**Integrated Holistic Interior Practices of Yoga:**
Moving into Awareness, Compassion, and Wisdom

**Syllabus**
Christiane Brems, PhD, ABPP, ERYT500, C-IAYT
May 9 – 29, 2022; 30 hours (meeting 7a – 8a daily for 3 weeks; plus 3 Sundays 8a – 1p)

**Target Audience and Instructional Level**

This is an intermediate-level course geared to students in the YogaX 300-hour Therapeutic Yoga Program (YTT300) and the following audiences:

- Psychologists, psychiatrists, and other mental healthcare providers interested in bringing pranayama principles and strategies into their clinical practice.
- Psychology, psychiatry, and other mental health-program students in graduate or medical programs interested in bringing pranayama principles and strategies into their supervised clinical practice.
- Yoga teachers interested in offering advanced pranayama practices, especially to students in healthcare settings.
- Yoga therapists providing offering advanced pranayama practices, especially in healthcare settings.

**Training Pragmatics**

- Cost: $800 tuition for this 30-hour workshop or YogaX YTT300 prepaid enrollment
- This training is delivered via online synchronous instruction and with fulltime contact with the lead teacher, Chris Brems
- (see Training Format below for specific details of training delivery)
- Yoga Alliance Continuing Education credits (30 hours) are included in the tuition cost; a CE certificate is issued upon request
- Participation (by entering the zoom link and/or making payment) implies that you have read and agreed to the Stanford Assumptions of Risk, Release of Claims, and Hold Harmless Agreement at [https://www.yogaxteam.com/healthandsafetyinformation](https://www.yogaxteam.com/healthandsafetyinformation)
- YogaX Refund and Payment Policy is available at [https://3de0fc17-ea21-4854-87c7-777a583c02cf.filesusr.com/ugd/37469f_73d3c9e8ebb14214a60e11d8b08baba1.pdf](https://3de0fc17-ea21-4854-87c7-777a583c02cf.filesusr.com/ugd/37469f_73d3c9e8ebb14214a60e11d8b08baba1.pdf)
- YogaX has no commercial support for this event and there are no disclosable conflicts of interest.
- Monday-Friday Zoom Link: [https://stanford.zoom.us/meeting/register/tJ0qcOuvvTMIg90jexzzxWH9aTf9gp3-JV4d](https://stanford.zoom.us/meeting/register/tJ0qcOuvvTMIg90jexzzxWH9aTf9gp3-JV4d)
- Sunday Zoom Link: [https://stanford.zoom.us/meeting/register/tJIqcO2hrj0sGNIIDrmlS2uP99P9rE1_iC27M](https://stanford.zoom.us/meeting/register/tJIqcO2hrj0sGNIIDrmlS2uP99P9rE1_iC27M)

**Instructor**

Christiane Brems, PhD, ABPP, ERYT500, C-IAYT
Clinical Professor and Director of YogaX
Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences at the Stanford School of Medicine
Patanjali’s yoga sutras’ definition of yoga is multifold. However, a central point about yoga’s essence is made in the second sutra which roughly translates as “Yoga is the stilling of the fluctuations of the mind.” Patanjali suggests that if we can still the mind, we have found refuge in our true being and our practice is complete. He then basically chuckles (if you can chuckle in writing…) and lets us know that if we cannot just sit down and still the mind (and who can?), we need to follow a slightly longer path to enlightenment. Enter the eight limbs. The first four limbs are the outward practices of yoga; the final four limbs are the inward journey of yoga. The inner practices are what we have been preparing for and what we embark on – knowingly or unknowingly – as we practice yoga ethics, discipline, movement, and breath. The inner journey begins with drawing inward, then invites deep concentration and meditation, and finally leads us to a sense of connection and absorption in a greater community and purpose.

