

Who is OWLA?



- Diverse coalition of community leaders and organizations from across Los Angeles County
- United to create a strong water future for Los Angeles
- Our goal is to secure clean, safe, affordable and reliable water for drinking, recreation and commerce now and for the future
- Commitment to seeing prioritization of projects that achieve Safe Clean Water Program objectives of water quality, water supply, nature-based solutions, and community investment.



Methodology

- We reviewed the recommendations from the ARLA Working Group, SCOPE,
 LA Waterkeeper, UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation and Stantec, and the
 Scoring Committee as well as our historic stances and recommendations
- We identified where recommendations overlapped
- We made an effort to consolidate and condense the recurring recommendations into the following summarized recommendations



Water Quality

Convene expert panel of water quality experts to assess and make recommendations on how the SCWP can maximize water quality benefits most effectively and efficiently, including whether:

- Scoring criteria incentivizes projects that are overbuilt
- Project categorization of wet vs dry is sufficient or whether adjustments are needed
- Appropriate to adopt a mass pollution reduction load for larger watersheds/projects
- Cost-effectiveness criteria is appropriate and the best way to determine effectiveness of projects



Water Supply

Use existing ROC Water Supply Working group to assess and make recommendations on how the SCWP can maximize water supply benefits most effectively and efficiently, including:

- Expansion of what constitutes beneficial use of water, including potentially adding shallow groundwater recharge and environmental uses of water
- Developing protocols to ensure that water is not doublecounted between upstream and downstream projects
- Prioritizing groundwater recharge projects and onsite -use over wastewater recycling



Nature-Based Solutions (NBS)

- Redefine NBS in the feasibility study guidelines by incorporating 2022 interim guidance that differentiates between natural processes and nature mimicking strategies
- Update scoring criteria to adopt a sliding scale (rather than all-or-nothing score) that incorporates a metrics-based "good, better, best" framework
 - good = climate friendly vegetation;
 - better = native vegetation;
 - best = diverse native plant communities, including groundcover, shrub, trees
- Update scoring criteria to encourage more hardscape removal by establishing a scale-dependent scoring rubric



Community Investment Benefits (CIB)

- Require applicants to demonstrate community <u>need</u> for project CIB (e.g., reduce flooding, mitigate heat island) through data (photos, heat index, parks needs assessment) or community needs assessment to achieve points
- Replace the current "yes/no" system with **clear metrics** for community benefits to set specific goals and outcomes. Additionally, establish minimum thresholds that must be met to be awarded points
- Embark on ongoing community needs assessment (part of outreach program) and build out easily accessible portal to continuously track



Benefits to Disadvantaged Communities

- Provide clearer definition of "DAC benefitting" grounded in strong CIB, community engagement, and displacement avoidance standards
- Adopt ARLA WG recommendation to calculate DAC benefits based on proportionality (who benefits from project based on wellestablished metrics/criteria) for DAC 110% determination and project scoring
- Incorporate DAC mapping platform into application portal that includes socioeconomic data & environmental challenges to ID priority sites for DAC & severely DAC communities
- Require applicants to clearly demonstrate indirect displacement avoidance strategies

Community Engagement & Support

- Update and clarify scoring for community engagement so that expectations and standards are clear. Consider using Rosa Gonzalez of Facilitating Power as a guide
- Set minimum requirements (for eligibility) of "Consult" based on Spectrum of Community Engagement to Ownership and allocate increasing points to projects that demonstrate activities that "Involve," "Collaborate," and "Defer to" the impacted community
- Require applicants to conduct early and meaningful community
 engagement with federally and non-federally recognized tribes if it is of
 interest and with appropriate capacity building in place
- Establish a bench of CBOs/NGOs that can be employed or deployed to conduct community engagement by applicants

