other Actions which will be recorded for ever in the Chronicles of that Empire, while Pofterity shall hardly believe them, although attefted by Millions. . I reflected what a Mortification it must prove to me to appear as inconfiderable in this Nation as one fingle Lilliputian would be among us. But this I conceived was to be the least of my Misfortunes : For, as human Creatures are observed to be more favage and cruck in Proportion to their

their Bulk, what could I expect but to be a Moriel in the Mouth of the first among thele enormous Barbarians that should happen to feize me? Undoubtedly Philosophers are in the right when they tell us, that nothing is great or little otherwise than by Comparison. It might have pleased Fortune to let the Lillipatians find some Nation, where the People were as diminutive with respect to them, as they were to me. And who knows but that even this prodigious Race of Mortals might be equally overmatched in some diffant part of the World, whereof we have yet no Diffeovery?

SCARED and confounded as I was, I could not forbear going on with these Reflections, when one of the Reapers approaching within ten Yards of the Ridge where I lay, made me apprehend that with the next Step I should be squashed to Death under his Foot, or cut in two with his Reaping-hook. And therefore when he was again about to move, I foreamed

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screamed as loud as Fear could make me. Whereupon the huge Creature trod fhort, and looking round about under him for some time, at last espied me as I lay on the Ground. He confidered a while with the Caution of one who endeavours to lay hold on a fmall dangerous Animal in fuch a manner that it may not be able either to fcratch or to bite him, as I myfelf have fometimes done with a Weafel in England. At length he ventured to take me up behind by the Middle between his fore Finger and Thumb, and brought me with² in three Yards of his Eyes, that he might behold my Shape more perfectly. I gueffed his Meaning, and my good Fortune gave me fo much Presence of Mind, that I refolved not to ftruggle in the leaft as he held me in the Air, about fixty Foot from the Ground, although he grievoufly pinched my Sides, for fear I should slip through his Fingers. All I ventured was to raife mine Eyes towards the Sun, and place my Hands together in a fupplicating Posture, and to speak some Words in .

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in an humble melancholy Tone, fuitable to the Condition I then was in. For I apprehended every Moment that he would dash me against the Ground, as we usually do any little hateful Animal which we have a mind to deftroy. But my good Star would have it, that he appeared pleafed with my Voice and Gestures, and began to look upon me as a Curiofity, much wondering to hear me pronounce articulate Words, although he could not understand them. In the mean time I was not able to forbear groaning and shedding Tears, and turning my Head towards my Sides; letting him know, as well as I could, how cruelly I was hurt by the Pressure of his Thumb and Finger. He feemed to apprehend my Meaning; for, lifting up the Lappet of his Coat, he put me gentlv into it, and immediately ran along with me to his Master, who was a substantial Farmer, and the fame Person I had first seen in the Field.

A VOYAGE to.

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THE Farmer having (as I supposed by their Talk) received fuch an Account of me as his Servant could give him, took a piece of a small Straw, about the fize of a walking Staff, and therewith lifted up the Lappets of my Coat; which it feems he thought to be fome kind of Covering that Nature had given me. He blew my Hairs aside to take a better View of my Face. He called his Hinds about him, and asked them (as I afterwards learned) whether they had ever feen in the Fields any little Creature that refembled me? He then placed me foftly on the Ground upon all four, but I got immediately up, and walked flowly backwards and forwards, to let those People see I had no Intent to run away. They all fate down in a Circle about me, the better to obferve my Motions. I pulled off my Hat; and made a low Bow towards the Farmer. I fell on my Knees, and lifted up my Hands and Eyes, and spoke several Words as loud as I could: I took a Purfe of Gold out of my Pocket, and humbly presented

prefented it to him. He received it on the Palm of his Hand, then applied it close to his Eye, to see what it was, and afterwards turned it feveral times with the Point of a Pin, (which he took out of his Sleeve,) but could make nothing of it. Whereupon I made a Sign that he fhould place his Hand on the Ground. I took the Purfe, and opening it, poured all the Gold into his Palm. There were fix Spanish Pieces of four Pistoles each, besides twenty or thirty smaller Coins. I faw him wet the Tip of his little Finger upon his Tongue, and take up one of my largest Pieces, and then another, but he feemed to be wholly ignorant what they were. He made me a Sign to put them again into my Purfe, and the Purfe again into my Pocket, which after offering to him feveral times. I thought it best to do.

THE Farmer by this time was convinced I must be a rational Creature. He spoke often to me, but the Sound of his

his Voice pierced my Ears like that of a Water-Mill, yet his Words were articulate enough. I answered as loud as I could, in feveral Languages, and he often laid his Ear within two Yards of me; but all in vain, for we were wholly unintelligible to each other. He then fent his Servants to their Work, and taking his Handkerchief out of his Pocket, he doubled and fpread it on his left Hand, which he placed flat on the Ground, with the Palm upwards, making me a Sign to ftep into it, as I could eafily do, for it was not above a Foot in thick-I thought it my part to obey, neís. and for fear of falling, laid my felf at Length upon the Handkerchief, with the Remainder of which he lapped me up to the Head for further Security, and in this manner carried me home to his House. There he called his Wife, and shewed me to her; but fhe fcreamed and ran back, as Women in England do at the fight of a Toad or a Spider. However, when the had a while feen my Behaviour

viour, and how well I observed the Signs her Husband made, she was soon reconciled, and by degrees grew extremely tender of me.

IT was about twelve at Noon, and a Servant brought in Dinner. It was only one substantial Dish of Meat (sit for the plain Condition of an Husbandman) in a Difh of about four and twenty Foot Diameter. The Company were the Farmer and his Wife, three Children, and an old Grandmother : When they were fat down, the Farmer placed me at fome Diftance from him on the Table, which was thirty Foot high from the Floor. I was in a terrible Fright, and kept as far as I could from the Edge for fear of falling. The Wife minced a Bit of Meat, then crumbled fome Bread on a Trencher, and placed it before me. I made her a low Bow, took out my Knife and Fork, and fell to eat, which gave them exceeding Delight. The Mistress sent her Maid - PART II. for

AVOYAGE TO

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for a small Dram-cup, which held about three Gallons, and filled it with Drink, I took up the Vessel with much difficulty in both Hands, and in a most respectful manner drank to her Ladyship's Health, expressing the Words as loud as I could in English, which made the Company laugh to heartily, that I was almost deafned with the Noife. This Liquor tafted like a small Cyder, and was not unpleasant. Then the Master made me a Sign to come, to his Trencher-fide; but as I walked on the Table, being in great Surprize all the Time, as the indulgent Reader will easily conceive and excufe, I happened to fumble against a. Cruft, and fell flat on my Face, but received no Hurt. I got up immediately, and observing the good People to be in much Concern, I'took my Hat (which I held under my Armout of good Manners) and waying it over my Head, made three Huzza's, to thew I had got no Mifchief by my Fall. But advancing forwards toward my Mafter (as I fhall henceforth

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forth call him) his youngeft Son who fate next him, an arch Boy of about ten Years old, took me up by the Legs, and held me fo high in the Air, that I trembled every Limb; but his Father Inatched me from him, and at the fame time gave him such a Box on the left Ear, as would have felled an European Troop of Horfe to the Earth, ordering him to be taken from the Table. But being afraid 'the Boy might owe me a Spight, and well remembring how mischievous all Children among us naturally are to Sparrows, Rabbits, young Kittens, and Puppy Dogs, I fell on my Knees, and pointing to the Boy, made my Master to understand, as well as I could, that I defired his Son might be pardoned. The Father complied, and the Lad took his Seat again; whereupon I went to him and kiffed his Hand, which my Mafter took, and made him ftroak me gently with it.

IN the midst of Dinner, my Mistres's favourite Cat leapt into her Lap, 1 C 2 heard

heard a Noife behind me like that of a dozen Stocking-Weavers at Work; and turning my Head, I found it proceeded from the purring of this Animal, who feemed to be three times larger than an Ox, as I computed by the View of her Head, and one of her Paws, while her Mistress was feeding and stroaking her. The Fierceness of this Creature's Countenance altogether discomposed me; though I flood at the further End of the Table, above fifty Foot off, and altho my Mistress held her fast for fear she might give a Spring, and feize me in her Talons. But it happened there was no Danger; for the Cat took not the least Notice of me when my Master placed me within three Yards of her. And as I have been always told, and found true by Experience in my Travels, that flying, or discovering Fear before a fierce Animal, is a certain Way to make it purfue or attack you, fo I refolved in this dangerous Juncture to shew no manner of Concern. I walked with Intrepidity 2 ţ. .,

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pidity five or fix times before the very Head of the Cat, and came within half a Yard of her; whereupon fhe drew her felf back, as if fhe were more afraid of me: I had lefs Apprehension concerning the Dogs, whereof three or four came into the Room, as it is usual in Farmers Houses; one of which was a Massiff; equal in Bulk to four Elephants, and a Greyhound somewhat taller than the Massiff; but not so large.

WHEN Dinner was almost done, the Nurse came in with a Child of a Year old in her Arms, who immediately spied me, and began a Squali that you might have heard from London-Bridge to Chelsea, after the usual Oratory of Infants, to get me for a Play-thing. The Mother out of pure Indulgence took me up, and put me towards the Child, who presently seized me by the Middle, and got my Head in his Mouth, where I roared so loud that the Urchin was frighted, and let me drop, and I should C 3 infallibly

A VOYAGE D

infallibly have broke my Neck if the Mother had not held her Apron under me. The Nurfe to quiet her Babe made use of a Rattle, which was a kind of hollow Veffel filled with great Stones, and fastned by a Cable to the Child's Waft: But all in vain, fo that fhe was forced to apply the last Remedy by giving it fuck. I must confess no Objest ever disgusted me so much as the fight of her monstrous Breast, : which I cannot tell what to compare with, fo as to give the curious Reader an Idea of its Bulk, Shape and Colour. It flood prominent fix Foot, and could not be les than fixteen in Circumference. The Nipple was about half the Bignels of my Head, and the Hew both of that and the Dug to varified with Spots, Pimples and Freckles, that nothing could appear more nausous: For I had a near fight of her, she sitting down the more conyeniently to give Suck, and I standing on the Table. This made me reflect upon the fair Skins of our English Ladies, who appear

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appear to beautiful to us, only because they are of our own Size, and their Defects not to be seen but through a Magnifying glass, where we find by Experiment, that the smoothest and whitest Skins look rough and coarse, and ill coloured.

I REMEMBER when I was at Lilliput, the Complexions of those diminutive People appeared to me the fairest in the World, and talking upon this Subject with a Person of Learning there, who was an intimate Friend of mine, he faid that my Face appeared much fairer and fmoother when he looked on me from the Ground, than it did upon a nearer View when I took him up in my Hand, and brought him clofe, which he confeffed was at first a very shocking fight. He faid he could discover great Holes in my Skin; that the Stumps of my Beard were ten times stronger than the Bristles of a Boar, and my Complexion made up of **Several Colours altogether difagreeable :** Although C 4

Although I must beg leave to fay for my felf, that I am as fair as most of my Sex and Country, and very little fun-burnt by my Travels. On the other Side, discoursing of the Ladies in that Emperor's Court, he used to tell me, one had Freckles, another too wide a Mouth, a third too large a Nose, nothing of which I was able to diffinguish. I confess this Reflection was obvious enough; which however I could not forbear, left the Reader might think those vast Creatures were actually deformed : For I must do them Juffice to fay they are a comely Race of People; and particularly the Features of my Master's Countenance, although he were but a Farmer, when I beheld him from the Height of fixty Foot, appeared very well proportioned.

WHEN Dinner was done, my Master went out to his Labourers, and as I could discover by his Voice and Gesture, gave his Wife a strict Charge to take care of inc. I was very much tired and disposed to

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to fleep, which my Miftress perceiving, she put me on her own Bed, and covered me with a clean white Handkerchief, but larger and coarser than the Main-sail of a Man of War.

() I flept about two Hours, and dreamed I was at home with my Wife and Children, which aggravated my Sorrows when I awaked and found my felf alone in a vast Room, between two and three hundred Foot wide, and above two hundred lying in a Bed twenty Yards high, My Mistress was gone_about her wide. houshold Affairs, and had locked me in. The Bed was eight Yards from the Floor. Some natural Necessities required me to get down; I durft not prefume to call; and if I had, it would have been in vain, with fuch a Voice as mine, at fo great a Diftance as from the Room where I lay to the Kitchen where the Family kept. While I was under these Circumstances, two Race crept up the Curtains, and ran fmelling backwards and forwards on the Bed. One of them 6.

VOYAGE to

them came up almost to my Face, where upon I rofe in a Fright, and drew out my Hanger to defend my felf. Thefe horrible Animals had the Boldness to attack me on both Sides, and one of them held his Fore-feet at my Collar; but I had the good Fortune to rip up his Belly before he could do me any Mischief. He fell down at my Feet, and the other feeing the Fate of his Comrade, made his Escape, but not without one good Wound on the Back, which I gave him as he fled, and made the Blood run trickling from him. After this Exploit, I walked gently to and fro on the Bed, to recover my Breath and Lois of Spirits. These Creatures were of the Size of a large Mastiff, but infinitely more nimble and fierce, fo that if I had taken off my Belt before I went to fleep, I must have infallibly been torn to pieces and devoured. I meafured the Tail of the dead Rat, and found it to be two Yards long, wanting an Inch; but it went against my Stomach ŧø

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to drag the Garcal's off the Bed, where it lay full blocding; I observed it had yet. some Life, but with a ftrong Slash cross the Neck I thoroughly dispatched it.

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CI SOON after my Mistress came into the Room, who feeing me all bloody. ran and took me up in her Hand. T pointed to the dead Rat, fmiling and making other figns to fhew I was not hurf, whereat fhe was extremely rejoiced, calling the Maid to take up the dead Rat with a pair of Tongs, and throw it out of the Window. Then the fet me on a Table, where I thewee her my Hanger all bloody, and wiping it on the Lapper of my Coat, returned it to the Scabbard, I was preffed to do more than one thing, which another could not do for me, and therefore endeavoured to make my Miftrefs understand that I defired to be fet down on the Floor; which after the had done, my Bashfulness would not suffer me to express my felf farther than by pointing to the Door, and bowing feveral

ral times. The good Woman with much Difficulty at laft perceived what I would be at, and taking me up again in her Hand, walked into the Garden where fhe fet me down. I went on one fide about two hundred Yards, and beckoning to her not to look or to follow me, I hid my felf between two Leaves of Sorrel; and there difcharged the Necefficies of Nature.

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I HOPE the gentle Reader will excufe me for dwelling on these and the like Particulars, which however infignificant they may appear to grovelling vulgar Minds, yet will certainly help a Philofopher to enlarge his Thoughts and Imagination, and apply them to the Benefit of publick as well as private Life, which was my sole. Defign in prefenting this and other Accounts of my Travels to the World; wherein I have been chiefly ftudious of Truth, without affecting any Ornaments of Learning or of Style. But the whole Scene of this Voyage made fo ftrong

ftrong an Impreffion on my Mind, and is fo deeply fixed in my Memory, that in committing it to Paper I did not omit one material Circumstance: However, upon a ftrict Review, I blotted out feveral Passages of less Moment which were in my first Copy, for feat of being cenfured as tedious and trifling, whereof Travellers are often, perhaps not without Justice, accused.