This advanced training on the interior practices of yoga focuses on helping seasoned yoga teachers and healthcare providers integrate the practices of sense guarding, concentration, and meditation more deeply into their own personal practice and self-care as well as become more adept at using these strategies with healthcare clients or patients and yoga students.

The training is deeply rooted in an integrated holistic vision of yoga – a vision of inclusiveness, access, diversity, health, wellbeing, and resilience for all. It is a practice of and for community; it honors human interdependence and co-regulation. It is a yoga of wholism that honors the mind as much as the body, the breath as much as the calming of the nervous system, the individual as much as the collective, stillness as much as movement, and effort as much as ease. It looks at and addresses the needs and resources of whole people at all their layers: body, breath, mind, heart, and spirit – grounded in community and a complex interpersonal setting of biological, psychological, social, and cultural influences. It is particularly suited to applications in healthcare settings.

The training highlights several dimensions of each of the interior practices. Specifically, it discusses the following concepts for pratyahara, dharana, and meditation, while also exploring the deep interaction and co-arising of the three practices as one way of finding awareness, compassion, and insight:

- Etymological and practice definitions
- Practice intentions and research-based, documented benefits
- Practice principles
- Teaching elements, including central teaching principles, means for creating accessibility to the practices, and types of practices
- Practice applications and samples

These consideration of the totality of all of these components creates a holistic and accessible picture of the practice with particular applicability for healthcare providers and yoga teachers in healthcare settings. By considering all of these elements of the interior practices, as well as their relationship to popular mindfulness practices, helps trainees apply pratyahara, dharana, and dhyana in two ways:

- Application for personal self-care, resilience, and burnout prevention
- Application with a range of clients, patients, and students to support their resilience and wellbeing across all the koshas and within the context of any particular life challenges they may face

The training provides experiential practices of joint sitting and debriefing to help facilitate the development of a personal home practice. It provides ample didactics, based in the ancient wisdoms of yoga and Buddhism, as well as modern neuroscience and psychology. It provides opportunity for trainees to apply their learning in small group teaching sessions.
Learning Objectives

Learning Objective #1

1. Understand, analyze, and discuss the implications of the benefits, potential risks, contraindications, and intentions of the interior yoga practice (pratyahara, dharana, and dhyana), with the capacity to address each of these aspects within the following highly relevant human systems:
   a. emotional and energetic expression – self-regulatory
   b. cognitive, mental, and memory – resilience, down-regulation
   c. behavioral expression – relationships, actions,
   d. sensory expression – attention, intuition, reactivity

   Evaluation Method for Learning Objective #1
   • explain the emotional and energetic benefits of each interior practice (pratyahara, dharan, and dhyana) as you would voice it to a group of beginning students
   • explain the cognitive, mental, and memory-related benefits of each interior practice (pratyahara, dharan, and dhyana) as you would voice it to a group of advanced students
   • delineate the potential contraindicates or signs of risk about each interior practice as you would explain it to a mental health client or a yoga student with mental health vulnerabilities
   • outline and then cue a clear intention for a practice of pratyahara, a practice of dharana, or a practice of dhyana

Learning Objective #2

2. Define and understand pratyahara in terms of:
   a. etymological definitions (i.e., yoga sutras-based understanding)
   b. central intentions and benefits
   c. central principles
   d. essential teaching elements
   e. categories of sense guarding practices

   Evaluation Method for Learning Objective #2
   • develop an integrated pratyahara practice that has a clear intention
   • voice the underlying central principles that guided the structure of the practice
   • outline how each essential teaching element is addressed in the practice
   • lead the practice with at least two individuals
   • debrief the experience with the participants and yourself

Learning Objective #3

3. Define and understand dharana in terms of:
   a. etymological definitions (i.e., yoga sutras-based understanding)
   b. central intentions and benefits
   c. central principles
   d. essential teaching elements
   e. categories of sense guarding practices
Evaluation Method for Learning Objective #3
- develop an integrated dharana practice that has a clear intention
- voice the underlying central principles that guided the structure of the practice
- outline how each essential teaching element is addressed in the practice
- lead the practice with at least two individuals
- debrief the experience with the participants and yourself

