DRAFT CHILD CARE ORDINANCE



Midcoast Community Council January 27, 2021 County of San Mateo Camille Leung, Senior Planner



New SMC Child Care Ordinance

Applies to area of County's Jurisdiction: Unincorporated Areas of San Mateo County

- Excludes areas in City Limits
- Bayside (Non- Coastal Zone)
- Coastal Zone:
 - Institutional and Commercial Areas of:
 - Midcoast
 - San Gregorio
 - Pescadero

CURRENT REGULATION

Small Family Day Care Home - No Planning permit is required.

Large Family Day Care Home – Ministerial Process (Section 6401.2 of Zoning Regulations)

County Requirements nullified by State Law (SB234) which permits this use outright

Child Care Centers - No County-wide Regulation

- I/NFO, C-2/NFO, CMU-3: Use allowed in these North Fair Oaks Districts
- Residential Zoning Districts: Use Permit required
- Planned Colma (PC), Neighborhood Mixed Use (NMU), Commercial Mixed Use (CMU): Use Permit required

CHALLENGES FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS WITH CURRENT REGULATIONS

Great need in the Community

- 2017 San Mateo County Child Care and Preschool Needs Assessment
- On the Coast, the largest deficits for child care spaces were found in Montara, Pacifica, and Pescadero.

Infant/Toddler Spaces

- Pacifica 51% of demand is met by existing services
- Montara 46% of demand is met by existing services
- Pescadero 0% of demand is met by existing services

Preschool Spaces

- Montara 36% of demand is met by existing services
- Moss Beach 16% of demand is met by existing services
- Pescadero 62% of demand is met by existing services

CHALLENGES FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS WITH CURRENT REGULATIONS

No County-wide Regulation - Patchwork of regulations

Lack of Clear Regulation/Requirements

Use Permit Process can be costly, time-consuming, and unpredictable

The overarching goal of the Draft Child Care Ordinance is to ease and incentivize the expansion of child care services within San Mateo County

GOALS OF NEW ORDINANCE

County-wide Regulation to replace patchwork

Clear Regulation/Requirements

Expedite Process for Child Care Centers under Compatible Conditions

Provide a program to authorize existing unpermitted Child Care Facilities

Provide Incentives for Child Centers in Employment
Centers and Transit-Oriented Development to encourage

SCOPE OF NEW ORDINANCE

New Ministerial Permit process

 Maintains Ministerial Permit for Small and Large Family Day Care Homes

Extends Ministerial Permit to Child Care Centers

- Based on CDP Exemptions
- Conversion of Existing Buildings with a Similar Use in terms of purpose, intensity, and parking needs (Institutional, Commercial, Public Facility) or a portion of a building with an Existing Compatible use
- Minor additions

Maintains Use Permit process for other projects

Streamlines appeals process and eliminates Use Permit renewal requirement

OUTLINE OF ORDINANCE



PURPOSE

DEFINITIONS

SMALL & LARGE FAMILY CARE HOMES

No Planning Permit required – Permitted Use per State law

CHILD CARE CENTERS

- Ministerial Permit process
- Use Permit

EXISTING UNPERMITTED FACILITIES

INCENTIVES

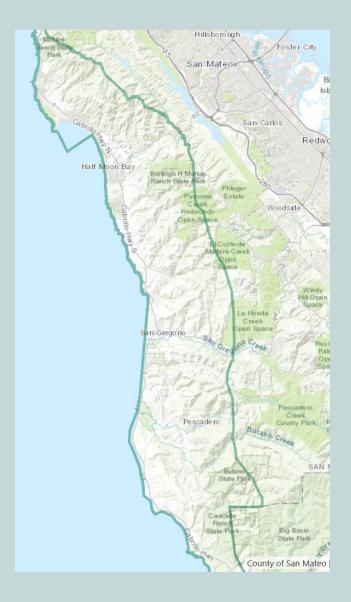
- Floor Area & Parking Waiver for Eligible Employment Centers
- Density/Floor Area & Parking Waiver for Eligible Housing Development

COASTAL ZONE

The adoption of the Ordinance would create a Ministerial Permit process for child care centers to be located in areas designated for:

- Commercial
- Institutional
- Single-Family Residential land uses

Properties containing Existing
 Institutional Buildings or Public
 Facilities, as defined by the Ordinance.



