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**Appendix A: Survey Questionnaires and Interview Guides** 

#### A1. Economic Impact Survey of Canadian Crafts Producers in 2001

A Canadian Crafts Federation/Fédération canadienne des Métiers d'art (CCF/FCMA) Survey

This survey is the first to seek a Canada-wide measure of craft activity and will assist in demonstrating that craftspersons make a significant economic as well as cultural contribution to Canadian society. This effort is part of a larger project to develop a profile of the Canadian crafts sector and a strategy to expand domestic and foreign markets for Canadian craft products. The results of this project are expected to put crafts on a more equal footing with other cultural industries in gaining program support from government ministries and agencies.

If you receive an extra copy of the survey, please help us by passing it on to another professional craftsperson. The survey is available in both official languages on the CCF/FCMA website at <a href="https://www.canadiancraftsfederation.ca">www.canadiancraftsfederation.ca</a>. Thank you for your cooperation!

Please complete survey within one week of receipt. All responses are confidential and only summary information that will not identify individuals will be published or released to the study sponsors. Please email <u>peartree@rogers.com</u> or fax (613) 233-6158 if you have questions regarding this survey.

Craft Activities			
1. You and your craft production (Please check only one):			
? I work alone			
? I work with a business partner			
? I work as an employee for a craftsperson or studio ? I am an owner/partner of a studio with paid employees (p	alongo complete questions in how		
? I am an owner/partner of a studio with paid employees (p	please complete questions in box		
2. If you have paid employees:  How many individuals did you pay as employees during 2001  How many employees worked full time (35+ hours) and full year in 2001  What was your total payroll (including taxes) for all employees in 2001 \$  How many craftspersons did piece or contract work (not as employees) for you in 2001			
<ul> <li>3. Do you consider yourself a (please check only one):</li> <li>? Full time Craft Professional</li> <li>? Part time Craft Professional</li> <li>? Hobbyist</li> </ul>			
4. Is your craft workplace or studio located in or on your residence. Yes ? No	dential property?		
5. Are you a member of any craft organizations? ? Yes  If <b>Yes</b> , how many groups? Local Provincial			
Your Background 6. In what year were you born? 19			
7. What is your preferred language?			
? English ? French ? Oth	her (specify)		
8. Please check any and all characteristics that apply to you:			
? Female ? Visible Minority	? Born in Canada		
? Male ? Aboriginal/First Nation	? Foreign Born (specify		
? Métis	country)		
Please turn to page 2			

Your Education and	_	nave attained (check one only):
? Primary School	2 Completed U	igh School 2 College/CECED
? Some High School	2 Trade/Approx	igh School ? College/CEGEP nticeship ? University
Some Figuracion	? Trade/Apprei	inceship ! Oniversity
10 Please check the type	es of craft training you hav	re received (check all that apply):
0 0 10 0 1	0 771 1 0 1 1	0 6 11 (65.65)
? Trained direct	ly by 2 Crofts Works	? College/CEGEP  hops ? University  nticeship ? Other (specify)
the another area (s)	2 Trade/Ammun	otionship 2 Other (aposity)
other craftsperson(s)	? Trade/Apprei	diceship ? Other (specify)
Your Medium and I		
		our work (check only one).
? Bone/Antler	? Leather/Fur	
? Clay	? Metal	? Wood
? Fibre/Textiles	? Paper	? Mixed Media (specify)
? Glass	? Plastics	? Other (specify)
12 Please indicate up to	three main craft chiects w	ou make (describe as you prefer):
a)	b)	c)
<b>Money Matters</b>		
•	from all sources in 2001 (t	to nearest \$1,000): \$,000.
14. Your Craft Business I	Revenues in 2001 (or vour	share of a partnership business):
	enue	
a. Wholesale	Aluc .	\$,000
b. Internet or Web-bas	sad Sita	\$ 000
	Galleries or Shops	
	op, studio or home	
e. Sales through retail		\$,000
f. Commission work of		\$,000
	e (awards, grants, teaching	
	nue from All Sources (Ad	
		ls, business expenses, payroll, etc.) \$,000.
		evoted to your craft business in 2001
	ercentage of your 2001 Re	venue from the following areas:
% Your Home	% Oth	ner% Outside Canada
Province/Territory	Provinces/7	
18. In what year did you	get your first revenue or n	make your first sale of your craft products?
Contact Information		20.5.10.1
19. Respondent Name 20. Postal Code		
21. Phone		22. Fax
23. Website		<del></del>
24. Email		<del></del>
25. Business Name (if an	y)	26. Your Title
You are done! A postage	paid envelope for returning	ng the survey is enclosed. If envelope is not available,
please mail to: Peartree	Solutions, Suite 24, 99 Fi	ifth Avenue, Ottawa, K1S 5K4
	es) to Peartree Solutions	
		e included in the final results. Results will be posted i
October 2002 on the CCF	F/FCMA website: www.ca	madiancraftsfederation.ca. This survey is made possib

Peartree Solutions Inc. 4

with the assistance of the ten provincial craft councils, the Department of Foreign Affairs and International

Trade, Department of Canadian Heritage, and the Canada Council for the Arts.

#### A2. Craft Producer Export Survey (Follow-up Survey)

By telephone: Hello, we are conducting a follow-up survey on behalf of the Canadian Crafts Federation/Federation canadienne des metiers d'art (CCF/FCMA). Your business was selected for this follow-up to the recent survey you completed because of the size and importance of your business in the crafts sector. Would you have about 15 minutes to answer some questions about the nature and size of your business and the export market potential of your craft?

Note: Data from initial survey is available to interviewer. Sample consists of survey respondents with either \$50k or more in revenue in 2001 or \$5k or more in exports.

A. Contact Information (From Export Survey Sample Frame)			
Name	Phone		
B. Busine	ess Characteristics		
	ving questions are related to the nature of you determining the characteristics of successful		
	<ol> <li>Please check any of the following that apply to you or your business.</li> <li>Have received a grant from a: federal provincial local granting organization (circle all those that apply)?</li> <li>Have received an award or prize for craft?         <ul> <li>Source:</li> <li>Work has been displayed in shows or galleries outside your province?</li> <li>Where?</li> <li>Work is included in public collections (circle all those that apply): local provincial national international</li> <li>Received a bank loan or line of credit to support your business?</li> <li>Received support from business or entrepreneurship programs? Specify:</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
C. Training and Skill Development			
2. Have you taken any education or training programs to enhance your Craft activity in the last five years? Yes No			
3. If yes, please indicate which of the following areas you have developed:  □ Craft techniques and related □ Export Legal Issues □ Accounting and Finance □ Sales and Marketing □ Intellectual □ Property/Copyright ■ Marketing □ Other			

#### D. Sales and Market Development Activity

The following questions ask about the methods you use to promote your craft business:

4.	On a scale of 1 to 5 please indicate whether	you consider the following to be important
	methods of marketing your craft business.	(1 is not important, 5 is very important):

a) Your own	Studio/Retail Store	1	2	3	4	5
b) Own Inter	net Site	1	2	3	4	5
c) Internet si	tes of Others	1	2	3	4	5
d) Word of n	nouth	1	2	3	4	5
e) Newspape	er or Magazine Advertising	1	2	3	4	5
f) Participati	on in Juried Exhibitions	1	2	3	4	5
g) Participati	on in Canadian Retail Shows	1	2	3	4	5
h) Participati	on in Canadian Wholesale Shows	1	2	3	4	5
i) Participati	on in Foreign Retail Shows	1	2	3	4	5
j) Participati	on in Foreign Wholesale Shows	1	2	3	4	5
k) Distribution	on of Catalogs or Brochures	1	2	3	4	5
1) Efforts of a	an Agent, Dealer or private gallery	1	2	3	4	5
m) Other (spe		1	2	3	4	5

#### E. Export Activity

□ Africa \_\_\_\_\_%
 □ Asia \_\_\_\_\_%
 □ Australia \_\_\_\_\_%
 □ Other \_\_\_\_\_% specify\_\_\_

5.	Have you sold your work in International Markets in 2001? Yes No
6.	(If 5 is No) What efforts would you have to make for you to consider your craft business "export ready"? (Go to question 10).
7.	(If 5 is Yes) please estimate the proportion of your total revenue in 2001 derived from sales in the following markets:
	United States% United Kingdom% Continental Europe% Latin America%

8. Do you know the Harmonized System (HS) Codes that are applied to your products when your work is exported? If so, please provide: \_\_\_\_\_\_

9.	If you have an export broker, could you provide the name and phone number? (We would contact them for information on customs issues in exporting crafts in general nothin specific to your business.)		
F.	Future Development		
10.	What do you consider your best opportunity to expand your business?		
11.	What do you consider the greatest barrier to expanding your business?		
12.	What kind of program support or assistance would you consider to be most helpful in promoting your craft business?		
	a) In Canada:		
	b) In international markets:		
Co	mments:		

Thank you for your assistance. If you have any questions please contact Peartree Solutions (613) 795-4548, #24 Fifth Avenue Court, 99 Fifth Avenue, Ottawa, K1S 5K4.

#### A3. Economic Impact Survey of Canadian Craft Councils in 2002

A Canadian Crafts Federation/Fédération canadienne des Métiers d'art (CCF/FCMA) Survey

This survey is intended to estimate the economic impact of Canada's ten provincial crafts councils in their most recent fiscal year. The intent is to measure their economic impact directly as cultural organizations as well as more indirectly as distribution intermediaries for craft products though galleries, shops, boutiques, and internet sites, and by organizing craft shows.

Please complete survey within one week of receipt. Responses will be published by province unless you indicate the data is confidential. Please email <a href="mailto:peartree@rogers.com">peartree@rogers.com</a> or call Bert Pereboom at (613) 233-6858 if you have questions regarding this survey.

Craft Council Em	loyment and	Payroll
------------------	-------------	---------

1.	How many individuals did you have as employees during 2002 (in other words, how many T4 tax
	slips did y-+ou issue for 2002)?
2.	How many employees worked full time (35+ hours) and full year in 2002?
3.	How many Full Time Equivalent positions do you have as of today?
4.	What was your total payroll (including benefits and taxes) for any Council employees in 2002
	\$,000 (nearest \$1,000).