Learning Objective #4

4. Define and understand dhyana in terms of:
   a. etymological definitions (i.e., yoga sutras-based understanding)
   b. central intentions and benefits
   c. central principles
   d. essential teaching elements
   e. categories of sense guarding practices

Evaluation Method for Learning Objective #4
- develop an integrated dhyana practice that has a clear intention
- voice the underlying central principles that guided the structure of the practice
- outline how each essential teaching element is addressed in the practice
- lead the practice with at least two individuals
- debrief the experience with the participants and yourself

Evaluation Method for Learning Objective #3
- develop a mindfulness practice outline with a clear intention that grounds it as either pratyahara, dharana, and or dhyana
- explain to students how best to prepare for the practice within the session
- explain to students how to set up and prepare for a home practice
- teach the session to at least two students and invite comments and feedback

If our sense of self is unhealthy, our spiritual work of self is initially a work of reclamation and healing. This means understanding and releasing a deficient or wounded sense of self and reawakening the lost energy and authentic connection to ourselves. When we have reclaimed some measure of ourselves, the next task becomes the further development of character, of our wisdom, strength, skill, and compassion.

Jack Kornfield, 1993, A Path with Heart, p. 207
### Schedule and Continuing Education Hours by IAYT Category

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<td>Natural Breath-Body Dance Exploration</td>
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<td>Metta-Bhavana (Lovingkindness) Meditation</td>
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<td>Brahma Vihara Meditation</td>
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<td>May 27</td>
<td>Pragmatics: sustaining a practice; Quiet Sitting</td>
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<td>Moving into samyama – continuing path into awareness, compassion, and wisdom</td>
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Notes: YA=Yoga Alliance; CE=Continuing Education; TTP=Techniques, Training, and Practice; TM=Teaching Methodology; AP=Anatomy and Physiology; YH=Yoga Humanities; Prac=Practicum; Spc=area of program specialization

*Meditation is choosing not to engage in the drama of the mind but elevating the mind to its highest potential.*

Amit Ray
Handouts Provided

Several handouts and the slide set for the workshop will be provided to registered and paid enrollees on the day of the workshop. These materials are provided with the understanding that students will not duplicate, distribute, or otherwise publicly use these materials without express permission and proper attribution and referencing.

Handouts to be provided include:

- Integrated Holistic Yoga – Koshas, Limbs, Biopsychosociocultural Context
- BioPsychSocioCultural Model
- Eight Limbs of Yoga
- Gunas –Fundamental Expressions of Nature
- Interaction of the Kleshas and Vrittis
- The Five Winds of Prana or Lifeforce
- Pathways of Sensory Processing Engaged in Integrated Holistic Yoga
- SANKALPA: Teaching with Intention
- Principles of Trauma-Informed Yoga
- Guide to Observing and Assessing Yoga Professionals
- Guide for Evaluating Research Methodology to Inform Practice
- Slide Set for the Training
- Content Manual for the Training

“Being present doesn’t mean being in a blank or thoughtless state. It means not needing to escape from where we are. Being present brings contentment. We don’t need to look for a better thought, a better emotion, or a better place to be. When we operate from ignorance – when we are daydreaming, carried away by thought, and unaware of our true nature – we have no presence of mind. We don’t even know such a state exists.”

Dzigar Kongtrul
Suggested Readings and Practices

It is recommended that in preparation for the workshop you **read all YogaX blogs**, especially the following:

- [https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/innerlimbs](https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/innerlimbs)
- [https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/blogbreath](https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/blogbreath)
- [https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/polyvagalttheory](https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/polyvagalttheory)
- [https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/koshas](https://www.yogaxteam.com/blog/koshas)

It will be helpful to have cultivated a regular sitting practice for at least 3 months, but it is not required. If you want to read a couple of nice beginner’s meditation books, check out Rinzler (2017) and Ricard (2010).