CHAP.

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30 A VOYAGE 10

CHAP. H.

A Description of the Farmer's Daughter. The Author carried to 'a Market-Town, and then to the Metropolis. The Particulars of his Journey.



Y Mistress had a Daughter of MC nine Years old, a Child of toward Parts for her Age, very

dextrous at her Needle, and skilful in dreffing her Baby. Her Mother and fhe contrived to fit up the Baby's Cradle for me against Night: The Cradle 'was put into a small Drawer of a Cabinet, and the Drawer placed upon a Hanging-shelf, for fear of the Rats. This was my Bed all the time I stay'd with those People, though made more convenient by degrees, as I began to learn their Language, and make my Wants known. This young Girl was fo handy, that after I had

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had once or twice pulled off my Cloaths before her. the was able to drefs and undrefs me, though I never gave her that Trouble when the would let me do either my self. She made me seven Shirts, and some other Linen, of as fine Cloth as could be gor, which indeed was coarfer than Sackcloth; and these she conftantly washed for me with her own Hands. She was likewife my School-Miltress to teach me the Language: When I pointed to any thing, fhe told me the Name of it in her own Tongue, fo that in a few Days I was able to call for whatever I had a mind to. She was very good-natur'd, and not above forty. Foot high, being little for her Age. She gave me the Name of Grildrig, which the Family took up, and afterwards the The Word imports whole Kingdom. what the Latins call Nanunculus, the Italians Homunceletino, and the English Mannikin. To her I chiefly owe my Prefervation in that Country: We never parted while I was there; I called her mý 2

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my Glumdalclitch, or little Nurfe: And I fhould be guilty of great Ingratitude if I omitted this honourable Mention of her Care and Affection towards me, which I heartily wifh it lay in my Power to requite as fhe deferves, inftead of being the innocent but unhappy Inftrument of her Difgrace, as I have too much Reason to fear.

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IT now began to be known and talked of in the Neighbourhood, that my Master, had found a strange Animal in the Field about the bigness of a Splacknack, but exactly shaped in every part like a human Creature'; which it likewife imitated in all its Actions; feemed to fpeak in a little Language of its own, had already learned several Words of theirs, went crect upon two Legs, was tame and gentle, would come when it was called, do whatever it was bid, had the fineft Limbs in the World, and a Complexion fairer than a Nobleman's Daughter of three Years old. Another Farmer who lived

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lived hard by, and was a particular Friend. of my Master, came on a Visit on purpole to enquire into the Truth of this Story. I was immediately produced, and placed upon a Table, where I walked as I was commanded, drew my Hanger, put it up again, made my Reverence to my Master's Guest, asked him in his own Language how he did, and told him he was welcome, just as my little Nurse had instructed me. This Man who was old and dim fighted, put on his Spectacles to behold me better, at which I could not forbear langhing very heartily, for his Eyes appeared like the Full-Moon fhining into a Chamber at two Windows. Our People, who difcovered the caufe of my Mirth, bore me company in Laughing, at which the old Fellow was Fool enough to be angry and out of Coun-He had the Character of a tenance. great Miler, and to my Misfortune he well deferved it by the curfed Advice he gave my Master to shew meas a Sight upon a Market-Day in the next Town, which ίγ. was

PART II.

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was half an hour's riding, about two and twenty Miles from our House. 'I gueff.' ed there was some Mischief contriving, when I observed my Master and his Friend whispering-long together, sometimes pointing at me; and my Fears made me fancy that I overheard and understood fome of their Words. But, the next Morning Glumdalelitch my little Nurse told me the whole Matter, which the had cunningly picked out from her Mother. The poor Girl laid me on her Bosom, and fell a weeping with Shame and Grief. She apprehended some Mischief would happen to me from tude vulgar Folks, who might squeeze me to Death or break one of my Limbs by taking me in their Hands. She had also observed how modest I was in my Nature, how nicely I regarded my Honour, and what an Indignity I fhould conceive it to be exposed for Money as a publick Spectacle to the meaneft of the People. She faid, her Papa and Mamma had promised that Gildrig should be hers, but now she found they meant to

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to ferve her as they did last Year, when they pretended to give her a Lamb, and yet, as foon as it was fat, fold it to a Butcher. For my own part, I may truly affirm that I was lefs concerned than my Nurse, I had a strong Hope which never left me, that I should one Day recover my Liberty; and as to the Ignominy of being carried about for a Mon. ster, I confidered my self to be a perfect Stranger in the Country, and that fuch a Misfortune could never be charged upon me as a Reproach if ever I should return to England; fince the King of Great Britain himself, in my Condition, must have undergone the fame Distress.

M v Master, pursuant to the Advice of his Friend, carried me in a Box the next Market day to the neighbouring Town, and took along with him his little Daughter my Nurse upon a Pillion behind him. The Box was close on every side, with a little Door for me to go in and out, and a few Gimlet-holes to let in D 2 Air.

Air. The Girl had been fo careful to put the Quilt of her Baby's Bed into it, for me to lyc down on. However, I was terribly shaken and discomposed in this Journey, though it were but of half an Hour. For the Horse went about forty Foot at every Step, and trotted fo high, that the Agiration was equal to the rifing and falling of a Ship in a great Storm, but much more frequent: Our Journey was somewhat further than from London to St. Albans. My Master alighted at an Inn which he used to frequent 3 and after confulting a while with the Innkeeper, and making fome neceffary Preparations, he hired the Grultrud, or Cryer to give notice through the Town of a ftrange Creature to be seen at the Sign of the Green Eagle not fo big as a Splacmuck (an Animal in that Country very finely fhaped, about fix Foot long) and in every part of the Body refembling an human Creature, could speak several Words, and perform an hundred diverting Tricks,

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IWAS placed upon a Table in the largest Room of the Inn, which might be near three hundred Foot Square. My little Nurse stood on a low Stool close to the Table, to take care of me, and direct what I should do. My Master, to avoid a Croud, would fuffer only thirty People at a time to fee me. I walked about on the Table as the Girl commanded : she asked me Questions as far as she knew my Understanding of the Language reached, and I answered then as loud as I could. I turned about feveral times to the Company, paid my humble Respects, faid they were welcome, and used fome other Speeches I had been taught. I took up a Thimble filled with Liquor. which Glumdalclitch had given me for a Cup, and drank their Health. I drew out my Hanger, and flourished with it after the manner of Fencers in England. My Nurse gave me part of a Straw, which I exercifed as a Pike, having learned the Art in my Youth. I was that day shewn to twelve Sets of Company, D_3 and

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and as often forced to go over again with the fame Fopperies, till I was half dead with Weariness and Vexation. For, those who had seen me made such wonderful Reports, that the People were ready to break down the Doors to come in. My Master for his own Interest would not fuffer any one to touch me except my Nurse; and, to prevent danger, Benches were fet round the Table at fuch a diftance as put me out of every However, an unlucky body's reach. School-Boy aimed a hazel Nut directly at my Head, which very narrowly miffed me; otherwife, it came with fo much violence that it would have infallibly knocked out my Brains, for it was almost as large as a small Pumpion : But I had the Satisfaction to fee the young Rogue well beaten, and turned out of the Room.

My Mafter gave publick notice, that he would fhew me again the next Market day, and in the mean time he prepared a more convenient Vehicle for me which he had reason enough to do; for I was

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I was to tired with my first Journey, and with entertaining Company for eight Hours together, that I could hardly stand upon my Legs, or speak a Word. Ir was at least three Days before I recovered my Strength; and that I might have no reft at home, all the neighbouring Gentlemen from an hundred Miles round. hearing of my Fame, came to fee me at my Master's own House. There could not be fewer than thirty Perfons with their Wives and Children (for the Country was very populous;) and my Master demanded the rate of a full Room whenever he shewed me at home, although it were only to a fingle Family : So that for some time I had but little ease every Day of the Week (except Wedne day) which is their Sabbath) although I were not carried to the Town.

M x Mafter finding how profitable I was like to be, refolved to carry me to the most confiderable Cities of the Kingdom. Having therefore provided himself D 4 with

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with all things necessary for a long Journev. and settled his affairs at Home, he took leave of his Wife, and upon the 17th of August 1703. about two Months after my Arrival, we fet out for the Metropolis, fituated near the middle of that Empire, and about three thousand Miles distance from our House: My Master made his Daughter Glumdalclitch ride behind him. She carried me on her Lap in a Box tyed about her waft. The Girl had lined it on all fides with the foftest Cloth fhe could get, well quilted underneath, furnished it with her Baby's Bed, provided me with Linen and other Necessaries, and made every thing as convenient as fhe could. We had no other Company but a Boy of the Houfe, who rode after us with the Luggage.

M v Master's Design was to shew me in all the Towns by the way, and to step out of the Road for sifty or an hundred Miles, to any Village or Person of Quality's House where he might expect Custom. 3 We

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We made eafy Journies of not above feven or eightscore Miles a Day : For Glumdalclitch, on purpose to spare me, complained fhe was tired with the trotting of She often took me out of the Horfe. my Box at my own Defire, to give me Air. and shew me the Country, but always held me fast by a Leading-string. Wc paffed over five or fix Rivers many degrees broader and deeper than the Nile or the Ganges; and there was hardly a Rivulet fo small as the Thames at London-Bridge. We were ten Wecks in our Journey, and I was shewn in eighteen large Towns befides many Villages and private Families.

On the 26th Day of October, we arrived at the Metropolis, called in their Language Lorbrulgrud, or Pride of the Universe. My Master took a Lodging in the principal Street of the City, not far from the Royal Palace, and put out Bills in the usual Form, containing an exact Description of my Person and Parts. He

He hired a large Room between three and four hundred Foot wide. He provided a Table fixty Foot in diameter, upon which I was to act my Part, and palifadoed it round three Foot from the edge, and as many high, to prevent my falling over. I was fhewn ten times a Day to the Wonder and Satisfaction of all People. I could now fpeak the Language tolerably well, and perfectly underflood every Word that was spoken to mc. Besides, I had learned their Alphabet, and could make a shift to explain a Sentence here and there; for Glumdalclitch had been my Instructer while we were at home, and at leisure Hours during our Journey. She carried a little Book in her Pocket, not much larger than a Sanson's Atlas; it was a common Treatife for the use of young Girls, giving a fhort Account of their Religion; out of this fhe taught me my Letters, and interpreted the Words.

Снар.

Снар. III.

The Author fent for to Court. The Queen buys him of his Mafter the Farmer, and prefents him to the King. He difputes with his Majesty's great Scholars. An Apartment at Court provided for the Author. He is in high Favour with the Queen. He stands up for the Honour of his own Country. His Quarrels with the Queen's Dwarf.

H E frequent Labours I underwent every Day made in a few Weeks a .very confiderable change in my Health : The more my Mafter got by me, the more unfatiable he grew. I had quite loft my Stomach, and was almost reduced to a Skeleton. The Farmer obferved it, and concluding I foon must dye, refolved to make as good a Hand of me as he could. While he was thus reafoning

reasoning and resolving with himself, a Slardral, or Gentleman Usher came from Court, commanding my Master to'carry me immediately thither for the Diversion of the Queen and her Ladies. Some of the latter had already been to fee me, and reported strange Things of my Beauty, Behaviour, and good Senfe. Her Majefty and those who attended her were beyond Measure delighted with my Demeanor. I fell on my Knees, and begged the Honour of kiffing her Imperial Foot; but this Gracious Princess held out her little Finger towards me (after I was fet on a Table) which I embraced in both my Arms, and put the tip of it, with the utmost respect, to my Lip. She made me fome general Queftions about my Country and my Travels, which lanfwer'd as diffinctly and in as few Words as I could. She asked whether I would be content to live at Court. I bowed down to the board of the Table, and humbly answered that I was my Master's Slave, but if I were at my own Disposal, I fhould

fould be proud to devote my Life to her Majesty's Service. She then asked my Mafter whether he were willing to sell me at a good Price. He who apprehended I could not live a Month. was ready enough to part with me, and demanded a thousand pieces of Gold. which were ordered him on the fpot, each piece being about the bigness of eight hundred Moydores; but, allowing for the proportion of all Things between that Country and Europe, and the high price of Gold among them, was hardly fo great a fum as a thousand Guineas would be in England. I then faid to the Oucen, fince I was now her Majefty's most humble Creature and Vassal, Imust beg the favour, that Glumdalclitch, who had always tended me with fo much care and kindness, and understood to do it so well, might be admitted into her Service, and continue to be my Nurse and Instructor. Her Majesty agreed to my Petition, and eafily got the Farmer's confent, who was glad enough to have his Daughter

Daughter preferred at Court: and the poor Girl herself was not able to hide her Joy : My late Mafter withdrew, biding me farewell, and faying he had left me in a good Service; to which I replyed not a Word, only making him a flight bow.

THE Queen observed my coldness, and when the Farmer was gone out of the Apartment, asked me the reason. I made bold to tell her Majesty that I owed no other Obligation to my late Master, than his not dashing out the Brains of a poor harmless Creature found by chance in his Field; which Obligation was amply recompenced by the gain he had made in fhewing me through half the Kingdom, and the price he had now fold me for. That the Life I had fince led, was laborious enough to kill an Animal of ten times my Strength. That my -Health was much impaired by the continual drudgery of entertaining the Rabble every hour of the Day, and that if my Mafter

Mafter had not thought my Life in danger, her Majefty would not have got fo cheap a Bargain. But as I was out of all fear of being ill treated under the Protection of fo great and good an Empress, the Ornament of Nature, the Darling of the World, the Delight of her Subjects, the Phœnix of the Creation; fo, I hoped my late Mafter's Apprehensions would appear to be groundless, for I already found my Spirits to revive by the Influence of her most August Presence.

THIS was the fum of my Speech, delivered with great Improprieties and Hefitation; the latter part was altogether framed in the Style peculiar to that People, whereof I learned fome Phrafes from *Glumdalclitch*, while fhe was carrying me to Court.

THE Queen giving great Allowance for my Defectiveness in speaking, was however surprised at fo much Wit and good Sense in so diminutive an Animal. She 48

Sho took me in her own Hands, and carried me to the King, who was then retired to his Cabinet. His Majefty, a Prince of much Gravity, and auftere Countenance, not well observing my Shape at first View, asked the Queen after a cold Manner, how long it was fince the grew fond of a Splacnuck; for fuch it feems he took me to be, as I lay upon my Breast in her Majesty's right Hand. But this Princess, who hath an infinite deal of Wit and Humour, fet me gently on my Feet upon the Scrutore. and commanded me to give His Majefty an Account of my felf, which I did in avery few Words; and Glumdalclitch, who attended at the Cabinet door, and could not endure I fhould be out of her fight, being admitted, confirmed all that had passed from my Arrival at her Father's House.

