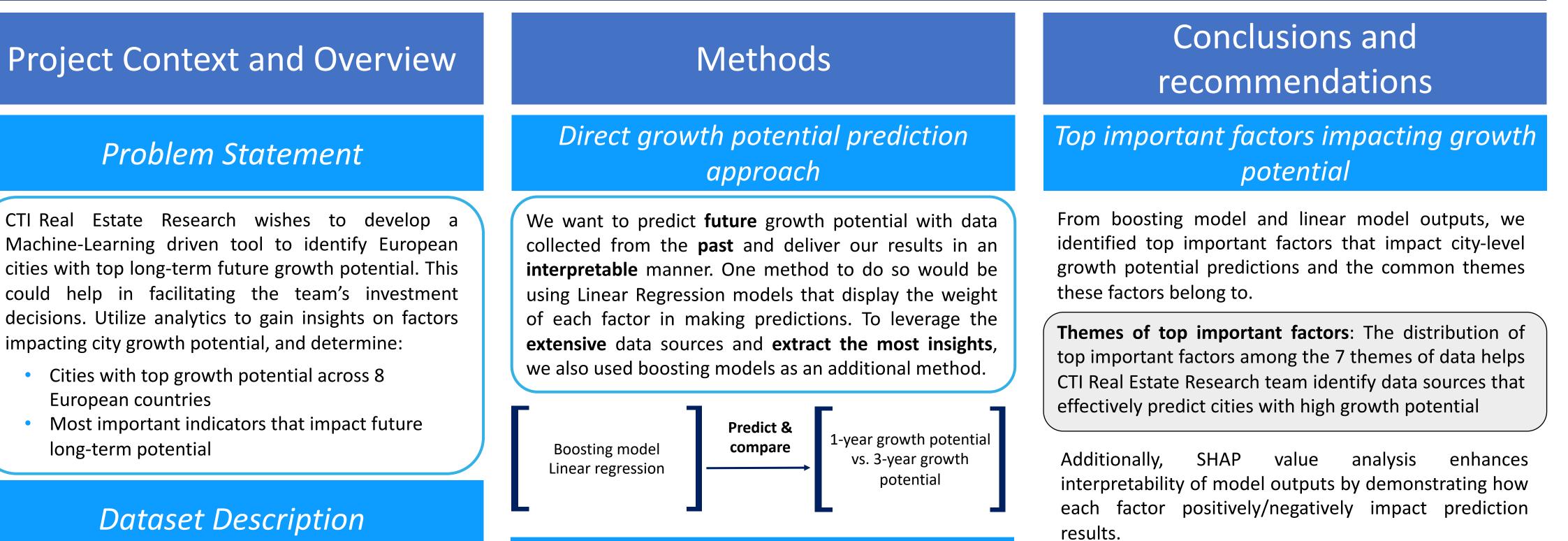


City-Level Growth Potential Prediction

Team: Michelle Ma and Andy Zhao Faculty Advisor: Prof. Rama Ramakrishnan **CTI Advisor**: Ashok Mehta



Two-step implied growth potential

SHAP Waterfall plot for two-step prediction model (variable

COLUMBIA THREADNEEDLE

INVESTMENTS

Economic drivers



Knowledge economy



Environment, social, &

governance

Predict European

cities' future

long-term

growth

potential

Country attractiveness Demographics Connectivity Liveability

Project Objectives

prediction approach

To gain an additional perspective, we experimented with a two-step modeling approach. In step one, we used boosting models to predict the level values of growth potential indicators. In step two, we derived the implied rate of increase from the corresponding level values.

Selection of Performance Metrics

To gain a comprehensive perspective on our models' performance, we assessed the prediction outputs with a variety of performance metrics:

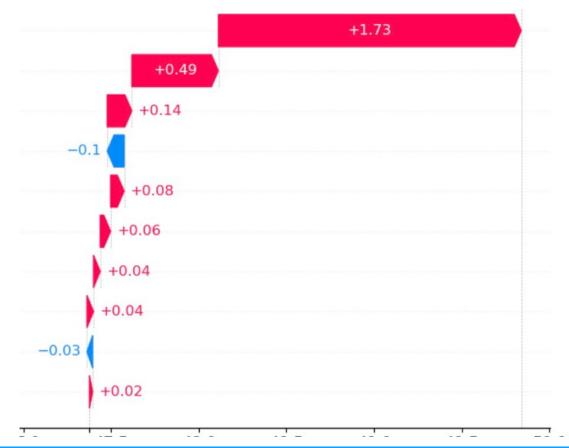
- Accuracy in ranking of cities' growth potential: Mean Absolute Errors for top n ranked cities, Spearman's Rank Correlation
- Comparison of predictions relatively to set criteria: Binned Absolute Errors within 50 to 250 basis points, % predictions with opposite signs from true values
- Comparison of performance against baseline **model:** Training R² and Test R² values