Also, peruse YogaX webpage resources and **try out some of the offered free practices** (asana, pranayama, meditation, and more) at yogaXteam.com and on the YogaX Team YouTube channel. Check out especially the following:

- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a_OUtTFerreX&list=PLzvkZpUGjwIgjzw8f_tS-c-q8EwVnj7_HXQ&index=6](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a_OUtTFerreX&list=PLzvkZpUGjwIgjzw8f_tS-c-q8EwVnj7_HXQ&index=6)
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aiQgnXrE3j8&list=PLzvkZpUGjwIgjzw8f_tS-c-q8EwVnj7_HXQ&index=5&t=2s](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aiQgnXrE3j8&list=PLzvkZpUGjwIgjzw8f_tS-c-q8EwVnj7_HXQ&index=5&t=2s)
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UxkZItWFQ7Q&list=PLzvkZpUGjwIgjzw8f_tS-c-q8EwVnj7_HXQ&index=7&t=138s](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UxkZItWFQ7Q&list=PLzvkZpUGjwIgjzw8f_tS-c-q8EwVnj7_HXQ&index=7&t=138s)

The following readings will be helpful as you deepen your journey once you have completed the workshop.


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The day after completing a 9-day meditation retreat, Dave turns up for work at the zoo. Seeing how chilled out Dave is, the head keeper puts him in charge of the tortoise enclosure. Dave slowly walks over to the cages. At lunch time, the head keeper checks on Dave only to see the cage door is wide open and all the tortoises gone! He runs up to Dave and asks, “What happened with the tortoises?”

“Well”, said Dave very slowly, “I opened the tortoise cage door and it was, like, Whoosh!” — Ajahn Brahm

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Two people meet on the street. One asks the other: "Hi, how are you?"

The other one replies: "I'm fine, thanks."

"And how's your partner? Are they still unemployed?"

"Yes, they are. But they are meditating now."

"Meditating? What's that?"

"I don't know. But it's better than sitting around and doing nothing!"
**Training Format**

The workshop uses mixed pedagogical methods, ranging from didactics/lectures to discussion to experiential work, including small group activities. Lecture/didactic time invites discussion throughout and is accented by experiential exercises and activities. The experiential work is yoga-based and includes asana, pranayama, meditation, and guided imagery. To make sure that everyone can enjoy the yoga-based activities safely and with maximum comfort, please note the following (more personal) thoughts and requests.

- Stanford University requires that you sign the release form (link above) to be able to participate in the activities that are part of this workshop. It assumed that you have agreed to this document when you pay or use the provided zoom link for the workshop.

- Required training activities start promptly. To make sure that we can start on time and that you have ample opportunity to get settled or ask questions, it would be lovely if you could arrive as much as 10 minutes early.

- Participants provide their own props for the virtual training sessions. Minimum prop equipment includes 2 yoga blocks, 1 yoga strap (10 feet is preferrable), 1 yoga bolster, 1-2 blankets, and a yoga mat. Access to a clear wall space is extremely helpful (a closed door works). Prop substitutes are fine (e.g., a stack of books instead of blocks; a scarf instead of a strap, sofa cushions instead of a bolster, etc.). Please have all props at the ready for each training session.

- Yoga is best practiced on a relatively empty stomach but not starving. A sustaining but light meal prior to class will help you maintain your energy without having a full belly that makes bending and twisting difficult.

- Please ask questions – before class, after class, and during class. If you are wondering about something – whether it’s the reason for a particular shape or movement, an alignment question, or a more healthful way of doing something – someone else is likely to ponder the same thing.