#### **Craft Council Organizational Finances**

5. Please indicate Craft Council Revenues in 2002 (or the most recent fiscal year):

Source of Craft Organization Revenue	Revenue (nearest \$1,000)
a. Sales of Memberships and/or Dues	\$,000
b. Net Council Proceeds from Council-sponsored Shops,	\$,000
Galleries, Boutiques, Internet (after all associated expenses)	
c. Net Council Proceeds from Craft Shows or Fairs	\$,000
d. Private Donations	\$,000
e. Arts Council and Government Grants	\$,000
f. Other Income (specify)	\$,000
g. Total Council Revenue from All Sources	
(Add items a - f)	\$,000

#### **Craft Council Role in Craft Distribution**

6. Please estimate the sales of craft products through the following activities in the last year:

Craft Organization Distribution Activity	Revenue (nearest \$1,000)	
a. Total Sales of Craft Shop, Galleries, Boutique or Internet Site	\$,000	
b. Total paid to Craft Producers out of Sales in line 6 (a)	\$,000	
c. Total Sales of Craft through Council Sponsored Craft Shows	\$,000	
d. Total Sales of Craft through Council Participation in	\$,000	
International Shows		
d. Total Sales of Craft through Other Activities (specify)	\$,000	

Compart Information		
Contact Information		
7. Respondent Name	8. Phone	
9. Email :		

Please email <u>Peartree@rogers.com</u> or fax survey to Peartree Solutions at: (613) 233-6158. Feel free to attach any explanatory notes or include a copy of your most recent financial statements if that seems useful.

#### A4. Survey of Key Players in the Distribution of Craft

I'm calling from Peartree Solutions in Ottawa. We have been engaged by the Canadian Craft Federation to develop an economic profile and strategic plan for the Canadian craft community. We have surveyed craft producers to determine their economic contribution and we would like to include results from craft distribution channels as well. The results of this study will raise awareness of craft in Canada, and serve as the foundation for a crafts sector strategy to develop domestic and foreign markets for Canadian craft products. Would you be willing to provide us with some details about your business as well as discuss some of the issues and opportunities for developing markets for Canadian Crafts?

All responses are confidential and only summary information that does not identify individuals will be provided to the study sponsors and in public reports. hank you for your cooperation.

I. (	Con	Contact Information	
	1.	1. Respondent Name2. Postal	Code
	3.	3. Phone 4. Website	<del></del> -
	5.	5. Email	
		6. Business Name	
	7.	7. Your Title	
II.	Cra	Craft Related Activity (Results from any recent 12 n	nonth period are fine)
	8.	8. Total number employed in your craft-related activity at an	y time in 2001
	9.	9. Of these, how many were full time/full year employees in	2001
	10.	10. How many were part time or part year employees in 2001	
	11.	11. To the nearest \$10,000 could you tell me your total sales of 2001?	Canadian-made craft products in
	12.	12. To the nearest \$10,000 could you estimate the total amount 2001 for their craft works?	you paid to Canadian craft artisans in
III.	Iss	Issues and Strategies for Craft Development	
	13.	13. What do you consider to be the greatest barrier or obstacle Canada?	to the growth of craft markets in
	14.	14. What initiatives would you consider to be most helpful in which you are most familiar?	promoting the <b>craft enterprises</b> with
		<ul><li>a) In developing domestic markets for craft</li><li>b) In developing international markets for craft</li></ul>	
	15.	15. What <b>marketing opportunities or strategies</b> , perhaps succareas, industries, or countries, could be employed to expar Canadian craft?	
		<ul><li>a) In developing the domestic market for craft?</li><li>b) In developing international markets for craft?</li></ul>	
	16.	16. What kinds of support would be useful in pursuit of these	strategies?

For more information, see Canadian Crafts Federation web site: www.canadiancraftsfederation.ca

#### A5. Large Craft-Related Enterprises Interview Guide

I'm calling from Peartree Solutions in Ottawa. We have been engaged by the Canadian Craft Federation to develop an economic profile and strategic plan for the Canadian craft community. We have surveyed small craft producers to determine their economic contribution and we would like to include results from some large craft-related businesses as well. The results of this study will raise awareness of craft in Canada, and serve as the foundation for a craft sector strategy to develop domestic and foreign markets for Canadian craft products. Would you be willing to provide us with some details about your business as well as discuss some of the issues and opportunities for developing markets for Canadian craft?

All responses are confidential and only summary information that does not identify individuals will be provided to the study sponsors and in public reports. Thank you for your cooperation.

I. Cont	act Information
2.	Respondent Name 2. Postal Code
	Phone 4. Website
17. 18	Email 7. Your Title
10.	/. Tour Title
II. Craf	t Related Activity (Responses can apply to latest 12 month period)
8.	Total number employed in your craft-related activity at any time in 2001
9.	Of these, how many were full time/full year employees in 2001
10.	How many were part time or part year employees in 2001
11.	To the nearest \$10,000 could you tell me your total sales of Canadian-made craft products in 2001?
12.	To the nearest \$10,000 could you estimate the total sales generated from export activity of Canadian craft products in 2001?
III. Issı	ues and Strategies for Craft Development
13.	What do you consider to be the greatest barrier or obstacle to the growth of craft markets in Canada?
14.	What initiatives would you consider to be most helpful in promoting <b>craft enterprises</b> with which you are most familiar?
	a) In developing domestic markets for craft b) In developing international markets for craft
15.	What <b>marketing opportunities or strategies</b> , perhaps successfully employed in other cultural areas, industries, or countries, could be employed to expand the awareness of and demand for Canadian craft?
	<ul><li>a) In developing the domestic market for craft?</li><li>b) In developing international markets for craft?</li></ul>
16.	What kinds of support would be useful in pursuit of these strategies?
For mo	re information, see Canadian Craft Federation web site: <u>www.canadiancraftsfederation.ca</u>

#### A6. Draft Discussion Questions for the Roundtable Sessions

- 1. Based on the Economic Profile presentation at the roundtable, is there anything that stands out for you as a new, unexpected, or significant characteristic in the craft sector?
- 2. What do you consider to be the greatest barrier or obstacle to the growth of craft practice and markets in Canada?
- 3. What initiatives would you consider to be most helpful in promoting the **craft enterprises** with which you are most familiar?
  - a) In developing local or regional markets for craft
  - b) In developing the national market for craft
  - c) In developing international markets for craft
- 4. What **marketing opportunities or strategies**, perhaps successfully employed in other cultural areas, industries, or countries, could be employed to expand the awareness of and demand for Canadian craft?
  - a) In developing local or regional markets for craft
  - b) In developing the national market for craft
  - c) In developing international markets for craft.
- 5. Which of the initiatives for question 3 and 4 would be possible with existing resources, appropriately realigned, and which would depend on additional government program support?
- 6. Are there any institutional or organizational opportunities to better coordinate the resources available to promote Canadian craft domestically or abroad?

#### **Appendix B: Craft Sector Organizations**

#### **B1.** Canadian Craft Council

• Canadian Crafts Federation www.canadiancraftsfederation.ca

#### **B2.** Provincial Craft Councils

Link to all provincial sites: <a href="mailto:canadiancraftsfederation.ca/connect\_prolink.html">canadiancraftsfederation.ca/connect\_prolink.html</a>

- Alberta Craft Council (ACC) www.albertacraft.ab.ca
- Conseil des métiers d'art du Québec (CMAQ) www.metiers-d-art.qc.ca
- Crafts Association of British Columbia (CABC) www.cabc.net
- Craft Council of Newfoundland & Labrador (CCNL) www.craftcouncil.nf.ca
- Manitoba Crafts Council (MCC) www.craftspace.org
- New Brunswick Crafts Council (NBCC) www.nbcraftscouncil.com
- Nova Scotia Designer Crafts Council (NSDCC) www.nsdcc.ns.ca
- Nunavut Arts and Crafts Association www.nacaarts.org
- Ontario Crafts Council (OCC) www.craft.on.ca
- Prince Edward Island Crafts Council (PEICC) www.peicraftscouncil.com
- Saskatchewan Craft Council (SCC) www.saskcraftcouncil.org

#### **B3. Single Media Guilds**

- Atlantic Handweavers and Spinners www.parl.ns.ca/ash
- BC Potters Association www.bcpotters.com
- Canadian Bookbinders and Book Artists Guild www.cbbag.ca
- Fusion: The Ontario Clay and Glass Association www.clayandglass.on.ca
- Glass Art Association of Canada (GAAC) www.glassartcanada.ca
- Metal Arts Guild (MAG) www.metalarts.on.ca
- Ontario Handweavers and Spinners www.ohs.on.ca
- Southern Alberta Woodworkers Society www.saws.ca
- Surfacing: Textile Artists and Designers Association www.surfacing-tada.com

#### **B4.** Major Provincial Craft Council Show and Distribution Outlets

- Alberta Craft Gallery, Edmonton (Retail) www.albertacraft.ab.ca
- The Island Crafts Shop, Charlottetown (retail) www.peicraftscouncil.com/vcraftshop.php3
- Craft Council Gallery, St. John's (retail) www.craftcouncil.nf.ca
- Crafthouse Gallery, Vancouver (retail) www.cabc.net
- CraftSpace Gallery, Winnipeg (retail) www.craftspace.org
- The Guild Shop, Toronto (retail) www.craft.on.ca
- Plein art , Québec City (Retail) <u>www.metiers-d-art.qc.ca</u>
- Salon des métiers d'art de Montréal (Retail) www.metiers-d-art.qc.ca

 Saskatchewan Craft Council Gallery, Saskatoon (retail) www.saskcraftcouncil.org

#### **B5. Major Canadian Shows (Trade or Retail)**

- Atlantic Craft Trade Show (Trade) www.actshow.ca
- Canadian Gift and Tableware Association (Trade) www.cgta.org
- One of a Kind Shows (Retail) www.oneofakindshow.com
- Signatures Shows (Trade and Retail) www.signatures.ca
- Toronto Outdoor Art Exhibition (Retail) www.torontooutdoorart.org

#### **B6. Major Canadian Distributors of Fine Craft**

- A Show of Hands Petroff Gallery, Toronto www.ashowofhands.com
- Art Market Productions (also run an annual craft show in Calgary) www.artmarketonline.com
- Boutique La Corriveau, Montreal www.iplus-info.ca/quebecworld/Data/Q1513/Q1513.html
- Gallerie Elena Lee in Montreal www.galerieelenalee.com
- Handsmiths, Halifax (and other outlets) www.handsmiths.com
- Lafreniere and Pai Gallery, Ottawa www.ottawaplus.ca/profile/46626
- Prime Gallery, Toronto www.primegallery.ca
- Sandra Ainsley Gallery, Toronto www.sandraainsleygallery.com
- Acredited craft retail distributors of the CMAQ www.metiers-d-art.qc.ca/repertoire/diffuseurs/diffuseurs.html
- Craft studios that are part of the Economuseum® Network: www.economusees.com/index\_an.html