THE King, although he be as learned a Person as any in his Dominions, had been educated in the Study of Philosophy,

BROBDINGNAG. 49.

lofophy, and particularly Mathematicks; yet when he observed my Shape exactly, and faw me walk creft, before I began to fpeak, conceived I might be a Piece of Clock-work, (which is in that Country arrived to a very great Perfection) contrived by fome ingenious Artift. But when he heard my Voice, and found what I delivered to be regular and rational, he could not conceal his Aftonifhment. He was by no means fatisfied with the Relation I gave him of the Manner I came into his Kingdom, but thought it a Story concerted between Glumdalclitch and her Father, who had taught me a Set of Words to make me. fell at a higher Price. Upon this Imagination he put feveral other Queflions to me, and still received rational Anfwers, no otherwife defective than by a foreign Accent, and an imperfect Knowledge in. the Language, with fome ruftick Phrases. which I had learned at the Farmer's House, and did not fuit the police Stile. of a Court. · · · · · ·

PART II.

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HIS

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calls are attacked and my line ruly are

His Majeffy (Hent' for thire signat. Schelars who were then in their weekty waiting (according to the Culton in that Country ? Theie Genetemen hater they had a white examined in py Shape with much Nietry awere of difference Opinions concerning me. They all agreed that I could not be produced according to the segular Daws of Nature, becaufe I was not framed with a Cape city of prefervitig my Life, deither by Swiftnefs, or climbing of Trees, or digging Holes in the Earth. They obfer ved by my Teeth, which they wiewed. with great Exactnels, that I was a carnivoious Ananal, yet molt Quadrupeda being an Overmarch for mej and Field-Miee, with fome others, for nimble, they could not imagine how I flicted be able to hipport my felf, unles I fed npon Snails and other Infects, which they offered, by many learned Arguments, to evance that I could not poffibly do. One of these Virtues feemed 2 2 tØ



BROBDINGNAG. 5K

to think that I might be an Embrio, or abortive Birth. But this Opinion was rejected by the other two, who observed my Limbs to be perfect and finished, and that I had lived feveral Years, as in was manifelt from my Beard, the Stumps whereof they plainly difcovered through a Magnifying-Glafs. They would more allow me to be a Dwarf, because my Littlenefs was beyond all Degrees of Comparison; for the Queen's favourite Dwarf, the imalleft ever known in that Kingdom, was near thirty Foot high: After much Debate, they concluded uhadidfoully that I was only Relphin Scaleath, which is interpreted literally, Lufus Natura ; a Determination exactly agreeable to the modern Philolophy of Europe, whose Professors, difdaining the old Evalion of occult Caufes, whereby the Followers of Aristotle endeavour in valn to difguife their Ignorance, have invented this wonderful Solution of all Difficulties, to the unspeakable Advancement of human Knowledge.

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AFTER .

AFTER this decifive Conclusion. I entreated to be heard a Word or two. I applied my felf to the King, and affured His Majefty that I came from a Country which abounded with feveral Millions of both Sexes. and of my own Stature; where the Animals, Trees and Houses were all in Proportion, and where by confequence I might be as able to defend my felf, and to find Suftenance, as any of his Majefty's Subjects could do here; which I took for a full Answer to those Gentlemens Arguments. To this they only replied with a Smile of Contempt, faying, That the Farmer had infructed me very well in my Leffon. The King, who had a much better Un derstanding, difmiffing his learned Men. fent for the Farmer, who by good Fortune was not yet gone out of Town: Having therefore first examined him privately, and then confronted him with me and the young Girl, his Majesty began to think that what we told him might poffibly

possibly be true. He defired the Queen ro order that a particular Care should be taken of me, and was of Opinion, that Glumdalclitch fhould ftill continue in her Office of tending me, becaufe he observed we had a great Affection for each other. A convenient Apartment was provided for her at Court; fhe had a fort of Governess appointed to take Care of her Education, a Maid to drefs her, and two other Servants for menial Offices; but the Care of me was wholly appropriated to her felf. The Queen commanded her own Cabinet-maker to contrive a Box that might ferve me for a Bed-chamber, after the Model that Glumdalclitch and I fhould agree upon. This Man was a most ingenious Artist, and according to my Directions, in three Weeks finished for me a wooden Chamber of fixteen Foot square, and twelve high, with Safh-windows, a Door, and two Closets, like a London Bed-chamber. The Board that made the Cieling, was to. be lifted up and down by two Hinges, E 3 to

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to put in a Bed ready furnished by her Majefty's Upholsterer, which Glamdalclitch took out every Day to air, made it with her own Hands, and letting it down at Night locked up the Roof over me. A nice Workman, who was famous for little Curiofities undertook to make me two Chairs, with Backs and Frames, of a Subflance not unlike Ivory, and two Tables, with a Cabiner to put my Things in. The Room was mulled on all Sides, as well as the Floor and the Cieling, to prevent any Accident from the Carelefness of those who rea ried-me, and to break the Forcer of Tolt when I went in a Coach. I de. fired a Lock for my Door, to prevent Rats and Mice from coming fint: The Smith ; after feveral Attempts, made the imalieft that over who feen among them, for I have known a larger at the Gate of a Gentleman's Houft in Eng-I made a fift to keep the Key land: in a Pocket of my own, fearing Ghimdatesitch might lofe it. The Queen like-11 wife

wife ordered the thinneft Silks that could be gotten, to make me Cloaths, not much thicker than an Englift Blanker, very cumberfome till I was accuftomed to them. They were after the Fashion of the Kingdom, partly refembling the Perfian, and partly the Chinese, and are a very grave and decent Habit.

THE Queen became lo fond of my Company, that the could not dine without me. I had a Table placed upon the fame at which her Majefy eat, just at her left Elbow, and a Chair to fit on. Glumdalelitch stood upon'a Stool on the Floor, near my Table, to affift and take care of me. I had an entire Set of filver Diffies and Plates, and other Neech faries, which in Proportion to these of the Queen, were not much bigger than what I have feen of the fame kind in'a London Toy-thop, for the Furniture of a Baby-houfe : Thefe my little None kept in her Pocket, in a filver Box, and gave me at Meals as I wanted them, all 1.15 ways E 🔺

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avays cleaning them her felf. No Perfon dined with the Queen but the two Princeffes, Royal, the elder fixteen Years old, and the younger at that time thirteen and a Month. Her Majefty used to put a Bit of Meat upon one of my Difnes, out of which I carved for my felf; and her Diversion was to fee me cat in Mi-For the Queen (who had indeed niature. but a weak Stomach) took ap at one Mouthful, as much as a dozen English Farmers could est at a Meal, which to may was for some time a very nauleous fight.) She would graunch the Wing of gilLask, Bones and all, between her. Thath, although it were nine times as large as that of a full grown Turkey; and put a Bit of Bread in her Mouths ns hig as two two two lycpanny Loaves. She dranky, our of a golden Cup, above a Haghaad at a Draught. Her Knives merentwice as long as a Scythe, fet ftrait space the Handle. The Spoons, Forks, and other Infirmments were all in the fame Propartion, I remember when Glum. dalclitch .**b**.

desclitch carried me out of Curiofity to fee fome of the Tables at Court, where ten or a dozen of these enormous Knives and Forks were lifted up together, I thought I had never, till then, beheld so terrible a Sight:

IT is the Cuftom that every Wednefday, (which, as I have before observed, was their Sabbath) the King and Queen, with the Royal Issue of both Sexes, dine together in the Apartment of his Majefty, to whom I was now become a great Favourite;; and at these times my little Chair and Table were placed at his left Hand, before one of the Saltsellers. This Prince took a Pleasure in conversing with me, enquiring into the Manners, Religion, Laws, Government, and Learning of Europe; wherein I gave him the best Account I was able. His Apprehension was fo clear, and his Indgment fo exact, that he made very wife Reflexions and Observations upon all I faid. But, I confess, that after I had 4

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had been a little too copious in talking of my own beloved Country, of our . Trade, and Wars by Sea and Land, of our Schifms in Religion, and Parties in the State; the Prejudices of his Education prevailed fo far, that he could not forbear taking me up in his Right Hand, and flroaking me gently with the other, after an hearty Fit of laughing, asked me whether I were a Whig or a Tory. Then turning to his first Minister, who waited behind him with a white Staff near as tall as the Main-maft of the Royal Soveraign, he observed how contemptible a thing was human Grandeur, which could be mimicked by fuch diminutive Infects as I: And yet, faid he, I dare engage, these Creatures have their Titles and Distinctions of Honour, they contrive little Nefts and Burrows, that they call Houses and Cities; they make a Figure in Drefs and Equipage; they love, they fight, they dispute, they cheat, they betray. And thus he continued on, while my Colour came and went

went feveral times, with Indignation to hear our noble Country, the Mistress of Arts and Arms, the Scourge of France, the Arbitress of Europe, the Seat of Virtue, Piety, Honour and Truth, the Pride and Envy of the World, so contemptuoufly treated.

BUT, as I was not in a Condition to refent Injuries, fo, upon mature Thoughts, I began to doubt whether I was injured or no. For, after having been accustomed soveral Months to the Sight and Converse of this People, and observed every Object upon which I cast mine Eyes, to be of proportionable Magnitude, the Horror 1 had first conceived from their Bulk and Alpeet, was to far worn off, that if I had then beheld a Company of English Lords and Ladies in their Finery and Birth-day Cloaths, acting their feveral Parts in the most courtly manner, of Arutting, and bowing, and prating ; to fay the Truth, I thould have been strongly rempted to laugh as much at

at them as the King and his Grandees did at me. Neither indeed could I forbear finiling at my felf, when the Queen used to place me upon her Hant towards a Looking-glass, by which both our Persons appeared before me in full View together; and there could nothing be more ridiculous than the Comparison: So that I really began to imagine my felf dwindled many Degrees below my usual Size.

NOTHING angred and mortified me fo much as the Queen's Dwarf, who being of the lowest Stature that was ever in that Country (for I verily think he was not full thirty Foot high) became infolent at feeing a Creature fo much beneath him, that he would always affect to fwagger and look big as he passed by me in the Queen's Anti-chamber, while I was standing on fome Table talking with the Lords or Ladies of the Court, and he feldom failed of a small Word or two upon my Littleness; against which

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which I could only revenge my felf by calling him Brother, challenging him to wreftle, and fuch Repartees as are ufual in the Mouths of Court Pages. One Day at Dinner this malicious little Cubb was fo nettled with fomething I had faid to him, that raifing himfelf upon the Frame of her Majefty's Chair, he took me up by the Middle, as I was fitting down, not thinking any harm, and let me drop into a large filver Bowl of Cream, and then ran away as fast as he could. I fell over Head and Ears, and if I had not been a good Swimmer, it might have gone very hard with me; for Glumdalclitch in that Instant happened to be at the other End of the Room, and the Queen was in fuch a Fright that fhe wanted Prefence of Mind to affift me. But my little Nurse ran to my Relief, and took me out, after I had fivallowed above a Quart of I was put to Bed; however I Cream. received no other Damage than the Lofs of a Suit of Cloaths, which was utterly spoiled. The Dwarf was foundly whipped,

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ped, and as a further Punifhinene, foreed to drink up the Bowl of Crean, into which he had thrown me; neither Wis he ever referred to Favour: For, foon after the Queen beftowed him to a Lady of high Quality, fo that I faw him no more, to my very great Satisfaction; for I could not tell to what Extremity fuch a malicious Urchin might have carticd his Referminent.

HE had before ferfed nie a feifty Triek, which fer the Queen a laughilly, although at the fame fine file was heartily vexel, and would have inimediately eachiered finit, if I had flot been fo generous as to interecte. Her Majelty had taken a Mairow bone upon her Plate, and after "knocking our the Marrow, placed the Bone again in the Difh creft as it flood before ; the Dwaif watching his Opportunity, while Glumdalclitch was gone to the Side-board, mounted upon the Stool fhe flood on to take care of me at Meals, took me up in both Hands, and fqueez-

fqueezing my Lege together, wedged chemiinto the Matrow-bone above my Walt; where I fluck for fome time, and made a very ridiculous Figure. I believe it's was near a Minute before any one knew what was become of me, for I thoughtit below me to cry out. But as Princes feldom get their Meat hot, my Lego were not fealded, only my Stockings and Breeches in a fad Condition. The Dwarf, at my Entreaty, had no behar: Punifhment than a found whipping.

K was frequently rallied synthe Queens upon account of my Beasfulners, and the uled to ask me whether the Reople of my Country were as great Cowards as my fill? The Occasion was this in Else King! dom's much petered with Elses in Sams men; and these odious Infocts, each of them as big as a Domfable Lark, hardly gave one any Reft while I faint Dinner, with their consistent humining and buzh zing about mine Ears. They would, fometimes alight upon my Victuals, and leave leave their loathfome Excrement or Spawn behind, which to me was very visible. though not to the Natives of that Country, whole large Opticks were not to acute as mine in viewing finaller. Objects. Sometimes they would fix upon my Note or Forchead, where they fung me to the Quick, fmelling very offensively, and I could cafily trace that viccous Matter, which our Naturalifts tell us enables those Creatures to walk with their Feet upwards upon a Cieling, I had much ado to defend my self against these detestable Animals, and could not forbear farting when they came on my Face alt was the common Practice of the Dwarf to catch a number of these in his Hand, as School-boys do among us, and let them out fuddenly, under my Nofe on purpose to frighten mesh and divert the Queen. My Remedy was to cut them in Pieces with my Knife as they flow in the Air, wherein my Dexterity was much admircd.

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I REMEMBER one Morning when Glumdalclitch had fet me in my Box upon a Window, as the utually did in fair Days to give me Air (for I durft not venture to let the Box be hung on a Nail out. of the Window, as we do with Cages in England) after I had lifted up one of my Sashes, and fat down at my Table to cat a piece of Sweet Cake for my Breakfast, above twenty Wasps, allured by the fmell, came flying into the Room, humming louder than the Drones of as many Bagpipes. Some of them feized my Cake, and carried it piece-meal away, others flew about my Head and Face, confounding me with the Noife, and putting me in the utmost terror of their Stings. However I had the Courage to rife and draw my Hanger, and attack them in the Air. I difpatched four of them, but the reft got away, and I prefently fhut my Window. These Creatures were as large as Partridges, I took out their Stings, found them an Inch and a half long, and as PART II. fharp F

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fharp as Needles. I car efully preferved them all, and having fince flown them with fome other Curiofities in feveral parts of *Europe*; upon my Return to *England* I gave three of them to *Grefham College*, and kept the fourth for my felf.



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CHAP. IV.

The Country described. A Proposal for correcting modern Maps. The King's Palace, and some Account of the Me-The Author's way of tratropolis. velling. The chief Temple described.