Leveraging Funds

- Provide more clarity as to what constitutes leveraged funding, specifically addressing internal cost-share, phased projects, O&M (does construction count as leveraged funding), how certain leveraged funding is, and staff time
- Establish a **graduated sliding scale** to award points for leveraged funding like the Water Supply pilot
- Pilot a track for leveraged funding that allows projects to promise to use SCWP funding to leverage additional funding (using SCWP funds as a match for federal/state grant programs)



Workforce Development/Good Jobs

- Include section on application portal to quantify workforce impact of project- specifically, is the project covered under a CWA/PLA, will Conservation Corps be part of the workforce, how many construction and how many O&M jobs will be created
- Roll out workforce development program as soon as possible



Process Improvements

- Separate design, construction and O&M applications now (longer-term, craft relevant scoring rubric for each application type)
- Streamline SCWP process to provide as much deliberation time as possible to WASCs
- Empower ROC to provide appropriate oversight during SIP reviews
- Assess WASC performance examining the makeup of the WASCs and fair decision-making practices



Monitoring & Reporting

- Establish a public monitoring dashboard that is user-friendly and includes which stage the project is in (completed, design, construction, O&M)
- Develop specific metrics to quantify, track, and monitor progress for the SCWP and use monitoring to inform adaptive management
- Develop a monitoring program that includes compliance monitoring, program monitoring, watershed monitoring, and project monitoring with a strong and transparent review process, ideally conducted by a third party
- Offer a County approved O&M provider or County workforce as an option to complete O&M if funded by SCWP dollars

Other Considerations

- Explore potential for **parcel-based program**, such as residential retrofit (with direct install for equity purposes)
 - Consider pilot project with different criteria for regional funds and/or incentives for municipalities to allocate local return funds to such projects
- Explore and pursue strategies to get school districts to more effectively engage in SCWP (w/ projects that actually green schools and provide community-wide benefits)
- Explore any other strategies that will accelerate replacement
 of hardscape with greenspace, especially in park-poor communities



Additional Assessments Needed

- Municipal program (\$112M per year)
 - What are funds being used for?
 - Are municipal funds augmenting or offsetting past spending?
- Other elements of regional program
 - Scientific studies (e.g., should we identify and pursue specific research needs, such as goal of shifting program to be more proactive?)
 - Technical Resources Program (e.g., should applicants be allowed to use funds to conduct their own Feasibility Study?)
- District program
 - Outreach, education & workforce development



Key Constituents to Consult

- WASCs (chairs)
- Scoring Committee
- Watershed Coordinators
- Applicants both funded and non-funded



Crafting a Proactive Approach

- Shift SCWP Regional Program from reactive grants program to proactive funding program
- Based on existing data and community needs assessment, identify best project types (and projects) for various locations to maximize overall program benefits
- Use scientific studies money to launch data assessment
- Use outreach program to support community needs assessment
- Vision should include specific goals, objectives, targets, metrics, action plan & timelines



Benefits of a Proactive Approach

Moving from one-size-fits all competitive grant approach to more visionary, proactive funding program will allow us to:

- Better address specific watershed characteristics (soil type, how much water already captured, amount of hardscape, water quality)
- Better address community needs and goals (ID where greening is most critical, where more opportunity exists for water supply, where water quality compliance is most critical)
- More fully incorporate full-cost accounting principles (to help ID best types of projects for various locations), which is challenging in grant program
- Can incorporate beneficial projects/programs that may not score well under current rubric (e.g., parcel-based programs)
- Maximize cost-effectiveness of SCWP investments; allow more creativity in leveraging funds
- Maximize overall program benefits by being more targeted in investments!



Priorities

- Take all steps to prioritize hardscape removal, and creation of NEW green space – especially at schools and park-poor communities
- Adopt more metrics and clearer definitions around Community Investment Benefits, Community Support, NBS, and DAC Benefitting
- Ensure water quality and supply benefits being fully met (monitoring; avoiding redundancy)
- Take steps to move program from reactive grants program to visionary and proactive investment program