Evaluation of Modeling

Comparison of performance between direct vs. twostep growth potential prediction models:

Different performance evaluation metrics help us gain insights from different perspectives on our models. For instance, the Binned Absolute Errors plot shown below demonstrates that the direct model outperforms the two-step model through capturing more % absolute errors within 50 and 100 basis points.

names and key values removed for data privacy)



Recommendations for next steps



Explore with country-level prediction models for potential improvements in accuracy



Continue the current fruitful journey of collecting data and leverage state-of-the-art boosting models. Further gains in predictive ability are likely to come from enhanced data rather than from more powerful models



Include predictions from other independent sources into the dataset to elevate boosting model's predictive power.



Explore if integrating predicted output of the 1-year and 3-year models can provide additional insight

Develop analytical approaches to predict long-term future growth potential for 600+ European cities:

- Problem framing with Real Estate Research team
- Select independent variables from existing dataset
- **Predictive Modeling**
- Enhance interpretability of results
- Assist Real Estate Research team in making investment decisions with rank of top growth potential cities
- Interpret the impact of each modeling input factor on prediction outcome

Project Timeline

March-April: conduct initial exploratory analysis on the dataset of independent variables

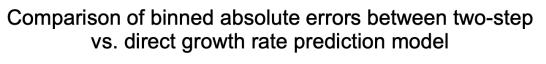
May: Identify long-term growth potential indicators, establish baseline criteria, build first version of Linear Regression models

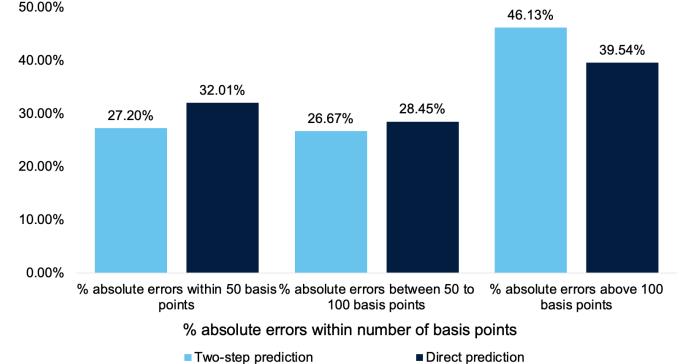


June-July: Build and evaluate first version of boosting models, select desired training & test time frames



July-August: Refine modeling approaches to include new independent variables, explore additional modeling approaches & extract insights

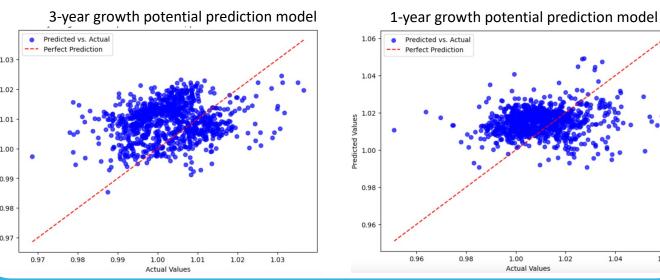




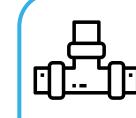
Predicted vs. actual value plots show the distribution of outputs from 1-year growth potential prediction model and 3-year growth potential prediction model

1.00 Actual Values

1.02



Our contribution



Built a **comprehensive** model pipeline, from feature engineering to evaluating output



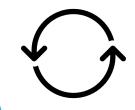
Provided diverse perspectives in prediction time frames and growth potential estimation techniques through a variety of modeling approaches and performance metrics analysis.



Enhanced interpretability of model outputs with analytical techniques such as SHAP analysis, communicate direct insights to all stakeholders



Provide **recommendations** on future data enhancements, that can get seamlessly folded into the modeling process



Handed out model that can be "cloned" and adapted to address other prediction targets of interests at CTI