NOW intend to give the Reader a fhort Description of this Country, as far as I travelled in it. which was not above two thousand Miles round Lorbrulgrud the Metropolis. For, the Queen, whom I always attended, never went further when the accompanied the King in his Progreffes, and there staid till his Majesty returned from viewing his Frontiers. The whole Extent of this Prince's Dominions reacheth about fix thousand Miles in Length, and from three to five in Breadth. From whence I cannot but conclude that our Geographers of Europe are in a great Error, by fuppofing nothing F 2

nothing but Sea between Japan and California; for it was ever my Opinion, that there must be a Balance of Earth to counterpoise the great Continent of Tartary; and therefore they ought to correct their Maps and Charts, by joining this vast Tract of Land to the North west Parts of America, wherein I shall be ready to lend them my Assistance.

The Kingdom is a Peninfula, terminated to the North-cast by a Ridge of Mountains thirty Miles high, which are altogether impassable by reason of the Volcanoes upon the Tops. Neither do the most Learned know what fort of Mortals inhabit beyond those Mountains, or whether they be inhabited at all. On the three other Sides it is bounded by the Ocean. There is not one Seaport in the whole Kingdom, and those Parts of the Coafts into which the Rivers iffue are so full of pointed Rocks, and the Sea generally fo rough, that there is no venturing with the smallest of their Boats,

Boats, fo that these Beople are wholly excluded from any Commerce with the reft of the World. But the large Rivers are full of Veffels, and abound with excellent Fish, for they seldom get any from the Sea, because the Sea-fish are of the fame Size with those in Europe, and confequently not worth catching : whereby it is manifest, that Nature in the Production of Plants and Animals of 10 extraordinary a Bulk is wholly confined to this Continent, of which I leave the Reasons to be determined by Philosophers. However, now and then they take a Whale that happens to be dathed against the Rocks, which the common People feed on heartily. These Whales I have known to large that a Man could hardly carry one upon his Shoulders; and fometimes for Curiofity they are brought in Hampers to Lorbrulgrud: I law one of them in a Difh at the King's Table, which passed for a Rarity, but I did not observe he was fond of it; for I think indeed the Bigness difguisted him, although F 2

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though I have feen one fomewhat larger in Greenland.

THE Country is well inhabited, for it contains fifty one Cities, near an hundred walled Towns, and a great number of Villages. To fatisfy my curious Reader, it may be fufficient to describe Lorbrulgrud. This City stands upon almost two equal Parts on each fide the River that passes through. It contains above eighty thousand Houses, and about fix hundred thousand Inhabitants. It is in Length three Glonglungs (which make about fifty four English Miles) and two and a half in Breadth, as I measured it my felf in the Royal Map made by the King's Order, which was laid on the Ground on purpose for me, and extended an hundred Feet; I paced the Diameter and Circumference feveral times barefoot, and computing by the Scale, measured it pretty exactly.

THE King's Palace is no regular Edifice,

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fice, but an heap of Buildings about feven Miles round: The chief Rooms are generally two hundred and forty Foot high, and broad and long in Proportion. A Coach was allowed to Glumdalclitch and me, wherein her Governess frequently took her out to fee the Town, or go among the Shops; and I was always of the Party, carried in my Box : although the Girl at my own Defire would often take me out, and hold me in her Hand, that I might more conveniently view the Houfes and the People, as we paffed along the Streets. I reckoned our Coach to be about a Square of Westminster Hall, but not altogether so high; however. I cannot be very exact. One Day the Governess ordered our Coach. man to ftop at feyeral Shops, where the Beggars watching their Opportunity, crouded to the fides of the Coach, and gave me the most horrible Spectacles that ever an English Eye beheld. There was a Woman with a Cancer in her Breaft. swelled to a monstrous fize, full of Holes, F 4 in

in two or three of which I could have eafily crept, and covered my whole Body. There was a Fellow with a Wen in his Neck, larger than five Woolpacks, and another with a couple of wooden Legs, each about twenty Foot high. But, the most hateful Sight of all was the Lice crawling on their Cloaths. I could fee diftinctly the Limbs of these Vermin with • my naked Eye, much better than those of an European Loufe through a Microfcope, and their Snouts with which they rooted like Swine. They were the first I had ever beheld, and I fhould have been curious enough to deffect one of them, if I had proper Inftruments (which I unluckily left behind me in the Ship) although indeed the Sight was fo nauseous, that it perfectly turned my Stomach.

BESIDE the large Box in which I was ufually carried, the Queen ordered a fmaller one to be made for me, of about twelve Foot square, and ten high, for the Convenience of Travelling, because the other

other was fomewhat too large for Glumdelclitch's Lap, and cumberfom in the Coach; it was made by the fame Artift. whom I directed in the whole Contrivance. This travelling Clofet was an exact Square with a Window in the middie of three of the Squares, and each Window was latticed with Iron Wire on the outfide, to prevent Accidents in long Journeys. On the fourth fide, which had no Window, two fittong Staples were fixed, through which the Person that carried me, when I had a mind to be on Horseback, put in a Leathern Belt, and buckled it about his Wafte. This was always the Office of fome grave trufty Servant in whom I could confide, whether I attended the King and Queen in their Progresses, or were disposed to see the Gardens, or pay a visit to some great Lady or Minister of State in the Court, when Glumdalclitch happened to be out of Order: For I foon began to be known and effeemed among the greatest Officers, I fuppole more upon Account of their Majefty's

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Majefty's Favour than any Merit of my own. In Journeys, when I was weary of the Coach, a Servant on Horseback would buckle my Box, and place it on a Cushion before him; and there I had a full Prospect of the Country on three Sides from my three Windows. I had in this Closet a Field-Bed and a Hammock hung from the Cieling, two Chairs and a Table, neatly forewed to the Floor, to prevent being toffed about by the Agitation of the Horse or the Coach. And having been long used to Sea-Voyages, those Motions, although sometimes very violent, did not much discompose me.

WHENEVER Ihad a mind to fee the Town, it was always in my Travelling-Clofet, which *Glumdalclitch* held in her Lap in a kind of open Sedan, after the Fafhion of the Country, born by four Men, and attended by two others in the Queen's Livery. The People who had often heard of me, were very curious to croud about the Sedan, and the Girl was complaifant

plaisant enough to make the Bearers stop, and to take me in her Hand that I might be more conveniently seen.

I was very defirous to see the chief Temple, and particularly the Tower belonging to it, which is reckoned the higheft in the Kingdom. Accordingly one Day my Nurse carried me thither, but I may truly fay I came back difappointed; for, the height is not above three thoufand Foot, and reckoning from the Ground to the highest Pinnacle top; which allowing for the difference between the fize of those People, and us in Europe, is no great matter for Admiration, nor at all equal in Proportion, (if Irightly remember) to Salisbury Steeple. But, not to "detract from a Nation to which during my Life I shall acknowledge my felf extremely obliged, it must be allowed that whatever this famous Tower wants in Height is amply made up in Beauty and Strength. For the Walls are near an hundred Foot thick, built of hewn Stone, whereof

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whereof each is about forty Foot square, and adorned on all sides with Statues of Gods and Emperors cut in Marble larger than the Life, placed in their several Niches. I measured a little Finger which had fallen down from one of these Statues, and lay unperceived among some Rubbish, and sound it exactly four Foot and an Inch in length. *Glumdalclitch* wrapped it up in an Handkerchief, and carried it home in her Pocket to keep among other Trinkets, of which the Girl was very fond, as Children at her Age nfually are.

THE King's Kitchen is indeed a noble Building, vaulted at top, and about fix hundred Foot high. The great Oven is not fo wide by ten Paces as the Cupola at St. Paul's: For I meafured the latter on purpose after my Return. But if I should describe the Kitchen-grate, the prodigious Pots and Kettles, the joints of Meat turning on the Spits, with many other Particulars, perhaps I should be hardly

hardly believed; at least a fevere Critick would be apt to think I enlarged a little, as Travellers are often suffected to do. To avoid which censure, I fear I have run too much into the other extream; and that if this Treatife should happen to be translated into the Language of Brobdingnag, (which is the general name of that Kingdom) and transmitted thither, the King and his People would have reason to complain that I had done them an Injury by a false and diminutive Representation.

His Majefty feldom keeps above fix hundred Horfes in his Stables: They are generally from fifty four to fixty Foot high. But when he goes abroad on folemn Days, he is attended for State by a Militia Guard of five hundred Horfe, which indeed I thought was the moft fplendid Sight that could be ever beheld, till I faw part of his Army in Battalia, whereof I fhall find another occasion to fpeak.

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CHAP. V.

Several Adventures that happened to the Author. The Execution of a Criminal. The Author shews his Skill in Navigation.

SHOULD have lived happy enough in that Country, if my Littleness had not exposed me to feveral ridiculous and troublefome Accidents: fome of which I shall venture to relate. Glumdalclitch often carried me into the Gardens of the Court in my fmaller Box, and would fometimes take me out of it and hold me in her Hand, or fet me down to walk. I remember. before the Dwarf left the Queen, he followed usone Day into those Gardens, and my Nurse having set me down, he and I being close together, near some Dwarf Apple trees, I must need shew my Wit by 4

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by a filly Allusion between him and the Trees, which happens to hold in their Language as it doth in ours. Whereupon, the malicious Rogue watching his Opportunity, when I was walking under one of them, shook it directly over my Head, by which a dozen Apples, each of them near as large as a *Briftol* Barrel, came tumbling about my Ears; one of them hit me on the Back as I chanced to shoop, and knocked me down flat on my Face, but I received no other hurt, and the Dwarf was pardoned at my Defire, because I had given the Provocation.

ANOTHER day Glumdalclitch left me on a fmooth Grafs-plot to divert my felf while fhe walked at fome diftance with her Governefs. In the mean time there fuddenly fell fuch a violent fhower of Hail, that I was immediately by the force of it ftruck to the Ground : And when I was down, the Hail-ftones gave me fuch cruel Bangs all over the Body

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Body, as if I had been pelted with Tennis balls; however I made a fhift to creep on all four, and fhelter my felf by lying flat on my Face on the Leefide of a Border of Lemon Thyme, but fo bruifed from Head to Foot that I could not go abroad in ten Days. Neither is this at all to be wondered at, becaufe Nature in that Country obferving the fame Proportion thro' all her Operations, a Hail ftone is near eighteen hundred times as large as one in *Europe*, which I can affert upon Experience, having been fo curious to weigh and meafure them.

B UT, a more dangerous Accident happened to me in the fame Garden, when my little Nurfe believing fhe had put me in a fecure Place, which I often entreated her to do, that I might enjoy my own Thoughts, and having left my Box at home to avoid the Trouble of carrying it, went to another part of the Gardens with her Governefs and fome Ladies of

of her Acquaintance. While she was absent, and out of hearing, a small white Spaniel belonging to one of the chief Gardeners, having got by Accident into the Garden, happened to range near the Place where I lay: The Dog following the Scent, came directly up, and taking me in his Mouth, ran strait to his Master, wagging his Tail, and let me gently on the Ground. By good Fortune he had been to well taught, that I was carried between his Teeth without the leaft Hurt, or even tearing my Clothes. But the poor Gardener, who knew me well, and had a great Kindness for me, was in a terrible Fright: He gently took me up in both his Hands, and asked me how I did; but I was fo amazed, and out of Breath, that I could not speak a Word. In a few Minutes I came to my felf, and he carried me fafe to my little Nurfe, who by this Time had returned to the Place where she left me, and was in cruel Agonies when I did not appear, nor anfwer when she called: She feverely reprimanded Part II. G

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manded the Gardiner on Account of his Dog. But the Thing was hulhed up, and never known at Court; for the Girl was afraid of the Queen's Anger, and truly as to my felf, I thought it would not be for my Reputation that fuch a Story should go about.

THIS Accident abfolutely determined Glumdalclitch never to truft me abroad for the future out of her Sight. I had been long afraid of this Refolution, and therefore concealed from her fome little unlucky Adventures that happened in those Times when I was left by my felf. Once a Kite hovering over the Garden made a Stoop at me, and if I had not refolutely drawn my Hanger, and run under a thick Espalier, he would have certainly carried me away in his Talons. Another Time walking to the Top of a fresh Mole-hill, I fell to my Neck in the Hole, through which that Animal had caft up the Earth, and coined fome Lie, not worth remembring, to excuse my felf

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felf for spoiling my Clothes. I likewife broke my right Shin against the Shell of a Snail, which I happened to stumble over, as I was walking alone, and thinking on poor *England*.

I CANNOT tell whether I were more pleafed or mortified, to observe in those folitary Walks, that the imaller Birds did not appear to be at all afraid of me, but would hop about within a Yard distance, looking for Worms, and other Food, with as much Indifference and Security, as if no Creature at all were near them. I remember, a Thrush had the Confidence to fnatch out of my Hand, with his Bill, a Piece of Cake that Glumdalclitch had just given me for my Breakfast. When I attempted to catch any of these Birds, they would boldly turn against me, endeavouring to pick my Fingers, which I durst not venture within their Reach; and then they would turn back unconcerned, to hunt for Worms or Snails, as they did before. But one Day I took a thick G 2

a thick Cudgel, and threw it with all my Strength fo luckily at a Linnet, that I knocked him down, and feizing him by the Neck with both my Hands, ran with him in Triumph to my Nurfe. However, the Bird, who had only been ftunned, recovering himfelf, gave me fo many Boxes with his Wings on both Sides of my Head and Body, though I held him at Arms length, and was out of the Reach of his Claws, that I was twenty Times thinking to let him go. But I was foon relieved by one of our Servants, who wrung off the Bird's Neck, and I had him next Day for Dinner, by the Queen's Command. This Linnet, as near as I can remember, feemed to be fomewhat larger than an English Swan.

THE Maids of Honour often invited Glumdalclitch to their Apartments, and defired fhe would bring me along with her, on purpose to have the Pleasure of feeing and touching me. They would often ftrip me naked from Top to Toe, and

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and lay me at full length in their Bofoms; wherewith I was much difgusted; because, to fay the Truth, a very offensive Smell came from their Skins; which I do not mention or intend to the Difadyantage of those excellent Ladies, for whom I have all manner of Respect; but, I conceive that my Senfe was more acute in Proportion to my Littlenefs, and that thole illustrious Persons were no more difagreeable to their Lovers, or to each other, than People of the fome Quality are with us in England. And, after all, I found their natural Smell was much more fupportable than when they used Perfumes, under which I immediately fwooned away. I cannot forget that an intimate Friend of mine in Lilliput took the Freedom in a warm Day, when I had used a good deal of Exercise, to complain of a ftrong Smell about me, although I am as little faulty that way as most of my Sex: But I suppose his Faculty of Smelling was as nice with regard to me, as mine was to that of this People. Upon

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on this Point, I cannot forbear doing Justice to the Queen my Mistrels, and *Glumdalclitch* my Nurse, whose Persons were as sweet as those of any Lady in England.