#### **B7.** Large Museums and Institutions

- Art Gallery of Sudbury, Sudbury, ON www.artsudbury.org
- Burlington Art Centre, Burlington, ON www.BurlingtonArtCentre.on.ca
- Canadian Museum of Civilization, Gatineau, QC www.civilization.ca
- La Galerie d'art Stewart Hall, Pointe Claire, QC pointeclaire.ville.montreal.qc.ca
- The Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art, Toronto, ON www.gardinermuseum.on.ca
- The Living Arts Centre, Mississauga, ON www.livingarts.on.ca
- Musée d'art contemporain de Montréal www.macm.org
- Musée des beaux-arts de Montréal www.mbam.qc.ca
- Musée du Château Dufresne, Montréal info@chateaudufresne.qc.ca
- Musée McCord d'histoire canadienne, Montréal www.musee-mccord.qc.ca
- Ottawa Art Gallery, Ottawa <u>www.ottawaartgallery.ca</u>
- The Textile Museum of Canada, Toronto www.textilemuseum.ca
- Tom Thomson Memorial Art Gallery, Owen Sound, ON <u>www.tomthomson.org</u>
- Musée du Haut-Richelieu, St. Jean-sur-Richelieu, QC www.museeduhaut-richelieu.com
- Musée Marsil, Saint-Lambert, QC www.museemarsil.org
- Musée des maîtres et artisans du Québec (formerly Musée d'art de Saint-Laurent) infos@mmaq.qc.ca
- Musée des arts décoratifs de Montréal (voir Musée des beaux-arts de Montréal) www.mbam.qc.ca
- Musée national des beaux-arts du Québec www.mnba.qc.ca

#### **Appendix C: Program Models for Promoting Craft**

#### C1. Programs in Québec

Many provinces have support programs for cultural organizations and small business, some of which are accessible to craft studios. In Québec, programs promoting craft and craft enterprises are the responsibility of the Société de développement des entreprises culturelles (SODEC). Two major programs are available to craft studios as well as other cultural enterprises:

- Business Financing Program which supports cultural studios and other businesses
- Sodexport, a program to promote export of Québec cultural products.

#### **C1.1 The Business Financing Program**

#### **Business Financing Program Objectives**

- To promote the development of craft businesses by offering financing for the production and *marketing* activities to those with at least one year of commercial activities and demonstrating a potential for reimbursement.
- To be open to new formulas for the production and *marketing* of craft products aimed at structuring the sector.

#### Types of Financial Assistance

Financial assistance for the development of markets for craft products can take the form of:

- Bridge financing
- working capital for craftspeople assuming a financial risk in their marketing efforts or export initiatives
- acquiring fixed assets

#### C1.2 Sodexport

#### Overall Program Objectives

- To contribute to the development of markets for cultural businesses outside of Québec, to their increased competitiveness and to the strengthening of their financial base.
- To increase the cultural presence of Québec outside of Canada.
- To offer support adapted to the needs of cultural businesses.
- To allow businesses to get a better knowledge of their target market and to support them all the way to the conclusion of an export plan or project.

#### Eligibility Criteria for Participating in Sodexport

This program is designed for:

- Businesses in the fields of film-making, television production, sound recording, variety shows, book writing and editing, *crafts* and multimedia
- Businesses whose head office is in Québec

- Incorporated or duly registered businesses, including coops and non profit organizations
- Consortiums of Québec firms
- Cultural sector associations

#### Sodexport Sub-Programs

Sodexport has three (3) subprograms:

- 1. Sodexport Business
- 2. Sodexport Project
- 3. Collective presence in markets and fairs and other cultural presence activities

#### 1) Sodexport-Business

Sub-Program Objective

To support the achievement of the business plan's international activities according to the external markets development strategy.

Specific Eligibility Criteria for Participating in Sodexport-Business

In addition to general eligibility criteria stated above, the participating firm must:

- Present a three-year action plan comprising of all projected export activities and of their needs for one year;
- Mention, in its action plan, those new export market development activities that are to be added to its regular activities;
- Have the necessary management structure and skills to undertake the proposed activities and a sufficient financial base for a successful completion of the project;
- Be able to put down 30% of the operating budget accepted by SODEC to finance market development activities.

Calculation of Financial Assistance for Sodexport-Business

The maximum amount of financial assistance a business can receive is \$50,000; this amount cannot exceed 50% of eligible costs.

Measures of Impact for Sodexport-Business

SODEC uses the company's gross sales incurred on markets outside Québec as a reference when asking for the reimbursement of its financial assistance, in total or in part. Reimbursement measures are negotiated based on the nature of each request, and they are stipulated in the contract.

#### 2) Sodexport-Project

Sodexport-Project Sub-Program Objective

- To allow businesses to take advantage of export opportunities
- To support actions bringing a significant cultural presence
- To support businesses starting their development of external markets

Specific Eligibility Criteria for Participating in Sodexport-Project

In addition to general eligibility criteria stated for Sodexport, the participating firm must:

- Have the necessary management structure and skills to undertake the proposed activities and a sufficient financial base for a successful completion of the project;
- Be able to put down 30% of the operating budget accepted by SODEC to finance market development activities.

Calculation of Financial Assistance for Sodexport-Project

The maximum amount of financial assistance a business can receive is \$50% of eligible costs to a maximum award of \$25,000.

When the goal of supported business activities is to obtain contracts or sales, SODEC can ask for a reimbursement of its financial assistance, in total or in part. Reimbursement measures are negotiated based on the nature of each project; these are stipulated in the contract.

#### 3) Collective Presence in Markets and Fairs and Other Cultural Presence Activities

This program supports groups of artists in participating in fairs and shows outside of the province.

*Sub-Program Objective* 

- To ensure the presence of Québec cultural businesses in large international markets and fairs.
- To support activities ensuring the visibility of cultural production outside of Québec and of businesses.

**Web reference:** www.sodec.gouv.qc.ca

#### C2. Programs in France

#### **Program Objectives and Initiatives**

Launched in January 1999, this national program encompasses a set of forty-four (44) initiatives articulated around the following objectives:

- To contribute to changing the image of craft businesses.
- To contribute to their development, both at the local level and in terms of foreign markets.
- To modernize them and to reinforce their competitiveness.

The main initiatives related to domestic and international market development can be summarized as follows:

- Training has been organized to support craftspeople in the use the Internet to expand their markets.
- *Consulting engineers* have been assigned to assist crafts businesses in this venture.
- Crafts businesses have been re-grouped on a territorial level and have been encouraged
  to *network* and cooperate amongst each other, so as to get out of their isolation and put
  their know-how in common.
- An export officer from the <u>Centre Français du Commerce Extérieur</u> (CFCE) has been assigned in each Regional Chamber of Trades to facilitate access to information on international trade. There is now *a Crafts division in CFCE* and *an information booklet on European markets* has been written for craftspeople, which is also available on the Internet at www.pme-commerce-artisanat.gouv.fr/informations/developpement/export.htm
- *An information campaign* was launched to upgrade the image of crafts and to motivate young people to choose crafts as a career.
- A global credit for the development of craft businesses, covered by a guarantee fund, was established.

All economic players -- including the Secrétariat d'État aux Petites et Moyennes Entreprises, au Commerce et à l'Artisanat Secretary of State for Small and Medium Enterprises and the Trades) of the Ministère de l'Economie, des Finances et de l'Industrie (MINEFI), the Chambers of Commerce, and professional organizations -- have been mobilized to provide a closer support to the economic development of crafts.

#### Organizations Responsible for Administering the National Program

The main organization responsible for administering this national program is the Secrétariat d'État aux Petites et Moyennes Entreprises, au Commerce et à l'Artisanat of MINEFI. MINEFI is supported in delivering specific portions of the program by the following key organizations:

 The Fonds National de Promotion et de Communication de l'Artisanat (FNPCA, translationNational Organization for Promotion and communication in the Trades) is responsible for the national information campaign.

- The Société d'encouragement aux métiers d'art (SEMA, translation: *Society for the Promotion of Craft*), is responsible for providing technical and promotional support through a resource centre, a gallery where craftspeople can exhibit and meet, a magazine (called Métiers d'art), prizes for apprentices (called Prix SEMA) and the organization of Craft Days (les Journées des Métiers d'Art). More information on SEMA can be obtained on its web site at metiersdart-artisanat.com or from Pierre Chevalier, President , telephone 01 55 78 86 01, or Jean-Michel Kosianski, Economic Development Officer, telephone 01 55 78 85 99 or <a href="mailto:kosianski@eurosema.com">kosianski@eurosema.com</a>.
- *The Craft Credit Council*, with the Chambers of Craft, the professional organizations and the credit establishments, works at examining problems related to the financing of craft businesses.
- The Conseil national d'orientation de l'aménagement des structures artisanales (CNOASA or *the National Council for the Orientation and Development of the Trades*) is responsible for drafting an economic development policy for the crafts sector.
- The Craft Inter-Professional Society of Investment Guarantee (SIAGI in French) guarantees credits aimed at promoting investments by crafts businesses.
- The Assemblée Permanente des Chambres de Métiers (APCM or the Permanent Assembly of the Chambers of Trades) is responsible for representing all chambers of trades. Part of its mandate is to promote the economic development of craft businesses. More information on APCM can be obtained on its web site at <a href="https://www.apcm.com">www.apcm.com</a>.
- <u>Centre Français du Commerce Extérieur</u> (CFCE) provides businesses with information necessary to export products and services. More information on CFCE can be obtained on its web site at <a href="www.cfce.fr">www.cfce.fr</a>. Information specific to craftspeople can be found at: <a href="www.pme-commerce-artisanat.gouv.fr/informations/developpement/export.htm">www.pme-commerce-artisanat.gouv.fr/informations/developpement/export.htm</a>. This site also provides names and addresses (including web sites) of organizations which are of interest to the French craftsperson who wants to export, though not all organizations are solely designed for craft enterprise support.

#### Financial Assistance Programs

One financial assistance program for the crafts is the Fonds d'Intervention pour la Sauvegarde de l'Artisanat et du Commerce (FISAC or the *Intervention Fund for the Safeguard of the Trades and Commerce*). This program is mostly used to assist French businesses with the maintenance and expansion of their commercial spaces, but is also used for sector studies when craftspeople are faced with a major change (economic, technical, technological, social or regulatory).

FISAC is mostly aimed at public organizations and associations able to transfer subsidies to individual businesses. FISAC assistance can also be paid directly to private businesses in the case of individual operations or operations of a sectoral nature. Such businesses must have an annual net revenue of less than 5 million francs.

FISAC financial assistance takes the form of a subsidy. The amount of financial assistance cannot exceed 50% of a maximum of 5 million francs (\$1.2 million CDN) in subsidizable costs.