SCOPE OF NEW ORDINANCE

• Use Permit for Child Care Centers

Standard Use Permit Process, Public Hearing

Types of Uses requiring a Use Permit in Coastal Zone

- Conversion of an existing Single Family Residence on a parcel of < 10,000 sq. ft.</p>
- New or replacement/reconstructed CCC building
- CCC involving addition greater than 10% or new stories in Scenic Corridor or APJ
- Location of a CCC in the M-1 (Industrial) Zoning District

Table 2 - Locational Criteria for a Ministerial Permit for Child Care Centers Within theCoastal Zone

Project Types	Ministerial Permit	Use Permit and CDP		
2. Conversion of single-raining residence on farce \geq 10,000 sq. it. In				
a Residential Zoning District to a CCC, including expansion				
(Source: Categories A & E, CDP Exemption Worksheet)				
ranking Requirement retro ermaren ernenea for each en bree parking space	X			
Parcel size is 10,000 sf or larger and in a Residential Zoning District	X			
Design Review District: Development must comply with design review	X			
standards and permitting requirements pertaining to residences.				
Located in Single-Family Residence Categorical Exclusion Area (SFEX)	Χ			
Located outside of SFEX and involving expansion or construction of water		Χ		
wells or septic systems				
Located outside of SFEX and in CCC APJ or Scenic Corridor, involving: a)		Χ		
Expansion of 10% or more of existing internal floor area; b) additional stories/				
loft; or c) construction or installation of significant non-attached structure(s)				
(excluding play structures and fences)				
Located within a sensitive habitat or buffer zone		Χ		
3. New CCC building or replacement or reconstruction of an existing		Χ		
building				



Residential Parcels 10,000 sf or Greater
Scenic Corridor
LCP Midcoast Single-Family Exclusion Zone
CA Coastal Commission Appeal Jurisdiction

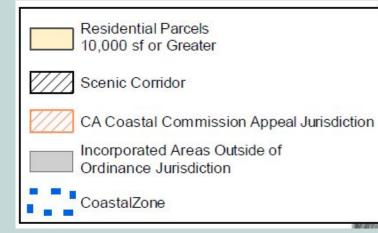
Incorporated Areas Outside of Ordinance Jurisdiction