THAT which gave me most Uncasiness among these Maids of Honour, when my Nurse carried me to visit them, was to fee them use me without any manner of Ceremony, like a Creature who had no fort of Confequence. For, they would firip themselves to the Skin, and put on their Smocks in my Prefence, while I was placed on their Toylet directly before their naked Bodies, which, I am fure, to me was very far from being a tempting Sight, or from giving me any other Emotions than those of Horror and Difgust. Their Skins appeared to coarle and uneven, to variously coloured, when I faw them near. with a Mole here and there 25 broad as a Trencher, and Hairs hanging from it thicker than Pack-threads, to fay

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fay nothing further concerning the reft of their Perfons. Neither did they at all fcruple while I was by to difcharge what they had drunk, to the Quantity of at least two Hogsheads, in a Vessel that held above three Tuns. The handfomest among these Maids of Honour, a pleafant frolickfome Girl of Sixteen, would fometimes fet me aftride upon one of her Nipples, with many other Tricks, wherein the Reader will excufe me for not being over particular. But I was to much difpleated, that I intreated Glumdalchitch to contrive fome Excufe for not feeing that young Lady any more.

ONE Day, a young Gentleman, who was Nephew to my Nurfe's Governefs, came and preffed them both to fee an Execution. It was of a Man who had murdered one of that Gentleman's intimate Acquaintance. *Glumdalclitch* was prevailed on to be of the Company, very much against her Inclination, for fhe was G 4 naturally naturally tender-hearted: And, as for my felf, although I abhorred fuch kind of Spectacles, yet my Curiofity tempted me to fee fomething that I thought must be extraordinary. The Malefactor was fixed in a Chair upon a Scaffold crected for the Purpole, and his Head cut off at a Blow with a Sword of about forty Foot long. The Veins and Arteries fpouted up fuch a prodigious Quantity of Blood, and fo high in the Air, that the great Jett d'eau at Versailles was not equal, for the Time it lasted; and the Head, when it fell on the Scaffold-Floor, gave fuch a Bounce, as made me start, although I were at least half an English Mile distant.

T H E Queen, who often used to hear me talk of my Sea-Voyages, and took all Occasions to divert me when I was melancholy, asked me whether I understood how to handle a Sail, or an Oar, and whether a little Exercise of Rowing might not be convenient for my Health. I answered

answered, that I understood both very well: For although my proper Employment had been to be Surgeon or Doctor to the Ship, yet often, upon a Pinch, I was forced to work like a common Mariner But I could not fee how this could be done in their Country, where the finalleft Wherry was equal to a First-rate Man of War among us, and fuch a Boat as I could manage would never live in any of their Rivers. Her Majesty faid, if I would contrive a Boat, her own Joiner should make it, and she would provide a Place for me to fail in. The Fellow was an ingenious Workman, and, by my Instructions, in ten Days finished a Pleasure-Boat, with all its Tackling, able conveniently to hold eight Europeans. When it was finished, the Queen was fo delighted, that fhe ran with it in her Lap to the King, who ordered it to be put in a Ciftern full of Water, with me in it, by Way of Tryal; where I could not managemy two Sculls, or little Oars, for want of Room. But the

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the Queen had before contrived another She ordered the Joiner to Project. make a wooden Trough of three hundred Foot long, fifty broad, and eight deep; which being well pitched to prevent leaking, was placed on the Floor along the Wall, in an other Room of the Palace. It had a Cock near the Bottom to let out the Water when it began to grow stale, and two Servants could easily fill it in half an Hour. Here I often used to row for my own Diversion, as well as that of the Queen and her Ladies, who thought themselves well entermined with my Skill and Agility. Sometimes I would put up my Sail, and then my Business was only to steer, while the Ladies gave me a Gale with their Fans: and when they were weary, fome of the Pages would blow my Sail forward with their Breath, while I shewed my Art by fteering Starboard or Larboard, as I pleafed. When I had done, Glumdalclitch always carried back my Boat into her Closet, and hung it on a Nail to dry. In

In this Exercise I once met an Act. cident which had like to have coft me my Life: For, one of the Pages having put my Boat into the Trough, the Governefs, who attended Glumdalclitch, very officiously lifted me up to place me in the Boat, but I happened to flip through her Fingers, and should have infallibly fallen down forty Foot upon the Floor, if by the luckiest Chance in the World, I had not been ftopp'd by a Corking-pin that fluck in the good Gentlewoman's Stomacher ; the Head of the Pin paffed between my Shirt and the Waist-band of my Breeches, and thus I was held by the Middle in the Air till Glumdalclitch ran to my Relief.

ANOTHER Time, one of the Servants, whole Office it was to fill my Trough every third Day with fresh Water, was fo carelefs to let a huge Frog (not perceiving it) flip out of his Pail. The Frog lay concealed till I was put into

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into my Boat, but then feeing a refting Place, climbed up, and made it lean fo much on one Side, that I was forced to balance it with all my Weight on the other, to prevent overturning. When the Frog was got in, it hopped at once half the Length of the Boat, and then over my Head, backwards and forwards, dawbing my Face and Clothes with its odious Slime. The Largeness of its Features made it appear the most deformed Animal that can be conceived. However, I defired Glumdalclitch to let me deal with it alone. I banged it a good while with one of my Sculls, and at laft forced it to leap out of the Boat.

BUT, the greatest Danger I ever underwent in that Kingdom, was from a Monkey, who belonged to one of the Clerks of the Kitchen. *Glumdalclitch* had locked me up in her Closet, while she went somewhere upon Business, or a Visit. The Weather being very warm, the Closet-Window was left open, as well

well as the Windows and the Door of my bigger Box, in which I usually lived, because of its Largeness and Conveniency. As I fat quietly meditating at my Table, I heard fomething bounce in at the Closet-Window, and skip about from one Side to the other; whereat, although I were much alarmed, yet I ventured to look out, but not ftirring from my Seat; and then I faw this this frolickfome Animal, frisking and leaping up and down, till at last he came to my Box, which he feemed to view with great Pleafure and Curiofity, peeping in at the Door and every Window. I retreated to the farther Corner of my Room, or Box, but the Monkey looking in at every Side, put me into fuch a Fright, that I wanted Prefence of Mind to conceal my felf under the Bed, as I might cafily have done. After fome Time fpent in peeping, grinning, and chattering, he at last espied me, and reaching one of his Paws in at the Door, as a Cat does when the plays with

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a Moule, although I often thisted Place to avoid him, he at Length caught hold of the Lappor of my Coat, (which being made of that Country Cloth, was very thick and strong,) and dragged me out. He took me up in his right Fore-foot, and held me as a Nurfe does a Child fhe is going to fuckle, just as I have feen the fame fort of Creature do with a Kitten in Europe: And when I offered to ftruggle, he fqueezed me fo hard, that I thought it more prudent to fubmit. I have good Reafon to believe that he took me for a young one of his own Species, by his often ftroaking my Face very gently with his other Paw. In these Diversions he was interrupted by a Noife at the Clofet Door, as if fome Body were opening it; whereupon he fuddenly leaped up to the Window, at which he had come in, and thence upon the Leads and Gutters, walking upon three Legs, and holding me in the fourth, till he clamber'd up to a Roof that was next to ours. A heard Glumdalchtch give a Shreek at

at the Moment he was carrying me out, The poor Girl was almost distracted: That Quarter of the Palace was all in an uproar. the Servants ran for Ladders ; the Monkey was feen by hundreds in the Court. fitting upon the Ridge of a Building, holding me like a Baby in one of his Fore-paws, and feeding me with the other, by cramming into my Mouth fome Victuals he had fqueezed out of the Bag on one Side of his Chaps, and patting me when I would not eat; whereat many of the Rabble below could not forbear laughing; neither do I think they justly ought to be blamed, for without Question the Sight was ridiculous enough to every Body but my felf. Some of the People threw up Stones, hoping to drive the Monkey down; but this was strictly forbidden, or elfe very probably my Brains had been dashed out.

THE Ladders were now applied, and mounted by feveral Men, which the Monkey obferving, and finding himfelf almoft

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most encompassed; not being able to make Speed enough with his three Legs, let me drop on a Ridge-Tyle, and made his Escape. Here I fat for fome Time three hundred Yards from the Ground, expecting every Moment to be blown down by the Wind, or to fall by my own Giddiness, and come tumbling over and over from the Ridge to the Eves: But an honest Lad, one of my Nurse's Footmen, climbed up, and, putting me into his Breeches-Pocket, brought me down fafe.

I was almost choaked with the filthy Stuff the Monkey had crammed down my Throat; but my dear little Nurse picked it out of my Mouth with a simall Needle, and then I fell a vomiting, which gave me great Relief. Yet I was fo weak, and bruifed in the Sides, with the Squeezes given me by this odious Animal, that I was forced to keep my Bed a Fortnight. The King, Queen, and all the Court, fent every Day to enquire after my Health, and her Majesty made

made me feveral Vifits during my Sicknefs. The Monkey was killed, and an Order made that no fuch Animal fhould be kept about the Palace.

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WHEN I attended the King after my Recover, to return him Thanks for his Favours, he was pleafed to rally me a good deal upon this Adventure. He asked me what my Thoughts and Speculations were while I lay in the Monkey's Paw; how I liked the Victuals he gave me; his manner of Feeding; and whether the fresh Air on the Roof had fharpen'd my Stomach. He defired to know what I would have done upon fuch an Occasion in my own Country. I told his Majesty, that in Europe we had no Monkeys, except fuch as were brought for Curiofities from other Places, and so small, that I could deal with a Dozen of them together, if they prefumed to attack me. And as for that monstrous Animal with whom I was fo lately engaged, (it was indeed as large H 29 PART II.

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as an Elephant,) if my Fears had fuffered me to think fo far as to make use of my Hanger, (looking fiercely and clap. ping my Hand upon the Hilt as I fpoke.) when he poked his Paw into my Chamber, perhaps I should have given him such a Wound, as would have made him glad to withdraw it with more hafte than he This I delivered in a firm put it in. Tone, like a Person who was jealous left his Honour should be called in question. However, my Speech produced nothing elfe besides a loud Laughter, which all the Respect due to his Majesty from those . about him could not make them con-This made me reflect how vain tain. an Attempt it is for a Man to endeavour doing himfelf Honour among those who are out of all Degree of Equality or Comparison with him. And yet I have feen the Moral of my own Behaviour very frequent in England fince my Return, where a little contemptible Varlet, without the least Title to Birth, Perfon, Wit, or common Senfe, shall prefume

BROBDINGNAG. 99 fume to look with Importance, and pur himfelf upon a Foot with the greatest Persons of the Kingdom.

I w As every Day furnishing the Court with fome ridiculous Story; and Glumdalclitch, although the loved me to Excess, yet was arch enough to inform the Queen, whenever I committed any Folly that she thought would be diverting to her Majesty. The Girl who had been out of Order, was carried by her Governefs to take the Air about an Hour's Distance, or thirty Miles from Town. They alighted out of the Coach near a fmall Foot-path in a Field, and Glum. dalclitch fetting down my travelling Box, I went out of it to walk. There was a Cow-Dung in the Bath, and I must needs try my Activity by attempting to leap over it. I took a Run, but unfortunately jumped fhort, and found my felf just in the Middle up to my Knees. I waded through with fome Difficulty, and one of the Footmen wiped me as clean H 2 as

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as he could with his Handkerchief; for I was filthily bemired, and my Nurfe confined me to my Box till we returned home; where the Queen was foon informed of what had paffed, and the Footmen fpread it about the Court; fo that all the Mirth, for fome Days, was at my Expence.





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CHAP. VI.

Several Contrivances of the Author to please the King and Queen. He shews his Skill in Musick. The King enquires into the State of Europe, which the Author relates to him. The King's Observations thereon.

USED to attend the King's Levee once or twice a Week, and had often feen him under the Barber's Hand, which indeed was at first very terrible to behold: For the Razor was almost twice as long as an ordinary Scythe. His Majesty, according to the Custom of the Country, was only shaved twice a Week. I once prevailed on the Barber to give me fome of the Suds or Lather, out of which I picked forty or fifty of the strongest Stumps of Hair. I then took a Piece of fine H 3 Wood, 102

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Wood, and cut it like the Back of a Comb, making feveral Holes in it at equal Diftance with as fmall a Needle as I could get from *Glumdalclitch*. I fixed in the Stumps fo artificially, fcraping and floping them with my Knife towards the Points, that I made a very tokerable Comb; which was a feafonable Supply, my own being fo much broken in the Teeth, that it was almost useles: Neither did I know any Artift in that Country fo nice and exact, as would undertake to make me another.

AND this puts me in Mind of an Amufement wherein I fpent many of my leifure Hours. I defired the Queen's Woman to fave for me the Combings of her Majefty's Hair, whereof in Time I got a good Quantity,' and confulting with my Friend the Cabinet-Maker, who had received general Orders to do little Jobbs for me,' I directed him to make two Chair-Frames, no larger than those I had in my Box, and then to bore litthe

tle Holes with a fine Awl round those Parts where I defigned the Backs and Seats; through these Holes I wove the ftrongest Hairs I could pick out, just after the manner of Cane-Chairs in England. When they were finished, I made a Prefent of them to her Majesty, who kept them in her Cabinet, and used to fhew them for Curiofities, as indeed they were the Wonder of every one that beheld them. The Queen would have had me fit upon one of these Chairs, but I absolutely refused to obey her, protefting I would rather die a thousand Deaths than place a diffionourable Part of my Body on those precious Hairs that once adorned her Majesty's Head. Of these Hairs (as I had always a mechanical Genius) I likewife made a neat little Purse about five Foot long, with her Majefty's Name decyphered in Gold Letters, which I gave to Glumdalclitch, by the Queen's Confent. To fay the Truth, it was more for Shew than Ufe, being not of strength to bear the Weight of H 4

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of the larger Coins, and therefore the kept nothing in it, but fome little Toys that Girls are fond of.

THE King, who delighted in Mufick, had frequent Conforts at Court, to which I was fometimes carried, and fet in my Box on a Table to hear them: But, the Noife was fo great, that I could hardly diftinguish the Tunes. I am confident that all the Drums and Trumpets of a Royal Army, beating and sounding together just at your Ears, could not equal it. My Practice was to have my Box removed from the Places where the Performers fat, as far as I could, then to shut the Doors and Windows of it, and draw the Window-Curtains; after which I found their Musick not difagreeable.

I HAD learned in my Youth to play a little upon the Spinet. Glamdalclitch kept one in her Chamber, and a Master attended twice a Week to teach her: I call it a Spinet, because it somewhat resembled that Instrument, and was play²d upon

upon in the fame Manner. A fancy, came into my Head that I would entertain the King and Queen with an Englifh Tune upon this Instrument. But this appeared extremely difficult: For, the Spinet was near fixty Foot long, each Key being almost a Foot wide, to that, with my Arms extended, I could not reach to above five Keys, and to prefs them down required a good fmart Stroak with my Fift; which would be too great a Labour, and to no Purpose. The Method I contrived was this. I prepared two round Sticks about the Bignels of common Cudgels ; they were thicker at one End than the other, and I covered the thicker Ends with a Piece of a Moufe's Skin, that by rapping on them, I might neither damage the Tops of the Keys, nor interrupt the Sound. Before the Spinet a Bench was placed about four Foot below the Keys, and I was put upon the Bench. I ran fideling upon it that Way and this, as fast as I could, banging the proper Keys with my

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my two Sticks, and made a Shift to play a Jigg, to the great Satisfaction of boththeir Majefties: But it was the most violent Exercise I ever underwent, and yet I could not strike above sixteen Keys, nor, consequently, play the Bass and Treble together, as other Artists do; which was a great Disadvantage to my Performance.

