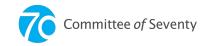
# **Polling Place Conduct**

#### $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

#### Understanding what the rules are for Poll Workers and Poll Watchers in Pennsylvania





# Who is in the polling place?

There are three different types of people who "work" the polls.

- <u>Poll Workers</u> are the official group of election workers, elected or appointed to staff the polling locations and are responsible for ensuring the rules are followed.
- <u>Poll Watchers</u> are also official, but they represent parties or candidates; they are permitted to observe the operations, but not to interfere. People who are interested in doing this should contact the party or candidate of their choosing.
- <u>Poll Monitors</u> are unofficial. They represent groups and are not permitted in the polling places, but may stand outside and either provide information to voters (if voters are willing) or may keep an eye out for problems (people coming out of the polls saying that a poll watcher is taking pictures or some other concern).
- And...voters!

# POLL Workers

- Operate the polling place.
- They must carry out their responsibilities according to the law, in a non-partisan manner. They include elected officers of the precinct (Judge of Elections, Majority and Minority Inspectors) and appointed people (Clerk and Machine Inspector)
- Verify that a voter is on the list for that polling location, sign them in, and direct them to the voting booth
- May ask voters for ID, but only when the poll book indicates that ID is required
- May only challenge voters on two grounds: identity and residency
- Cannot deny a voter a provisional ballot
- May not wear partisan clothing
- The Judge of Elections is responsible for resolving issues and has a duty to ensure that the rules are being followed at the polling place and to maintain order

# POLL WATCHERS

- Must be a qualified voter from the county, be assigned to a specific precinct and must obtain a certificate from the County Board of Elections with their poll watcher's name and candidate, party, or political body they represent. They are required to show their certificate to poll workers when requested. If they lose their certificate they may appear before the Court of Common Pleas on election day and after swearing an oath or affirmation may immediately receive a replacement watcher's certificate issued by the Court.
- Each candidate may appoint two poll watchers, and each party may appoint three; however only one per candidate and one per party may be in the polling place at a time.
- Must stay in the area designated for poll watchers by the Judge of Elections; they can remain in the polling place after voting is complete, but only if they are outside the enclosed space where ballots are being counted and voting machines are being canvassed
- Are allowed to review the voting checklist and numbered lists of voters, only when no voters are present in the polling place, and cannot alter or mark upon any official election records. Otherwise, they are not permitted to review or access the contents of ballot boxes and other election records.

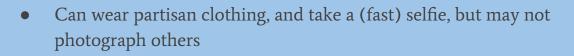
# POLL WATCHERS

- Poll watchers are not permitted to approach voters in the polling place; they cannot engage voters or otherwise interfere with the orderly process of voting.
- Cannot engage in electioneering while inside the polling place or within 10 feet of the entrance to the polling place, including soliciting votes or displaying campaign materials.
- May only lodge good faith challenges to a voter's eligibility based on identity or continued residency in the election district. Such challenges must be directed to, and only to, the Judge of Elections.
- Challenges may not be based on the elector's race, nationality, appearance, surname, language, religion or any other characteristic not relevant to the qualifications to vote
- Any activity by a poll watcher that threatens, harasses, or intimidates voters, including any activity that is intended to, or has the effect of, interfering with any voter's right to vote, whether it occurs outside the polling place or inside the polling place, is illegal.
- While the Judge of Elections at the polling place may not deter or interfere with a duly appointed watcher who is exercising her or his privileges as a watcher, the Judge of Elections is obligated to remove a watcher who is engaging in activities that are prohibited.

## **CHALLENGES**

- Knowingly refusing a qualified, registered voter is a felony offense
- Challenges must be good faith challenges to a voter's eligibility, based on identity or continued residency in the election district Such challenges must be directed to, and only to, the Judge of Elections.
- Challenges may not be based on the elector's race, nationality, appearance, surname, language, religion or any other characteristic not relevant to the qualifications to vote
- The Judge of Elections has the obligation to determine if a challenge is based on actual evidence and whether there is a good faith basis to believe that the person is not or may not be a qualified elector
- The Judge of Elections must not permit routine or frivolous challenges that are not supported by a stated good faith basis and evidence that a person is or may not be eligible
- The elected officers of the precinct have the responsibility of determining the qualifications of the person presenting themselves to vote. The Judge of Elections may not affirm a challenge or refuse a ballot to a voter unless the election officers of the precinct (Judge of Elections, Majority and Minority Inspectors) are satisfied that the challenger has proven the voter's ineligibility on proper grounds and with sufficient evidence. In the event of disagreement, the Judge of Elections decides

### VOTERS



- Are allowed to bring their complete mail-in ballots to surrender to the polling place and vote on the machine.
- Can help by checking their registration status and polling location at <u>https://bit.ly/PAVoteLocation</u> to confirm they are in the right place.



### It is illegal

for <u>anyone</u> to:

- Spread false or misleading information (such as nonexistent voting requirements)
- Block the entrance to a polling place
- Confront, question, or threaten other voters
- Ask other voters for documentation
- Photograph other people casting their vote and/or their ballots (so solo selfies only!)

### HOTLINE

If you run into any problems or have questions on Election Day, call the Election Protection Hotline:

English: 1-866-OUR-VOTE / 1-866-687-8683 Spanish: 1-888-VE-Y-VOTA / 1-888-839-8682 Arabic: 1-844-YALLA-US / 1-844-925-5287 For Bengali, Cantonese, Hindi, Urdu, Korean, Mandarin, Tagalog, or Vietnamese: 1-888-274-8683

For accessibility needs at polling place, call Disability Rights PA: 1-800-692-7443 from 7:00 am to 7:00 pm

SOCIAL MEDIA RESOURCES

For real-time updates on election day, follow these accounts:

PA Department of State: <u>@PAStateDept</u>

Election Protection: <u>@866OURVOTE</u>

League of Women Voters of Pennsylvania: <u>@LWVPA</u>

Common Cause PA: @commoncausepa

ACLU of PA: @aclupa