#### Web References

Unless otherwise specified otherwise, all of the above information comes from the web site:  $\underline{www.pme\text{-}commerce\text{-}artisanat.gouv.fr}$ 

The Ministère de l'Economie, des Finances et de l'Industrie (MINEFI) web site can be found at: www.finances.gouv.fr/minefi/acces/artisans/index.htm

#### C3. Programs in the United Kingdom

#### Craft Related Councils and Their Objectives

England, Northern Ireland, Wales and Scotland all have councils promoting craft practice, public understanding, and markets.

Established in 1971, **the Crafts Council** is an independent body funded by the Arts Council of England. The objectives of the Crafts Council are:

- To promote fine craftsmanship;
- To encourage high standards; and,
- To increase public awareness of contemporary crafts and applied arts.

#### Programs and Initiatives to develop domestic and international markets

In the United Kingdom, the main organization responsible for the promotion of contemporary crafts is *the Crafts Council*. Initiatives of the Crafts Council include:

- "The Crafts Council Gallery, Britain's largest crafts gallery, hosts a continuous programme of major craft exhibitions, some of which tour nationally and internationally."
- The Crafts Council has a magazine called "Crafts" covering all craft forms, from studio work to public commissions, from modern experimental work to traditional and historic designs.
- As well as exhibitions and a shop selling crafts & books, the London premises of the Crafts Council provides a specialist Reference Library, the National Register of Makers which contains contact information for around 6,500 UK craftspeople, and Photostore, an electronic picture library containing over 30,000 images of work by craftspeople selected for quality.
- The Crafts Council also organizes the Chelsea Crafts Fair, now in its 23rd year, which "continues to be regarded as Europe's leading event for contemporary design-led crafts and applied arts. With an inspirational mix of new talent and established makers, 'Chelsea' continues to be the premier focus for contemporary craft, and is internationally recognised as Europe's leading event for quality, ingenuity and individuality."

Funding initiatives in Scotland are put forward by *the Scottish Arts Council*. In Scotland, financial support can be obtained for projects which strengthen the network of organizations that promote and present craft and broaden the range of audiences and participation in craft.

#### Financial Assistance and Eligibility Criteria for Craft Professionals

The Crafts Council of the UK provides support for galleries to participate in SOFA and the New York International Gift Show.

In Scotland, monies can be obtained in support for projects which strengthen the network of organizations which promote and present crafts and broaden the range of audiences and participation in crafts.

"Organizations can receive funding for: the appointment/training of crafts officers; the creation and touring of exhibitions; educational programmes and selling initiatives; master classes and residencies; and crafts-based community and special needs programmes. Individuals can receive development and start-up grants."

There are three programs offered to craftspeople who want to develop domestic or international markets:

- Awards for individual development
- Exhibitions
- Craft development

Awards for Individual Development provides "assistance to makers to develop and promote new work." It is open to individuals. "The fund is used to provide assistance towards a range of purposes including the following:

- Purchasing time and /or additional equipment to develop work in new directions, including to create a body of work for exhibition. The costs of materials will be excluded except in exceptional circumstances, but the costs of photographing and promoting the new work are eligible for consideration.
- individual programmes of research and travel.
- first-time participation in Chelsea Crafts Fair and other Crafts Council selected selling events.
- participation by makers from outside the Central Belt in Artisan, with priority to those travelling from the furthest parts of Scotland.

Awards are available at two levels:

- development bursaries of £5,000-£7,000 (\$11,500 to \$16,000 CDN)
- grants of up to £1,500 (\$3500 CDN) for travel, research, participation in *Artisan* and Chelsea Crafts Fair, and other short-term projects"
- "Where a project includes equipment improvements, the element of the award for this aspect will not normally exceed 50% of the cost."
- *Exhibitions* provides "assistance to improve the quality and quantity of crafts exhibitions shown, initiated and circulated in Scotland and to enable them to be shown more effectively." It is open to organizations.

"The fund is used to provide a range of assistance, including:

- feasibility studies / initial research
- the costs of mounting an exhibition
- related programme costs, e.g. for educational workshops, artists' talks and demonstrations
- touring costs within Scotland, especially to assist venues, e.g. island venues, where particularly high costs are involved
- hiring of incoming exhibitions

Funding priority is given to the following:

- exhibitions which explore a thesis or provide a critical framework for the understanding of crafts
- exhibitions of innovative work
- projects with or for children and young people
- projects which address the needs of people with disabilities
- collaborations where costs and administration are shared between two or more parties.

A fund of around £75,000 (\$172,500 CDN) is available for projects in the financial year from 1 April 2002 to 31 March 2003. Support offered will vary according to the nature of the proposal and the level of demand upon the fund but, except in the instances set out below, will not normally exceed 50% of the costs.

Grants for initial research will not usually exceed £2,000 (\$4600 CDN) per application; where the applicant is an individual there is no requirement to provide matching funds.

Assistance for exhibition hire may cover up to 50% of the costs of hiring and transporting the exhibition, although a higher percentage may be considered in exceptional cases e.g. large-scale Crafts Council exhibitions."

The following individuals or groups can apply to *Exhibitions*:

- "Public and independent organisations with a non-profit distributing status, including makers' groups, which promote and present crafts
- Freelance curators and exhibition organisers who wish to undertake preliminary research for an exhibition proposal
- Commercial galleries and bodies which do not have a non-profit distributing status may be eligible in limited circumstances, e.g. a project such as an educational programme which is beyond the scope of their usual commercial activities.

Funding is not be offered for exhibitions wholly or predominantly of student work, or for regular exhibitions by exhibiting societies."

The following criteria are taken into account when assessing applications:

- "the proposal must meet the purpose of the fund
- the relevance of the exhibition to the applicant's existing or planned programme of work
- the artistic quality of the proposed exhibition and any previous work, as determined by Crafts Committee
- the quality of management, including the financial management of the organisation and its ability to carry out the proposal
- the extent of the related education/outreach plans and their suitability for the intended audience
- the commitment to equal opportunities practice"

Craft Development provides "support for projects which strengthen the network of organisations in Scotland which promote and present crafts and broaden the range of audiences and participation in crafts." It is open to organisations. A fund of around £100,000 (\$230,000 CDN) is available for projects in the financial year from 1 April 2002 to 31 March 2003. Support offered will vary according to the nature of the proposal and the level of demand upon the fund, but will not normally exceed 50% of the costs and may be less. The fund is used to provide a range of assistance, giving priority to:

- new posts for officers with responsibility for crafts
- work with and for children and young people, including projects which promote links between makers and schools
- projects which address the needs of people with disabilities
- masterclasses by makers of national or international standing
- crafts residencies.

The following individuals or groups can apply to *Craft Development*:

- "Public and independent organisations with a non-profit distributing status, including makers' groups, which promote and present crafts
- Commercial organisations and those which do not have a non-profit distributing status may be eligible for assistance in certain limited circumstances e.g. for a non-commercial project."
- The following criteria are taken into account when assessing applications:
- "the proposal must meet the purpose of the fund
- the relationship of the project to the other activities of the applicant
- the artistic quality of the proposed project as determined by Crafts Committee
- the quality of management including the financial management of the organisation and its ability to carry out the proposal
- the commitment to equal opportunities practice.

Projects with schools take into account the following specific criteria:

- the general educational worth of the project
- the extent to which the proposal offers enrichment to the formal or informal curriculum or culture of the school
- the element of public participation or engagement in the project
- the monitoring and assessment procedures in place
- the extent to which the participating school(s) will be involved in preparation, management and assessment through discussion or active involvement
- the extent to which the proposal offers scope for further development through ancillary materials, teacher packs or follow up visits."

#### **Web References**

Information about the Crafts Council was found on its site at: <a href="http://www.craftscouncil.org.uk/where.htm">http://www.craftscouncil.org.uk/where.htm</a>.

Information about the Arts Council of England was found on its site at: <a href="http://www.artscouncil.org.uk/funding/index.html">http://www.artscouncil.org.uk/funding/index.html</a>.

Information about the Scottish Arts Council was found on its site at : <a href="http://www.sac.org.uk/">http://www.sac.org.uk/</a>

#### C4. Programs in Australia

Australia maintains several programs and initiatives intended to promote domestic and international market development for craft. The main organization responsible for all these initiatives and programs is Craft Australia, the national organization representing professional Australian craft at the national and international level.

- Craft Australia operates the "Craft Australia Shop" at the David Jones Department Store
  in Sydney, where it "exhibits and sells original craft work by prominent artists from all
  regions of Australia".
- Craft Australia has an accreditation program called Craftmark, in order to "increase the
  sales of Australian craft, to expand the range of distribution and to further improve the
  profile of Australian contemporary craft. Craftmark accreditation is awarded to
  professional craft practitioners and retail outlets. Craftmark accreditation is an entry
  point for Professional Affiliation with Craft Australia providing a range of benefits
  including website promotion."
- Craft Australia "offers affiliation without cost to recent graduates following their graduation from tertiary arts and design colleges. This initiative has been introduced to provide support for emerging craft practitioners in the initial stages of their career. A profile and work of recent graduates is included in the National Register of Craft Artists with established Australian professional designer makers." Tertiary students can be included on Craft Australia's mailing list to receive current national and international information relevant to the craft and design sector.
- Craft Australia "commissions a range of exhibitions to present the best of contemporary Australian craft. Working with national and international agencies, the exhibitions are shown overseas and within Australia". Upcoming exhibitions of ceramists and textile artists will take place at SOFA, in Chicago, in October.
- The Craft Australia News Sheet is "produced quarterly for distribution to member organisations, state craft councils, arts-related media and to professional affiliates", and the Calendar of Events, "comprised of major national and international events of particular interest to craft practitioners." It is regularly updated and published on Craft Australia's web site.
- Craft Australia is the commissioner or selector for a number of international events and awards. These awards include the Faenza International Ceramic Concorso, the Talente Young Designers and Craftspeople Award, the Schmuck International Jewellery Exhibition and Award and the Lodz International Triennial of Tapestry.
- Craft Australia works with overseas agencies to create opportunities for professional Australian craft practitioners to participate in international residencies.
- "Since 1991 Craft Australia has developed and managed export activities for craft practitioners. Opportunities for export are currently available in projects taking place in the United States and Germany."

The Australia Council for the Arts provides for two-year fellowships for visual arts and crafts artists. "Fellowships are \$40,000 per year for two years and are offered only once in an artist's

lifetime. Recipients may request to take a one-year break between the two years of the Fellowship." Additional details may be found at: www.ozco.gov.au/vac/fellows.html

#### Public Funding for Craft in Australia

Funding for export activities is provided by the Australia Council, the Australian government's arts funding and advisory body, through the Visual Arts/Craft Fund and the Craft International Market Development (CIMD) program. CIMD "aims to promote and sell Australian contemporary craft in key overseas markets by ensuring high quality Australian representation at selected craft fairs such as SOFA Chicago and the Munich Craft Fair, in partnership with Craft Australia."