- Always honor your own intuition and body wisdom – if something feels wrong, do NOT do it. We are all anatomically unique and we all express the same yoga shape, breath, or practice in different ways. What works for us, your teachers, or the person next to you, may not be optimal for you. Allow yourself the joy of using props and variations based on the feedback from your own body, breath, and mind. We offer both freely and demonstrate their use throughout.

- Yoga practiced in a group is inspirational. It is never competitive. Work within your own body limits and preferences; give yourself permission not to strive to do what others are doing. Delight in the pleasure of expressing each pose or breath in uniquely your way. If something comes easily, celebrate this state of pure joy; if something is a struggle, embrace the moment of learning.

- Thank you in advance for making me aware of any medical conditions that may affect your yoga practice. It is helpful for me to know if you are modifying practices for a particular reason or if you would like to have help in working with a particular concern.

- Thank you for turning off all cell phones, beepers, or other noise-making or distracting devices before you settle in for any given training session.

- Thank you for keeping your cameras on during virtual sessions to the degree possible and appropriate.
Overview: Please write a brief reflection paper about the contents explored in the applied interior practice sessions (offered in the mornings of week 1 of the module); their impact; their cultural, historical, or sociopolitical context; and their conceptual links to the greater YTT300. Reflection papers do not have to be typed, but do have to be legible. They do not have to be very long – about a page or two. They are evaluated on relevance to practice session content, depth of introspection, and insightfulness about personal process. [It will be acceptable to use art, poetry, or other means of self-reflection in addition to writing.]

Welcome to the Interior Practices of Yoga: Practice Sessions Week 1. You might want to review your notes from relevant sessions and the content manual as well as other resources about the interior limbs of yoga (i.e., pratyahara, dharana, and dhyana). Upon review and reflection on the five practices sessions, offered on five weekday mornings during the first week of this YTT300 module, ponder some of the following questions:

1. For the sense guarding practices, let the following questions guide your personal exploration:
   a. Which senses or sensory inputs were most active, most enticing, most off-putting, most ignored or attenuated?
   b. What were your habitual responses to certain aspects of sensory stimulation?
   c. Was there balanced effort?
   d. How easy was it to turn attention inward? What, if anything, facilitated the process (e.g., quiet, closed eyes, a soothing outer voice guiding you…)
   e. Which senses or sensory inputs triggered the most emotional reactivity, such as fear, desire, frustration, anger, happiness?
   f. Which senses or sensory inputs triggered the most mental activity, such as memories, imagination?
   g. What emerged in the mind and emotions when the sense(s) did become still?
   h. How might sensory input and reactivity have affected outward behavior?

2. For the concentration practices, let the following questions guide your personal exploration:
   a. Was there a sense of relaxation? What facilitated or hindered it?
   b. What was the predominant mind state? Was this a familiar or unusual mind state?
   c. Did a sense of equanimity emerge? How vast did it feel?
   d. Was a soft singular focus possible and maintained? What facilitated or hindered it?
   e. Did the mind (kleshas and vrittis) fade into the background? What facilitated or hindered this shift in awareness? Was the default mode network disarmed?

3. Ponder the teaching strategies that were used – consider possible improvements, special appreciations, and alterations you might make based on your own teaching style and/or clientele.

4. Evaluate potential risks, as well as any harmful effects experienced during the interior practice.

5. Hypothesize contraindications of each interior practice based on your own felt experience during the practice as well as based on knowledge you have accumulated about these interior practices.

Submit this reflection in the Google Classroom no later than June 1, 2022.
YogaX YTT300 Assessment Assignment #2
Interior Practices of Yoga: Moving into Awareness, Compassion, and Wisdom

Overview: Please write a brief reflection paper about the contents explored in the applied interior practice sessions (offered in the mornings of week 2 of the module); their impact; their cultural, historical, or sociopolitical context; and their conceptual links to the greater YTT300. Reflection papers do not have to be typed, but do have to be legible. They do not have to be very long – about a page or two. They are evaluated on relevance to practice session content, depth of introspection, and insightfulness about personal process. [It will be acceptable to use art, poetry, or other means of self-reflection in addition to writing.]