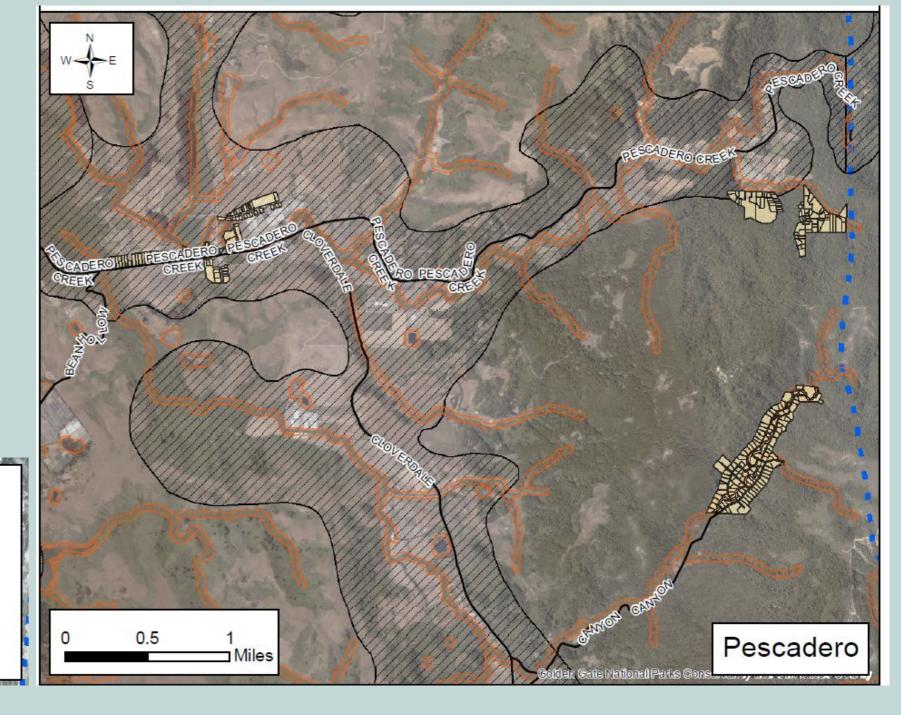
CoastalZone

COAST R-1 PARCELS 10,000 SF OR LARGER

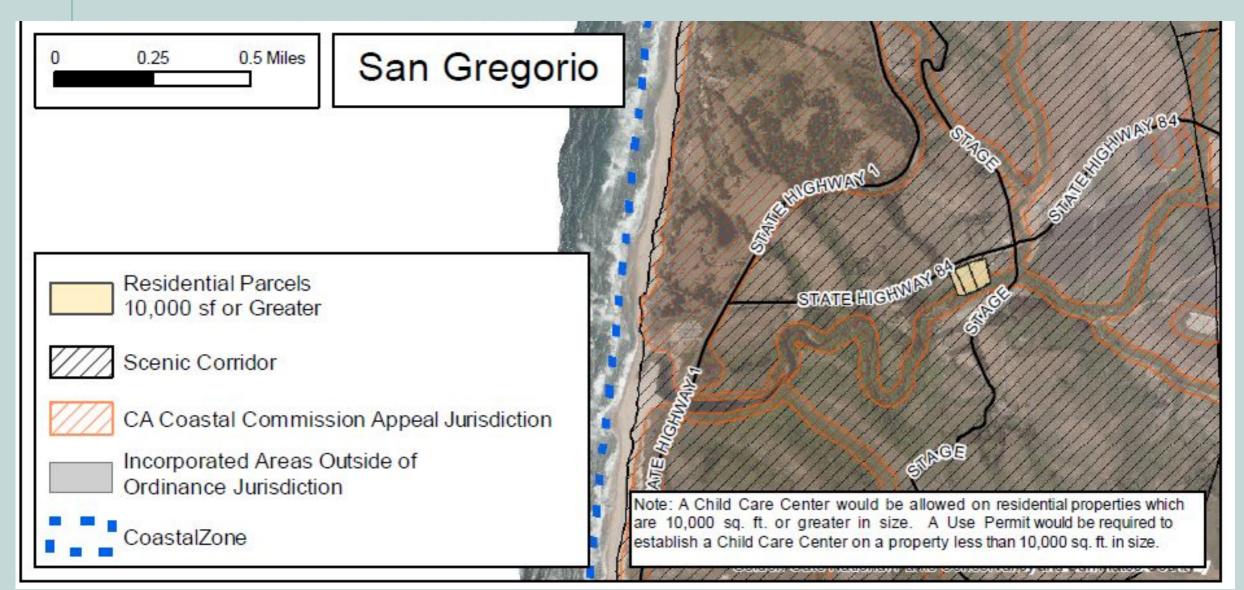


PESCADERO R-1 PARCELS 10,000 SF OR LARGER





SAN GREGORIO R-1 PARCELS 10,000 SF OR LARGER



CENTERS LOCATED WITHIN A CONVERTED EXISTING SFD The conversion of a single-family residential use to a Child Care Center (CCC) use is not considered an intensification of use:

A CCC use is **similar in intensity to a Large Family Child Care Home** (which allows up to 14 children) which is considered a residential use and allowed within *any residence* by State law. The Ordinance adds criteria limiting the intensity of the CCC use:

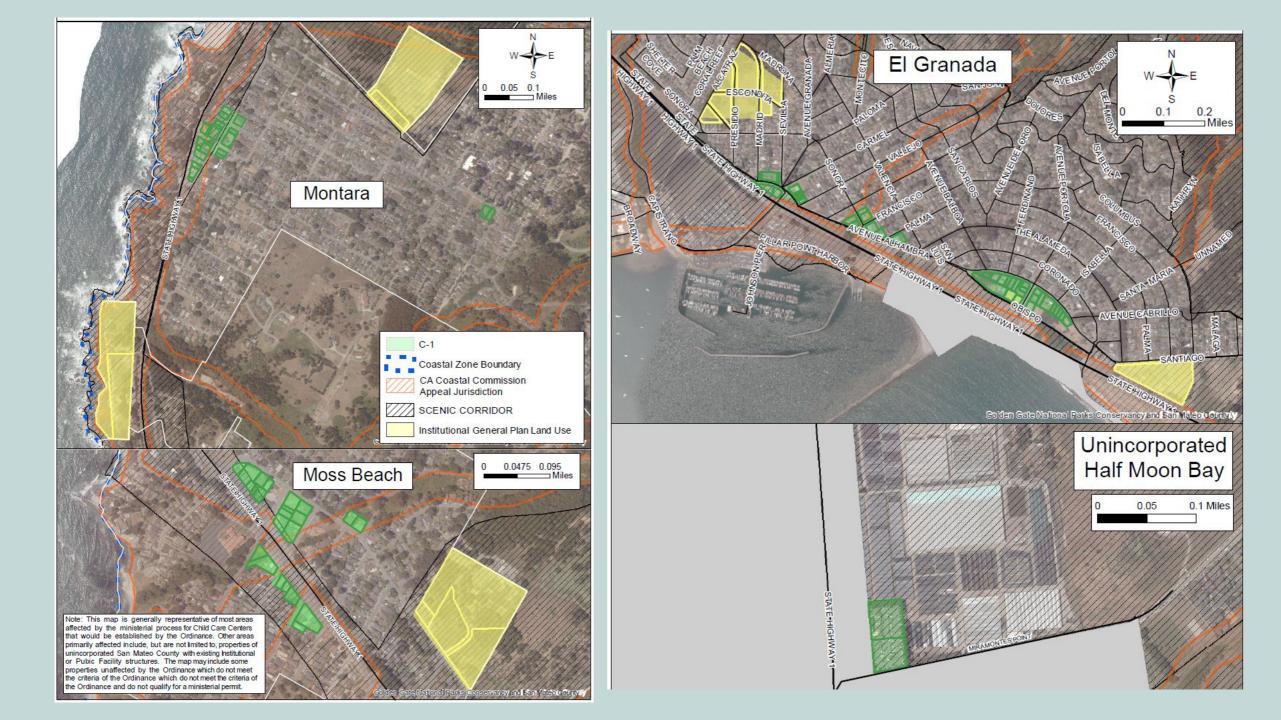
A CCC may enroll more children than a LFCCH, but only in proportion to on-site parking provided