THE King, who, as I before observed, was a Prince of excellent Understanding, would frequently order thas I should be brought in my Box, and fet upon the Table in his Clofet: He would then command me to bring one of my Chairs out of the Box, and fit down within three Yards Diftance upon the Top of the Cabinet, which brought me almost to a level with his Face. In this Manner I had feveral Conversations with him. I one Day took the Freedom to tell his Majesty, that the Contempt he discovered towards Europe, and the reft of the World, did not feem answerable to those excellent

BROBDINGNAG. 107 excellent Qualities of the Mind he was Master of. That Reason did not extend it felf with the Bulk of the Body. On the contrary, we observed in our Country, that the tallest Perfons were ufually least provided with it. That among other Animals, Bees and Ants had the Reputation of more Industry, Art, and Sagacity, than many of the larger Kinds; and that, as inconfiderable as he to k me to be, I hoped I might live to do his Majesty some signal Service. The King heard me with Attention, and began to conceive a much better Opiition of me than he had ever before. He defired I would give him as exact an Account of the Government of Engfand, as I poffibly could; becaufe, as fond as Princes commonly are of their own Cultoms, (for fo he conjectured of other Monarchs by my former Difeourfes,) he should be glad to hear of any Thing that might deferve Imitation.

IMAGINE With thy felf, courteous Reader,

108 *A* VOXAGE to Reader, how often I then wilhed for the Tongue of *Demosthenes* or *Cicero*, that might have enabled me to celebrate the Praise of my own dear native Country in a Stile equal to its Merits and Felicity.

I BEGAN my Discourse by informing his Majesty that our Dominions confifted of two Islands, which composed three mighty Kingdoms under one Sovereign, besides our Plantations in America. I dwelt long upon the Fertility of our Soil, and the Temperature of our Climate. I then spoke at large upon the Constitution of an English Parliament, partly made up of an illustrious Body called the House of Peers, Perfons of the nobleft Blood, and of the most ancient and ample Patrimonies. I described that extraordinary Care always taken of their Education in Arts and Arms to qualify them for being Counfellors born to the King and Kingdom; to have a Share in the Legislature; tO

to be Members of the higheft Court of Tudicature, from whence there could be no Appeal; and to be Champions always ready for the Defence of their Prince and Country, by their Valour, Conduct and Fidelity. That these were the Ornament and Bulwark of the Kingdom, worthy Followers of their most renowned Anceftors, whole Honour had been the Reward of their Virtue, from which their Posterity were never once known to degenerate. To these were ioined feveral holy Perfons, as part of that Assembly, under the Title of Bishops. whofe peculiar Business it is to take care of Religion, and of those who instruct the People therein. These were fearched, and fought out, through the whole Nation, by the Prince and his wifeft Counfellors, among fuch of the Priesthood as were most defervedly distinguished by the Sanctity of their Lives, and the Depth of their Erudition, who were indeed the fpiritual Fathers of the Clergy and the People.

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THAT, the other Part of the Parliament conflited of an Affembly called the Houfe of Commons, who were all principal Gentlemen, *freely* picked and culled out by the People themfelves, for their great Abilities and Love of their Country, to reprefent the Wifdom of the whole Nation. And these two Bodies make up the most august Affembly in *Europe*, to whom, in Conjunction with the Prince, the whole Legislature is committed.

I THEN descended to the Courts of Justice, over which the Judges, those venerable Sages and Interpreters of the Law presided, for determining the difputed Rights and Properties of Men, as well as for the Punishment of Vice, and Protection of Innocence. I mentioned the prudent Management of our Treasury, the Valour and Atchievements of our Forces by Sea and Land. I computed the Number of our People, by reckoning how

how many Millions there might be of each religious Sect, or political Party among us. I did not omit even our Sports and Pastimes, or any other Particular which I thought might redound to the Honour of my Country. And I finished all with a brief historical Account of Affairs and Events in England for about an hundred Years past.

THIS Conversation was not ended under five Audiences, each of feveral Hours, and the King heard the whole with great Attention, frequently taking Notes of what I fpoke, as well as Memorandums of all Questions he intended to ask me.

WHEN I had put an End to these long Discourses, his Majesty in a sixth Audience confulting his Notes, proposed many Doubts, Queries, and Objections, upon every Article. He asked what Methods were used to cultivate the Minds and Bodies of our young Nobility,

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bility, and in what kind of Business they commonly fpent the first and teachable Part of their Lives. What Course was taken to supply that Assembly when any noble Family became extinct. What Qualifications were necessary in those who are to be created new Lords: Whether the Humour of the Prince, a Sum of Money to a Court-Lady, or a Prime Minister, or a Design of strengthening a Party opposite to the publick Interest, ever happened to be Motives in those Advancements. What Share of Knowledge these Lords had in the Laws of their Country, and how they came by it, fo as to enable them to decide the Properties of their Fellow-Subjects in the last Refort. Whether they were always fo free from Avarice, Partialities, or Want, that a Bribe, or fome other finister View, could have no Place among them. Whether those holy Lords I spoke of were always promoted to that Rank upon account of their Knowledge in religious Matters, and the Sanctity of their Lives, had

had never been Compliers with the Times while they were common Priefts, or flavifh proftitute Chaplains to fome Nobleman, whose Opinions they continued fervilely to follow after they were admittediato that Affembly.

HEathen defired to know what Arts were practifed in electing those whom I called Commoners: Whether a Stranger with a strong Purse might not influence the vulgar Voters to chufe him before their own Landlord, or the most confiderable Gentleman in the Neighbourhood. How it came to pais, that People were fo violently bent upon getting into this Affembly, which I allowed to be a great Trouble and Expence. often to the Ruin of their Families, without any Salary or Pension : Because this appeared fuch an exalted Strain of Virtue and publick Spirit, that his Majefty feemed to doubt it might poffibly not be always fincere: And he defired to know whether fuch zealous Gentlemen could Part II. T

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could have any Views of refunding themfelves for the Charges and Trouble they were at, by facrificing the publick Good to the Defigns of a weak and vicious Prince in Conjunction with a corrupted Ministry. He multiplied his Questions, and fifted me thoroughly upon every Part of this Head, proposing numberless Enquiries and Objections, which I think it not prudent or convenient to repeat.

UPON what I faid in relation to our Courts of Juffice, his Majefty defired to be fatisfied in feveral Points: And, this I was the better able to do, having been formerly almost ruined by a long Suit in the Chancery, which was decreed for me with Costs. He asked, what Time was usually spent in determining between Right and Wrong, and what Degree of Expence. Whether Advocates and Orators had Liberty to plead in Causes manifestly known to be unjust, vexatious, or oppressive. Whether Party in

BROBDINGNAG. 115 In Religion of Politicks were observed to be of any Weight in the Scale of Juffice. Whether those pleading Orators were Perfons educated in the general Knowledge of Equity, or only in provincial, national, and other local Cuftoms. Whether they or their Judges had any Part in penning those Laws which they assumed the Liberty of interpreting and gloffing upon at their Pleafure. Whether they had ever at different Times pleaded for and against the same Cause. and cited Precedents to prove contrary Opinions. Whether they were a rich or a poor Corporation. Whether they received any pecuniary Reward for pleading or delivering their Opinions. And particularly, whether they were ever admitted as Members in the lower Senate.

HE fell next upon the Management of our Treasury, and faid, he thought my Memory had failed me, because I computed our Taxes at about five or fix Millions a Year, and when I came to mention the I a Iffues, 116

Iffues, he found they fometimes amount. ed to more than double; for the Notes he had taken were very particular in this Point, because he hoped, as he told me, that the Knowledge of our Conduct might be useful to him, and he could not be deceived in his Calculations. But, if what I told him were true, he was still at a Losshow a Kingdom could run out of its Estate like a private Person. He asked me, who were our Creditors; and where we fhould find Money to pay them. He wonder'd to hear me talk of fuch chargeable and extensive Wars; that certainly we must be a quarrelsome Peo-' ple, or live among very bad Neighbours," and that our Generals must needs be richer than our Kings. He asked what Bufinels we had out of our own Illands, unless upon the Score of Trade or Treaty, or to defend the Coafts with our Fleet. Above all, he was amazed to hear me talk of a mercenary ftanding Army in the midft of Peace, and among a free People. He faid, if we were governed by

by our own Confent in the Perfons of our Reprefentatives, he could not imagine of whom we were afraid, or againft whom we were to fight, and would hear my Opinion, whether a private Man's Houfe might not better be defended by himfelf, his Children, and Family, than by half a dozen Rafcals picked up at a venture in the Streets, for finall Wages, who might get an hundred times more by cutting their Throats.

HE laughed at my odd Kind of Arithmetick (as he was pleafed to call it) in reckoning the Numbers of our People by a Computation drawn from the feveral Sects among us in Religion and Politicks. He faid, he knew no Reafon, why those who entertain Opinions prejudicial to the Publick, should be obliged to change, or should not be obliged to conceal them. And as it was Tyranny in any Government to require the first, so it was Weakness not I 3 to

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to enforce the fecond : For a Man may be allowed to keep Poifons in his Clofet, but not to vend them about for Cordials.

H E observed, that among the Diverfions of our Nobility and Gentry, I had mentioned Gaming. He defired to know at what Age this Entertainment was ufually taken up, and when it was laid down; how much of their Time it employed; whether it ever went fo high as to affect their Fortunes: Whether mean vicious People, by their Dexterity in that Art, might not arrive at great Riches, and fometimes keep out very Nobles in Dependance, as well as habituate them to vile Companions, wholly take them from the Improvement of their Minds, and force them, by the Loffes they have received, to learn and practife that infamous Dexterity upon others.

H E was perfectly aftonifhed with the historical

historical Account I gave him of our Affairs during the last Century, protesting it was only an Heap of Conspiracies, Rebellions, Murders, Massacres, Revolutions, Banishments, the very worst Effects that Avarice, Faction, Hypocrify, Perfidiousness, Cruelty, Rage, Madness, Hatred, Envy, Lust, Malice, or Ambition, could produce.

H4 s Majesty in another Audience was at the Pains to recapitulate the Sum of all I had fpoken, compared the Queftions he made with the Answers I had given; then taking meinto his Hands, and stroaking me gently, delivered himfelf in these Words, which I shall never forget, nor the Manner he spoke them in: My little Friend Grildrig, you have made a most admirable Panegyrick upon your Country: You have clearly proved that Ignorance, Idleness and Vice may be fometimes the only Ingredients for qualifying a Legiflator : That Laws are best explained, interpreted, and applied bv I 4

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by those whose Interest and Abilities lie in perverting, confounding, and eluding them. I observe among you fome Lines of an Inftitution, which in its Original might have been tolerable, but thefe half erazed, and the reft wholly blurred and blotted by Corruptions. It doth not appear from all you have faid, how any one Virtue is required towards the Procurement of any one Station among you, much lefs that Men were ennobled on Account of their Virtue, that Priefts were advanced for their Piety or Learning, Soldiers for their Conduct or Valour, Judges for their Integrity, Senators for the Love of their Country, or Counfellors for their Wifdom. As for vourfelf, (continued the King,) who have spent the greatest Part of your Life in Travelling, I am well disposed to hope you may hitherto have escaped many Vices of your Country. But by what I have gathered from your own Relation, and the Anfwers I have with much Pains wringed and extorted from you, I cannot but

but conclude the Bulk of your Natives to be the most pernicious Race of little odious Vermin that Nature ever suffered to crawl upon the Surface of the Earth.



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CHAP. VII.

The Author's Love of his Country. He makes a Proposal of much Advantage to the King, which is rejected. The King's great Ignorance in Politicks. The Learning of that Country very imperfect and confined. Their Laws, and military Affairs, and Parties in the State.



OTHING but an extreme Love of Truth could have hinder'd me from concealing this Part of my It was in vain to difcover my Story. Refentments, which were always turned into Ridićule; and I was forced to reft with Patience while my noble and most beloved Country was fo injuriously treated. I am heartily forry as any of my Readers can poffibly be, that fuch an Occasion was given: But this Prince happen-

happened to be fo curious and inquifitive upon every Particular, that it could not confift either with Gratitude or good Manners to refuse giving him what Satisfaction I was able. Yet thus much I may be allowed to fay in my own Vindication, that I artfully eluded many of his Questions, and gave to every Point a more favourable Turn by many Degrees than the Strictness of Truth would allow. For I have always borne that laudable Partiality to my own Country, which Dionyfius Halicarnaffenfis with fo much Juffice recommends to an Hiftorian : I would hide the Frailties and Deformities of my Political Mother, and place her Virtues and Beauties in the most advantageous Light. This was my fincere Endeavour in those many Discourfes I had with that Monarch, although it unfortunately failed of Succefs.

BUT great Allowances should be giyen to a King who lives wholly secluded from the rest of the World, and must there-

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therefore be altogether unacquainted with the Manners and Customs that most prevail in other Nations: The want of which Knowledge will ever produce many *Prejudices*, and a certain *Narrownefs* of *Thinking*, from which we and the politer Countries of *Europe* are wholly exempted. And it would be hard, indeed, if fo remote a Prince's Notions of Virtue and Vice were to be offered as a Standard for all Mankind.

To confirm what I have now faid, and further, to fhew the miferable Effects of a confined Education, I shall here infert a Passage which will hardly obtain Belief. In hopes to ingratiate my felf farther into his Majesty's Favour, I told him of an Invention discovered between three and four hundred Years ago, to make a certain Powder, into an Heap of which the smallest Spark of Fire falling, would kindle the whole in a Moment, although it were as big as a Mountain, and make it all fly up in the Air together,

together, with a Noife and Agitation greater than Thunder. That a proper-Quantity of this Powder rammed into an hollow Tube of Brass or Iron, accor-; ding to its Bigness, would drive a Ball of Iron or Lead with fuch Violence and, Speed, as nothing was able to fustain its Force. That the largest Balls thus difcharged, would not only deftroy whole Ranks of an Army at once, but batter the ftrongest Walls to the Ground, fink down Ships, with a Thousand Men in each, to the Bottom of the Sea; and, when link, ed together by a Chain, would cut through Masts and Rigging, divide hundreds of Bodies in the Middle, and lay all wafte before them. That we often put this Powder into large hollow Balls of Iron, and discharged them by an Engine into fome City we were belieging, which would rip up the Pavements, tear the Houfes to pieces, burft and throw Splinters on every Side, dashing out the Brains of all who came near. That I knew the Ingredients very well, which were

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were cheap, and common; I underflood the Manner of compounding them, and could direct his Workmen how to make those Tubes of a Size proportionable to all other Things in his Majefty's Kingdom, and the largest need not be above an hundred Foot long; twenty or thirty of which Tubes, charged with the proper Quantity of Powder and Balls, would batter down the Walls of the ftrongeft Town in his Dominions in a few Hours, or deftroy the whole Meeropolis, if ever it should pretend to diffute his abfolute Commands. This I humbly offered to his Majefty as a fmall Tribute of Acknowledg. ment in Return of fo many Marks that 1 had received of his Royal Favour and Protection.