In July 2001, the Minister for the Arts and the Centenary of Federation, Peter McGauran, established an Inquiry to identify key issues impacting on the future sustainability, development promotion of the sector. The inquiry assessed possible options and made recommendations on actions that might be taken by governments and the sector to enhance its future.¹ The Inquiry reported its findings to the Government in March 2002 and is available online at: <a href="https://www.dcita.gov.au/Article/0,,0\_1-2\_15-4\_111225,00.html">www.dcita.gov.au/Article/0,,0\_1-2\_15-4\_111225,00.html</a>

#### Eligibility Criteria for Funding for Export Activities

The Australia Council's web site, includes application forms for grants under the "Presentation and Promotion" category. "The purpose of this category is to increase opportunities for arts organisations to broaden audiences for the work of arts practitioners and to stimulate critical debate through the presentation, promotion and interpretation of contemporary Australian visual arts and craft." It is "open to legally constituted organisations only. In exceptional circumstances an additional application may be accepted under the out-of-time provisions." Applications are selected "that best demonstrate:

- high calibre of the artist(s) and other professionals involved; and
- evidence that the project is well planned and will increase opportunities for arts practitioners, broaden audiences and stimulate critical debate."

Craft artists can also apply for fellowships and for subsidies from the CIMD program. Eligibility criteria are not spelled out on the Australia Council's web site, though they can be found in the 2002 Australia Council Support for the Arts Handbook which you can obtain by sending a request to handbook@ozco.gov.au.

#### Impact of Programs and Initiatives

The Report of the Contemporary Visual Arts and Craft Inquiry noted:

"With regard to the sector's infrastructure, the Inquiry found there are a number of networks of organizations and institutions that play a key role in the development of contemporary art and craft practice in Australia. Through their exhibition, educational

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Myer, Rupert. 2002. Report of the Contemporary Visual Arts and Craft Inquiry. Department of Communications, Information Technology and the Arts, Commonwealth of Australia.

and promotional activities they nurture the careers of artists and craft practitioners and arts professionals. They provide opportunities for the revitalization of the work of established artists and they also provide initial professional experience for emerging artists and curators. Through their networks they help build audiences, create demand for contemporary art and pioneer new international relationships.

The Inquiry also found that current funding levels make it increasingly difficult for these organizations to meet the rising expectations of artists, staff, the public and funding bodies, to exploit potential business and market development opportunities, and for some key organizations to provide leadership in the sector. There is also a lack of capacity to document and promote the artwork being created in their exhibition spaces which limits the long-term creative development of the visual arts in Australia. There is also a limited capacity for creative experimentation due to the cost of new technology.

The Inquiry also examined the roles played by Indigenous art and craft centers, artistrun initiatives, major art museums and regional and university galleries in developing and sustaining the sector as well as the advocacy as well as the support roles of artist services organizations. Curators and art administrators are key players in these organizations.

The Inquiry concluded that <u>strategic investments by governments in the infrastructure, including facilitating access to new technology</u>, were critical if there was to be growth built on these valuable foundations. While the infrastructure is not likely to cease operation without this investment, it will stagnate and some of it may fade from view to the detriment of Australia's visual culture.

Demand for contemporary visual arts and craft is variable yet it is fundamental to the sustainability of the sector. Audience development and education are critical factors and the commercial galleries and auction houses and publications are key players in the market."

"Promotional activities in Australia and overseas can boost and stimulate demand. The Inquiry examined the potential for a <u>calendar to be developed around existing major contemporary visual arts and craft events</u>, such as the Asia-Pacific Triennial of Contemporary Art in Brisbane and the Sydney Biennale, to make them the centerpiece of a wide range of contemporary visual arts and craft activities in a particular location. The Inquiry believes these events, if properly supported, have the potential to create local and international opportunities for Australian artists. With the support and involvement of local and State and Territory governments, the events could have wider benefits for the tourism and hospitality sectors.

Submissions from all areas of the sector indicated the fundamental importance of international promotion, market development and cultural exchange. Contemporary visual arts and craft communicate more effectively across cultures than many other art forms. Further, as artists tend to work independently, they have more capacity to work overseas with minimal infrastructure and group support.

The Australia Council makes a substantial investment in assisting artists to take advantage of overseas opportunities, increasing the international reputation of Australian visual arts and craft through the support of international touring exhibitions, or through assisting international curators to visit Australia. The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade and State and Territory governments also play significant roles in promoting the sector overseas. The Inquiry believes there is scope for better coordination of these efforts to maximize the potential of international promotion.

The Inquiry also believes there is a need to strengthen the sustainability of contemporary arts and <u>craft publications</u> through increased support to enable them to better promote the sector and stimulate audience growth and demand. Similarly, the Inquiry believes there is a case for some increased support for special projects by contemporary visual arts and craft organizations to enhance the sector in Australia and on the world stage. "(From Myer, 2002, Executive Summary, p.5-10).

#### Web References

Information about Craft Australia's mandate and initiatives comes from its web site at <a href="http://www.craftaus.com.au/international/default.htm">http://www.craftaus.com.au/international/default.htm</a>.

Specific export funding information was found on Australia Council's web site at <a href="http://www.ozco.gov.au/vac/present.html">http://www.ozco.gov.au/vac/present.html</a>.

Information about the Inquiry's terms of reference and report can be obtained at <a href="http://www.cvacinquiry.dcita.gov.au/terms\_of\_references.html">http://www.cvacinquiry.dcita.gov.au/terms\_of\_references.html</a>

#### Appendix D: Education and Skill Development Programs

#### D1. Post-Secondary Education Programs in Craft

- Alberta College of Art and Design, Calgary, Alberta Programs in ceramics, fibre, glass, and jewellery and metals www.acad.ab.ca
- Canadore College, North Bay, Ontario offers a Jewellery Casting course www.canadorec.on.ca
- College of the North Atlantic, Stephenville and St. John's
   Jewellery, Ceramics and Fibre options in the Visual Arts Program
   Textile Studies Program at Anna Templeton Center, St. John's
   www.northatlantic.nf.ca
- Concordia University, Montreal, Québec BFA programs in ceramics and fibres. studio-arts.concordia.ca/progra/program.html
- Institut des métiers d'art Cégep du Vieux-Montréal (Montréal)
   Diploma programs in craft technique (573) in jewellery, glass, wood, textiles and ceramics
   www.cvm.qc.ca/ima
- Le Centre de céramique Poterie Bonsecours www.maisonmetiersdart.com
- Le Centre de recherche et de design en impression textile de Montréal www.cam.org
- Le Centre des métiers du cuir de Montréal www.cmcm.qc.ca
- Le Centre des métiers du verre du Québec www.espaceverre.qc.ca
- Le Centre des textiles contemporains de Montréal www.textiles-mtl.com
- Centre de formation et de consultation en métiers d'art-Cégep de Limoilou, Québec City, Québec.
  - Diploma programs in craft technique (573) in jewellery, wood, musical instruments, textiles and ceramics www.metierdart.com
- Le centre de formation textile et reliure, Est du Québec (CFTEQ) www.metierdart.com
- L'École-atelier de céramique de Québec www.maisonmetiersdart.com

- L'École de joaillerie de Québec www.ecoledejoaillerie.com
- L'École de joaillerie de Montréal www.ecoledejoaillerie.com
- Emily Carr Institute of Art and Design, Vancouver, British Columbia.
   Bachelor's degree program in Industrial Design, Visual Arts programs in ceramics, and mixed media sculpture.
   www.eciad.bc.ca/eciad/degrees/index
- George Brown College of Applied Arts and Technology, Toronto 3 year program in Jewellery Arts
   2 year program in Fashion Techniques and Design www.gbrownc.on.ca
- Georgian College, Barrie, Ontario
   1 year program in Art and Design Fundamentals
   2 year program in Design and Visual Arts with option in jewellery www.georgianc.on.ca
- Haliburton School of the Arts, Sir Sanford Fleming College, Haliburton, Ontario Programs in Artist Blacksmith, Ceramics, Visual and Creative Arts, Museum Management and Curatorship, Collections Conservation and Management www.flemingc.on.ca
- Kootenay School of the Arts Cooperative, Nelson, British Columbia
   Three year programs with specializations in clay, fibre, jewellery, metal, and wood products
   www.ksac.bc.ca
- L'Institut québécois d'ébénisterie www.iqe.edu
- Ontario College of Art and Design, Toronto, Ontario
   Programs in Industrial Design, and Material Art and Design with specializations in ceramics, jewellery/metalsmithing, and fibre <a href="https://www.ocad.on.ca">www.ocad.on.ca</a>
- Nova Scotia College of Art and Design, Halifax, Nova Scotia
   Bachelor of Fine Arts Program with specializations in ceramics, jewellery design and metalsmithing, and textiles.

   <a href="https://www.nscad.ns.ca/bfa.html">www.nscad.ns.ca/bfa.html</a>
- Sheridan College, Trafalgar Road Campus, Oakville, Ontario Crafts and Design Program in the School of Animation and Design. 3 year diploma programs in ceramics, furniture, glass and textiles. www.sheridanc.on.ca/programs03\_04/saad/crafts/

#### D2. Continuing Education and Other Programs in Craft

- The Banff Centre, Banff, Alberta Craft programs http://www.banffcentre.ab.ca/mva/
- Harbourfront Centre, Toronto, Ontario
   Three year craft residency program in ceramics, glass blowing, jewellery and textiles http://www.harbourfront.on.ca/flash/craft.html
- Red Deer College Visual Arts Summer School for Adults, Red Deer Alberta
   Glassblowing, woodcarving, pottery, book and lettering arts, furniture making, bronze
   casting and more
   <u>extension.rdc.ab.ca/visual\_arts/series/</u>

#### D3. Other Organizations in Skill Development

Cultural Human Resources Council, Ottawa
Brings together representatives of all the sub-sectors to address the training and career
development needs of cultural workers - artists, creators, technical staff, managers,
boards, volunteers, and all those engaged professionally in the sector, including the selfemployed."
www.culturalhrc.ca

La Société de développement des entreprises culturelles (SODEC)
 (SODEC) supports school-studios in craft disciplines for design, production, research
 and distribution businesses. (subventionne des écoles-ateliers en métiers d'art pour la
 planification et la réalisation d'activités de recherche, de diffusion et de partenariat.)
 www.mcc.gouv.qc.ca/culteduc/metart.htm.