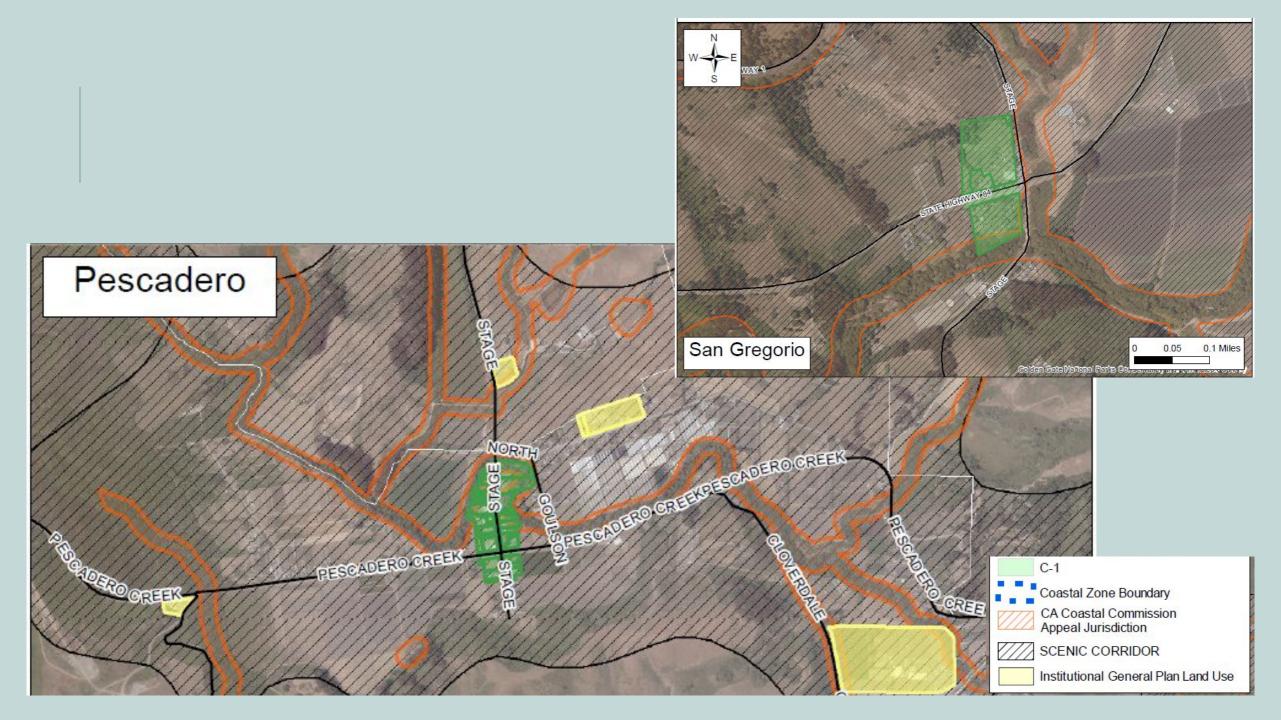
A CCC would not support a residential use

Ordinance sets a 10,000 sq. ft. parcel size and limits use to Residential Zoning Districts