THE King was struck with Horror at the Description I had given of those terrible Engines, and the Proposal I had made. He was amazed how so impotent and groveling an Insect as I (these were his Expressions) could entertain such inhuman Ideas, and in so familiar a man³

a manner as to appear wholly unmoved at all the Scenes of Blood and Defolation, which I had painted as the common Effects of those deftructive Machines, whereof he faid, fome evil Genius, Enemy to Mankind, must have been the first Contriver. As for himself, he protested, that although few Things delighted him fo much as new Discoveries in Art or in Nature, yet he would rather lose half his Kingdom than be privy to such a Secret, which he commanded me, as I valued my Life, never to mention any more.

A STRANGE Effect of narrow Principles and fort Views! that a Prince poffeffed of every Quality which procures Veneration, Love, and Efteem; of ftrong Parts, great Wildom, and profound Learning, endued with admirable Talents for Government, and almost adored by his Subjects, should from a nice unnecessary Scruple, whereof in Europe we can have no Conception, let flip an Opportunity put

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put into his Hands, that would have made him absolute Master of the Lives, the Liberties, and the Fortunes of his People. Neither do I fay this with the leaft Intention to detract from the many Virtues of that excellent King, whole Charafter I am fenfible, will, on this Account. be very much leffened in the Opinion of an English Reader: But I take this Defect among them to have rifen from their Ignorance, they not having hitherto reduced Politicks into a Science, as the more acute Wits of Europe have done. For I remember very well, in a Difcourfe one Day with the King, when I happened to fay there were feveral thoufand Books among us written upon the Art of Government, it gave him (directly contrary to my Intention) a very mean Opinion of our Understandings. He professed both to abominate and despife all Mystery, Refinement, and Intrigue, either in a Prince or a Minister. He could not tell what I meant by Seerets of State, where an Enemy or fome Rival

rival Nation were not in the Cafe. He confined the Knowledge of Governing within very narrow Bounds, to common Senfe and Reafon, to Justice and Lenity, to the speedy Determination of civil and criminal Causes; with some other obvious Topicks which are not worth confidering. And, he gave it for his Opinion, that whoever could make two Ears of Corn, or two Blades of Grass, to grow upon a Spot of Ground where only one grew before, would deferve better of Mankind, and do more effential Service to his Country than the whole Race of Politicians put together.

THE Learning of this People is very defective, confifting only in Morality, Hiftory, Poetry, and Mathematicks, wherein they must be allowed to excel. But, the last of these is wholly applied to what may be tifeful in Life, to the Improvement of Agriculture and all mechanical Arts; fo that among us it would be little effectmed. And as to Ideas, Entities, Ab-WP XRT II. K ftractions

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ftraction and Transcendentals, I could never drive the least Conception into their Heads.

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No Law of that Country mult exceed in Words the Number of Letters in their Alphabet, which confifts only in two and twenty. But, indeed, few of them extend even to that Length. They are expressed in the most plain and simple Terms, wherein those People are not mercurial enough to discover above one Interpretation: And to write a Comment upon any Law is a capital Crime. As to the Decision of civil Causes, or Proceedings against Criminals, their Precedents are so few, that they have listle Reason to boast of any extraordinary Skill in either.

THEY have had the Art of Printing, as well as the *Chimefe*, Time out of mind: But their Libraries are not very large; for that of the King's, which is reckoned the biggeft, down not amount to above

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above a thousand Volumes, placed in a Gallery of twelve hundred Foot long. from whence I had Liberty to borrow what Books I pleafed. The Queen's Joiner had contrived in one of Glumdalclitch's Rooms a kind of wooden Machine five and twenty Foot high, formed like a standing Ladder, the Steps were each fifty Foot long : It was indeed a moveable Pair of Stairs, the loweft End placed at ten Foot Diftance from the Wall of the Chamber. The Book I had a mind to read was put up leaning against the Wall: I first mounted to the upper Step of the Ladder, and turning my Face towards the Book, began at the Top of the Page, and fo walking to the Right and Left about eight or ten Paces, according to the Length of the Lines, till I had gotten a little below the Level of mine Eyes, and then defcending gradually till I came to the Bottom : After which I mounted again, and began the other Page in the fame manner, and fo turned over the Leaf, which I could eafily K 2 nutive.

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THEIR Stile is clear, masculine, and fmooth, but not florid, for they avoid nothing more than multiplying unneceffary Words, or using various Expressions. I have perused many of their Books, efpecially those in History and Morality. Among the reft I was much diverted with a little old Treatife, which always lay in Glumdalclitch's Bed-Chamber, and belonged to her Governefs, a grave elderly Gentlewoman, who dealt in Writings of Morality and Devotion. The Book treats of the Weakness of Human Kind, and is in little Efteem, except among the Women and the Vulgar. However, I was curious to fee what an Author of that Country could fay upon fuch a Subject. This Writer went through all the ufual Topicks of European Moralists, shewing how dimi-111:25 M nutive,

nutive, contemptible, and helplefs an Animal was Man in his own Nature; how unable to defend himfelf from Inclemencies of the Air, or the Fury of wild Beafts : How much he was excelled by one Creature in Strength, by another in Speed, by a third in Forelight, by a fourth in Industry. He added, that Nature was degenerated in these latter declining Ages of the World, and could now produce only small abortive Births in comparison of those in ancient Times. He faid, it was very reafonable to think, not only that the Species of Man were originally much larger, but alfo, that there must have been Giants in former Ages, which, as it is afferted by Hiftory and Tradition, fo it hath been confirmed by huge Bones and Skulls cafually dug up in feveral Parts of the Kingdom, far exceeding the common dwindled Race of Man in our Days. He argued, that the very Laws of Nature abfolutely required we should have been made in the Beginning, of a Size more large K 3

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large and robust, not fo liable to Deftruction from every little Accident of a Tile falling from an Houfe, or a Stone caft from the Hand of a Boy, or of being drowned in a little Brook. From this way of Reafoning, the Author drew feveral moral Applications ufeful in the Conduct of Life, but needlefs here to repeat. For my own part, I could not avoid reflecting how universally this Talent was spread, of drawing Lectures in Morality, or, indeed, rather Matter of Difcontent and Repining, from the Quarrels we raile with Nature. And, I believe, upon a strict Enquiry, those Quarrels might be fhewn as ill-grounded among us, as they are among that People.

As to their Military Affairs, they boaft that the King's Army confifts of an hundred and leventy fix thousand Foot, and thirty two thousand Horse: If that may be⁵ called an Army which is made up of Tradesmen in the several Cities, and Farmers in the Country, whose Commanders

manders are only the Nobility and Gentry, without Pay or Reward. They are, indeed, perfect enough in their Exercifes, and under very good Difcipline, wherein I faw no great Merit; for how fhould it be otherwife, where every Farmer is under the Command of his own Landlord, and every Citizen under that of the principal Men in his own City, chofen after the Manner of Venice by Ballot?

I HAVE often feen the Militia of Lorbrulgrud drawn out to exercife in a great Field near the City, of twenty Miles fquare. They were, in all, not above twenty five thousand Foot, and fix thousand Horse; but it was impossible for me to compute their Number, confidering the space of Ground they took up. A Cavalier mounted on a large Steed might be about an hundred Foot high. I have seen this whole Body of Horse, upon a Word of Command, draw their K 4 Swords

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Swords at once, and brandish them in the Air. Imagination can figure nothing fo grand, fo surprising, and so astonishing: It looked as if ten thousand Flashes of Lightning were darting at the same Time from every Quarter of the Sky.

I was curious to know how this Prince, to whole Dominions there is no Accels from any other Country, came to think of Armies, or to teach his People the Practice of military Difcipline. But I was foon informed, both by Conversation, and reading their Histories : For, in the Course of many Ages they have been troubled with the fame Difease to which to many other Governments are fubject; the Nobility often contending for Power, the People for Liberty, and the King for abfolute Dominion. All which, however happily tempered by the Laws of the Kingdom, have been fometimes violated by each of the three Parties, and have once or more occafioned

BROBDINGNAG. 137 occafioned Civil Wars, the laft whereof was happily put an End to by this Prince's Grandfather by a general Composition; and the Militia, then fettled with common Confent, hath been ever fince kept in the ftricteft Duty.

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odi ni sool o CHAP. VIII.

The King and Queen make a Progress to the Frontiers. The Author attends them. The Manner in which he leaves the Country very particularly related. He returns to England.



HAD always a ftrong Impulse that I should fome Time recover my Liberty, though it was impossible to conjecture

by what Means, or to form any Project with the leaft Hope of fucceeding. The Ship in which I failed was the first ever known to be driven within Sight of that Coast, and the King had given strict Orders, that if at any time another appeared, it should be taken ashore, and, with all its Crew and Passengers, brought in a Tumbril to Lorbrulgrud. He was strongly bent to get me a Woman of my own Size, by

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by whom I might propagate the Breed : But, I think, I should rather have died than undergone the Difgrace of leaving a Posterity to be kept in Cages like tame Canary Birds, and perhaps, in Time, fold about the Kingdom to Perfons of Quality for Curiofities. I was, indeed, treated with much Kindnefs: I was the Favourite of a great King and Queen, and the Delight of the whole Court, but it was upon fuch a Foot as ill became the Dignity of Human Kind. I could never forget those domestick Pledges 1 had left behind me. I wanted to be among People with whom I could converfe upon even Terms, and walk about the Streets and Fields without Fear of being trod to Death like a Frog or a young Puppy. But my Deliverance came fooner than I expected, and, in a Manner, not very common: The whole Story and Circumstances of which, I shall faithfully relate. 11 15

I HAD now been two Years in this Country;

Country; and, about the Beginning of the third, Glumdalclitch and I attended the King and Queen in a Progress to the South Coast of the Kingdom. I was carried, as utual, in my Travelling-Box, which, as I have already defcribed, was a very convenient Clofet of twelve Foot wide. And I had ordered a Hammock to be fixed, by filken Ropes, from the four Corners at the Top, to break the Jolts, when a Servant carried me before him on Horfeback, as I fometimes de fired, and would often fleep in my Hanmock while we were upon the Road. On the Roof of my Closet, not directly over the Middle of the Hammock, ordered the Joyner to cut out a Hole of a Foot square, to give me Air in hor Weather, as I flept; which Hole I fhut, at Pleafure, with a Board that drew backwards and forwards through a Groove.

WHEN we came to our Journey's End, the King thought proper to pass a few Days at a Palace he hath near Flanstafnic, a City

BROBDINGNAG. 141 a City within eighteen Englifb Miles of the Sea-fide. Glumdaklitch and I were much fatigued; I had gotten a fmall Cold, but the poor Girl, was fo ill as to be confined to her Chamber. longed to fee the Ocean, which must be the only Scene of my Escape, if ever it thould happen. I pretended to be worfe than I really was, and defired Leave to take the fresh Air of the Sea, with a Page whom I was very fond of, and who had sometimes been trusted with me. I fhall never forget with what Unwillingness Glumdalclitch consented, nor the ftrict Charge fhe gave the Page to be careful of me, burfting at the fame Time into a Flood of Tears, as if the had fome Foreboding of what was to happen. The Boy took me out in my Box about half an Hours Walk from the Palace towards the Rocks on the Sea-shore. I ordered him to fet me down, and lifting up one of my Sashes, cast many a wistful me-Tancholy Look towards the Sea. I found my felf not very well, and told the Page that

4 VOYAGE to 142 that I had a Mind to take a Nap in my Hammock, which I hoped would do me good. Tgot in, and the Boy fhut the Window close down to keep out the cold. I foon fell affeep, and all I can conjecture is, that while I flept, the Page thinking no Danger could happen, went among the Rocks to look for Bird's Eggs. having before observed him from my Window fearching about, and picking up one or two in the Clefts. Be that as it will, I found my felf fuddenly awaked with a violent Pull upon the Ring which was fastned at the Top of my Box for the Conveniency of Carriage. I felt my Box raifed very high in the Air, and then born forward with prodigious Speed. The first Jolt had like to have shaken m out of my Hammock, but afterwards the Motion was easy enough. I called out feveral Times, as loud as I could raile my Voice, but all to no Purpofe. I look ed towards my Windows, and could fee nothing but the Clouds and Sky. I heard a Noile just over my Head like the clapping

ping of Wings, and then began to perceive the woful Condition I was in, that fome Eagle had got the Ring of my Box in his Beak, with an Intent to let it fall on a Rock like a Tortoife in a Shell, and then pick out my Body, and devour it. For the Sagacity and Smell of this Bird enable him to difcover his Quarry at a great Diftance, though better concealed than I could be within a Two-Inch Board.

IN a little Time I observed the Noise and Flutter of Wings to increase very fast, and my Box was tossed up and down like a Sign-post in a windy Day. I heard several Bange or Buffets, as I thought, given to the Eagle, (for such I am certain it must have been that held the Ring of my Box in his Beak,) and then all on a sudden felt my self falling perpendicularly down for above a Minute, but with such incredible Swiftnets that I almost loss my Breath. My Fall was stopped by a terrible Squash, that sounded louder to mine

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mine Ears than the Cataract of Niagara ; after which I was quite in the dark for another Minute, and then my Box began to rife to high that I could fee Light from the Tops of my Windows. I now perceived that I was fallen into the Sea. My Box, by the Weight of my Body, the Goods that were in, and the broad Plates of Iron fixed for Strength at the four Corners of the Top and Bottom, floated about five Foot deep in Water. I did then, and do now suppose that the Eagle which flew away with my Box was purfued by two or three others, and forced to let me drop while he was defending himfelf against the reft, who hoped to fhare in the Prey. The Plates of Iron fasten'd at the Bottom of the Box, (for those were the ftrongest,) preferved the Balance while it fell, and hinder'd it from being broken on the Surface of the Water. Every Joint of it was well grooved; and the Door did not move on Hinges, but up and down like a Safh, which kept my Clofet fo tight that very little

fittle Water came in. I got with much Difficulty out of my Hammock, having first ventured to draw back the Slipboard on the Roof already mentioned, contrived on Purpose to let in Air, for want of which I found my felf almost stifled.

How often did I then with my felf with my dear Glumdalclitch, from whom one fingle Hour had fo far divided me! And I may fay, with Truth, that in the midst of my own Misfortunes I could not forbear lamenting my poor Nurfe, the Grief she would fuffer for my Loss, the Difpleasure of the Queen, and the Ruin of her Fortune. Perhaps many Travellers have not been under greater Difficulties and Distress than I was at this Juncture, expecting every Moment to fee my Box dashed in Pieces, or at least overfet by the first violent Blast, or a rising Wave. A Breach in one fingle Pane of Glafs would have been immediate Death: Nor could any Thing have preferved the Windows PART II. T.