# Appendix E: Summary of Interviews

Note: Numbers at start of comment indicates number of similar responses or comments

## E1: Export Interviews

**Exhibit E1: Export Interview Comments** 

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Question	Topic	Responses	18es
Question 10: Best	studio or workshops	•	5 expand studio/equipment/production space/better set up
opportunities	issues / production	•	4 at limit of production capacity
	capacity issues/	•	3 fine tune product line, diversify
		•	2 expand production
		•	2 apprentices/cloning
	expanding markets,	•	9 export to US
	geographic or themes,	•	1 export to French speaking european countries
	marketing issues	•	1 elsewhere than US – trade missions
		•	3 raise price/move to higher end production
		•	2 establish/increase presence in high end galleries, US and Canada
		•	2 more time for marketing/balance production and marketing
		•	1 internet
		•	• 1 international marketing
			C

Exhibit E1: Export Interview Comments

:		
Question	1 opic	Kesponses
Question 11: Barriers	barriers related to	• 6 limited production/ have reached production limits/stagnant production line
	production	• 5 skilled labor, training and keeping employees,
		• 5 logistics of small operations/ one-person operation/ unable to increase
		• 3 time/balance time and life balance issues/energy
		<ul> <li>2 limited production space</li> </ul>
		• 1 geographical isolation
		• 1 medium : large, heavy, easy to break
		• 1 don't qualify for apprenticeship
		• 1 need better access to materials, internet has simplified supply, but still difficult;
		regional suppliers have a monopoly
	regarding market	• 4 related to audiences: limited appeal of work, unsophisticated, undereducated market,
	barriers	closed markets, lack of appreciation
		• 2 no help from government
		• 1 access to American Craft Council shows, and Smithsonian
		<ul> <li>1 moving to employing others, to free time for market</li> </ul>
	regarding finances	8 money / financing
	and money, and	• 3 high sales taxes, insurance,
	administration	<ul> <li>2 paperwork and costs of exporting to USA.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>2 US customs and collecting</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>1 costs of participating in shows</li> </ul>
Two Questions	regarding production	<ul> <li>network with medium community</li> </ul>
regarding Domestic		<ul> <li>support to create new line</li> </ul>
development (wide		
range of responses)		

Peartree Solutions Inc.

35

Exhibit E1: Export Interview Comments

Question	Topic	Kesponses
	regarding training	<ul> <li>training program to keep current, with workshops which allow craft persons to stay in</li> </ul>
	and info needed	touch with the reality of the outside world
		training apprenticeship
		<ul> <li>Info on already available government support</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Market research both domestic and international</li> </ul>
		• Info on shows,
		• 2 Info on grants, grant application
		<ul> <li>Craft councils assistance</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Art schools don't prepare for business</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Need artisans entrepreneurship programs.</li> </ul>
	regarding markets	attending US shows
	and related issues	• 2 more craft shows, juried shows
		<ul> <li>more permanent display showrooms</li> </ul>
		local tourism and promotion
		• Web
		• 4 more promotion, brochures, media focus, marketing, publications and info for these
		<ul> <li>more public art,</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>better art education to increase public awareness and appreciation of art</li> </ul>
	regarding craft as	<ul> <li>that government understands that craft is business</li> </ul>
	business, needed help	<ul> <li>support for really small businesses, not just those that gross \$3 million a year.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Assistance financial for market research both domestic and international</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Business line of credit</li> </ul>
Question regarding	Regarding production	• Tool acquisition
International		
development		

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Exhibit E1: Export Interview Comments

Onestion	Tonic	Responses
2	Regarding training and info needed	8 You should be able to call someone for simplified information about expansion into the US and European markets, what your options are; need straight and consistent
		answers; seminars on export; help woth details of exporting; Need export info page; ease exporting; exporting regulations should be better explained,
		• 3 info on promotion and marketing
		<ul> <li>Advice from non-governmental experts on exporting.</li> </ul>
		• Consulates, embassies think craft are too small for export assistance; Crafts producers should have access to trade missions and other foreign marketing opportunities
		<ul> <li>Trade missions appreciated, both federal and provincial</li> </ul>
		Need education system
		CCF website should be a source of information on grants, as well as a clearing house for
		information and regulations of importance to craft persons.
		<ul> <li>Need info on marketing, photo and books, and travel to fairs</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Need more stat, required for writing business plan</li> </ul>
	regarding marketing	• more trade show assistance
	and related issues,	<ul> <li>convince US to open to Canadians</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>access to foreign sales</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>More media profiles of prominent artists</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Need to see more agents in Canada</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Craft Councils should focus on international development</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Craft Councils need more funding and equal access to rural</li> </ul>
	regarding financial	<ul> <li>4 financial assistance with promotion and marketing</li> </ul>
	support and	• 3 financial support for export
	administration	• 2 more federal grant money is needed to promote international sales, international
		marketing
		<ul> <li>2 exporting regulations should be less complicated</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>specialized shipping companies and insurance for hand made crafts should be</li> </ul>
		available.
		<ul> <li>Better deal with agents and galleries.</li> </ul>

Exhibit E1: Export Interview Comments

1		
Question	Topic	Responses
Other Comments		Canada should have its own licensing conference, so artisans can license international
		production of their work and increase their revenue. Canadians shouldn't have to go to
		New York.
		<ul> <li>Provincial governments should be increasing or at least maintaining current funding</li> </ul>
		levels for Provincial Crafts Councils, not cutting them as they are in Newfoundland and
		Labrador. The \$65 thousand that went to fund the Council resulted in \$1.4 million in
		revenue.
		<ul> <li>The government shouldn't be funding salaries for employees of craft producers.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Producers should set their prices to be self- sufficient.</li> </ul>
		Breaking into the US market is hard to do. There are cultural differences in the ways
		Americans and Canadians do business. Small shops in the U.S. expect a representative
		to contact them regularly, because they have always been catered to in that way. It is
		difficult to get establish and maintain that depth of market penetration when you are
		working alone.
		Craft councils and government agencies have no resource persons available and willing
		to assist, and favouritism is rampant.
		<ul> <li>Governments need to put money into the crafts sector, and facilitate communication</li> </ul>
		with artisans by having bureaucrats understand the kind of work they do and how
		their businesses operates.

## E2: Distribution Interview Comments

Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

Exilibit E2: Illerview	OIIIIIIE	EXHIDIT EZ : HITTELVIEW COMMISTRE HOM NEY FLAYEIS III DISTIDUTION
Question	Response	nse
Nine respondents :	•	1 Ontario
Three Each from West,	•	2 Québec
Central, and Atlantic.	•	1 NS
	•	1 Newfoundland and Labrador
	•	1 Atlantic (US)
	•	1 British Columbia
	•	2 Alberta
Website	•	4 yes
	•	2 no
	•	2 unknown
Title	•	3 owner or co-owner, one combining artist and president
	•	2 manager
	•	3 president
	•	1 director
Number employed at any	•	Total: 65 employees across all respondents
time in 2002	•	Only one has more than 20 employees
How many were full	•	Total: 30 employees across all respondents
time/full year	•	Only one over 15
How many were part	•	Total: 65 employees across all respondents
time or part year	•	Two have over 20

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Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

Onestion	Resnonse	986
Greatest Barrier or	•	education of the Canadian consumer about the quality of products produced in Canada
<b>obstacle</b> to the growth of	•	marketing the uniqueness of these crafts
craft markets in Canada	•	encouraging the consumer to purchase quality vs quantity
	•	Lack of awareness of and appreciation for crafts in Canada. The marketing and promotion costs associated
		with educating the public and increasing awareness would be extremely high.
	•	A lack of understanding of and appreciation for crafts on the part of the general public,
	•	The high cost of publicity and marketing for individual crafts businesses.
	•	low level of government financial support for the craft sector,
	•	Competition from cheap imports of both crafts and non-crafted goods; lack of knowledge of Canadian public
		re: handmade vs factory-made (quantity over quality is a N.A. value)
	•	It is often difficult for Canadian crafts persons to meet the production volumes required for the US market in
		a timely manner.
	•	Many producers don't change the style of their crafts to reflect changing tastes, or if they do change, make
		the wrong stylistic choices.
	•	There is a lack of large trade-show facilities in Canada, and those that are available are expensive. This
		means that only a few shows can take place, and the cost of participation for artisans is quite high. While this
		might benefit promoters, it doesn't benefit individual artisans.
	•	fine craft market in Canada is underpriced and undervalued
	•	imports from other countries are cheaper (\$ and quality)
	•	Artisans need to diversify their production (" there needs to be more than maple leaves and jewellery"),
	•	artisans need to choose a price point for their work which reflects the reality of the marketplace, not their
		desire to be adequately remunerated for the hours spent on production.
	•	in art colleges, students are told to be 'snobs'; price items too high; unable to make a living (view of art as a
		business is naïve)

Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

LAILDIL LE . IIIICI VICW		EXHIBIT EZ : INICIVEW COMMICINES HOM NEY I JAYETS III L'ISHIBULION
Question	Response	nnse
What initiatives would	•	QC Craft Council has more extensive support (\$\$ and environmental/cultural) for QC-based artists (ie. SOFA
you consider to be most		in New York and Chicago - QC pays to send a number of representatives to this event)
helpful in developing	•	develop some kind of 'enforcement' system (point systems?)
domestic markets for craft	•	more unified approach from each provincial crafts council in the development of the industry/sector
	•	There is a need for better marketing, and the artisans should help with it. Pieces displayed in shops should
		have a detailed history and description of the article, and it absolutely needs to be in both French and
		English, with Spanish a growing requirement. Artisans should try to visit shops where their crafts are sold, to speak to the sales staff about their products. Even a 10 to 15 minute visit would be useful.
	•	Assistance with the cost of raising awareness, through such activities as exhibits, special promotions,
		brochures.
	•	Crafts sector is divided too much by discipline. There needs to be a large multidisciplinary body that
		promotes awareness of the industry, as well as providing marketing assistance (eg. data banks) to members.
		It is very difficult for artisans working in isolation to research marketing opportunities on their own.
		(Answers apply to both domestic and foreign markets.)
	•	Government financial assistance with marketing craft businesses should be more readily available to
		individual crafts persons and small enterprises, and the application process should be fairer and less onerous.
		(Answers apply to both domestic and foreign markets.)
	•	The Alberta Foundation for the Arts acquisition programme
	•	Canada Council travel grants
	•	Public awareness and promotion by crafts councils.
	•	Workshops (EDC?) on exporting to the US crafts market are very helpful in allaying Canadian craft producers, fears
	•	The both description of intermedian (TTC) months accommended and in dividual authorised to be seed
	•	For both domestic and international (US) markets, government grants for individual artisans to travel to and
		participate in crait shows (she suggests for up to five years), but with a <u>simple</u> application process that wouldn't burden them with too much administrative paperwork. (Apply to both domestic and international)
	•	educate the Canadian consumer re: handmade vs factory-made
	•	use provincial craft councils whose main role could be that of educator (large craft gatherings, through
		provincial government promotions such as tourism ads "Come see our locally-made blown glass, wood
		carvings, etc. when you come to ski", business ads, etc.)
	•	find and fund ways to address the cost of shipping (including packaging), ensuring payment, shipping
		insurance (which doesn't cover crafts)
	•	find and provide a list of knowledgeable and dependable customs brokers

Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

QuestionResponseWhat initiatives would be most helpful in• m	
What initiatives would be most helpful in	156
most <b>helpful</b> in	more active role by the Canadian Crafts Council developed with financial investment through provincial and
	federal governments
promoting international	stronger structure for the CCF to work more as an advocate on behalf of all Cdn. Artisans
markets	'Team Canada' approach in international promotion (work with other business sectors, maximize contacts
	internationally)
•	develop more of a business attitude towards the marketing of the craft sector
•	Selling internationally requires a physical presence in that market. While web sites are effective for follow-up sales, the nature of craft sales usually requires that first contact be hands on.
•	He feels that the crafts sector is divided too much by discipline. There needs to be a large multidisciplinary
	body that promotes awareness of the industry, as well as providing marketing assistance (eg. data banks) to
	members. It is very difficult for artisans working in isolation to research marketing opportunities on their
	own. (Answers apply to both domestic and foreign markets.)
•	Government financial assistance with marketing craft businesses should be more readily available to
	individual crafts persons and small enterprises, and the application process should be fairer and less onerous.
	(Answers apply to both domestic and foreign markets.)
•	Canada Council travel grants
•	Better marketing, along with financial assistance to do so.
•	For both domestic and international (US) markets, government grants for individual artisans to travel to and
	participate in craft shows (she suggests for up to five years), but with a simple application process that
	wouldn't burden them with too much administrative paperwork. (Apply to both domestic and international)
•	educate artisans about the 'how to' of international marketing (provincial councils?)
•	use provincial/national craft councils to facilitate (funding opportunities), communicate and advocate on
	behalf of members; believes that should be their main role

Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

		continued to the first to the f
Question	Response	onse
What marketing opportunities or	•	need for support in teaching (colleges/universities) to develop a more complete artistic education (business, MFAs)
strategies () could be	•	no strong presence of craft history or business side of the arts industry
employed to expand the	•	working together, individuals and small businesses can solicit improved support (\$\$ and cultural) as a
awareness or and demand for Canadian		group; much more difficult for individuals to apply for funding, etc.; facilitate this process through membership in provincial and national craft associations (improve/enhance the role played by these
craft in developing the		councils)
aomestic market	•	The North American craft market, while huge (estimates 9 billion dollars), is extremely fragmented.
		Compared to the film or video game market, there is a lack of large, successful chains to handle marketing
		and distribution of crafts in a similar manner. (Comments apply both to domestic and international)
	•	Free crafts demonstrations
	•	Crafts Councils have a role to play in increasing public awareness of the sector through increased media
		exposure (newspapers and television).
	•	Some US craft producers pool their resources to do cooperative regional craft shows, with joint marketing
		and promotion (brochures, web site, etc.) to keep costs down.
	•	A Quality Assurance label (perhaps similar to VQA labelling of wines) which would guarantee buyers a
		certain level of quality. (Apply to both domestic and international)
	•	promotion of more accessible trade shows
	•	ensure the business side of the councils as more 'professional organizations'
	•	providing opportunity (financial and physical) to advertise locally

Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

LAILDIL LA . IIIICI VICW C		EALIDITE ES : INICIATEM COMMINCINS HOM INCY I TAYOUS IN DISTILLMING	
Question	Response	nnse	
What marketing	•	using the internet to raise awareness of existence, quality, availability and uniqueness of Canadian crafts	
opportunities or	•	promoting the uniqueness of the variety of cultural groups and geography that shape the different	
strategies () could be		types/styles of crafts in Canada	
employed to expand the	•	The North American craft market, while huge (estimates 9 billion dollars), is extremely fragmented.	
awareness of and		Compared to the film or video game market, there is a lack of large, successful chains to handle marketing	
demand for Canadian		and distribution of crafts in a similar manner. (Comments apply both to domestic and international)	
crait in developing the	•	The hiring of a glass art representative in the US market.	
IIIICI III III III III III III III III	•	Export Development Canada should fund more marketing initiatives for international trade shows.	
	•	A Quality Assurance label (perhaps similar to VQA labelling of wines) which would guarantee buyers a	
		certain level of quality. (Apply to both domestic and international)	
	•	through consulates/embassies in other countries negotiate opportunities to promote Canadian crafts	
	•	improve participation in world craft fairs	
	•	research and facilitate exchange programs with other craft producers/artisans	
	•	improve international advertising opportunities	

Exhibit E2: Interview Comments from Key Players in Distribution

		D
Question	nesponse	1135
What kinds of <b>support</b>	•	funding from all sources (grants; small business loans; trade exhibitions; publishing and distributing
would be <b>useful</b> in		catalogues)
pursuit of these strategies	•	support from provincial and federal government and corporate Canada through the purchasing of Canadian
		crafts as gifts for speakers, visitors, dignitaries (promote individual artists, not just a portion of Canada)
	•	set up tax incentives for corporate Canada to support the purchase and support of Canadian crafts
	•	Generally, there is a need to be more business oriented, to grow the industry as industry.
	•	More and better Canadian statistics on the industry and it's impact on the economy, especially on tourism,
	•	situated by securities and disseminated.  A pood to promote the concent of one flactuicition to a wider public
	•	Craft Councils need to focus on the needs of retailers, as well as individual artisans. He also sees a potential
		conflict of interest, given that many Craft Councils operate their own retail outlets.
	•	Government financial support for the above initiatives.
	•	More and better public education to increase awareness of the arts in general, and of crafts in particular.
	•	More funding for both education and marketing.
	•	Increased funding for training and for travel opportunities to attend trade shows outside the province. This is
		especially important in Newfoundland, because travel costs are very high and funding through ACOA is
		running out.
	•	A multidisciplinary export fair where producers can acquire tools for networking and marketing in the US.
	•	More educational opportunities for artisans, including (possibly mandatory) hard business training
	•	funding from provincial/federal governments (acknowledgement that the craft industry is a business and
		can be included with other types of grant/funding programs)
	•	provincial government (tourism? business?) could advertise local crafts as part of promotional package
	•	Canadian Craft Federation could have trade shows at various locations world-wide
	•	production in large quantities eliminates 'flaws' but also decreases value and desire of one-of-a-kind items
	•	use internet for marketing unique one-of-a-kind items/crafts
	•	if you're going through an agent, how do you ensure you actually make money when you're competing
		against rocal mass production
	•	cost of getting it to final destination
	]	

Other comments	this study	tides is an important initiative and well wouth the time count ancwoming the cumory anotions
	(1112.5)	tady is an important minarive and wen-world the time spent answering the survey questions
	• the do	the development of a Canadian crafts-related strategy is overdue; other countries have this in place and have
	ddns	supported their artisans strongly for quite some time
	• Québ	Québec-based crafts persons should attend the big Toronto craft shows, because that is where most buying
	takes	takes place. The problem with the Montreal show is that anyone who wants to can attend, so the quality is
	extre	extremely variable, and the crush of the general public is such that corporate buyers have trouble moving
	arour	around to the various displays. Recommends a pre-selection process to guarantee a minimum standard of
	- dr	on a local level he would like to see a Harbourfront develonment in Halifax similar to Toronto's where
	artisa	artisans could congregate and potential customers, both local and tourist, would be able to access them.
	• It is e	It is essential to encourage and recognize artistic creativity, and not just commercial success, to emphasize
	qualit	quality, not quantity of production.
	• Successful	essful penetration of the US market is essential to the survival of the Canadian Craft Industry.
	• For so	For some five or six years in Newfoundland there was no sales tax accruable to the sale of any Canadian-
	made	made craft product. When the HST was introduced, these same products became taxable at 15%, but only for
	large	large companies with sales over \$30,000 per annum. This had the double effect of creating an expectation in
	the co	the consumer's mind that crafts shouldn't be taxable, as well as creating an unfair pricing advantage for
	SIIIdII	
	• While the	e the US craft market is very competitive, Canadian crafts are very well received there when they are
	prope	properly packaged and marketed.
	• Wher	When she started her show, she got marketing grants for the first five years, which were very useful to her.
	Simil	Similar grants to other promoters would foster the growth of other craft shows.

## E3: Large Craft-Related Enterprise Interviews

Exhibit E3: Interview Comment from Large Craft-Related Enterprises

Charling to the comment	Ounties to interview Comments in the City include District Process
Question	Nesponse
Number of respondents:4	• A total of 144 full time, full year employees for 4 enterprises, i.e. 36 average
Total employees: 144	
Total full tine/full year: 144	Note: This sample was not large enough to generate reliable statistics, but comments indicate that large
	enterprises share with small studios the importance of skill, the need to direct contact with the buyer, the
	need for investment, the need for collective actions
What do you consider to be the	Desire to grow
greatest barrier or obstacle to	<ul> <li>Find the necessary funding to support the market development</li> </ul>
the growth of craft markets in Canada?	• Increased competition in a shrinking market. Some of this shrinkage is caused by a huge drop in specific activity across their markets, as well as by inroads made by new technologies in the low-end markets
	• Asian imports
	• For his particular, highly-specialized part of the craft market, the biggest barrier to expansion is the lack
	of trained crafts persons available to fabricate and install the instruments he sells. As a result, he doesn't
	push very hard to increase sales. He could sell more product if he could get better-trained workers to install it
What initiatives would you	<ul> <li>Needs to be direct communication between craftsman and consumer</li> </ul>
consider to be most <b>helpfu</b> l in	<ul> <li>touch and feel necessary to inform consumer of the uniqueness and quality of the product</li> </ul>
promoting craft enterprises	<ul> <li>education of difference between unique and mass produced</li> </ul>
With which you are most familiar? In the domestic	• knowledge that the craftsman (who spent 30 years <u>in a reputable establishment</u> ) has the ability to create
nanket	a unique product
	<ul> <li>In all markets, the product has to change its image, and the perception of its usage</li> </ul>
	• Experience: Enterprise has been exporting for over 30 years so has major advantage over younger
	companies
	• For both markets, an apprenticeship system that helps subsidize the wages paid to trainees while they
	are learning their craft