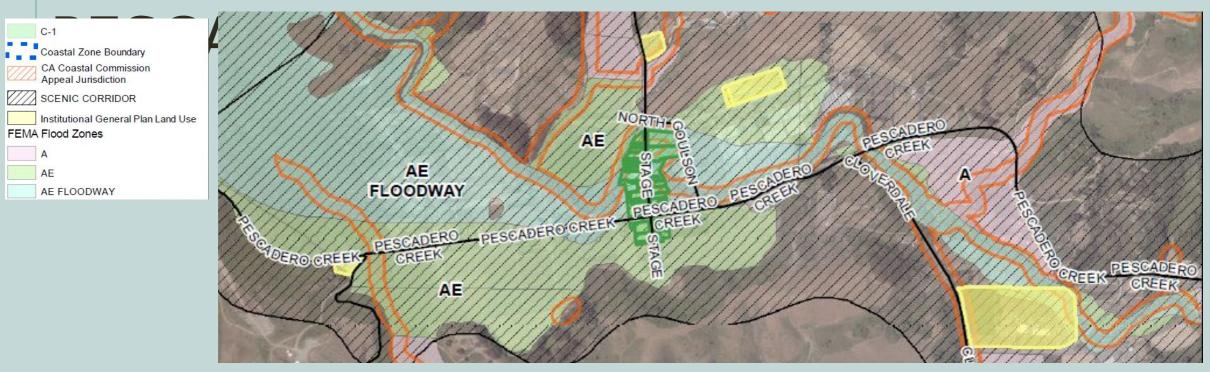
Table 2 - Locational Criteria for a Ministerial Permit for Child Care Centers Within theCoastal Zone

Project Types	Ministerial Permit	Use Permit and CDP	
1. Location of a CCC in an existing building in an Institutional or Commercial Zoning District or in an existing Institutional Building or Public Facility, including			
expansion (Source: Category B, CDP Exemption Worksheet)			
Applies to sites in an Institutional or Commercial Zoning District or designated for such use by the General Plan, or in an existing Institutional Building or Public Facility	X		
Design Review District: Development must comply with design review standards and permitting requirements.	X		
Coastal Commission Appeals Jurisdiction (CCC APJ) or Scenic Corridor: Expansion of less than 10% of existing internal floor area allowed; no additional stories/loft.	X		
Site is served by public utilities and roads or does not involve expansion or construction of water wells or septic systems	X		
Conversion of a visitor-serving commercial use		Χ	
Located within a sensitive habitat or buffer zone		X	





BUILDINGS IN THE C-1 ZONE OF



- Buildings on subject parcels are potentially 1-3 feet below the Base Flood Elevation (BFE)
- INTENSIFICATION OF USE: If the project increases the intensity of the existing use, it will be considered "development", with improvements required to raise the floor elevation to BFE
- SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT: If "substantial development" (over 50% valuation) threshold is proposed BEE+1 feet is required

HIGHLIGHTS OF ORDINANCE

REQUIRED PARKING

- Non-SFD Conversion: 1 Parking Space required per 4 Enrolled Children or 3 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of Gross Floor Area, whichever is lower
- **SFD Conversion:** 1 Parking Space required per 6 Enrolled Children

50% PARKING REDUCTION

Accessory, Affiliated Use, or located within 1/4-mile radius of a Transit Center

Transit Center

^O Walking Distance defined as "1/4 mile radius"; 20 minute headways (instead of 15 min as used in State definition)

DESIGN REVIEW REQUIREMENTS apply to conversion of a SFD to CCC

INCENTIVES

- State Law: Density Bonus
- Eloor Area & Parking Waiver for Eligible Employment Centers

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT



- NEGATIVE DECLARATION
 - Public Review Period: November 12 to December 14, 2020
- RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: CA COASTAL COMMISSION
 - Presentation on November 30, 2020
- CHILD CARE PARTNERSHIP COUNCIL, San Mateo County Office of Education
- TRANSPORTATION WORKING GROUP, San Mateo County C/CAG
- MIDCOAST COMMUNITY COUNCIL
 - Presentation on January 27, 2021

Upcoming

- NORTH FAIR OAKS COMMUNITY COUNCIL January 28, 2021
- PLANNING COMMISSION March/April 2021
- BOARD OF SUPERVISORS April/May 2021

THANK YOU

•Ways to Comment: MCC Letter to County Review and Comment on **Negative Declaration** Attend Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors Hearings, **Coastal Commission** Hearing Email Comments



COUNTY CONTACT: Camille Leung, Senior Planner <u>cleung@smcgov.org</u>