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Windows but the strong Lettice-Wires placed on the out-fide against Accidents in Travelling. I faw the Water ooze in at feveral Crannies, although the Leaks were not confiderable, and I endeavoured to ftop them as well as I could. I was not able to lift up the Roof of my Clofet. which otherwife I certainly fhould have done, and fate on the Top of it, where I might, at leaft, preferve my felf fome Hours longer than by being fhut up, as I may call it, in the Hold. Or if I escaped these Dangers for a Day or two, what could I expect but a miferable Death of Cold and Hunger! I was four Hours under these Circumstances, expecting, and indeed withing, every Moment to be my last.

I HAVE already told the Reader, that there were two ftrong Staples fixed upon that Side of my Box which had no Window, and into which the Servant who ufed to carry me on horfeback would put a leathern Belt, and buckle it about his Wafte. Being

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Being in this disconfolate State, I heard, or at least thought, I heard some kind of grating Noife on that Side of my Box where the Staples were fixed, and foon after I began to fancy that the Box was pulled, or towed along in the Sea; for I now and then felt a fort of tugging which made the Waves rife near the Tops of my Windows, leaving me almost in the dark. This gave me fome faint Hopes of Relief, although I was not able to imagine how it could be brought about. I ventured to unscrew one of my Chairs, which were always fastned to the Floor; and having made a hard Shift to fcrew it down again directly under the flipping Board that I had lately opened, I mounted on the Chair, and, putting my Mouth as near as I could to the Hole, I called for Help in a loud Voice, and in all the Languages I understood. I then fastned my Handkerchief to a Stick I usually carried, and thrusting it up the Hole, waved it feveral Times in the Air, that if any Boat or Ship were near, the Seamen L 2

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Seamen might conjecture fome unhappy Mortal to be fhut up in this Box.

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I FOUND NO Effect from all I could do, but plainly perceived my Clofer to be moved along; and in the Space of an Hour, or better, that Side of the Box. where the Staples were, and had no Window, ftruck against fomething that was hard. I apprehended it to be a Rock, and found my felf tolled more than ever. I plainly heard a Noise upon the Cover of my Closet, like that of a Cable, and the grating of it as it paffed through the Ring. I then found my felf hoitted up by Degrees, at leaft three Foot higher than I was before. Whereupon, I again thrust up my Stick and Handkerchief, calling for Help till I was almost hoarse. In return to which, I heard a great Shout repeated three Times, giving me fuch Transports of Joy, as are not to be conceived but by those who teel them. I now heard a Trampling over my Head, and fomebody calling

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ling through the Hole with a loud Voice in the English Tongue, If there be any Body below, let them speak. I answered, I was an Englishman, drawn by ill Fortune into the greatest Calamity that ever any Creature underwent, and begged, by all that was moving, to be delivered out of the Dungeon I was in. The Voice replied, I was fafe, for my Box was fasten'd to their Ship; and the Carpenter should immediately come, and faw an Hole in the Cover large enough to pull me out. I answered, that was needlefs, and would take up too much Time, for there was no more to be done, but let one of the Crew put his Finger into the Ring, and take the Box out of the Sea into the Ship, and fo into the Captain's Cabbin. Some of them upon hearing me talk fo wildly, thought I was mad; others laughed; for indeed it never came into my Head that I was now got among People of my own Stature and Strength. The Carpenter came, and in a few Minutes faw-L 3 ed

ed a Paffage about four Foot fquare, then let down a fmall Ladder, upon which I mounted, and from thence was taken into the Ship in a very weak Condition.

THE Sailors were all in Amazement, and asked me a thousand Questions. which I had no Inclination to answer. I was equally confounded at the Sight of fo many Pigmies, for fuch I took them to be, after having fo long accustomed mine Eyes to the monstrous Objects I had left. But the Captain, Mr. Thomas Wilcocks, an honeft worthy Shrop-(bire Man, observing I was ready to faint. took me into his Cabbin, gave me a Cordial to comfort me, and made me turn in upon his own Bed, advising me to take a little Reft, of which I had great Need. Before I went to fleep I gave him to understand that I had fome valuable Furniture in my Box too good to be loft; a fine Hammock, an handsome Field-Bed, two Chairs, a Table, and a Cabinet: That

That my Clofet was hung on all Sides, or rather quilted with Silk and Cotton: That if he would let one of the Crew bring my Clofet into his Cabbin, I would open it there before him, and fhew him my Goods. The Captain hearing me utter these Absurdities, concluded I was raving: However, (I fuppose to pacify me,) he promifed to give Order as I defired, and going upon Deck fent fome of his Men down into my Clofet, from whence (as I afterwards found) they drew up all my Goods, and ftripped off the Quilting; but the Chairs, Cabinet and Bed-sted being screwed to the Floor, were much damaged by the Ignorance of the Seamen, who tore them up by Force. Then they knocked off fome of the Boards for the Use of the Ship, and when they had got all they had a mind for, let the Hulk drop into the Sea, which by Reafon of many Breaches made in the Bottom and Sides, funk to rights. And indeed I was glad not to have been a Spectator of the Havock they made; becaufe L 4

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caufe I am confident it would have fenfibly touched me, by bringing former Paflages into my Mind, which I had rather forget.

I SLEPT fome Hours, but perpetually disturbed with Dreams of the Place I had left, and the Dangers I had efcaped. However, upon waking I found my felf much recovered. It was now about • eight a Clock at Night, and the Captain ordered Supper immediately, thinking I had already fasted too long. He entertained me with great Kindness, obferving me not to look wildly, or talk inconfiftently; and when we were left alone, defired I would give him a Relation of my Travels, and by what Accident I came to be fet adrift in that monftrous wooden Cheft. He faid, that about twelve a Clock at Noon, as he was looking through his Glafs, he fpied it at a Distance, and thought it was a Sail, which he had a mind to make, being not much out of his Courfe, in hopes

hopes of buying fome Biscuit, his own beginning to fall fhort. That upon coming nearer, and finding his Error, he fent out his Long-Boat to discover what I was ; that his Men came back in a Fright, fwearing they had feen a fwimming House. That he laughed at their Folly, and went himfelf in the Boat, ordering his Men to take a ftrong Cable along with them. That the Weather being calm, he rowed round me . feveral times, observed my Windows. and the Wire-Lattices that defended them. That he difcovered two Staples upon one Side, which was all of Boards, without any Passage for Light. He then commanded his Men to row up to that Side, and fastening a Cable to one of the Staples, ordered them to tow my Cheft (as they called it) towards the Ship. When it was there, he gave Directions to fasten another Cable to the Ring fixed in the Cover, and to raife up my Cheft with Pullies, which all the Sailors were not able to do above two or three Foot. He faid.

faid, they faw my Stick and Handkerchief thrust out of the Hole, and concluded that fome unhappy Men must be fhut up in the Cavity. I asked whether he or the Crew had seen any prodigious Birds in the Air about the Time he first discovered me. To which he anfwered, that discoursing this Matter with the Sailors while I was afleep, one of them faid he had observed three Eagles flying towards the North, but remarked nothing of their being larger than the ufual Size, which I suppose must be imputed to the great Height they were at; and he could not guess the Reason of my Question. I then asked the Captain how far he reckoned we might be from Land; he faid, by the best Computation he could make, we were at least an hundred Leagues. I assured him, that he must be miltaken by almost half, for I had not left the Country from whence I came above two Hours before I dropt into the Sea. Whereupon he began again to think that my Brain was diffurbed

ed, of which he gave me a Hint, and advised me to go to Bed in a Cabbin he had provided. I assured him I was well refreshed with his good Entertainment and Company, and as much in my Senfes as ever I was in my Life. He then grew ferious, and defired to ask me freely whether I were not troubled in Mind by the Confcioufness of some enormous Crime, for which I was punished at the Command of some Prince. by exposing me in that Cheft, as great Criminals in other Countries have been forced to Sea in a leaky Veffel without Provisions: For although he should be forry to have taken fo ill a Man into his Ship, yet he would engage his Word to fet me fafe on Shore in the first Port where we arrived. He added, that his Sufpicions were much increased by some very abfurd Speeches I had delivered at first to the Sailors, and afterwards to himfelf, in Relation to my Clofet or Cheft, as well as by my odd Looks and Behaviour while I was at Supper.

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I BEGGED his Patience to hear me tell my Story, which I faithfully did from the last time I left England to the Moment he first discovered me. And as Truth always forceth its Way into rational Minds, fo this honeft worthy Gentleman, who had fome Tincture of Learning, and very good Senfe, was immediately convinced of my Candour and Veracity. But further to confirm all I had faid, I entreated him to give Order that my Cabinet should be brought, of which I had the Key in my Pocket, (for he had already informed me how the Seamen difpofed of my Clofet.) I opened it in his own Prefence, and fhewed him the fmall Collection of Rarities I made in the Country from whence I had been fo ftrangely delivered. There was the Comb I had contrived out of the Stumps of the King's Beard, and another of the same Materials, but fixed into a Paring of her Majefty's Thumb-nail, which ferved for the Back. There was a Collection of Needles and Pins from a Foot to

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to half a Yard long: Four Wafp Stings, like Joiners Tacks: Some Combings of the Queen's Hair: A gold Ring which one Day she made me a Present of in a most obliging Manner, taking it from her little Finger, and throwing it over my Head like a Collar. I defired the Captain would please to accept this Ring, in Return of his Civilities, which he absolutely refused. I shewed him a Corn that I had cut off with my own Hand, from a Maid of Honour's Toe, it was about the Bigness of a Kentish Pippin, and grown fo hard, that when I returned to England, I got it hollowed into a Cup, and fet in Silver. Laftly. I defired him to fee the Breeches I had then on, which were made of a Moufe's Skin.

I COULD force nothing on him but a Footman's Tooth, which I observed him to examine with great Curiosity, and found he had a Fancy for it. He received it with Abundance of Thanks, more

more than fuch a Trifle could deferve. It was drawn by an unskilful Surgeon in a Mistake from one of *Glumdalclitch*'s Men, who was afflicted with the Tooth-ach, but it was as found as any in his Head. I got it cleaned, and put it into my Cabinet. It was about a Foot long, and four Inches in Diameter.

THE Captain was very well fatisfied with this plain Relation I had given him, and faid, he hoped when we returned to England, I would oblige the World by putting it in Paper, and making it publick. My Anfwer was, That I thought we were already over-flocked with Books of Travels: That nothing could now pafs which was not extraordinary, wherein I doubted fome Authors lefs confulted Truth than their own Vanity, or Interest, or the Diversion of ignorant Readers. That my Story could contain little besides common Events, without those ornamental Descriptions of

of strange Plants, Trees, Birds, and other Animals, or of the barbarous Customs and Idolatry of favage People, with which most Writers abound. However, I thanked him for his good Opinion, and promised to take the Matter into my Thoughts.

H E faid, he wondered at one Thing very much, which was, to hear me fpeak fo loud, asking me whether the King or Queen of that Country were thick of Hearing. I told him, it was what I had been used to for above two Years paft; and that I admired as much at the Voices of him and his Men. who feemed to me only to whifper, and vet I could hear them well enough. But when I fpoke in that Country. it was like a Man talking in the Street to another looking out from the Top of a Steeple, unless when I was placed on a Table, or held in any Perfon's Hand. I told him, I had likewife observed another Thing, that when I first got into

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into the Ship, and the Sailors flood all. about me, I thought they were the most little contemptible Creatures I had ever beheld. For, indeed, while I was in that Prince's Country, I could never endure to look in a Glass after mine Eyes had been accustomed to fuch prodigious Objects, becaufe the Comparison gave me fo defpicable a Conceit of my felf. The Captain faid, that while we were at Supper, he observed me to look at every Thing with a fort of Wonder. and that I often feemed hardly able to contain my Laughter, which he knew not well how to take, but imputed it to fome Diforder in my Brain. I anfwered, it was very true; and I wondered how I could forbear, when I faw his Difhes of the Size of a filver Threepence, a Leg of Pork hardly a Mouthful, a Cup not fo big as a Nutshell: and fo I went on, describing the rest of his Houshold-stuff and Provisions after the fame Manner. For although the Queen had ordered a little Equipage of all

all things necessary while I was in her Service, yet my Ideas were wholly taken up with what I faw on every fide of me, and I winked at my own Littleness as People do at their own Faults. The Captain understood my Raillery very well, and merrily replied with the old English Proverb, that he doubted mine Eyes were bigger than my Belly, for he did not observe my Stomach so good, although I had fasted all Day; and continuing in his Mirth, protested he would have gladly given an hundred Pounds to have feen my Clofet in the Eagle's Bill, and afterwards in its fall from fo great an height into the Sea; which would certainly have been a most astonishing Object, worthy to have the Description of it transmitted to future Ages: And the Comparison of Phaeton was so obvious, that he could not forbear applying it, although I did not much admire the Conceit.

THE Captain having been at Tonquin PART II. M was

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was in his return to England driven North caftward to the Latitude of 44 Degrees, and of Longitude 143. But meeting a Trade Wind two Days after I came on board him, we failed Southward a long time, and coaffing New-Holland kept our Course West-south west, and then Southfouth-west till we doubled the Cape of Good-hope. Our Voyage was very prosperous, but I shall not trouble the Reader with a Journal of it. The Captain called in at one or two Ports and fent in his Long-boat for Provisions and fresh Water, but I never went out of the Ship till we came into the Downs, which was on the 3d. Day of June 1706, about nine Months after my Escape. I offered to leave my Goods in Security for Payment of my Freight; but the Captain protested he would not receive one Farthing. We took kind leave of each other, and I made him promise he would come to see me at my House in Redriff. hired a Horse and Guide for five Shillings, which I borrowed of the Captain. As

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As I was on the Road, observing the Littleness of the Houses, the Trees, the Cattle and the People, I began to think my felf in *Lilliput*. I was afraid of trampling on every Traveller I met, and often called aloud to have them stand out of the way, so that I had like to have gotten one or two broken Heads for my Impertinence.

WHEN I came to my own Houle, for which I was forced to enquire, one of the Servants opening the Door, I bent down to go in (like a Goofs under a Gate) for fear of striking my Head. My Wife ran out to embrace she, but I stooped lower than her Knees, thinking she could otherwise never be able to reach my Mouth. My Daughter kneeled to ask me Blessing, but I could not see her till she arose, having been so long used to stand with my Head and Eyes erect to above fixty Foot; and then I went to take her up with one Hand, by the Waste. I looked

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looked down upon the Servants and one or two Friends who were in the Houle, as if they had been Pigmies, and I a Giant. I told my Wife fhe had been too thrifty, for I found fhe had ftarved herfelf and her Daughter to nothing. In fhort, I behaved my felf fo unaccountably, that they were all of the Captain's Opinion when he first faw me, and concluded I had loft my Wits. This I mention as an Inftance of the great Power of Habit and Prejudice.

IN a fittle time I and my Family and Friends came to a right Understanding: But my Wife protested I should never go to Sea any more; although my evil Destiny so ordered that she had not Power to hinder me, as the Reader may know hereaster. In the mean time I here conclude the Second Part of my unfortunate Voyages.

The End of the Second Part.



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