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Enterprises
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Question	Kesponse	nse
What do you consider to be the	•	Sells over the web
greatest barrier or obstacle to	•	Ship by air (mostly North America)
the growth of craft markets in	•	No insurance by courier but immediate delivery
Canada? In the <b>international</b>	•	Learned early on how to package to ensure safe delivery of product
חומואפו	•	Subsidized foreign showing (ie. Gift shows); important to get out to the buyers; very expensive to attend foreign shows (US, UK, Aus/NZ, out of province Canada)
	•	Only way to get recognition is the 'magic of touch'
	•	For both markets, an apprenticeship system that helps subsidize the wages paid to trainees while they are learning their craft
What marketing opportunities	•	Use research, as needed, to find ways to deal with specific issues as they arise (internet, past contacts,
or strategies, perhaps		use other producers' contacts, etc.);
successfully employed in other	•	Don't expect anything from anyone else
cultural areas, industries, or	•	For all markets, there needs to be better marketing of the product, through specific activities and
countries, could be employed		craftpersons need to look and to move beyond their isolated, hermetically-sealed world
to expand the awareness of and	•	Can't expose product if you don't have it
demand for Canadian craft; Same for the <b>domestic</b> market	•	Must create industry to generate knowledge; one-of-a-kind pieces fine for 'mom and pop' industry, but
and the international ?		how do you make money with one-of-a-kind?
What kinds of support would	•	Ability to finance new market strategies (loans, grants, etc.) so consumers can 'experience' the product
be useful in pursuit of these		and the producer can raise awareness of the product (for example, has hired a representative to
strategies?		coordinate a number of public awareness activities such as have tastings in the stores using products of
		the studio);
	•	Arrange for 'first-hand look' at process at the studio glassworks
	•	Government support to develop new markets, perhaps through the EDC, would be useful. While the Asian market is generally quiet at this time, Korea is deemed to be a fertile market for pipe organ sales.
		They need assistance to get marketing people on the ground there.
	•	Subsidization of business trips abroad (enterprise has distribution in Europe, but it's difficult to
		capitalize on human resource skills of local rep over the phone; needs face-to-face with product in hand
	•	Further development difficult without \$\$ investment

Exhibit E3: Interview Comm	Exhibit E3: Interview Comment from Large Craft-Related Enterprises
Question	Response
Other Comments	• Most craftsman are not business-minded and don't want/need to produce more than their 'daily bread';
	• Studio is less than 10 years, hasn't made a profit yet but is successful; initial investment by business
	persons.
	• He predicts that there will be a shaking out of the highly-competitive North American market, but that
	the enterprise will maintain and perhaps even expand its market share. He also predicts that, even in a
	\$70 million annual market, some of the current one hundred or so competitors are bound to disappear.
	<ul> <li>cross-cultivation of thought difficult without face-to-face discussion</li> </ul>

## Appendix F: Results of Issues, Opportunities and Priority-Setting Exercise

Exhibit F1.: Priority Issues In Canadian Craft

#	Note: Shaded have average ratings of 4.0+ in both Importance and	Importance of barrier	Satisfaction with	Suggested priority of	priority of
	Short or Long Term Priority	to your organization members	existing efforts to address barrier	issue for CCF (5 High to 1 Low)	r CCF o 1 Low)
		(5 High to 1 Low)	(5 High to 1 Low)	Short Term	Long Term
1	Weak design standard/quality issues	3.3	2.2	2.8	2.7
2	Limited public knowledge/expertise/lack of writing	4.0	1.7	4.3	4.4
3	Limited high end clientele in Canadian market	3.8	1.8	3.0	2.8
4	Limited venues for retail and display - need for gallery history	3.1	2.0	3.5	3.8
51	Weak business and entrepreneur skills within craft	3.3	2.3	3.0	3.5
9	Weak cooperation and networking among craft persons (isolation)	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.8
	Lack of skilled artisans as barrier to increased scale	3.6	2.1	3.0	3.2
8	Lack of access to capital from conventional sources (banks)	2.8	2.3	3.4	3.1
6	Poor knowledge of craft market and strategies	3.3	2.2	3.3	3.2
10	Competition from cheap foreign imports	3.6	2.3	3.8	3.0
11	Need for different strategies for different markets, products, and media (niche markets)	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.7
12	Paperwork and complexity of international trade	3.0	2.0	3.3	2.8
13	Shipping issues including insurance and breakage (esp. from rural areas)	1.4	3.0	1.5	1.8
14	Barriers to trade from CCRA (tax) interpretations/inconsistencies	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.7
15	US Trade Rules – barriers to retail sales at US shows	4.0	1.8	3.7	3.2
16	Lack of national infrastructure to promote business development and export capacity for craft	3.8	2.8	3.8	3.8
17	Limited government recognition of craft, inconsistent funding	4.7	2.3	5.0	4.6
18	Inconsistent government funding for core operations of craft orgs	4.5	2.0	4.5	3.6
19	Lack of funding and support for small studios	4.0	2.5	2.8	3.2
20	Lack of Canadian image/branding in int'l markets	3.4	2.8	3.4	3.5
21	Lack of intermediaries to promote international trade	3.2	1.5	3.1	3.4

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Profile and Development Strategy For Craft in Canada: Appendices:

Exhibit F2: Opportunities for Increasing Organizational Resources and their Efficient Use

T							
#	Opportunities	Have you	Is it working	Priority	Could this	Priority Rating for	ating for
		tried to pursue	or did it	rating for	be rolled out	Action	Action by CCF
		this or a	work? (avg	action at	at national	(5 High to 1 Low)	o 1 Low)
		similar idea?	on 5 High	provincial	level?	Short	Long
		# of Yes	Success to 1	level (Avg on	(# of Yes))	Term	Term
			Low Success)	5 High to 1 Low)			
1	Partner with media guilds in organization and strategy	4.0	2.8	3.6	3.0	4.0	2.7
2	Partner with private distribution players (boutiques, galleries, wholesale shows, retail shows)	4.0	2.6	3.4	3.0	4.3	3.7
દ	Expand internal craft community resources for growth initiatives – increase membership dues, reserve portion of craft sales, or show revenues, etc.	2.0	2.8	1.5	1.0	3.0	1.0
4	Lobby relevant government agencies for consistent core government funding for craft organizations	5.0	2.0	4.4	4.0	4.8	4.5
വ	Lobby relevant government agencies for programs or improve access to programs for studio development or growth (small & medium enterprises)	4.0	2.3	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.0

Profile and Development Strategy For Craft in Canada: Appendices:

	Have
Exhibit F3: Domestic Market Development Opportunities	#   Opportunities for Domestic Market Development

#	Opportunities for Domestic Market Development	Have you	Is it working or did it	Priority rating for	Could this	Priority action	Priority rating for action by CCF
		this or a	work? (5	provincial	out at the	(5 High t	(5 High to 1 Low)
		similar	High to 1	level (5	national		
		action? # with	Low Success)	High to 1	level: #	Short Term	Long Term
		163		LOW)	sayıng res		
1	Enhanced program for craft in government gifts at all levels, including recognition/profile of artist	5.0	2.8	3.6	4.0	2.4	3.0
2	Expanding promotion strategies for craft for corporate gifts (e.g. catalogues, website)	6.0	1.3	3.2	4.0	2.8	3.0
3	Expansion of cultural tourism, incl. crafts through brochures, maps, inclusion in guides, etc	4.0	3.3	3.6	4.0	2.7	2.8
4	High end tourism/workshops to promote market opportunities via summer school for wealthy amateurs	0.0	1	1.3	2.0	1.0	1.0
5	Branding and labeling of national craft	4.0	2.5	2.0	3.0	2.7	2.3
9	National or provincial touring shows showcasing the best craft	4.0	3.8	3.7	6.0	3.8	3.5
7	Expansion of the "personal touch" in marketing craft need more documentation of the craftpersons and/or demonstration of craft technique and process	4.0	3.8	3.3	4.0	2.8	2.5
8	Canadian magazine in craft entrepreneurship (a la Craft Report)	2.0	4.0	3.1	5.0	3.3	2.8
6	Develop coordinated information sources on potential markets	5.0	2.9	2.6	4.0	2.8	3.0
10	Expanded use of television vignettes, articles in popular print media	6.0	2.8	3.8	6.0	2.7	3.3
11	Include Craft as rural development opportunity	5.0	1.8	3.2	4.0	2.0	2.3
12	Develop national guide to galleries and shows (as DFAIT guide for US)	5.0	3.4	3.6	0.9	3.4	3.5
13	Succinct guide to market craft domestically and internationally	2.0	3.0	2.7	5.0	3.0	2.4
14	Expanded network of competent marketing agents and representatives	2.0	1.5	3.3	2.0	3.5	3.0
15	Expand retail outlet for craft in high visibility areas e.g. displays in public buildings or malls	5.0	3.4	3.4	3.0	2.5	3.0
16	Make craft more accessible via increased marketing presence with high volume or high visibility retailers	4.0	3.5	3.8	3.0	2.5	2.0

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Profile and Development Strategy For Craft in Canada: Appendices:

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#	Opportunity for International Market Development	Have you attempted	Is it working or did it	Priority rating for	Could this be rolled	Priority I Action	Priority Rating for Action by CCF
		dins of a	Casses 45 1	pioviliciai Iorol (E	out at tile	(5 Hign t	(5 High to 1 Low)
		action? # with	Low Success)	High to 1	liational level: #	Short	Long
		Yes	,	Low)	saying Yes	Ierm	lerm
1	Government or program support for participation in international shows	5.0	1.8	2.4	5.0	3.6	3.8
2	Enhanced program for craft in government gifts at all levels, including recognition/profile of artist	2.0	2.0	2.8	3.0	3.5	3.7
3	Expansion of cultural tourism, including crafts, building on connection to Canada	3.0	2.3	3.1	5.0	2.6	3.6
4	International touring show showcasing the best of Canadian craft	2.0	3.5	3.0	6.0	3.2	3.5
വ	Develop "How To Guide on Export" including international competitions and finding niche markets	1.0	3.0	2.6	5.0	3.2	3.0
9	Expansion of the "personal touch" in marketing craft need more documentation of the craftperson and/or demonstration of craft technique and process	3.0	3.7	3.0	3.0	2.3	3.3
	Increased coherence and spending on craft by various government support programs across depts, and agencies	3.0	3.7	3.3	5.0	3.3	3.6
8	Develop Canadian catalogue for international markets	1.0	2.0	2.0	5.0	2.8	2.6

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