Welcome to the Interior Practices of Yoga: Practice Sessions Week 2/3. You might want to review your notes from relevant sessions and the content manual as well as other resources about the interior limbs of yoga (i.e., pratyahara, dharana, and dhyana). Upon review and reflection on the five practices sessions, offered on five weekday mornings during the second week of this YTT300 module, ponder some of the following questions:

1. For the concentration practices, let the following questions guide your personal exploration:
   a. Was there a sense of relaxation? What facilitated or hindered it?
   b. What was the predominant mind state? Was this a familiar or unusual mind state?
   c. Did a sense of equanimity emerge? How vast did it feel?
   d. Was a soft singular focus possible and maintained? What facilitated or hindered it?
   e. Did the mind (kleshas and vrittis) fade into the background? What facilitated or hindered this shift in awareness? Was the default mode network disarmed?

2. For the meditation practices, let the following questions guide your personal exploration:
   a. How did the pragmatics of the practice emerge (e.g., environment, body, breath, comfort/discomfort)?
   b. Was there an experience of progression from pratyahara to dharana to dhyana?
   c. What happened in your mind? Did a sense of clarity or peace emerge? Was there struggle or unrest?
   d. What happened to awareness? Was spaciousness experienced? Was there panic or anxiety?
   e. Did a sense of peace or love or union emerge?
   f. How, when and, where did challenge or struggle emerge or manifest?
   g. Was the experience even describable in words?

3. Ponder the teaching strategies that were used – consider possible improvements, special appreciations, and alterations you might make based on your own teaching style and/or clientele.

4. Evaluate potential risks, as well as any harmful effects experienced during the interior practice.

5. Hypothesize contraindications of each interior practice based on your own felt experience during the practice as well as based on knowledge you have accumulated about these interior practices.

Submit this reflection in the Google Classroom no later than June 10, 2022.
YogaX YTT300 Assessment Assignment #3
Interior Practices of Yoga: Moving into Awareness, Compassion, and Wisdom

Practicum Experience Related to the Interior Practices Module

Overview: Choose one of the 10 interior practices offered in the morning sessions of the Interior Practices Module. Explain why you chose this particular practice. Then teach this interior practice – adapted to your own style – to an audience of your choice. Debrief the practice experience with your “students” and write a brief reflection on your experience with teaching the chosen protocol class.

Welcome to the Interior Practices of Yoga. You might want to review your notes from the relevant sections of the content manual and practices offered during the module. Upon review and reflection, engage in the following activity:

1. Retake the chosen practice at least once via the posted YogaX YouTube videos.

2. Observe and take notes about how the interior practice was taught and how it aligned with teaching methodology for the interior limbs of yoga as discussed in class. Specifically, consider which interior limbs of yoga the session addressed, how it did so, how it may have integrated multiple interior limbs, and how it integrated attention to the koshas.

3. Also ponder the following in reflecting on and then teaching the chosen practice:
   a. Are student needs and resources attended to?
   b. Is there a stated intention for the practice?
   c. Is new learning offered and science integrated?
   d. Are any psychological concepts are integrated?
   e. Are other limbs (besides the interior limbs) represented?
   f. Which practice principles and pedagogy stand out?
   g. How are affiliation and safety cultivated?

4. Teach your chosen interior practice to an audience of your choice (e.g., your cohort; friend or family volunteers). Preferably, do not use patients or clients for this teaching experience.

5. If possible, debrief the session with your students at the end of the practice or collect some other form of input (e.g., written reflections from students).

6. OPTIONAL: Record the session for your own review and reflection.

7. Reflect – in writing – on your experience with a) reflecting on and planning the session, b) the teaching process, and c) the process of receiving and integrating debriefing feedback.

Submit the reflection for this assignment in the Google Classroom no later than June 15, 2022.